

# **FAIRFIELD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2019

With Independent Auditors' Report



**CLARK SCHAEFER HACKETT**  
CPAs & ADVISORS





88 East Broad Street  
Columbus, Ohio 43215  
IPARReport@ohioauditor.gov  
(800) 282-0370

Board of Education  
Fairfield City School District  
4641 Bach Lane  
Fairfield, Ohio 45014

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Fairfield City School District, Butler County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Fairfield City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

January 28, 2020

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Education  
Fairfield City School District:

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fairfield City School District (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### ***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### ***Auditors' Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### ***Opinions***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fairfield City School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, the schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, schedules of pension contributions, schedules of proportionate share of net OPEB liability and schedules of OPEB contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Fairfield City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.*

Cincinnati, Ohio  
December 17, 2019



**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
(Unaudited)

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The discussion and analysis of Fairfield City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2019 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$11,497,586 which represents a 111% increase from 2018.
- General revenues accounted for \$92,101,135 in revenue or 82% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$20,193,512 or 18% of total revenues of \$112,294,647.
- The District had \$100,797,061 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$20,193,512 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$92,101,135 were also used to provide for these programs.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General Fund is the only major fund of the District.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the questions, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The Government-wide Financial Statements answers this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources* using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
(Unaudited)

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These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in the net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the overall financial position of the District is presented in the following manner:

- Governmental Activities – Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities and interest and fiscal charges.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The analysis of the District's major funds begins on the balance sheet. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

**Governmental Funds** Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Proprietary Funds** The District maintains one proprietary internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for self insurance of the District's workers' compensation benefits.

**Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

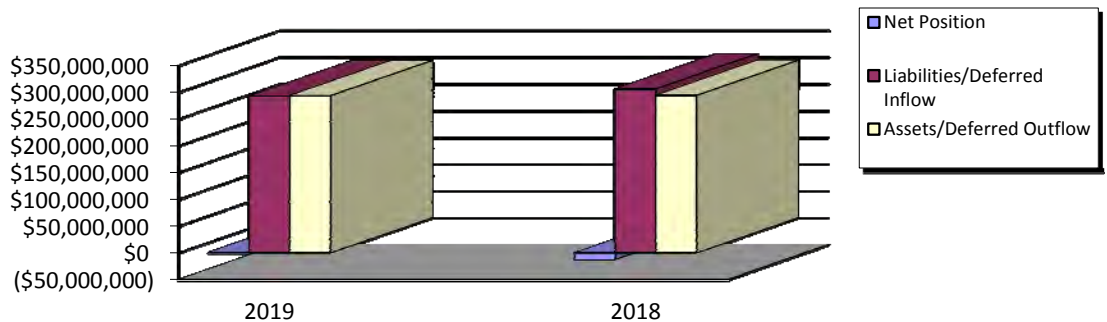
### **The District as a Whole**

As stated previously, the Statement of Net Position looks at the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal year 2019 compared to fiscal year 2018:

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
(Unaudited)

**Table 1**  
**Net Position**

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
<b>Assets:</b>		
Current and Other Assets	\$137,290,234	\$139,848,108
Net OPEB Asset	5,872,310	0
Capital Assets	116,567,125	119,904,809
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>259,729,669</b>	<b>259,752,917</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</b>		
Pension	31,278,801	33,094,632
OPEB	2,768,962	1,169,221
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>34,047,763</b>	<b>34,263,853</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Other Liabilities	12,205,324	13,198,069
Long-Term Liabilities	206,998,542	224,946,110
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>219,203,866</b>	<b>238,144,179</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>		
Property Taxes	55,042,562	57,540,922
Other Taxes	2,032,028	2,088,527
Pension	6,232,841	3,848,632
OPEB	10,104,404	2,730,365
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>73,411,835</b>	<b>66,208,446</b>
<b>Net Position:</b>		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	34,177,150	36,539,909
Restricted	13,392,927	10,540,203
Unrestricted	(46,408,346)	(57,415,967)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$1,161,731</b>	<b>(\$10,335,855)</b>



**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
(Unaudited)

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Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2019, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,161,731.

At year-end, capital assets represented 45% of total assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2019, were \$34,177,150. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$13,392,927 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they must be used.

Net position of governmental activities increased \$11,497,586 from 2018 to 2019. Total assets for the District decreased slightly from 2018 to 2019 mainly due to the decrease in capital assets because of current year depreciation expense and disposals exceeding additions. Total liabilities decreased from 2018 to 2019 due to a decrease in net pension liability and net other post employment benefits liability.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2019 and 2018.

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**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
(Unaudited)

**Table 2**  
**Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$6,772,918	\$7,241,772
Operating Grants and Contributions	13,420,594	12,725,388
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	52,400,474	52,975,688
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	34,734,021	34,155,770
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	2,038,428	1,922,179
Other	2,928,212	1,653,538
Total Revenues	<u>112,294,647</u>	<u>110,674,335</u>
Program Expenses		
Instruction	58,893,995	33,098,836
Support Services:		
Pupil and Instructional Staff	7,607,493	4,316,183
School Administrative, General		
Administration, Fiscal and Business	10,495,440	5,660,920
Operations and Maintenance	6,728,287	1,771,651
Pupil Transportation	6,951,465	4,864,748
Central	243,178	68,971
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	5,079,028	3,196,704
Extracurricular Activities	1,785,500	1,121,487
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,012,675	3,189,667
Total Program Expenses	<u>100,797,061</u>	<u>57,289,167</u>
Change in Net Position	11,497,586	53,385,168
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>(10,335,855)</u>	<u>(\$63,721,023)</u>
Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$1,161,731</u>	<u>(\$10,335,855)</u>

Of the total governmental activities revenues of \$112,294,647, \$20,193,512 is from program revenue. This means that the government relies on general revenues to fund the majority of the cost of services provided to the students. Of those general revenues, \$52,400,474 (57%) comes from property tax levies and \$34,734,021 (38%) is from state funding. This District's operations are reliant upon its property tax levy and the state's foundation program.

The District depends greatly on property taxes as a revenue source. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenues generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management’s Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
(Unaudited)

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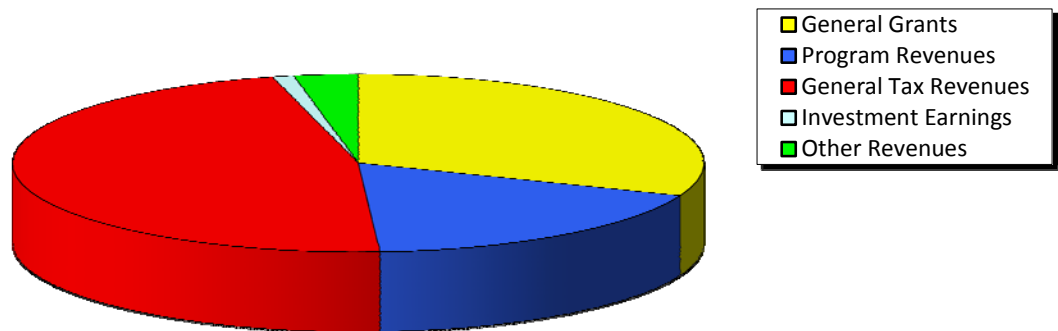
home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus Ohio districts do not collect additional property tax revenue on the increased value of homes that is due to appreciation and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 47% of revenue for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2019.

**Governmental Activities**  
**Revenue Sources**

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	2019	Percentage
General Grants	\$34,734,021	31%
Program Revenues	20,193,512	18%
General Tax Revenues	52,400,474	47%
Investment Earnings	1,925,805	1%
Other Revenues	3,040,835	3%
Total Revenue Sources	<u>\$112,294,647</u>	<u>100%</u>



Instruction comprises 58% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses were 32% of governmental program expenses. All other program expenses including interest and fiscal charges were 10%. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bonds and borrowing for capital projects.

Overall revenues increased due to an increase in program revenues and other revenues in 2019 when compared to 2018. Total expenses increased in 2019 due to changes related to net pension liability and other post employment benefits liability.

**Governmental Activities**

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management’s Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
(Unaudited)

**Table 3**  
**Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Instruction	\$58,893,995	\$33,098,836	(\$46,672,822)	(\$20,880,380)
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	7,607,493	4,316,183	(6,380,647)	(3,557,405)
School Administrative, General				
Administration, Fiscal and Business	10,495,440	5,660,920	(10,198,769)	(5,417,275)
Operations and Maintenance	6,728,287	1,771,651	(6,636,328)	(1,709,088)
Pupil Transportation	6,951,465	4,864,748	(6,612,452)	(4,560,182)
Central	243,178	68,971	(190,619)	(45,862)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	5,079,028	3,196,704	374,476	2,640,178
Extracurricular Activities	1,785,500	1,121,487	(1,273,713)	(602,326)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,012,675	3,189,667	(3,012,675)	(3,189,667)
Total Expenses	<u>\$100,797,061</u>	<u>\$57,289,167</u>	<u>(\$80,603,549)</u>	<u>(\$37,322,007)</u>

**The District’s Funds**

The District has one major governmental fund: the General Fund. Assets of the general fund comprised \$117,468,481 (84%) of the total \$140,249,564 governmental funds’ assets.

**General Fund:** Fund balance at June 30, 2019 was \$54,684,798, an increase in fund balance of \$3,028,642 from 2018. The increase in fund balance was mainly due to an increase in intergovernmental revenues.

**General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The District’s budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2019 the District amended its general fund budget at times. The District’s budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. During the course of the year, the District revised the budget in an attempt to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

For the General Fund, the final budgeted revenue was \$94,626,047 and the original budgeted revenue was \$90,448,807. The difference was \$4,177,240, mostly due to underestimates in taxes and intergovernmental revenue. The final budgeted expenditures were \$95,897,719 and the original budgeted expenditures were \$90,015,364. The difference was \$5,882,355, mostly due to changes in instruction, school administration, and pupil transportation expenditures.

The District’s ending unobligated actual fund balance for the General fund was \$56,173,901.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
(Unaudited)

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**Capital Assets and Long-Term Obligations**

***Capital Assets***

At the fiscal year end, the District had \$116,567,125 invested in land, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2019 balances compared to fiscal year 2018:

**Table 4**  
**Capital Assets at Year End**  
**(Net of Depreciation)**

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	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Land	\$3,803,351	\$3,803,351
Construction in Progress	0	77,246,047
Buildings and Improvements	109,246,749	35,200,832
Equipment	3,517,025	3,654,579
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>\$116,567,125</u>	<u>\$119,904,809</u>

Overall, capital assets decreased due to depreciation expense and disposals exceeding additions.

See note 6 in the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's capital assets.

***Long-Term Obligations***

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$82,389,975 in bonds and capital leases outstanding, \$4,803,302 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bonds and capital leases outstanding.

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**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management’s Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
(Unaudited)

**Table 5**  
**Outstanding Debt at Year End**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
General Obligation Bonds:		
2014 School Improvement	\$60,955,000	\$61,055,000
Premium on 2014 School Improvement	6,638,617	6,893,949
2012 Refunding of 1994 School Improvement Bonds	6,640,000	9,750,000
Premium on 2012 Refunding	361,046	541,568
2011 HB 264 Bond	1,404,970	1,602,575
2011 Cooling Project	728,030	830,425
Capital Leases		
2013 Bus Lease	1,094,924	1,353,253
HVAC Lease	4,567,388	5,426,808
Total Bonds and Capital Lease	<u>\$82,389,975</u>	<u>\$87,453,578</u>

See Notes 7 and 8 in the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the District’s outstanding debt.

**For the Future**

Public school districts in Ohio use a combination of state funds, local sources (such as property taxes) and federal funds. The amount of state funds that a district receives is based on a formula that takes into account the student enrollment and the property wealth of the district.

Amended House Bill 49 (HB49) addressed the state foundation funding for FY18 and FY19. There are numerous components and variables that make up the calculation for foundation funding. As a result, there are numerous reasons why an individual school district will experience changes in foundation funding across fiscal years or why one district receives more state funds than another.

The interaction of formula changes, changing characteristics of a district, and the effects of caps/guarantees can cause unexpected results. When “caps” or “guarantees” are used, the outcomes of any formula are suppressed. Because guarantees have been in place without interruption for many years, the guarantee is not necessarily to last year’s amount, but perhaps to a formula calculation from a number of years prior. This means that guaranteed/capped funding amounts are often based upon district factors, such as student population and/or property values, which are dramatically different from what currently exists. Therefore, funding levels for a district relative to prior year might be due to the impact of lessening those constraints that short-circuit formulas.

Fairfield remains concerned about the instability of the state and local economy and the political ramifications of new funding models. Management is required to plan carefully and prudently the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

All of the District’s financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future. With careful planning and monitoring of the District’s finances, the District’s management is confident that the District can continue to provide a quality education for our students and provide a secure financial

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
**(Unaudited)**

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**Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer/CFO at Fairfield City School District, 4641 Bach Lane, Fairfield, Ohio 45014.

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Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
Statement of Net Position  
June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$75,847,914
Restricted Cash and Investments	257,653
Receivables (Net):	
Taxes	56,172,549
Accounts	319,795
Interest	284,094
Intergovernmental	4,373,515
Inventory	34,714
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	3,803,351
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	112,763,774
Net OPEB Asset	5,872,310
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>259,729,669</b>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension	31,278,801
OPEB	2,768,962
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>34,047,763</b>
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	1,429,850
Accrued Wages and Benefits	10,082,084
Contracts Payable	39,781
Retainage Payable	53,810
Accrued Interest Payable	526,958
Claims Payable	72,841
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	5,234,037
Due In More Than One Year	
Net Pension Liability	103,737,849
Net OPEB Liability	11,469,537
Other Amounts	86,557,119
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>219,203,866</b>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes	55,042,562
Other Taxes	2,032,028
Pension	6,232,841
OPEB	10,104,404
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>73,411,835</b>
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	34,177,150
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	3,332,592
Capital Projects	4,584,003
Capital Maintenance	3,076,675
State Grants	42,907
Title VI-B	705,385
Title I	176,091
Federal Grants	417,998
Food Service	989,409
Other Purposes	67,867
Unrestricted	(46,408,346)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$1,161,731</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
<b>Instruction:</b>				
Regular	\$40,439,397	\$3,140,588	\$249,986	(\$37,048,823)
Special	13,991,396	742,584	7,240,254	(6,008,558)
Other	4,463,202	48,044	799,717	(3,615,441)
<b>Support Services:</b>				
Pupil	4,251,414	0	301,693	(3,949,721)
Instructional Staff	3,356,079	0	925,153	(2,430,926)
General Administration	9,702	0	0	(9,702)
School Administration	8,951,673	0	288,412	(8,663,261)
Fiscal	1,260,278	0	8,259	(1,252,019)
Business	273,787	0	0	(273,787)
Operations and Maintenance	6,728,287	91,959	0	(6,636,328)
Pupil Transportation	6,951,465	0	339,013	(6,612,452)
Central	243,178	0	52,559	(190,619)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	5,079,028	2,237,956	3,215,548	374,476
Extracurricular Activities	1,785,500	511,787	0	(1,273,713)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,012,675	0	0	(3,012,675)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	<b>\$100,797,061</b>	<b>\$6,772,918</b>	<b>\$13,420,594</b>	<b>(80,603,549)</b>

**General Revenues:**

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes	47,281,964
Special Revenue Purposes	675,252
Debt Service Purposes	4,443,258
Grants and Entitlements, Not Restricted	34,734,021
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	2,038,428
Unrestricted Contributions	33,248
Investment Earnings	1,925,805
Other Revenues	969,159

<b>Total General Revenues</b>	<b>92,101,135</b>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<b>11,497,586</b>
<b>Net Position - Beginning of Year</b>	<b>(10,335,855)</b>
<b>Net Position - End of Year</b>	<b>\$1,161,731</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
 Balance Sheet  
 Governmental Funds  
 June 30, 2019

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets:</b>			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$60,775,972	\$14,813,803	\$75,589,775
Restricted Cash and Investments	203,843	53,810	257,653
<b>Receivables (Net):</b>			
Taxes	50,780,252	5,392,297	56,172,549
Accounts	179,587	140,208	319,795
Interest	279,330	4,764	284,094
Intergovernmental	2,032,028	2,341,487	4,373,515
Interfund	3,217,469	0	3,217,469
Inventory	0	34,714	34,714
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b><u>117,468,481</u></b>	<b><u>22,781,083</u></b>	<b><u>140,249,564</u></b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts Payable	1,258,425	171,425	1,429,850
Accrued Wages and Benefits	9,291,021	791,063	10,082,084
Compensated Absences	96,002	27,582	123,584
Contracts Payable	0	39,781	39,781
Retainage Payable	0	53,810	53,810
Interfund Payable	0	3,217,469	3,217,469
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b><u>10,645,448</u></b>	<b><u>4,301,130</u></b>	<b><u>14,946,578</u></b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>			
Property Taxes	50,014,424	5,313,887	55,328,311
Grants	0	1,677,405	1,677,405
Other Taxes	2,032,028	0	2,032,028
Investment Earnings	91,783	2,560	94,343
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b><u>52,138,235</u></b>	<b><u>6,993,852</u></b>	<b><u>59,132,087</u></b>
<b>Fund Balances:</b>			
Restricted	0	12,880,709	12,880,709
Assigned	2,468,030	0	2,468,030
Unassigned	52,216,768	(1,394,608)	50,822,160
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b><u>54,684,798</u></b>	<b><u>11,486,101</u></b>	<b><u>66,170,899</u></b>
<b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances</b>	<b><u>\$117,468,481</u></b>	<b><u>\$22,781,083</u></b>	<b><u>\$140,249,564</u></b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
 Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to  
 Net Position of Governmental Activities  
 June 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balance		\$66,170,899
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</p>		
<p>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.</p>		
Capital assets used in the operation of Governmental Funds		116,567,125
<p>Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.</p>		
Delinquent Property Taxes	285,749	
Interest	94,343	
Intergovernmental	<u>1,677,405</u>	
		2,057,497
<p>An internal service fund is used by management to charge back costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.</p>		
Internal Service Net Position		185,298
<p>In the statement of net position interest payable is accrued when incurred; whereas, in the governmental funds interest is reported as a liability only when it will require the use of current financial resources.</p>		
		(526,958)
<p>Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.</p>		
Compensated Absences	(9,023,188)	
Workers Compensation Retro Claim Loss	<u>(254,409)</u>	
		(9,277,597)
<p>Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.</p>		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	31,278,801	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(6,232,841)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2,768,962	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	<u>(10,104,404)</u>	
		17,710,518
<p>Long-term liabilities and net OPEB assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.</p>		
Net OPEB Asset	5,872,310	
Net Pension Liability	(103,737,849)	
Net OPEB Liability	(11,469,537)	
Other Amounts	<u>(82,389,975)</u>	
		<u>(191,725,051)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$1,161,731</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures  
and Changes in Fund Balance  
Governmental Funds  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property and Other Taxes	\$47,706,269	\$5,159,513	\$52,865,782
Tuition and Fees	3,929,741	0	3,929,741
Investment Earnings	1,879,734	8,433	1,888,167
Intergovernmental	39,915,296	9,107,612	49,022,908
Extracurricular Activities	250,861	262,393	513,254
Charges for Services	578,973	1,658,990	2,237,963
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	2,038,428	0	2,038,428
Other Revenues	844,281	250,086	1,094,367
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>97,143,583</b>	<b>16,447,027</b>	<b>113,590,610</b>
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	41,314,343	247,246	41,561,589
Special	12,576,672	2,899,753	15,476,425
Other	4,472,808	0	4,472,808
Support Services:			
Pupil	4,385,363	227,370	4,612,733
Instructional Staff	2,368,226	926,042	3,294,268
General Administration	10,434	0	10,434
School Administration	9,504,465	277,768	9,782,233
Fiscal	1,278,736	51,924	1,330,660
Business	312,299	0	312,299
Operations and Maintenance	5,994,183	0	5,994,183
Pupil Transportation	5,876,962	22,574	5,899,536
Central	194,221	54,525	248,746
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	513,338	4,873,962	5,387,300
Extracurricular Activities	1,576,204	266,070	1,842,274
Capital Outlay	2,202,315	462,504	2,664,819
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	1,117,749	3,510,000	4,627,749
Interest and Fiscal Charges	107,146	3,353,112	3,460,258
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>93,805,464</b>	<b>17,172,850</b>	<b>110,978,314</b>
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	<b>3,338,119</b>	<b>(725,823)</b>	<b>2,612,296</b>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	65	0	65
Transfers In	0	309,542	309,542
Transfers (Out)	(309,542)	0	(309,542)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<b>(309,477)</b>	<b>309,542</b>	<b>65</b>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	<b>3,028,642</b>	<b>(416,281)</b>	<b>2,612,361</b>
<b>Fund Balance - Beginning of Year</b>	<b>51,656,156</b>	<b>11,902,382</b>	<b>63,558,538</b>
<b>Fund Balance - End of Year</b>	<b>\$54,684,798</b>	<b>\$11,486,101</b>	<b>\$66,170,899</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes  
 in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities  
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$2,612,361
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p>		
<p>Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital asset additions and depreciation in the current period.</p>		
Capital assets used in governmental activities	1,509,265	
Depreciation Expense	<u>(4,846,306)</u>	(3,337,041)
<p>Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. The amount of the proceeds must be removed and the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets must be recognized. This is the amount of the difference between the proceeds and the gain or loss.</p>		
		(643)
<p>Governmental funds report district pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employer contributions are reported as pension and OPEB expense.</p>		
Pension Contributions	8,103,539	
Pension Expense	(11,303,423)	
OPEB Contributions	329,420	
OPEB Expense	<u>12,043,216</u>	9,172,752
<p>Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.</p>		
Delinquent Property Taxes	(465,308)	
Interest	37,638	
Intergovernmental	<u>(868,293)</u>	(1,295,963)
<p>Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.</p>		
		4,627,749
<p>In the statement of activities interest expense is accrued when incurred; whereas, in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due.</p>		
		11,729
<p>Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.</p>		
Compensated Absences	(454,578)	
Workers Compensation Retro Claim Loss	(157,432)	
Amortization of Bond Premium	<u>435,854</u>	(176,156)
<p>The internal service fund used by management to charge back costs to individual funds is not reported in the entity-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.</p>		
Change in Net Position - Internal Service Funds		<u>(117,202)</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$11,497,586</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
Statement of Net Position  
Proprietary Fund  
June 30, 2019

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	<u>Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund</u>
Assets:	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	<u>\$258,139</u>
Total Assets	<u>258,139</u>
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities:	
Claims Payable	<u>72,841</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>72,841</u>
Net Position:	
Unrestricted	<u>185,298</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$185,298</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
Statement of Revenues, Expenses  
and Changes in Fund Net Position  
Proprietary Fund  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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	<u>Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund</u>
Operating Revenues:	
Other Revenues	<u>\$0</u>
Total Operating Revenues	<u>0</u>
Operating Expenses:	
Claims Expense	<u>117,202</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>117,202</u>
Change in Net Position	(117,202)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>302,500</u>
Net Position - End of Year	<u><u>\$185,298</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
Statement of Cash Flows  
Proprietary Fund  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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	<u>Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Payments for Claims	<u>(\$110,951)</u>
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	<u>(110,951)</u>
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(110,951)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	<u>369,090</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	<u><u>258,139</u></u>
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	(117,202)
Increase in Claims Payables	<u>6,251</u>
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	<u><u>(\$110,951)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position  
Fiduciary Funds  
June 30, 2019

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	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$5,823	\$385,419
Receivables (Net):		
Interest	<u>16</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Assets	<u>5,839</u>	<u>\$385,419</u>
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	0	59,997
Other Liabilities	<u>0</u>	<u>325,422</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>0</u>	<u>\$385,419</u>
Net Position:		
Held in Trust	<u>5,839</u>	
Total Net Position	<u>\$5,839</u>	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position  
Fiduciary Fund  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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	Private Purpose Trust
Additions:	
Investment Earnings	\$1,567
Other	150
Total Additions	<u>1,717</u>
Deductions:	
Other	<u>135</u>
Total Deductions	<u>135</u>
Change in Net Position	1,582
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>4,257</u>
Net Position - End of Year	<u><u>\$5,839</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Note 1 - Description of the District**

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The Fairfield City School District (the "District") operates under current standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The District operates under a locally elected five member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's instructional and support facilities staffed by approximately 453 non-certificated personnel and approximately 645 certificated full time teaching and administrative personnel to provide services to students and other community members.

The District is the 20<sup>th</sup> largest in the State of Ohio (among 613 Districts) in terms of enrollment (ADM) and the 3<sup>rd</sup> largest in Butler County. It currently operates 6 elementary schools (serving grades Preschool - 5), 2 middle school (serving grades 6 - 8), 1 freshman school (serving grade 9), alternative education school (serving grades 9-12), and 1 comprehensive high school (serving grades 10 - 12). The District services an area of 38 square miles.

**Reporting Entity**

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, which consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. This includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District has no component units.

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

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The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

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**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Measurement Focus**

**Government-wide Financial Statements**

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. Fiduciary Funds are not included in government-wide statements.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements**

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

**Fund Accounting**

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

Internal Service Fund - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides workers' compensation benefits to employees.

### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodian in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District has two agency funds. The agency fund (student activities) is used to account for assets and liabilities generated by student managed activities. The fund accounts for sales and other revenue generating activities by student activity programs, which have students involved in the management of the program. The agency fund (unclaimed monies) is used to account for funds that belong to others as a result of outstanding checks over one year old. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students.

### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.



**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, included property taxes, tax increment financing, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes and TIF's is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: property taxes available for advance, grants and other taxes.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the governmental-wide statement of net position. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 9 and 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, grants and other taxes (which include tax incremental financing 'TIF'), investment earnings, OPEB, and pension. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2019, but which were levied to finance year 2020 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Other taxes (TIF) have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Grants and investment earnings have been recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For more pension and OPEB related information, see Notes 9 and 10.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as operating grants.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

**Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments**

Cash received by the District is pooled for investment purposes. Interest in the pool is presented as “Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments” on the financial statements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue during fiscal year 2019 credited to the General Fund amounted to \$1,879,734, and \$8,433 credited to Other Governmental Funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the internal service portion of pooled cash and investments is considered a cash equivalent because the District is able to withdraw resources from the internal service funds without prior notice or penalty.

**Inventory**

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund level statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

Inventory consists of donated food.

**Capital Assets**

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition cost as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset’s life are not.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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All reported capital assets are depreciated, except land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is allocated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	10 - 40 years
Equipment	5 - 10 years

**Compensated Absences**

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time, when earned, for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the expenditures for unpaid compensated absences are recognized when due. The related liability is recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

The District's policies regarding compensated absences are determined by the state laws and/or negotiated agreements. In summary, the policies are as follows:

<u>Vacation</u>	<u>Certified</u>	<u>Administrators</u>	<u>Non-Certificated</u>
How earned	Not Eligible	Not Eligible	10-25 days for each Service year depending on length of service.
Maximum Accumulation Vested	Not Applicable Not Applicable	Not Applicable Not Applicable	25 days As Earned
Termination Entitlement	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Paid upon Termination
<u>Sick Leave</u>	<u>Certified</u>	<u>Administrators</u>	<u>Non-Certificated</u>
How Earned	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)
Maximum Accumulation	330 days according to bargaining agreements	360 days	330 days according to bargaining agreements

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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Vested	As Earned	As Earned	As Earned
Termination Entitlement	Per Contract	Per Contract	Per Contract

**Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

**Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Of the District's \$13,392,927 in restricted net position, none was restricted by enabling legislation.

**Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net Position.

As a general rule the effect of interfund (internal) activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. The interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

**Fund Balance**

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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Nonspendable – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

Restricted – resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government at its highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education. Formal action by the Board of Education is needed to commit or rescind resources.

Assigned – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the District’s formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer.

Unassigned – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenditures for specific purposes exceeding amounts which had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**Restricted Assets**

Restricted assets in the general fund represent equity in pooled cash and investments set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve, while restricted assets in the capital projects fund is for retainage payable.

**Note 3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments**

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The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

State statute requires the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active Monies - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand.

Inactive Monies – Those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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Interim Monies – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met.
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Deposits**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2019, \$5,236,584 of the District's bank balance of \$5,736,584 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105% of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102% of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

**Investments**

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Fair Value Hierarchy	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$9,972,934	Level 2	1.49
Federal National Mortgage Association	21,293,124	Level 2	0.85
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	5,199,352	Level 2	2.22
Federal Farm Credit Bank	3,410,336	Level 2	2.89
Commercial Paper	13,139,415	Level 2	0.36
Negotiable CD's	6,443,707	Level 2	2.78
Money Market Funds	11,684,169	N/A	0.00
	<u>\$71,143,037</u>		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity			1.08

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using pricing sources, as provided by the investment managers. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019.

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to three years.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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Credit Risk – It is the District’s policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments which have the highest credit quality rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District’s investments in Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Bank, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor’s and Aaa by Moody’s Investors Service. The District’s investments in Commercial Paper was rated A-1+ by Standard and Poor’s ratings and P-1 by Moody’s Investors Service. Money Market Funds and Negotiable CD’s are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District’s investment policy allows investments in Federal Agencies or Instrumentalities. The District has invested 17% of the District’s investments in Money Market Funds, 14% in Federal Home Loan Bank, 30% in Federal National Mortgage Association, 7% in Federal Home Loan Mortgage, 5% in Federal Farm Credit Bank, 9% in Negotiable CDs, and 18% in Commercial Paper.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District’s securities are registered in the name of the District.

**Note 4 - Property Taxes**

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Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on real property at 35 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. The District receives property taxes from Butler County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2019, are available to finance fiscal year 2019 operations. The amount available for advance can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

On a full-accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding, real property, and public utility taxes which became measurable at June 30, 2019. Delinquent property taxes collected within 60 days are included as a receivable and tax revenue as of June 30, 2019 on the fund statements. The entire amount of delinquent taxes receivable is recognized as a revenue on the government-wide financial statements. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is available to finance current year operations. The receivable is, therefore, offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources for that portion not intended to finance current year operations.



**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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The assessed value, by property classification, upon which taxes collected in 2019 were based as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>
Public Utility	\$62,116,360
Real Estate	<u>1,440,662,830</u>
Total	<u><u>\$1,502,779,190</u></u>

**Note 5 – Receivables**

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Receivables at June 30, 2019, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), intergovernmental, interfund, and interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

<b>General Fund:</b>	<u>Amounts</u>
Intergovernmental	\$2,032,028
<b>Other Governmental Funds:</b>	
School Security	8,349
Title VI B Pre-School	1,286,511
Title III	123,614
Title I	462,932
Miscellaneous Federal	358,141
Public School Preschool	17,000
Pre-School Disabilities	13,357
Title II-A	64,331
High Schools that Work	<u>7,252</u>
Total	<u><u>\$4,373,515</u></u>

**Note 6 - Capital Assets**

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Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

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**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
<b><i>Capital Assets, not being depreciated:</i></b>				
Land	\$3,803,351	\$0	\$0	\$3,803,351
Construction in Progress	77,246,047	0	77,246,047	0
<b><i>Capital Assets, being depreciated:</i></b>				
Buildings and Improvements	79,930,314	77,630,904	0	157,561,218
Equipment	23,791,326	1,124,408	132,240	24,783,494
Totals at Historical Cost	<u>184,771,038</u>	<u>78,755,312</u>	<u>77,378,287</u>	<u>186,148,063</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	44,729,482	3,584,987	0	48,314,469
Equipment	20,136,747	1,261,319	131,597	21,266,469
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>64,866,229</u>	<u>4,846,306</u>	<u>131,597</u>	<u>69,580,938</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$119,904,809</u>	<u>\$73,909,006</u>	<u>\$77,246,690</u>	<u>\$116,567,125</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$2,246,067
Special	18,751
Support Services:	
Pupil	42,095
Instructional Staff	81,354
School Administration	90,167
Fiscal	891
Business	3,180
Operations and Maintenance	889,611
Pupil Transportation	1,289,310
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	115,356
Extracurricular Activities	69,524
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$4,846,306</u>

**Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities**

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The change in the District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

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**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Issued	Retired	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>						
Bonds:						
2014 School Improvement						
Principal	2.0-5.0%	\$61,055,000	\$0	\$100,000	\$60,955,000	\$100,000
Premium		6,893,949	0	255,332	6,638,617	0
2012 Refunding of 1994 School Improvement Bonds						
Premium on 2012 Refunding	1.5-5.0%	9,750,000	0	3,110,000	6,640,000	3,260,000
		541,568	0	180,522	361,046	0
Bonds from Direct Borrowing:						
2011 HB 264 Bond	5.3800%	1,602,575	0	197,605	1,404,970	198,922
2011 Cooling Project	0.9000%	830,425	0	102,395	728,030	103,078
Subtotal Bonds		80,673,517	0	3,945,854	76,727,663	3,662,000
Capital Leases		6,780,061	0	1,117,749	5,662,312	1,141,302
Compensated Absences		8,913,389	766,584	533,201	9,146,772	273,302
Retro Claim Loss Premium		96,977	157,432	0	254,409	157,433
Subtotal Bonds and Other Amounts		96,463,944	924,016	5,596,804	91,791,156	5,234,037
Net Pension Liability:						
STRS		82,299,930	0	1,947,026	80,352,904	0
SERS		22,438,074	946,871	0	23,384,945	0
Subtotal Net Pension Liability		104,738,004	946,871	1,947,026	103,737,849	0
Net OPEB Liability:						
STRS		13,517,199	0	13,517,199	0 (a)	0
SERS		10,226,963	1,242,574	0	11,469,537	0
Subtotal Net OPEB Liability		23,744,162	1,242,574	13,517,199	11,469,537	0
Total Governmental Activities		\$224,946,110	\$3,113,461	\$21,061,029	\$206,998,542	\$5,234,037

(a) OPEB for STRS has a Net OPEB asset in the amount of \$5,872,310 as of June 30, 2019.

General obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid (usually general and special revenue funds). Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund. The retro claim loss premium liability accounts for prior workers compensation programs unpaid claims, which are based on the estimated costs of settling the claims. The retro claim loss premium will be paid from the general fund.

The District's outstanding bonds from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$2,133,000 contain the following provision that for the payment of the Bonds and the interest thereon, the full faith, credit, and revenue of the Board of Education are hereby irrevocably pledged, and for the purpose of providing the necessary funds to pay the interest on the Bonds promptly when and as the same falls due, and also to provide a fund sufficient to discharge the Bonds at maturity or upon mandatory sinking fund redemption, there shall be and is hereby levied on all the taxable property in this School District within applicable limitations, in addition to all other taxes, a direct tax annually during the period the Bonds are to run in an amount sufficient to provide funds to pay interest upon the Bonds as and when the same falls due and also to provide a fund for the discharge of the principal of the Bonds at maturity or upon mandatory sinking fund redemption, which tax shall not be less than the interest and sinking fund tax required by Article XII, Section 11 of the Constitution of Ohio.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the fund benefitting from their service.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements for general obligations:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds			Direct Placement Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$3,360,000	\$3,108,950	\$6,468,950	\$302,000	\$106,632	\$408,632
2021	3,480,000	2,974,800	6,454,800	302,000	90,384	392,384
2022	1,260,000	2,875,875	4,135,875	303,000	74,109	377,109
2023	1,290,000	2,845,575	4,135,575	305,000	57,754	362,754
2024	1,320,000	2,796,450	4,116,450	306,000	41,319	347,319
2025-2029	8,005,000	13,046,025	21,051,025	615,000	33,114	648,114
2030-2034	10,660,000	10,956,250	21,616,250	0	0	0
2035-2039	14,400,000	7,831,750	22,231,750	0	0	0
2040-2044	19,325,000	3,640,375	22,965,375	0	0	0
2045	4,495,000	112,375	4,607,375	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$67,595,000</b>	<b>\$50,188,425</b>	<b>\$117,783,425</b>	<b>\$2,133,000</b>	<b>\$403,312</b>	<b>\$2,536,312</b>

**Note 8 - Capital Leases**

The District in prior years has entered into a capital lease for buses and a HVAC system.

The leases for the buses and the HVAC system meet the criteria of capital lease, which defines a capital lease generally as one that transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments will be made from the General Fund for the HVAC system and buses.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of fiscal year end.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Payments
2020	\$1,255,105
2021	1,255,104
2022	1,255,105
2023	1,255,103
2024	965,244
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$5,985,661
Amount Representing Interest	(323,349)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$5,662,312</u>

Capital assets acquired under capital leases are as follows:

Vehicles	\$2,559,300
HVAC	6,270,794

**Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

**Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)**

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions and OPEB are a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension and OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions and OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB Statements No. 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability (asset) on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accrued wages and benefits on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the required OPEB disclosures.

**Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Plan Description**

District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
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Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

**Funding Policy**

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining .5 percent was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,904,711 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$570,925 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

**Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Plan Description**

District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
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New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 27 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Funding Policy**

Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the employer rate was 14 percent and the plan members were also required to contribute 14 percent of covered salary. For fiscal year 2019, the contributions rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates and the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
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The contractually required contribution to STRS was \$6,198,828 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$1,026,872 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$23,384,945	\$80,352,904	\$103,737,849
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.40831480%	0.36544388%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.37554650%</u>	<u>0.34644996%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.03276830%</u>	<u>0.01899392%</u>	
Pension Expense	\$2,482,543	\$8,820,880	\$11,303,423

At June 30 2019, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$1,282,517	\$1,854,791	\$3,137,308
Changes of assumptions	528,083	14,240,050	14,768,133
Changes in employer proportionate share of net pension liability	1,093,846	4,175,975	5,269,821
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,904,711</u>	<u>6,198,828</u>	<u>8,103,539</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$4,809,157</u>	<u>\$26,469,644</u>	<u>\$31,278,801</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$524,753	\$524,753
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	647,926	4,872,512	5,520,438
Changes in employer proportionate share of net pension liability	<u>187,650</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>187,650</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$835,576</u>	<u>\$5,397,265</u>	<u>\$6,232,841</u>

\$8,103,539 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:



**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
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Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2020	\$2,293,682	\$8,182,444	\$10,476,126
2021	741,331	5,713,925	6,455,256
2022	(767,431)	1,312,359	544,928
2023	(198,712)	(335,177)	(533,889)
Total	<u>\$2,068,870</u>	<u>\$14,873,551</u>	<u>\$16,942,421</u>

**Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00%
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.5% with a floor of 0%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement. The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
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The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	0.50%
US Stocks	22.50%	4.75%
Non-US Stocks	22.50%	7.00%
Fixed Income	19.00%	1.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.00%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.00%
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00%	3.00%
Total	100.00%	

**Discount Rate**

The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.50%	Current Discount Rate 7.50%	1% Increase 8.50%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$32,939,458	\$23,384,945	\$15,374,125

**Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date**

With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50%
Projected Salary Increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45%
Payroll Increases	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0%, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *</u>
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity Reserves	<u>1.00%</u>	2.25%
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>	

\*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 6.45 percent or one percentage point higher 8.45 percent than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 6.45%	Current Discount Rate 7.45%	1% Increase 8.45%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$117,344,838	\$80,352,904	\$49,044,250

**Note 10 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans**

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See note 9 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

**Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Health Care Plan Description**

The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Funding Policy**

State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2019, .5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2019, this amount was \$21,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2019, the District's surcharge obligation was \$258,875.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The contractually required contribution to SERS was \$329,420 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$258,875 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

**Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Plan Description**

The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by calling (888) 227-7877.

**Funding Policy**

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

**OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
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	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$11,469,537	\$0	\$11,469,537
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	0	(5,872,310)	(5,872,310)
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset:			
Current Measurement Date	0.41342540%	0.36544388%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.38107170%</u>	<u>0.34644996%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.03235370%</u>	<u>0.01899392%</u>	
OPEB Expense	\$563,815	(\$12,607,031)	(\$12,043,216)

At June 30, 2019, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$187,223	\$685,896	\$873,119
Changes in employer proportionate share of net OPEB liability	804,307	762,116	1,566,423
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>329,420</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>329,420</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$1,320,950</u>	<u>\$1,448,012</u>	<u>\$2,768,962</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$342,140	\$342,140
Changes of assumptions	1,030,451	8,001,490	9,031,941
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	17,208	670,861	688,069
Changes in employer proportionate share of net OPEB liability	<u>42,254</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>42,254</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$1,089,913</u>	<u>\$9,014,491</u>	<u>\$10,104,404</u>

\$329,420 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (adjustment to net OPEB asset) in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30:	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	(\$294,711)	(\$1,361,273)	(\$1,655,984)
2021	(197,394)	(1,361,273)	(1,558,667)
2022	110,777	(1,361,274)	(1,250,497)
2023	118,101	(1,208,915)	(1,090,814)
2024	116,910	(1,155,469)	(1,038,559)
Thereafter	<u>47,934</u>	<u>(1,118,275)</u>	<u>(1,070,341)</u>
Total	<u>(\$98,383)</u>	<u>(\$7,566,479)</u>	<u>(\$7,664,862)</u>

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00%
Wage Increases	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.62%
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:	
Measurement Date	3.70%
Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Medical Trend Assumption:	
Medicare	5.375% to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25% to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash	1.00%	0.50%
US Stocks	22.50%	4.75%
Non-US Stocks	22.50%	7.00%
Fixed Income	19.00%	1.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.00%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.00%
Multi-Asset Strategies	<u>10.00%</u>	3.00%
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>	

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.70 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2018 was 3.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.62 percent, as of June 30, 2018 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates**

The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70 percent) and higher (4.70 percent) than the current discount rate (3.70 percent). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.25 percent decreasing to 3.75 percent) and higher (8.25 percent decreasing to 5.75 percent) than the current rate.



**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

	1% Decrease (2.70%)	Current Discount Rate (3.70%)	1% Increase (4.70%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$13,917,382	\$11,469,537	\$9,531,303
	1% Decrease (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%)	Current Trend Rate (7.25% decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$9,253,813	\$11,469,537	\$14,403,555

**Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date**

The following changes in key methods and assumptions as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
 

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
 

Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Measurement Date	3.62%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
 

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%

**Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected Salary Increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3%
Discount Rate of Return	7.45%
Health Care Cost Trends:	
Medical:	
Pre-Medicare	6% initial, 4% ultimate
Medicare	5% initial, 4% ultimate
Prescription Drug:	
Pre-Medicare	8% initial, 4% ultimate
Medicare	(5.23%) initial, 4% ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity Reserves	1.00%	2.25%
Total	100.00%	

\*10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which includes the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The blended discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate**

The following table represents the net OPEB (asset) as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB (asset) as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	(\$5,033,120)	(\$5,872,310)	(\$6,577,610)

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	(\$6,537,795)	(\$5,872,310)	(\$5,196,458)

**Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date**

The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent based on the methodology defined under *GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)*. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.900 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. However, in June of 2019, the STRS Board voted to extend the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

**Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities**

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**Grants**

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2019.

**Litigation**

The District is party to legal proceedings. The probability of loss or the amount is not currently estimable. District management estimates that all other potential claims, not covered by insurance of the District, resulting from all other litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the District.

**Note 12 - Risk Management**

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The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the District contracted with Liberty Mutual for property and general liability insurance and boiler and machinery insurance.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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General liability is protected by Liberty Mutual with \$1,000,000 each occurrence, \$2,000,000 aggregate limit. Vehicles are covered by Liberty Mutual with a \$500 deductible. Public officials' bond insurance is provided by Marsh & McLennan Agency. The Treasurer is covered by a bond in the amount of \$100,000. The District has elected to provide employee medical and dental benefits through Butler Health Plan. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium for the coverage with the Board.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Also, there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Beginning in January 2011, the District began to self-insure its workers' compensation costs. Expenses for claims are recorded on the current basis based on an actuarially determined charge per employee. The District accounts for the activities of this program in an internal service fund in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10. A summary of the changes in self-insurance workers' compensation claims liability is as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Claims Liability at Beginning of Year	\$66,590	\$78,145
Claims Incurred	117,202	52,128
Claims Paid	<u>(110,951)</u>	<u>(63,683)</u>
Claims Liability at End of Year	<u>\$72,841</u>	<u>\$66,590</u>

**Note 13 - Jointly Governed Organizations**

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**Southwestern Ohio Computer Association**

Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA) is a jointly governed organization among a three county consortium of school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports SWOCA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. SWOCA is a council of governments that is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the superintendents and treasurers of member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board consists of one representative from each of the participating 37 school districts.

**Butler Technology and Career Development Schools**

The Butler Technology and Career Development Schools is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board, consisting of one representative from the participating school district's elected board, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Accordingly, the Butler Technology and Career Development School is not part of the District and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity.

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**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Note 14 – Accountability**

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The following funds had a deficit in fund balance:

<u>Other Governmental Funds:</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
Title VI B Pre-School	\$151,641
Pre-School Disabilities	6,839
Extracurricular Student Activities	1,176,150
Title I	59,978

The deficits in fund balance were primarily due to accruals in GAAP. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide transfers when cash is required not when accruals occur.

**Note 15 - Statutory Reserves**

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The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similar restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District was no longer required to set aside funds in the budget reserve set-aside, with the exception of refund monies received from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation, which must be spent for specified purposes.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition and budgetary stabilization. Disclosure of the information is required by State statute.

	<u>Capital Acquisition</u>	<u>Budget Stabilization</u>
Set Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$0	\$203,843
Current Year Set Aside Requirements	1,742,841	0
Qualified Disbursements	(4,917,516)	0
Current Year Offsets	<u>0</u> *	<u>0</u>
Set Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2019	<u>(\$3,174,675)</u>	<u>\$203,843</u>
Restricted Cash as of June 30, 2019	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$203,843</u>

\* - is a carryforward from prior years that can be used as the eligible amount to be used as a current year offsets. \$59,237 was used as the eligible offset for FY09, \$0 for FY10, \$131,981 for FY11, \$345,672 for FY12, \$381,875 for FY13, \$0 for FY 14, \$0 for FY 15, \$0 for FY 16, \$0 for FY 17, \$0 for FY18, and \$0 for FY19. \$29,445,431 will be the offset carryforward for FY20.

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts to below zero for capital acquisition. For capital acquisition, the negative amount was a result of a bond issuance, which will be used to offset set-aside requirements in future years.

Am. Sub. Senate Bill 345 amended ORC Section 5705.29 effectively eliminating the requirement for the District to establish and maintain a budget stabilization reserve. By resolution, the Board can eliminate the reserve in accordance with the Act. As of June 30, 2019, the Board had not acted on the Senate Bill requirements to eliminate the reserve balance.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Note 16 - Interfund Transactions**

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Interfund transactions at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following interfund receivables and interfund payables and transfers in and transfers out:

	Interfund		Transfers	
	Receivable	Payable	In	Out
General Fund	\$3,217,469	\$0	\$0	\$309,542
Other Governmental Funds	0	3,217,469	309,542	0
Total All Funds	<u>\$3,217,469</u>	<u>\$3,217,469</u>	<u>\$309,542</u>	<u>\$309,542</u>

Interfund balance/transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations; to segregate and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

**Note 17 – Fund Balances**

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Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental fund and all other governmental funds are presented below:

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**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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Fund Balances	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total
<b>Restricted for:</b>			
High Schools that Work	\$0	\$4,894	\$4,894
SchoolNet OneNet	0	9,225	9,225
Public School Pre-School	0	17,000	17,000
Spring Recognition	0	67,867	67,867
School Security	0	5,969	5,969
Auxiliary Services	0	88,157	88,157
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	0	2,679	2,679
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	3,073,782	3,073,782
Title III	0	56,987	56,987
Food Service	0	1,150,874	1,150,874
Title II-A	0	1,821	1,821
Debt Service	0	3,816,330	3,816,330
Classroom Facilities Building	0	994,641	994,641
Permanent Improvement	0	1,121	1,121
<b>Total Restricted</b>	0	12,880,709	12,880,709
<b>Assigned to:</b>			
Public School Support	297,861	0	297,861
Encumbrances	2,170,169	0	2,170,169
<b>Total Assigned</b>	2,468,030	0	2,468,030
<b>Unassigned (Deficit)</b>	52,216,768	(1,394,608)	50,822,160
<b>Total Fund Balance</b>	\$54,684,798	\$11,486,101	\$66,170,899

**Note 18 – Tax Abatements entered Into By Other Governments**

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Other governments entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area (“CRA”) program with the taxing districts of the District. The CRA program is a directive incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, the City of Fairfield (City) has entered into such an agreement. Under this agreement the District’s property taxes were reduced by approximately \$631,344. The District received \$420,690 from the City in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

**Note 19 – Implementation of New Accounting Principles**

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For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the following have been implemented: Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* and GASB No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

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GASB Statement No. 83 sets out to address the accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 sets out to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 did not have an effect on the notes to financial statements.

**Note 20 – Subsequent Event**

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In October 2019, the District refunded the 2014 Construction Bonds and issued \$50,665,000 General Obligation Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds. The District's expected savings from the refunding is 8.865%.

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# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

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Fairfield City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Six Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Percentage as a of the Total Pension Liability
2019	0.36544388%	\$80,352,904	\$41,304,429	194.54%	77.30%
2018	0.34644996%	82,299,930	37,985,743	216.66%	75.30%
2017	0.34421803%	115,220,150	36,362,914	316.86%	66.80%
2016	0.33766406%	93,320,470	34,408,800	271.21%	72.10%
2015	0.33398361%	81,236,372	36,748,815	221.06%	74.70%
2014	0.33398361%	96,507,633	37,901,538	254.63%	69.30%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Fairfield City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Six Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Percentage as a of the Total Pension Liability
2019	0.40831480%	\$23,384,945	\$13,371,904	174.88%	71.36%
2018	0.37554650%	22,438,074	12,359,779	181.54%	69.50%
2017	0.37917630%	27,752,207	11,775,807	235.67%	62.98%
2016	0.38661310%	22,060,518	12,363,202	178.44%	69.16%
2015	0.37768000%	19,114,170	11,085,491	172.43%	71.70%
2014	0.37768000%	22,466,151	13,815,087	162.62%	65.52%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Fairfield City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$6,198,828	(\$6,198,828)	\$0	\$44,277,343	14.00%
2018	5,782,620	(5,782,620)	0	41,304,429	14.00%
2017	5,318,004	(5,318,004)	0	37,985,743	14.00%
2016	5,090,808	(5,090,808)	0	36,362,914	14.00%
2015	4,817,232	(4,817,232)	0	34,408,800	14.00%
2014	4,777,346	(4,777,346)	0	36,748,815	13.00%
2013	4,927,200	(4,927,200)	0	37,901,538	13.00%
2012	5,362,812	(5,362,812)	0	41,252,400	13.00%
2011	5,687,592	(5,687,592)	0	43,750,708	13.00%
2010	5,424,396	(5,424,396)	0	41,726,123	13.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Fairfield City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$1,904,711	(\$1,904,711)	\$0	\$14,108,970	13.50%
2018	1,805,207	(1,805,207)	0	13,371,904	13.50%
2017	1,730,369	(1,730,369)	0	12,359,779	14.00%
2016	1,648,613	(1,648,613)	0	11,775,807	14.00%
2015	1,629,470	(1,629,470)	0	12,363,202	13.18%
2014	1,536,449	(1,536,449)	0	11,085,491	13.86%
2013	1,912,008	(1,912,008)	0	13,815,087	13.84%
2012	2,045,640	(2,045,640)	0	15,209,219	13.45%
2011	2,302,656	(2,302,656)	0	18,318,663	12.57%
2010	2,123,316	(2,123,316)	0	15,681,802	13.54%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Fairfield City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Three Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Percentage as a of the Total OPEB (Asset)/Liability
2019	0.36544388%	(\$5,872,310)	\$41,304,429	(14.22%)	176.00%
2018	0.34644996%	13,517,199	37,985,743	35.58%	47.10%
2017	0.34421803%	18,408,870	36,362,914	50.63%	37.30%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Fairfield City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Three Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Percentage as a of the Total OPEB Liability
2019	0.41342540%	\$11,469,537	\$13,371,904	85.77%	13.57%
2018	0.38107170%	10,226,963	12,359,779	82.74%	12.46%
2017	0.38423866%	10,952,223	11,775,807	93.01%	11.49%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Fairfield City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of District's Contributions for Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$44,277,343	0.00%
2018	0	0	0	41,304,429	0.00%
2017	0	0	0	37,985,743	0.00%
2016	0	0	0	36,362,914	0.00%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.



Fairfield City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of District's Contributions for Net OPEB Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Four Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution (2)	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$329,420	(\$329,420)	\$0	\$14,108,970	2.33%
2018	286,612	(286,612)	0	13,371,904	2.14%
2017	207,595	(207,595)	0	12,359,779	1.68%
2016	194,355	(194,355)	0	11,775,807	1.65%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

(2) Includes surcharge.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Fairfield City School District, Ohio  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance  
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Taxes	\$45,442,382	\$47,541,069	\$47,541,071	\$2
Tuition and Fees	3,237,559	3,387,081	3,387,081	0
Investment Earnings	940,596	984,036	984,036	0
Intergovernmental	38,153,245	39,915,294	39,915,296	2
Extracurricular Activities	173,466	181,477	181,477	0
Other Revenues	2,501,559	2,617,090	2,617,090	0
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>90,448,807</b>	<b>94,626,047</b>	<b>94,626,051</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
<b>Current:</b>				
<b>Instruction:</b>				
Regular	38,991,588	41,539,623	41,539,623	0
Special	11,970,173	12,752,404	12,752,404	0
Other	4,260,278	4,538,680	4,538,680	0
<b>Support Services:</b>				
Pupil	3,743,883	3,988,540	3,988,540	0
Instructional Staff	2,357,352	2,511,401	2,511,401	0
General Administration	9,663	10,294	10,294	0
School Administration	8,953,214	9,538,292	9,538,292	0
Fiscal	1,205,064	1,283,813	1,283,813	0
Business	300,551	320,192	320,192	0
Operations and Maintenance	7,023,817	7,482,812	7,482,812	0
Pupil Transportation	7,213,140	7,684,507	7,684,507	0
Central	192,141	204,697	204,697	0
Extracurricular Activities	1,505,948	1,604,359	1,604,359	0
Capital Outlay	2,288,552	2,438,105	2,438,105	0
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>90,015,364</b>	<b>95,897,719</b>	<b>95,897,719</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	<b>433,443</b>	<b>(1,271,672)</b>	<b>(1,271,668)</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	62	65	65	0
Advances In	3,532,752	3,695,907	3,695,907	0
Advances (Out)	(3,282,935)	(3,497,469)	(3,497,469)	0
Transfers In	297,106	310,827	310,827	0
Transfers (Out)	(581,109)	(619,084)	(619,084)	0
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<b>(34,124)</b>	<b>(109,754)</b>	<b>(109,754)</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	<b>399,319</b>	<b>(1,381,426)</b>	<b>(1,381,422)</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)</b>	<b>57,555,323</b>	<b>57,555,323</b>	<b>57,555,323</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Fund Balance End of Year</b>	<b>\$57,954,642</b>	<b>\$56,173,897</b>	<b>\$56,173,901</b>	<b>\$4</b>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Fiscal Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Note 1 - Budgetary Process**

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All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriations resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Board. The legal level of control has been established by Board at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. During the course of fiscal 2019, the District amended its budget at several times.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year 2019.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Board during the year. At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as assigned to a fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).
4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Fiscal Ended June 30, 2019**

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The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>General</u>
GAAP Basis	\$3,028,642
Revenue Accruals	(2,517,532)
Expenditure Accruals	1,132,516
Transfers In	310,827
Transfers Out	(309,542)
Advances In	3,695,907
Advances Out	(3,497,469)
Encumbrances	<u>(3,224,771)</u>
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$1,381,422)</u></u>

**Note 2 - Net Pension Liability**

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**School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2019: With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

2018: SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2018-2019: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates,
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, and

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Fiscal Ended June 30, 2019**

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(8) The discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

2014-2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

**State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2019: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

2018: STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2019: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

2018: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%,
- (2) The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%,
- (3) The payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%,
- (4) Total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation,
- (5) The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, and
- (6) Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

2014-2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

**Note 3 - Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability**

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**School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2017-2019: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2019: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Measurement Date	3.62%

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Fiscal Ended June 30, 2019**

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(3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%

2018: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

(1) Discount Rate:

Fiscal Year 2018	3.63%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.98%

(2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal Year 2018	3.56%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.92%

(3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Fiscal Year 2018	3.63%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.98%

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, and
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

**State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2019: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.900% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. The Board is extending the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement program for one year. Under this program, benefit recipients currently enrolled in the STRS Ohio Health Care Program and Medicare Part B receive \$29.90 per month to reimburse a portion of the Medicare Part B premium. The reimbursement was set to be reduced to \$0 beginning January 1, 2020. This impacts about 85,000 benefit recipients.

2018: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2019.

2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

**Fairfield City School District, Ohio**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Fiscal Ended June 30, 2019**

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**Changes in Assumptions:**

2019: The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

2018: The discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

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**Fairfield City School District**  
**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2019**

<u>Federal Grantor/Program Title</u>	<u>Pass-Through Entity Number</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Federal Revenues</u>	<u>Federal Expenditures</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture:</u>				
<i>(Passed through Ohio Department of Education)</i>				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
<i>Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):</i>				
National School Lunch Program	2019	10.555	\$ 297,859	297,859
<i>Cash Assistance:</i>				
School Breakfast Program	2019	10.553	362,533	362,533
National School Lunch Program	2019	10.555	<u>1,680,070</u>	<u>1,680,070</u>
<i>Cash Assistance Subtotal</i>			<u>2,042,603</u>	<u>2,042,603</u>
Child Nutrition Cluster Total			<u>2,340,462</u>	<u>2,340,462</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>2,340,462</u>	<u>2,340,462</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Education:</u>				
<i>(Passed through Ohio Department of Education)</i>				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I Neglected)	S010A180035	84.010	4,399	4,399
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I Neglected)	S010A180035	84.010	10,756	12,266
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	S010A180035	84.010	390,132	198,340
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	S010A180035	84.010	<u>1,162,336</u>	<u>1,224,110</u>
			<u>1,567,623</u>	<u>1,439,115</u>
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A180111	84.027	476,776	339,280
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A180111	84.027	1,723,538	1,838,794
Special Education - Grants to States	2019	84.027	21,143	21,143
Special Education - Preschool Restoration	H173180119	84.173	12,843	13,841
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A180119	84.173	9,905	7,410
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A180119	84.173	<u>30,939</u>	<u>32,764</u>
			<u>2,275,144</u>	<u>2,253,232</u>
English Language Acquisition State Grants	S365A180035	84.365	76,276	14,006
English Language Acquisition State Grants	S365A180035	84.365	52,292	55,348
English Language Acquisition State Grants (Immigrant)	S365A180035	84.365	1,144	988
English Language Acquisition State Grants (Immigrant)	S365A180035	84.365	<u>5,859</u>	<u>9,150</u>
			<u>135,571</u>	<u>79,492</u>
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	S367A180034	84.367	66,738	54,187
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	S367A180034	84.367	<u>281,633</u>	<u>322,451</u>
			<u>348,371</u>	<u>376,638</u>
Student Support and Academic Enrichment (2018)	S424A180036	84.424	1,903	1,903
Student Support and Academic Enrichment (2019)	S424A180036	84.424	<u>109,080</u>	<u>118,730</u>
			<u>110,983</u>	<u>120,633</u>
Comprehensive Literacy Development (2018)	NA	84.371	73,118	73,118
Comprehensive Literacy Development (2019)	NA	84.371	<u>173,741</u>	<u>190,369</u>
			<u>246,859</u>	<u>263,487</u>
Disaster Recovery Assistance for Education	2019	84.938	<u>34,125</u>	<u>34,125</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>4,718,676</u>	<u>4,566,722</u>

(continued)

**Fairfield City School District**  
**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2019**  
**(Continued)**

<u>Federal Grantor/Program Title</u>	<u>Pass-Through Entity Number</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Federal Revenues</u>	<u>Federal Expenditures</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:</u>				
Drug Free Communities Support Program (2018)	NA	93.276	45,724	34,083
Drug Free Communities Support Program (2019)	NA	93.276	<u>88,520</u>	<u>92,409</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>134,244</u>	<u>126,492</u>
Total Federal Awards			\$ <u>7,193,382</u>	<u>7,033,676</u>

**NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:**

**NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Fairfield City School District (the "School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

**NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the entitlement value of the commodities received and disbursed.

**NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON  
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Education  
Fairfield City School District:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fairfield City School District ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.*

Cincinnati, Ohio  
December 17, 2019

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT  
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE****INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Education  
Fairfield City School District:

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Fairfield City School District's ("School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

***Management's Responsibility***

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

***Auditors' Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.*

Cincinnati, Ohio  
December 17, 2019

**Fairfield City School District  
 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs  
 Year Ended June 30, 2019**

**Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results**

**Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued:	unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	none
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	none
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	none

**Federal Awards**

Internal Control over major programs:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	none
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	none

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: unmodified

Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? none

Identification of major programs:

*Child Nutrition Cluster:  
 CFDA 10.553 – School Breakfast Program  
 CFDA 10.555 – National School Lunch Program*

*Title I:  
 CFDA 84.010 – Grants to Local Educational Agencies*

Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? no

**Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

*None*

**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

*None*

**Section IV – Schedule of Prior Year Findings**

*None*





# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



**FAIRFIELD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**BUTLER COUNTY**

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

**This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.**

*Susan Babbitt*

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU**

**CERTIFIED  
FEBRUARY 11, 2020**