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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Bridgeport Exempted Village School District Belmont County 55781 National Road Bridgeport, Ohio 43912

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bridgeport Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Bridgeport Exempted Village School District Belmont County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bridgeport Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2013, the School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's Discussion and Analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bridgeport Exempted Village School District Belmont County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 18, 2014, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Bridgeport Exempted Village School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2013 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$157,083 which represents a 0.98% decrease from 2012.
- General revenues accounted for \$6,057,730 in revenue or 71.70% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,390,624 or 28.30% of total revenues of \$8,448,354.
- The District had \$8,605,437 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,390,624 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$6,057,730 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District has three major governmental funds: the general fund, debt service fund and permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$6,967,421 in revenues and \$6,679,697 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the general fund's fund balance increased \$287,724 from \$668,017 to \$955,741.
- The debt service fund had \$399,028 in revenues and \$356,908 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$42,120 from \$276,272 to \$318,392.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$328,073 in revenues and other financing sources and \$241,155 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance increased \$86,918 from \$327,076 to \$413,994.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, debt service fund and permanent improvement fund are the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2013?" The statement of net position and statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, debt service fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for dental, vision, prescription and life self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-24 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 25 and 26. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 27-58 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. The 2012 amounts for assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows have been reclassified to conform to 2013 presentation.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,923,413	\$ 4,773,632
Capital assets, net	18,032,190	18,298,548
Total assets	22,955,603	23,072,180
<u>Deferred outflows</u>	464,740	489,862
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	794,499	862,530
Long-term liabilities	5,142,990	5,070,106
Total liabilities	5,937,489	5,932,636
<u>Deferred inflows</u>	1,566,298	1,555,767
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	13,919,443	14,149,695
Restricted	914,616	1,087,775
Unrestricted	1,082,497	836,169
Total net position	\$ 15,916,556	\$ 16,073,639

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

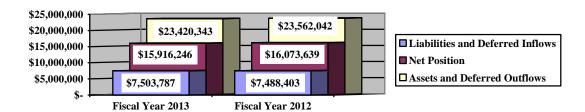
Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2013, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$15,916,556. Of this total, \$1,082,497 is unrestricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 76.99% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2013, was \$13,919,443. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

A portion of the District's net position, \$914,616, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$1,082,497.

The graph below illustrates the governmental activities assets and deferred inflows, liabilities and deferred outflows and net position at June 30, 2013 and 2012. The 2012 amounts for assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows have been reclassified to conform to 2013 presentation.

Governmental Activities



The following table shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 819,345	\$ 746,224		
Operating grants and contributions	1,571,279	1,636,802		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	1,968,674	1,914,920		
Grants and entitlements	4,001,750	4,175,191		
Investment earnings	4,036	1,570		
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	69,914		
Miscellaneous	83,270	21,690		
Total revenues	8,448,354	8,566,311		
		(continued)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	3,810,864	3,790,127
Special	1,125,259	1,048,269
Vocational	33,488	40,810
Other	132,947	64,810
Support services:		
Pupil	322,007	241,209
Instructional staff	255,763	424,130
Board of education	45,596	31,068
Administration	686,341	596,354
Fiscal	263,067	280,557
Business	39,774	39,961
Operations and maintenance	763,740	892,250
Pupil transportation	320,903	324,248
Central	8,057	5,408
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	367,407	388,127
Other non-instructional services	-	12,358
Extracurricular activities	168,595	114,826
Interest and fiscal charges	261,629	101,381
Total expenses	8,605,437	8,395,893
Change in net position	(157,083)	170,418
Net position at beginning of year	16,073,639	15,903,221
Net position at end of year	\$ 15,916,556	\$ 16,073,639

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$157,083. Total governmental expenses of \$8,605,437 were offset by program revenues of \$2,390,624 and general revenues of \$6,057,730. Program revenues supported 27.78% of the total governmental expenses.

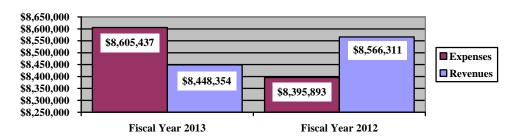
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 70.67% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$5,102,558 or 59.29% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

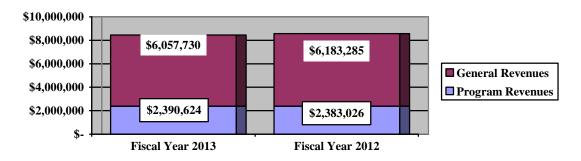
	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 3,810,864	\$ 3,002,670	\$ 3,790,127	\$ 3,075,068
Special	1,125,259	23,428	1,048,269	(65,754)
Vocational	33,488	(22,028)	40,810	(14,706)
Other	132,947	132,695	64,810	64,810
Support services:				
Pupil	322,007	308,884	241,209	241,209
Instructional staff	255,763	253,161	424,130	409,466
Board of education	45,596	45,596	31,068	31,068
Administration	686,341	686,341	596,354	593,552
Fiscal	263,067	263,067	280,557	280,557
Business	39,774	39,774	39,961	39,961
Operations and maintenance	763,740	750,694	892,250	877,824
Pupil transportation	320,903	291,826	324,248	308,791
Central	8,057	8,057	5,408	5,408
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	367,407	51,604	388,127	(10,805)
Other non-instructional services	-	-	12,358	12,000
Extracurricular activities	168,595	117,415	114,826	63,037
Interest and fiscal charges	261,629	261,629	101,381	101,381
Total expenses	\$ 8,605,437	\$ 6,214,813	\$ 8,395,893	\$ 6,012,867

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 61.47% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 72.22%.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,996,817, which is higher than last year's total of \$1,588,713. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2013 and 2012.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2013	Fund Balance June 30, 2012	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General	\$ 955,741	\$ 668,017	\$ 287,724	43.07 %
Debt Service	318,392	276,272	42,120	15.25 %
Permanent Improvement	413,994	327,076	86,918	26.57 %
Nonmajor Governmental	308,690	317,348	(8,658)	(2.73) %
Total	\$ 1,996,817	\$ 1,588,713	\$ 408,104	25.69 %

An analysis of the general fund revenues and expenditures is provided in the section below.

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$287,724. The table on the following page assists in illustrating the financial activities and change in fund balance of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

		2013 Amount		2012 Amount	(Increase Decrease)	Percentag Change	_
Revenues	_					· · ·	·	
Property taxes	\$	1,657,221	\$	1,534,349	\$	122,872	8.01	%
Tuition		682,864		576,568		106,296	18.44	%
Earnings on investments		3,630		1,404		2,226	158.55	%
Intergovernmental		4,532,773		4,700,580		(167,807)	(3.57)	%
Other revenues		90,933		30,878	_	60,055	194.49	%
Total	\$	6,967,421	\$	6,843,779	\$	123,642	1.81	%
Expenditures								
Instruction	\$	4,053,529	\$	3,779,575	\$	273,954	7.25	%
Support services		2,516,164		2,574,594		(58,430)	(2.27)	%
Extracurricular activities		110,004		110,743		(739)	(0.67)	%
Debt service			_	6,645	_	(6,645)	(100.00)	%
Total	\$	6,679,697	\$	6,471,557	\$	208,140	3.22	%

The largest source of revenue for the general fund is intergovernmental revenue which is primarily the District's share of State Foundation monies. The decrease in State Foundation funding for fiscal year 2013 was approximately 5%. The increase in property taxes revenue is partially due to collections on delinquent accounts. In addition, the amount of taxes revenue available as an advance from the County at year-end was \$37,474 higher in fiscal year 2013. This amount is recorded as revenue and can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent. Tuition revenues increased as the District once again saw an increase in open enrollment revenues.

The increase in general fund expenditures is primarily due to rising costs for employee benefits such as health and prescription drug premiums. Wages also increased as the District hired additional teachers for fiscal year 2013.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is a major fund of the District and accounts for the accumulation of resources (primarily taxes revenue) for the payment of principal and interest on the District's bond obligations. The debt service fund had \$399,028 in revenues and \$356,908 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$42,120 from \$276,272 to \$318,392.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund is a major fund and is used to account for the acquisition or construction of equipment and capital improvements. The permanent improvement fund had \$328,073 in revenues and other financing sources and \$241,155 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance increased \$86,918 from \$327,076 to \$413,994.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$6,908,228 were increased slightly to \$6,949,629 in the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2013 were \$6,898,715. This represents a \$50,914, or 0.73%, decrease from final budgeted revenues. General fund original and final appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) were \$7,048,834. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2013 totaled \$6,892,635, which is \$156,199, or 2.22%, less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the District had \$18,032,190 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2013 balances compared to June 30, 2012:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	2013	2012				
Land	\$ 819,583	\$ 819,583				
Land improvements	213,062	229,277				
Building and improvements	16,399,722	16,768,709				
Furniture and equipment	358,581	366,259				
Vehicles	120,547	114,720				
Construction in progress	120,695					
Total	\$ 18,032,190	\$ 18,298,548				

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$266,358 is due to depreciation expense of \$468,697 exceeding capital outlays of \$202,339 in the fiscal year. The construction in progress is for a lighting project at the athletic field which the District commenced near the end of fiscal year 2013.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$4,229,054 in general obligation bonds and a lease-purchase obligation outstanding. Of this total, \$243,119 is due within one year and \$3,985,935 is due in greater than one year. Total additions to these long-term obligations were \$362,714 and total reductions (payments of principal) were \$245,000. The District entered into the lease-purchase agreement during fiscal year 2013 in order to finance the lighting project mentioned above.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The following table summarizes the debt outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012
Lease-purchase obligation General obligation bonds	\$ 294,850 	\$ - 4,111,340
Total	\$ 4,229,054	\$ 4,111,340

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The vision of the District, in recognizing that it takes a community to raise a child, is to develop a collaboration with parents, school and community that will help students achieve their fullest potential. The Board of Education and Administration work diligently to provide the educational resources and personnel needed to provide excellent educational opportunities.

As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily on State Foundation funding. Intergovernmental revenue from the State accounted for approximately 65% of all general fund receipts in fiscal year 2013. The State budget for fiscal years 2014-2015 proposes a new formula to fund school districts. Under the new funding plan, the District will see a slight increase in revenue from the State in fiscal year 2014.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Ms. Cheryl Pritts, Treasurer/CFO, Bridgeport Exempted Village School District, 55781 National Road, Bridgeport, Ohio 43912.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

Assets: \$ 2,181,110 Cash with fiscal agent. 85,639 Cash with fiscal agent. 174,155 Receivables: 2,290,212 Property taxes. 600 Intergovernmental. 176,297 Loans. 3 Prepayments. 11,209 Materials and supplies inventory. 41,88 Capital assets. 940,278 Depreciable capital assets, net. 17,091,912 Capital assets, net. 18,032,190 Total assets. 22,955,603 Deferred outflows of resources: Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding 464,740 Total deferred outflows of resources 464,740 Liabilities: 60,326 Accounts payable. 60,326 Accured wages and benefits payable. 547,493 Pension obligation payable. 114,805 Intergovernmental payable. 21,192 Claims payable. 269,510 Due in more than one year 487,448 Total liabilities: 59,37,489 Dewithin one year.		Governmental Activities
Cash with iscal agent 85,639 Cash with escrow agent 174,155 Receivables: 174,155 Property taxes 2,290,212 Accounts 600 Intergovernmental 176,297 Loans 3 Prepayments 11,209 Materials and supplies inventory. 4,188 Capital assets: 940,278 Nondepreciable capital assets, net. 17,091,912 Capital assets, net. 18,032,190 Total assets. 22,955,603 Deferred outflows of resources: Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding 464,740 Total deferred outflows of resources 464,740 Total deferred outflows of resources 547,493 Pension obligation payable. 60,326 Accrued wages and benefits payable 547,493 Pension obligation payable. 11,180 Intergovernmental payable 21,195 Claims payable 229,510 Due in more than one year 269,510 Due in more than one year 269,510 To		
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Due in more than one year 4,873,480 Total liabilities 5,937,489 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,566,298 Total deferred inflows of resources. 1,566,298 Net position: Net investment in capital assets. 13,919,443 Restricted for: 250,499 Debt service. 305,313 Classroom facilities maintenance 270,752 Locally funded programs 5 State funded programs. 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted. 1,082,497		
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Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,566,298 Total deferred inflows of resources. 1,566,298 Net position: Net investment in capital assets. 13,919,443 Restricted for: 250,499 Debt service. 305,313 Classroom facilities maintenance 270,752 Locally funded programs 5 State funded programs. 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted. 1,082,497	Deferred inflows of resources:	
Net position: 1,566,298 Net investment in capital assets. 13,919,443 Restricted for: 250,499 Debt service. 305,313 Classroom facilities maintenance 270,752 Locally funded programs 5 State funded programs. 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted. 1,082,497		1 566 298
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Restricted for: 250,499 Capital projects 305,313 Debt service 305,313 Classroom facilities maintenance 270,752 Locally funded programs 5 State funded programs 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted 1,082,497	Net position:	
Capital projects 250,499 Debt service. 305,313 Classroom facilities maintenance 270,752 Locally funded programs 5 State funded programs. 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted. 1,082,497	Net investment in capital assets	13,919,443
Debt service. 305,313 Classroom facilities maintenance 270,752 Locally funded programs 5 State funded programs. 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted. 1,082,497	Restricted for:	
Classroom facilities maintenance 270,752 Locally funded programs 5 State funded programs 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted 1,082,497	Capital projects	250,499
Locally funded programs 5 State funded programs 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted 1,082,497	Debt service	305,313
State funded programs. 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted 1,082,497	Classroom facilities maintenance	270,752
State funded programs. 8,140 Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted 1,082,497	Locally funded programs	5
Federally funded programs 22,507 Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted 1,082,497		8,140
Student activities 15,682 Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted 1,082,497		, ,
Other purposes 41,718 Unrestricted 1,082,497		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Unrestricted		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

				Program	Reven	nues	R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position	
	Expenses		Charges for			rating Grants Contributions	Go	Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:		Expenses	BCIVI	ces and sales	anu	Contributions	-	Activities	
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	3,810,864	\$	685,360	\$	122,834	\$	(3,002,670)	
Special		1,125,259		-		1,101,831		(23,428)	
Vocational		33,488		-		55,516		22,028	
Other		132,947		-		252		(132,695)	
Support services:									
Pupil		322,007		-		13,123		(308,884)	
Instructional staff		255,763		-		2,602		(253,161)	
Board of education		45,596		-		-		(45,596)	
Administration		686,341		-		-		(686,341)	
Fiscal		263,067		-		-		(263,067)	
Business		39,774		-		-		(39,774)	
Operations and maintenance		763,740		7,646		5,400		(750,694)	
Pupil transportation		320,903		-		29,077		(291,826)	
Central		8,057		-		-		(8,057)	
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Food service operations		367,407		75,159		240,644		(51,604)	
Extracurricular activities		168,595		51,180		-		(117,415)	
Interest and fiscal charges		261,629		-		-		(261,629)	
Total governmental activities	\$	8,605,437	\$	819,345	\$	1,571,279		(6,214,813)	
				ral revenues:	l for:				
			_	-				1,604,023	
								28,000	
			•					323,410	
								13,241	
			Grant	s and entitleme	nts not	restricted			
			to s	pecific progran	ns			4,001,750	
			Inves	tment earnings.				4,036	
			Misce	ellaneous				83,270	
			Total	general revenu	es		·	6,057,730	
			Chan	ge in net position	on			(157,083)	
			Net p	osition at begi	nning	of year		16,073,639	
			Net p	osition at end	of year	r	\$	15,916,556	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		General	Debt Permanent al Service Improvement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total al Governmen Funds			
Assets:	-	General		Ser vice		JI O T CINCILL	-	Tunus		Tunus
Equity in pooled cash										
and cash equivalents	\$	1,272,574	\$	272,334	\$	257,199	\$	379,003	\$	2,181,110
Cash with escrow agent		-		´ -		174,155		, -		174,155
Receivables:						,				,
Property taxes		1,860,290		344,734		57,188		28,000		2,290,212
Accounts		600		_		_		-		600
Interfund loans		25,000		_		_		_		25,000
Intergovernmental		48,434		_		-		127,863		176,297
Loans		3		-		-		-		3
Prepayments		11,209		-		-		_		11,209
Materials and supplies inventory		_		_		_		4,188		4,188
Due from other funds		17,459		_		-		_		17,459
Total assets	\$	3,235,569	\$	617,068	\$	488,542	\$	539,054	\$	4,880,233
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	55,101	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,225	\$	60,326
Accrued wages and benefits payable		454,594		-		-		92,899		547,493
Compensated absences payable		3,920		-		-		-		3,920
Pension obligation payable		124,785		-		-		17,020		141,805
Intergovernmental payable		17,637		-		-		3,555		21,192
Interfund loans payable		-		-		25,000		_		25,000
Due to other funds								17,459		17,459
Total liabilities		656,037				25,000		136,158		817,195
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		1,264,992		234,418		38,888		28,000		1,566,298
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		346,757		64,258		10,660		-		421,675
Intergovernmental revenue not available		12,042				´ -		66,206		78,248
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,623,791		298,676		49,548		94,206		2,066,221
Fund balances:			-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Nonspendable:										
Materials and supplies inventory								4,188		4,188
Prepaids		11,209		_		_		4,100		11,209
Long-term loans		25,003		_		_		_		25,003
Restricted:		23,003		_		_		_		23,003
Debt service		_		318,392		_		_		318,392
Capital improvements		-		510,374		413,994		-		413,994
Classroom facilities maintenance		_		_		413,774		270,752		270,752
Food service operations		-		-		-		47,861		47,861
Non-public schools		_		_		_		1,165		1,165
Other purposes		_		_		_		5,410		5,410
Extracurricular		_		_		_		15,682		15,682
Assigned:		_		_		_		13,002		13,062
Student instruction		72,736								72,736
Student instruction		26,180		-		-		-		26,180
Subsequent year's appropriations		67,741		_		_		_		67,741
Other purposes		9,182		-		_		-		9,182
• •		743,690		-		-		(36,368)		707,322
Unassigned (deficit)				210 202		412 004	_			
Total linkilities of found influenced found belonger	•	955,741	•	318,392	ф.	413,994	ф.	308,690	Φ.	1,996,817
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	3,235,569	\$	617,068	\$	488,542	\$	539,054	\$	4,880,233

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2013

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 1,996,817
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		18,032,190
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 421,675 78,248	
Total	70,210	499,923
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(591,798)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		464,740
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(12,195)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		74,151
governmental activities on the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		74,131
in the funds. Compensated absences General obligation bonds	(318,218) (3,934,204)	
Lease-purchase obligation Total	(294,850)	 (4,547,272)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 15,916,556

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		General	Debt Service	Permanent Improvement			onmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:	-								
From local sources:									
Property taxes	\$	1,657,221	\$ 340,239	\$	22,751	\$	28,000	\$	2,048,211
Tuition		682,864	-		-		-		682,864
Charges for services		-	-		-		75,159		75,159
Earnings on investments		3,630	406		-		3		4,039
Extracurricular		2,496	-		-		51,180		53,676
Other local revenues		88,437	2,459		-		20		90,916
Intergovernmental - state		4,498,223	55,924		10,472		164,692		4,729,311
Intergovernmental - federal		34,550	_		_		810,392		844,942
Total revenues		6,967,421	399,028		33,223		1,129,446		8,529,118
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular		3,369,805	_		52,323		120,851		3,542,979
Special		528,225	_		_		560,320		1,088,545
Vocational		27,514	_		_		-		27,514
Other		127,985	_		_		249		128,234
Support services:		,							,
Pupil		305,240	_		-		12,625		317,865
Instructional staff		269,174	_		_		3,553		272,727
Board of education		43,667	_		_		´ -		43,667
Administration		652,425	_		_		1		652,426
Fiscal		249,730	9,962		1,810		_		261,502
Business		39,423	_		-		_		39,423
Operations and maintenance		637,938	_		48,581		38,655		725,174
Pupil transportation		310,510	_		-		14,747		325,257
Central		8,057	_		_		-		8,057
Operation of non-instructional services:		-,							-,,
Food service operations		_	_		_		333,809		333,809
Extracurricular activities		110,004	_		_		53,294		163,298
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	_		138,441		-		138,441
Debt service:									,
Principal retirement		_	245,000		_		_		245,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_	101,946		_		_		101,946
Total expenditures	-	6,679,697	 356,908		241,155		1,138,104	-	8,415,864
			 	-	<u> </u>	-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		207.724	42.120		(207.022)		(0.650)		112.254
expenditures		287,724	 42,120		(207,932)		(8,658)		113,254
Other financing sources:									
Capital lease transaction			 		294,850				294,850
Total other financing sources		-	 -		294,850				294,850
Net change in fund balances		287,724	42,120		86,918		(8,658)		408,104
Fund balances at beginning of year		668,017	 276,272		327,076		317,348		1,588,713
Fund balances at end of year	\$	955,741	\$ 318,392	\$	413,994	\$	308,690	\$	1,996,817

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	408,104
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions	\$ 202,33	80	
Current year depreciation	(468,69		
Total		<u>- ' / '</u>	(266,358)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Intergovernmental Total	(79,53 (1,22	,	(80,764)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			245,000
The capital lease transaction is recorded as an other financing source in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, it is not reported as an other financing source as it increases liabilities on the statement of net position.			(294,850)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Increase in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Elimination of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Total	(3,62 (67,86 (102,76 39,69 (25,12	54) 57) 90	(159,683)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.			(27,635)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue of the			
internal service fund is allocated amount the governmental activities.			19,103
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(157,083)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	 Budgeted	l Amo	unts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		legative)
Revenues:							8 /
From local sources:							
Property taxes	\$ 1,569,956	\$	1,569,956	\$	1,619,747	\$	49,791
Tuition	576,568		602,348		682,864		80,516
Transportation fees	51		51		-		(51)
Earnings on investments	1,404		1,404		3,630		2,226
Other local revenues	25,602		73,149		86,445		13,296
Intergovernmental - state	4,690,075		4,692,217		4,498,223		(193,994)
Intergovernmental - federal	10,504		10,504		6,407		(4,097)
Total revenues	6,874,160		6,949,629		6,897,316		(52,313)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	3,511,030		3,511,030		3,411,687		99,343
Special	497,345		497,345		578,294		(80,949)
Vocational	75,075		75,075		67,818		7,257
Other	154,721		154,721		99,164		55,557
Support services:							
Pupil	280,788		280,788		297,475		(16,687)
Instructional staff	333,485		333,485		315,070		18,415
Board of education	29,214		29,214		44,858		(15,644)
Administration	583,143		583,143		650,314		(67,171)
Fiscal	279,192		279,192		259,630		19,562
Operations and maintenance	708,205		708,205		667,404		40,801
Pupil transportation	325,887		325,887		334,011		(8,124)
Central.	-		-		8,007		(8,007)
Extracurricular activities	 113,303		113,303		107,485		5,818
Total expenditures	 6,891,388		6,891,388		6,841,217		50,171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	 (17,228)		58,241		56,099		(2,142)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year's expenditures	-		-		981		981
Transfers in	-		-		418		418
Transfers (out)	(157,446)		(157,446)		(51,418)		106,028
Advances in	15,700		-		-		-
Sale of assets	18,368		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(123,378)		(157,446)		(50,019)		107,427
Net change in fund balance	(140,606)		(99,205)		6,080		105,285
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,128,073		1,128,073		1,128,073		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	42,795		42,795		42,795		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,030,262	\$	1,071,663	\$	1,176,948	\$	105,285
				_			

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2013

	Ac	ernmental etivities - nternal vice Fund
Assets:		
Cash with fiscal agent		85,639
Total assets		85,639
Liabilities:		
Claims payable		11,488
Total liabilities		11,488
Net position:		
Unrestricted		74,151
Total net position	\$	74,151

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	319,410	
Total operating revenues		319,410	
Operating expenses:		6.267	
Purchased services		6,267	
Claims		294,040	
Total operating expenses		300,307	
Operating income and change in net position .		19,103	
Net position at beginning of year		55,048	
Net position at end of year	\$	74,151	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:	ф.	210.410	
Cash received from charges for services	\$	319,410 (6,267)	
Cash payments for claims		(296,473)	
Net cash provided by operating activities and net			
increase in cash and cash equivalents		16,670	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		68,969	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	85,639	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$	19,103	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease in claims payable		(2,433)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	16,670	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Private Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			A	Agency
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	330,065	\$	35,877
Total assets		330,065	\$	35,877
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-	\$	501
Loans payable		-		3
Due to students				35,373
Total liabilities		<u> </u>	\$	35,877
Net position:				_
Held in trust for scholarships		330,065		
Total net position	\$	330,065		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		te Purpose Trust
	Sch	olarship
Additions:		
Interest	\$	757
Gifts and contributions		24,185
Total additions		24,942
Deductions:		
Scholarships awarded		14,157
Change in net position		10,785
Net position at beginning of year		319,280
Net position at end of year	\$	330,065

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Bridgeport Exempted Village School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1856 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District is staffed by 9 administrative, 39 non-certified employees and 58 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 781 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Belmont Harrison Vocational School District

The Belmont Harrison Vocational School District (the "District) is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students. The Board is comprised of representatives from the Boards of each participating school district. The Board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and finance related activities. The District's students may attend the District. Each participating school district's control is limited to its representation on the Board. To obtain financial information write to the Belmont Harrison Vocational School District, Mark Lucas, Treasurer, at Fox Shannon Place, St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950.

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments

The School District participates in the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments (Council). The Council was created as a separate regional council of governments pursuant to State Statutes. The Council operates under the direction of a Board comprised of a representative from each participating school district. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Council including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participants control is limited to its representation on the Board. The Council provides information technology and internet access to member districts, as well as cooperative purchasing programs. During fiscal year 2013, the total amount paid to OME-RESA from the School District was \$5,666 for technology services and \$16,731 for financial accounting services and educational management information. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Treasurer, at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS)

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (the "Coalition") is a jointly governed organization including over 100 school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is comprised of fourteen members. The board members are comprised of one superintendent from each county elected by the school districts within that county. The Coalition provides various inservice training for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Coalition. The District's membership fee was \$325 for fiscal year 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Educational Regional Service System Region 12

The District participates in the Educational Regional Service System Region 12 (the "ERSS"), a jointly governed organization consisting of educational entities within Belmont, Carroll, Coshocton, Guernsey, Harrison, Holmes, Jefferson, Monroe, Muskingum, Noble, and Tuscarawas counties. The purpose of ERSS is to provide support services to school districts, community schools and chartered nonpublic schools within the region by supporting State and school initiatives and efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement with a specific reference to the provision of special education and related services. The ERSS is governed by an Advisory Council, which is the policymaking body for the educational entities within the region, who identifies regional need and priorities for educational services and develops corresponding policies to coordinate the delivery of services. They are also charged with the responsibility of monitoring the implementation of State and regional initiatives and school improvement efforts. The Advisory Council is made up of the director of the ERSS, the superintendent of each educational service center within the region, the superintendent of the region's largest and smallest school district, the director and an employee from each education technology center and one representative of a four-year institution of higher education who is appointed by the Ohio Board of Regents, one representative of a two-year institution of higher education who is appointed by the Ohio Association of Community Colleges, three board of education members (one each from a city, exempted village and local school district within the region) and one business representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Advisory Council. Financial information can be obtained from the Muskingum Valley Educational Service Center, 205 N Seventh Street, Zanesville, Ohio 43701.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program
The District participates in a group rating program for worker's compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the "Program") was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the Program. Refer to Note 12.B. for further information on this group rating program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt service fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - This fund is used to account for transactions related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of permanent improvements.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides dental, vision, prescription and life insurance benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows and current liabilities and deferred inflows generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service fund is charges for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2013, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

TAX BUDGET

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Belmont County Budget Commission for rate determination.

ESTIMATED RESOURCES

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. By July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

APPROPRIATIONS

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures for all funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation resolution, the Board of Education may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control.

Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation for all funds must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board of Education may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. Supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2013.

The budget figures which appear in the statement of budgetary comparisons represent the original and final appropriation amounts that were approved by the Board prior to June 30, 2013. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

ENCUMBRANCES

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations.

LAPSING OF APPROPRIATIONS

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2013, investments were limited to non-negotiable certificates of deposit and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost. Negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at fair market value.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2013. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2013.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund, the auxiliary services special revenue fund, and the private-purpose trust funds. The food service fund receives interest earnings based upon Federal mandate and the self-insurance internal service fund receives interest earnings as the amount is held by a fiscal agent in an interest bearing account separate from the District's internal investment pool. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2013 amounted to \$3,630, which includes \$1,084 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months which are not purchased from the cash management pool are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 50 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 50 years
Vehicles	10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans to cover fund cash deficits are classified as "due to/from other funds". Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next fiscal year are classified as "loans to/from other funds" and are shown as nonspendable fund balances on the balance sheet because they are not spendable, available resources. These interfund loans are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

Interfund loans between governmental funds and fiduciary funds are classified as "loans receivable/payable." These amounts are presented on the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2013, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least twenty years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2013 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Unamortized Bond Premiums and Deferred Charges on Refunding

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.A.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the employee self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund.

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service operations.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

P. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2013.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 60, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements", GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34", GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements", GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position", GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", and GASB Statement No. 66, "Technical Corrections-2012".

GASB Statement No. 60 addresses issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. An SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or nongovernmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset (a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 60 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 62 codifies accounting and financial reporting guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements in an effort to codify all sources of GAAP for State and local governments so that they derive from a single source. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial and reporting guidance for *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred inflows of resources* which are financial statement elements that are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's *net position*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 has changed the presentation of the District's financial statements to incorporate the concepts of net position, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 65 also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations.

GASB Statement No. 66 enhances the usefulness of financial reports by resolving conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2013 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	_I	<u>Deficit</u>
Public school preschool	\$	10,048
IDEA - Part B		15,593
Title I		8,366
Improving teacher quality		2,361

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by Surety Company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash With Fiscal Agent

The District is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2013, was \$85,639.

B. Cash With Escrow Agent

The District has money held in an account by an escrow agent. The account was established in connection with the lease-purchase agreement the District entered into during fiscal year 2013 (see Note 9). On behalf of the District, the agent disburses funds from the account to make payments to vendors for work completed on the project. The amount held by the escrow agent at June 30, 2013 was \$174,155 and is not included in "deposits with financial institutions" below.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,541,128. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2013, \$1,091,454 of the District's bank balance of \$2,687,156 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,595,702 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities		
			6 months or		
<u>Investment type</u>	Fai	r Value		less	
STAR Ohio	\$	5,924	\$	5,924	
Total	\$	5,924	\$	5,924	

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2013:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fai	r Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$	5,924	100.00
Total	\$	5,924	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2013:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 2,541,128
Investments	5,924
Cash with fiscal agent	85,639
Cash with escrow agent	 174,155
Total	\$ 2,806,846
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 2,440,904
Private-purpose trust funds	330,065
Agency funds	 35,877
Total	\$ 2,806,846

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2013 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	A	<u>Amount</u>
General fund	Permanent Improvement fund	\$	25,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. The interfund balances are not expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2013 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts due to/from other funds:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	<u>A</u>	Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	17,459

The primary purpose of the due to/from other funds is to cover negative cash in various nonmajor governmental funds. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

C. Loans between governmental funds and fiduciary funds are reported as a "loans receivable/payable" on the financial statements. The District had a \$3 loan outstanding at fiscal year-end, due from the District's agency fund to the general fund. This loan is not expected to be repaid in the subsequent year.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2013 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2013 became a lien on December 31, 2011, were levied after April 1, 2012, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Belmont County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013 was \$248,541 in the general fund, \$46,058 in the debt service fund and \$7,640 in the permanent improvement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2012 was \$211,067 in the general fund, \$43,061 in the debt service fund and \$10,607 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2013 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

	2012 Second Half Collections			2013 First Half Collections		
	_	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate	\$	66,640,680	93.87	\$	69,615,720	93.76
Public utility personal		4,349,630	6.13	_	4,629,420	6.24
Total	\$	70,990,310	100.00	<u>\$</u>	74,245,140	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	46.30		\$	46.30	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2013 consisted of property taxes, accounts (refunds), intergovernmental grants and entitlements, and loans. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 2,290,212
Accounts	600
Intergovernmental	176,297
Loans	3
Total	\$ 2,467,112

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/12	Additions	Deductions	06/30/13
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 819,583	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 819,583
Construction in progress		120,695		120,695
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	819,583	120,695		940,278
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	416,536	-	-	416,536
Buildings and improvements	18,965,378	13,038	-	18,978,416
Furniture and equipment	566,284	34,167	-	600,451
Vehicles	600,292	34,439		634,731
Total capital assets, being depreciated	20,548,490	81,644		20,630,134
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(187,259)	(16,215)	-	(203,474)
Buildings and improvements	(2,196,669)	(382,025)	-	(2,578,694)
Furniture and equipment	(200,025)	(41,845)	-	(241,870)
Vehicles	(485,572)	(28,612)		(514,184)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,069,525)	(468,697)		(3,538,222)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,298,548	\$ (266,358)	\$ -	\$ 18,032,190

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 295,720
Special	23,854
Vocational	5,974
Other	4,771
Support services:	
Pupil	4,771
Instructional staff	543
Board of education	1,936
Administration	16,308
Fiscal	1,937
Operations and maintenance	44,822
Pupil transportation	30,782
Food service operations	31,819
Extracurricular activities	5,460
Total depreciation expense	\$ 468,697

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2013, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement to finance a lighting project at the District's athletic field. The lease agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee.

Construction in progress for work completed on the lighting project has been capitalized in the amount of \$120,695. At June 30, 2013, the District had unspent proceeds from the lease-purchase agreement of \$174,155. A liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements for the present value of the future minimum lease payments. Payments on the lease-purchase agreement will commence in fiscal year 2014 and will be made from the debt service fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2014	\$ 41,747
2015	41,747
2016	41,747
2017	41,747
2018	41,747
2019-2021	 125,241
Total minimum lease payments	333,976
Less: amount representing interest	 (39,126)
Total	\$ 294,850

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2013, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

								F	Amount
]	Balance					Balance		Due in
	(06/30/12	Α	dditions	R	eductions	06/30/13	O	ne Year
Governmental activities:									
Compensated absences payable	\$	327,278	\$	77,458	\$	(82,598)	\$ 322,138	\$	26,391
General obligation bonds payable,									
Series 2004 Issue		400,000		-		(130,000)	270,000		135,000
Series 2012 Issue:									
Current interest bonds		3,550,000		-		(115,000)	3,435,000		75,000
Capital appreciation bonds		159,994		-		-	159,994		-
Accreted interest		1,346		67,864		-	69,210		-
Lease-purchase obligation				294,850		_	294,850	_	33,119
Total governmental activities									
long-term liabilities	\$	4,438,618	\$	440,172	\$	(327,598)	4,551,192	\$	269,510
Add: Unamortized premium on bond	ls						 591,798		
Total on statement of net position							\$ 5,142,990		

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Compensated absences and will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which primarily consist of the general fund and the following non-major governmental funds: food service, IDEA part B and Title I.

<u>Lease-purchase obligation</u>: Payments on the lease-purchase obligation will be paid from the debt service fund. See Note 9 for more detail.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

- **B.** On November 9, 2004 the District issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for constructing and improving school facilities. A portion of this bond issue was refunded in fiscal year 2012 (see Note 10.C.). These bonds are general obligations of the District for which full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations are accounted for on the statement of net position. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure of the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 5.67 mil bonded tax levy for the construction project.
- C. On May 24, 2012 the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the Series 2004 bond issue. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations are accounted for on the statement of net position. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure of the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 5.67 mil bonded tax levy for the construction project.

This issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$3,435,000 at June 30, 2013, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$159,994. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2015 through 2018, (stated interest rate of approximately 38.422%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accreted interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$865,000. Total accreted interest of \$69,210 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2013.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity date stated in the issue is December 1, 2031.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$491,955. This amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The unamortized portion at June 30, 2013 is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

D. The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year		Cur	ren	t Interest Bo	onds		_	Capita	ıl Aj	ppreciation	Bon	ıds
Year Ended	P	rincipal		Interest		Total	F	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		Total
2014	\$	210,000	\$	94,867	\$	304,867	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
2015		210,000		89,289		299,289		_		-		-
2016		_		86,364		86,364		62,410		152,590		215,000
2017		_		86,364		86,364		44,937		175,063		220,000
2018		_		86,364		86,364		30,902		184,098		215,000
2019 - 2023		910,000		395,281		1,305,281		21,745		193,255		215,000
2024 - 2028	1	,245,000		258,993		1,503,993		_		-		-
2029 - 2032	1	,130,000		70,746		1,200,746						
Total	\$ 3	3,705,000	\$	1,168,268	\$	4,873,268	\$	159,994	\$	705,006	\$	865,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

- **E.** The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2013, are a voted debt margin of \$3,135,461 (including available funds of \$318,392) and an unvoted debt margin of \$74,245.
- **F.** Defeased Debt As of June 30, 2013, \$3,710,000 of the refunded bonds remains outstanding and are considered defeased, and the escrow account has a balance of \$3,969,488 which will provide the future debt service of the defeased bonds. Refunded Bonds are scheduled to be called on December 1, 2014.

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 5 to 15 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. The high school principal, director of maintenance and superintendent earn 20 days of vacation per year and the treasurer earns 20 days of vacation per year. Vacation days are to be used each year. Classified employees can not carry over days. Administrative staff can carry over a maximum of 10 days. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and the elementary and middle school principals do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of fifteen days per year for all personnel. The maximum sick leave accumulation for classified employees is 285 days. The maximum accumulation for certified employees is 300 days if hired before August 1, 2012 and 200 days if hired after that date. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the accrued, but unused, sick leave balance to a maximum of 69 days for certified employees hired before August 1, 2012, and 60 days for classified employees. For certified employees hired after August 1, 2012 the maximum payout is 50 days. In addition, upon retirement, a certified employee is entitled to receive an additional severance payment of \$5.00 per day for 75% of the accrued but unused sick leave days not calculated in the severance payment. Classified employees are entitled to receive an additional payment of \$5.00 per day for the entire balance of the accrued but unused sick leave days not calculated in the severance payment.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2013, the District contracted with Ohio School Plan for general liability, property, and fleet insurance. Liability coverage is limited to \$1,000,000 per claim and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate. Property insurance carries a limitation of \$22,945,895 in the aggregate with a \$1,000 deductible.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The Perkins athletic facility is exposed to flood risk. During fiscal year 2013, the District contracted with Selective Insurance Company of Southeast for flood insurance. The field house limitation on this insurance was \$187,200 for building damage and \$17,700 for contents damage with a \$1,000 deductible for both. The concession stand building and its contents are also covered under a separate policy with limitations of \$23,700 for building and \$2,800 for contents damage with a \$1,000 deductible. The fieldhouse and its contents are also covered under a separate policy with limitations of \$19,400 for building and \$13,200 for content damage with a \$1,000 deductible. The grandstand and its contents are also covered under a separate policy with limitations of \$187,200 for building and \$17,700 for content damage with a \$1,000 deductible.

Vehicles are covered by Ohio School Plan insurance and hold a \$500 deductible (\$1,000 for buses) for collision and a \$250 deductible (\$1,000 for buses) for comprehensive. Automobile liability coverage has a \$2,000,000 limit for bodily injury and a \$5,000 limit for medical payments.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in the amount of coverage from the prior year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Official Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the "Program"), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the Program is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Program. Participants in the Program are placed on tiers according to their loss history. Participants with low loss histories are rewarded with greater savings than participants with higher loss histories. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Program tier rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Program is limited to school districts that can meet the Program's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Program.

C. Medical and Ancillary Insurance

The District contracts with The Health Plan for hospitalization insurance for all employees. The District pays up to \$1,005 of the total monthly premiums for family and ancillary coverage and up to \$500 for individual and ancillary coverage for all certified and classified employees.

D. Dental, Vision and Life Insurance

Dental, vision, prescription and life insurance are offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The District is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of several school districts within the Eastern Region, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the District's behalf. The claims liability of \$11,488 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2013, is based on an estimate provided by Self Funded Plans, Inc. (the third party administrator) and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Fiscal Year	Balance	Claims	<u>Payments</u>	Balance
2013	\$ 13,921	\$ 294,040	\$ (296,473)	\$ 11,488
2012	16,770	323,031	(325,880)	13,921

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2013, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$114,785, \$118,724 and \$107,711, respectively; 69.62 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$416,731, \$426,252 and \$432,837, respectively; 82.41 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2013 were \$16,035 made by the District and \$11,453 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2013, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2013 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2013, 0.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2013, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,525.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$16,183, \$19,486 and \$27,366, respectively; 69.62 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2013, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$6,509, \$7,011 and \$6,931, respectively; 69.62 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$32,056, \$32,789 and \$33,295, respectively; 82.41 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Gei	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	6,080
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		64,617
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		58,278
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		50,019
Funds budgeted elsewhere		11,568
Adjustment for encumbrances		97,162
GAAP basis	\$	287,724

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public school support fund and management information system fund.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2013, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

Management believes there is no pending litigation that could have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Impr</u>	ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		130,691
Current year qualifying expenditures		(40,574)
Current year offsets		(94,772)
Total	\$	(4,655)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2014	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	

During fiscal year 2005, the District issued \$4,907,000 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$4,907,000 at June 30, 2013.

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End	
<u>Fund</u>	Encumbrance		
General	\$	93,173	
Permanent improvement		211,034	
Nonmajor governmental		142,849	
Total	\$	447,056	

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Pass-through	Federal		
Pass-Through Grantor	Entity	CFDA		
Program Title	Number	Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed-Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance:				
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	N/A	10.555	\$20,054	\$20,054
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program	045237-05PU-13	10.553	65,554	65,554
National School Lunch Program	045237-LLP4-13	10.555	166,499	166,499
Cash Assistance Subtotal			232,053	232,053
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture/Child Nutrition Cluster			252,107	252,107
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed-Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	045237-C1S1-12	84.010	31,485	57,472
ů	045237-C1S1-13		257,027	301,004
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			288,512	358,476
Special Education, Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	045237-6BSF-12	84.027	56,373	53,619
	045237-6BSF-13		132,183	147,149
Total Special Education, Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)			188,556	200,768
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	045237-TRS1-12	84.367	29,078	1
, -	045237-TRS1-13		64,535	57,469
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			93,613	57,470
ARRA - Race to the Top Fund, Recovery Act	045237-13	84.395	1,050	1,050
Total U.S. Department of Education			571,731	617,764
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$823,838	\$869,871

The Notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is an integral part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the School District's federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE D - TRANSFERS

The Ohio Department of Education permits School District's to transfer cash from certain federal award programs to certain other programs through budget amendments. The School District transferred cash to and from the following programs:

CFDA Number	Transfers-In	Transfers-Out
84.367		\$34,829
84.010	\$34.829	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bridgeport Exempted Village School District Belmont County 55781 National Road Bridgeport, Ohio 43912

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bridgeport Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 18, 2014, wherein we noted the School District has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No's 63 and 65.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Bridgeport Exempted Village School District
Belmont County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bridgeport Exempted Village School District Belmont County 55781 National Road Bridgeport, Ohio 43912

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Bridgeport Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District's), compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the School District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the School District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Bridgeport Exempted Village School District
Belmont County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies – CFDA #84.010
		Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) – CFDA #84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

	2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS	
None.		
	3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS	

None.

Independent Auditor's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedure

Bridgeport Exempted Village School District Belmont County 55781 National Road Bridgeport, Ohio 43912

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Bridgeport Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on November 15, 2012 to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act".

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2014





BRIDGEPORT EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT

BELMONT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 4, 2014