

REGULAR AUDIT

For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2016 and 2015

One East Campus View Blvd. Suite 300 • Columbus, OH 43235 • (614) 389-5775 • FAX (614) 467-3920 PO Box 875 • 129 Pinckney Street • Circleville, OH 43113 • (740) 474-5210 • FAX (740) 474-7319 PO Box 687 • 528 S. West Street • Piketon, OH 45661 • (740) 289-4131 • FAX (740) 289-3639



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Village Council Village of Killbuck 138 South Main Street Killbuck, Ohio 44637

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Killbuck, Holmes County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Killbuck is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Jare Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State

October 11, 2017

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Independent Auditor's Report

Village of Killbuck Holmes County 138 South Main Street Killbuck, Ohio 44637

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of the Village of Killbuck, Holmes County, Ohio, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of the Village of Killbuck, Holmes County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 30, 2017, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group Inc. Piketon, Ohio August 30, 2017

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Governmental Fund Types						
	G	eneral		ecial venue	Capital Projects	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:							
Property and Local Taxes	\$	48,390	\$	-	\$ -	\$	48,390
Municipal Income Tax		213,276		90,975	-		304,251
Intergovernmental		28,512	2	267,028	-		295,540
Charges for Services		-		-	27,486		27,486
Fines, Licenses, and Permits		9,781		-	-		9,781
Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous		638 700		-	-		638
Miscenaneous		/00		21,001	-		21,701
Total Cash Receipts		301,297	3	379,004	27,486		707,787
Cash Disbursements: Current:							
Security of Persons & Property		21,213		_	_		21,213
Public Health Service		5,917		_	_		5,917
Leisure Time Activities		3,587		15,440	-		19,027
Basic Utility Services		6,886		-	-		6,886
Transportation		-		91,811	-		91,811
General Government		69,520		-	-		69,520
Capital Outlay		73,804	2	234,893	-		308,697
Total Cash Disbursements		180,927	3	342,144	-		523,071
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements		120,370		36,860	27,486		184,716
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		464,632		73,997	84,607		623,236
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	585,002	\$ 1	10,857	\$ 112,093	\$	807,952
Restricted		-	1	10,857	112,093		222,950
Unassigned		585,002		-	-		585,002
Fund Cash Balances, December 31		585,002	\$ 1	10,857	\$ 112,093	\$	807,952

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	\$ 389,174 260 611
Total Operating Cash Receipts	390,045
Operating Cash Disbursements: Personal Services Fringe Benefits Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Capital Outlay Total Operating Cash Disbursements	105,826 28,632 113,482 23,306 11,165 282,411
Operating Income (Loss)	107,634
Non-Operating Receipts and (Disbursements): Proceeds of Loans Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges <i>Total Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)</i>	7,905 (72,855) (10,609) (75,559)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance Fund Cash Balances, January 1	<u> </u>
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 278,219

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Governmental Fund Types				_	
	General		Special Revenue	Capital Projects	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:						
Property and Local Taxes	\$ 49,62	28 \$	-	\$ -	\$	49,628
Municipal Income Tax	175,74	13	75,318	-		251,061
Intergovernmental	24,05		42,668	-		66,724
Charges for Services	,	-	-	28,584		28,584
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	89	94	-	-		894
Earnings on Investments	1,03	30	-	-		1,030
Miscellaneous		-	35,852	-		35,852
Total Cash Receipts	251,3	51	153,838	28,584		433,773
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
Security of Persons & Property	18,17		-	-		18,178
Public Health Service	5,74	16	-	-		5,746
Leisure Time Activities	2,00)0	29,108	-		31,108
Basic Utility Services	7,12	23	-	-		7,123
Transportation		-	86,212	-		86,212
General Government	63,60	58	-	-		63,668
Capital Outlay	60,4		60,000	-		120,412
Total Cash Disbursements	157,12	27	175,320	-		332,447
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	94,22	24	(21,482)	28,584		101,326
Other Financing Receipts and (Disbursements):						
Transfers-In			60,000			60,000
Transfers-Out	(60,00)0)	,			(60,000)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	(60,00)0)	60,000	-		-
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing						
Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements						
and Other Financing Disbursements	24.2	0.4	20 510	70 501		101 226
and Other Financing Disdursements	34,22	24	38,518	28,584		101,326
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	430,40)8	35,479	56,023		521,910
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 464,63	32 \$	73,997	\$ 84,607	\$	623,236
Restricted		_	73,997	84,607		158,604
Unassigned	464,63	32				464,632
0			-	- -	ф.	· · · · ·
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 464,63	32 \$	73,997	\$ 84,607	\$	623,236

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	En	<u>iterprise</u>
Operating Cash Receipts:	¢	426 601
Charges for Services	\$	426,601
Earnings on Investments		271
Miscellaneous		4,672
Total Operating Cash Receipts		431,544
Operating Cash Disbursements:		
Personal Services		103,282
Fringe Benefits		25,452
Contractual Services		114,724
Supplies and Materials		30,598
Capital Outlay		45,848
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		319,904
Operating Income (Loss)		111,640
Non-Operating Receipts and (Disbursements):		
Principal Retirement		(70,532)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(11,091)
Total Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)		(81,623)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		30,017
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		216,127
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	246,144

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Killbuck, Holmes County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides general governmental, street repair and maintenance, water and sewer services to the residents of the Village. The Village contracts with the Holmes County Sheriff's Department to provide security of persons and property.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. The basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting (continued)

3. Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Projects Fund:

<u>CIC Loan Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the activity related to capital improvements loans the Village offers to local businesses.

4. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing the utility.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing the utility.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2016 and 2015 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits

The Village maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	2016	2015
Demand deposits	\$190,732	\$164,703
Certificates of deposit	208,767	208,309
Money Market	686,672	496,368
Total deposits	1,086,171	869,380
Total deposits	\$1,086,171	\$869,380

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

3. Budgetary Activity

Special Revenue

Capital Projects

Total

Enterprise

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2016 and 2015 follows:

20	16 Budgeted vs. Actual F	Receipts	
	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$278,100	\$301,297	\$23,197
Special Revenue	416,293	379,004	(37,289)
Capital Projects	25,000	27,486	2,486
Enterprise	397,050	397,950	900
Total	\$1,116,443	\$1,105,737	(\$10,706)
2016 Budget	ed vs. Actual Budgetary H	Basis Expenditures	
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$252,450	\$180,927	\$71,523

360,393

10,000

627,680

\$1,250,523

342,144

365,875

\$888,946

0

18,249 10,000

261,805

\$361,577

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity (Continued)

Although actual receipts in the Special Revenue Funds for 2016 and the General Funds, for 2015 were less than budgeted receipts, appropriations did not exceed actual resources for either fund.

2015 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$276,625	\$251,351	(\$25,274)
Special Revenue	193,200	213,838	20,638
Capital Projects	25,000	28,584	3,584
Enterprise	397,000	431,544	34,544
Total	\$891,825	\$925,317	\$33,492

2015 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$294,000	\$217,127	\$76,873
Special Revenue	225,100	175,320	49,780
Capital Projects	10,000	-	10,000
Enterprise	633,870	401,527	232,343
Total	\$1,162,970	\$793,974	\$368,996

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans	\$529,564	0%
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	931,599	0.00-4.675%
Total	\$1,461,163	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015 (Continued)

5. Debt (Continued)

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans relate to water plant replacement and wastewater treatment plant construction projects. The OPWC approved interest-free loans to the Village for these projects. The loans will be repaid in semi-annual installments over 30 years. The loans are collateralized by water and sewer charges for services receipts. Payments for these loans are made by the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans were obtained for the purpose of paying for the costs of constructing improvements to the Village's water and wastewater systems. The loans will be repaid in semi-annual installments over 20 years. The loans are collateralized by water and sewer charges for services receipts. Payments for these loans are made by the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest is as follows:

Vear ending

rear ending		
December 31:	OPWC Loan	OWDA Loan
2017	24,523	60,766
2018	24,523	60,766
2019	24,523	60,766
2020	24,523	60,766
2021	24,523	60,766
2022-2026	122,615	303,831
2027-2031	107,886	181,965
2032-2036	73,525	122,719
2037-2041	73,525	122,719
2042-2043	29,398	49,088
Total	\$529,564	\$1,084,152

6. Retirement Systems

All employees of the Village belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2016 and 2015, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015 (Continued)

7. **Postemployment Benefits**

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. OPERS contributes 2 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits.

8. Risk Management

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

The Village is uninsured for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

9. Contingent Liabilities

Management believes there are no pending claims or lawsuits.

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding of any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Village of Killbuck Holmes County 138 South Main Street Killbuck, Ohio 44637

To the Village Council:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Village of Killbuck, Holmes County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 30, 2017 wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal controls, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weaknesses. We consider finding 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

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Village of Killbuck Holmes County Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2016-002.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group Inc. Piketon, Ohio August 30, 2017

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2016-001

Material Weakness

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the Fiscal Officer and Village Council and is essential to ensure information provided to readers of the financial statements is accurate and complete.

Material and immaterial misstatements were identified during the course of the audit which have not been prevented or detected by the Village's internal controls over financial reporting. Misstatements were identified in the following areas:

- Direct payments to contractors by OWDA and OPWC were not booked as capital outlay disbursements by the Village.
- Debt principal and interest payments were incorrectly classified as capital outlay and contractual services.

Misstatements have been posted to the financial statements. Adjustments have been made to the Village's accounting system.

To ensure the Village's financial statements are accurate and complete, we recommend the Village review the prepared financial report or hire someone knowledgeable of the financial reporting process and accounting standards to assist in the preparation and/or review of the financial report. We further recommend the Village post financial activity in accordance with the Village Officer's Handbook.

Officials Response:

We received no response to this finding.

FINDING NUMBER 2016-002

Material Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code §5705.38 (A) requires that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, an appropriation measure is to be passed. If the taxing authority wants to postpone the passage of the annual appropriation measure until an amended certificate is received from the county budget commission based upon the actual year end balances, it may pass a temporary appropriation measure for meeting the ordinary expenses until no later than April 1.

The Village approved their 2016 appropriations on March 7, 2016; however, they did not file these appropriations with the County Budget Commission in 2016. Late filing of annual appropriations may result in any expenditures made prior to this date being unappropriated.

We recommend Village Council approve annual appropriations on or about the first day of the fiscal year. In addition to this, we recommend they also file those appropriations with the County Budget Commission on the same date.

Officials Response:

We received no response to this finding.

Village of Killbuck Holmes County Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

December 31, 2016 and 2015

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected; Partially Corrected: Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2014-001	Material Weakness for Audit Adjustments	No	Reissued as 2016-001



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

VILLAGE OF KILLBUCK

HOLMES COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 24, 2017

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