BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District 2077 Park Road West North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

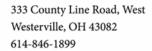
January 14, 2022



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 - 13
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position	
of Governmental Activities	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	21
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23 - 58
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	60 - 61
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	62 - 63
Schedule of District Pension Contributions:	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	64 - 65
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	66 - 67
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset:	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	68
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	69
Schedule of District OPEB Contributions:	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	70 - 71
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	72 - 73
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	74 - 75
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	76
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	77
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	78 - 79
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal	
Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	80 - 81
	0.2
Schedule of Findings 2 CFR § 200.515	82







jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District Trumbull County 2077 Park Road West North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 16 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2021, on our consideration of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 17, 2021

Julian & Sube, Elne.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The discussion and analysis of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$390,261 which represents a 81.50% increase from the June 30, 2020 net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$3,249,388 in revenue or 65.11% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form
 of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,740,920 or 34.89% of total revenues of
 \$4,990,308.
- The District had \$4,600,047 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,740,920 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$3,249,388 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$3,624,205 in revenues and other financing sources and \$3,191,624 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2021, the general fund's fund balance increased \$432,581 from a balance of \$2,316,966 to \$2,749,547.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the district to provide programs and activities, the view of the district as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2021?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues, and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, central, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-21 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23-58 of this report.

Required Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net position liability and net OPEB liability/asset. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 60-75 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table on the following page provides a summary of the district's net position for June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2021.

	Net Position		
	Governmental	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 5,531,665	\$ 4,889,823	
Capital assets, net	1,443,553	1,418,964	
Total assets	6,975,218	6,308,787	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	691,975	680,097	
OPEB	125,726	81,527	
Total deferred outflows of resources	817,701	761,624	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities	457,551	479,924	
Long-term liabilities:	,	,	
Due within one year	36,352	26,027	
Due within more than one year:			
Net pension liability	3,702,210	3,388,779	
Net OPEB liability	310,403	340,012	
Other amounts	140,203	67,189	
Total liabilities	4,646,719	4,301,931	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,615,771	1,478,303	
Pension	186,586	383,044	
OPEB	474,709	428,360	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	6,923,785	6,591,638	
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	1,423,651	1,413,427	
Restricted	351,367	230,035	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(905,884)	(1,164,589)	
Total net position	\$ 869,134	\$ 478,873	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2021, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$869,134.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Deferred outflows related to pension increased primarily due to changes in assumptions by the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS). See Note 11 for more detail.

Total assets include a net OPEB asset reported by STRS. See Note 12 for more detail.

At year-end, capital assets represented 20.70% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2021 was \$1,423,651. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

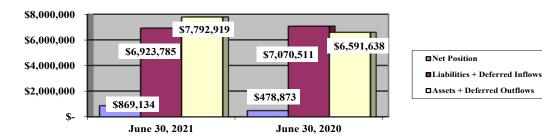
Deferred inflows related to OPEB increased primarily due to changes in assumptions by STRS. See Note 12 for more detail.

Long-term liabilities decreased primarily due to a decrease in the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. These liabilities are outside of the control of the District. The District contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it's the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions and OPEB to District employees, not the District.

A portion of the District's net position, \$351,367, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$905,884.

The graph below shows the District's assets, deferred outflow, liabilities, and deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2021 and 2021.

Governmental Activities



$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT} \\ \textbf{TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO} \end{array}$

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Change	in	Net	Position
--------	----	-----	----------

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 392,260	\$ 452,020
Operating grants and contributions	1,348,660	718,086
General revenues:		
Property taxes	1,482,022	1,540,346
Grants and entitlements	1,692,577	1,642,790
Investment earnings	1,938	14,411
Other	72,851	279
Total revenues	4,990,308	4,367,932
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	1,851,167	1,526,707
Special	733,602	704,990
Vocational	67,902	66,154
Support services:		
Pupil	241,642	151,680
Instructional staff	149,313	115,061
Board of education	21,793	21,071
Administration	424,090	426,290
Fiscal	216,577	199,765
Operations and maintenance	485,008	559,029
Pupil transportation	149,622	196,272
Central	11,477	12,712
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	159,534	98,065
Other non-instructional services	2,080	34,068
Extracurricular activities	85,747	90,019
Interest and fiscal charges	493	603
Total expenses	4,600,047	4,202,486
Change in net position	390,261	165,446
Net position at beginning of year	478,873	313,427
Net position at end of year	\$ 869,134	\$ 478,873

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$869,134 during fiscal year 2021. Total governmental expenses of \$4,600,047 were offset by program revenues of \$1,740,920 and general revenues of \$3,249,388. Program revenues supported 37.85% of the total governmental expenses.

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities increased \$397,561 or 9.46%. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in pension and OPEB expense.

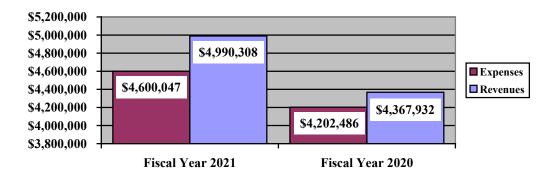
On an accrual basis, the District reported \$391,196 and \$390,052 in pension expense for fiscal year 2021 and 2020, respectively. In addition, the District reported (\$25,460) and (\$68,605) in OPEB expense for fiscal year 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase in both the net pension expense and the OPEB expense from fiscal year 2020 to fiscal year 2021 was \$44,289. This increase is primarily the result of the benefit changes by the retirement systems. Fluctuations in the pension and OPEB expense makes it difficult to compare financial information between years. Pension and OPEB expense are components of program expenses reported on the statement of activities.

Operating grants and contributions increased as a result of the District receiving monies from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) grant. The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 63.62% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$2,652,671 or 57.67% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2021.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

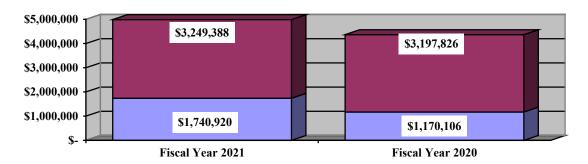
Governmental Activities

	T	otal Cost of Services 2021	N	Net Cost of Services 2021	To	otal Cost of Services 2020	N	Net Cost of Services 2020
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	1,851,167	\$	1,089,252	\$	1,526,707	\$	1,144,658
Special		733,602		281,857		704,990		299,763
Vocational		67,902		65,381		66,154		63,633
Support services:								
Pupil		241,642		36,996		151,680		37,193
Instructional staff		149,313		83,080		115,061		63,656
Board of education		21,793		21,793		21,071		21,071
Administration		424,090		404,630		426,290		405,717
Fiscal		216,577		216,577		199,765		199,765
Operations and maintenance		485,008		473,532		559,029		519,253
Pupil transportation		149,622		149,273		196,272		195,751
Central		11,477		7,877		12,712		9,112
Operations of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		159,534		(26,512)		98,065		6,582
Other non-instructional services		2,080		101		34,068		34,005
Extracurricular activities		85,747		54,797		90,019		31,618
Interest and fiscal charges		493		493		603		603
Total expenses	\$	4,600,047	\$	2,859,127	\$	4,202,486	\$	3,032,380

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 54.15% and 65.63% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 62.15% for fiscal year 2021. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



■ General Revenues
■ Program Revenues

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,953,146, which is greater than last year's total of \$2,413,019. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	Fund Balance June 30, 2020	Change	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General Other Governmental	\$ 2,749,547 203,599	\$ 2,316,966 96,053	432,581 107,546	18.67 % 111.97 %
Total	\$ 2,953,146	\$ 2,413,019	\$ 540,127	22.38 %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$432,581.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2021	2020		Percentage
	 Amount	Amount	 Change	Change
Revenues		 	 	_
Taxes	\$ 1,444,278	\$ 1,360,063	\$ 84,215	6.19 %
Intergovernmental	1,717,204	1,667,420	49,784	2.99 %
Tuition	347,998	368,357	(20,359)	(5.53) %
Earnings on investments	1,938	14,411	(12,473)	(86.55) %
Classroom materials and fees	-	55	(55)	(100.00) %
Other revenues	 91,654	 15,008	76,646	510.70 %
Total	\$ 3,603,072	\$ 3,425,314	\$ 177,758	5.19 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 1,827,448	\$ 1,825,399	\$ 2,049	0.11 %
Support services	1,279,049	1,333,493	(54,444)	(4.08) %
Non-instructional services	-	34,000	(34,000)	(100.00) %
Capital outlay	21,133	-	21,133	100.00 %
Extracurricular activities	56,733	46,370	10,363	22.35 %
Debt service	 7,261	8,460	 (1,199)	(14.17) %
Total	\$ 3,191,624	\$ 3,247,722	\$ (56,098)	(1.73) %

The District experienced a \$177,668 or 5.19% increase in general fund revenues. Taxes increased 6.19% due to an increase in assessed valuation. Other revenues increased \$76,556 or 510.10% due to the District receiving a large Bureau of Worker's Compensation (BWC) dividend during the fiscal year.

Expenditures in the general fund decreased \$56,098 or 1.73%. Support services and non-instructional services decreased as a result of the District paying employees using other funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2021, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$3,222,602. Final budgeted revenues and other financing sources and actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2021 were \$3,436,478 and \$3,436,478, respectively.

General fund original appropriations were \$3,401,895 and final appropriations were \$3,160,225. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$3,067,822, which was \$92,403 less than the final budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the District had \$1,443,553 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows June 30, 2021 balances compared to June 30, 2020:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020	
Land	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	
Land improvements	67,188	74,297	
Building and improvements	855,095	861,557	
Furniture and equipment	146,654	76,452	
Vehicles	96,018	117,185	
Infrastructure	263,598	274,473	
Total	\$ 1,443,553	\$ 1,418,964	

The overall increase in capital assets of \$24,589 is due to capital outlay of \$149,919 being more than depreciation expense of \$110,678 and disposals of \$14,652 (net of accumulated depreciation).

See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2021, the District had a capital lease obligation outstanding. The following table summarizes these obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

Gov	ernmental	Governmental				
A	ctivities	Ac	Activities			
	<u>2021</u>	:	<u>2020</u>			
\$	19,902	\$	5,537			

Capital lease obligation

At June 30, 2021, the District's overall legal voted debt margin was \$6,223,769, with an unvoted debt margin of \$69,153.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District continues to benefit from previous cost cutting measures and ended up with additional carryover of approximately \$368,000, meaning revenues exceeded the District's expenditures on items listed on the five-year forecast. The following items will continue to improve the District's financial status:

- The District was able to spend approximately \$26,000 in supplies and equipment in both buildings from Title I which was a major savings to the general fund.
- Foundation funding will remain approximately the same for fiscal year 2022. Student wellness and success funds that the District will receive in fiscal year 2022 will save the District General Fund Money on expenses paid for with these monies.

The District contracted again with the Trumbull County Sheriff to have a Resource Officer assigned to the District for fiscal year 2022.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Rob Hollada, Treasurer, 2077 Park Road W, North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450-9730.

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		vernmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,375,010
Receivables:		1 550 202
Property taxes		1,772,393
Intergovernmental		153,564
Prepayments		10,956
Materials and supplies inventory		1,566
Inventory held for resale		15,281
Net OPEB asset		202,895
Capital assets:		15.000
Nondepreciable capital assets		15,000
Depreciable capital assets, net		1,428,553
Capital assets, net		1,443,553
Total assets		6,975,218
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension		691,975
OPEB		125,726
Total deferred outflows of resources		817,701
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		86,351
Accrued wages and benefits payable		307,438
Intergovernmental payable		6,316
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		57,446
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		36,352
Due in more than one year:		/
Net pension liability		3,702,210
Net OPEB liability		310,403
Other amounts due in more than one year		140,203
Total liabilities		4,646,719
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		1,615,771
Pension		186,586
OPEB		474,709
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,277,066
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		1,423,651
Restricted for:		1,723,031
Capital projects		211,110
State funded programs		49,153
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Federally funded programs		35,197 16,877
Food service operations		16,877
Extracurricular programs		39,030
Unrestricted (deficit)	•	(905,884)
Total net position	\$	869,134

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net (Expense)

				_			C	evenue and Changes in
				Progran				et Position
		P		arges for		ating Grants		vernmental
C		Expenses	Servic	es and Sales	and (Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:	Ф	1 051 167	¢.	2.47.000	¢.	412.017	¢.	(1,000,252)
Regular	\$	1,851,167	\$	347,998	\$	413,917	\$	(1,089,252)
Special		733,602		-		451,745		(281,857)
Vocational		67,902		-		2,521		(65,381)
Support services:		241 (42				204 (46		(2(,00()
Pupil		241,642		-		204,646		(36,996)
Instructional staff		149,313		-		66,233		(83,080)
Board of education		21,793		-		-		(21,793)
Administration		424,090		-		19,460		(404,630)
Fiscal		216,577		-		-		(216,577)
Operations and maintenance		485,008		11,176		300		(473,532)
Pupil transportation		149,622		-		349		(149,273)
Central		11,477		-		3,600		(7,877)
Operation of non-instructional								
services:								
Food service operations		159,534		5,436		180,610		26,512
Other non-instructional services		2,080		-		1,979		(101)
Extracurricular activities		85,747		27,650		3,300		(54,797)
Interest and fiscal charges		493		-		-		(493)
Totals	\$	4,600,047	\$	392,260	\$	1,348,660		(2,859,127)
			Gene	ral revenues:				
			Prope	rty taxes levie	d for:			
			Ger	eral purposes				1,343,631
			Cap	ital outlay				138,391
			Grant	s and entitlem	ents no	t restricted		
			to sp	ecific progran	ns			1,692,577
			Inves	tment earnings	S			1,938
			Misce	ellaneous				72,851
			Total	general reven	ues			3,249,388
			Chan	ge in net posit	ion			390,261
			Net p	osition at beg	ginning	of year		478,873
			Net p	osition at end	l of yea	ır	\$	869,134

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	3,059,364	\$	315,646	\$	3,375,010
Receivables:						
Property taxes		1,611,431		160,962		1,772,393
Intergovernmental		11,372		142,192		153,564
Prepayments		10,929		27		10,956
Materials and supplies inventory		-		1,566		1,566
Inventory held for resale		-		15,281		15,281
Total assets	\$	4,693,096	\$	635,674	\$	5,328,770
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	33,610	\$	52,741	\$	86,351
Accrued wages and benefits payable		245,571		61,867		307,438
Intergovernmental payable		5,560		756		6,316
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		43,173		14,273		57,446
Total liabilities		327,914		129,637		457,551
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		1,469,033		146,738		1,615,771
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		135,230		13,508		148,738
Intergovernmental revenue not available		11,372		142,192		153,564
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,615,635		302,438		1,918,073
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory		_		1,566		1,566
Prepaids		10,929		27		10,956
Restricted:		,		_,		,
Capital projects		_		196,956		196,956
Food service operations		_		15,284		15,284
State funded programs		_		49,153		49,153
Extracurricular programs		_		39,030		39,030
Assigned:				,		,
Student and staff support		5,459		_		5,459
Unassigned (deficit)		2,733,159		(98,417)		2,634,742
Total fund balances		2,749,547		203,599		2,953,146
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	4,693,096	\$	635,674	\$	5,328,770

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2021

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,953,146
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		1,443,553
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 148,738 153,564	302,302
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	691,975 (186,586) (3,702,210) 125,726 (474,709) 202,895 (310,403)	(3,653,312)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital lease obligations Compensated absences Total	(19,902) (156,653)	 (176,555)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 869,134

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Revenues: Property taxes \$ 1,444,278 \$ 149,925 \$ 1,594,203 Intergovernmental Interg			General	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Intergovernmental 1,717,204 1,228,018 2,945,222 Investment earnings 1,938 - 1,938 Tution and fees 347,998 - 347,998 Extracurricular 7,627 20,023 27,650 Rental income 11,176 - 11,176 Charges for services - 5,436 5,436 Contributions and donations - 800 800 Miscellaneous 72,851 - 72,851 Total revenues 3,603,072 1,404,202 5,007,274 Expenditures: Current: Instructions - 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: - - 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - - 64,861 Support services: - - 1,862	Revenues:	'				
Investment earnings 1,938 - 1,938 Tuition and fees 347,998 - 347,998 Extracurricular 7,627 20,023 27,650 Rental income 11,176 - 11,76 Charges for services 1-,78 800 800 Miscellaneous 72,851 - 72,851 Total revenues 3,603,072 1,404,202 5,007,274 Expenditures: Expenditures: Use transcriptions Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 5 64,861 Support services: Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,861 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230	Property taxes	\$	1,444,278	\$ 149,925	\$	1,594,203
Investment earnings 1,938 - 1,938 Tuition and fees 347,998 - 347,998 Extracurricular 7,627 20,023 27,650 Rental income 11,176 - 11,76 Charges for services 1-,78 800 800 Miscellaneous 72,851 - 72,851 Total revenues 3,603,072 1,404,202 5,007,274 Expenditures: Expenditures: Use transcriptions Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 5 64,861 Support services: Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,861 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230	Intergovernmental		1,717,204	1,228,018		2,945,222
Extracurricular 7,627 20,023 27,650 Rental income 11,176 - 11,176 Charges for services - 5,436 5,436 Contributions and donations - 800 800 Miscellaneous 72,851 - 72,851 Total revenues 3,603,072 1,404,202 5,007,274 Expenditures: Current: - 800 800 Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: - 64,861 Support services: - 94,186 18,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: - 94,661 18,774 200,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 144,863 144,863 144,863 144,863 144,863 144,863 144,863 140,353 141,333 <	Investment earnings		1,938	-		1,938
Extracurricular 7,627 20,023 27,650 Rental income 11,176 - 11,176 Charges for services - 5,436 5,436 Contributions and donations 72,851 - 72,851 Miscellaneous 3,603,072 1,404,202 5,007,274 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: - 64,861 Support services: - 64,861 Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 2,1420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil tra	Tuition and fees		347,998	-		347,998
Rental income 11,176 - 51,366 5,436 Chartges for services - 50,36 5,436 Contributions and donations - 800 800 Miscellaneous 72,851 - 72,851 Total revenues 3,603,072 1,404,202 5,007,274 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Cent	Extracurricular			20,023		
Charges for services - 5,436 5,436 Contributions and donations - 800 800 Misscellaneous 72,851 - 72,851 Total revenues - 3,603,072 1,404,202 5,007,274 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 2,120 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 410,358 Fiscal 20,828 2,439 1,447 Operation of non-instructional services 2 2,0	Rental income		,	_		,
Contributions and donations - 800 Miscellaneous 72,851 - 72,851 Total revenues 3,603,072 1,404,202 5,007,274 Expenditures: Current: Current: Instruction: Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operations of non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080	Charges for services		_	5,436		
Miscellaneous 72,851 - 72,851 Total revenues 3,603,072 1,404,202 5,007,274 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operations and maintenance - 156,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080			_	,		
Expenditures: Current: Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operations of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Food service operations - 1,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669			72,851	-		
Curent: Instruction: Instruction: Regular 1,429,034 404,186 1,833,220 Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: - - 64,861 Support services: - - 20,3283 Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,238 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services 5 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activ				1,404,202		
Special 333,553 365,319 698,872 Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: - 64,861 Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fisca	Current:					
Vocational 64,861 - 64,861 Support services: 80,728 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Food service operations - 156,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracturricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Determinity enteriement 6,768 -	Regular		1,429,034	404,186		1,833,220
Support services: Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624	Special		333,553	365,319		698,872
Pupil 61,646 178,749 240,395 Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Food service operations - 156,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 -	Vocational		64,861	-		64,861
Instructional staff 80,728 64,135 144,863 Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Food service operations - 1,56,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 31,91,624 1,296,65				4=0=40		240.205
Board of education 21,420 - 21,420 Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Food service operations - 156,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Other financing sources: 21,133 - </td <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1					
Administration 391,405 18,953 410,358 Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Food service operations - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: - 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 <			,	64,135		
Fiscal 203,283 2,947 206,230 Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 2,080 156,919 Food service operations - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: - - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Capital lease transaction 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>				-		
Operations and maintenance 387,954 63,439 451,393 Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund bala						
Pupil transportation 124,736 340 125,076 Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Food service operations - 2,080 2,080 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at begi	Fiscal			2,947		206,230
Central 7,877 3,600 11,477 Operation of non-instructional services - 156,919 156,919 Food service operations - 2,080 2,080 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: - - 6,768 Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: - 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year <t< td=""><td>Operations and maintenance</td><td></td><td>387,954</td><td>63,439</td><td></td><td>451,393</td></t<>	Operations and maintenance		387,954	63,439		451,393
Operation of non-instructional services Food service operations - 156,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: - - 6,768 Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: - 21,133 - 21,133 Capital lease transaction 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 <td>Pupil transportation</td> <td></td> <td>124,736</td> <td>340</td> <td></td> <td>125,076</td>	Pupil transportation		124,736	340		125,076
Food service operations - 156,919 156,919 Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: - - 6,768 Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 2 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Central		7,877	3,600		11,477
Other non-instructional services - 2,080 2,080 Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Operation of non-instructional services					
Extracurricular activities 56,733 26,936 83,669 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: - - 6,768 Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 2 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Food service operations		-	156,919		156,919
Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,053 9,053 Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Other non-instructional services		-	2,080		2,080
Capital outlay 21,133 - 21,133 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: Capital lease transaction 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Extracurricular activities		56,733	26,936		83,669
Debt service: Frincipal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Facilities acquisition and construction		-	9,053		9,053
Debt service: Frincipal retirement 6,768 - 6,768 Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019			21,133	-		21,133
Interest and fiscal charges 493 - 493 Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: Capital lease transaction 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Debt service:					
Total expenditures 3,191,624 1,296,656 4,488,280 Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: Capital lease transaction 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Principal retirement		,	-		6,768
Excess of revenues over expenditures 411,448 107,546 518,994 Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Capital lease transaction 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Interest and fiscal charges		493	 		493
Other financing sources: 21,133 - 21,133 Capital lease transaction 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Total expenditures		3,191,624	 1,296,656		4,488,280
Capital lease transaction 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Excess of revenues over expenditures		411,448	 107,546		518,994
Capital lease transaction 21,133 - 21,133 Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	Other financing sources:					
Total other financing sources 21,133 - 21,133 Net change in fund balances 432,581 107,546 540,127 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019	· ·		21,133	-		21,133
Fund balances at beginning of year 2,316,966 96,053 2,413,019				_		
	Net change in fund balances		432,581	107,546		540,127
Fund balances at end of year \$ 2,749,547 \$ 203,599 \$ 2,953,146	Fund balances at beginning of year		2,316,966	96,053		2,413,019
	Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,749,547	\$ 203,599	\$	2,953,146

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	540,127
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 149,919 (110,678)	_	39,241
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			(14,652)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes Intergovernmental Total	 (112,181) 91,202	-	(20,979)
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			6,768
Issuance of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.			(21,133)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Pension OPEB Total	286,101 9,498	-	295,599
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			
Pension OPEB Total	 (391,196) 25,460		(365,736)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures.			
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(68,974)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	390,261

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	 Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	1,237,963	\$ 1,284,524	\$	1,284,524	\$	-
Intergovernmental		1,634,491	1,695,967		1,695,967		-
Investment earnings		1,868	1,938		1,938		-
Tuition and fees		335,384	347,998		347,998		-
Rental income		10,771	11,176		11,176		-
Miscellaneous		2,125	 2,205		2,205		
Total revenues		3,222,602	 3,343,808		3,343,808		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:			1 100 505		4.240.40.7		12 110
Regular		1,508,315	1,403,635		1,360,195		43,440
Special		390,518	357,190		352,168		5,022
Vocational		71,903	69,075		64,842		4,233
Support services:		60 2 7 0					
Pupil		68,359	66,560		61,646		4,914
Instructional staff		67,391	63,540		60,773		2,767
Board of education		23,853	23,600		21,511		2,089
Administration		443,030	408,475		399,524		8,951
Fiscal		215,220	197,625		194,085		3,540
Operations and maintenance		390,494	362,120		352,147		9,973
Pupil transportation		156,067	144,650		140,741		3,909
Central		8,735	8,000		7,877		123
Operation of non-instructional services			100				100
Other non-instructional services		-	100		-		100
Extracurricular activities		58,010	 55,655		52,313		3,342
Total expenditures		3,401,895	 3,160,225		3,067,822		92,403
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		(179,293)	 183,583	-	275,986		92,403
Other financing sources:							
Refund of prior year's expenditures		_	92,670		92,670		-
Total other financing sources		-	 92,670		92,670		-
Net change in fund balance		(179,293)	276,253		368,656		92,403
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,685,206	2,685,206		2,685,206		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,505,913	\$ 2,961,459	\$	3,053,862	\$	92,403

THI	IS PAGE IS INTENT	ΓΙΟΝALLY LEF	T BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Bloomfield - Mespo Local School District (the "District") is organized under Section 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to provide educational services to students and other community members of the District. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms by the citizens of the District.

The District serves an area of approximately 50 square miles in Trumbull County, including the townships of Bloomfield and Mesopotamia.

The District currently operates one elementary school and one comprehensive middle/high school. The District is staffed by 4 administrators, 18 non-certified and 27 certified personnel to provide services to approximately 222 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts, and a treasurer from each county who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Trumbull Career and Technical Center

The Trumbull Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the 15 participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information may be obtained by contacting the Treasurer of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Worker's Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating plan (GRP) for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. Each year, the District pays an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Trumbull County School's Employee Benefit Insurance Consortium (Consortium)

The Consortium is a Council of Governments established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167. The Council of Government (the Consortium) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio as defined by Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The Consortium is a shared risk pool as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 and amended by GASB Statement No. 30. It was formed to carry out a cooperative program for the provisions and administration of health care benefits for member employees in accordance with the Council bylaws.

The governing body of the Consortium is an Assembly composed of the Superintendents of the members and any other representative of members who have been appointed by the respective governing bodies of the members. All representatives serve without compensation. As of June 30, 2021, there were 16 participating members of the Consortium. The Insurance Committee (Executive Board) functions as the advisory body to the Assembly. It consists of five representatives of the members, four of whom are appointed by the President of the Trumbull County Superintendent's Association, and the fifth of whom by the Superintendent of the Fiscal Agent. The Trumbull County Educational Service Center serves as the Consortium's fiscal agent and the Treasurer of the Consortium is the Treasurer of the Fiscal Agent. The Consortium administers medical, prescription, dental, and vision benefit plans for employees of the participating school systems and their eligible dependents.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's only major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District had no fiduciary funds.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Notes 11 and 12 for deferred outflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, see Notes 11 and 12 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2021 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2021.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education by fund level, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2021; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2021, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

During fiscal year 2021, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$1,938, which includes \$156 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of items held for resale and materials and supplies.

H. Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets are those assets generally related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years
Infrastructure	30 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. There were no interfund loans outstanding at June 30, 2021.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2021, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least twenty years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2021, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. There were no compensated absences payable in the fund financial statements as of June 30, 2021.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term notes and capital lease obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Q. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2021.

S. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2021, the District has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "<u>Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance.</u>" GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2021 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
IDEA Part B	1,589
Title I	70,241
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	5,515
ESSER	21,072

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,403,303. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2021, \$2,166,916 of the District's bank balance of \$2,416,916 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System, while \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investment and maturity:

	Mea	asurement	6 r	nonths or
Measurement/Investment type		Amount		less
Amortized Cost:				
STAR Ohio	\$	971,707	\$	971,707

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2021:

Measurement/Investment type	Measurement Amoun		% of Total
Amortized cost:			
STAR Ohio	\$	971,707	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and cash equivalents as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2021:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 2,403,303
Investments	971,707
Total	\$ 3,375,010
Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 3,375,010

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021 was \$7,168 in the general fund and \$716 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2020 was \$5,184 in the general fund and \$566 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second Half Collections			2021 First Half Collections			
	Amount	Percent_		Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 57,811,720 2,706,310	95.53 4.47	\$	66,048,700 3,104,290	95.51 4.49		
Total	\$ 60,518,030	100.00	\$	69,152,990	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$54.50			\$54.15			

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021 consisted of property taxes and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 1,772,393
Intergovernmental	 153,564
Total	\$ 1,925,957

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

		Balance				Balance
	(06/30/20	Additions	D	eductions	06/30/21
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	15,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 15,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		15,000	-		-	15,000
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements		169,750	-		-	169,750
Buildings and improvements		2,715,815	49,704		(14,905)	2,750,614
Furniture and equipment		428,027	100,215		(37,221)	491,021
Vehicles		376,781	-		-	376,781
Infrastructure		334,288	-		-	334,288
Total capital assets, being depreciated		4,024,661	149,919		(52,126)	4,122,454
Less: accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements		(95,453)	(7,109)		-	(102,562)
Buildings and improvements		(1,854,258)	(45,236)		3,975	(1,895,519)
Furniture and equipment		(351,575)	(26,291)		33,499	(344,367)
Vehicles		(259,596)	(21,167)		-	(280,763)
Infrastructure		(59,815)	(10,875)		_	(70,690)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,620,697)	(110,678)		37,474	(2,693,901)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,418,964	\$ 39,241	\$	(14,652)	\$ 1,443,553

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 15,735
Special	7,677
Support services:	
Board of education	149
Administration	2,113
Operations and maintenance	62,108
Pupil transportation	21,828
Extracurricular activities	603
Food service operations	465
Total depreciation expense	\$ 110,678

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During the current and prior fiscal years, the District entered into a capital lease for copiers. The current year copiers have been capitalized in the amount of \$21,133. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021 was \$2,113, leaving a current book value of \$19,020. A corresponding liability has been recorded in the governmental activities on the statement of net position. Principal payments made during fiscal year 2021 totaled \$6,768 and were paid out of the general fund. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	A	mount
2022	\$	4,860
2023		4,860
2024		4,860
2025		4,860
2026		3,241
Total minimum lease payments	<u></u>	22,681
Less: amount representing interest		(2,779)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	19,902

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2021, the following activity occurred in the long-term obligations of governmental activities.

		Balance 06/30/20	Additions	Re	eductions	Balance 06/30/21	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:							
Compensated absences	\$	87,679	\$118,691	\$	(49,717)	\$ 156,653	\$ 32,516
Capital lease obligation		5,537	21,133		(6,768)	19,902	3,836
Net pension liability		3,388,779	313,431		-	3,702,210	-
Net OPEB liability		340,012		_	(29,609)	310,403	
Total long-term obligations,							
governmental activities	\$.	3,822,007	\$453,255	\$	(86,094)	\$4,189,168	\$ 36,352

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which consist of the general fund, food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), IDEA, Part B fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), Title I fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and Improving Teacher Quality fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

<u>Capital Lease Obligation</u>: See Note 8 for details.

Net Pension Liability: See Note 11 for details.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset: See Note 12 for details.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2021, are a voted debt margin of \$6,223,769 and an unvoted debt margin of \$69,153.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles and general liability.

Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. The liability limits are \$15,000,000 for each accident, and uninsured motorist of \$100,000 per person/\$1,000,000 per occurrence.

Real property and contents are fully insured. Real property is 90% co-insured. Limits of insurance on real property and equipment are \$16,270,804 with no deductible.

The District liability policy has a limit of \$15,000,000 for each occurrence and \$17,000,000 aggregate. The District's errors and omissions policy has a \$15,000,000 limit with no deductible.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal year 2020.

B. Health, Vision, Life and Dental Insurance

The District has joined together with other school districts in the state to form the Trumbull County School's Employee Benefit Insurance Consortium (Consortium), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 16 member school districts in Trumbull County. The District pays a monthly premium to the Consortium for its insurance coverage. It is intended that the Consortium will be self-supporting through member premiums. The monthly premium includes a specific and aggregate stop loss premium paid to General American Insurance. The specific individual stop loss is \$100,000 per year. The aggregate stop loss is 105% of yearly anticipated claims.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The District provides health, vision, life and dental insurance coverage for employees. The health insurance coverage is administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio, a third party administrator. Vision Service Plan administers the vision coverage. ING Reliastar Life Insurance Company provides the life insurance coverage. Delta Dental provides the dental coverage. The District pays the insurance premiums, as a fringe benefit for the employees. Employees hired prior to July 1, 2008 pay 5% and employees hired after July 1, 2008 pay 10% of their health insurance premium.

Postemployment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 12.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2021, the District participated in the CompManagement Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is tiered into groups based upon past workers' compensation experience. Within each tiered group, a common premium rate is applied to all school districts within that group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of their tiered group. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the start of a COLA for future retirees. For 2021, the COLA was 0.5%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$69,353 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$7,936 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$216,748 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$39,354 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.01303350%	0.01179757%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.01374080%	0.01154453%	
Change in proportionate share	$\underline{0.00070730}\%$	- <u>0.00025304</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 908,845	\$ 2,793,365	\$ 3,702,210
Pension expense	\$ 45,096	\$ 346,100	\$ 391,196

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total	
Deferred outflows of resources	· ·			
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 1,765	\$ 6,266	\$ 8,031	
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments	57,695	135,840	193,535	
Changes of assumptions	-	149,949	149,949	
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/				
change in proportionate share	24,782	29,577	54,359	
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	69,353	216,748	286,101	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 153,595	\$ 538,380	\$ 691,975	
	SERS	STRS	Total	
Deferred inflows of resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 17,861	\$ 17,861	
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/				
change in proportionate share	33,361	135,364	168,725	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 33,361	\$ 153,225	\$ 186,586	

\$286,101 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS		RS Tot	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2022	\$ (17,834)	\$	72,422	\$	54,588
2023	26,606		(5,068)		21,538
2024	24,047		51,980		76,027
2025	18,062		49,073		67,135
Total	\$ 50,881	\$	168,407	\$	219,288

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA 2.50%
Investment rate of return 7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2020, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1% Decrease		Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	1,245,007	\$	908,845	\$	626,799

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	3,977,266	\$	2,793,365	\$	1,790,108

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the District's surcharge obligation was \$9,498.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$9,498 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$9,498 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.0	1352050%	0.0	01179757%		
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset current measurement date	0.0	1428240%	0.0	01154453%		
Change in proportionate share	0.0	0.00076190%		-0.00025304%		
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$	310,403	\$	-	\$	310,403
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(202,895)	\$	(202,895)
OPEB expense	\$	(13,317)	\$	(12,143)	\$	(25,460)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		 Total
Deferred outflows of resources	<u> </u>			_	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	4,075	\$	12,999	\$ 17,074
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		3,498		7,109	10,607
Changes of assumptions		52,913		3,349	56,262
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		20,816		11,469	32,285
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		9,498			 9,498
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	90,800	\$	34,926	\$ 125,726

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS		STRS		 Total	
Deferred inflows of resources	<u> </u>	_			 	
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	157,863	\$	40,415	\$ 198,278	
Changes of assumptions		7,818		192,717	200,535	
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		59,724		16,172	75,896	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	225,405	\$	249,304	\$ 474,709	

\$9,498 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2022	\$	(30,338)	\$	(52,477)	\$	(82,815)
2023		(30,085)		(47,664)		(77,749)
2024		(30,125)		(45,983)		(76,108)
2025		(30,391)		(48,759)		(79,150)
2026		(19,112)		(9,636)		(28,748)
Thereafter		(4,052)		(9,859)		(13,911)
Total	\$	(144,103)	\$	(214,378)	\$	(358,481)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	2.45%
Prior measurement date	3.13%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	2.63%
Prior measurement date	3.22%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45%, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.13% was used as of June 30, 2019. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%).

				Current			
	1%	1% Decrease		scount Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	379,926	\$	310,403	\$	255,133	
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	244,419	\$	310,403	\$	398,461	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2019, are presented below:

	June 30	0, 2020	June 3	0, 2019			
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%	2.50%			
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 2	0 to	12.50% at age 2	0 to			
	2.50% at age 65	5	2.50% at age 6:	2.50% at age 65			
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of in expenses, inclu		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%				
Discount rate of return	7.45%		7.45%				
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A				
Health care cost trends							
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate			
Medical							
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.87%	4.00%			
Medicare	-6.69%	4.00%	4.93%	4.00%			
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	7.73%	4.00%			
Medicare	11.87%	4.00%	9.62%	4.00%			

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *					
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %					
International Equity	23.00	7.55					
Alternatives	17.00	7.09					
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00					
Real Estate	10.00	6.00					
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25					
Total	100.00 %						

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current							
	1%	1% Decrease		scount Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	176,532	\$	202,895	\$	225,263		
	1%	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	223,875	\$	202,895	\$	177,339		

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the General fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fur		
Budget basis	\$	368,656	
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		72,995	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		59,992	
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(71,537)	
Funds budgeted elsewhere		2,475	
GAAP basis	\$	432,581	

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the District agency fund, emergency levy fund, and the public school support fund.

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	42,002
Current year qualifying expenditures	 (65,578)
Total	\$ (23,576)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2022	\$
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$

Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

NOTE 16 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the pension and other employee benefits plan in which the District participate fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

For fiscal year 2022, District foundation funding received from the State of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the District were funded to the District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$312,280 in revenues and expenditures/expenses related to these programs. Also, during fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$274,813 in tuition and fees from the resident school districts which will be direct funded to the District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each District. The District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

l -	
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	01374080%	0.	01303350%	0.	01623800%	0.	.01584850%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	908,845	\$	779,817	\$	929,980	\$	946,913
District's covered payroll	\$	472,314	\$	484,741	\$	509,674	\$	504,229
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		192.42%		160.87%		182.47%		187.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%

^{*} The amounts present each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 of the previous fiscal year.

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2017	2016			2015	2014		
(0.01672260%	0.	.01744450%	0.	.01706500%	0	0.01706500%	
\$	1,223,940	\$	995,400	\$	863,650	\$	1,014,801	
\$	521,321	\$	525,175	\$	495,880	\$	514,559	
	234.78%		189.54%		174.17%		197.22%	
	62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	C	0.01154453%	(0.01179757%	(0.01212775%	C	0.01272684%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,793,365	\$	2,608,962	\$	2,666,620	\$	3,023,288
District's covered payroll	\$	1,360,200	\$	1,447,421	\$	1,350,807	\$	1,417,786
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		205.36%		180.25%		197.41%		213.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.48%		77.40%		77.31%		75.30%

 $[\]ast$ The amounts present each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 of the previous fiscal year.

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2017	2016			2015		2014
(0.01222646%	(0.01201908%	(0.01248119%	0	0.01248119%
\$	4,092,565	\$	3,321,722	\$	3,035,857	\$	3,616,293
\$	1,325,371	\$	1,253,993	\$	1,275,238	\$	1,322,477
	308.79%		264.89%		238.06%		273.45%
	66.80%		72.10%		74.70%		69.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	69,353	\$	66,124	\$	65,440	\$	68,806
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(69,353)		(66,124)		(65,440)		(68,806)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	495,379	\$	472,314	\$	484,741	\$	509,674
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%		13.50%		13.50%

 2017	 2016	2015		2014		 2013	2012	
\$ 70,592	\$ 72,985	\$	69,218	\$	68,729	\$ 71,215	\$	76,999
 (70,592)	 (72,985)		(69,218)		(68,729)	 (71,215)		(76,999)
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
\$ 504,229	\$ 521,321	\$	525,175	\$	495,880	\$ 514,559	\$	572,483
14.00%	14.00%		13.18%		13.86%	13.84%		13.45%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	216,748	\$	190,428	\$	202,639	\$	189,113
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(216,748)		(190,428)		(202,639)		(189,113)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	1,548,200	\$	1,360,200	\$	1,447,421	\$	1,350,807
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 198,490	\$ 185,552	\$ 175,559	\$ 165,781	\$ 171,922	\$ 176,329
 (198,490)	 (185,552)	 (175,559)	 (165,781)	 (171,922)	 (176,329)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
\$ 1,417,786	\$ 1,325,371	\$ 1,253,993	\$ 1,275,238	\$ 1,322,477	\$ 1,356,377
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.	01428240%	0.	.01352050%	0.	01642930%	0.	.01603100%	0.	01690443%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	310,403	\$	340,012	\$	455,793	\$	430,230	\$	481,839
District's covered payroll	\$	472,314	\$	484,741	\$	509,674	\$	504,229	\$	521,321
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		65.72%		70.14%		89.43%		85.32%		92.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0	0.01154453%	(0.01179757%	(0.01212775%	(0.01272684%	(0.01222646%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(202,895)	\$	(195,396)	\$	(194,881)	\$	496,554	\$	653,874
District's covered payroll	\$	1,360,200	\$	1,447,421	\$	1,350,807	\$	1,417,786	\$	1,325,371
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		14.92%		13.50%		14.43%		35.02%		49.34%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		182.10%		174.70%		176.00%		47.10%		37.30%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 9,498	\$ 9,287	\$ 11,445	\$ 11,228
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (9,498)	 (9,287)	 (11,445)	 (11,228)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 495,379	\$ 472,314	\$ 484,741	\$ 509,674
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.92%	1.97%	2.36%	2.20%

 2017	 2016	2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 8,499	\$ 8,373	\$ 13,045	\$ 9,358	\$ 12,377	\$ 15,654
 (8,499)	 (8,373)	 (13,045)	 (9,358)	 (12,377)	 (15,654)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 504,229	\$ 521,321	\$ 525,175	\$ 495,880	\$ 514,559	\$ 572,483
1.69%	1.61%	2.48%	1.89%	2.41%	2.73%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2020	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		 		 <u> </u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,548,200	\$ 1,360,200	\$ 1,447,421	\$ 1,350,807
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2017	2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,801	\$ 13,225	\$ 13,564
 	 	 	 (12,801)	 (13,225)	 (13,564)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 1,417,786	\$ 1,325,371	\$ 1,253,993	\$ 1,275,238	\$ 1,322,477	\$ 1,356,377
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2021.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2019-2021.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2021.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%. For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021. For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate.



BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/CLUSTER TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER/ ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education	_		
Child Nutrition Cluster:	10.553	2021	\$ 51.982
School Breakfast Program COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	10.553	COVID-19, 2021	3,978
Total School Breakfast Program	10.000	0011117,2021	55,960
N.C. 101 II ID	10.555	2021	00.627
National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	2021 COVID-19, 2021	99,637 7,272
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	2021	7,269
Total National School Lunch Program			114,178
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture and Child Nutrition Cluster			170,138
H.C. DEBARTMENT OF THE ACURY			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education	_		
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund - BroadbandOhio Connectivity	21.019	COVID-19, 2021	12,546
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund - Rural and Small Town School Districts	21.019	COVID-19, 2021	18,166
Total U.S. Department of Treasury and Coronavirus Relief Fund			30,712
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities for Each Child Non-Competitive Grant Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010A 84.010A	2020 84.010A, 2021 84.010A, 2021	41,506 356,509 8,081 406,096
Ü			
Special Education Cluster:	94.027	2020	5 471
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027 84.027A	2020 84.027A, 2021	5,471 59,674
Total Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) & Special Education Cluster	04.02/A	04.02/A, 2021	65,145
Total Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, 1 art B) & Special Education Cluster			05,145
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2021	10,474
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			10,474
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2021	32,144
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			32,144
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2021	359,829
Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			359,829
Total U.S. Department of Education			873,688
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,074,538

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE FISCALYEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited to as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 - DE MINIMIS COST RATE

CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

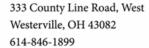
NOTE 4 - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE 5 - PASS THROUGH FUNDS

The Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District was awarded federal program allocations to be administered on their behalf by area Educational Service Centers (ESC). For fiscal year 2021 the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's allocations are as follows:

Grant/Program Name	ALN	Reallocated to	Award	d Amount
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	Trumbull County ESC	\$	4,940





jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District Trumbull County 2077 Park Road West North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2021, wherein we noted as described Note 16 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

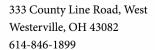
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Krube, Elne.

December 17, 2021





jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District Trumbull County 2077 Park Road West North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 17, 2021

Julian & Sube, the.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2021

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS									
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified								
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No								
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No								
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No								
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No								
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No								
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified								
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No								
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, ALN 84.010 Special Education Cluster								
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others								
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No								

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/27/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370