WAYNE COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY

WAYNE COUNTY

Regular Audit

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Trustees Wayne County Public Library 304 North Market Street Wooster, Ohio 44691

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Wayne County Public Library, Wayne County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Wayne County Public Library is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 9, 2020



Wayne County Public Library Wayne County For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Table of Contents



Office phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wayne County Public Library Wayne County 304 North Market Street Wooster, Ohio 44691

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wayne County Public Library, Wayne County, (the Library) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 2. This responsibility includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Library's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating of the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Wayne County Public Library Wayne County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wayne County Public Library, Wayne County, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Library. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, which is the responsibility of management, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Wayne County Public Library Wayne County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 21, 2020, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. May 21, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

As the management of the Wayne County Public Library, we offer readers of the Library's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Library's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Library's total net position increased \$230,055 or 6.1%.
- As of the close of the most recent fiscal year, the fund balance in the Library's general fund was \$2.74 million, an increase of \$71,046 or 2.66%, from the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Library's basic financial statements. The Library's basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position-modified cash basis presents information on all of the Library's assets, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities-modified cash basis presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 11 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Library maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund statement of modified cash basis assets and fund balances and in the governmental fund statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in modified cash basis fund balances for the General Fund and the Building and Repair Fund. These funds are the Library's major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The Library's fund financial statements begin on page 12.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin on page 15 of this report.

Wayne County Public Library
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

THE LIBRARY AS A WHOLE

Table 1 provides a summary of the Library's net position for 2019 compared to 2018 on the modified cash basis:

Table 1

Net Position				
	2019	2018		
Assets	\$3,987,257	\$3,757,202		
Total Assets	\$3,987,257	\$3,757,202		
Net Position Restricted Unrestricted	\$278,941 3,708,316	\$262,157 3,495,045		
Total Net Position	\$3,987,257	\$3,757,202		

Cash balances increased between years due to receipts exceeding disbursements during 2019. Significant changes in receipts and disbursements will be discussed under Table 2.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2019 as compared to 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	2019	2018
Receipts:		
Program Cash Receipts		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$70,234	\$88,866
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	19,595
Total Program Cash Receipts	70,234	108,461
General Receipts		
Taxes	2,562,267	2,195,585
Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions	18,294	26,032
Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements	3,521,297	3,395,946
Sale of Assets	0	6,044
Interest	75,498	47,877
Other Receipts	147,388	116,708
Total General Receipts	6,324,744	5,788,192
Total Receipts	6,394,978	5,896,653
Disbursements:		
Program Disbursements:		
Public Service and Programs	2,599,599	2,292,600
Collection Development and Processing	951,308	983,467
Facilities Operation and Maintenance	793,413	765,150
Information Services	517,531	465,970
Business Administration	662,367	587,041
Capital Outlay	92,245	290,475
Debt Service:		
Principal Retirement	448,219	436,128
Interest	100,241	109,632
Total Disbursements	6,164,923	5,930,463
Special Item	0	265,000
Changes in Net Position	230,055	231,190
Net Position, Beginning of Year	3,757,202	3,526,012
Net Position, End of Year	\$3,987,257	\$3,757,202

Total receipts increased \$498,325. This increase was due mainly to increases to taxes, unrestricted grants and entitlements, interest, and other receipts, which were partially offset by decreases in charges for sales and services. Taxes increased due to the receiving a public utility settlement in addition to the increase in assessment values. Other receipts increased due to monies received for e-rate, workers' compensation rebates and the buyout of the Library's copier lease.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

Overall disbursements increased \$234,460 from the prior year. Public service and programs increased from the prior year, which was partially offset by a decrease to capital outlay. Public services increased due to an increase in salaries and benefits. The decrease to capital outlay is a result of disbursements for vehicle replacement, technology and building repair in the prior year.

General receipts comprise 98.90% of the Library's receipts with property taxes and unrestricted state entitlements being the primary contributors. Public service and programs and collection development and processing, are the major activities of the Library, accounting for 42.17% and 15.43% of total disbursements, respectively. Principal retirement and interest on the bonds accounted for 8.90% of the total expenses for 2019.

Total Versus Net Cost of Services

The statement of activities-modified cash basis shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, sales and grants associated with those services. Table 3 reflects the cost of program services and the net cost of those services after taking into account the program receipts. The net cost of program services must be supported by general receipts including tax receipts, investment earnings and unrestricted state entitlements.

	Table 3			
	201	9	201	8
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Program Disbursements				
Library Services				
Public Service and Programs	\$2,599,599	\$2,529,365	\$2,292,600	\$2,203,734
Collection Development and Processing	951,308	951,308	983,467	983,467
Support Services				
Facilities Operation and Maintenance	793,413	793,413	765,150	765,150
Information Services	517,531	517,531	465,970	465,970
Business Administration	662,367	662,367	587,041	587,041
Capital Outlay	92,245	92,245	290,475	270,880
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	448,219	448,219	436,128	436,128
Interest	100,241	100,241	109,632	109,632
Total Disbursements	\$6,164,923	\$6,094,689	\$5,930,463	\$5,822,002

The Library's reliance on general receipts is indicated by the net cost of services column reflecting the need for \$6.09 million of support as well as Table 2 on the preceding page demonstrating that general receipts comprise 98.90% of the Library's total receipts.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

As of the end of the current year, the Library's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3.99 million, an increase of \$230,055 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 59.48% of this amount (\$2.4 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Library's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, assigned or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by fund type as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase (Decrease)	
<u> </u>		(Decrease)	
\$2,744,700	\$2,673,654	\$71,046	
571,067	522,884	48,183	
671,490	560,664	110,826	
\$3,987,257	\$3,757,202	\$230,055	
	December 31, 2019 \$2,744,700 571,067 671,490	December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 \$2,744,700 \$2,673,654 571,067 522,884 671,490 560,664	

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Library. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1.9 million, while total fund balance reached \$2.74 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund disbursements. Unassigned fund balance represents 35.59% of total general fund disbursements, while total fund balance represents 50.72% of that same amount.

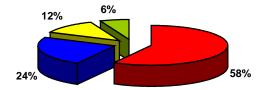
The tables and graphs that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and corresponding increase in fund balance of the Library's General Fund.

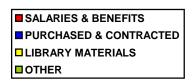
General Fund Receipts Comparative Analysis

	2019 Amount	2018 Amount	Percentage Change
Revenues:			
General Taxes	\$2,144,031	\$1,800,743	19.06%
Intergovernmental	3,367,373	3,242,606	3.85%
Other	271,437	245,805	10.43%
Total	\$5,782,841	\$5,289,154	9.33%

As the graph on the following page illustrates, the largest portions of General Fund disbursements are for salaries and fringe benefits. The Library is a service entity and as such is labor intensive.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)





_	2019 Amount	2018 Amount	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Expenditures by Object:				
Salaries & Benefits	\$3,295,779	\$2,925,698	\$370,081	12.65%
Purchased Services	1,390,086	1,148,125	241,961	21.07%
Library Materials	689,823	711,878	(22,055)	-3.10%
Other	336,107	243,858	92,249	37.83%
Total	\$5,711,795	\$5,029,559	\$682,236	13.56%

GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION

The Library's budget is prepared in accordance with Ohio law and is based on the budgetary basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The Library's final General Fund estimated receipts were more than actual receipts by \$193,693, or 3.25%, and the final amended appropriations and other financing uses exceeded actual budgetary expenditures by \$304,658, or 4.96%. Appropriations were higher than actual disbursements due to conservative budgeting by the Library.

DEBT

On November 8, 2005, the voters of Wayne County approved the issuance of bonds for the purpose of constructing, furnishing, equipping and otherwise improving new library facilities and improving their sites. The \$6,000,000 Library Improvement Bonds were sold and issued in June 2006. In 2014, \$3,355,000 of these bonds were refunded and paid in full during 2016. In June 2015, Wayne County issued a loan in the amount of \$1,225,000. At December 31, 2019, the balance of total debt outstanding was \$3,341,590. Additional information regarding debt is reported in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

CONTACTING THE LIBRARY

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Library's finances and to demonstrate the Library's accountability for the money it administers. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Fiscal Officer, 304 N. Market Street, Wooster, Ohio 44691-1351.

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets	4.52.4.44. 0
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$534,418
Investments	3,452,839
Total Assets	\$3,987,257
Net Position	
Restricted for:	
Permanent Fund:	
Non-expendable	\$24,200
Expendable	14,025
Debt Service	239,761
Other Purposes	955
Unrestricted	3,708,316
Total Net Position	\$3,987,257

Wayne County Public Library Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Cash	Program Cash Receipts Charges for Services	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position Governmental
	Disbursements	and Sales	Activities
Governmental Activities			
Library Services:			
Public Service and Programs	\$2,599,599	\$70,234	(\$2,529,365)
Collection Development and Processing	951,308	0	(951,308)
Support Services:			, ,
Facilities Operation and Maintenance	793,413	0	(793,413)
Information Services	517,531	0	(517,531)
Business Administration	662,367	0	(662,367)
Capital Outlay	92,245	0	(92,245)
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	448,219	0	(448,219)
Interest	100,241	0	(100,241)
Total Governmental Activities	\$6,164,923	\$70,234	(6,094,689)
General Receipts			
Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes			2,144,031
Property Taxes Levied for Library Construction	on		418,236
Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions			18,294
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Spe	ecific Programs		3,521,297
Interest			75,498
Miscellaneous			147,388
Total General Receipts			6,324,744
Change in Net Position			230,055
Net Position Beginning of Year			3,757,202
Net Position End of Year			\$3,987,257

Statement of Modified Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

	General	Building and Repair	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$241,561	\$16,067	\$276,790	\$534,418
Investments	2,503,139	555,000	394,700	3,452,839
Total Assets	\$2,744,700	\$571,067	\$671,490	\$3,987,257
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	\$0	\$0	\$24,200	\$24,200
Restricted	0	0	254,741	254,741
Committed	223,204	571,067	392,549	1,186,820
Assigned	595,432	0	0	595,432
Unassigned	1,926,064	0	0	1,926,064
Total Fund Balances	\$2,744,700	\$571,067	\$671,490	\$3,987,257

Wayne County Public Library
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Modified Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General	Building and Repair	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes	\$2,144,031	\$0	\$418,236	\$2,562,267
Intergovernmental	3,367,373	0	153,924	3,521,297
Patron Fines and Fees	70,234	0	0	70,234
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	18,294	0	0	18,294
Earnings on Investments	56,249	9.190	10.059	75,498
Miscellaneous	126,660	0	20,728	147,388
Total Receipts	5,782,841	9,190	602,947	6,394,978
Disbursements				
Library Services:				
Public Service and Programs	2,599,599	0	0	2,599,599
Collection Development and Processing	943,958	0	7,350	951,308
Support Services:		2	100 = 20	500.440
Facilities Operation and Maintenance	680,075	3,600	109,738	793,413
Information Services	517,531	0	0	517,531
Business Administration	662,367	0	0	662,367
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	8,265	57,407	26,573	92,245
	0	0	448,219	448,219
Principal Retirement Interest	0	0	100,241	100,241
merest			100,241	100,241
Total Disbursements	5,411,795	61,007	692,121	6,164,923
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	371,046	(51,817)	(89,174)	230,055
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	100,000	200,000	300,000
Transfers Out	(300,000)	0	0	(300,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(300,000)	100,000	200,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	71,046	48,183	110,826	230,055
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,673,654	522,884	560,664	3,757,202
Fund Balances End of Year	\$2,744,700	\$571,067	\$671,490	\$3,987,257

Wayne County Public Library

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis
General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$2,294,300	\$2,294,300	\$2,144,031	(\$150,269)
Intergovernmental	3,362,743	3,362,743	3,367,373	4,630
Patron Fines and Fees	132,545	132,545	70,234	(62,311)
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	50,000	50,000	0	(50,000)
Earnings on Investments	34,000	34,000	48,813	14,813
Miscellaneous	77,216	77,216	126,660	49,444
Total Receipts	5,950,804	5,950,804	5,757,111	(193,693)
Disbursements				
Library Services:				
Public Service and Programs	2,689,462	2,670,554	2,665,453	5,101
Collection Development and Processing	1,029,191	1,075,244	972,873	102,371
Support Services:				
Facilities Operation and Maintenance	761,468	771,624	693,424	78,200
Information Services	512,043	580,187	521,960	58,227
Business Administration	660,700	727,225	667,777	59,448
Capital Outlay	20,000	20,000	18,689	1,311
Total Disbursements	5,672,864	5,844,834	5,540,176	304,658
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	277,940	105,970	216,935	110,965
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	0
Total Other Financing Uses	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(22,060)	(194,030)	(83,065)	110,965
Unencumbered Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,263,532	2,263,532	2,263,532	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	141,970	141,970	141,970	0
Unencumbered Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,383,442	\$2,211,472	\$2,322,437	\$110,965

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE LIBRARY AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Wayne County Public Library was organized as a public library under the laws of the State of Ohio. The Library has its own Board of Trustees of seven members who are appointed under the laws of the State of Ohio. Appointments are for seven-year terms and members serve without compensation. Under Ohio statutes, the Library is a body politic and corporate capable of suing and being sued, contracting, acquiring, holding, possessing, and disposing of real property, and of exercising such other powers and privileges conferred upon it by law. The Library also determines and operates its own budget. Control and management of the Library is governed by sections 3375.33 to 3375.41 of the Ohio Revised Code with the administration of the day-to-day operations of the Library being the responsibility of the Director and financial accountability being solely that of the Fiscal Officer.

The determination to request approval of a tax levy, the role and purposes of the levy, are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Library Trustees.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Library is financially accountable. The Library is financially accountable for an organization if the Library appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Library is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Library is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Library is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Library is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Library is also financially accountable for any organizations for which the Library approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Library, are accessible to the Library and are significant in amount to the Library. The Library has no component units.

The Library's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Library is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, the financial statements of the Library have been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. The most significant of the Library's accounting principles are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Library's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position-modified cash basis and a statement of activities-modified cash basis, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position-modified cash basis and the statement of activities-modified cash basis display information about the Library as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts and other non-exchange transactions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position-modified cash basis presents the cash and investment balances of the governmental activities of the Library at year end. The statement of activities-modified cash basis compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Library's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Library is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the Library's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Library segregates transactions related to certain Library functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Library at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Library uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The Library's funds are all classified as governmental.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Library are financed. The following are the Library's major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The *Building and Repair Fund* is used to account for resources and expenditures for the repair of Library buildings. The main source of revenue for the current year was settlement monies received.

The other governmental funds of the Library account for grants and other resources, capital projects, and debt service whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

The Library's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Library's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Library are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, (except custodial funds), are legally required to be appropriated. The appropriations resolution is the Trustee's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Trustees. The legal level of control has been established at the object level within each fund for all funds. Budgetary modifications at the legal level of control may only be made by resolution of the Board of Trustees.

For control purposes, the Library estimates cash receipts for the year. These estimated receipts, together with unencumbered carry-over balances from the prior year, set a limit on the amount the Trustees may appropriate. The estimated receipts may be revised during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources at the time final appropriations were enacted by the Trustees.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations should not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Trustees during the year.

While the Library is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the modified cash basis of accounting, the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis – for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

One of the differences between the budget basis and modified cash basis is that in order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to an assignment of fund balance for governmental funds (modified cash basis).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgetary Process (Continued)

The adjustment necessary to convert the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019, on the modified cash basis are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General
Modified Cash Basis	\$71,046
Perspective Difference:	
Activity of Funds Reclassified for	
Cash Reporting Purposes	(4,143)
Encumbrances	(149,968)
Budget Basis	(\$83,065)

The Board must annually approve the appropriation measure and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations do not lapse at year end and therefore are not re-appropriated in the following year. Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements plus encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the Library's legal level of control.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Library is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Library's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During fiscal year 2019, the Library's investments were limited to negotiable certificates of deposit and the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2019, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$25 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Interest earnings are allocated to Library funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund, the Building and Repair Fund, and other governmental funds during 2019 amount to \$56,249, \$9,190, and \$10,059, respectively.

F. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for grant monies.

The Library applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

No restricted net position is restricted by enabling legislation.

G. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Library is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Library Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Library Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Library for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Library Board. The Library Board may also assign fund balances as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Fund Balance (Continued)

The Library applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Library's modified cash basis of accounting.

J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Library recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 5 and 6, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

K. Long-Term Obligations

The Library's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Premiums on issuance of debt are recorded as receipts when received and debt issuance costs are recorded as disbursements when paid.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Library into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Library treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Library has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the Library's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institution's participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or securities issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio if training requirements have been met;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and
- 8. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the clerk/treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At year end, the Library had \$1,715 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

<u>Deposits</u> - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits was \$532,703 and the bank balance was \$595,891. Of the bank balance \$258,680 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining amount was covered by collateral held by third party trustees pursuant to Section 135.181 Revised Code, in collateralized pools securing all public funds on deposit with the specific depository institutions. Although all state statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Library to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The Library has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

<u>Investments</u> – The Library reports their investments at cost. The fair value of these investments is not materially different from cost. As of December 31, 2019, the Library had the following investments:

	Measurement	Less Than
Investment Type	Amount	One Year
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	\$3,202,000	\$3,202,000
Star Ohio	250,839	250,839
Total	<u>\$3,452,839</u>	\$3,452,839

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the Library's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Library's investment policy does not address credit risk beyond the requirements of State law. The Library limits their investments to certificates of deposits and StarOhio. The Library's investments in individual marketable certificates of deposit are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Library's investments are held in the name of the Library.

The Library has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements in ORC 135.14(M)(2) which states, "Payment for investments shall be made only upon the delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee."

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> –The Library's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage to total of each investment type held by the Library at December 31, 2019:

Investment Type	% of Total
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	92.74%
Star Ohio	7.26%

4. GRANTS-IN-AID AND TAX RECEIPTS

Grants in Aid

The primary source of revenue for Ohio public libraries is the Public Library Fund (PLF). The State allocates PLF to each county based on the total tax revenue credited to the State's general revenue fund during the preceding month using the statutory allocation method. Estimated entitlement figures were issued to County Auditors. The actual current year entitlements were computed in December of the current year. The difference between the estimate and actual will be adjusted evenly in the PLF distributions made from January-June of the subsequent year.

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Library. Property tax revenue received during 2019 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2018 taxes.

2019 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2019, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2019 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2020.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2019 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2018, are levied after October 1, 2019, and are collected in 2020 with real property taxes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

4. GRANTS-IN-AID AND TAX RECEIPTS (Continued)

The full tax rate for all Library operations for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$1.25 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property and public utility tangible property upon which 2019 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$2,189,677,430
Public Utility Personal Property	596,034,850
Total	\$2,785,712,280

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Library. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Library its portion of the taxes collected.

5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - Library employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment of the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the memberdirected plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the purchase of a monthly defined benefit annuity from OPERS (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local	
2019 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	14.0 %	
Employee *	10.0 %	
2019 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	14.0 %	
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0	
Total Employer	14.0 %	
Employee	10.0 %	

- * Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.
- ** This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Library's contractually required contribution to OPERS was \$340.347 for fiscal year 2019.

6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member-Directed Plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, Member-Directed Plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the OPERS Board of Trustees (OPERS Board) in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS may be set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2019, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2019, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited for Member-Directed Plan participants for 2019 was 4.0%.

The employer contributions that were used to fund post-employment benefits for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$0.

7. DEBT

In 2006 the Library issued Library Improvement Bonds in the amount of \$6,000,000 for the construction of a new library. During 2014, \$3,355,000 of these bonds were refunded.

On November 6, 2014, the Library issued \$3,355,000 of Library Improvement Refunding Bonds for the purpose of advance refunding a portion (\$3,355,000) of the Wayne County Public Library Improvement Bonds-Series 2006. The bonds were issued for an eleven year period with final maturity at December 1, 2025 and is being retired from the Debt Service Fund. This resulted in an aggregate difference in debt service payments of \$201,952 and a present value cash flow savings of \$179,811.

Included in the \$3,355,000 2014 Library Improvement Refunding Bonds issued was \$30,000 in capital appreciation bonds. These bonds accreted to a maturity amount of \$370,000 which was paid on December 1, 2017.

The Library deposited \$3,706,878 with the refunding escrow agent to advance refund \$3,355,000 in debt. The refunded bonds were retired out of escrow on December 1, 2016.

On June 1, 2015, the Library issued a loan in the amount of \$1,225,000 for the purpose of making additions to and renovating the Dalton Branch. The loan matures June 1, 2030 and is being paid from the Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

7. DEBT (Continued)

A summary of bond transactions for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows:

						Due
	Interest	Balance			Balance	Within
	Rate	12/31/19	Additions	Reductions	12/31/19	One Year
Governmental Activities:						
2014 Library Improvement						
Refunding Bonds	2.580%	\$2,805,000	\$0	\$375,000	\$2,430,000	\$380,000
Total 2014 Library Improvement Bonds		2,805,000	0	375,000	2,430,000	380,000
			_			
2015 Dalton Addition/Renovation Loan	2.90%	984,809	0	73,219	911,590	75,370
Total Debt		\$3,789,809	\$0	\$448,219	\$3,341,590	\$455,370

2014 Library	/ Improvement	Refunding Bonds

Year Ending	Refunding	Refunding Bonds	
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$380,000	\$65,150	\$445,150
2021	390,000	57,550	447,550
2022	400,000	47,800	447,800
2023	410,000	37,800	447,800
2024	420,000	25,500	445,500
2025	430,000	12,900	442,900
Total	\$2,430,000	\$246,700	\$2,676,700

2015 Dalton Loan

Year Ending			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$75,370	\$25,440	\$100,810
2021	77,585	23,225	100,810
2022	79,866	20,944	100,810
2023	82,213	18,597	100,810
2024	84,629	16,181	100,810
2025-2029	461,945	42,104	504,049
2030	49,982	423	50,405
Total	\$911,590	\$146,914	\$1,058,504

8. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Library has entered into the following operating lease agreements:

Real Estate – The Library leases real estate located on East Buckeye Street in West Salem for a total cost of \$1,301 a month. The lease shall continue until terminated upon 90 days' notice by either party to the other party.

Copier Leases – The Library leases a copier for the Operations Center. This lease is for a cost of \$17,569 per year which expires in December of 2024. The Library also leases additional copiers throughout the Library System. This lease is for a cost of \$17,097 per year which expires in September of 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

8. LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Printer Leases – The Library leases printers at a cost of \$9,419 per year. This lease expires in November of 2024.

Postage Meter – The Library leases a postage meter for a total cost of \$312 for the year.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2019, the Library contracted with the Cincinnati Insurance Company for various types of insurance coverage as follows:

Coverage	Limit
Commercial Property:	
Building	\$22,788,890
Personal Property	2,234,208
Automobile Liability:	
Bodily Injury (each occurrence)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
Public Officials Liability	2,000,000
Commercial Umbrella Liability:	
Each Occurrence	1,000,000
General Aggregate	2,000,000
Employee Benefit Liability:	
Each Employee	1,000,000
Aggregate	3,000,000
Employers Liability Defense:	
Bodily Injury – Each Employee	1,000,000
Aggregate	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years. The Library evaluated its insurance coverages and as a result, increased coverages for the current fiscal year.

The Library pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees of the Library may elect to participate in the Ohio Public Employees deferred compensation plan. Under this program, employees elect to defer a portion of their pay. The deferred pay and any income earned on it are not subject to federal and state income taxation until actually received by the employee. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseen emergency.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Compensated Absences

For regular full-time employees, vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service and standard work week. Current policy credits vacation leave on a biweekly basis and allows the unused balance to be accumulated at levels which depend upon years of service. Library employees are paid for earned, unused vacation leave at the time of termination of employment.

Regular full-time employees are entitled to ten (10) hours of sick leave for each completed month of service. Unused sick leave may be accumulated without limit and carried over from year to year. Any retiring employee, who has worked for the Library for at least five (5) years, may be paid for unused sick leave in the amount of 25 percent of accrued sick leave not to exceed 240 hours. To receive payment, the employee's retirement must be authorized by OPERS.

11. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Library is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Building and Repair	All Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Nones and abla				
Nonspendable Endowments	\$0	\$0	\$24,200	\$24,200
Restricted for				
Permanent Expendable	0	0	14,025	14,025
Other Purposes	0	0	955	955
Debt Services Payments	0	0	239,761	239,761
Total Restricted	0	0	254,741	254,741
Committed to				
Capital Improvements	0	571,067	139,874	710,941
Technology	0	0	69,144	69,144
Vehicle Replacement	0	0	126,981	126,981
Other Purposes	223,204	0	56,550	279,754
Total Committed	223,204	571,067	392,549	1,186,820
Assigned to				
2020 Appropriations	445,464	0	0	445,464
Other Purposes	149,968	0	0	149,968
Total Assigned	595,432	0	0	595,432
Unassigned	1,926,064	0	0	1,926,064
Total Fund Balances	\$2,744,700	\$571,067	\$671,490	\$3,987,257

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

12. COMMITMENTS

A. Encumbrances

The Library utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures. As of December 31, 2019, the Library's significant commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Outstanding Balance
Major Funds:	
General Fund	\$149,968
Building and Repair	122,821
Non-major Funds:	
Rittman Construction	30,675
Total	\$303,464

13. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to move receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; and to use unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers were made from the General Fund in the amount of \$300,000 to the Rittman Construction (\$75,000), the Building and Repair (\$100,000), the Technology (\$75,000), and the Vehicle Replacement (\$50,000) Capital Project Funds. The monies were transferred for construction projects/capital outlay disbursements.

14. NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2019, the Library has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* and Statement No. 88 *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Replacements*.

GASB Statement No. 83 establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Library.

GASB Statement No. 84 established specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Library.

GASB Statement No. 88 establishes criteria to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Library.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Library's investment portfolio has incurred a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Library's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.



Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wayne County Public Library Wayne County 304 North Main Street Wooster, Ohio 44691

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the remaining aggregate fund information of the Wayne County Public Library, Wayne County (the Library) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 21, 2020, wherein we noted the Library uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Library.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Library's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Wayne County Public Library
Wayne County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris and Associates, Inc. May 21, 2020



WAYNE COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY

WAYNE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 21, 2020