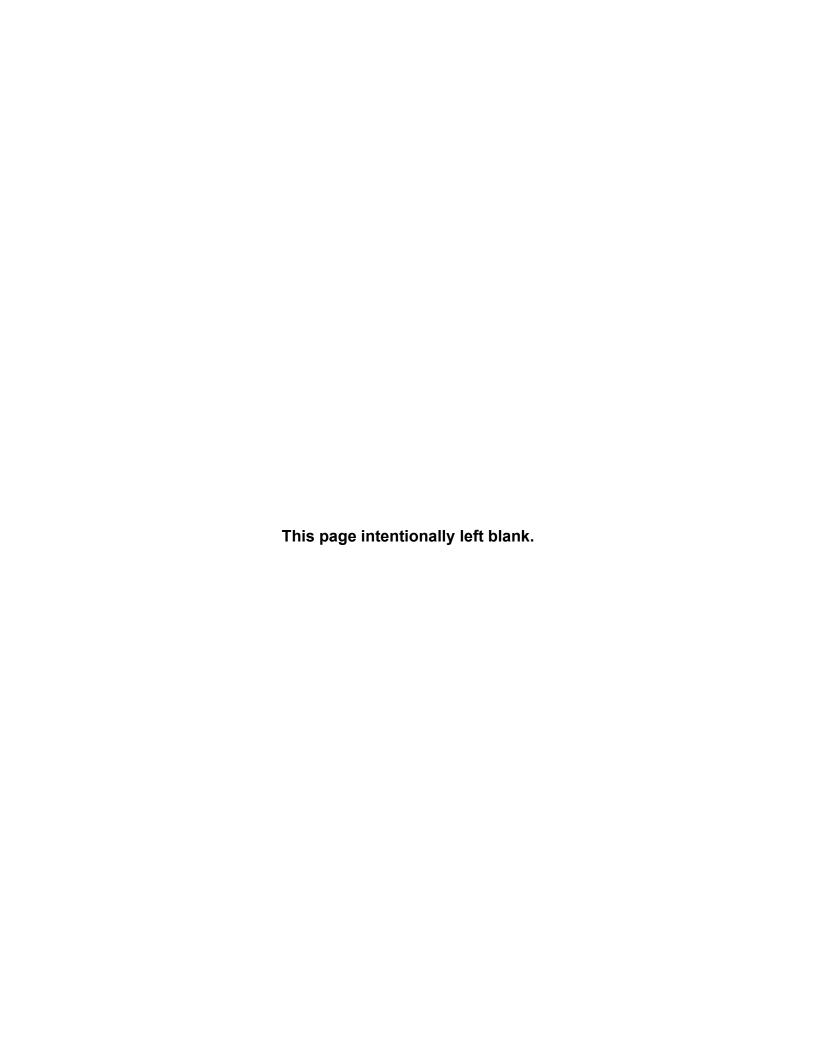




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88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Harrison Township Perry County 12823 Township Road 1001 NE Crooksville, Ohio 43731-9724

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Harrison Township, Perry County, Ohio (the Township), which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township, as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, or the changes in financial position for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Township, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Harrison Township Perry County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Township on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Harrison Township Perry County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the December 31, 2020 financial statements, during 2020, the Township adopted a change in accounting principle and removed the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2023, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 28, 2023

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	000.011	#246002	Φ250 202
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$32,311	\$246,082	\$278,393
Licenses, Permits and Fees Intergovernmental	193,611 21,244	0 220,222	193,611 241,466
Earnings on Investments	135	150	241,400
Miscellaneous	0	28,426	28,426
Total Cash Receipts	247,301	494,880	742,181
Cash Disbursements			
Current:			
General Government	135,613	184,930	320,543
Public Safety	0	3,078	3,078
Public Works	55,600	221,558	277,158
Health Capital Outlay	12,782 61,000	10,947 0	23,729 61,000
Debt Service:	01,000	U	01,000
Principal Retirement	12,896	0	12,896
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,396	0	3,396
Total Cash Disbursements	281,287	420,513	701,800
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(33,986)	74,367	40,381
Other Financing Receipts			
Other Financing Sources	17,341	0	17,341
Total Other Financing Receipts	17,341	0	17,341
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(16,645)	74,367	57,722
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	148,443	271,735	420,178
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$131,798	\$346,102	\$477,900

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Harrison Township, Perry County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly –elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with the Village of Crooksville and the Village of Roseville to provide fire services and emergency medical services.

The township participates in one jointly governed organization and the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority public entity risk pool. Notes 7 & 8 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Public Entity Risk:

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. OTARMA provide property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgements, settlements, and other expenses resulting from covered claims exceeding the member's deductible.

Jointly Governed Organizations:
Harrison Township Union Cemetery

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. ACCOUNTING BASIS

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursement when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code- § 117-2-03(D) permit.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENTS

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classified its funds in the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund-This fund receives gasoline tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township Roads

Fire Fund-This fund receives levied property tax monies for fire protection services

EMS Fund-This fund receives levied property tax monies for EMS services

Joint Cemetery Fund-This fund receives levied property tax monies for cemetery

E. Budgetary Process:

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually:

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, Disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measurers and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at yearend.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at yearend are carried over, and need not be re-appropriated.

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance are divided into four classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other government: or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Trustees can commit amounts via formal action(resolution). The Township adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

- 4. Assigned fund balanced are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as assigned unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses establish by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposed for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do in include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. EQUITY IN POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

Demand Deposits \$477,900

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2021

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$30,200	\$264,642	\$234,442
Special Revenue	233,100	494,880	\$261,780
Total	\$263,300	\$759,522	\$496,222

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$0	\$281,287	(\$281,287)
Special Revenue	0	420,513	(420,513)
Total	\$0	\$701,800	(\$701,800)

Contrary to Ohio Rev. Code §§ 5705.38(A), 5705.40 and 5705.41(B), the Township failed to formally adopt appropriations resulting in expenditures in excess of appropriations for all funds.

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax equalization adjust these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Township's full-time employees and elected officials belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2021 OPERS members contributed 10.0% of their wages, respectively. The Township contributed an amount equal to 14.0% of participant's gross salaries for 2021, respectively. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2021.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the (local entity's) policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

2021

Cash and investments \$34,880,599 Actuarial liabilities \$10,601,444

8. HARRISON TOWNSHIP UNION CEMETERY

The Township is affiliated with the Harrison Township Union Cemetery. The Board of Trustees of the Union cemetery is appointed by the Village of Crooksville and Harrison Township. Taxes levied by the Harrison Township for Cemetery maintenance are collected by Perry County, and distributed to the Township, which then distributes the proceeds to the Union Cemetery. The Union cemetery is a legally separate entity that prepares and files its own financial statements. The financial activity of the Union Cemetery is not included in the accompanying financial statements. Independent audits of the Union Cemetery are performed by the Auditor of State.

9. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township. The impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs.

Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

11. **DEBT**

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Bank Loan - John Deere Tractor	\$87,104	3.350%
Total	\$87,104	

The Township entered into a bank loan to finance the purchase of a new tractor for Township road maintenance and is being repaid from the General Fund. The loan entered into by the Township was not a legal method of debt for a Township under Ohio Rev. Code § 133.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Bank Loan -
Year Ending	John Deere
December 31:	Tractor
2022	16,292
2023	16,292
2024	16,292
2025	16,292
2026	16,292
2027-2031	16,292
Total	\$97,752

12. FUND BALANCES

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilities effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

	Special			
Fund Balances	General	Revenue	Total	
Outstanding Encumbrances	0	0	0	
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed, and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds would including the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

			Totals
		Special	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Only)
Cash Receipts			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$28,078	\$228,546	\$256,624
Licenses, Permits and Fees	309,402	0	309,402
Intergovernmental	24,978	152,139	177,117
Earnings on Investments	391	301	692
Miscellaneous	20,295	21,274	41,569
Total Cash Receipts	383,144	402,260	785,404
Cash Disbursements			
Current:			
General Government	187,128	191,807	378,935
Public Safety	0	2,955	2,955
Public Works	0	141,737	141,737
Health	9,295	21,292	30,587
Capital Outlay	173,333	0	173,333
Total Cash Disbursements	369,756	357,791	727,547
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	13,388	44,469	57,857
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)			
Other Debt Proceeds	100,000	0	100,000
Other Financing Sources	13,602	0	13,602
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	113,602	0	113,602
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	126,990	44,469	171,459
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	21,453	227,266	248,719
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$148,443	\$271,735	\$420,178

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Harrison Township, Perry County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly –elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with the Village of Crooksville and the Village of Roseville to provide fire services and emergency medical services.

The township participates in one jointly governed organization and the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Public Entity Risk:

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. OTARMA provide property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgements, settlements, and other expenses resulting from covered claims exceeding the member's deductible.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Harrison Township Union Cemetery

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. ACCOUNTING BASIS

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursement when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code- § 117-2-03(D) permit.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENTS

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classified its funds in the following types:

1. General Fund

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These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

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EMS Fund-This fund receives levied property tax monies for EMS services

Joint Cemetery Fund-This fund receives levied property tax monies for cemetery

E. Budgetary Process:

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually:

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, Disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measurers and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at yearend.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at yearend are carried over, and need not be re-appropriated.

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Fund balance are divided into four classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other government: or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Trustees can commit amounts via formal action(resolution). The Township adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

- 4. Assigned fund balanced are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as assigned unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses establish by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposed for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do in include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. EQUITY IN POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

Demand Deposits \$420,178

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2020

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Fund Type	Budgeted Receipts	Actual Receipts	Variance
General	\$0	\$396,746	\$396,746
Special Revenue	0	402,260	\$402,260
Total	\$0	\$799,006	\$799,006

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority Expenditures		Variance
General	\$0	\$269,824	(\$269,824)
Special Revenue	0	357,794	(357,794)
Total	\$0	\$627,618	(\$627,618)

Contrary to Ohio Rev. Code §§ 5705.38(A), 5705.40 and 5705.41(B), the Township failed to formally adopt appropriations resulting in expenditures in excess of appropriations for all funds.

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax equalization adjust these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Township's full-time employees and elected officials belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2021 OPERS members contributed 10.0% of their wages, respectively. The Township contributed an amount equal to 14.0% of participant's gross salaries for 2020, respectively. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2020.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the (local entity's) policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

2020

Cash and investments \$36,348,066 Actuarial liabilities \$10,894,146

8. HARRISON TOWNSHIP UNION CEMETERY

The Township is affiliated with the Harrison Township Union Cemetery. The Board of Trustees of the Union cemetery is appointed by the Village of Crooksville and Harrison Township. Taxes levied by the Harrison Township for Cemetery maintenance are collected by Perry County, and distributed to the Township, which then distributes the proceeds to the Union Cemetery. The Union cemetery is a legally separate entity that prepares and files its own financial statements. The financial activity of the Union Cemetery is not included in the accompanying financial statements. Independent audits of the Union Cemetery are performed by the Auditor of State.

9. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township. The impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

11. **DEBT**

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate	
Bank Loan - John Deere Tractor	\$100,000	3.350%	
Total	\$100,000		

The Township entered into a bank loan to finance the purchase of a new tractor for Township road maintenance and is being repaid from the General Fund. The loan entered into by the Township was not a legal method of debt for a Township under Ohio Rev. Code § 133.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Bank Loan -	
Year Ending	John Deere	
December 31:	Tractor	
2021	16,292	
2022	16,292	
2023	16,292	
2024	16,292	
2025	16,292	
2026-2031	32,584	
Total	\$114,044	

12. FUND BALANCES

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilities effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

Fund Balances	General	Revenue	Total
Outstanding Encumbrances	0	0	0
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0

12. FUND BALANCES (Continued)

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed, and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds would including the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

13. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For 2020, the Township has made changes to their cash basis reporting model. These changes include modifications to the definition of fiduciary funds and removing the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types.



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Harrison Township Perry County 12823 Township Road 1001 NE Crooksville, Ohio 43731-9724

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements of Harrison Township, Perry County, Ohio (the Township) and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2023, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(C) permit. We also noted the Township adopted a change in accounting principle in 2020 and removed the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2021-001 and 2021-003 through 2021-006 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

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Harrison Township
Perry County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2021-002 through 2021-004.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 28, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2021-001

Material Weakness

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 and .A16.

Our audit identified the following errors in 2021:

- Principal and interest payments on the Township's tractor loan in the amounts of \$12,896 and \$3,396, respectively, were incorrectly classified as General Government disbursements rather than as Principal and Interest in the General Fund;
- The Township paid for a garage floor refurbishment prior to work being performed, however the work was not performed, and the contractor provided a refund in full to the Township resulting in an overstatement of Miscellaneous Revenue and General Government Disbursements of \$16,700 in the General Fund:
- State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds of \$83,487 were incorrectly classified as Other Financing Sources rather than Intergovernmental in the Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund;
- Various expenditures were incorrectly classified within the General Fund resulting in an overstatement of Health and General Government totaling \$71,000 and \$45,600, respectively, and an understatement of Capital Outlay and Public Works totaling \$61,000 and \$55,600, respectively.

Our audit identified the following errors in 2020:

- Loan proceeds in the amount of \$100,000 were not recorded by the Township therefore resulting in an understatement of Debt Proceeds and the corresponding Capital Outlay Disbursement in the General Fund:
- Disbursements for the purchase of a new tractor and attachments were incorrectly classified as Health rather than Capital Outlay in the General Fund totaling \$73,333.

The following insignificant errors were identified:

- During 2021, homestead and rollback receipts of \$3,371, \$4,874, \$5,056, \$1,578 and \$5,688 were incorrectly posted as Property and Other Local Taxes rather than Intergovernmental Receipts in the General, Road and Bridge, Fire, EMS and Joint Cemetery Funds, respectively. During 2020, Homestead and rollback receipts of \$1,567, \$2,242, \$2,573, \$1,597 and \$2,891 were incorrectly posted as Property and Other Local Taxes rather than Intergovernmental Receipts in the General, Road and Bridge, Fire, EMS and Joint Cemetery Funds, respectively;
- Cemetery opening/closing and cremation fees were incorrectly classified as Miscellaneous rather than Licenses, Permits and Fees totaling \$15,300 in 2021 and \$12,875 in 2020 in the Cemetery Special Revenue Fund.

We also identified several errors and inconsistencies within the notes to the financial statements that required revision for 2021 and 2020.

Audit adjustments, with which management has agreed, have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements and notes to the financial statements to properly reflect these amounts. Incorrect financial statement classifications and balances could result in inaccurate reporting of the Township's financial information.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2021-001 (Continued)

Material Weakness (Continued)

The Fiscal Officer should refer to the Ohio Township Handbook for proper classification and take additional care in posting transactions to the Township's ledgers and financial statements, in addition to ensuring the notes to the financial statements are accurate and complete to ensure the Township's year-end financial statements reflect the appropriate sources and uses of the Township's receipts and disbursements.

FINDING NUMBER 2021-002

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133 authorizes certain methods by which subdivisions may incur debt.

- Ohio Rev. Code § 133.22, a subdivision may issue anticipatory-securities if it meets the requirements outlined in the statute.
- Ohio Rev. Code § 133.10 permits a subdivision to issue anticipation securities in anticipation of current property tax revenues or in anticipation of current revenues in and for any fiscal year from any source or combination of sources, including distributions of any federal or state monies, other than the proceeds of property taxes levied by the subdivision.
- Ohio Rev. Code § 133.15, a subdivision is authorized to issue securities for the purpose of paying all or any portion of the costs of any permanent improvement that the subdivision is authorized, alone or in cooperation with other persons, to acquire, improve, or construct.
- Ohio Rev. Code § 133.18, the taxing authority of a subdivision, may by legislation submit to the electors of the subdivision the question of issuing any general obligation bonds, for one purpose, that the subdivision has power or authority to issue.

During 2021, the Township made principal payments on outstanding promissory notes in the amount of \$12,896. The promissory note was issued in June 2020 for \$100,000 to purchase a tractor and mower.

This type of debt is not authorized in Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133. The Township had no statutory authority to incur debt through either installment loans or promissory notes with any banking institutions. Inadequate policies and procedures related to debt issuance can result in illegal expenditures by the Township. The Township should consult with legal counsel before incurring debt to determine if the debt is authorized by statute.

FINDING NUMBER 2021-003

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.36(A)(1) provides, in part, on or about the first day of each fiscal year, the fiscal officer of each subdivision and other taxing unit shall certify to the county auditor the total amount from all sources available for expenditures from each fund set up in the tax budget or, if adoption of a tax budget was waived under section 5705.281 of the Revised Code, from each fund created by or on behalf of the taxing authority.

The budget commission, taking into consideration the balances and revenues to be derived from taxation and other sources, shall revise its estimate of the amounts that will be credited to each fund from such sources, and shall certify to the taxing authority of each subdivision an amended official certificate of estimated resources.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2021-003 (Continued)

Noncompliance and Material Weakness (Continued)

The Fiscal Officer did not certify to the County Auditor the total amount from all sources available for expenditures from each fund or obtain a certificate of estimated resources from the Budget Commission in 2020. Additionally, the Township did not obtain an Official Certificate of Estimated Resources for 2021 until May 11, 2021 and an amended official certificate of estimated resources was not obtained. This was not detected by the Township due to deficiencies in the budgetary compliance and monitoring control policies and procedures. Failure to obtain the required amended certificate of estimated resources can lead to improper budgeting and limits the effectiveness of management monitoring.

The Fiscal Officer should, on or about the first day of each fiscal year, certify to the County Auditor the total amount from all sources available for expenditures from each fund and obtain the approved amended certificate of estimated resources.

FINDING NUMBER 2021-004

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.38(A) requires that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, an appropriation measure is to be passed. If the taxing authority wants to postpone the passage of the annual appropriation measure until an amended certificate is received from the county budget commission based upon the actual year end balances, it may pass a temporary appropriation measure for meeting the ordinary expenses until no later than April 1. In addition, Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.40 states any appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented if the entity complies with the same laws used in making the original appropriation. Furthermore, Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority unit from making any expenditure of money unless it has been appropriated in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code.

No evidence of permanent appropriations being adopted was noted for 2021 or 2020. This resulted in all expenditures exceeding legally adopted appropriations as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Failure to properly approve appropriations and have adequate appropriations in place at the time expenditures are made could cause expenditures to exceed available resources, resulting in deficit spending practices or monies being spent on purposes other than those intended by the Board.

The Board of Trustees should approve all appropriations measures, supplemental appropriations, and amendments and such approvals should be documented in the minutes. In addition, the Board should closely monitor expenditures and appropriations and make the necessary appropriation amendments, if possible, to reduce the likelihood of expenditures exceeding appropriations. Additionally, the Fiscal Officer should deny payment requests exceeding appropriations when appropriations are inadequate to cover the expenditures.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2021-005

Material Weakness

Sound accounting practices require accurately posting estimated receipts and appropriations to the ledgers to provide information for budget versus actual comparison and to allow the Board to make informed decisions regarding budgetary matters.

The appropriation resolution and subsequent amendments establish the legal spending authority of the Township and the appropriation ledger provides the process by which the Township controls spending, it is therefore necessary the amounts appropriated by the Board are precisely stated and accurately posted to the appropriation ledger.

The original certificate and amendments establish the amounts available for expenditures for the Township and the receipts ledger provides the process by which the Township controls what is available, it is therefore necessary the amounts estimated by the County Budget Commission are posted accurately to the receipt ledger.

The Township did not have procedures in place to accurately post authorized budgetary measures to the accounting system. The Township had appropriations posted to the accounting system in 2021 and 2020; however, as noted in Finding Number 2021-004, the Township could not provide evidence of appropriations approved by the Board. Additionally, the Township had estimated receipts posted to the accounting system in 2021 and 2020, however the amounts did not agree to the Official Certificate of Estimated Resources for 2021 and the Township did not obtain a Certificate of Estimated Resources for 2020.

Failure to accurately post the appropriations and estimated resources to the ledgers could result in overspending and negative cash balances. In addition, this could lead to inaccurate reporting of the budgetary information in the notes to the financial statements.

To effectively control the budgetary cycle and to maintain accountability over receipts and expenditures, the Township should post to the ledgers, on a timely basis, estimated resources as certified by the budget commission and appropriations approved by the Board. The Township should then monitor budget versus actual reports to help ensure amended certificates of resources and appropriations have been properly posted to the ledgers.

FINDING NUMBER 2021-006

Material Weakness

A well-designed system of internal control will include monitoring of financial reports and information by the governing board in order to compensate for any lack of segregation of duties. The small size of the Township's staff did not allow for an adequate segregation of duties. The Fiscal Officer performed all accounting functions, including receipting, depositing, disbursing, and reconciling. It is therefore important for the Board of Township Trustees to monitor financial activity closely and to follow up on any audit findings.

The results of our audit indicated a weakness in management's role to establish and maintain effective internal controls and to ensure and document the Township is complying with legal requirements as evidenced by the material noncompliance citations and material weaknesses included in our report.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2021-006 (Continued)

Material Weakness (Continued)

The small size of the Township's staff did not allow for an adequate segregation of duties as the Township Fiscal Officer performed all accounting functions, including receipting, depositing, disbursing, and reconciling Township monies. We noted no instances of the monthly bank reconciliations being presented to the Trustees for approval. Failure to adequately monitor the activities of the Board of Trustees could result in errors or irregularities to occur and remain undetected.

The Township Trustees should become more actively involved in monitoring the financial activity of the Township. Trustees should assure that the Fiscal Officer performs a monthly bank reconciliation. Trustees should then review the validity of the computations and reconciling items and attest to the reconciliation's accuracy. In addition to bank reconciliations, the Trustees should also assure the Fiscal Officer maintains and presents to the Board monthly with following records: receipts ledger, appropriations ledger, cash journal, budget vs. actual reports for receipts and disbursements, payroll journal and check register. Supervisory reviews should be performed by Trustees and evidenced by the initials of each members performing the review and the date of the review was performed. The presentation of these records and reviews by Trustees should be noted in the Township's minutes.

The Trustees should make appropriate inquiries to help determine the continued integrity of financial information such as:

- Are current receipts sufficient to cover expenditures?
- Are actual receipts and expenditures in line with the budget?
- Are receipts and expenditures in line with prior years?
- If unusual fluctuations occur, is the reason documented, and properly budgeted for?
- Are anticipated receipts being received in a timely manner?

The information obtained as a result of such reviews and inquiries will provide important data necessary to manage the Township.

Officials' Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to the findings reported above.

12823 Township Road, 1001 NE Crooksville, Ohio 43731-9724

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 and 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2019-001	Finding for Recovery for Interest and Penalties on late withholding remittances	Partially Corrected	Working on. The Finding for Recovery has been fully repaid by the Fiscal Officer.
2019-002	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.38(A) – failure to adopt appropriations	Not Corrected	Working on
2019-003	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.36(A)(1) – failure to certify the total amount from all sources available for expenditure with the County Auditor	Partially Corrected	Working on
2019-004	Cash reconciliation errors and receipts and disbursements not recorded in accounting system	Corrected	
2019-005	Adequate segregation of duties	Not Corrected	Working on
2019-006	Financial reporting	Not Corrected	Working on
2019-007	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(D) – improper allocation of property tax receipts	Corrected	
2019-008	26 U.S.C. § 3402(a)(1) – failure to remit federal and Medicare tax	Corrected	
2019-009	Failure to maintain supporting documentation for disbursement	Partially Corrected	Working on



HARRISON TOWNSHIP

PERRY COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/11/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370