VILLAGE OF FAIRFAX HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CASH BASIS

DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011



Village Council Village of Fairfax 5903 Hawthorne Avenue Fairfax, Ohio 45227

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, prepared by Hurst, Kelly & Company LLC, for the audit period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Fairfax is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

April 9, 2014



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Fairfax 5903 Hawthorne Avenue Fairfax, Ohio 45227

To Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and related notes of the Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting the financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Village prepared the financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03, which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to satisfy requirements.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of the Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permits, described in Note 1.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, during 2011 the Village adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 4, 2014, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

turnst Helly & Company LCC

Loveland, Ohio February 4, 2014

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Governmental Fund Types							
		General		Special Revenue		Capital Project	(M	Totals emorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:								
Property and Local Taxes	\$	124,696	\$	6,132	\$	-	\$	130,828
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		-		718,343		-		718,343
Municipal Income Tax		2,836,293		-		-		2,836,293
Intergovernmental		74,509		523,537		602,515		1,200,561
Charges for Services		19,223		- 0.000		-		19,223
Fines, Licenses and Permits Earnings on Investments		137,976		8,208		-		146,184
Miscellaneous		4,884 28,340		46 29,351		6,800		4,930 64,491
Total Cash Receipts		3,225,921		1,285,617		609,315		5,120,853
Cash Disbursements:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property		964,904		11,208		_		976,112
Public Health Services		3,331				-		3,331
Leisure Time Activities		58,219		-		-		58,219
Community Environment		55,789		-		-		55,789
Basic Utility Service		157,926		-		-		157,926
Transportation		244,478		57,212		279,829		581,519
General Government		921,504		1,821		-		923,325
Capital Outlay		10,352		531,462		645,720		1,187,534
TIF Compensation Payments				718,343				718,343
Total Cash Disbursements		2,416,503		1,320,046		925,549		4,662,098
Total Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		809,418		(34,429)		(316,234)		458,755
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements):								
Transfers-In		20,366		143,123		279,829		443,318
Transfers-Out		(422,952)		140,120		(20,366)		(443,318)
Advances-In		(:==,00=)		-		43,205		43,205
Advances-Out		(43,205)				<u> </u>		(43,205)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		(445,791)		143,123		302,668		
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing								
Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements								
and Other Financing Disbursements		363,627		108,694		(13,566)		458,755
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		1,067,106		252,059		182,536		1,501,701
Fund Cash Balances, December 31								
Restricted		-		360,753		18,970		379,723
Committed		3,614		-		150,000		153,614
Assigned		1,471		-				1,471
Unassigned		1,425,648						1,425,648
	\$	1,430,733	\$	360,753	\$	168,970	\$	1,960,456

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Governmental Fund Types							
		General		Special Revenue		Capital Project	(M	Totals emorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:								
Property and Local Taxes	\$	144,350	\$	6,205	\$	-	\$	150,555
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		-		716,976		-		716,976
Municipal Income Tax		2,639,802		-		-		2,639,802
Intergovernmental		89,030		96,182		-		185,212
Charges for Services		22,167		-		-		22,167
Fines, Licenses and Permits		98,536		6,978		-		105,514
Earnings on Investments		12,278		4		-		12,282
Miscellaneous		20,370		29,306		20,217		69,893
Total Cash Receipts		3,026,533		855,651		20,217		3,902,401
Cash Disbursements:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property		943,911		5,711		-		949,622
Public Health Services		3,325		-		-		3,325
Leisure Time Activities		65,802		-		-		65,802
Community Environment		50,304		-		-		50,304
Basic Utility Service		168,942		-		-		168,942
Transportation		676,408		66,567		325,161		1,068,136
General Government		920,807		· -		· -		920,807
Capital Outlay		47,230		17,152		8,247		72,629
TIF Compensation Payments		<u>-</u>		716,976		<u>-</u>		716,976
Total Cash Disbursements		2,876,729		806,406		333,408		4,016,543
Total Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		149,804		49,245		(313,191)		(114,142)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements):								
Transfers-In		4,540		-		475,161		479,701
Transfers-Out		(475,161)		(4,540)		-		(479,701)
Advances-In		61,218		-		-		61,218
Advances-Out		<u>-</u>		(58,218)		(3,000)		(61,218)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		(409,403)		(62,758)		472,161		
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing								
Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements								
and Other Financing Disbursements		(259,599)		(13,513)		158,970		(114,142)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, Restated		1,326,705		265,572		23,566		1,615,843
Fund Cash Balances, December 31								
Restricted		-		252,059		32,536		284,595
Committed		8,669		-		150,000		158,669
Assigned		14,349		-		-		14,349
Unassigned		1,044,088						1,044,088
	\$	1,067,106	\$	252,059	\$	182,536	\$	1,501,701

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Fiduciary Fund Type		
	Agency		
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:			
Other Non-Operating Cash Receipts	\$	140,629	
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts		140,629	
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements: Other Non-Operating Cash Disbursements		138,812	
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Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements		138,812	
Net Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		1,817	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		29,397	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	31,214	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Fiduciary Fund Type		
		gency	
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:			
Other Non-Operating Cash Receipts	\$	75,166	
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts		75,166	
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:			
Other Non-Operating Cash Disbursements		74,213	
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements		74,213	
Net Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		953	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		28,444	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	29,397	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. The Village operates under a council/mayor form of government and employs a Village Administrator. Elected officials include six council members, a clerk/treasurer, and a mayor. The Village provides various services including police protection, recreation, street maintenance and repair and general administrative services.

The Village participates in the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc (OPRM) which is a public entity risk pool. Note 8 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

<u>Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources related to the Village's tax increment financing agreement.

<u>Little Duck Creek Fund/Little Duck Creek 2011 Fund</u> – These funds are used to account for flooding mitigation near the Little Duck Creek.

3. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant capital project funds:

<u>Wooster Pike Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for streetscape improvements along Wooster Pike.

<u>Major Repairs Fund</u> – This fund accounts for major capital projects undertaken within the Village.

4. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Village's own programs.

Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Village disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other government. The Village's most significant agency fund accounts for the collection and distribution of Mayor's Court fines and forfeitures.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2012 and 2011 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Opening Fund Cash Balances

For fiscal year 2011, the Village reclassified certain funds as required by the revised fund classification guidance in Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 54. Implementing GASB Statement No. 54 had the following effect on fund balances previously reported:

	Fu	nd Balance	GASB 54 Change		Adjusted Fund Baland		
	Dece	mber 31, 2010	in Fur	nd Structure	Dece	ember 31, 2010	
General	\$	1,317,714	\$	8,991	\$	1,326,705	
Special Revenue		274,563		(8,991)		265,572	
	\$	1,592,277	\$	-	\$	1,592,277	

3. Equity in Pooled Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

 2012		2011
\$ 1,546,525	\$	1,087,657
 445,145		443,441
\$ 1,991,670	\$	1,531,098
\$	\$ 1,546,525 445,145	\$ 1,546,525 \$ 445,145

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Village; or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

4. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type:	Receipts	Receipts	V	'ariance
General Fund	\$ 3,238,668	\$ 3,246,287	\$	7,619
Special Revenue	1,427,393	1,428,740		1,347
Capital Project	975,554	932,349		(43,205)
Total	\$ 5,641,615	\$ 5,607,376	\$	(34,239)

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary		
Fund Type:	Authority	Expenditures	\	/ariance
General Fund	\$ 3,160,801	\$ 2,884,131	\$	276,670
Special Revenue	1,388,343	1,359,954		28,389
Capital Project	945,915	945,915		-
Total	\$ 5,495,059	\$ 5,190,000	\$	305,059

2011 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type:	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General Fund	\$ 3,251,034	\$ 3,092,291	\$ (158,743)
Special Revenue	918,329	855,651	(62,678)
Capital Project	495,378	495,378	-
Total	\$ 4,664,741	\$ 4,443,320	\$ (221,421)

2011 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary		
Fund Type:	Authority	Expenditures	tures Varian	
General Fund	\$ 3,762,259	\$ 3,366,239	\$	396,020
Special Revenue	880,898	870,078		10,820
Capital Project	353,774	336,408		17,366
Total	\$ 4,996,931	\$ 4,572,725	\$	424,206

5. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

6. Local Income Tax

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.75 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

7. Retirement Systems

The Village's full-time Police Officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). Other employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OP&F and OPERS are cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes these plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2012 and 2011, OP&F participants contributed 10% of their wages. For 2012 and 2011, the Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.5% of full-time police members' wages. For 2012 and 2011, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2012.

8. Risk Management – Risk Pool Membership

The Government belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) - formerly known as the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan, (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss, except OPRM retains 41.5% (effective November 1, 2011) of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 10% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2012 the plan increased its retention to 50% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. The Plan's property retention remained unchanged from prior years. This change was made to balance the reinsurance market conditions. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 767 and 765 members as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 respectively.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and members' equity at December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	2012	2011
Assets	\$13,100,381	\$12,501,280
Liabilities	(6,687,193)	(5,328,761)
Members' Equity	\$6,413,188	\$7,172,519

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

9. Interfund Activity

A. Transfers

Interfund transfers for 2011 and 2012 consisted of the following:

1

Transfer from Fund	Transfer to Fund	Amount
General Fund	Major Repairs (Capital Project Fund)	\$ 150,000
General Fund	Wooster Pike Fund (Capital Project)	325,161
Little Duck Creek Fund (Special Revenue)	General Fund	4,540
		\$479,701

2012

Transfer from Fund	Transfer to Fund	Amount
General Fund	Little Duck Creek 2011 Fund (Special Revenue)	\$143,123
General Fund	Wooster Pike Fund (Capital Project)	279,829
Community Development Fund (Capital Project)	General Fund	20,366
		\$443,318

In 2011, the General Fund transferred out funds as noted in the table above to provide funding for various projects that are being accounted for in other funds. The Little Duck Creek Fund transferred funds back to the General Fund as the corresponding projects related to this fund were completed, with the General Fund initially seeding these funds when the projects commenced.

In 2012, the General Fund transferred out funds as noted in the table above to provide funding for various projects that are being accounted for in other funds. The Community Development Fund transferred funds back to the General Fund as the corresponding projects related to this fund were completed, with the General Fund initially seeding these funds when the projects commenced.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

B. Advances

Interfund advances for 2011 and 2012 consisted of the following:

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20		•

Advance Out	Advance In	Amount
Little Duck Creek Fund (Special Revenue)	General Fund	\$ 58,218
Community Development Fund (Capital Project)	General Fund	3,000
		\$ 61,218

2012

Advance Out	Advance In	Amount
General Fund	Wooster Pike Fund (Capital Project)	\$ 43,205

In 2011, the Little Duck Creek Fund and Community Development Fund advanced out funds to the General Fund to repay advances that the General Fund had made to these funds in periods prior to 2011.

In 2012, the General Fund advanced out funds to the Wooster Pike Fund to cover project expenses.

10. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal, state and other local governments. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

From time to time, the Village may be subjected to potential and actual litigation. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of such matters, management believes that the resolution of such matters will not materially adversely impact the Village's financial condition.

Hurst, Kelly & Company LLC Certified Public Accountants

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing

Standards

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Fairfax 5903 Hawthorne Avenue Fairfax, Ohio 45227

To Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Village of Fairfax, Hamilton County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 4, 2014, in which it is noted that the Village prepared its financial statements on the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03, which is a basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted that during 2011 the Village adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated February 4, 2014.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

twest Helly & Company LCC

Loveland, Ohio February 4, 2014

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2010-001	Timely inquiry of outstanding reconciling items on the bank reconciliation.	Partially	Reissued as a management letter comment.
2010-002	Amended Certificates not obtained.	Partially	Reissued as a management letter comment.



VILLAGE OF FAIRFAX

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 22, 2014