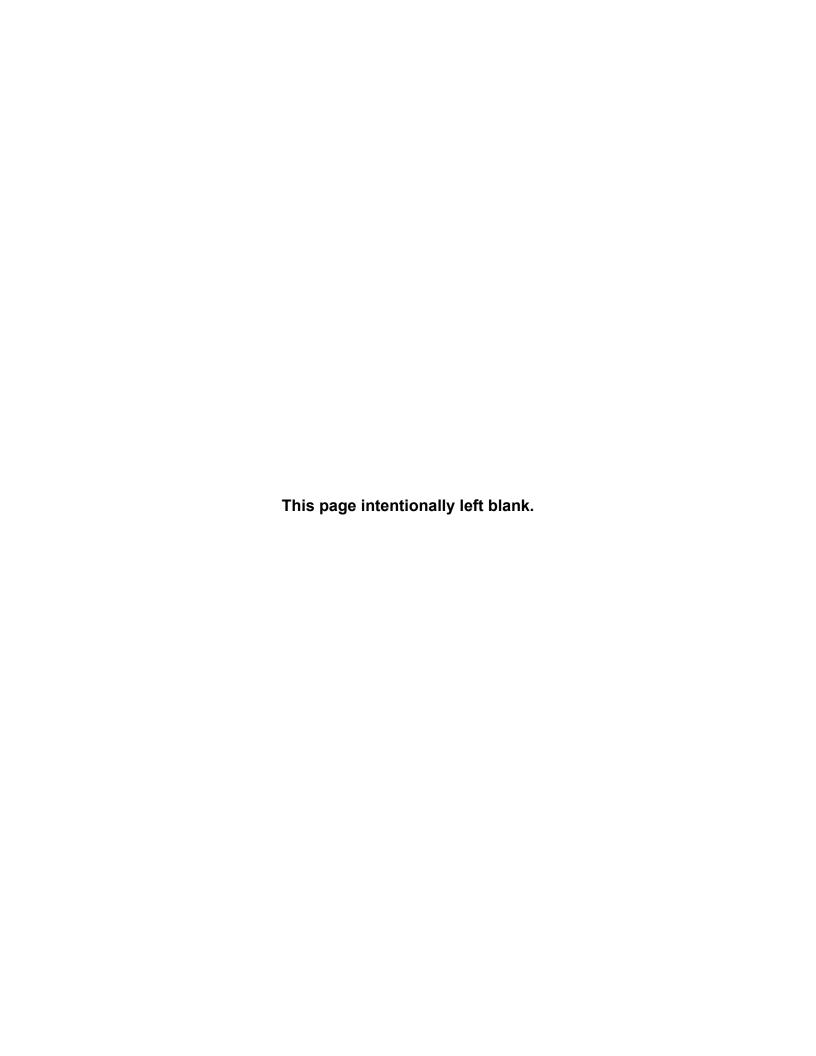




# PERRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ALLEN COUNTY JUNE 30, 2022

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Perry Local School District Allen County 2770 East Breese Road Lima, Ohio 45806

To the Board of Education:

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry Local School District, Allen County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry Local School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Emphasis of Matter - Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Perry Local School District Allen County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a
  reasonable period of time.

Perry Local School District Allen County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 8, 2023, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 8, 2023

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Perry Local School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- ☐ In total, net position increased \$641,102 from fiscal year 2021.
- □ Outstanding debt decreased from \$8,973,222 to \$8,510,968 due to principal payments made by the School District.

## Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a whole, entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. For fiscal year 2022, the general fund and bond retirement fund are the School District's most significant funds.

### Basis of Accounting

The School District has elected to present its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions.

Essentially, the only assets reported on this strictly cash receipt and disbursement basis presentation in a statement of net position will be cash and cash equivalents. The statement of activities reports cash receipts and disbursements, or in other words, the sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited) (Continued)

## Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2022?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question.

These two statements report the School District's *net position* and *changes in net position*. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

# Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds include the general fund and bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds - All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited) (Continued)

### The School District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021.

(Table 1) Net Position – Cash Basis

	Governmental Activities					
	2022	2021	Change			
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,098,344	\$ 3,466,693	\$ 631,651			
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	68,769	59,318	9,451			
Total Assets	4,167,113	3,526,011	641,102			
Net Position						
Restricted for:						
Capital Outlay	112,985	118,052	(5,067)			
Debt Service	745,541	796,337	(50,796)			
Other Purposes	920,091	720,764	199,327			
Unrestricted	2,388,496	1,890,858	497,638			
Total Net Position	\$ 4,167,113	\$ 3,526,011	\$ 641,102			

Cash and cash equivalents of the governmental activities increased from fiscal year 2021. Refer to the discussion in the upcoming section titled *The School District's Funds* for an explanation of the increase.

A portion of the School District's net position represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the government-wide unrestricted net position may be used to meet the School District's ongoing obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited) (Continued)

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2022 as compared to fiscal year 2021.

(Table 2) Changes in Net Position – Cash Basis

Changes in 1V	ct i osition	Governmental Activitie	26
	2022	2021	Change
Receipts		2021	Change
Program Receipts			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 433,541	1 \$ 2,477,926	\$ (2,044,385)
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	1,577,699		(3,849)
Capital Grants, Contributions and Interest	523		360
•			
Total Program Receipts	2,011,763	4,059,637	(2,047,874)
General Receipts			
Property Taxes	4,711,794	4,236,936	474,858
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to			
Specific Programs	4,356,187	7 2,572,333	1,783,854
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	60,132	2 78,495	(18,363)
Proceeds of General Obligation Bonds		- 8,230,000	(8,230,000)
Premium on Debt Issuance		- 760,144	(760,144)
Investment Earnings	4,252	2 42,842	(38,590)
Miscellaneous	197,860	218,436	(20,576)
Total General Receipts	9,330,225	16,139,186	(6,808,961)
Total Receipts	11,341,988	20,198,823	(8,856,835)
Program Disbursements			
Instruction:			
Regular	3,842,717	7 3,796,680	46,037
Special	1,349,960		(24,303)
Vocational	4,394		2,384
Student Intervention Services	16,491		16,393
Other	197,072		(823,475)
Support Services:	177,072	1,020,547	(023,473)
Pupils	684,457	741,193	(56,736)
Instructional Staff	266,153		61,790
Board of Education	30,212		7,403
Administration	813,214		185,163
Fiscal	331,462		36,330
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	919,708		(22,926)
Pupil Transportation	354,991		36,499
Central	52,569		(8,210)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	,		(*,=-*)
Food Service Operations	498,312	2 490,635	7,677
Community Services	1,837		(10,827)
Extracurricular Activities	364,013	•	17,817
Capital Outlay	246,522		225,209
Debt Service:	2.0,022	21,010	220,200
Principal Retirement	353,818	391,196	(37,378)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	372,984		(165,553)
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	3,2,50	- 8,773,185	(8,773,185)
Total Program Disbursements	10,700,886		(9,279,891)
Change in Net Position	641,102		423,056
Net Position Beginning of Year	3,526,011		218,046
Net Position End of Year	\$ 4,167,113	<del></del>	\$ 641,102
The comment and of town	4 1,107,112	\$ 5,520,011	\$ 011,102

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited) (Continued)

For fiscal year 2022, School District foundation funding received from the state of Ohio was funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding was directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective schools. In prior years, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. This change in foundation funding resulted in decreased charges for services and a correlating increase in grants and entitlements.

### The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

	Fund Balance 6/30/2022	Fund Balance 6/30/2021	Increase (Decrease)	
General	\$ 2,498,533	\$ 1,987,588	\$ 510,945	
Bond Retirement	745,541	796,337	(50,796)	
Other Governmental	923,039	742,086	180,953	
Total	\$ 4,167,113	\$ 3,526,011	\$ 641,102	

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,167,113, which is higher than the prior year balance of \$3,526,011.

The general fund's fund balance increased \$510,945 in 2022 primarily from receipts outpacing disbursements. There was also a slight decrease in disbursements that contributed to the increase in fund balance in fiscal year 2022.

The bond retirement fund's fund balance decreased \$50,796 in 2022. This decrease is primarily due to the timing of tax collections versus principal and interest payments paid on debt.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

*Original Budget Compared to Final Budget* During the year there was no need for any significant amendments to increase or decrease either the original estimated revenues or original budgeted appropriations. Changes were made due to changes in the foundation funding model.

*Final Budget Compared to Actual Results* The most significant difference between estimated revenues and actual revenues were property taxes as they were higher than anticipated. Actual disbursements were slightly less than final budgeted appropriations as cost savings were recognized throughout the fiscal year.

Other financing sources were higher than final budget amounts due to refund of prior year expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited) (Continued)

#### **Debt Administration**

The School District's only change in long-term obligations was from the retirement of obligations that reached maturity during the fiscal year.

For further information regarding the School District's debt, refer to Note 10 of the basic financial statements.

#### Current Issues

Perry Local School District relies heavily on the support of the local community and its taxpayers. In November of 2020 the taxpayers supported the renewal of a five-year renewal levy at 4.9 mils of current tax valuations.

In 2021-2022 the Ohio Department of Education enacted the Fair School Funding Plan which is a complete change in how Ohio Schools are funded. A students funding is now based on a per pupil funded amount and no longer compensates based on a resident or open enrolled student.

During the 2017-2018 school year, the School District applied for and was awarded the Community Eligibility Provision through the Ohio Department of Education. This program allows the school to offer no-cost lunches and breakfasts to all of our students for up to four consecutive years. The students continued to receive free breakfasts and lunches for the 2021-2022 school year. The 2021-2022 was also the COVID-19 pandemic and all school districts in the state of Ohio had free breakfast and free lunch.

At the April 21, 2021 regular board meeting, the resignation of Lisa Henline, Elementary Teacher, was approved as well as the hiring of Lisa Henline as the Elementary Principal, effective August 1, 2021. August 1, 2021 will discontinue the previous dual-role that Dr. Schooler held in the 2020-2021 school year.

Two-year contracts with both unions (PEA & OAPSE) expired as of June 30, 2019. At the June 26, 2019 Regular Board Meeting, there were motions to approve ratification of collective bargaining agreements with Perry Education Association and with the O.A.P.S.E. Chapter 595. A three year contract for both was approved effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2022. Raises for these employees for the three years are as follows: 2019-2020 – 2.5 percent, 2020-2021 – 2.0 percent, and 2021-2022 – 2.0 percent.

Perry Local School District management continues to monitor School District finances. The coming years should prove to be both exciting and challenging to the School District. The change in the state funding formula which directly impacts the school's revenues began in the 2021-2022 fiscal year. School District management is committed to monitoring these changing conditions and making pro-active decisions regarding School District finances when needed.

The future impact of financial operations remains a concern to the Board of Education with temporary covid-19 funding relief ending soon, as well as the unstable United States economy.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited) (Continued)

# Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mandy France, Treasurer of Perry Local School District, 2770 E. Breese Road, Lima, OH 45806, (419) 221-2770,or treasurer@mycommodores.org.

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Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,098,344
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	68,769
Total Assets	4,167,113
Net Position	
Restricted for:	
Capital Outlay	112,985
Debt Service	745,541
Other Purposes	920,091
Unrestricted	2,388,496
Total Net Position	\$ 4,167,113

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				I	rograr	n Cash Receip	ots		Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
	Cash Disbursements		S	narges for Services nd Sales	Co	Operating Grants, ontributions and Interest	Gr Contr	apital rants, ributions Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	3,842,717	\$	32,191	\$	90,094	\$	-	\$ (3,720,432)
Special		1,349,960		274,239		257,583		-	(818,138)
Vocational		4,394		-		-		-	(4,394)
Student Intervention Services		16,491		-		-		-	(16,491)
Other		197,072		-		22,589		-	(174,483)
Support Services:		604.457				65.000			((10.150)
Pupils		684,457		-		65,299		-	(619,158)
Instructional Staff		266,153		-		52,586		-	(213,567)
Board of Education		30,212		-		-		-	(30,212)
Administration		813,214		5,177		81,452		-	(726,585)
Fiscal		331,462		-		62		47	(331,353)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		919,708		201		34,142		389	(884,976)
Pupil Transportation		354,991		-		55,140		-	(299,851)
Central		52,569		-		30,109		-	(22,460)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		400.212		21 211		600.042			141.041
Food Service Operations		498,312		31,311		608,942		-	141,941
Community Services		1,837		-		2,619			782
Extracurricular Activities		364,013		90,422		55,774		-	(217,817)
Capital Outlay		246,522		-		221,308		87	(25,127)
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		353,818		-		-		-	(353,818)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		372,984	-	-		-			 (372,984)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	10,700,886	\$	433,541	\$	1,577,699	\$	523	 (8,689,123)
	Prope Gen- Deb Capi Clas Grants Payme Invest Misce	ral Receipts rty Taxes Levice eral Purposes t Service ital Outlay sroom Facilities s and Entitlements in Lieu of ment Earnings llaneous  General Receipte ge in Net Positie	es Mainents not Taxes		) Speci	fic Programs			 3,919,274 578,442 143,054 71,024 4,356,187 60,132 4,252 197,860 9,330,225
		osition Beginn		ear ear					 3,526,011
	Net Pe	osition End of	Year						\$ 4,167,113

Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	 General	R	Bond etirement	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	\$ 2,429,764 68,769	\$	745,541	\$	923,039	\$	4,098,344 68,769
Total Assets	\$ 2,498,533	\$	745,541	\$	923,039	\$	4,167,113
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 454 68,769 196,013 2,233,297	\$	745,541 - -	\$	963,853 - (40,814)	\$	454 1,778,163 196,013 2,192,483
Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,498,533	\$	745,541	\$	923,039	\$	4,167,113

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 3,919,274	\$ 578,442	\$ 214,078	\$ 4,711,794
Intergovernmental	4,271,871	69,713	1,523,089	5,864,673
Interest	1,603	2,649	2,759	7,011
Tuition and Fees	305,625	-	_	305,625
Rent	805	-	_	805
Extracurricular Activities	5,177	_	90,422	95,599
Gifts and Donations	9,093	_	57,884	66,977
Charges for Services	-	_	31,512	31,512
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	60,132		31,312	60,132
Miscellaneous		-	21,257	
Miscellaneous	176,603		21,25/	197,860
Total Receipts	8,750,183	650,804	1,941,001	11,341,988
Disbursements				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,697,744	-	144,973	3,842,717
Special	1,112,806	_	237,154	1,349,960
Vocational	4,394	_		4,394
Student Intervention Services	1,271	_	15,220	16,491
Other	174,118	_	22,954	197,072
	1/4,110	-	22,934	197,072
Support Services:	600.050		56.005	604.455
Pupils	628,372	-	56,085	684,457
Instructional Staff	214,774	-	51,379	266,153
Board of Education	30,212	-	-	30,212
Administration	730,447	-	82,767	813,214
Fiscal	307,896	10,659	12,907	331,462
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	768,438	_	151,270	919,708
Pupil Transportation	298,961	_	56,030	354,991
Central	22,301	_	30,268	52,569
Extracurricular Activities	233,047		130,966	364,013
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	255,047		130,700	304,013
*			400 212	400 212
Food Service Operations	-	-	498,312	498,312
Community Services	-	-	1,837	1,837
Capital Outlay	-	-	246,522	246,522
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	335,274	18,544	353,818
Interest and Fiscal Charges		368,826	4,158	372,984
Total Disbursements	8,224,781	714,759	1,761,346	10,700,886
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	525,402	(63,955)	179,655	641,102
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	_	-	1,298	1,298
Advances Out	(1,298)	_	-	(1,298)
Transfers In	(1,2,0)	13,159	500	13,659
Transfers Out	(13,159)	-	(500)	(13,659)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(14,457)	13,159	1,298	
Net Change in Fund Balances	510,945	(50,796)	180,953	641,102
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,987,588	796,337	742,086	3,526,011
Tuna Dalances Deginning of Tear	-,, 0.,,000			

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual - Budget Basis
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Receipts					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 3,673,219	\$ 3,698,478	\$ 3,919,274	\$ 220,796	
Intergovernmental	2,564,301	4,290,126	4,271,871	(18,255)	
Interest	18,579	17,650	1,560	(16,090)	
Tuition and Fees	2,371,815	290,882	289,642	(1,240)	
Rent	467	467	805	338	
Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-	
Gifts and Donations	1,500	1,500	1,500	-	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	34,166	65,979	60,132	(5,847)	
Miscellaneous	357	19,983	178	(19,805)	
Total Receipts	8,664,404	8,385,065	8,544,962	159,897	
Disbursements					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	3,667,261	3,600,889	3,716,900	(116,011)	
Special	1,105,103	1,187,863	1,113,242	74,621	
Vocational	4,394	4,394	4,394	-	
Student Intervention Services	100	1,593	1,271	322	
Other	1,000,815	193,588	175,238	18,350	
Support Services:					
Pupils	435,519	667,158	630,828	36,330	
Instructional Staff	200,268	207,594	216,351	(8,757)	
Board of Education	27,729	40,070	34,681	5,389	
Administration	687,046	734,468	722,467	12,001	
Fiscal	296,344	354,982	315,478	39,504	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	866,692	856,069	822,370	33,699	
Pupil Transportation	291,531	314,019	305,284	8,735	
Central	17,836	29,333	23,087	6,246	
Extracurricular Activities	237,571	247,263	233,117	14,146	
Capital Outlay		85,000	65,501	19,499	
Total Disbursements	8,838,209	8,524,283	8,380,209	144,074	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(173,805)	(139,218)	164,753	303,971	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	25,000	25,000	175,847	150,847	
Advances Out	-	(1,300)	(1,298)	2	
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(42,731)	(42,731)	-	42,731	
Transfers Out	(67,324)	(67,324)	(13,159)	54,165	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(85,055)	(86,355)	161,390	247,745	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(258,860)	(225,573)	326,143	551,716	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,868,255	1,868,255	1,868,255	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	78,667	78,667	78,667		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 1,688,062	\$ 1,721,349	\$ 2,273,065	\$ 551,716	

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Perry Local School District (the School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District is located in Allen County and includes all of Perry Township. The School District is staffed by classified employees and certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to students and other community members. The School District currently operates two buildings.

## A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure the financial statements are not misleading.

## **B.** Primary Government

The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Perry Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities.

## C. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

The School District does not have any component units.

### D. Jointly Governed Organizations/Insurance Pools

The School District is associated with three organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, and three insurance purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, the Apollo Career Center, the Spencerville, Perry and Bath Local Professional Development Committee, the Council of Allen County Schools Health Benefits Consortium, the Ohio School Plan, and the Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 13 and 14 of the financial statements.

The School District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the School District is financially accountable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the School District chooses to prepare its financial statements on the basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

As discussed further in Note 2C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). This comprehensive basis of accounting is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting.

Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

### A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

### 1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants, contributions, and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts, which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general receipts of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

## **B.** Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that records cash and other financial resources, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

#### 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which all governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources uses and balances or current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The School District's major funds are as follows:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Bond Retirement Fund** - The Bond Retirement Fund is used to account for property tax revenues to pay principal and interest of the School District's bonds.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed internally or externally.

### 2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District does not have any fiduciary funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

### C. Basis of Accounting

The School District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the School District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the financial statements.

## **D.** Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate.

The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board at the fund level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

#### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled and invested. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Money held in the HRA account is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts."

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During fiscal year 2022, the School District invested in Federal government agency securities, U.S Treasury Bills, a U.S. Treasury Money Market, negotiable certificates of deposit, and STAR Ohio. Investments, except STAR Ohio and U.S. Treasury Money Market, are reported at cost, which approximates market value.

During the year 2022, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$250 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2022 were \$1,603, which includes \$39 assigned from other funds.

### F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The School District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid.

### G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid.

### H. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The School District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### I. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the School District's cash basis of accounting.

## J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The School District recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 8 and 9, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

### **K.** Long-Term Obligations

The School District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds, leases and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a leased asset when entering into a lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

### L. Equity Classifications

#### 1. Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in separate components:

- **a.** Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the school district. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and restricted federal and state grants restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. At June 30, 2022, the School District had no funds restricted by enabling legislation.
- **b.** Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted."

The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

### 2. Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

- **a. Non-spendable** The non-spendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.
- **b. Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.
- c. Committed The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- d. Assigned Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated receipts and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.
- e. Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

#### M. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

### N. Intergovernmental Receipts

Unrestricted intergovernmental receipts received on the basis of entitlement are recorded as receipts when the entitlement is received. Federal and State reimbursement type grants for the acquisition or construction of capital assets are recorded as receipts when the grant money is received.

### O. Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension and net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability (asset), information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, pension and health care benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The retirement systems report investments at fair value.

# P. Implementation of New Accounting Policies

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the School District has (to the extent it applies to the cash basis of accounting) implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates and certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. These changes were incorporated in the School District's financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of paragraphs 13 and 14 of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 97 requirements that are related to a) the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans and 2) determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit were implemented for fiscal year 2022. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 3. COMPLIANCE

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B), requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.

### 4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual budget basis presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the cash basis are that:

- a. In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of a disbursement rather than assigned fund balance (cash basis); and,
- b. Some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the fiscal year on the cash basis to the budget basis for the general fund is as follows:

### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	Gen	eral Fund
Cash Basis	\$	510,945
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere**		(11,363)
Adjustment for Encumbrances		(173,439)
Budget Basis	\$	326,143

<sup>\*\*</sup> As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes the public school support fund and uniform school supplies fund.

## 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet the current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Board has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days and two hundred seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time (if training requirements have been met).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

*Cash on Hand* - At June 30, 2022 the School District had \$100 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

**Deposits** - At year-end, \$97,532 of the School District's bank balance of \$416,301 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

**Custodial Credit Risk** - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Investments**

As of June 30, 2022 the School District had the following investments:

	Measurement	% of Total	Maturities	s in Years
	Amount	Investments	< 1 year	1-3 years
Cost:				
Federal Government Agency Securities:				
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 180,036	4.69%	\$ -	\$ 180,036
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	177,718	4.63%	-	177,718
US Treasury Bill	1,395,959	36.35%	1,395,959	-
Net Asset Value (NAV):				
U.S. Treasury Money Market	139,229	3.63%	139,229	-
STAR Ohio	1,947,174	50.70%	1,947,174	
Total Investments	\$ 3,840,116	100.00%	\$ 3,482,362	\$ 357,754

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The investment policy restricts the Treasurer from investing in anything other than as identified in the Ohio Revised Code and that all investments must mature within five years from the date of investment unless they are matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District. The Treasurer is also restricted from purchasing investments that cannot be held until the maturity date.

Credit Risk - The federal government agency securities carry a rating of AA+ by Standard & Poor's (S&P) Global Ratings. The U.S. Treasury Money Market carries a rating of AA+ by S&P Global Ratings. STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2022, is 35 days and carries a rating of AAAm by S&P Global Ratings.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District has adopted a policy that its portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet current obligations of the School District. Minimum levels may be established in order to meet current obligations; however, the School District has not limited the amount that may be invested in a particular security.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021 and are collected in 2022 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Allen County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	2021 Second- Half Collections			2022 First- Half Collections		
		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$	114,991,650	82.2%	\$	124,324,980	83.0%
Public Utility/Personal Property		24,958,420	17.8%		25,509,540	17.0%
Total	\$	139,950,070	100.0%	\$	149,834,520	100.0%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	45.31		\$	44.43	

### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the School District contracted with the Ohio School Plan for general liability, educational legal liability and fleet insurance, and with Indiana Insurance Company for property insurance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Coverages provided by the various insurances are as follows:

Building and Contents - Replacement Cost	\$38,894,180
Automobile Liability (\$250 to \$1,000 deductible)	1,000,000
General Liability	
Per occurrence	3,000,000
Total per year	5,000,000
Educational Legal Liability	
Per occurrence	3,000,000
Total per year	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

The School District participated in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

The School District participates in the Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. Group Rating Program (the Program), an insurance purchasing pool. The Program is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The worker's compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the program.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Program rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to educational entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

The School District participates in the Council of Allen County Schools Health Benefits Consortium (the Trust), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of the districts within Allen County. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for employee medical and dental benefits. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

## 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

### Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The net pension liability and net OPEB liability/(asset) are disclosed as a commitment and not reported on the face of the financial statements as a liability because of the use of the cash basis framework. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 9 for the required OPEB disclosures.

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, may be included in this plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPIW, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020. SERS approved a 0.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2022.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$153,216 for fiscal year 2022.

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory employer rate is 14 percent and the statutory member rate is 14 percent of covered payroll. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$549,884 for fiscal year 2022.

### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:	 	 	_
Current Measurement Date	0.03246450%	0.02864317%	
Prior Measurement Date	 0.03400630%	0.03042876%	
Change in Proportionate Share	 0.00154180%	 -0.00178559%	
Proportionate Share of the Net	 	 	
Pension Liability	\$ 1,197,846	\$ 3,662,287	\$ 4,860,133

### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2132.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed)

Inflation 2.40 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.00 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future

retirees will be delayed for three years following

commencement

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Mortality among disable members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 23-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments was 28.18%.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1%	Increase
School District's Proportionate Share	·		_	_		
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,992,921	\$	1,197,846	\$	527,324

### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

2.50 percent
Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
3.00 percent
0.00 percent

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*</sup>Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

**Discount Rate**. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1%	Increase
School District's Proportionate Share				_		
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	6,858,092	\$	3,662,287	\$	961,838

Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00 percent from 7.45 percent for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a one-time three percent cost-of-living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 8 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$19,333.

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B partial premium reimbursements will be continued indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

### Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		SERS		STRS
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):				
Current Measurement Date	(	0.03353000%		0.02864300%
Prior Measurement Date	(	0.03546000%		0.03042900%
Change in Proportionate Share	-(	0.00193000%		0.00178600%
Proportionate Share of the Net		_	'	_
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	634,588	\$	(603,914)

### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	1.92 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	
Measurement Date	2.27 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation
Prior Measurement Date	2.63 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare	6.750 percent - 4.40 percent
Medicare	5.125 percent - 4.40 percent

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disable members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

A 4 Cl	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class		Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021 and 2.45 percent at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.27 percent) and higher (3.27 percent) than the current discount rate (2.27 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate (6.75 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent).

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	786,325	\$	634,588	\$	513,360
	1%	Decrease		Current end Rate	1%	Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	488,577	\$	634,588	\$	829,602

### Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation Projected Salary Increases Payroll Increases	<ul><li>2.50 percent</li><li>12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65</li><li>3.00 percent</li></ul>				
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent				
Health Care Cost Trend Rates					
Medical	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Ultimate</u>			
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent	4.00 percent			
Medicare	-16.18 percent	4.00 percent			
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent	4.00 percent			
Medicare	29.98 percent	4.00 percent			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*</sup>Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	1%	Decrease		Current	1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(509,610)	\$	(603,914)	\$	(682,691)
	Current					
	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(679,499)	\$	(603,914)	\$	(510,447)

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00 percent from 7.45 percent for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.100 percent. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in current year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

### 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2022	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds					
2014 School Improvement Bonds					
Term Bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Serial Bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Appreciation Bonds	7,701	-	7,701	-	-
Accretion for Capital Bonds	108,436	18,863	127,299	-	-
2016 School Improvement Bonds					
Term Bonds	12,573	-	12,573	-	-
2015 School Energy Conservation Bonds					
Term Bonds	400,000	-	40,000	360,000	40,000
2020 School Improvement Current Refunding Bo	onds				
Term Bonds	5,535,000	-	-	5,535,000	-
Serial Bonds	2,685,000	-	275,000	2,410,000	415,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	8,748,710	18,863	462,573	8,305,000	455,000
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements					
Water Line Assessment	9,661	-	4,831	4,830	4,830
Sewer Line Assessment	214,851	-	13,713	201,138	28,133
Total Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	224,512		18,544	205,968	32,963
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 8,973,222	\$ 18,863	\$ 481,117	\$ 8,510,968	\$ 487,963

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

**2014 School Improvement Bonds:** On February 21, 2014, the School District issued \$7,964,999 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of financing a portion of the local share of school construction under the State of Ohio Classroom Facilities Assistance Program. The project includes the construction of a new K-6 elementary building, demolition of Perry elementary and locally funded initiatives for the project, together with equipment, furnishings, landscaping and all necessary appurtenances. The bond issue consists of \$1,305,000 in serial bonds, \$6,625,000 in term bonds and \$34,999 in capital appreciation bonds. The serial bonds have interest rates ranging from 1.00 to 3.10 percent. The term bonds have interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 4.75 percent. The term and serial bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2021. Capital appreciation bonds in the amount of \$34,999 will accrete interest at rates from 2.10 to 3.00. The capital appreciation bonds matured December 1, 2019, 2020 and 2021 in the amounts of \$135,000 each year.

Capital appreciation bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The interest on the capital appreciation bonds represents the accretion of the deep-discounted bonds from the initial value at the time of issuance to their value at final maturity of \$405,000.

**2015 School Energy Conservation Bonds:** On June 17, 2015, the School District issued \$625,000 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of financing the School Energy Conservation project. The project includes the installation of a building automation system, replacement of the boiler, lighting retrofits and lighting on the football field. The bond issue consists of term bonds with an interest rate of 3.40 percent.

**2016 School Improvement Bonds:** On June 28, 2016, the School District issued \$62,864 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of additional costs relating to the School Energy Conservation project. The bond issue consists of term bonds that have an interest rate of 2.50 percent and mature in 2022.

**2020 School Improvement Refunding General Obligation Bonds:** On September 15, 2020, the School District issued \$8,230,000 in general obligation bonds. The bond issue consists of serial bonds and term bonds issued with a varying interest rate of 1.0 to 3.0 percent. The bonds refunded \$1,405,000 of outstanding 2010 School Improvement Refunding General Obligation Bonds, and \$7,195,000 of outstanding 2014 School Improvement Bonds. The bonds were issued for a thirty year period with final maturities at December 1, 2050.

At the date of refunding, \$8,773,185 (including premium and after underwriting fees and other issuance costs) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the refunded bonds. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$3,302,296 over the next eleven years and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,435,790.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2020	Issue		201	5 Issue				
Fiscal Year		rm		Serial		Гегт	I	nterest		Total
Ending	Prin	cipal	P	rincipal	Pr	incipal			A	mount
2023	\$	-	\$	415,000	\$	40,000	\$	231,035	\$	686,035
2024		-		430,000		40,000		221,300		691,300
2025		-		440,000		45,000		211,105		696,105
2026		-		435,000		45,000		196,450		676,450
2027		-		165,000		45,000		185,920		395,920
2028-2032		375,000		525,000		145,000		826,590		1,871,590
2033-2037	1	,085,000		-		-		631,075		1,716,075
2038-2042	1	,280,000		-		-		436,000		1,716,000
2043-2047	1	,475,000		-		-		231,075		1,706,075
2048-2051	1	,320,000						53,500		1,373,500
Totals	\$ 5	,535,000	\$	2,410,000	\$	360,000	\$	3,224,050	\$	11,529,050

**Special Assessment Debt** – **Water Line** - During October 1995, the School District entered into contract with the Allen Water District to construct a water main to supply city water services to the School District's facilities. Installation was completed in September 1996. The cost to the School District was \$225,000. The unpaid balance under the contract was certified to Allen County Auditor for collection as a special assessment in fiscal year 1998. The contract with the Water District also allows the School District to receive from the Allen Water District, 95 percent of any tap fees collected for a period of ten years or a maximum of \$170,000.

The special assessments will be paid semi-annually from the permanent improvement capital projects fund. Principal and interest requirements to retire the special assessment outstanding at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Fiscal Year							
Ending	Principal		Inte	erest	Total		
2023	\$	4,830	\$	278	\$	5,108	

**Special Assessment Debt** – **Sewer System** - During November 2008, the School District entered into a contract with the Board of County Commissioners, Allen County, Ohio to construct, operate, and maintain sanitary sewer facilities. Installation was completed in May of 2009. The cost to the School District was \$484,480. The unpaid balance was certified to the Allen County Auditor for collection as a special assessment beginning in fiscal year 2010. Allen County finalized the debt agreement with OWDA for this project in fiscal year 2010. The amounts presented in the fiscal year 2009 note were based on estimates.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the special assessment outstanding at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

# Perry Local School District Allen County, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year					
Ending	Principal		Interest		 Total
2023	\$	28,133	\$	6,640	\$ 34,773
2024		29,104		5,670	34,774
2025		30,108		4,666	34,774
2026		31,146		3,628	34,774
2027		32,221		2,553	34,774
2028-2029		50,426		1,734	 52,160
Totals	\$	201,138	\$	24,891	\$ 226,029

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 11. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

			Во	nd				
			Retire	ment		Other		Total
	Gen	eral	Fu	nd	Gov	ernmental	ntal Governme	
Nonspendable:								
Unclaimed Monies	\$	454	_\$		\$		\$	454
Restricted for:								
Debt Service		-	74	5,541		-		745,541
Capital Outlay		-		-		112,985		112,985
Classroom Facilities Maintenance		-		-		368,236		368,236
Food Service Operations		-		-		270,547		270,547
Extracurricular Activities		-		-		90,022		90,022
Health Reimbursement Account	(	68,769		-		-		68,769
Other Purposes				_		122,063		122,063
Total Restricted		68,769	74	5,541		963,853		1,778,163
Assigned for:								
Instruction	:	36,383		-		-		36,383
Support Services	;	80,868		-		-		80,868
Extracurricular Activities		70		-		-		70
Capital Outlay	(	65,501		-		-		65,501
Other Purposes		13,191		-		-		13,191
Total Assigned	19	96,013						196,013
Unassigned	2,2:	33,297				(40,814)		2,192,483
Total Fund Balance	\$2,49	08,533	\$ 745	5,541	\$	923,039	\$	4,167,113

<sup>\*</sup>Unassigned fund balance is due to deficit fund balances in the Student Wellness & Success, ESSER COVID-19, CRF, Title 1 Non-Competitive, Title 1, Improving Teacher Quality and Miscellaneous Federal Grants funds in the amounts of \$1, \$17,227, \$2, \$652, \$21,367, \$515 and \$1,050, respectively.

### 12. STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund receipt amounts, as defined, into a reserve. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the reserve activity was as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Capit Acquisi	
Set-aside restricted balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		138,858
Current year qualifying offsets		(220,655)
Total	\$	(81,797)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2023	\$	_
Set-aside restricted balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	

Although the School District had offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvement set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

### 13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

### A. Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC) which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, Seneca, Van Wert, Wood and Wyandot Counties, and the Cities of Wapakoneta and St. Marys. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member Districts. The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member educational entities within each county. Financial information can be obtained from Ben Thaxton, who serves as Executive Director, at 4277 East Road, Elida, Ohio 45807.

### **B.** Apollo Career Center

The Apollo Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students, operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from the educators of each of the participating Districts' elected boards. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to Apollo Career Center, Maria Rellinger, who serves as Treasurer, at 3325 Shawnee Road, Lima, Ohio 45806.

### C. Spencerville, Perry, and Bath Local Professional Development Committee

The Spencerville, Perry, and Bath Local Professional Development Committee is a consortium operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from the educators of each, along with two administrators from the members chosen by the superintendents. The Committee was formed to review coursework and other professional development activities completed by educators within the Districts and used for the renewal of certificates and licenses. As of June 30, 2022, there was no financial information available for this Committee.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 14. GROUP INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

### A. Council of Allen County Schools Health Benefits Consortium

The School District participates in the Council of Allen County Schools Health Benefits Consortium (the Trust), public entity shared risk pool consisting of the districts within Allen County. The Trust is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides sick, accident and other benefits to the employees of the participating districts. Each participating District's superintendent is appointed to a Board of Trustees which advises the Trustee, Gallagher Benefit Services, Inc. (3<sup>rd</sup> Party Administrator) concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust. Each District decides which plans offered the Board of Trustees will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Board of Trustees and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Mr. Craig Kupferberg, who serves as Chairman, at 1920 Slabtown Rd., Lima, Ohio 45804.

### B. Ohio School Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its member which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by an 11 member board consisting of individual representatives from various OSP members. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

### C. Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. Each year, participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

### 15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claim resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

### B. Litigation

The School District is not a party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the School District's opinion, have a material effect on the financial statements.

### C. Encumbrance Commitments

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At fiscal year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	 Amount			
General	\$ 184,291			
Nonmajor Governmental	410,204			
	\$ 594,495			

### **D.** School District Funding

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2022 Foundation Funding for the School District. As a result of the fiscal year 2022 reviews, the School District received an additional \$41,427 from ODE. This amount has not been included in the financial statements.

#### 16. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During fiscal year 2022, the General Fund transferred \$13,159 to the Bond Retirement Fund for debt payments.

	Trans	fers In	Tran	sfers Out
Fund:				
General	\$	-	\$	13,159
Debt Retirement		13,159		-
Other Governmental Funds:		500		500
	\$	13,659	\$	13,659

### 17. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City of Lima has entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program within taxing districts of the School District. The CRA program is a directive incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Within the taxing districts of the School District, the City of Lima has entered into such an agreement. Under the CRA program, the School District's property taxes were reduced by \$74,308. The School District is not receiving any amounts from these other governments in association with the foregone property tax revenue.

### 18. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The School District's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

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### PERRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ALLEN COUNTY

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR  Pass Through Grantor  Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through Ohio Department of Education		
Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Cash Assistance Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555 <sub>-</sub>	\$38,025 288,127 326,152
School Breakfast Program Cash Assistance Total School Breakfast Program	10.553	190,694 190,694
COVID-19 Special Milk Program for Children	10.556	22,081
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		538,927
COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		539,541
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY Passed through Ohio Department of Education		
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund - BroadbandOhio Connectivity	21.019	27
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	-	27
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through Ohio Department of Education		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	194,639
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):  Special Education_Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)  Rural Education	84.027 84.173 84.358	92,891 2,678 95,569
		,
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants  Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.367 84.424	29,047 1,151
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I & II) Fund COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D 84.425U	435,043 22,700 457,743
Total U.S Department of Education	<u>-</u>	814,880
U.S. FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  Direct Program	00.000	00.455
COVID-19 Emergency Connectivity Fund (ECF) Program	32.009	26,459
Total U.S Federal Communications Commission	-	26,459
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	=	\$1,380,907

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

### PERRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ALLEN COUNTY

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Perry Local School District, Allen County, Ohio (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the School District.

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

### NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

### **NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

### **NOTE F - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require the School District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The School District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

### PERRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ALLEN COUNTY

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

### **NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS**

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The School District transferred the following amounts from 2022 to 2023 programs:

	<u>AL</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	<b>Transferred</b>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2,389
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Supplemental School Improvement	84.010	7,686
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	1,772
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	9,019
COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States	84.027X	36,542
COVID-19 Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173X	2,706
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	117,654
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency		
Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	1,348,999

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88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Perry Local School District Allen County 2770 East Breese Road Lima, Ohio 45806

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry Local School District, Allen County, (the School District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2023, wherein we noted the School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District.

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Perry Local School District
Allen County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Governmental Auditing Standards
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### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2022-001.

### School District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 8, 2023



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Perry Local School District Allen County 2770 East Breese Road Lima, Ohio 45806

To the Board of Education:

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### **Qualified and Unmodified Opinions**

We have audited Perry Local School District's, Allen County, (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Perry Local School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Perry Local School District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

### Qualified Opinion on Special Education Cluster

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, Perry Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Special Education Cluster major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

### Unmodified Opinion on the Other Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Perry Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its other major federal program identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying schedule of findings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

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Perry Local School District
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We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified opinions on compliance for each of major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matters Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Special Education Cluster

As described in finding 2022-002 in the accompanying schedule of findings, the School District did not comply with requirements regarding Procurement and Suspension and Debarment applicable to its Special Education Cluster major federal program.

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the School District to comply with requirements applicable to that program.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The School District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
  of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
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We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2022-002 to be a material weakness.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

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The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 8, 2023

### PERRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ALLEN COUNTY

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material Yes noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	Yes	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Qualified for Special Education Cluster Unmodified for Child Nutrition Cluster	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	Yes	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster Special Education Cluster	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No	

Perry Local School District Allen County Schedule of Findings Page 2

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **FINDING NUMBER 2022-001**

### **Noncompliance Citation**

**Ohio Rev. Code §117.38** provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the School District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The School District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the cash basis of accounting rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the School District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the School District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the School District.

To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the School District should prepare its financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

### **OFFICIAL'S RESPONSE:**

The School District will continue to file OCBOA for the cost savings.

### 3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2022-002**

### **Noncompliance Citation / Material Weakness**

Finding Number: 2022-002

Assistance Listing Number and Title: AL #84.027, #84.173 Special Education Cluster

Federal Award Identification Number / Year: 2022/2023

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Compliance Requirement: Procurement and Suspension and Debarment

Pass-Through Entity: Ohio Department of Education

Repeat Finding from Prior Audit?

**Ohio Rev. Code §§ 3313.843 and 3313.845** allow traditional schools to contract with Educational Service Centers (ESCs) to provide services as outlined in the agreement between the two parties. Ohio Rev. Code §3313.843(C) requires these agreements to be filed with the Ohio Department of Education by the first day of July of the school year for which the agreement is in effect.

Effective on December 26, 2014, **2 CFR § 200.320** outlined the methods of procurement to be followed by state subrecipient non-Federal entities when expending certain types of Federal funds, including those received through Grant Agreements. However, **2 CFR § 200.110(a)**, created a "grace period" for compliance with 2 CFR §200.320, by permitting non-Federal entities to comply with previously issued Office of Management and Budget procurement guidance for all fiscal years beginning prior to December 26, 2017.

In January 2020, the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) published a form that allows schools to request ODE authorize a noncompetitive proposal for their ESC Services. This form is available on ODE's website.

During the fiscal year, the School District contracted with Allen County Educational Service Center (ESC) to provide purchased services. These services included expenditures of \$46,283, which were paid for out of the Special Education Cluster Grants and subject to the Federal procurement laws. The School District did not complete the form that allows schools to request ODE authorize a noncompetitive proposal for their ESC Services that is available on the ODE website. Under 2 CFR §200.320 the School District should have competitively bid the services needed or obtained price quotes from qualified sources as further defined in the School District's procurement policy.

The School District should develop a control(s) and/or procedure(s) to verify that established procurement procedures are followed when entering into contracts using Federal monies. The ODE form that allows schools to request ODE authorize a noncompetitive proposal for their ESC Services should be utilized for any ESC contract in the future. Failure to follow proper procurement procedures could result in contracts awarded to entities which do not meet all the needs of the School District or have a cost significantly higher than their competitors, as well as a loss in future federal funding and possible questioned costs in future audits.

### **OFFICIAL'S RESPONSE:**

The School District has already made this request for the FY '23 audit period.

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**Lisa Henline** Elementary Principal

Jesse Kill High School Principal

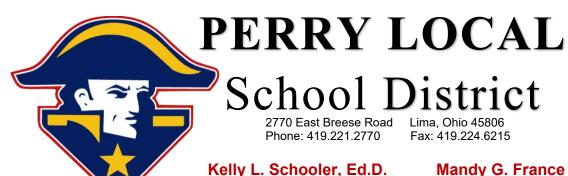
### **SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

2 CFR 200.511(b)

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

Finding	Finding		
Number	Summary	Status	Additional Information
2021-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38and Ohio Admin. § Code 117-2-03(B) — for reporting on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles.	Not Corrected. Repeated in this report as Finding 2022-001.	The Board feels they are saving the taxpayers money by not paying for a GAAP conversion which is required to follow generally accepted accounting principles. We are not planning on filing GAAP.
	This was first reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.		

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Superintendent

Lisa Henline Elementary Principal

**Jesse Kill** High School Principal

Mandy G. France Treasurer/CFO

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number: 2022-001

Planned Corrective Action: The School District will continue to file OCBOA for the cost

savings.

**Anticipated Completion Date:** 06/30/2023

**Responsible Contact Person:** Mandy G France, Treasurer/CFO

Finding Number: 2022-002

Planned Corrective Action: The School District has already made the request and received letter

from ODE for the FY '23 audit period.

**Anticipated Completion Date:** 06/30/2023

**Responsible Contact Person:** Mandy G France, Treasurer/CFO

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### PERRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

### **ALLEN COUNTY**

### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 6/13/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370