



NEW LONDON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds	25
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	26
Schedules of Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio Last Eight Fiscal Years	64
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio Last Eight Fiscal Years	20
Lasi Eiulii Fisuai Teais	

NEW LONDON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

TITLE	(continuou)	PAGE
School Employees	Pension Contributions s Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio ears	68
State Teachers Re	Pension Contributions etirement System (STRS) of Ohio ears	70
the Net OPEB Lia School Employees	rict's Proportionate Share of bility s Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio ears	72
the Net OPEB Lia State Teachers Re	rict's Proportionate Share of bility (Asset) etirement System (STRS) of Ohio ears	73
	OPEB Contributions s Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio ears	74
State Teachers Re	OPEB Contributions etirement System (STRS) of Ohio ears	76
Notes to the Require	ed Supplementary Information	78
Schedule of Expenditu	ures of Federal Awards	80
Notes to the Schedule	of Expenditures of Federal Awards	81
Financial Reporting ar	eport on Internal Control Over nd on Compliance and Other Matters eent Auditing Standards	83
Applicable to Each Ma	eport on Compliance with Requirements ajor Federal Program and on Internal Control Over by the Uniform Guidance	85
Schedule of Findings		87



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

New London Local School District Huron County 2 Wildcat Drive New London, Ohio 44851-9262

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of New London Local School District, Huron County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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New London Local School District Huron County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities/asset and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

New London Local School District Huron County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 29, 2022

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the New London Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$600,766 which represents an 8.44% increase from the 2020 net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$10,939,274 in revenue or 75.10% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,627,311 or 24.90% of total revenues of \$14,566,585.
- The District had \$13,965,819 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$3,627,311 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$10,939,274 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$11,892,104 in revenues and other financing sources and \$10,906,840 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2021, the general fund's fund balance increased \$985,264 from a balance of \$5,348,767 to a balance of \$6,334,031.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2021?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for students or other entities. These activities are reported in custodial funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability, net OPEB asset/liability and District contributions for pension and OPEB.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

	Net Position		
	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020	
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 12,056,656	\$ 10,724,104	
Capital assets, net	12,190,123	12,698,845	
Total assets	24,246,779	23,422,949	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	2,140,549	2,059,382	
OPEB	312,447	246,945	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,452,996	2,306,327	
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities:	1,194,663	1,092,660	
Due within one year Due in more than one year:	363,054	352,133	
Net pension liability	11,760,128	10,804,736	
Net OPEB liability	826,338	1,033,345	
Other amounts	1,214,206	1,356,081	
Total liabilities	15,358,389	14,638,955	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes levied for next year	1,913,559	2,137,302	
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for next year	4,958	4,958	
Unamortized deferred gain on debt refunding	3,734	6,370	
Pension	357,769	727,470	
OPEB	1,340,482	1,094,103	
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,620,502	3,970,203	
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	11,488,119	11,746,603	
Restricted	1,622,224	1,274,634	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,389,459)	(5,901,119)	
Total net position	\$ 7,720,884	\$ 7,120,118	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the District at June 30, 2021 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The District adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

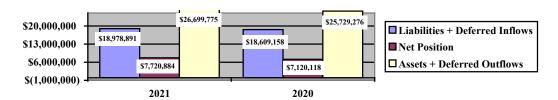
Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2021, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$7,720,884.

At year-end, capital assets represented 50.28% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Investments in capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2021, were \$11,488,119. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$1,622,224, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is (\$5,389,459).

The graph below shows the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

	Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020
Revenues Dragger revenues		
Program revenues: Charges for services and sales	\$ 866,455	\$ 1,034,497
Operating grants and contributions	2,760,856	3,019,306
General revenues:		
Property taxes	2,642,691	2,509,462
School district income tax	1,394,559	1,208,224
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,958	4,958
Grants and entitlements	6,754,810	5,347,179
Investment earnings	11,831	88,820
Other	130,425	187,180
Total revenues	14,566,585	13,399,626 - Continued

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020	
Expenses			
Program expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$ 6,406,700	\$ 5,991,574	
Special	2,020,408	1,804,400	
Vocational	308,675	354,794	
Other	5,603	8,354	
Support services:			
Pupil	573,727	562,805	
Instructional staff	537,444	311,861	
Board of education	13,907	13,417	
Administration	908,322	887,485	
Fiscal	331,469	336,955	
Business	9,680	9,105	
Operations and maintenance	1,242,291	1,155,678	
Pupil transportation	635,307	668,305	
Central	180,684	206,490	
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Other non-instructional services	4,551	13,014	
Food service operations	335,098	364,364	
Extracurricular activities	443,636	455,604	
Interest and fiscal charges	8,317	11,424	
Total expenses	13,965,819	13,155,629	
Change in net position	600,766	243,997	
Net position at beginning of year	7,120,118	6,876,121	
Net position at end of year	\$ 7,720,884	\$ 7,120,118	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

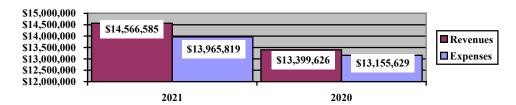
Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$600,766. Total governmental expenses of \$13,965,819 were offset by program revenues of \$3,627,311, and general revenues of \$10,939,274. Program revenues supported 25.97% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 74.09% of total governmental revenue. Property tax revenues increased by \$133,229 due to an increase in the amount of income taxes received during the year. Grants and entitlements increased by \$1,407,631 due to fluctuations in State funding.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$8,741,386 or 62.59% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2021. Instruction and support service expenses increased due to increases in personnel costs.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2021 or 2020.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue, unrestricted State grants and other general revenues of the District.

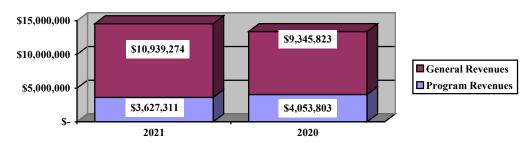
		Governm	ental	Activities				
	Total Cost of Services 2021		Net Cost of Services 2021		Total Cost of Services 2020		Net Cost of Services 2020	
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	6,406,700	\$	5,268,210	\$	5,991,574	\$	5,238,093
Special		2,020,408		1,149,896		1,804,400		(393,767)
Vocational		308,675		248,305		354,794		312,315
Other		5,603		5,603		8,354		8,354
Support services:								
Pupil		573,727		205,551		562,805		282,776
Instructional staff		537,444		331,157		311,861		311,861
Board of education		13,907		13,907		13,417		13,417
Administration		908,322		858,744		887,485		878,055
Fiscal		331,469		294,577		336,955		295,008
Business		9,680		9,537		9,105		6,619
Operations and maintenance		1,242,291		919,870		1,155,678		1,132,602
Pupil transportation		635,307		544,201		668,305		487,155
Central		180,684		171,616		206,490		179,653
Operations of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		4,551		3,671		13,014		4,866
Food service operations		335,098		(28,917)		364,364		39,071
Extracurricular activities		443,636		334,263		455,604		294,324
Interest and fiscal charges		8,317		8,317		11,424		11,424
Total expenses	\$	13,965,819	\$	10,338,508	\$	13,155,629	\$	9,101,826

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 76.33% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 74.03%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7,843,527 which is more than last year's total balance of \$6,509,991. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	Fund Balance June 30, 2020	Increase	Percentage Change
General Other governmental	\$ 6,334,031 1,509,496	\$ 5,348,767 1,161,224	\$ 985,264 348,272	18.42 % 29.99 %
Total	\$ 7,843,527	\$ 6,509,991	\$ 1,333,536	20.48 %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$985,264. In fiscal year 2021, tax revenues increased due to an increase in the amount of income taxes received. Earnings on investments decreased due to a decrease in the amount the District invested and the amount that they earned on those investments. The changes in instruction and support service expenditures are due to fluctuations in personnel costs. The increase in capital outlay is due to a new capital lease agreement the District signed during the current fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2021	2020	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 3,787,041	\$ 3,486,379	\$ 300,662	8.62 %
Earnings on investments	11,831	88,820	(76,989)	(86.68) %
Intergovernmental	7,127,782	7,129,241	(1,459)	(0.02) %
Other revenues	871,095	1,028,179	(157,084)	(15.28) %
Total	\$ 11,797,749	\$ 11,732,619	\$ 65,130	0.56 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 6,718,074	\$ 6,773,204	\$ (55,130)	(0.81) %
Support services	3,580,994	3,817,309	(236,315)	(6.19) %
Non-instructional services	3,671	12,804	(9,133)	(71.33) %
Extracurricular activities	286,061	275,178	10,883	3.95 %
Capital outlay	94,355	-	94,355	100.00 %
Debt service	107,403	85,801	21,602	25.18 %
Total	\$ 10,790,558	\$ 10,964,296	\$ (173,738)	(1.58) %

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2021, the District's original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,767,208. The final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,582,778. The decrease in final budget was due to the decrease in intergovernmental revenues, primary state revenues. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2021 was \$11,584,350. This represents a \$1,572 increase over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations and other financing uses totaled \$11,253,199 and final budget appropriations and financing uses totaled \$10,814,013. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$10,764,838, which was \$49,175 less than the final budget appropriations. Advances (out) are not budgeted and therefore are not considered a budget basis expenditure.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2021, the District had \$12,190,123 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2021 balances compared to 2020:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	
	2021	2020	
Land	\$ 315,751	\$ 315,751	
Land improvements	525,536	582,626	
Building and improvements	10,455,431	10,978,498	
Furniture and equipment	413,168	353,105	
Vehicles	480,237	468,865	
Total	\$ 12,190,123	\$ 12,698,845	

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$508,722 is due to depreciation expense of \$797,777 exceeding capital outlay of \$289,055 in the fiscal year.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$440,000 in general obligation bonds and \$245,780 in capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$338,464 is due within one year and \$347,316 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the outstanding obligations for fiscal year 2021 compared to 2020.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020	
General obligation bonds Capital leases	\$ 440,000 245,780	\$ 675,000 249,566	
Total	\$ 685,780	\$ 924,566	

At June 30, 2021, the District's voted debt margin was \$10,863,553, and an unvoted debt margin of \$121,076.

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Current Financial Related Activities

The District continues to meet its current financial obligations. It is projected that the Board will have a positive five-year forecast through fiscal year 2025. Having a positive cash balance can be attributed to the increase of almost \$1 million in state funding. However, a \$727,445 spending deficit is projected in fiscal year 2024.

The recently constructed educational building is now over 20 years old and the District will need to monitor major repairs as new equipment/fixtures begin to reach their maximum life. The facility capital maintenance levy (0.5 mill) continues to support service contracts and equipment repairs for equipment that was part of the original construction. This levy will be collected through calendar year 2022.

The District renewed an Emergency Levy in November 2016 for 10 years. The levy generates approximately \$152,000 per calendar year.

The District has a continuing Income Tax of 1 percent of gross earnings and has been an integral part of the revenue of the District. The revenue from this income tax has begun to rebound from a drastic decline in 2008. It was anticipated that the low unemployment would help to offset any future deficit.

The District has negotiated agreements with two bargaining units; the New London Teachers Association and the Ohio Association of Public School Employees Local Chapter #521.

School districts have experienced major changes in legislation, school funding initiatives and local economic conditions due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The roles and influence of legislative officials is also somewhat unpredictable and will also impact future school funding decisions. The District is committed to careful monitoring and planning to provide the resources required to provide the highest standards for educating the students it serves.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives; additional information can be obtained from the Five Year Forecast and the accompanying assumptions posted on the website of the Ohio Department of Education at www.ode.state.oh.us. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Jim Hudson, Treasurer, New London Local School District, 2 Wildcat Drive, New London, Ohio 44851-9262.

$\begin{array}{c} \text{NEW LONDON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT} \\ \text{HURON COUNTY, OHIO} \end{array}$

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents \$ 7,987,749 Receivables: 2,555,482 Property taxes 579,749 Income taxes 4,958 Accounts 8,357 Intergovernmental 207,866 Prepayments 22,010 Materials and supplies inventory 1,534 Inventory held for resale 9,460 Net OPEB asset 679,491 Capital assets: 315,751 Nondepreciable capital assets, net 11,874,372 Capital assets, net 11,874,372 Capital assets 315,751 Depreciable capital assets, net 11,874,372 Capital assets 315,751 Total assets 2,4246,779 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 2,140,549 OPEB 312,447 Total deferred outflows of resources 2,452,996 Liabilities: Accounts payable 108,149 Accrued wages and benefits payable 891,459 Intergovernmental payable 891,459		Governmental Activities
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Deferred inflows of resources: 15,358,389 Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,913,559 Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,958 Unamortized deferred gain on debt refunding 3,734 Pension 357,769 OPEB 1,340,482 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,620,502 Net position: 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	Net OPEB liability	826,338
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,913,559 Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,958 Unamortized deferred gain on debt refunding 3,734 Pension 357,769 OPEB 1,340,482 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,620,502 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	Other amounts due in more than one year	1,214,206
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Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,913,559 Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,958 Unamortized deferred gain on debt refunding 3,734 Pension 357,769 OPEB 1,340,482 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,620,502 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	Deferred inflows of resources:	
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,958 Unamortized deferred gain on debt refunding 3,734 Pension 357,769 OPEB 1,340,482 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,620,502 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)		1 913 559
Unamortized deferred gain on debt refunding 3,734 Pension 357,769 OPEB 1,340,482 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,620,502 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)		
Pension 357,769 OPEB 1,340,482 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,620,502 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	·	
OPEB 1,340,482 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,620,502 Net position: 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)		,
Net position: 3,620,502 Net investment in capital assets 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)		
Net position: 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Classroom facilities maintenance 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)		
Net investment in capital assets 11,488,119 Restricted for: 216,362 Classroom facilities maintenance 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	Total deferred lillows of resources	3,020,302
Restricted for: 216,362 Classroom facilities maintenance 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)		
Classroom facilities maintenance 216,362 Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	Net investment in capital assets	11,488,119
Debt service 420,114 State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	Restricted for:	
State funded programs 486,487 Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	Classroom facilities maintenance	216,362
Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	Debt service	420,114
Federally funded programs 20,577 Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	State funded programs	486,487
Food service operations 46,582 Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)		
Extracurricular 150,928 Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	,	
Other purposes 281,174 Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)	•	
Unrestricted (deficit) (5,389,459)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	• •	
		•

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Program			R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position
	Evnances			narges for ces and Sales	rating Grants Contributions			
Governmental activities:		Expenses	Servi	ces and Sales	anu	Contributions		Activities
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	6,406,700	\$	620,669	\$	517,821	\$	(5,268,210)
Special		2,020,408		55,212		815,300		(1,149,896)
Vocational		308,675		985		59,385		(248,305)
Other		5,603		-		-		(5,603)
Support services:								
Pupil		573,727		-		368,176		(205,551)
Instructional staff		537,444		-		206,287		(331,157)
Board of education		13,907		-		-		(13,907)
Administration		908,322		-		49,578		(858,744)
Fiscal		331,469		-		36,892		(294,577)
Business		9,680		-		143		(9,537)
Operations and maintenance		1,242,291		-		322,421		(919,870)
Pupil transportation		635,307		58,846		32,260		(544,201)
Central		180,684		-		9,068		(171,616)
Operation of non-instructional								
services:								
Food service operations		335,098		46,623		317,392		28,917
Other non-instructional services		4,551		-		880		(3,671)
Extracurricular activities		443,636		84,120		25,253		(334,263)
Interest and fiscal charges		8,317		-				(8,317)
Totals	\$	13,965,819	\$	866,455	\$	2,760,856		(10,338,508)
	Proj G D	neral revenues: perty taxes levie eneral purposes ebt service	d for:					2,385,641 216,620
		ther purposes						40,430
		ments in lieu of						4,958
		ome taxes levied	l for:					
	Gra	eneral purposes nts and entitlem		t restricted				1,394,559
		specific program						6,754,810
		estment earnings	5					11,831
		cellaneous						130,425
	100	al general reven	ues					10,939,274
	Cha	inge in net positi	ion					600,766
	Net	position at beg	inning	of year				7,120,118
	Net	position at end	l of yea	r			\$	7,720,884

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		General		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	6,351,651	\$	1,636,098	\$	7,987,749
Receivables:						
Property taxes		2,447,525		107,957		2,555,482
Income taxes		579,749		_		579,749
Payment in lieu of taxes		4,958		-		4,958
Accounts		8,357		_		8,357
Interfund loans		121,521		-		121,521
Intergovernmental		23,127		184,739		207,866
Prepayments		22,010		_		22,010
Materials and supplies inventory		_		1,534		1,534
Inventory held for resale		_		9,460		9,460
Advance to other funds		9,059		-,		9,059
Total assets	\$	9,567,957	\$	1,939,788	\$	11,507,745
Liabilities:	¢	45 000	ø	62 141	ø	100 140
Accounts payable	\$	45,008	\$	63,141	\$	108,149
Accrued wages and benefits payable		839,983		51,476		891,459
Intergovernmental payable		26,727		607		27,334
Pension and post employment benefits payable		157,521		9,518		167,039
Interfund loans payable		-		121,521		121,521
Advance from other funds				9,059		9,059
Total liabilities		1,069,239		255,322		1,324,561
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		1,868,054		45,505		1,913,559
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year		4,958		_		4,958
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		155,433		16,836		172,269
Income tax revenue not available		113,115		_		113,115
Intergovernmental revenue not available		23,127		112,629		135,756
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,164,687		174,970		2,339,657
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory				1,534		1,534
Prepaids		22,010		1,334		22,010
Unclaimed monies		870		-		870
Restricted:		870		-		870
Debt service				406,684		406,684
Classroom facilities maintenance		-				213,638
		-		213,638		
Food service operations		-		53,115		53,115
State funded programs		-		486,487		486,487
Extracurricular		-		150,928		150,928
Scholarships		-		258,434		258,434
Other purposes		-		21,870		21,870
Committed:						
Capital improvements		-		38,559		38,559
Assigned:						
Student instruction		546		-		546
Student and staff support		97,521		-		97,521
Uniform school supplies		108,275		-		108,275
Public school support		52,444		-		52,444
Other purposes		156,622		-		156,622
Unassigned (deficit)		5,895,743		(121,753)		5,773,990
Total fund balances		6,334,031		1,509,496		7,843,527
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	9,567,957	\$	1,939,788	\$	11,507,745

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2021

Total governmental fund balances		\$	7,843,527
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			12,190,123
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.			
Property taxes receivable	\$ 172,269		
Income taxes receivable	113,115 135,756		
Intergovernmental receivable Total	155,/50		421,140
Total			421,140
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not			
recognized in the funds.			(12,490)
•			
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in			
the funds.			(3,734)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(682)
current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(002)
The net pension/OPEB assets and liabilities are not due and payable			
in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related			
deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.			
Deferred outflows - pension	2,140,549		
Deferred inflows - pension	(357,769)		
Net pension liability	(11,760,128)		
Deferred outflows - OPEB	312,447		
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(1,340,482)		
Net OPEB asset	679,491		
Net OPEB liability	(826,338)		
Total			(11,152,230)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and			
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported			
in the funds.			
General obligation bonds	(440,000)		
Lease-purchase obligations	(245,780)		
Compensated absences	(878,990)		
Total			(1,564,770)
Not notition of accommontal activities		ď	7 720 004
Net position of governmental activities		\$	7,720,884

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Nonmajor Governmental General Funds		Go	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	2,415,236	\$	260,774	\$	2,676,010
Income taxes		1,371,805		´ -		1,371,805
Intergovernmental		7,127,782		2,275,921		9,403,703
Investment earnings		11,831		420		12,251
Tuition and fees		735,712				735,712
Extracurricular		733,712		84,120		84,120
Charges for services		_		46,623		46,623
Contributions and donations		30		22,172		22,202
Payment in lieu of taxes		4,958		22,172		4,958
Miscellaneous				4,580		
		130,395				134,975
Total revenues		11,797,749	-	2,694,610	-	14,492,359
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		5,071,914		500,834		5,572,748
Special		1,357,913		542,129		1,900,042
Vocational		282,644		4,681		287,325
Other		5,603		4,001		5,603
		3,003		-		3,003
Support services:		200.200		150 550		540 057
Pupil		390,299		158,558		548,857
Instructional staff		332,710		200,213		532,923
Board of education		13,391		-		13,391
Administration		815,616		50,980		866,596
Fiscal		300,209		13,637		313,846
Business		9,230		450		9,680
Operations and maintenance		1,025,080		272,643		1,297,723
Pupil transportation		532,165		4,721		536,886
Central		162,294		17,841		180,135
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations		-		331,378		331,378
Other non-instructional services		3,671		880		4,551
Extracurricular activities		286,061		115,274		401,335
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		3,530		3,530
Capital outlay		94,355		-		94,355
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		98,141		235,000		333,141
Interest and fiscal charges		9,262		10,871		20,133
Total expenditures		10,790,558		2,463,620		13,254,178
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,007,191		230,990		1,238,181
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of assets		-		1,000		1,000
Transfers in		-		116,282		116,282
Transfers (out)		(116,282)		-		(116,282)
Capital lease transaction		94,355		-		94,355
Total other financing sources (uses)		(21,927)		117,282		95,355
Net change in fund balances		985,264		348,272		1,333,536
Fund balances at beginning of year		5,348,767		1,161,224		6,509,991
Fund balances at end of year	\$	6,334,031	\$	1,509,496	\$	7,843,527

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,333,536
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as			
depreciation expense.			
Capital asset additions	\$ 289,05		
Current year depreciation Total	(797,77	<u>/)</u>	(508,722)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes	(33,31	9)	
Income taxes	22,75		
Intergovernmental	84,79	1	
Total	<u> </u>		74,226
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			333,141
on the statement of het position.			333,141
Issuance of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of			
net position.			(94,355)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable	36	4	
Amortization of bond premiums	8,81		
Amortization of deferred charges	2,63		
Total			11,816
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports			
these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension	077.40	0	
OPEB	877,48 25,42		
Total		<u> </u>	902,911
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			
Pension	(1,382,01	3)	
OPEB	51,34	*	
Total	<u> </u>		(1,330,670)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current			
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			
in governmental funds. Increase in compensated absences payable			(121,117)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	600,766
Change in het position of governmental activities		Φ	000,700

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
		Original		Final	Actual		egative)
Revenues:	-						
From local sources:							
Property taxes	\$	2,379,112	\$	2,341,473	\$ 2,341,473	\$	-
Income taxes		1,285,630		1,265,290	1,265,290		-
Intergovernmental		7,242,364		7,127,785	7,127,785		-
Investment earnings		11,020		10,846	11,491		645
Tuition and fees		618,334		608,551	608,551		-
Payment in lieu of taxes		4,958		4,958	4,958		-
Miscellaneous		116,072		114,157	115,084		927
Total revenues		11,657,490		11,473,060	11,474,632		1,572
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		5,382,257		5,172,535	5,045,669		126,866
Special		1,383,399		1,328,237	1,318,537		9,700
Vocational		292,890		281,211	281,361		(150)
Other		5,836		5,603	5,603		-
Support services:							
Pupil		424,760		407,823	408,068		(245)
Instructional staff		262,573		252,103	333,383		(81,280)
Board of education		13,761		13,212	13,212		-
Administration		841,605		808,046	807,330		716
Fiscal		312,141		299,695	299,828		(133)
Business		9,613		9,230	9,230		-
Operations and maintenance		1,070,540		1,027,853	1,037,502		(9,649)
Pupil transportation		672,494		645,679	644,729		950
Central		171,578		164,736	162,336		2,400
Extracurricular activities		293,470		281,768	281,768		-
Total expenditures		11,136,917		10,697,731	10,648,556		49,175
Excess of revenues over expenditures		520,573		775,329	 826,076		50,747
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year's expenditures		2,101		2,101	2,101		-
Transfers (out)		(116,282)		(116,282)	(116,282)		-
Advances in		107,617		107,617	107,617		-
Advances (out)		-		-	(122,708)		(122,708)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,564)		(6,564)	(129,272)		(122,708)
Net change in fund balance		514,009		768,765	696,804		(71,961)
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,212,671		5,212,671	5,212,671		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		25,666		25,666	25,666		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,752,346	\$	6,007,102	\$ 5,935,141	\$	(71,961)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Custodial			
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	128,064			
Net position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	128,064			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Custodial		
Additions: Other custodial fund collections	\$	59,012	
Deductions: Other custodial fund disbursements		44,950	
Change in net position		14,062	
Net position at beginning of year		114,002	
Net position at end of year	\$	128,064	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The New London Local School District (the District) is located in north-central Ohio in parts of Huron, Lorain, and Ashland counties. The District includes all of the Village of New London and portions of surrounding townships.

The District is organized in accordance with Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District operates a pre-kindergarten school, elementary school, middle school and high school on a single campus. In addition, there are separate off-campus facilities including a weight room facility and a leased football stadium and track owned by the Village of New London. The lease is continuing for \$1.00 per year. The District employs 47 non-certified and 76 certified (including administrative) full-time and part-time employees to provide services to 1,064 students in grades Pre-K through 12 and various electronic/community schools.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus and Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*. The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criterion, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet)

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet) is a jointly governed organization comprised of school districts located throughout northeast and central Ohio. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of providing and maintaining technology software and delivery to the administrative and instructional functions of member districts. Each of the member districts support NEOnet based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. NEOnet assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and a representative from the Treasurer Committee. NEOnet is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership of the NEOnet assembly. During fiscal year 2021, the District paid \$36,545 to NEOnet. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Fiscal Officer at NEOnet, 700 Graham Road, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

EHOVE Career Center

The EHOVE Career Center (EHOVE) is a vocational school district that is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs to its students. EHOVE accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered part of the District.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasures, the president of Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan) was established as an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is governed by a three member Board of Directors. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program. Refer to Note 12.C. for further information on this group rating plan.

Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association

The Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (the Association) is a jointly governed organization among several school districts. The Association assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and the program administrator. The Association is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the program administrator at the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association, located at 4918 Milan Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870. Refer to Note 12.D. for further information on this Association.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

RELATED ORGANIZATION

New London Public Library

The New London Public Library (the Library) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio governed by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District has no proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources compared to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition of construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District currently has no private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be in a trust fund. The District's custodial funds account for Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA) events and scholarships. The District has no administrative involvement in selecting the recipients of the scholarship. The District did not collect or distribute funds on behalf of OHSAA during fiscal year 2021.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources along with all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources along with current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of fiduciary funds are included on the statement of net fiduciary position. Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from private purpose and custodial funds. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, grants, student fees, income taxes, rentals, and other miscellaneous receipts.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Notes 13 and 14 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, see Notes 13 and 14 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred gain on debt refunding. A deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or refunding debt.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except custodial funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2021 is as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the needs for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Huron County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2021.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2021. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriations adopted by the Board of Education including all supplemental appropriations.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2021, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost. STAR Ohio, is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2021, there were no limitation or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring he excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or the Board of Education has, by policy, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$11,831, which includes \$2,127 assigned from other District funds.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method which means that the cost of inventory items are recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when consumed.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets that generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	10 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 30 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balance

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from long-term interfund loans are classified as "advance from/advance to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental type activities columns of the statement of net position.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans from the general fund to cover negative cash balances in other governmental funds are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns on the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) benefits. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2021, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2021 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported to the extent that a known liability for an employee's retirement/resignation has been incurred by fiscal year end and the liability will be liquidated with expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees are paid.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources compared to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for scholarships.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position/balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expense/expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is considered nonspendable in an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. The District had no restricted assets at June 30, 2021.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

Bond premiums are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. Capital appreciation bond discounts are accreted over the term of the bonds.

For advance refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources on government-wide statement of net position.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

S. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2021, the District had no transactions that would be classified as extraordinary or special items.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2021, the District has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "<u>Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance.</u>" GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2021 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
Public school preschool	\$ 7,849
Vocational education enhancement	433
Elementary and secondary school emergency relief (ESSER)	49,616
Coronavirus relief fund	18,760
IDEA, Part B	7,065
Title I, disadvantaged children	14,226
Supporting effective instruction	5,128
Miscellaneous federal grants	18,676

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio; and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,124,542 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$1,127,176. Of the bank balance, \$501,970 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$233,106 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) and none of the remaining \$392,100 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2021, one of the District's financial institutions was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investment and maturities:

		Investment
		Maturities
Measurement/	Measurement	6 months or
Investment type	Value	less
Amortized Cost:		
STAR Ohio	\$ 6,991,271	\$ 6,991,271

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2021:

Measurement/	Me	asurement	
Investment type		Value	% of Total
Amortized Cost:			
STAR Ohio	\$	6,991,271	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Activities

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2021:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,124,542
Investments	 6,991,271
Total	\$ 8,115,813
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 7,987,749
Custodial funds	128,064
Total	\$ 8,115,813

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General fund	Nongovernmental funds	\$	121,521

The primary purpose of the short-term interfund loan is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

B. Advances to/advances from other funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amo	unt
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	9,059

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

The primary purpose of the long-term interfund loan is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

C. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:

General fund \$ 116,282

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 2,555,482
Income taxes	579,749
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,958
Accounts	8,357
Intergovernmental	207,866
Total	\$ 3,356,412

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Huron, Lorain and Ashland Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021 was \$424,038 in the general fund, \$38,420 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$7,196 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020 was \$350,275 in the general fund, \$32,090 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$5,953 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second				2021 Firs	st		
		Half Collections			Half Collections			
		Amount	Percent		Amount Pe			
Agricultural/residential		_						
and other real estate	\$	115,304,980	95.59	\$	115,589,140	95.47		
Public utility personal		5,317,170	4.41		5,487,180	4.53		
Total	\$	120,622,150	100.00	\$	121,076,320	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$33.55			\$33.55			

NOTE 8 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The District has authorized, through voter approval, an annual 1 percent school district income tax levied on the school district income of individuals and estates. The tax is to be used for normal operating expenses of the District and is credited to the General Fund. Total income tax revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021, was \$1,371,805.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

		Balance 06/30/20	A	Additions	Deduc	ctions	Balance 06/30/21
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	315,751	\$	-	\$		\$ 315,751
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements		2,175,122		-		-	2,175,122
Building and improvements	2	1,735,227		35,800		-	21,771,027
Furniture and equipment		1,292,456		158,900		-	1,451,356
Vehicles		1,226,196		94,355		-	1,320,551
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2	6,429,001		289,055			26,718,056
Less: accumulated depreciation:							
Land improvements	(1,592,496)		(57,090)		-	(1,649,586)
Building and improvements	(1	0,756,729)		(558,867)		-	(11,315,596)
Furniture and equipment		(939,351)		(98,837)		-	(1,038,188)
Vehicles		(757,331)		(82,983)		-	(840,314)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1	4,045,907)		(797,777)			(14,843,684)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1	2,698,845	\$	(508,722)	\$		\$ 12,190,123

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 570,659
Vocational	9,823
Support service:	
Instructional staff	61,317
Administration	1,595
Operations and maintenance	49,670
Pupil transportation	78,711
Extracurricular activities	26,002
Total depreciation expense	\$ 797,777

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During the current year and during previous fiscal years, the District entered into capitalized leases for buses. These lease agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by GASB Statement No. 62, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

Capital assets consisting of vehicles have been capitalized in the amount of \$500,808, with a salvage value of \$50,082. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2021 totaled \$98,141 paid by the general fund. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$192,465 resulting in a net book value of \$308,343 at June 30, 2021.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2022	\$ 99,832
2023	70,284
2024	70,284
2025	18,279
Total minimum lease payment	258,679
Less: amount representing interest	(12,899)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 245,780

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

During the fiscal year 2021, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

Governmental Activities:	Balance 06/30/20		Increases		Decreases		Balance 06/30/21		Amount Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds										
School Facilities Refunding,										
Series 2017 - direct placement										
Current Interest	\$	675,000	\$	-	\$	(235,000)	\$	440,000	\$	245,000
Capital Lease Obligation		249,566		94,355		(98,141)		245,780		93,464
Net Pension Liability		10,804,736		955,392		-		11,760,128		-
Net OPEB Liability		1,033,345		-		(207,007)		826,338		-
Compensated Absences		762,342		155,217		(38,569)		878,990		24,590
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	13,524,989	\$	1,204,964	\$	(578,717)		14,151,236	\$	363,054
Add: Unamortized premiums								12,490		
Total on statement of net position							\$	14,163,726		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. General Obligation Bonds

<u>School Facilities Refunding, Series 2017</u> - On September 6, 2017, the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Series 2017 refunding bonds). These bonds refunded \$915,000 of the Series 2007 issue current interest bonds. These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. This is a direct placement sold to a single investor, Robert Archer. The bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to stated maturity on any date, in full at a redemption price of 100% of par. On the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund. On the government-wide financial statements, principal payments reduce the liability reported on the statement of net position.

This issue is comprised of current interest serial bonds, par value \$915,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds is 4.0%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2022.

The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$13,619. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$82,852.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the Series 2017 refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year		Current Interest Bonds						
Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal Intere			Total
2022 2023	\$	245,000 195,000	\$	6,191 1,901	\$	251,191 196,901		
Total	\$	440,000	\$	8,092	\$	448,092		

C. Other Long-Term Obligations

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid. For the District, this is the general fund and food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The capital lease obligations are described in Note 10.

The District's net pension liability is described in Note 13. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

The District's net OPEB liability/asset is described in Note 14. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9 percent of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1 percent of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2021, are a voted debt margin of \$10,863,553 (including available funds of \$406,684) and an unvoted debt margin of \$121,076.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The District belongs to the Ohio School Plan (the Plan), an unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to approximately 400 Ohio schools (Members).

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Plan is deemed a separate legal entity. The Plan provides property, general liability, educator's legal liability, automobile and violence coverages, modified for each member's needs. The Plan pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the member's specific deductible.

The Plan issues its own policies and reinsures the Plan with reinsurance carriers. Only if the Plan's paid liability loss ratio exceeds 65 percent and is less than 80 percent does the Plan contribute to paid claims. (See the Plan's audited financial statements on their website for more details.) The individual members are responsible for their self—retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member.

The Plan's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018:

	2020	 2019	 2018
Assets	\$ 13,471,241	\$ 12,967,922	\$ 12,764,109
Liabilities	4,909,663	4,843,762	4,451,197
Net position	8,561,578	8,124,160	8,312,912

You can read the complete audited financial statements for The Ohio School Plan at the Plan's website, www.ohioschoolplan.org under "Financials".

Settled claims have not exceeded these commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Employee Dishonesty Bonds

The Treasurer is covered by a \$100,000 surety bond through CAN Surety (Boales Insurance Agent, Inc. Ashland, Ohio). The remaining employees who handle money are covered with a public employees blanket bond in the amount of \$100,000.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2021, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2 A). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

D. Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association

The District has contracted with the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (the Association) to provide medical/surgical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for its employees and their covered dependents. The Association is a shared risk pool comprised of school districts that provide public education within Erie and Huron Counties. The districts pay monthly contributions that are placed in a common fund from which eligible claims and expenses are paid for employees of participating school districts and their covered dependents. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow.

In the event of withdrawal, the District shall assume and be responsible for payment of all claims of its eligible employees, families, and dependents from the effective date of withdrawal, regardless of when such claims were incurred, processed, or presented to the Association, insurance provider, insurance consultant, or any other appropriate or authorized person or representative; provided further, any such claims, which are paid after the effective date of withdrawal by the Association insurance provider or insurance consultant, or charged to such parties, shall be reimbursed in full by any withdrawing member upon demand of the Association.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee - on a deferred-payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 14 for the required OPEB disclosures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the start of a COLA for future retirees. For 2021, the COLA was 0.5%.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$178,446 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$13,605 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$699,043 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$128,012 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS		Total
Proportion of the net pension						
liability prior measurement date	0	.04024850%	0	0.03796892%		
Proportion of the net pension						
liability current measurement date	0.03636420%		0.03866239%			
Change in proportionate share	-0	-0.00388430%		0.00069347%		
Proportionate share of the net			*			
pension liability	\$	2,405,205	\$	9,354,923	\$	11,760,128
Pension expense	\$	227,400	\$	1,154,613	\$	1,382,013

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	 Total
Deferred outflows of resources		 	
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 4,672	\$ 20,990	\$ 25,662
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	152,682	454,935	607,617
Changes of assumptions	-	502,177	502,177
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	18,729	108,875	127,604
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	178,446	 699,043	877,489
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 354,529	\$ 1,786,020	\$ 2,140,549

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS	 STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 59,817	\$ 59,817
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	133,397	164,555	297,952
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 133,397	\$ 224,372	\$ 357,769

\$877,489 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2022	\$ (65,332)	\$	258,581	\$	193,249
2023	(3,425)		134,145		130,720
2024	63,639		238,856		302,495
2025	 47,804		231,023		278,827
Total	\$ 42,686	\$	862,605	\$	905,291

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage inflation

Future salary increases, including inflation

COLA or ad hoc COLA

Investment rate of return

Actuarial cost method

3.00%

3.50% to 18.20%

2.50%

7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation

Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2020, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	3,294,837	\$	2,405,205	\$	1,658,787		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2020
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%

For the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Dis	count Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share						_
of the net pension liability	\$	13,319,781	\$	9,354,923	\$	5,995,035

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

See Note 13 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the District's surcharge obligation was \$25,422.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$25,422 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$25,422 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liability (Asset) OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS			Total
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability (asset) prior measurement date	0.	04109070%	0	.03796892%		
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability (asset) current measurement date	0.03802180%		0.03866239%			
Change in proportionate share	-0.	-0.00306890%		0.00069347%		
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$	826,338	\$	=	\$	826,338
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB (asset)	\$	-	\$	(679,491)	\$	(679,491)
OPEB expense	\$	(6,450)	\$	(44,893)	\$	(51,343)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		 Total
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	10,852	\$	43,539	\$ 54,391
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		9,312		23,813	33,125
Changes of assumptions		140,862		11,217	152,079
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		40,180		7,250	47,430
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		25,422			25,422
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	226,628	\$	85,819	\$ 312,447

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	420,250	\$	135,346	\$	555,596
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions		20,813		645,402		666,215
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		97,735		20,936		118,671
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	538,798	\$	801,684	\$	1,340,482

\$25,422 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:							
2022	\$	(66,987)	\$	(179,959)	\$	(246,946)	
2023		(66,317)		(163,841)		(230,158)	
2024		(66,425)		(158,191)		(224,616)	
2025		(62,721)		(149,373)		(212,094)	
2026		(52,753)		(31,826)		(84,579)	
Thereafter		(22,389)		(32,675)		(55,064)	
Total	\$	(337,592)	\$	(715,865)	\$	(1,053,457)	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	2.45%
Prior measurement date	3.13%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	2.63%
Prior measurement date	3.22%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45%, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.13% was used as of June 30, 2019. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%).

			(Current		
	19⁄	1% Decrease		count Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,011,417	\$	826,338	\$	679,200
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	650,678	\$	826,338	\$	1,061,240

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2019, are presented below:

	July 1, 2020		July 1, 2019		
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20) to	12.50% at age 20	0 to	
·	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of invexpenses, inclu	vestment	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%	8	3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.45%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.87%	4.00%	
Medicare	-6.69%	4.00%	4.93%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	7.73%	4.00%	
Medicare	11.87%	4.00%	9.62%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB (asset) as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB (asset) as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB (asset) as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease			Current count Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(591,201)	\$	(679,491)	\$	(754,401)
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(749,752)	\$	(679,491)	\$	(593,903)

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fun	
Budget basis	\$	696,804
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		177,050
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(174,881)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		107,345
Funds budgeted elsewhere		74,310
Adjustment for encumbrances		104,636
GAAP basis	\$	985,264

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the rotary – special services fund, the transportation-shared services fund and the public school support fund.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to legal proceedings that would have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As a result of the final fiscal year 2021 FTE reviews, an immaterial intergovernmental payable due to ODE from the District.

NOTE 17 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated. During fiscal year 2021, the District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvemen			
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	-		
Current year set-aside requirement		152,876		
Current year qualifying expenditures		(322,282)		
Current year offsets		(74,563)		
Total	\$	(243,969)		
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2022	\$	-		
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	-		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

In prior fiscal years, the District issued \$2,130,000 in classroom facilities general obligation bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount to zero for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$2,130,000 at June 30, 2021.

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the capital acquisitions reserve, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements for future years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTE 19 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End					
Fund	Enc	Encumbrances					
General Other governmental	\$	98,410 118,389					
Total	\$	216,799					

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

For fiscal year 2022, District foundation funding received from the state of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school and scholarship funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the District were funded to the District who, in turn, made the payment to the respective school. For fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$800,679 in revenue and expenditures/expense related to these programs. Also, during fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$608,533 in tuition and fees from the resident school districts which will be direct funded to the District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each District. The District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{NEW LONDON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT} \\ \textbf{HURON COUNTY, OHIO} \end{array}$

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03636420%		0.40248500%		0.03840770%		0.03913930%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,405,205	\$	2,408,138	\$	2,199,680	\$	2,338,487
District's covered payroll	\$	1,363,929	\$	1,348,304	\$	1,305,674	\$	1,247,650
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		176.34%		178.60%		168.47%		187.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	2017	7 2016			2015	2014			
(0.03889070%	().04071650%	(0.04387900%	C	0.04387900%		
\$	2,846,440	\$	2,323,323	\$	2,220,691	\$	2,609,343		
\$	1,191,507	\$	1,225,781	\$	1,275,036	\$	1,296,705		
	238.89%		189.54%		174.17%		201.23%		
	62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03866239%		0.03796892%		0.03900581%		0.03874138%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	9,354,923	\$	8,396,598	\$	8,576,502	\$	9,203,098
District's covered payroll	\$	4,678,914	\$	4,497,814	\$	4,400,014	\$	4,465,536
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		199.94%		186.68%		194.92%		206.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.48%		77.40%		77.31%		75.30%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2017	2016			2015	2014			
0.03943759%	(0.03898465%	C	0.04009894%		0.04009894%		
\$ 13,200,950	\$	10,774,217	\$	9,753,450	\$	11,618,246		
\$ 4,037,543	\$	4,067,393	\$	4,097,008	\$	4,170,308		
326.96%		264.89%		238.06%		278.59%		
66.80%		72.10%		74.70%		69.30%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	2020	 2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 178,446	\$ 190,950	\$ 182,021	\$ 176,266
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (178,446)	(190,950)	 (182,021)	 (176,266)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,274,614	\$ 1,363,929	\$ 1,348,304	\$ 1,305,674
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 2017	2016		16 2015		 2014	 2013	2012		
\$ 174,671	\$	166,811	\$	161,558	\$ 176,720	\$ 179,464	\$	170,082	
 (174,671)		(166,811)		(161,558)	 (176,720)	 (179,464)		(170,082)	
\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$ 1,247,650	\$	1,191,507	\$	1,225,781	\$ 1,275,036	\$ 1,296,705	\$	1,264,550	
14.00%		14.00%		13.18%	13.86%	13.84%		13.45%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 699,043	\$ 655,048	\$ 629,694	\$ 616,002
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (699,043)	(655,048)	 (629,694)	(616,002)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,993,164	\$ 4,678,914	\$ 4,497,814	\$ 4,400,014
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2017	 2016	 2015	2014		2013		2012	
\$ 625,175	\$ 565,256	\$ 569,435	\$	532,611	\$	542,140	\$	549,584
 (625,175)	 (565,256)	 (569,435)		(532,611)		(542,140)		(549,584)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
\$ 4,465,536	\$ 4,037,543	\$ 4,067,393	\$	4,097,008	\$	4,170,308	\$	4,227,569
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		13.00%		13.00%		13.00%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	(0.03802180%	0.04109070%	0.03905550%	0.03971540%	0.03942808%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	826,338	\$ 1,033,345	\$ 1,083,505	\$ 1,065,857	\$ 1,123,846
District's covered payroll	\$	1,363,929	\$ 1,348,304	\$ 1,305,674	\$ 1,247,650	\$ 1,191,507
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		60.59%	76.64%	82.98%	85.43%	94.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	(0.03866239%	0.03796892%	0.03900581%	0.03874138%	0.03943759%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(679,491)	\$ (628,856)	\$ (626,783)	\$ 1,511,546	\$ 2,109,133
District's covered payroll	\$	4,678,914	\$ 4,497,814	\$ 4,400,014	\$ 4,465,536	\$ 4,037,543
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		14.52%	13.98%	14.25%	33.85%	52.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		182.10%	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.33%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	2020	 2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 25,422	\$ 25,782	\$ 31,091	\$ 28,031
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (25,422)	(25,782)	 (31,091)	 (28,031)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,274,614	\$ 1,363,929	\$ 1,348,304	\$ 1,305,674
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.99%	1.89%	2.31%	2.15%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	2012		
\$ 21,637	\$ 20,022	\$ 32,425	\$ 24,204	\$ 24,765	\$	25,794	
 (21,637)	 (20,022)	 (32,425)	(24,204)	 (24,765)		(25,794)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$ 1,247,650	\$ 1,191,507	\$ 1,225,781	\$ 1,275,036	\$ 1,296,705	\$	1,264,550	
1.73%	1.68%	2.65%	1.90%	1.91%		2.04%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2020	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 	 	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,993,164	\$ 4,678,914	\$ 4,497,814	\$ 4,400,014
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2017		2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	2012		
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 41,580	\$ 41,703	\$	42,276	
			 	 (41,580)	 (41,703)		(42,276)	
\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	_	
\$ 4,465,536	\$	4,037,543	\$ 4,067,393	\$ 4,097,008	\$ 4,170,308	\$	4,227,569	
0.00%		0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%		1.00%	

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2021.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2019-2021.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2021.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%. For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021. For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial -4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

National School Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster Cash Assistance 10.553 \$ 69.797 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.553 \$ 5.412 Total School Breakfast Program 10.553 \$ 5.412 Total School Breakfast Program 10.553 \$ 5.412 Total School Breakfast Program 10.555 194.034 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.555 194.034 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.555 21.740 Non-Cash Assistance 10.558 21.79 Covid and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 2.179 Covid and Adult Care Food Program 2.395 21.79 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.558 2.16 Covid and Adult Care Food Program 2.395 21.79 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.558 2.16 Covid and Adult Care Food Program 2.395 21.79 Covid and Adult Care Food Program 2.395 21.79 Covid and Adult Care Food Program 2.395 21.79 Covid Covid Assistance 2.395 21.79 Covid Covi	FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Federal Expenditures
School Breakfast Program Cash Assistance 10.553 \$ 69,797	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
School Breakfast Program	Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Cash Assistance 10.553 \$ 63,797 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.553 5,412 Total School Breakfast Program 75,209 National School Lunch Program 23,200 Cash Assistance 10.555 194,034 COVID-19 Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 21,740 Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 23,7215 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 328,198 Child and Adult Care Food Program 252,989 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 2,179 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.558 2,179 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.558 2,16 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 330,593 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY 2395 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 21,019 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 230,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 24,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 25,242 Special Education Cluster (IDEA): 20,064 Special Education Preschool Grant to States 84,027 <td< td=""><td>Child Nutrition Cluster:</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Child Nutrition Cluster:		
Total School Breakfast Program 10.553 5.412	G		
National School Lunch Program 75,209			
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance 10.555 194,034 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.555 21,740 Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 37,215 Total National School Lunch Program 252,989 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 328,198 Child and Adult Care Food Program 2328,198 Child and Adult Care Food Program Cash Assistance 10.558 2.179 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.558 2.18 Total Child and Adult Care Food Program 2.395 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.558 2.16 Total Child and Adult Care Food Program 2.395 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 2.395 Covid Cash Cash Cash Cash Cash Cash Cash Cash		10.553	
Cash Assistance 10.555 194,034 COVID-19 Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 21,740 Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 37,215 Total National School Lunch Program 252,989 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 328,198 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 2,179 Cash Assistance 10.558 2,16 Total Child and Adult Care Food Program 2,395 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 330,593 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY 330,593 V.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY 21.019 163,242 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 21.019 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 25.004 20.004 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 20.004 20.004 Special Education - Crant to States 84.027 205.064 Special Education - Freschool Grants 84.173 4.475 Total Special Education Algencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant	Total School Breakfast Program		75,209
COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.555 21,740	National School Lunch Program		
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)			194,034
Total National School Lunch Program 252,998			21,740
Total Child Nutrition Cluster 328,198	,	10.555	
Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 2,179 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.558 216 Total Child and Adult Care Food Program 2,395 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 330,593 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY 21.019 163,242 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 21.019 163,242 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 29 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 29 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 29 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 20 205,064 Special Education - Grant to States 84.027 205,064 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 209,539 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 1	Total National School Lunch Program		252,989
Cash Assistance 10.558 2,179 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.558 216 Total Child and Adult Care Food Program 2,395 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 330,593 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY 21.019 163,242 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 21.019 163,242 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 21.019 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 22.02 20.02 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 3.02 20.02 Special Education Cluster (IDEA): 3.02 20.064 Special Education of Unster (IDEA): 209,539 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 209,539 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425D 146,918	Total Child Nutrition Cluster		328,198
COVID-19 Cash Assistance	Child and Adult Care Food Program		
Total Child and Adult Care Food Program 2,395 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 330,593 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 163,242 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA): 84.027 205,064 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 209,539 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total U.S. Department of Education 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Cash Assistance	10.558	2,179
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 163,242 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grant to States Special Education - Preschool Grants 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.367 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Reli		10.558	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 21.019 163,242 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grant to States 84.027 205,064 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 209,539 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 146,918 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Total Child and Adult Care Food Program		2,395
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 163,242 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 163,242 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grant to States 84.027 205,064 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 209,539 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		330,593
Total U.S. Department of Treasury U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grant to States 84.027 205,064 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY		
Total U.S. Department of Treasury U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 1 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education Stabilization Fund 1,156,292	Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grant to States 84.027 205,064 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 209,539 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education	COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	163,242
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grant to States 84.027 205,064 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 209,539 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education	Total U.S. Department of Treasury		163,242
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):Special Education - Grant to States84.027205,064Special Education - Preschool Grants84.1734,475Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)209,539Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies84.010239,258Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant84.371407,274Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants84.36731,556Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.42415,128COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund84.425D146,918Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund253,537Total U.S. Department of Education1,156,292	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Special Education - Grant to States 84.027 205,064 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 4,475 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 209,539 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education	Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Special Education - Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Special Education Cluster (IDEA):		
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Special Education - Grant to States	84.027	205,064
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 239,258 Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	4,475
Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant 84.371 407,274 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		209,539
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 31,556 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 15,128 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	239,258
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 116,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant	84.371	407,274
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I 84.425D 146,918 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	31,556
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	15,128
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II 84.425D 106,619 Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund		
Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 253,537 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I	84.425D	146,918
Total U.S. Department of Education 1,156,292		84.425D	106,619
	Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards <u>\$ 1,650,127</u>	Total U.S. Department of Education		1,156,292
	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 1,650,127

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of New London Local School District, Huron County, Ohio (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar state grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2021 to 2022 programs:

	CFDA		
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	Amt.	<u>Transferred</u>
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	\$	745
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	65,952
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	\$	23,930
Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358	\$	16,472
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	\$	47
Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant	84.371	\$	404,535
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	\$	13,437

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88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

New London Local School District Huron County 2 Wildcat Drive New London, Ohio 44851-9262

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of New London Local School District, Huron County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2022, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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New London Local School District
Huron County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 29, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

New London Local School District Huron County 2 Wildcat Drive New London, Ohio 44851-9262

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited New London Local School District, Huron County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of New London Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

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New London Local School District
Huron County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, New London Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 29, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster Comprehensive Literacy State Development Subgrant CFDA #84.371
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

None

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NEW LONDON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HURON COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 4/12/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370