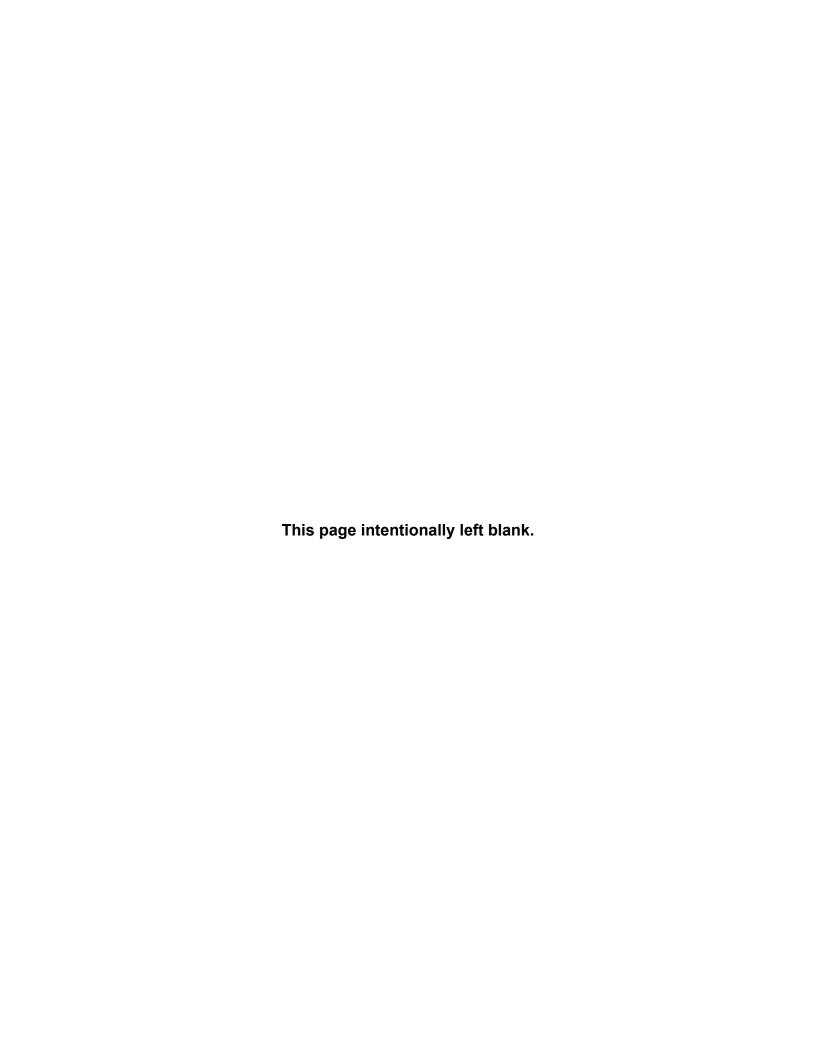




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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Georgetown Exempted Village School District Brown County 1043 Mount Orab Pike Georgetown, Ohio 45121

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Georgetown Exempted Village School District, Brown County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Georgetown Exempted Village School District Brown County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District 's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements.

Georgetown Exempted Village School District Brown County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 31, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 31, 2023

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis of the Georgetown Exempted Village School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, within the limitations of the School District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$654,467 from June 30, 2021. The School District was able to increase net position primarily through increases in program receipts while controlling disbursements to maintain an operating surplus.
- The School District's general receipts, those being primarily property taxes and unrestricted state entitlements were 76.86 percent of the total cash receipts received during fiscal year 2022, as compared to 70.96 percent in fiscal year 2021.
- The School District issued \$2,225,000 in Series 2022 School Improvement Refunding Bonds during fiscal year 2022.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the School District's cash basis of accounting.

The School District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses and the related assets and liabilities. Under the School District's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements and the related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result in cash transactions.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion with this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting an aggregate view of the School District's cash basis finances.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The School District's major funds for fiscal year 2022 were the General and Permanent Improvement funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the School District did financially during fiscal year 2022, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the School District is responsible.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Program receipts include charges paid by the receipt of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identified how each governmental function draws from the School District's general receipts.

These statements report the School District's net position and changes in the net position on a cash basis. Factors which contribute to these changes may also include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, all of the School District's activities are presented as governmental activities. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, food services, extracurricular activities, and capital outlay disbursements.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General and Permanent Improvement funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various School District programs. Since the School District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net assets and fund cash balances or changes in net assets and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements.

The School District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a cash basis. The budgetary statement for the general fund is presented to demonstrate the School District's compliance with annually adopted budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. The financial statements were prepared on cash-basis utilizing the GASB Statement No. 34 format.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Table 1 - Net Position

	_	Governmental Activities							
	_	2022		2021					
Assets Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>\$</u>	9,524,533	\$	8,870,066					
Net Position Restricted Unrestricted	\$	1,575,489 7,949,044	\$	1,720,906 7,149,160					
Total net position	\$	9,524,533	\$	8,870,066					

As mentioned previously, the total net position increased \$654,467. The primary reasons contributing to the increase in cash balances was an increase in program receipts and containment of overall disbursements within total available receipts.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021:

Table 2 - Change in Net Position

		Governmental Activition	es
			Net Increase
	2022	2021	(Decrease)
Receipts:			
Program receipts:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 461,494	\$ 1,222,034	\$ (760,540)
Operating grants and contributions	3,447,399	2,852,817	594,582
Capital grants and contributions		53,870	(53,870)
Total program receipts	3,908,893	4,128,721	(219,828)
General receipts:			
Property taxes	3,186,948	2,905,731	281,217
Unrestricted grants	7,468,948	7,087,218	381,730
Investment earnings	73,379	73,303	76
Miscellaneous	25,550	20,856	4,694
Sale of refunding bonds	2,225,000	-	2,225,000
-		10.007.100	
Total general receipts	12,979,825	10,087,108	2,892,717
Total receipts	16,888,718	14,215,829	2,672,889
Disbursements:			
Instruction:			
Regular	6,350,268	6,328,434	21,834
Special	1,746,014	1,650,359	95,655
Vocational	166,163	153,682	12,481
Other	8,394	20,621	(12,227)
Support services:	0,374	20,021	(12,227)
Pupil	859,898	962,454	(102,556)
Instructional staff	153,242	237,095	(83,853)
Board of education	25,139	17,240	7,899
Administration	928,375	911,717	16,658
Fiscal	384,416	370,695	13,721
Business	46,943	44,297	2,646
Operations and maintenance	1,066,019	858,455	207,564
Pupil transportation	580,745	628,833	(48,088)
Central	65,446	50,602	14,844
Operations of non-instructional services	17,844	10,618	7,226
Food service operations	516,862	458,352	58,510
Extracurricular	353,635	271,261	82,374
Facilities acquisition and construction	14,600	11,083	3,517
Debt service	327,523	366,599	(39,076)
Bond issuance costs	39,550	-	39,550
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	2,583,175		2,583,175
Total disbursements	16,234,251	13,352,397	2,881,854
Increase in net position	\$ 654,467	\$ 863,432	\$ (208,965)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Program receipts represent 23.14 percent of total receipts and are primarily represented by restricted intergovernmental receipts, charges for tuition and fees, extracurricular activities and food service sales. General receipts represent 76.86 percent of the School District's total receipts and are comprised of property taxes, unrestricted grants and entitlements, investment earnings and miscellaneous. Unrestricted grants and entitlements, which primarily represent State resources for school funding are 44.22 percent of the School District's total receipts. Property taxes are 18.87 percent of the School District's total receipts. Other miscellaneous receipts represent less than 1 percent of the School District's total receipts and are insignificant and somewhat unpredictable receipt sources.

The major program disbursements for governmental activities are instructional, which accounts for 50.95 percent of all governmental disbursements. Support services, which include pupil, instructional staff, board, administration, fiscal business, operations and maintenance, pupil transportation and central, account for 25.32 percent of all governmental disbursements.

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identified the cost of those services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3 presents a comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost for fiscal years 2022 and 2021

	Table 3 - Governmental Activities							
	T	otal Cost of Services 2022	N	Net Cost of Services 2022	To	otal Cost of Services 2021	N	Vet Cost of Services 2021
Cash disbursements:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	6,350,268	\$	5,177,448	\$	6,328,434	\$	4,995,461
Special		1,746,014		398,632		1,650,359		214,138
Vocational		166,163		35,204		153,682		46,742
Student intervention services								
Other		8,394		8,394		20,621		20,621
Basic utility services								
Support services:								
Pupil		859,898		594,557		962,454		409,799
Instructional staff		153,242		111,495		237,095		122,889
Board of education		25,139		25,139		17,240		17,240
Administration		928,375		928,375		911,717		911,717
Fiscal		384,416		384,416		370,695		370,695
Business		46,943		46,943		44,297		44,297
Operations and maintenance		1,066,019		1,060,744		858,455		851,228
Pupil transportation		580,745		569,337		628,833		570,340
Central		65,446		65,446		50,602		50,602
Operations of non-instructional services		17,844		(180)		10,618		20
Food service operations		516,862		(204,238)		458,352		40,977
Extracurricular		353,635		158,798		271,261		179,228
Facilities acquisition and construction		14,600		14,600		11,083		11,083
Debt service		327,523		327,523		366,599		366,599
Bond issuance costs		39,550		39,550		-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		2,583,175		2,583,175		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total	\$	16,234,251	\$	12,325,358	\$	13,352,397	\$	9,223,676

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with 75.92 percent of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had receipts of \$17,478,718 (including other financing sources) and disbursements of \$16,824,251 (including other financing uses). The General fund experienced an increase in fund balance of \$348,815, as receipts continued to outpace disbursements.

The Permanent Improvement fund had an increase of \$451,069 due primarily due to fewer capital and maintenance projects during the year. Other governmental funds decreased by \$145,417.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General fund.

Original budgeted revenues were \$11,533,189, while final budgeted revenues were \$11,034,429 (including other financing sources). Actual receipts and other financing sources came in \$224,656 greater than the final budgeted receipts. Intergovernmental receipts from state foundation funding came in higher than anticipated.

Final disbursements were budgeted at \$12,163,143 (including other financing uses) while actual disbursements (including other financing uses) were \$10,998,170. The School District was able to keep overall spending in the General fund below budgeted amounts.

Debt Administration

During fiscal year 2022, the District issued Series 2022 School Improvement Refunding Bonds to refund the 2012 Classroom Facilities Refunding Bonds.

At June 30, 2022, the School District's outstanding debt totaled \$2,378,000. For further information regarding the School District's debt, refer to Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The School District, like most governmental entities, is faced with budget challenges during the current economic climate. The School District relies heavily on State receipts as well as local property tax receipts to fund its operations.

For fiscal years 2022 and 2023, State funding for the District is based on the biennial budget as contained in House Bill 110 approved in June 2021. The District received flat funding in fiscal year 2022 and as of the date of these financial statements, projections for the School District's state funding are a 3% increase for fiscal year 2023. Much uncertainty exists for fiscal years 2024 and beyond in the state and local economy and the ultimate impact on state and local revenues is yet to be fully determined.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Eric Toole, Treasurer of Georgetown Exempted Village School District, 1043 Mt. Orab Pike, Georgetown, Ohio 45121.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2022

		overnmental Activities
Assets:	¢	0.520.760
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	9,520,769 3,764
Total assets	·	9,524,533
Net position:		
Restricted for:		
Unclaimed monies	\$	3,764
Debt service		791,068
Capital projects		9,912
Classroom facilities maintenance		258,140
Scholarships		110,901
Food service operations		233,031
Student activities		107,845
Miscellaneous grants		32,110
State funded programs		11,861
Federally funded programs		16,857
Unrestricted		7,949,044
Total net position	\$	9,524,533

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net

				Progran	ı Receij	pts	R	Net sbursements) eceipts and Change in et Position
	D:	sbursements	Charges for Services and Sales		G	Operating Grants and Intributions		overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:	DI	spursements	a	nu saies		ontributions		Activities
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	6,350,268	\$	100,450	\$	1,072,370	\$	(5,177,448)
Special		1,746,014		158,440		1,188,942		(398,632)
Vocational		166,163		_		130,959		(35,204)
Other		8,394		-		-		(8,394)
Support services:								
Pupil		859,898		1,449		263,892		(594,557)
Instructional staff		153,242		-		41,747		(111,495)
Board of education		25,139		-		-		(25,139)
Administration		928,375		-		-		(928,375)
Fiscal		384,416		-		-		(384,416)
Business		46,943		-		-		(46,943)
Operations and maintenance		1,066,019		-		5,275		(1,060,744)
Pupil transportation		580,745		-		11,408		(569,337)
Central		65,446		-		-		(65,446)
Operation of non-instructional services		17,844		-		18,024		180
Food service operations		516,862		25,519		695,581		204,238
Extracurricular activities		353,635		175,636		19,201		(158,798)
Facilities acquisition and construction		14,600		-		-		(14,600)
Debt service:		00.50						(00 =0 =)
Principal retirement		82,735		-		-		(82,735)
Interest and fiscal charges		244,788		-		-		(244,788)
Bond issuance costs		39,550		-		-		(39,550)
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	-	2,583,175						(2,583,175)
Totals	\$	16,234,251	\$	461,494	\$	3,447,399		(12,325,358)
				ral receipts: erty taxes levied	l for:			
			Gen	eral purposes				2,569,403
			Deb	ot service				419,788
			Cap	ital outlay				150,044
				ssroom facilities and entitleme				47,713
				s and entitieme ecific program		restricted		7,468,948
			-	tment earnings	J			73,379
				of refunding bo	nds			2,225,000
				ellaneous				25,550
			Total	general receipt	S			12,979,825
			Chan	ge in net position	on			654,467
			Net p	osition at begi	inning	of year		8,870,066
			Net p	osition at end	of year	•	\$	9,524,533

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		General	Permanent aprovement	Gov	onmajor vernmental Funds	Total ernmental Funds
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,596,750	\$ 1,352,294	\$	1,571,725	\$ 9,520,769
Restricted assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	-	3,764	 			 3,764
Total assets	\$	6,600,514	\$ 1,352,294	\$	1,571,725	\$ 9,524,533
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Unclaimed monies	\$	3,764	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3,764
Restricted:						
Debt service		-	-		791,068	791,068
Capital improvements		-	-		9,912	9,912
Classroom facilities maintenance		-	-		258,140	258,140
Scholarships		-	-		110,901	110,901
Food service operations		-	-		233,031	233,031
Student activities		-	-		107,845	107,845
Miscellaneous grants		-	-		32,110	32,110
State funded programs		-	-		11,861	11,861
Federally funded programs		-	-		16,857	16,857
Committed:						
Permanent improvements		-	1,352,294		-	1,352,294
Termination benefits		233,261	-		-	233,261
Assigned:						
Student instruction		32,734	-		-	32,734
Student and staff support		43,910	-		-	43,910
Unassigned		6,286,845	 			 6,286,845
Total fund balances	\$	6,600,514	\$ 1,352,294	\$	1,571,725	\$ 9,524,533

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Properly taxes		 General	ermanent provement	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Interposemmental R\$4,0775 17,186 2,524.432 72,525 72,525 72,525 72,525 72,525 72,525 72,525 72,708 72,7	-					
Investment carnings 73,379 .	• •	\$ 	\$	\$ /	\$	
Tution and fees			17,186			
Persona	<u> </u>	,	-	1,851		,
Charges for services - 2,5,19 25,519 Contributions and donations - 2,2,572 22,572 Miscellaneous 25,550 - 3,531 29,081 Total receipts 11,273,997 167,230 3,221 14,663,718 Discussions Urrent Urrent 10,60,019 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		258,890	-	-		•
Contributions and donations 2.5.75 2.2.572 2.2.572 2.2.572 2.2.573 2.2.5		-	-	,		•
		-	-	-		•
Total receipts 11,273,997 167,230 3,222,491 14,663,718		-	-			
Disbursements: Current: Cur		 •	-	•		
Instruction:	Total receipts	 11,273,997	167,230	 3,222,491		14,663,718
Regular						
Regular 5.273.195 12.988 1,064,085 6.350,268 Special 1,148,039 - 597.975 1,746,014 Vocational 166,163 - - 166,163 Other 8,394 - - 8,394 Support services: Temport services: Temport services Temport services Temport services 176,136 859,898 Instructional staff 88,182 - 65,060 153,242 Board of education 25,139 - - 225,139 Administration 928,375 - - 225,139 Administration 928,375 - - 28,875 Fiscal 362,916 4,994 16,506 384,416 Business 46,943 - - 46,943 Operations and maintenance 795,422 228,092 42,505 1,060,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 - - 65,446 Operation of non-instructional services - -						
			4.000	4 0 6 4 0 0 7		6.0.0.0.60
Vocational Other 166,163 cm - - 166,163 cm - - 166,163 cm - - 8,394 cm - - 166,163 cm - - 8,394 cm - - 8,394 cm - - 8,394 cm - - - 8,394 cm - - - 2,513 cm - - 25,139 cm -			12,988			
Other 8,394 - - 8,394 Support services: 88,182 - 176,136 859,898 Instructional staff 88,182 - 65,060 133,242 Board of education 25,139 - - 25,139 Administration 928,375 - - 228,375 Fiscal 362,916 4,994 16,506 384,416 Business 46,943 - - - 46,943 Operations and maintenance 795,422 228,092 42,505 1,066,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 - - - 580,745 Central 65,446 - - - 55,446 Operation of non-instructional services - - 1,682 516,862 Extraccurricular activities 162,461 - 191,174 353,655 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Interest and fiscal charges - 9,4	•	, ,	-	597,975		
Support services: Pupil 683,762 - 176,136 859,888 Instructional staff 88,182 - 65,060 153,242 Board of education 25,139 - 2 225,139 Administration 928,375 - 2 228,075 Fiscal 362,916 4,994 16,506 384,416 Business 46,943 46,943 Operations and maintenance 795,422 228,092 42,505 1,066,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 - 2 28,092 42,505 1,066,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 5 50,446 Operation of non-instructional services 17,844 17,844 Food service operations 18,446 191,174 333,635 Extracurricular activities 162,461 191,174 333,635 Extracurricular activities 162,461 191,174 333,635 Facilities acquisition and construction 14,600 Debt service: 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges 30,000 40,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 400,000 400,000 Transfers (out) 590,000 590,000 Transfers (out) (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Transfers (out) (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Transfers (out) (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,71,142 8,870,066		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-		*
Pupil		8,394	-	-		8,394
Instructional staff 88,182 - 65,060 153,242 Board of education 25,139 - - 228,375 Fiscal 362,916 4,994 16,506 384,416 Business 46,943 - - 46,943 Operations and maintenance 795,422 228,092 42,505 1,066,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 - - 580,745 Central 65,466 - - - 580,745 Central 65,466 - - - 65,466 Operation of non-instructional services - - - 17,844 17,844 Food service operations - - - 16,862 516,862 Extracurricular activities 162,461 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 14,600 Det service: - - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges </td <td>• •</td> <td>602.762</td> <td></td> <td>156126</td> <td></td> <td>0.70.000</td>	• •	602.762		156126		0.70.000
Board of education 25,139 - - 25,139 Administration 928,375 - 1 228,375 Fiscal 362,916 4,994 16,506 384,416 Business 46,943 - - 46,943 Operations and maintenance 795,422 228,092 42,505 1,066,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 - - 580,745 Central 65,446 - - - 580,745 Central 65,446 - - - 65,446 Operation of non-instructional services - - 17,844 18,245 18,245 18,245 18,245 18,245 18,245 1	•	*	-	,		
Administration 928,375 - - 928,375 Fiscal 362,916 4,994 16,506 384,416 Business 46,943 - - 46,943 Operations and maintenance 795,422 228,902 42,505 1,066,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 - - 580,745 Central 65,446 - - 65,446 Operation of non-instructional services - - 17,844 17,844 Food service operations - - - 516,862 516,862 Extracurricular activities 162,461 - - 14,600 Debt service: - - 14,600 - 14,600 Extracurricular activities - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Facilities acquisition and construction - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Principal retirement - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Interest and fiscal charges - 9,487		,	-	65,060		,
Fiscal 362,916 4,994 16,506 384,416 Business 46,943 - - 46,943 Operations and maintenance 75,822 228,092 42,505 1,066,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 - - 580,745 Central 65,446 - - 65,446 Operation of non-instructional services - - 516,862 516,862 Extracurricular activities 162,461 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Incress and fiscal charges - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - - 39,550 39,550 <t< td=""><td></td><td>*</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		*	-	-		
Business 46,943 - - 46,943 Operations and maintenance 795,422 228,092 42,505 1,066,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 - - - 580,745 Central 65,446 - - 65,446 Operation of non-instructional services - - 11,844 17,844 Food service operations - - 516,862 516,862 Extracurricular activities 162,461 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 14,600 Debt service: - - 14,600 - 14,600 Debt service: - - 14,600 - 14,600 Principal retirement - - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges - - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - - - 39,550 39,550		*	-	-		
Operations and maintenance 795,422 228,092 42,505 1,066,019 Pupil transportation 580,745 - - 580,745 Central 65,446 - - 65,446 Operation of non-instructional services - - 17,844 17,844 Food service operations - - - 516,862 516,862 Extracurricular activities 162,461 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 14,600 Debt service: - - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - - 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Exce		*	4,994	16,506		,
Pupil transportation 580,745 - - 580,745 Central 65,446 - - 65,446 Operation of non-instructional services - - 17,844 17,844 Food service operations - - 516,862 516,862 Extracurricular activities 162,461 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 14,600 Debt service: **** *** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** *** *** ***		*	-	-		,
Central Operation of non-instructional services 65,446 or 17,844 or 18,842 o	•	*	228,092	42,505		
Operation of non-instructional services - - 17,844 17,844 Food service operations - - - 516,862 516,862 Extracurricular activities 162,461 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 14,600 Debt service: - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - - 39,550 39,550 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000)	1 1	*	-	-		*
Food service operations - - 516,862 516,862 Extracurricular activities 162,461 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 14,600 Debt service: Principal retirement - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - - 39,550 39,550 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Excess of receipts over (under) 4 4,000 4,000 4,000 Excess of receipts over (under) 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - 590,000 - 590,000 Payment to ref		65,446	-	17.044		*
Extracurricular activities 162,461 - 191,174 353,635 Facilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 14,600 Debt service: - 14,600 - 14,600 Principal retirement - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - - 39,550 39,550 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Excess of receipts over (under) 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	1	-	-			
Pacilities acquisition and construction - 14,600 - 14,600	•	1.60.461	-			
Debt service: Principal retirement - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - - - 39,550 39,550 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Excess of receipts over (under) g38,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467		162,461	14.600	191,174		
Principal retirement - 36,000 46,735 82,735 Interest and fiscal charges - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - - - 39,550 39,550 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - - - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - - (590,000) - - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825		-	14,600	-		14,600
Interest and fiscal charges - 9,487 235,301 244,788 Bond issuance costs - - - 39,550 39,550 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - - 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - - - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>26,000</td><td>46.725</td><td></td><td>92.725</td></t<>			26,000	46.725		92.725
Bond issuance costs - - 39,550 39,550 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	•	-	*	,		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - 400,000 400,000 Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	Č .	-	9,487	ŕ		
Total disbursements 10,335,182 306,161 3,409,733 14,051,076 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066		-	-	*		
Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	•	 10 225 192	206.161			
disbursements 938,815 (138,931) (187,242) 612,642 Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	Total disbursements	 10,335,182	306,161	3,409,733		14,051,076
Other refunding sources (uses): Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	. , ,					
Sale of refunding bonds - - 2,225,000 2,225,000 Transfers in - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	disbursements	 938,815	(138,931)	 (187,242)		612,642
Transfers in - 590,000 - 590,000 Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	Other refunding sources (uses):					
Transfers (out) (590,000) - - (590,000) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	Sale of refunding bonds	-	-	2,225,000		2,225,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - (2,183,175) (2,183,175) Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	Transfers in	-	590,000	-		590,000
Total other financing sources (uses) (590,000) 590,000 41,825 41,825 Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	Transfers (out)	(590,000)	-	-		(590,000)
Net change in fund balances 348,815 451,069 (145,417) 654,467 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 (2,183,175)		(2,183,175)
Fund balances at beginning of year 6,251,699 901,225 1,717,142 8,870,066	Total other financing sources (uses)	 (590,000)	590,000	 41,825		41,825
	Net change in fund balances	348,815	451,069	(145,417)		654,467
Fund balances at end of year \$ 6,600,514 \$ 1,352,294 \$ 1,571,725 \$ 9,524,533	Fund balances at beginning of year	 6,251,699	901,225	 1,717,142		8,870,066
	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 6,600,514	\$ 1,352,294	\$ 1,571,725	\$	9,524,533

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	<u>O</u>	riginal		Final		Actual		Negative)
Receipts:	¢	2 265 007	¢	2.570.000	ø	2.560.402	¢	(0 (77)
Property taxes	\$	2,365,097	\$	2,579,080	\$	2,569,403	\$	(9,677)
Intergovernmental		7,883,902		8,154,962		8,346,776 73,379		191,814
Investment earnings Tuition and fees		65,000		65,000		,		8,379
Miscellaneous		1,113,660 16,309		217,143 16,309		258,889 5,562		41,746 (10,747)
								/
Total receipts		11,443,968		11,032,494		11,254,009		221,515
Disbursements:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		6,241,940		6,597,290		5,252,382		1,344,908
Special		1,020,852		1,022,468		1,150,006		(127,538)
Vocational		192,162		192,572		188,465		4,107
Other		15,500		17,425		8,394		9,031
Support services:		7.1 0.010		7 10 010		c=4 444		(4.70.700)
Pupil		518,312		518,312		671,111		(152,799)
Instructional staff		177,252		177,252		89,692		87,560
Board of education		22,781		23,281		25,259		(1,978)
Administration		954,197		955,076		930,550		24,526
Fiscal		361,808		362,122		363,991		(1,869)
Business		44,000		44,000		46,943		(2,943)
Operations and maintenance		840,535		841,035		819,151		21,884
Pupil transportation		551,808		552,082		582,499		(30,417)
Central		53,000		61,232		67,266		(6,034)
Extracurricular activities		158,996		158,996		162,461		(3,465)
Total disbursements		11,153,143		11,523,143		10,358,170		1,164,973
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over								
(under) disbursements		290,825		(490,649)		895,839		1,386,488
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year disbursements		87,286		_		706		706
Transfers (out)		(240,000)		(640,000)		(640,000)		_
Sale of capital assets		1,935		1,935		4,370		2,435
Total other financing sources (uses)		(150,779)		(638,065)		(634,924)		3,141
-								
Net change in fund balance		140,046		(1,128,714)		260,915		1,389,629
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,008,622		6,008,622		6,008,622		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		17,308		17,308		17,308		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,165,976	\$	4,897,216	\$	6,286,845	\$	1,389,629
·								

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Pri	vate-Purpose Trust		
	S	cholarship	<u>C</u>	ustodial
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,472,567	\$	50,270
Net position: Held in trust for scholarships Held for organizations and individuals	\$	1,472,567	\$	50,270
Total net position	\$	1,472,567	\$	50,270

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Priv	vate-Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship			ustodial
Additions:				
Earnings on investments	\$	11,233	\$	250
Collections as fiscal agent		<u>-</u>		128,270
Total additions		11,233		128,520
Deductions:				
Scholarships awarded		13,000		2,000
Distributions as fiscal agent		-		127,262
Total deductions		13,000		129,262
Change in net position		(1,767)		(742)
Net position at beginning of year		1,474,334		51,012
Net position at end of year	\$	1,472,567	\$	50,270

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Georgetown Exempted Village School District, Brown County, Ohio (the "School District"), is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1968 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of 60 square miles. It is located in Brown County and includes all of the Village of Georgetown, and portions of surrounding townships. The Board of Education controls the School District's two school buildings staffed by 9 administrators, 43 noncertified and 73 teaching personnel employees providing education to 1,005 students.

Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the Georgetown Exempted Village School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. The School District is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the School District, are accessible to the School District and are significant in amount to the School District. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with three organizations, one as a jointly-governed organization, one as an insurance purchasing pool, and one as a public entity shared risk and insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association, the Ohio School Boards' Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program and the Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium. These organizations are presented in Notes 12, 13, and 14 to the basic financial statements.

The School District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the School District is financially accountable.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.A., these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code Sections 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the School District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other non-exchange transactions. The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end.

The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible.

Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The School District's major funds are as follows:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> - The Permanent Improvement Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are committed for specific capital project improvements in the School District.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for cash assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for a scholarship in which the School District is the trustee of the assets. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District's custodial funds account for programs that provide college scholarships for students after graduation for which the School District has no administrative involvement, and amounts collected and paid on behalf of the Ohio Federation of Teachers union.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board at the fund level for all funds. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of disbursements on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal yearend are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year disbursements for governmental funds. At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not re-appropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2022, the School District's investments were limited to negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs), commercial paper, federal government money market funds, and funds invested in the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at cost, except for STAR Ohio.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2022 was \$73,379, which included \$23,034 assigned from other School District funds.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets represent amounts required by State statute to be set aside for unclaimed monies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The School District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The School District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the School District's cash basis of accounting.

K. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

L. Long-Term Obligations

The School District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid.

M. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. All other net position that do not meet the definition of restricted are reported as unrestricted net position. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

P. Intergovernmental Receipts

Unrestricted intergovernmental receipts received on the basis of entitlement are recorded as receipts when the entitlement is received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Receipts and Disbursements

In the Statement of Activities, receipts that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the School District's taxpayers are reported as program receipts. The School District has the following program receipts: charges for services and operating grants and contributions. All other governmental receipts are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general receipts even if restricted for a specific purpose.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "Implementation Guide Update - 2020", GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of cash, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis presented for the general fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is that encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). Additionally, the budget basis reflects activity for the General Fund only as identified in the legally adopted budget. Fund activity for separate funds in the school district budget but which are reclassified to the General Fund as a result of GASB 54 are reported in the cash basis financial statements, but not in the budget basis financials.

Reconciliation of June 30, 2022	Fur	nd Balance
Cash basis	\$	6,600,514
Encumbrances		(64,947)
GASB 54 reclassifications	_	(248,722)
Budget basis	\$	6,286,845

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred eighty days, and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Deposits

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of all School District deposits was \$1,046,786 and the bank balance of all School District deposits was \$1,251,991. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC and \$1,001,991 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS).

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2022 the School District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities				
	Measurement	6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than
<u>Investment type</u>	Value	less	months	months	months	24 months
Negotiable CDs	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 750,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Commercial paper	595,575	595,575	-	-	-	-
Federal government						
money market	14,197	14,197	-	-	-	-
STAR Ohio	5,390,812	5,390,812	750,000	750,000	500,000	1,250,000
Total	\$ 10,000,584	\$ 6,750,584	\$ 750,000	\$ 750,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,250,000

Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The School District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding that need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

The investments in commercial paper were rated P-1 and A-1 by Moody's and were rated A-1 and A+ by Standard and Poor's. The negotiable CDs are fully covered by FDIC and are not rated. The federal government money market funds carry a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District's investment policy does not address investment credit risk beyond the requirements of ORC 135.14(M)(2) which states, "Payments for investments shall be made only upon the delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the School District's investment in a single issuer. The School District has invested 40.00%, 5.96%, 0.14% and 53.90% of its investments in negotiable CDs, commercial paper and federal government money market funds, and STAR Ohio, respectively.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real property tax receipts received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in calendar year 2022 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2008 tangible personal property tax settlement was the last property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2022 were levied after October 1, 2021, on the value as of December 31, 2020. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Brown County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

	2021 Second Half Collections				2022 First Half Collections		
		Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$	116,303,570 9,234,660	92.64 7.36	\$	129,488,670 9,501,930	93.16 6.84	
Total	\$	125,538,230	100.00	\$	138,990,600	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$30.40			\$30.40		

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the School District contracted with the Ohio School Plan for the following insurance coverage:

Educational Property and Crime Liability	\$	45 097 001
Building and contents - replacement cost	Þ	45,087,901
Crime:		50,000
Employee theft - per coverage		50,000
Forgery or alteration		50,000
Inside the premises - theft of money and securities		25,000
Outside the premises - theft of money and securities		25,000
Computer fraud		50,000
Funds transfer fraud		25,000
Automobile Liability		
Liability		3,000,000
Uninsured and underinsured motorists		1,000,000
Educational Liability:		
Educational general liability:		
Per occurrence		3,000,000
Aggregate		5,000,000
Employer's liability stop-gap:		
Bodily injury by acceident		3,000,000
Bodily injury by disease		3,000,000
Fiduciary liability:		
Each fiduciary claim limit		3,000,000
Aggregate		5,000,000
Education legal liabililty:		
Errors and omissions injury limit		3,000,000
Errors and omissions aggregate		5,000,000
66 6		- , ,
Violent Act Injury and Death Benefit		
Aggregate limit		1,000,000
Death benefit limit - per member		25,000
1		- ,

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2022, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP is intended to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating members is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all members in the GRP. Each member pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Employee Medical Benefits

The School District participates in the Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium (the "Consortium"), a public entity shared risk and insurance purchasing pool (See Note 14), consisting of nine districts. The School District is responsible for providing a current listing of enrolled employees and for providing timely pro-rata payments of premiums to the Consortium for employee health coverage and benefits. The Consortium is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon termination from the Consortium, for any reason, the terminated member shall assume and be responsible for the payment of any delinquent contributions and all claims of its employees from the date of termination regardless of the date such claims were incurred.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 9 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$209,266 for fiscal year 2022.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$693,356 for fiscal year 2022.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.04158360%	0.03785973%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.04398810%	0.03839737%	
Change in proportionate share	0.00240450%	0.00053764%	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 1,623,033	\$ 4,909,448	\$ 6,532,481

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.50%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.50% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00%
Prior measurement date 7.50%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		Current				
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	6 Increase
School District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	2,700,329	\$	1,623,033	\$	714,503

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.45%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

		Current				
	19	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	9,193,560	\$	4,909,448	\$	1,289,384

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 3.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2022. It is unknown what the effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 8 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$34.256.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$34,256 for fiscal year 2021.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	04058460%	0	.03785973%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.	04475670%	0	.03839737%	
Change in proportionate share	0.	00417210%	0	.00053764%	
Proportionate share of the net			_		
OPEB liability	\$	847,057	\$	-	\$ 847,057
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB as set	\$	-	\$	(809,577)	\$ (809,577)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	1.92%
Prior measurement date	2.45%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.27%
Prior measurement date	2.63%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

	19	% Decrease		count Rate	19	% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,049,606	\$	847,057	\$	685,246
	19	6 Decrease	T1	rend Rate	19	% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	652,165	\$	847,057	\$	1,107,374

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	June 3	0, 2021	June 3	0, 2020	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20) to	12.50% at age 20) to	
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of invexpenses, include		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	-16.18%	4.00%	-6.69%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	6.50%	4.00%	
Medicare	29.98%	4.00%	11.87%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45% for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1%	Decrease	Current count Rate	1%	Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	683,158	\$ 809,577	\$	915,181
	1%	Decrease	Current end Rate	1%	Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	910,902	\$ 809,577	\$	684,279

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - DEBT

A. Debt Obligations

Debt obligations of the School District at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Balance 06/30/21	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/22	Amount Due in One Year
Classroom Facilities Refunding					
Bonds - 2012 2.88%	\$ 2,591,735	\$ -	\$ (2,591,735)	\$ -	\$ -
School Improvement Refunding					
Bonds - 2022, 1.770%	-	2,225,000	-	2,225,000	395,000
Certificate of Participation					
2007 4.92%	151,000	-	(27,000)	124,000	29,000
Certificate of Participation					
2006 4.92%	38,000		(9,000)	29,000	9,000
Total debt obligations	\$ 2,780,735	\$ 2,225,000	\$ (2,627,735)	\$ 2,378,000	\$ 433,000

Classroom Facilities Refunding Bonds - 2012

On May 22, 2012, the School District issued \$3,704,996 in classroom facilities refunding bonds (voted general obligation bonds) for the purpose of advance-refunding the Series 2004 Classroom Facilities Bonds. The bond issue included serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$2,350,000, \$1,110,000, and \$244,996, respectively. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$585,595. The bonds were being retired from the Bond Retirement nonmajor debt service fund from a voted tax levy.

During fiscal year 2022, the School District refunded the balance of the bonds (\$2,545,000) with proceeds from the Series 2022 School Improvement Refunding Bonds (general obligation bonds).

School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2022

On March 10, 2022, the School District issued \$2,225,000 in Series 2022 School Improvement Refunding bonds (general obligation bonds) to refund the balance of the Series 2012 Classroom Facilities Refunding bonds. The School District made a cash contribution of \$400,000, which was included in the \$2,583,175 payment to refunding escrow agent. The current interest bonds mature on December 1, 2027, and bear interest rate of 1.770%. The bonds are being retired from the Bond Retirement nonmajor debt service fund from a voted tax levy.

Certificates of Participation

During fiscal year 2007, the School District entered into a Certificate of Participation Obligation totaling \$435,000. The purpose was for obtaining supplemental financing for the acquisition and construction of school improvements including a new elementary school. The School District is leasing the project from the Columbus Regional Port Authority. The Authority will retain title to the project during the certificate term. The certificate will mature in July of 2026.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - DEBT - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2006, the School District entered into a Certificate of Participation Obligation totaling \$257,000. The purpose was for obtaining supplemental financing for the acquisition and construction of school improvements including a new elementary school. The School District is leasing the project from the Columbus Regional Port Authority. The Authority will retain title to the project during the certificate term. The certificate will mature in January of 2026.

B. Future Debt Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Classroom Facilities Bonds			Certificates of Participation					ion		
Ending June 30,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>I</u>	nterest	_	Total	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>I</u> 1	nterest		Total
2023	\$	395,000	\$	35,886	\$	430,886	\$	38,000	\$	7,179	\$	45,179
2024		390,000		28,940		418,940		39,000		5,319		44,319
2025		395,000		21,992		416,992		42,000		3,439		45,439
2026		410,000		14,868		424,868		34,000		1,635		35,635
2027		415,000		7,567		422,567		-		-		-
2028		220,000		1,947		221,947	_					
Total	\$	2,225,000	\$	111,200	\$	2,336,200	\$	153,000	\$	17,572	\$	170,572

NOTE 11 - SET-ASIDE REQUIREMENTS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in fund balance reserves for capital improvements during fiscal year 2022.

	Capital Improveme	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement	13	81,470
Prior year carryover	(3,63	39,673)
Current year offsets	(8.	36,523)
Qualifying disbursements		(9,033)
Set-aside cash balance carried forward to future years where allowable	(4,30	03,759)
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	<u>-</u>

The School District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero. These extra amounts may be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The School District is a participant in the Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association (HCCA) which is a computer consortium. HCCA is an association of 31 public school districts within the boundaries of Hamilton, Clermont and surrounding counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The Governing Board of HCCA consists of the superintendents and/or treasurers of the participating districts. HCCA is not accumulating significant financial resources nor is it experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. Financial information can be obtained from the HCCA Board of Education, Tom Collins, Director, at 7615 Harrison Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio 45231-3107.

NOTE 13 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as the coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 14 - PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOL/INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

The Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium, a public entity shared risk and insurance purchasing pool, currently operates to provide medical insurance (insurance purchasing pool) and dental coverage (public entity shared risk pool) to enrolled employees of the consortium members and to eligible dependents of those enrolled employees.

Six Brown County school districts (Eastern Brown, Fayetteville-Perry, Georgetown, Ripley-Union-Lewis-Huntington, Southern Hills Career and Technical Center, and Western Brown Schools) and two Highland County school districts (Bright Local and Lynchburg-Clay) along with the Brown County Educational Service Center have entered into an agreement to form the Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium. The Consortium is governed by a nine member board consisting of the superintendents of each participating school district along with the superintendent of the Brown County Educational Service Center. The overall objectives of the consortium are to formulate and administer a program of health and dental insurance for the benefit of the consortium members' employees and their dependents. The consortium contracts with United Healthcare to provide medical insurance directly to consortium member employees. The School District pays premiums to the consortium based on employee membership.

For dental coverage, the consortium acts as a public entity shared risk pool. Each member district pays dental premiums based on the consortium estimates of future claims. If the member district's dental claims exceed its premiums, there is no individual supplemental assessment; on the other hand, if the School District's claims are low, it will not receive a refund. Dental coverage is administered through a third party administrator, Dental Care Plus. Participating member districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs associated with administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the Brown County Educational Service Center at 325 West State St., Georgetown, Ohio, 45121.

NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of transfers from the General Fund in the amount of \$590,000 to the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund, as reported on the fund statements.

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2022.

B. Litigation

The School District is a party to legal proceedings which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. The School District's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of the various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material, adverse effect on the School District's financial position.

C. Full-Time Equivalency

The School District's Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2022 Foundation funding for the School District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time.

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2022 Foundation funding for the School District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the School District.

NOTE 17 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The School District's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR	Assistance	Pass Through	
Pass Through Grantor	Listing	Entity Identifying	Total Federal
Program / Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Nutrition Cluster:			
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	3L70	180,687
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	3L60	33,276
National School Lunch Program	10.555	3L60	302,286
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):	.0.000	0_00	332,233
National School Lunch Program	10.555		43,119
Total Nutrition Cluster			559,368
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-	10.649	3HF0	614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			559,982
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	3M20	209,793
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3C50	3,019
Total Special Education Cluster			212,812
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3M00	385,806
Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants	84.367	3Y60	43,585
Title IV-A	84.424	3H10	26,735
Rural Education	84.358	3Y80	27,721
COVID 19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund/Broadband Connectivi	21.019		1,033
COVID 19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	84.425D	3HSO	661,419
COVID 19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	84.425U	3HSO	395,302
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,754,413
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$2,314,395

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(B)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Georgetown Exempted Village School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Georgetown Exempted Village School District Brown County 1043 Mount Orab Pike Georgetown, Ohio 45121

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Georgetown Exempted Village School District, Brown County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2023 wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Georgetown Exempted Village School District
Brown County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2022-001.

District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio July 31, 2023



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Georgetown Exempted Village School District Brown County 1043 Mount Orab Pike Georgetown, Ohio 45121

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for The Major Federal Program

Opinion on The Major Federal Program

We have audited Georgetown Exempted Village School District's, Brown County, (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Georgetown Exempted Village School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. Georgetown Exempted Village School District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Georgetown Exempted Village School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on The Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for The major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of The major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

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Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 31, 2023

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) – 84.425D and 84.425U
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2022-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code §117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Georgetown Exempted Village School District Brown County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2022-001 (Continued)

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the cash basis of accounting rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the District should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response:

School District officials made the decision to prepare and present financial statements using the OCBOA format as a means of saving time and money for the District.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

GEORGETOWN EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOLS

1043 Mt. Orab Pike Georgetown, Oh. 45121

Bradley E. Winterod, Superintendent

Phone: (937) 378-3730

E-mail: brad.winterod@gtown.k12.oh.us



Eric Toole, CPA, *Treasurer* Phone: (937) 378-3565

E-mail: eric.toole@gtown.k12.oh.us

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

June 30, 2022

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2021-001	Noncompliance Ohio Rev. Code §117.38 The District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP.	Not corrected	Repeated as Finding 2022-001

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GEORGETOWN

Exempted Village Schools

1043 Mt. Orab Pike Georgetown, Ohio 45121 Phone: (937) 378-3730 Fax: (937) 378-2219

Mr. Bradley E. Winterod Superintendent Mr. Eric Toole, CPA Treasurer

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) June 30, 2022

Finding Number: 2022-001

Planned Corrective Action: School District officials made the decision to prepare and present financial

statements using the OCBOA format as a means of saving time and money for

the District.

Anticipated Completion Date: N/A

Responsible Contact Person: Eric Toole, Treasurer



AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/15/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370