REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 - 2019



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Village Council Village of Strasburg 358 5th St. SW Strasburg, OH 44680

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County, prepared by Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Strasburg is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 08, 2021



VILLAGE OF STRASBURG TUSCARAWAS COUNTY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 - 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village of Strasburg Tuscarawas County 358 5th Street SW Strasburg, Ohio 44680

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County, Ohio.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, to satisfy these requirements.

Independent Auditors' Report Page Two

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis permitted is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis* of Accounting paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 and the respective changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the 2020 financial statements and Note 12 to the 2019 financial statements, during 2020, the impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 3, 2021, on our consideration of Village of Strasburg's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio June 3, 2021

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:					
Property Taxes	\$ 149,202	\$ 128,469	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 277,671
Municipal Income Tax	1,005,212	-	-	-	1,005,212
Intergovernmental	157,931	544,151	-	-	702,082
Charges for Services	169,655	134,068	-	-	303,723
Fines, Licenses, Permits	4,958	-	-	-	4,958
Earnings on Investments	12,625	-	-	-	12,625
Miscellaneous	339,203	630			339,833
Total Cash Receipts	1,838,786	807,318	-	-	2,646,104
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	408,392	437,921	-	-	846,313
Public Health Services	1,738	-	-	-	1,738
Leisure Time Activities	-	23,123	-	-	23,123
Community Environment	6,200	-	-	-	6,200
Basic Utility Services	161,919	-	-	-	161,919
Transportation	-	168,901	-	-	168,901
General Government	354,355	209,757	-	-	564,112
Capital Outlay	· -	874,238	-	158,472	1,032,710
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	2,457,839	_	_	2,457,839
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	15,319	_	_	15,319
Total Cash Disbursements	932,604	4,187,098	-	158,472	5,278,174
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	906,182	(3,379,780)	-	(158,472)	(2,632,070)
Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)					
Debt Proceeds	-	1,050,562	_	_	1,050,562
Transfers In	-	167,577	_	144,694	312,271
Transfers Out	(312,271)		_		(312,271)
Other Financing Sources		2,343,159	_	_	2,343,159
Other Financing Uses	(4,713)	_,,	_	_	(4,713)
Total Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)	(316,984)	3,561,298	-	144,694	3,389,008
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance	589,198	181,518	-	(13,778)	756,938
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	145,368	303,330	14	54,458	503,170
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 734,566	\$ 484,848	\$ 14	#_\$ 40,680	\$ 1,260,108

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	1	Enterprise Fund
		2020
Operating Cash Receipts:		
Charges for Services	\$	1,312,261
Fines, Licenses and Permits		94,304
Total Operating Cash Receipts:		1,406,565
Operating Cash Disbursements:		
Personal Services		465,635
Contractual Services		291,883
Supplies and Materials		137,896
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		895,414
Operating Income		511,151
Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)		
Capital Outlay		(110,945)
Principal Retirement		(231,682)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		(14,365)
Total Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)		(356,992)
Net Change in Cash Fund Balance		154,159
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		2,064,887
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	2,219,046

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected sixmember Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government, including water and sewer utilities, street repair and maintenance, refuse and compost services, park operations, fire protection services and police services. The Village contracts with Smith Ambulance Services, Inc. to provide emergency medical services.

The Village participates in jointly governed organizations. Note 11 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General fund is the operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

Police Levy Fund - This fund receives property and other local tax money for the operation of the Village police department.

Fire Levy Fund - This fund receives property and other local tax money for the operation of the Village's volunteer fire department.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Debt Service Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Village had the following significant Debt Service Fund:

Fire Truck Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the payment of principal and interest on the Village's fire truck loan.

Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of income tax revenue to account for the payment of capital improvements to the Village.

Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

Water System Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of water revenues to maintain and make improvements to the water system.

Sewer System Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of water revenues to maintain and make improvements to the sewer system.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain Agency Funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2020 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Money market mutual funds (including STAR Ohio) are recorded at share values the mutual funds report.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted – Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – Council can *commit* via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned – Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by ordinance, or by State Statute.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts						
	Budgeted	Actual				
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance			
General	\$ 2,568,014	\$ 1,838,786	\$ (729,228)			
Special Revenue	4,399,909	4,368,616	(31,293)			
Capital Projects	157,500	144,694	(12,806)			
Enterprise	1,380,000	1,406,565	26,565			
Total	\$ 8,505,423	\$ 7,758,661	\$ (746,762)			

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures					
	Appropriation	Budgetary			
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance		
General	\$ 2,713,383	\$ 1,249,588	\$ 1,463,795		
Special Revenue	4,703,240	4,187,098	516,142		
Capital Projects	211,958	158,472	53,486		
Enterprise	3,444,887	1,252,406	2,192,481		
Total	\$ 11,073,468	\$ 6,847,564	\$ 4,225,904		

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Village made expenditures prior to certification.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposits and investment accounts are as follows:

	2020
Cash Management Pool	
Demand deposits	\$ 1,759,122
Total Deposits	1,759,122
STAR Ohio	1,720,032
Total Investments	1,720,032
Total Carrying Amount of Deposits and Investments held in Pool	\$ 3,479,154
	2020
Segregated Accounts – Not held in the Pool	
Payroll Clearing Account (Not held in Pool)	\$ 10,630
Total Outside Accounts	\$ 10,630

The Village has a separate payroll clearing account that is held outside of the deposit pool where gross payroll is held for distribution. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect gross payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2020, the Township is holding \$10,630 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institutions public entity deposit pool.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

6. LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.5 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The Village's income tax of 1.5 percent is comprised of not more than 75 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the General Fund, at least 15 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the Capital Projects Fund and at least 10 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the Park Fund.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles;
- Law enforcement liability;
- Public Officials liability;
- Employment practices liability; and
- Errors and omissions.

The Village provides health insurance to full-time employees through Tuscarawas County (County). The Village is invoiced their monthly premiums and the premiums are paid to the County. All risk transfers to the County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some of the Village's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2020, OPERS members contributed 10.00% of their gross wages and the Village contributed an amount equal to 14.00% of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement

The Village's certified Fire Fighters and full-time police officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25%. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 24.00% of full-time fire fighters wages and 19.50% of full-time police officers wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Social Security

Several Village employees contributed to social security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Both OPERS and OP&F offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2020. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2020. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F was placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

10. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2020 was as follows:

		2020	
	Principal		%
OWDA – WTTP Improvements Loan #3478	\$	478,853	2.20
OWDA –Water/Sewer Line Loan #8294		76,990	1.00
Total	\$	555,843	-

The Village was approved for a \$3,963,752 loan (#3478) from OWDA for a project upgrading the wastewater treatment plant project in 1998. Semi-annual payments are made from the Sewer Fund, with the final payment due January 1, 2023.

2020

The Village was approved for a \$2,670,213 loan (#8294) from the OWDA for the extension of a water/sewer line for ProVia, a company in Strasburg via the JEDD agreement. As of December 31, 2020, \$2,511,017 has been drawn. ProVia paid \$2,343,159 of the loan in 2020. The remaining loan will be repaid by the Village. There is no amortization schedule for this loan.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest is scheduled as follows:

	OWDA		
Year	3478		
2021	\$ 246,047		
2022	246,047		
Total	\$ 492,094		

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission (Commission)

The Village is associated with the Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission, (the Commission) as a Jointly Governed Organization. The Commission is statutorily created political subdivision of the state. The Commission is jointly governed among Tuscarawas County municipalities and townships. Each member's control over the Commission is limited to its representation on the board. The Commission make studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economical, and governmental characteristics, functions and services of the county. The Village has no responsibility for any of the Commissions liabilities. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Commission.

Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council

The Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Section 5705.62 of the Ohio Revised Code. TCTIRC has 44 members, consisting of 3 members appointed by the County Commissioners, 18 members appointed by municipal corporations, 14 members appointed by township trustees, 1 member from the county auditor's office and 8 members appointed by boards of education located within the county. TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TCTIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative authority, which approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this TCTIRC. The continued existence of the TCTRIRC is not dependent on the Village's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

During 2020, no monies were paid to the TCTIRC from the Village.

The Village does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with the TCTIRC.

Strasburg-Franklin Joint Economic Development District

The Village participates in, and is fiscal agent for, the Strasburg-Franklin Joint Economic Development District (JEDD). The JEDD is a joint venture between the Village and Franklin Township, created to facilitate economic development and to preserve jobs and employment opportunities. A five-member Board of Directors has been established to govern the JEDD, including two representatives appointed by the Village.

12. FUND BALANCES

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies, which cannot be spent for five years and the expendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilities effective cash planning and control. At year end, the balances of those amounts were as follows:

			Spo	ecial	Ι	Debt	Caj	pital		
Fund Balances	Ger	neral	Rev	enue	Se	rvice	Pro	jects	To	otal
Nonspendable:										
Corpus	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Outstanding Encumb.		-		-		-		-		-
Total	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

13. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

During 2020, the Village received \$209,757 as an on-behalf grant from another government. These amounts are recorded in the Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Fund after adjustment.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:	\$ 145,276	\$ 152,580	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 297.856
Property Taxes Municipal Income Tax	\$ 145,276 1,022,136	\$ 152,580	5 -	5 -	\$ 297,856 1,022,136
Intergovernmental	1,022,136	193,475	-	-	344,790
Charges for Services	156,393		-	-	268,614
Fines, Licenses, Permits	9,064	112,221	-	-	208,014 9,064
Earnings on Investments	39,552	-	-	-	39,552
Miscellaneous			-	-	
Total Cash Receipts	18,915 1,542,651	458,935			19,574 2,001,586
Cash Disbursements: Current:	, ,	,			, ,
Security of Persons and Property	590,886	74,888	_	_	665,774
Public Health Services	1,755	-	-	-	1,755
Leisure Time Activities		39,823	-	-	39,823
Community Environment	6,195	-	_	_	6,195
Basic Utility Services	161,640	_	_	_	161,640
Transportation		159,475	_	_	159,475
General Government	372,921	-	_	_	372,921
Capital Outlay	604,704	1,741,467	_	136,402	2,482,573
Debt Service:	***,,**	-,,,,		,	_,,
Principal Retirement	_	23,132	_	_	23,132
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	1,379	_	_	1,379
Total Cash Disbursements	1,738,101	2,040,164		136,402	3,914,667
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(195,450)	(1,581,229)	-	(136,402)	(1,913,081)
Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)					
Debt Proceeds	_	1,460,455	_	_	1,460,455
Transfers In	_	101,247	_	151,871	253,118
Transfers Out	(253,118)	-	_	-	(253,118)
Other Financing Uses	(63,121)	_	_	_	(63,121)
Total Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)	(316,239)	1,561,702		151,871	1,397,334
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance	(511,689)	(19,527)	-	15,469	(515,747)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	657,057	322,857	14	38,989	1,018,917
Fund Cash Balances, December 31					
Restricted	-	303,330	-	=	303,330
Committed	_		_	54,458	54,458
Assigned	145,368	-	14	- ,	145,382
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 145,368	\$ 303,330	\$ 14	# \$ 54,458	\$ 503,170

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Enterprise Fund		
		2019	
Operating Cash Receipts:			
Charges for Services	\$	1,261,361	
Fines, Licenses and Permits		97,155	
Total Operating Cash Receipts:		1,358,516	
Operating Cash Disbursements:			
Personal Services		443,801	
Contractual Services		291,502	
Supplies and Materials		116,931	
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		852,234	
Operating Income		506,282	
Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)			
Capital Outlay		(77,157)	
Principal Retirement		(227,518)	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		(19,378)	
Total Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)		(324,053)	
Net Change in Cash Fund Balance		182,229	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		1,882,658	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	2,064,887	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected sixmember Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government, including water and sewer utilities, street repair and maintenance, refuse and compost services, park operations, fire protection services and police services. The Village contracts with Smith Ambulance Services, Inc. to provide emergency medical services.

The Village participates in jointly governed organizations. Note 11 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General fund is the operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

Police Levy Fund - This fund receives property and other local tax money for the operation of the Village police department.

Fire Levy Fund - This fund receives property and other local tax money for the operation of the Village's volunteer fire department.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Debt Service Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Village had the following significant Debt Service Fund:

Fire Truck Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the payment of principal and interest on the Village's fire truck loan.

Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of income tax revenue to account for the payment of capital improvements to the Village.

Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

Water System Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of water revenues to maintain and make improvements to the water system.

Sewer System Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of water revenues to maintain and make improvements to the sewer system.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain Agency Funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2019 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Money market mutual funds (including STAR Ohio) are recorded at share values the mutual funds report.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted – Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – Council can *commit* via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned – Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by ordinance, or by State Statute.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **DECEMBER 31, 2019**

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Enterprise

Total

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted	Actual	_
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$ 2,375,481	\$ 1,542,651	\$ (832,830)
Special Revenue	2,510,540	2,020,637	(489,903)
Capital Projects	157,500	151,871	(5,629)
Enterprise	1,360,000	1,358,516	(1,484)
Total	\$ 6403 521	\$ 5,073,675	\$ (1.329.846)

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$ 3,032,539	\$ 2,054,340	\$ 978,199
Special Revenue	2,833,396	2,040,164	793,232
Capital Projects	196,489	136,402	60,087

1,176,287

\$ 5,407,193

2,066,371

3,897,889

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Village made expenditures prior to certification.

3,242,658

\$ 9,305,082

4. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investments pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2019
Demand Deposits	\$ 860,167
STAR Ohio	1,707,890
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 2,568,057

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institutions public entity deposit pool.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

6. LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.5 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The Village's income tax of 1.5 percent is comprised of not more than 75 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the General Fund, at least 15 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the Capital Projects Fund and at least 10 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the Park Fund.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles;
- Law enforcement liability;
- Public Officials liability;
- Employment practices liability; and
- Errors and omissions.

The Village provides health insurance to full-time employees through Tuscarawas County (County). The Village is invoiced their monthly premiums and the premiums are paid to the County. All risk transfers to the County.

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some of the Village's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2019, OPERS members contributed 10.00% of their gross wages and the Village contributed an amount equal to 14.00% of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement

The Village's certified Fire Fighters and full-time police officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25%. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 24.00% of full-time fire fighters wages and 19.50% of full-time police officers wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

Social Security

Several Village employees contributed to social security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Both OPERS and OP&F offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2019. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2019. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F was placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

10. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	2019	
	Principal	%
OWDA – WTTP Improvements Loan #3478	\$ 710,535	2.20
OWDA –Water/Sewer Line Loan #8294	1,460,455	1.00
Kansas State Bank Ambulance	23,812	2.94
Total	\$ 2,194,802	

The Village was approved for a \$3,963,752 loan (#3478) from OWDA for a project upgrading the wastewater treatment plant project in 1998. Semi-annual payments are made from the Sewer Fund, with the final payment due January 1, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

10. DEBT (Continued)

The Village was approved for a \$2,670,213 loan (#8294) from the OWDA for the extension of a water/sewer line for ProVia, a company in Strasburg via the JEDD agreement. As of December 31, 2019, \$1,460,455 has been drawn. ProVia will be providing the money to the Village for payment on the loan. There is no amortization schedule for this loan.

In 2016, the Village was approved for a loan for the purchase of an ambulance in the amount of \$91,225 from the Kansas State Bank. The loan is to be repaid over 4 years, at an interest rate of 2.94% from the General Fund. The final payment is due May 15, 2020. The loan is secured by the ambulance.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest is scheduled as follows:

	OWDA	
Year	3478	Ambulance
2020	\$ 246,047	\$ 24,511
2021	246,047	24,511
2022	246,047	-
Total	\$ 738,141	\$ 49,022

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission (Commission)

The Village is associated with the Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission, (the Commission) as a Jointly Governed Organization. The Commission is statutorily created political subdivision of the state. The Commission is jointly governed among Tuscarawas County municipalities and townships. Each member's control over the Commission is limited to its representation on the board. The Commission make studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economical, and governmental characteristics, functions and services of the county. The Village has no responsibility for any of the Commissions liabilities. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Commission.

Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council

The Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Section 5705.62 of the Ohio Revised Code. TCTIRC has 44 members, consisting of 3 members appointed by the County Commissioners, 18 members appointed by municipal corporations, 14 members appointed by township trustees, 1 member from the county auditor's office and 8 members appointed by boards of education located within the county. TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TCTIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative authority, which approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this TCTIRC. The continued existence of the TCTRIRC is not dependent on the Village's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

During 2019, no monies were paid to the TCTIRC from the Village.

The Village does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with the TCTIRC.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

Strasburg-Franklin Joint Economic Development District

The Village participates in, and is fiscal agent for, the Strasburg-Franklin Joint Economic Development District (JEDD). The JEDD is a joint venture between the Village and Franklin Township, created to facilitate economic development and to preserve jobs and employment opportunities. A five-member Board of Directors has been established to govern the JEDD, including two representatives appointed by the Village.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Strasburg Tuscarawas County 358 5th Street SW Strasburg, Ohio 44680

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and related notes of Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County and have issued our report thereon dated June 3, 2021, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered Village of Strasburg's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weakness or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2020-001 to be a material weakness.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether Village of Strasburg's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2020-002.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio June 3, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

Material Weakness

All public offices shall maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transaction, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

As a result of audit procedures, errors were noted that required reclassification to the financial statement as follows and all items where applicable were posted to the financial statements and accounting records:

- Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, paragraph 16 states that an appropriation of existing fund balance to eliminate a projected budgetary deficit in the subsequent year's budget in an amount no greater than the projected excess of expected expenditures over expected revenue satisfies the criteria to be classified as an assignment of fund balance. The following inaccurate reporting of fund balances were noted: The General Fund's year end cash balance was utilized to cover subsequent year appropriations exceeding estimated revenue at the end of 2019 in the amount of \$145,368. However, this amount was reported as Unassigned instead of Assigned.
- The Village overstated transfers in the amount of \$712,175 in the General Fund for 2019. This was a result of the Village failing to eliminate transfers made between the General Fund and Income Tax Funds, which are combined for financial statements reporting at year end.
- In 2019, a reclassification in the amount of \$24,511 from Capital Outlay to Principal Retirement in the amount of \$23,132 and Interest and Fiscal Charges in the amount of \$1,379 for debt payments in the Fire Levy Fund.
- In 2019, an adjustment was made to increase Debt Proceeds and Capital Outlay in the JEDD Fund by \$14,105 to properly show debt issuances.
- In 2019, a Reclassification of \$74,888 from Capital Outlay to Security of Persons and Property in the Police Levy Fund.
- In 2020, a Reclassification of \$192,158 and \$53,605 from Capital Outlay to Security of Persons and Property in the Fire Levy Fund and Police Levy Fund, respectively.
- In 2020, a reclassification in the amount of \$24,511 from Capital Outlay to Principal Retirement in the amount of \$23,812 and Interest and Fiscal Charges in the amount of \$699 for debt payments in the Fire Levy Fund.
- In 2020, an adjustment was made to decrease Debt Proceeds and Capital Outlay in the JEDD Fund by \$94,794 to properly show debt issuances.
- In 2020, an adjustment was made to increase Other Financing Sources and Principal Retirement in the amount of \$2,343,159 in the JEDD Fund to show the debt paid by another company. Proceeds and expenditures were recorded by the Village as Fiscal Agent for the project but the company who the project was for, paid the debt.
- CARES Act monies of \$209,757 were adjusted from the General Fund Miscellaneous Revenue and Security of Person and posted in the Special Revenue Fund as Intergovernmental Revenue and General Government Disbursements. There was no effect on cash fund balances as all the money was sent in 2020.
- Negative Capital Outlay of \$78.492 in the General Fund was adjusted to Miscellaneous Revenue.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001 (Continued)

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the Village and is essential to help ensure the information provided to the readers of financial statements is complete and accurate. To help ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, the Village should adopt policies and procedures to identify and correct errors and omissions. In addition, the Village should review the financial statements and notes prior to submission for audit.

Client Response: We received no response from client.

FINDING NUMBER 2020-002

Noncompliance - Certification of Funds

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in Sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

- If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then") and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Village can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Village has 30 days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution. Amounts less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of the expenditures by the Village.
- Blanket Certificates. Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates if the Village has approved their use and established maximum amounts.
- Super Blanket Certificates. The Village may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonable predictable operation expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one so-called "super blanket" certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-002 (Continued)

The Village did not certify the availability of funds prior to the purchase commitment for 36% of expenditures tested. For these items the Village also did not prepare blanket certificates, super blankets certificates or then and now certificates in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

We recommend the Village certify purchases to which Section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Village incurs a commitment and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper code, to reduce available appropriations.

Client Response: We received no response from client.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
Number	Summary	Corrected	
2018-001	Material Weakness Misclassifications of revenues, expenses and fund balances	No	Not Corrected: Cited in current report as finding 2020-001



VILLAGE OF STRASBURG

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/20/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370