



STARK COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Attachment: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

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Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Federal			
Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY	Number	Grantor s Number		
<u>Direct</u>				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (C)	21.027	N/A	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,120,822
Passed Through the City of Canton COVID-19 Coronavirus State and				
Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (D)	21.027	Not Available		2,208
Total COVID-19 Coronovirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery I	Fund		<u> </u>	3,123,030
<u>Direct</u> COVID-19 Emergency Rental Assistance Program (C)	21.023	N/A		1,870,520
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addict				
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund (D) COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund (D)	21.019 21.019	FY2022 FY2023	265,600 199,200	378,100 199,200
Total COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund			464,800	577,300
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			464,800	5,570,850
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Direct				
Comprehensive Community Mental Health Services for	93.104	FY2021	298,754	866,482
Children with Serious Emotional Disturbances (D)	95.104	1 12021	290,734	000,402
Medicaid Cluster Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Medical Assistance Program (M)	93.778	G-2223-11-6991	<u> </u>	5,162,984
Total Medical Assistance Program/Medicaid Cluster			<u> </u>	5,162,984
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addict Opioid STR Grant (D)	<u>ion Services</u> 93.788	FY2022	210,179	221,051
Opioid STR Grant (D)	93.788	FY2023	59,674	59,674
Total Opioid STR Grant			269,853	280,725
<u>Title XXI - State Children's Insurance Program</u> Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Children's Health Insurance Program (M)	93.767	G-2223-11-6991	<u> </u>	82,155
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Social Services Block Grant (A) Social Services Block Grant (M)	93.667 93.667	FY2022 G-2223-11-6991	531,124	260,587 8,485,440
		G-2223-11-0351	551,124	0,400,440
<u>Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addict</u> Social Services Block Grant (D)	93.667	FY2022	147,905	147,905
Social Services Block Grant (D)	93.667	FY2023	142,391	142,391
Total Social Services Block Grant	·		821,420	9,036,323
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addict COVID-19 Emergency Grants to Address	ion Services			
Mental and Substance Use Disorder (D)	93.665	H79FG000202	22,863	22,863
COVID-19 Emergency Grants to Address Mental and Substance Use Disorder (D)	93.665	FY 2021	79,484	238,914
Total Emergency Grants to Address Mental and Substance Use	e Disorder		102,347	261,777
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addict				
Block Grant for Community Mental Health Services (D) Block Grant for Community Mental Health Services (D)	93.958 93.958	FY2022 FY2023	120,250 127,569	170,508 <u>129,769</u>
Total Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services	00.000	1 12020	247,819	300,277
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families (M)	93.556	G-2223-11-6991	<u> </u>	456,914
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addict		EV:0000	70.000	76.090
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homeless (D) Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homeless (D)	93.150 93.150	FY2022 FY2023	76,089 19,729	76,089 <u>19,729</u>
Total Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homeless			95,818	95,818
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addict	ion Services			
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse (D)	93.959	FY2022	1,765,172	1,819,601
Block Grants for Prevention and				
Treatment of Substance Abuse (D) Total Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance	93.959 Abuse	FY2023	<u> </u>	<u>1,101,019</u> 2,920,620
	1		2,000,101	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (Con	tinued)			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addictio				
Substance Abused and Mental Health Services -				
Projects of Regional and National Significance (D)	93.243	FY 2021	<u> </u>	57,069
TANF Cluster				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (M)	93.558	G-2021-11-5993	-	173,503
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (M)	93.558	G-2223-11-6991	325,318	6,496,627
Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families / TANF Cluster			325,318	6,670,130
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Child Health and Human Development				
Extramural Research (M)	93.865	HSP2332015000591		43,709
CCDF Cluster				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Child Care Development Block Grant (M)	93.575	G-2223-11-6991		643,682
Total Child Care Development Block Grant / CCDF Cluster				643,682
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Child Welfare Services (M)	93.645	G-2223-11-6991	-	161,121
				<u> </u>
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Foster Care - Title IV-E (M)	93.658	G-2223-11-6991		2,845,017
Foster Care - Title IV-E (G)	93.658	G-2223-06-0214	-	668,667
Total Foster Care - Title IV-E	00.000			3,513,684
Desced Through Ohis Descention of John and Ferrity Osmilars				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Chaffee Foster Care Program for				
Successful Transition to Adulthood (M)	93.674	G-2223-11-6991	-	87,277
				· · · · ·
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services	00 504	0,0000,44,0004		00.000
Child Support Enforcement Research (M)	93.564	G-2223-11-6991		80,868
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Child Support Enforcement (M)	93.563	G-2223-11-6991		3,674,681
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services				
Adoption Assistance (M)	93.659	G-2021-11-5993	-	50,750
Adoption Assistance (M)	93.659	G-2223-11-6991	<u> </u>	1,932,563
Total Adoption Assistance				1,983,313
Passed Through Ohio Department of Health				
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (D)	93.991	FY2021	-	(34)
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (D)	93.991	FY2022	<u> </u>	27,931
Total Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant			<u> </u>	27,897
Passed Through the Supreme Court of Ohio				
State Court Improvement Grant (G)	93.586	2101OHSCIC		123,828
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE	.e		5,027,520	36,531,334
TOTAL 0.5. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOMAN SERVICE	-0		5,027,520	30,331,334
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster	<u>T</u>			
<u>Direct</u> Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (C)	14.218	B-19-UC-39-0005	60,999	60,999
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (C) Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (C)	14.218	B-19-0C-39-0005 B-20-UC-39-0005	00,999	219,062
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (C)	14.218	B-20-UW-39-0005	616,559	648,721
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (C)	14.218	B-21-UC-39-0005	493,506	1,182,696
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (C)	14.218	B-22-UC-39-0005	75,679	143,345
			1,246,743	2,254,823
Passed Through the City of Canton				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (D)	14.218	FY2021	-	20,966
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (D)	14.218	FY2022	<u> </u>	47,320
				68,286
Passed Through the City of Alliance				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (D)	14.218	SFY 2022	-	3,090
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (D)	14.218	SFY 2023		3,193
			<u> </u>	6,283

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster (continued) Passed Through the City of Massillon		05/0000		
Community Development Block Grants / Entitlement Grants (D) Community Development Block Grants / Entitlement Grants (D)	14.218 14.218	SFY 2022 SFY 2023	- - -	3,180 4,008 7,188
Total Community Development Block Grants / Entitlement Grants CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster			1,246,743	2,336,580
<u>Passed Through the City of Canton</u> Emergency Solutions Grant Program (D)	14.231	FY2023		21,300
Passed Through the Ohio Developmental Services Agency Emergency Solutions Grant Program (C) Emergency Solutions Grant Program (C)	14.231 14.231	S-L-20-1DI-2 B-L-20-1DI-5	186,511 48,864 235,375	186,511 48,864 235,375
Total Emergency Solutions Grant Program			235,375	256,675
<u>Direct</u> Continuum of Care Program (D) Continuum of Care Program (D) Total Continuum of Care Program	14.267 14.267	FY2022 FY2023	- 	145,132 52,685 197,817
<u>Direct</u> HOME Investment Partnerships Program (C) HOME Investment Partnerships Program (C) HOME Investment Partnerships Program (C) HOME Investment Partnerships Program (C) COVID-19 HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239 14.239 14.239 14.239 14.239 14.239	M-18-DC-39-0204 M-19-DC-39-0204 M-20-DC-39-0204 M-21-DC-39-0204 M-21-DP-39-0204	74,446 397,978 157,416 629,840	34,039 98,585 569,025 199,210 <u>16,900</u> 917,759
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOR	PMENT		2,111,958	3,708,831
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u> Child Nutrition Cluster <u>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</u> National School Lunch Program (A)	10.555	FY2022	-	52,112
National School Lunch Program (A) Total National School Lunch Program / Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	FY2023		<u>18,778</u> 70,890
SNAP Cluster <u>Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services</u> Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (M) Total Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program / SNAP Cluster	10.561	G-2223-11-6991	<u>.</u>	1,635,286 1,635,286
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				1,706,176
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Passed Through Ohio Department of Emergency Management Age	encv			
Emergency Management Performance Grant (L)	97.042	EMPG-S-2020-064	-	15,936
Emergency Management Performance Grant (L) COVID-19 Emergency Management Performance Grant (L)	97.042 97.042	EMW-2021-EP-00002-S01 EMW-2021-EP-00003-S01	-	93,056 43,488
Total Emergency Management Performance Grant Program				152,480
Hazard Mitigation Grant (L)	97.039	EMW-2022-SS-00058	<u> </u>	12,200
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				164,680
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u> Special Education Cluster <u>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</u>				
Special Education - Grants to States (A) COVID-19 Special Education - Grants to States (A) <i>Total Special Education - Grants to State</i>	84.027 84.027X	066324-6BSF-2021 Not Available	- 	90,074 5,138 95,212
Special Education - Preschool Grants (A) COVID-19 Special Education - Preschool Grants (A) Total Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173 84.173X	066324-PGS1-2021 Not Available		18,048 381 18,429
Total Special Education Cluster				113,641
COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund (A)	84.425C	Not Available		137,263
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	3			250,904

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Texanal stantal Control	Endered Creater/Qub Creater/Drogram Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Evpondituroo
Passed Through Ohio Governor's Office of Criminal Justice Services (Justice Assistance Act) Violence Against Women Formula Grants (E) 16.588 2019WFVA28212 20.008 Violence Against Women Formula Grants (E) 16.588 2019WFVA28212 20.008 Total Violence Against Women Formula Grants (E) 16.588 2019WFVA28212 20.008 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2019-D18X-0438 50.89 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2019-D18X-0434 3.496 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.75 2022/0CA134718182 51.233 Colter Wickin Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/0CA134718182 51.233 Crime Vickin Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/0CA134718182 15.704 Crime Vickin Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/0CA134718183 15.704 Crime Vickin Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/0CA134718183 15.704 Crime Vickin Assistance (I) 12.025 110433 725.000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 74.88 Highway Planning and Constructi	Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor s Number	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
Tolence Against Women Formula Grants (H) 16.588 2021WFVA28212 19.884 Volence Against Women Formula Grants (E) 16.588 2019WFVA28212 20.008 Total Volence Against Women Formula Grants (E) 16.588 2019WFVA28212 20.008 Total Volence Against Women Formula Grants (E) 16.588 2019WFVA28212 20.008 Byrns Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2010-DL8X.0438 3.689 Byrns Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2020-DL8X.0438 3.689 Byrns Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2020-DL8X.0438 5.1314 Total Visitim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022VOCA134718192 51.233 2.682.466 Crime Vicim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022VOCA134718192 51.233 2.82.466 Crime Vicim Assistance (M) 16.575 2022VOCA134718192 1.82.466 1.82.466 Crime Vicim Assistance (I) 16.575 2022VOCA134718192 1.82.466 1.82.466 Total Cime Vicim Assistance (I) 16.575 2022VOCA134718192 1.82.466 1.82.46 Crime Vicim		vices (lustice As	scietance Act)		
Violence Against Women Formula Grants (E) 16.588 2019WFVX28212B - 19.864 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 201WFVX28212B - 28.008 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2011-D1-ACA01-6448 - 14.301 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2021-D1-BXA643 - 50.898 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2022-D1-BXA643 - 51.314 Total Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.757 2022/0CA134718192 - 51.233 Total Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.575 2022/0CA134718192 - 51.233 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/0CA13511273 - 26.2466 Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022/0CA13511273 - 36.564 Total Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022/0CA13511273 - 36.564 Total U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - 39.564 - 37.500 Whythwy Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 <t< td=""><td>Violence Against Women Formula Grants (H)</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>50.919</td></t<>	Violence Against Women Formula Grants (H)			-	50.919
Volence Against Women Formula Grants (E) 16.588 2021/WF/A28212 26.009 Total Volence Against Women Formula Grants 98.811 99.86.811 99.86.811 Byrme Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 201-JG-A01-FA448 14.301 Byrme Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2020-DL8X-0684 3.486 Byrme Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.735 2020-DL8X-0684 3.486 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/VOCA134718192 51.233 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/VOCA134718192 51.233 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/VOCA134718182 15.704 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/VOCA134718182 15.704 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/VOCA134718182 14.83957 Total Cime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/VOCA134718182 14.83957 Total Cime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/VOCA134718182 14.83957 Total Cime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/VOCA135111973 34864 H	Violence Against Women Formula Grants (E)	16.588	2019WFVA28212B	-	19,884
Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16,738 2021-JG-A01-6448 14,301 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16,738 2019-DJ-BX-0644 5.089 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16,738 2019-DJ-BX-0644 5.049 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16,738 2019-DJ-BX-0644 5.049 Passed Through Ohlo State Attorney General (Victim of Cime Act) 774.200 742.000 742.000 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16,575 2022/VOCA.134718182 51.233 52.468 Crime Victim Assistance (B) 16,575 2022/VOCA.134718182 115.704 73.584 Crime Victim Assistance (B) 16,575 2022/VOCA.134718182 188.997 7074.U.S. 0EPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 359.978 VIS.DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 359.978 US.DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 359.978 VIS.DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 349 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 77.000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 74.344 Highway Planning an	Violence Against Women Formula Grants (E)	16.588	2021WFVA28212		26,008
Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2019-DJ-BX-0664 - 5,069 Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 15PBJA-21-GG-01730-JAGX - 51,314 Total Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - 74,200 - 74,200 Passed Through Ohio State Attorney General (Victim of Crime Act) - 61,575 2022VOCA134718192 - 51,233 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16,575 2022VOCA135112735 - 82,466 Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16,575 2022VOCA135111973 - 39,564 Total Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16,575 2022VOCA135111973 - 38,587 Total Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16,575 2022VOCA135111973 - 38,987 Total Crime Victim Assistance (G) 10,575 2022VOCA135111973 - 38,987 US. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTCE 359,978 - 359,978 US. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 - 75,000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) <t< td=""><td>Total Violence Against Women Formula Grants</td><td></td><td></td><td><u> </u></td><td>96,811</td></t<>	Total Violence Against Women Formula Grants			<u> </u>	96,811
byme Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H) 16.738 2020-DJ-8X-0664 - 3.496 Byme Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - 74.200 Passed Through Ohio State Attorney General (Victim of Crime Act) - 74.200 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022VOCA134718192 - 61.234 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022VOCA135111735 - 82.466 Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022VOCA135111973 - 83.564 Total Cime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022VOCA135111973 - 39.564 Total Cime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022VOCA135111973 - 39.564 Total Cime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022VOCA134718188 - 39.978 US. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 359.978 34.84 - 34.84 Highway Planning and Construction (1) 20.205 110433 - 275.000 Highway Planning and Construction (1) 20.205 111043 - 45.883 Highway Planning and Construction (1) 20.205	Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H)	16.738	2021-JG-A01-6448	-	14,301
Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 15PBJA-21-GG-01730-JAGX - 51.314 Total Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 6.775 2022VOCA134718192 - 74.200 Passed Through Ohio State Attorney General (Victim of Crime Act) 6.575 2022VOCA13511275 - 62,466 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022VOCA135111973 - 39,564 Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022VOCA135111973 - 39,564 Total U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTCE - 359,978 - 188,987 Total U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 275,000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 275,000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 74,344 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 74,344 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 74,344 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205	Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (H)	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0438	-	5,089
Total Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 74,200 Passed Through Ohio State Attorney General (Victim of Crime Act) Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16,575 2022VOCA134718192 51,233 Crime Victim Assistance (B) 16,575 2022VOCA135112735 82,466 Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16,575 2022VOCA135112735 82,466 Total Orime Victim Assistance (G) 16,575 2022VOCA135112735 39,564 Total U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 359,978 39,5978 US. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 275,000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 275,000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 275,000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 17,4344 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 17,4344 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 100740 218,993 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 100749 450,803 Highway Planning and		16.738		-	
Passed Through Ohio State Attorney General (Victim of Crime Act) 51,233 Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022VOCA134718192 51,233 Crime Victim Assistance (I) 16.575 2022VOCA135112735 82,466 Crime Victim Assistance (I) 16.575 2022VOCA135111973 39,564 Total Crime Victim Assistance 185.575 2022VOCA135111973 39,564 Total U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 359,978 38,564 US. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 275,000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 275,000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 45,883 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 74,344 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 74,344 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 110433 17,06,966 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 108930 1,061,032 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20,205 1089366 22,00		16.738	15PBJA-21-GG-01730-JAGX		
Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2022/OCA134718192 51.233 Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022/OCA135112735 82.466 Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022/OCA135111973 39.554 Total Crime Victim Assistance	Total Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program			<u> </u>	74,200
Crime Victim Assistance (E) 16.575 2023/VOCA135112735 - 82.466 Crime Victim Assistance (G) 16.575 2022/VOCA135111973 - 39.564 Total Crime Victim Assistance - - 188.987 - 188.987 TotAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE - - - 359.978 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 275.000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 43.683 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 111043 - 43.88 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 111051 - 150.000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 10423 - 44.384 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 10328 - 17.06.966 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 104739 - 1.061.032 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 104739 - 1	Passed Through Ohio State Attorney General (Victim of Crime A	ct)			
Crime Victim Assistance (M) 16.575 2022-VOCA-134718188 - 15.704 Crime Victim Assistance - 39.564 - 39.564 Total Crime Victim Assistance - 39.564 - 188.967 TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE - 359.978 - 39.564 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - - 348.64 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 275.000 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 45.883 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 45.883 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 110433 - 74.344 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 10423 - 4.050.205 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 104739 - 1.061.032 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 104739 - 1.061.032 Highway Planning and Construction (I) 20.205 1189.667 <td< td=""><td>Crime Victim Assistance (E)</td><td>16.575</td><td>2022VOCA134718192</td><td>-</td><td>51,233</td></td<>	Crime Victim Assistance (E)	16.575	2022VOCA134718192	-	51,233
Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 2022VOCA135111973 39.564 Total Crime Victim Assistance				-	
Total Crime Victim Assistance 188.967 TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				-	
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Total State and Community Highway Safety - 234,933 National Priority Safety Programs (H) 20.616 OVIT-2022-76-00-00-0655-00 - 112,728 National Priority Safety Programs (H) 20.616 OVIT-2023-76-00-00-00655-00 - 30,412 National Priority Safety Programs (H) 20.616 DDEP-2022-76-00-00-00381-00 - 18,398 National Priority Safety Programs (H) 20.616 DDEP-2023-76-00-00-00381-00 - 5,037 Total National Priority Safety Programs - 166,575 - 401,508				-	
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National Priority Safety Programs (H) 20.616 OVIT-2023-76-00-00-00655-00 - 30,412 National Priority Safety Programs (H) 20.616 DDEP-2022-76-00-00-00381-00 - 18,398 National Priority Safety Programs (H) 20.616 DDEP-2023-76-00-00-00381-00 - 5,037 Total National Priority Safety Programs - 166,575 - 401,508	National Priority Safety Programs (H)	20.616			112 728
National Priority Safety Programs (H)20.616DDEP-2022-76-00-00-00381-00-18,398National Priority Safety Programs (H)20.616DDEP-2023-76-00-00-00381-00-5,037Total National Priority Safety Programs-166,575-166,575Total Highway Safety Cluster-401,508				-	
National Priority Safety Programs (H) 20.616 DDEP-2023-76-00-00-00381-00 - 5.037 Total National Priority Safety Programs - 166,575 - 401,508 Total Highway Safety Cluster - 401,508 - -				-	
Total Highway Safety Cluster - 401,508				-	
	Total National Priority Safety Programs			-	166,575
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 4,458,961	Total Highway Safety Cluster			<u> </u>	401,508
	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			<u> </u>	4,458,961

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR Passed Through Office of Ohio Department of Natural Resources Flood Control Act Lands (B) TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR	15.433	FY2021	<u> </u>	<u>9,801</u> 9,801
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$52,761,515</u>
The accompanying notes to the Schedule are an integral part of this	Schedule.			

The following represent the recipient departments: (A) Board of Developmental Disabilities

- (B) Auditor

(B) Auditor
(C) County Commissioners
(D) Mental Health and Addiction Recovery
(E) Prosecuting Attorney
(F) Sanitary Engineer *
(G) Family Court

* No federal expenditures for these departments in 2022

(H) Sheriff's Office
(I) County Engineer
(J) Court of Common Pleas *
(K) Board Of Elections *
(L) Emergency Preparedness Agency
(M) Job and Family Services
(N) Probate Court *

STARK COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Stark County (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The County passes certain federal awards received from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the U.S. Department of Treasury, the Ohio Development Services Agency, and the Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the County reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a pass-through entity, the County has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The County commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the County assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the County to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require entities to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with Ohio Department of Education's consent, entities can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The Stark Board of Developmental Disabilities transferred the following amounts from 2022 to 2023 programs:

		<u>Amt.</u>	
Program Title	AL Number	Tran	sferred
Special Education - IDEA	84.027	\$	435

NOTE H – TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS

During fiscal year 2022, the County made allowable transfers of \$7,629,555 from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (AL #93.558) program to the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) (AL #93.667) program. The Schedule shows the County spent approximately \$6,670,130 on the TANF program. The amount reported for the TANF program on the Schedule excludes the amount transferred to the SSBG program is included as SSBG expenditures when disbursed. The following table shows the gross amount drawn for the TANF program during fiscal year 2022 and the amount transferred to the Social Services Block Grant program.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	\$ 14,299,685
Transfer to Social Services Block Grant	(7,629,555)
Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	<u>\$ 6,670,130</u>

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88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Stark County 110 Central Plaza South Canton, Ohio 44702

To the County Commissioners:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stark County, Ohio, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Stark County Port Authority, a component unit of the County, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Stark County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tolu

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 29, 2023



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Stark County 110 Central Plaza South Canton, Ohio 44702

To the County Commissioners:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Stark County's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Stark County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. Stark County's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Stark County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Stark County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The County's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Stark County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stark County, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated June 29, 2023, wherein we noted the financial statements of the Stark County Port Authority, a component unit of the County, were audited by other auditors. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 29, 2023

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STARK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULT

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	AL #21.027 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery; AL #21.023 – Emergency Rental Assistance Program; AL #93.658 – Foster Care – Title IV-E; AL #93.563 – Child Support Enforcement; AL #93.659 – Adoption Assistance; AL # 10.561 – SNAP Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 1,582,845 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Stark County, Ohio

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022



Alan Harold Stark County Auditor

Prepared by The Stark County Auditor's Office

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Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Table of Contents

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Stark County Office Building 110 Central Plaza South, Suite 220 Canton, OH 44702-1410 Phone (330)-451-7357 Fax (330)-451-7630

June 29, 2023

To the Citizens of Stark County and to the Board of Stark County Commissioners

Honorable Janet Weir-Creighton, President Honorable Richard Regula, Vice President Honorable William Smith

Dear Citizens and Commissioners:

I am pleased to present the Stark County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2022. It is required by State Law that the County publish, within five months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements, which are then required to be audited. This report is the result of those requirements and conforms to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. The objective is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements, as the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits.

The Auditor of State of Ohio's office has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Stark County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Independent Auditor's Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

FORM OF GOVERNMENT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Stark County, established in 1808, is located in Northeastern Ohio and covers an area of 567 square miles and includes 17 townships, 12 villages and 6 cities, the largest of which is the City of Canton, the County Seat, and the ninth largest city in the State.

The County has only those powers conferred upon it by Ohio Statutes. To govern the County, a three-member board of County Commissioners is elected at large in even-numbered years for overlapping four-year terms. The Board of Commissioners serves as the taxing authority, the contracting body, and the chief administrator of public services for the County. The Commissioners create and adopt the annual operating budget and prepare the annual appropriation measure for expenditures of all County funds. In addition to the Board of Commissioners, the offices of County Auditor and County Treasurer, grouped under the category of general government, are of particular importance to the financial affairs of the County.

The County Auditor is elected to a four-year term. One of the Auditor's most important functions is the task of assessing real property for tax purposes. Under State law, a complete reappraisal must be conducted every six years as well as a triennial update between appraisals. The office completed its most recent reappraisal in tax year 2018, and completed its triennial update in 2021. This update will reflect a strong real estate market locally, reflective over overall state trends. The Auditor serves as Chief Financial Officer of the County, which includes statutory accounting responsibilities for both Finance and Payroll.

State law requires the Treasurer to collect certain locally assessed taxes. The Treasurer is the distributing agent for expenditures authorized by the Board upon the Auditor's warrant. Other Stark County elected officials are the Prosecuting Attorney, the Clerk of Courts, the Recorder, the Sheriff, the Engineer, nine Common Pleas Judges (five General Division Judges, three Domestic Relations/Juvenile Division Judges, and one Probate Court Judge) and the County Coroner.

The County provides its citizens with a wide range of services including general government (legislative, executive, judicial), public safety, public works, human services, health, conservation and recreation, economic development and water and sewer services. The Ohio Court of Appeals Fifth Appellate District, which resides in Stark County, serves fifteen counties.

All funds, agencies, boards, and commissions making up Stark County (the Primary Government) and its Component Units, in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34" are included for financial reporting purposes. The County's primary government includes the financial activities of the Department of Job and Family Services, the Children's Services Advisory and Advocacy Council, the Board of Mental Health and Recovery Services, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations which are fiscally dependent on the County or for which the County is financially accountable. The Stark County Transportation Improvement District, a discrete component unit, was not considered material. The Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation and the Stark County Port Authority have been included as discretely presented component units.

The County serves as fiscal officer and custodian of funds but is not financially accountable for the Stark Council of Governments, the Stark County District Board of Health, the Stark County Regional Planning Commission, the Multi-County Juvenile Attention System, the Stark County Park District, the Stark Soil and Water Conservation District, the Stark Regional Community Corrections Center and the Regional Transportation and Improvement Program, whose activities are included in this report as custodial funds.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

Over the past 20 years, Stark County has had the same shift in its employment base as many other parts of the country have. Service and education have taken the place of manufacturing, and that is evident from the list of top 10 employers. Aultman Health Foundation tops the list again this year, with Mercy Medical Center, now part of the Cleveland Clinic Foundation, in the top 10. Canton City Board of Education and Stark State College remain dominant service side employers as well. In a community with a long and rich history in manufacturing, only Timken Company and TimkenSteel Corporation remain at the top within this sector. Retail employers, such as WalMart and Giant Eagle, are also a key sector in our diverse local economy.

The most recent fiscal year showed gains in revenue as the economy returned to some normalcy post-pandemic. Stark County received in 2020 \$19.3 million in federal CARES Act dollars and \$36 million in 2021 in federal ARPA dollars. That same amount was matched in 2022 in the second tranche of ARPA funding. The County Commissioners spent \$3,100,000 on local sewer and water projects during 2022. They plan to continue with these infrastructure projects in the near future.

The County is home to the National Professional Football Hall of Fame, which is located in the City of Canton and attracts more than 225,000 visitors annually and is undergoing an ambitious redevelopment. We are blessed to have this national treasure as the driving force behind our County's vibrant tourism industry. Higher education is an important part of Stark County's economic landscape. Malone University, Walsh University, University of Mount Union, Kent State – Stark, and Stark State College of Technology are important partners in workforce training as they prepare students for meaningful work and fulfilling lives.

Stark County government has a ½% criminal justice sales tax, which was renewed in May 2017 to run through March 31, 2028. Stark County government has the lowest tax rate of all 88 counties, and we are able to balance our frugality with delivering effective and efficient services to our citizens. We are grateful to the citizens for their investment in its county government. The Commissioners continue to prioritize services to the public as well as making substantial commitments to maintain county owned property. The Commissioners continually stress the need for good stewardship of the County's resources. The budget was crafted in a way to keep services sustainable over the next five years. Stark County residents and visitors enjoy the lowest sales tax in the State of Ohio, and together we continue to make Stark County a great place to live and work.

Long Range Planning

Economic development is critical to both the short and long term success of the region. The County is engaged with Carroll and Columbiana counties to study and plan the expansion of Route 30. The County realizes the seriousness of drainage problems across the region and continues in its planning to address these needs. The Stark County Engineer's Office is responsible for maintaining the County roads, bridges, and storm sewers, and its investments in this infrastructure helps prepare our County for future growth and a safer community. The Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation ("land bank") works with each political subdivision to address blight that has been both decades in the making and as a result of the national mortgage crisis.

Improving Accountability

The Stark County Auditor's Office is committed to transparency, accountability, and efficiency not only in the Auditor's Office but across County government. The Auditor and Treasurer continue to hold monthly meetings with the Commissioners in an effort to keep both the board and the public aware of the County's financial condition. The Auditor's Office continues to find ways to streamline its processes and hopes to make significant improvements to its financial and payroll systems within the coming year.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Stark County for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2021.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we will submit it to the GFOA this year, as in each year past.

Additionally, the Auditor of State of Ohio presented an audit we are rightly proud of for the eleventh consecutive year, inclusive of each year I have had the privilege of serving in this role. It is truly my honor to receive this acknowledgment on behalf of the staff and the fiscal managers around the County for their job well-done.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I appreciate the cooperation between the various elected officials, County departments, Rea & Associates, and my fiscal and technical staffs in assembling this report. As elected officials, we are honored to accept responsibility as stewards of the public's finances and trust. Every day we must do all we can to earn and to keep the trust of the people of our community, and we are grateful for the opportunity.

Sincerely,

Olan Hawed

Alan Harold Stark County Auditor

Elected Officials December 31, 2022

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS	Janet Weir Creighton Richard R. Regula Bill C. Smith
COUNTY AUDITOR	Alan C. Harold
COUNTY CORONER	Ronald R. Rusnak
COUNTY ENGINEER	Keith A. Bennett
COUNTY PROSECUTOR	Kyle L. Stone
COUNTY RECORDER	Jamie Walters
COUNTY SHERIFF	George T. Maier
COUNTY TREASURER	Alex A. Zumbar
CLERK OF COURTS	Lynn Miller Todaro
COMMON PLEAS JUDGES	Kristin G. Farmer Frank G. Forchione Chryssa N. Hartnett Natalie R. Haupt Taryn L. Heath
FAMILY COURT JUDGES	Rosemarie A. Hall Jim D. James David R. Nist
PROBATE COURT JUDGE	Dixlene N. Park
OHIO COURT OF APPEALS FIFTH APPELLATE DISTRICT	Craig R. Baldwin Patricia A. Delaney W. Scott Gwin William B. Hoffman Earle E. Wise, Jr. John W. Wise

RT	LEAS - COURT COURT OF SOURT APPEALS		Lelecomm		0	ш.	[]				
L CHA	AS- COMMON PLEAS - RT PROBATE COURT JUDGES		Records		DATA PROCESSING BOARD	OHIO STATE COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICES	STARK COUNTY CHILDREN'S SERVICES ADVISORY AND ADVOCACY COUNCIL	STARK COUNTY REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION	YOUTH SERVICES ADVISORY BOARD		
LIONA	- COMMON PLEAS. FAMILY COURT		Emergency		COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION	MULTI-COUNTY JUVENILE ATTENTION SYSTEM	STARK CHILDREN ADVISORY AND AG				
OVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART	COMMON PLEAS - GENERAL COURT JUDGES	County Administrator			Human		BUDGET COMMISSION	MICROFILM BOARD	STARK COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY	STARK COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY	COMMISSION
	SHERIFF CLERK CLERK COURTS		9-1-1 Office	al support.			STARK COUNCIL STARK COUNCIL GOVERNMENTS	STARK COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY	TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT		
	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS		Sanitary		BOARD OF TAX REVISION	MENTAL HEALTH & RECOVERY SERVICES BOARD		STA	THE WORKSHOPS, INCORPORATED		
OVERN OTERS OF	RECORDER		Building	des space or gives finan	BOARD OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES	LITTER PREVENTION	STARK-TUSCARAWAS-WAYNE JOINT SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT DISTRICT	STARK COUNTY PARK DISTRICT	STARK SOLL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT		
STARK COUNTY GO	EN EN EN		County	nissions, or County provi	BOAF DEVELOPMENT	STARK COUNTY LAW LIBRARY	STARK-TUSCARAN SOLID WASTE SOLID WASTE				
	CORONER		Purchasing	Appointed Boards and Commissions; Statutory Boards and Commissions; or County provides space or gives financial support:	BOARD OF ECTIONS	DNS PMEUT RD RD	RECORDS	STARK COUNTY LOCAL EMERGENCY PLANNING COMMITTEE	STARK REGIONAL COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS CENTER		
TARK	Resecuting Attorney		Building	ds and Commissions; St				STARK COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT	STARK COUNTY TAX INCENTIVE REVIEW COUNCIL		
S	R TREASURER		Durs	Appointed Board	AKRON-CANTON REGIONAL AIRPORT	DISASTER SERVICES- HAZMAT	PUBLIC DEFENDER COMMISSION	STARK (BTARK (DEPAR	CC		
	AUDITOR		X								

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Stark County Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

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Financial Section

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Stark County 110 Central Plaza South Canton, Ohio 44702

To the County Commissioners:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and the remaining fund information of the Stark County, Ohio (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and the remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Board of Developmental Disabilities, Mental Health, Childrens Services, Public Assistance, Justice System Sales Tax, and American Rescue Plan (ARP) State and Local LRF funds for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Stark County Port Authority, which represent 20.13 percent, 1.10 percent, and 0.48 percent, respectively, of the assets and deferred outflows, fund balance/net position, and revenues/additions of the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Stark County Port Authority, is based solely on the report of other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. The financial section's combining statements and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the financial section's combining statements and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial control over financial reporting over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 29, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of Stark County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's net position increased by \$47 million as a result of this year's operations. Net position of business-type activities increased by \$5 million and net position of governmental activities increased by \$42 million.
- All revenues related to governmental activities totaled \$298 million. General revenues accounted for \$134 million of the total. Program revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$164 million of the total.
- The County had \$255 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$164 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues were \$134 million, of which \$119 million was tax revenue with the remaining \$15 million from interest, grants, entitlements, and miscellaneous revenues.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most financially significant funds.

REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's *net position* and changes in them. You can think of the County's net position, the difference between assets, what the citizens own, and liabilities, what the citizens owe, as one way to measure the County's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the County's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, and the condition of the County's capital assets (land, roads, building, water and sewer lines etc.) to assess the *overall health* of the County.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the County into two types of activities:

Governmental Activities: Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including human services, health, public safety, public works and general government. These services are funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-Type Activities: The County charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The County's water, sewer and Sheriff's webcheck operations are reported here.

REPORTING THE COUNTY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statement

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the County as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the Board of Commissioners establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The County's three kinds of funds, governmental, proprietary and fiduciary use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds: Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* in reconciliation alongside the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds: When the County charges customers for the full cost of the services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units of the County, these services are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the County's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds, such as the County's Health Insurance and Workers' Compensation Insurance funds, (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide insurance to the County's other programs and activities.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The County's fiduciary funds are private purpose trust and custodial.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the County as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the County's net position for 2022 compared to 2021:

		Tab Net Po						
	Ge	overnmental Activiti	es	Bı	Business-Type Activities			
	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change		
Assets								
Current & Other Assets	\$ 471,291,371	\$ 437,749,141	\$ 33,542,230	\$ 47,060,011	\$ 44,556,163	\$ 2,503,848		
Net Pension/OPEB Asset	18,410,275	10,884,414	7,525,861	979,951	571,026	408,925		
Capital Assets, Net	215,468,730	214,258,690	1,210,040	156,828,452	191,046,552	(34,218,100)		
Total Assets	705,170,376	662,892,245	42,278,131	204,868,414	236,173,741	(31,305,327)		
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Pension & OPEB	25,005,649	26,431,110	(1,425,461)	1,315,570	1,386,656	(71,086)		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	25,005,649	26,431,110	(1,425,461)	1,315,570	1,386,656	(71,086)		
Liabilities								
Other Liabilities	86,277,789	60,857,318	25,420,471	2,165,528	3,311,879	(1,146,351)		
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Due Within One Year	8,802,324	9,331,685	(529,361)	3,100,359	4,696,128	(1,595,769)		
Due In More Than One Year:								
Net Pension Liability	55,121,593	90,907,196	(35,785,603)	2,766,894	4,828,743	(2,061,849)		
Other Amounts	23,862,841	23,151,100	711,741	16,559,025	48,818,581	(32,259,556)		
Total Liabilities	174,064,547	184,247,299	(10,182,752)	24,591,806	61,655,331	(37,063,525)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property Taxes and Other	74,429,674	73,483,870	945,804	-	-	-		
Pension & OPEB	83,584,420	75,798,320	7,786,100	4,477,067	3,927,425	549,642		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	158,014,094	149,282,190	8,731,904	4,477,067	3,927,425	549,642		
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	196,853,708	196,417,492	436,216	137,565,237	136,819,331	745,906		
Restricted for:								
Capital Projects	1,817,862	1,510,261	307,601	-	-	-		
Debt Service	102,456	477,711	(375,255)	-	-	-		
Special Programs	236,153,723	226,121,898	10,031,825	-	-	-		
Unrestricted	(36,830,365)	(68,733,496)	31,903,131	39,549,874	35,158,310	4,391,564		
Total Net Position	\$ 398,097,384	\$ 355,793,866	\$ 42,303,518	\$ 177,115,111	\$ 171,977,641	\$ 5,137,470		

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the County at December 31, 2022 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27*. The County adopted GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the County's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting net OPEB asset and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset to equal the County's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the County is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the County's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The County's net position is reflected in three categories, Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted, and Unrestricted.

The largest portion of the County's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets, (e.g., land, building, machinery, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress). The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The County received the second round of grant funding, in the amount of \$36 million, for the American Rescue Act during 2022. These funds had not been spent by the end of the year, which caused a large increase in current and other assets for cash and investments. This unspent money also increased current liabilities for unearned revenue.

There was a pension expense decrease that was primarily due to the OPERS net pension liability as the pension plan decreased 40%, coupled by a significant change in assumptions which impacted deferred outflows of resources for OPERS. These significant reductions were mostly offset by a significant increase in OPERS deferred inflows of resources related to the net difference between projected and actual earnings on the pension plan investments related to market fluctuations.

The significant decrease to business-type capital assets and long-term liabilities is discussed within the enterprise fund analysis.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2022 and 2021.

		Tab Changes in J				
	G	overnmental Activitie		В	usiness-Type Activiti	es
	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change
Revenues Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants Capital Grants Total Program Revenues	\$ 36,831,409 122,590,106 4,615,236 164,036,751	\$ 37,634,883 124,987,545 4,221,364 166,843,792	\$ (803,474) (2,397,439) <u>393,872</u> (2,807,041)	\$ 28,833,311 42,759 <u>2,722,916</u> 31,598,986	\$ 30,738,321 8,400 1,075,661 31,822,382	\$ (1,905,010) 34,359 1,647,255 (223,396)
General Revenues						
Property Taxes Sales Taxes	73,414,802 41,329,059	70,509,425 39,517,492	2,905,377 1,811,567	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes	3,711,964	3,107,660	604,304	-	-	-
Grants & Entitlements	17,748,518	13,108,297	4,640,221	-	-	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Investment Earnings	245,630 (7,680,099)	224,346 286,217	21,284 (7,966,316)	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	5,185,256	4,906,836	278,420	549.060	188,942	- 360,118
Total General Revenues	133,955,130	131,660,273	2,294,857	549,060	188,942	360,118
Total Revenues	297,991,881	298,504,065	(512,184)	32,148,046	32,011,324	136,722
Program Expenses General Government						
Legislative and Executive	35,968,386	25,214,023	10,754,363	-	-	-
Judicial Systems Public Safetv	14,635,542 38,198,927	9,868,294 23,863,417	4,767,248 14,335,510	-	-	-
Public Sajety Public Works	31,627,978	23,803,417 21,421,269	14,555,510	-	-	-
Health	77,807,157	66.330.635	11.476.522	-	-	-
Human Services	56,733,383	36,404,981	20,328,402	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges Enterprise Operations	428,410	466,893	(38,483)	-	-	-
Sewer	-	-	-	23,818,476	22,695,660	1,122,816
Water	-	-	-	567,968	1,234,981	(667,013)
Sheriff's Webcheck	-	-	-	67,146	21,159	45,987
Total Expenses	255,399,783	183,569,512	71,830,271	24,453,590	23,951,800	501,790
Special Item (See Note 2S.) Transfers	- (288,580)	(212,501)	- (76,079)	(2,845,566) 288,580	212,501	(2,845,566) 76,079
Total General Revenues and Transfers	133,666,550	131,447,772	2,218,778	(2,007,926)	401,443	(2,409,369)
Change in Net Position	42,303,518	114,722,052	(72,418,534)	5,137,470	8,272,025	(3,134,555)
Net Position Beginning of Year	355,793,866	241,071,814	114,722,052	171,977,641	163,705,616	8,272,025
Net Position End of Year	\$ 398,097,384	\$ 355,793,866	\$ 42,303,518	\$ 177,115,111	\$ 171,977,641	\$ 5,137,470

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased during 2022. Key elements of this change are as follows:

Governmental expenses increased by \$72 million while revenues decreased by \$1 million.

The largest program function of the governmental activities for the County is the health program. The next largest program was human services.

The significant increase in program expenses in 2022 was the result of the negative expense reported in 2021, which was caused by the switch from reporting a net OPEB liability to a net OPEB asset.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Operating grants were the largest type of program revenue for the County. The major recipients of intergovernmental program revenues were the Board of DD - \$12 million, Public Assistance - \$31 million, the Children Services Board - \$16 million and the Mental Health and Addiction Recovery Board - \$25 million. Direct charges to users of governmental services, another type of program revenue, made up \$37 million of total governmental program revenues. These charges include fees for real estate transfers, fees associated with the collection of property taxes, fines and forfeitures related to judicial activity, and licenses and permits.

Property tax revenues account for \$73 million of total revenues for governmental activities. The major recipients of property tax revenues are the Board of DD - \$33 million, the Children Services Board - \$12 million, the Mental Health and Addiction Recovery Board - \$7 million, Emergency Services - \$1 million and the General Fund - \$20 million.

Charges for services remained the main source of revenue, for Business-type activities, at 90 percent. Business-type activities reported a \$2.8 million special item (see Note 2S).

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term receipts, disbursements, and balances of resources that are available to be spent. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the calendar year.

Approximately \$23 million of the County's total fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for appropriation at the government's discretion within certain legal constraints and purpose restrictions. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending. The following are the County's major funds:

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	(Decrease)
General Fund	\$ 34,840,622	\$ 38,045,495	\$ (3,204,873)
Developmental Disabilities	61,832,714	61,250,617	582,097
Mental Health	17,372,287	16,643,130	729,157
Children's Services	29,932,709	28,234,282	1,698,427
Public Assistance	6,142,312	5,571,245	571,067
Justice System Sales Tax	33,689,767	31,929,596	1,760,171

The General fund saw an increase in revenue from property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. Stark County had its triannual update in 2021, which lead to \$2.6 million in additional property tax revenue in 2022. A one-time Board of Elections primary election grant and continued growth in local government funding and casino tax revenue helped boost intergovernmental revenue. The main cause for the overall decrease in the General fund balance was due to investment income deficits due to rising inflation coupled with an increase in legislative and executive spending. A main part of that increase in spending was due to the Stark County Commissioners' providing the Stark County Port Authority \$5 million to help finance a revolving loan fund for economic development during 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The Stark Board of Developmental Disabilities (DD) fund saw a decrease in the intergovernmental revenue line item due to a cost report settlement reimbursement of over \$3 million that was not available in 2022. The reimbursement is passed through the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities every two years. Fortunately, spending was cut further than that loss in revenue, which lead to the slight increase in the fund balance in 2022.

The Mental Health and Addiction Recovery Board had an increase in revenue and spending. This is from increased utilization related to inpatient hospital services and contracted agencies that provide direct service in the County.

The Children Services fund received a one-time \$5.7 million match for being part of the Protect Ohio waiver program during 2021 that was not available to the fund in 2022. The absence of this grant led to a \$4.5 million reduction in revenue in 2022. Expenditures were also slightly higher in 2022, but due to the large beginning year fund balance from the previous year, the fund saw an increase in its balance in 2022.

There were no significant changes to discuss in regard to the Public Assistance fund.

The Justice System Sales Tax (JSST) revenues rose by \$2 million as consumer spending continued to rise in 2022. Expenditures increased in the personal services line item due to a CARES Act reimbursement received in 2021 to close out the grant fund. That reimbursement was not received in 2022.

There were no significant changes to discuss in regard to the ARP fund. There has been no fund balance in 2021 or 2022, which is why the fund is not listed within the table on the previous page.

Enterprise Funds

The County's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for the business-type activities, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the sewer fund at the end of the year amounted to \$38 million, which is a \$4.0 million increase from 2021. The sewer fund continued a strong operational performance with an increase of \$6.0 million in operations during 2022. This was partially offset by the special item adjustment of \$2.8 million (see Note2S) mainly due to the forgiveness of all Canton City OWDA intergovernmental loan obligation in 2022. The obligation to pay a portion of these outstanding loans no longer existed after a new agreement between the County and the City of Canton replaced the previous agreement. The new, fee-based agreement for sewer rights became effective on January 1, 2022.

It is important to note the significant reduction in Depreciable Capital Assets and the long-term Intergovernmental Loans Payable on the Statement of Net Position due to the abovementioned adjustment.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$8 million more than final budgeted revenues and other financing sources. Homestead and rollback fees came in much higher than expected. Conveyance and recording fees continued to outpace estimates for the third year in a row. All of these are indicators show a continued existence of a strong real estate market in 2022.

Actual expenditures were \$5 million less than final budgeted expenditures. \$1.0 million was saved in personal services while the remaining \$4 million in expected purchased services, capital purchases and discretionary expenditures were rebudgeted in the subsequent year strictly due to timing.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Major changes in capital assets during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The Engineer's 2022 paving projects included asphalt resurfacing for Beech Street, Dueber Avenue, Fohl Street, Navarre Road and Sherman Church Avenue. 63 miles of roadway received resurfacing or chip and seal as part of the Engineer's annual maintenance of County roads during 2022. The Kenyon Avenue Bridge, the Price Street Bridge and the Faircrest Bridge were all replaced during 2022. The Hills & Dales Storm Sewer was also completed in 2022.
- In the County Office Building, the Commissioners' office renovation was completed on the 2nd floor. The elevator renovation project was also completed during 2022. Three main elevators were completely renovated and have access from the ground level to all six floors of the building.
- The Coroner's office renovation was completed since the department's move to Cleveland Avenue where the old Stark Developmental Disability Board's Higgins School once resided. The completed project cost was \$1,390,465.
- The Sanitary Engineer's department completed a local project that provided Canton Township with local sewer service provided by the Stark County Metropolitan Sewer District for the first time. This project was funded by the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery fund, which was created by the American Rescue Act passed in 2021. The same funding allowed for the completion of the Casern and Mogadore Avenue Waterlines project since the project met the criteria for supporting vital wastewater infrastructure. The total amount spent for both projects was \$3,179,488.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 10.

Debt

Outstanding debt for the governmental activities decreased from \$17,996,236 to \$17,704,668 due to principal payments made in the current year. It is important to note that there were two new OPWC loan issues that totaled \$1,456,702 made to the Stark County Engineer. Business type activities outstanding debt decreased from \$52,843,979 to \$18,921,297. This decrease was due to a \$30,749,998 adjustment to account for no longer being obligated to pay a portion of the City of Canton's OWDA loan debt. The original agreement with the City ended and was replaced with a new, fee-based agreement on January 1, 2022. Detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Alan C. Harold, County Auditor, Stark County, 110 Central Plaza South, Suite 220, Canton, Ohio 44702, or visit our website at www.starkcountyohio.gov/auditor.

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Stark County, Ohio Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

		Primary Government			ent Units
	C (1	р. [.] т		Stark County	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Land Reutilization Corporation	Stark County Port Authority
Assets					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	\$ 300,887,823 656,112	\$ 40,315,508 435,369	\$ 341,203,331 1,091,481	\$ 3,659,766	\$ 1,501,670 572,712
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents	679,850 381,711	175,281	679,850 556,992	-	-
Accounts Receivable	2,090,519	6,018,236	8,108,755	-	-
ntergovernmental Receivable	61,462,502	-	61,462,502	215,000	
Taxes Receivable	86,566,645	-	86,566,645	-	
Sales Taxes Receivable	9,720,639	-	9,720,639	-	
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	241,577	-	241,577	-	
Special Assessments Receivable Loans Receivable	1,370,037 2,793,348	38,041	1,408,078 2,793,348	-	173,690,667
nternal Balances	8,593	(8,593)		-	175,070,007
Prepaid Items	1,624,214	81,918	1,706,132	18,534	
Materials and Supplies Inventory	2,188,743	4,251	2,192,994	-	
Accrued Interest Receivable	619,058	-	619,058	-	
Assets Held for Resale	-	-	-	596,300	
Net OPEB Asset	18,410,275	979,951	19,390,226	-	-
Land and Construction in Progress Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	31,259,807 184,208,923	5,679,559	36,939,366	-	-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	151,148,893	335,357,816	-	
Total Assets	705,170,376	204,868,414	910,038,790	4,489,600	175,765,049
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pension	23,720,774	1,247,446	24,968,220	-	-
DPEB	1,284,875	68,124	1,352,999	-	
Fotal Deferred Outflows of Resources	25,005,649	1,315,570	26,321,219		
iabilities					
Accounts Payable	4,599,194	56,859	4,656,053	17,167	-
Accrued Wages	6,210,521	325,392	6,535,913	-	-
Contracts Payable	2,312,936	341,918	2,654,854	-	-
Retainage Payable	381,711	175,281	556,992	-	-
Payroll Withholdings Payable ntergovernmental Payable	58,871 2,874,181	- 1,229,771	58,871 4,103,952	103,908	-
Accrued Interest Payable	2,074,101	36,307	4,105,952	105,508	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	129,792		129,792	-	
Loans Payable		-		-	173,805,851
Jnearned Revenue	69,710,583	-	69,710,583	-	
Due Within One Year	8,802,324	3,100,359	11,902,683	-	
Due In More Than One Year:					
Net Pension Liability	55,121,593	2,766,894	57,888,487	-	
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	23,862,841	16,559,025	40,421,866		
Fotal Liabilities	174,064,547	24,591,806	198,656,353	121,075	173,805,851
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	74,188,097	-	74,188,097	-	-
Pension	64,416,085	3,451,713	67,867,798	-	-
OPEB	19,168,335	1,025,354	20,193,689	-	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	241,577	-	241,577		
Fotal Deferred Inflows of Resources	158,014,094	4,477,067	162,491,161		
Net Position	101000 5	105 515 015	224 440 0 17		
Jet Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	196,853,708	137,565,237	334,418,945	-	-
Debt Service	102,456	-	102,456	-	
Capital Projects	1,817,862	-	1,817,862	-	
Road and Bridge Repair and Maintenance	17,651,526	-	17,651,526	-	
Real Estate Assessment	3,473,226	-	3,473,226	-	
Community Development	7,462,473	-	7,462,473	-	
Public Safety	48,518,569	-	48,518,569	-	
Health and Human Services Special Programs	148,375,306 9,869,404	-	148,375,306 9,869,404	-	
	9,869,404 803,219	-	9,869,404 803,219	-	900,252
Other Purposes					
Other Purposes Jnrestricted	(36,830,365)	39,549,874	2,719,509	4,368,525	1,058,946

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				Program Revenues					
	Expenses			Operating Charges for Grants, Services Contributions and Sales and Interest		Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities									
General Government	¢	25.069.206	¢	20 (24 055	¢	¢			
Legislative and Executive	\$	35,968,386	\$	20,624,855	\$ - 331,821	\$ -			
Judicial Systems Public Safety		14,635,542 38,198,927		5,595,250 6,904,787	8,986,963	-			
Public Works		31,627,978		293,734	19,432,184	4,615,236			
Health		77,807,157		2,093,171	36,934,649	-,015,250			
Human Services		56,733,383		1,319,612	56,904,489	-			
Interest and Fiscal Charges		428,410		-,		-			
Total Governmental Activities		255,399,783		36,831,409	122,590,106	4,615,236			
Business-Type Activities									
Sewer		23,818,476		27,952,400	-	2,722,916			
Water		567,968		857,915	-	-			
Sheriff's Webcheck		67,146		22,996	42,759				
Total Business-Type Activities		24,453,590		28,833,311	42,759	2,722,916			
Component Unit									
Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation		1,153,844		-	278,147	-			
Stark County Port Authority		2,910,313		96,130	3,259,590				
Total Component Units		4,064,157		96,130	3,537,737				
Total	\$	283,917,530	\$	65,760,850	\$ 126,170,602	\$ 7,338,152			

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes Developmental Disabilities Emergency Services Mental Health Children's Services Sales Taxes Other Local Taxes Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs Contributions and Donations Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Investment Earnings Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Special Item (See Note 2S.) Transfers

Total General Revenues, Special Item and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

		I	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Primary Government		Compon	ent Units
(overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation	Stark County Port Authority
\$	(15,343,531) (8,708,471) (22,307,177) (7,286,824) (38,779,337) 1,490,718 (428,410) (91,363,032)	\$ - - - - - - - - -	\$ (15,343,531) (8,708,471) (22,307,177) (7,286,824) (38,779,337) 1,490,718 (428,410) (91,363,032)	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - -
	- - -	6,856,840 289,947 (1,391) 7,145,396	6,856,840 289,947 (1,391) 7,145,396	- - 	- - -
	-	<u> </u>	-	(875,697)	445,407
	(91,363,032)	7,145,396	(84,217,636)	(875,697)	445,407
	20,092,207 33,778,375 611,885 6,695,128 12,237,207 41,329,059 3,711,964 17,748,518 - 245,630 (7,680,099) 5,185,256 133,955,130	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	20,092,207 33,778,375 611,885 6,695,128 12,237,207 41,329,059 3,711,964 17,748,518 245,630 (7,680,099) 5,734,316 134,504,190	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	(288,580)	(2,845,566) 288,580	(2,845,566)	-	-
	133,666,550 42,303,518	(2,007,926)	<u>131,658,624</u> 47,440,988	<u>1,531,148</u> 655,451	<u> </u>
	355,793,866	171,977,641	527,771,507	3,713,074	1,498,701
\$	398,097,384	\$ 177,115,111	\$ 575,212,495	\$ 4,368,525	\$ 1,959,198

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	General	Board of Developmental Disabilities	Mental Health	Children's Services
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 34,002,397	\$ 61,822,152	\$ 14,299,122	\$ 30,684,974
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts	-	-	-	30,651
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	- 7 204	679,850	-	-
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents Accounts Receivable	7,394 542,866	20,705	1,132,051	- 115,636
Intergovernmental Receivable	5,616,597	4,292,997	7,565,223	3,667,224
Taxes Receivable	23,587,668	40,145,089	8,003,128	13,262,083
Sales Taxes Receivable		-	-	
Special Assessments Receivable	-	-	-	-
Loans Receivable	-	-	-	-
Interfund Receivable	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest Receivable	619,058	-	-	-
Prepaid Items	511,001	216,078	94,168	93,195
Materials and Supplies Inventory Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	317,130	168,027	3,423	-
Total Assets	\$ 65,204,111	\$ 107,344,898	\$ 31,097,115	\$ 47,853,763
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 963,357	\$ 145,368	\$ 448,900	\$ 571,926
Accrued Wages	1,474,657	1,035,972	220,823	253,975
Contracts Payable	-	52,990	-	-
Retainage Payable	7,394	-	-	-
Payroll Withholdings Payable	58,871	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable	408,776	630,946	1,097,941	38,089
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	41,944	12,072	1,928	63,914
Unearned Revenue		-	-	
Total Liabilities	2,954,999	1,877,348	1,769,592	927,904
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	20,507,930	34,726,423	6,893,011	11,395,974
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Unavailable Revenue	- 6,900,560	- 8,908,413	- 5,062,225	- 5,597,176
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	27,408,490	43,634,836	11,955,236	16,993,150
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	3,144,782	384,105	97,591	93,195
Restricted	-	61,448,609	17,274,696	29,839,514
Committed	5,590,295	-	-	-
Assigned	3,502,243	-	-	-
Unassigned	22,603,302	-		
Total Fund Balance	34,840,622	61,832,714	17,372,287	29,932,709
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 65,204,111	\$ 107,344,898	\$ 31,097,115	\$ 47,853,763

Public Assistance	Justice System Sales Tax	ARP State and Local LFR	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2,915,120	\$ 28,539,054	\$ 68,925,422	\$ 52,001,242	\$ 293,189,483
-	625,461	-	-	656,112
-	-	-	-	679,850
-	-	-	374,317	381,711
46,968	-	-	209,859	2,068,085
23,750,726	-	-	16,560,040	61,452,807
-	-	-	1,568,677	86,566,645
-	9,720,639	-	1,370,037	9,720,639 1,370,037
-	-	-	2,793,348	2,793,348
-	-	_	136,449	136,449
-	-	-	-	619,058
11,231	84,751	-	103,524	1,113,948
101,872	370,589	-	1,227,702	2,188,743
			241,577	241,577
\$ 26,825,917	\$ 39,340,494	\$ 68,925,422	\$ 76,586,772	\$ 463,178,492
\$ 773,536	\$ 356,021	\$ -	\$ 1,323,840	\$ 4,582,948
1,280,975	1,136,179	-	793,573 1,876,319	6,196,154
-	383,627	-	374,317	2,312,936 381,711
-	-	-	-	58,871
218,380	227,731	-	249,865	2,871,728
-	-	-	127,856	127,856
3,088	6,846	-	-	129,792
		68,925,422	785,161	69,710,583
2,275,979	2,110,404	68,925,422	5,530,931	86,372,579
_	-	_	664,759	74,188,097
-	-	-	241,577	241,577
18,407,626	3,540,323		13,471,040	61,887,363
18,407,626	3,540,323		14,377,376	136,317,037
112 102	155 0 10		1 221 226	5 (10 0 40
113,103	455,340	-	1,331,226	5,619,342
6,029,209	33,234,427	-	39,836,340 15,522,657	187,662,795 21,112,952
-	-	-	6,775	3,509,018
-	-	-	(18,533)	22,584,769
6,142,312	33,689,767		56,678,465	240,488,876
	, , , :			
\$ 26,825,917	\$ 39,340,494	\$ 68,925,422	\$ 76,586,772	\$ 463,178,492

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 240,488,876
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		215,468,730
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Special Assessments Receivable	\$ 1,370,037	
Property Taxes Receivable	12,969,958	
Sales Tax Receivable	3,540,323	
Accounts Receivable	119,860	
Intergovernmental Receivable	43,887,185	61,887,363
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		6,088,849
The net pension liability and net OPEB (asset)/liability are not due and payable in the current period, therefore,		
the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Net OPEB Asset *	18,372,585	
Deferred Outflows - Pension *	23,672,802	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB *	1,282,281	
Net Pension Liability *	(55,015,173)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension *	(64,283,433)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB *	(19,128,907)	(95,099,845)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated Absences *	(13,031,921)	
Special Assessment Bonds	(1,110,522)	
General Obligation Bonds	(10,585,000)	
OPWC Loans	(6,009,146)	(30,736,589)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 398,097,384

*Net of Internal Service

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 General	Board of Developmental Disabilities	Mental Health	Children's Services
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 19,550,018	\$ 33,257,918	\$ 6,592,010	\$ 11,902,150
Sales and Use Taxes	-	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes	-	-	-	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	-	-	-	-
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	23,921,537	1,164,423	-	1,314,407
Licenses and Permits	43,903	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	338,604	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	14,690,125	15,704,188	25,367,260	15,152,438
Interest	(7,680,379)	-	-	-
Rent	658,115	-	-	-
Other	 1,186,593	1,394,513	358,360	248,133
Total Revenues	 52,708,516	51,521,042	32,317,630	28,617,128
Expenditures Current:				
General Governmen				
Legislative and Executive	24,731,267	-	-	-
Judicial Systems	14,965,687	-	-	-
Public Safety	7,674,043	-	-	-
Public Works	-	-	-	-
Health	22,287	50,938,945	31,588,473	-
Human Services	1,987,466	-	-	26,918,701
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	 49,380,750	50,938,945	31,588,473	26,918,701
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 3,327,766	582,097	729,157	1,698,427
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	23,361	-	-	-
Issuance of OPWC Loans	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	 (6,556,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (6,532,639)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,204,873)	582,097	729,157	1,698,427
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 38,045,495	61,250,617	16,643,130	28,234,282
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 34,840,622	\$ 61,832,714	\$ 17,372,287	\$ 29,932,709

Public Assistance	Justice System Sales Tax	ARP State and Local LFR	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 636,395	\$ 71,938,491
-	37,123,224	-	4,108,845	41,232,069
-	-	-	3,711,964	3,711,964
-	-	-	245,630	245,630
-	-	-	388,627	388,627
5,205	123,808	-	8,349,286	34,878,666
-	-	-	317,703	361,606
-	8,317	-	586,101	933,022
25,188,562	1,417	3,060,450	42,960,700	142,125,140
-	-	60,372	7,885	(7,612,122)
-	-	-	-	658,115
1,069,800	386,937		544,747	5,189,083
26,263,567	37,643,703	3,120,822	61,857,883	294,050,291
- - 25,692,500	30,825,241	3,744 3,107,578	2,672,941 8,903,066 25,030,044 665,664 9,612,148 8,745,776	47,406,094 28,137,622 83,215,369 64,210,815 8 745 776
-	-	-	8,745,776	8,745,776
-	-	-	1,748,270	1,748,270
-			428,410	428,410
25,692,500	35,883,532	3,120,822	66,804,625	290,328,348
571,067	1,760,171		(4,946,742)	3,721,943
-	-	-	179,270	202,631
-	-	-	1,456,702	1,456,702
-	-	-	6,556,000	6,556,000
-	-	-	-	(6,556,000)
-			8,191,972	1,659,333
571,067	1,760,171	-	3,245,230	5,381,276
5,571,245	31,929,596		53,433,235	235,107,600

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 5,381,276
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activites, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital Asset Additions	\$ 18,585,310	1 510 425
Current Year Depreciation	(16,874,873)	1,710,437
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(500,397)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Special Assessments Receivable	(388,627)	
Property Taxes Receivable Sales Tax Receivable	1,476,311 96,990	
Accounts Receivable	116,033	
Intergovernmental Receivable	2,640,883	3,941,590
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces		
long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
General Obligation Bonds	1,190,000	
Special Assessment Bonds	307,018	
OPWC Loans	251,252	1,748,270
Debt proceeds issued in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of		
net position are not reported as revenues.		
OPWC Loans		(1,456,702)
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension		12,190,584
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are		
reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		
Pension	7,500,359	
OPEB	14,290,372	21,790,731
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to invididual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund		
revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		(1,486,939)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences *		 (1,015,332)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 42,303,518
*Not of Internal Semico Fund nortice of \$(12,702)		

*Net of Internal Service Fund portion of \$(12,793).

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts				
	 Original		Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$ 19,100,000	\$	19,100,000	\$	19,550,018	\$	450,018
Charges for Services	12,065,000		12,065,000		15,274,131		3,209,131
Licenses and Permits	38,000		38,000		47,048		9,048
Fines and Forfeitures	400,000		400,000		321,485		(78,515)
Intergovernmental	10,760,000		10,760,000		13,857,210		3,097,210
Investment Income	1,300,000		1,300,000		2,325,591		1,025,591
Rent Miscellaneous	400,000		400,000		658,115		258,115
	 500,000		500,000		654,750		154,750
Total Revenues	 44,563,000		44,563,000		52,688,348		8,125,348
Expenditures Current: General Government Legislative and Executive Judicial Systems	23,543,967 12,964,658		32,068,297 13,028,656		27,387,890 12,618,376		4,680,407 410,280
Public Safety	1,281,328		1,281,329		1,134,681		146,648
Human Services	2,413,799		2,413,798		2,236,428		177,370
Total Expenditures	 40,203,752		48,792,080		43,377,375		5,414,705
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	 4,359,248		(4,229,080)		9,310,973		13,540,053
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-		-		23,361		23,361
Transfers Out	 (1,556,000)		(6,556,000)		(6,556,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,556,000)		(6,556,000)		(6,532,639)		23,361
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,803,248		(10,785,080)		2,778,334		13,563,414
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	23,144,138		23,144,138		23,144,138		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 3,432,451		3,432,451		3,432,451		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 29,379,837	\$	15,791,509	\$	29,354,923	\$	13,563,414

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues								
Property Taxes	\$	36,773,792	\$	36,773,792	\$	33,257,918	\$	(3,515,874)
Charges for Services		927,300		927,300		1,187,468		260,168
Intergovernmental		9,939,740		9,939,740		15,323,965		5,384,225
Miscellaneous		1,512,482		1,512,482		1,403,737		(108,745)
Total Revenues		49,153,314		49,153,314		51,173,088		2,019,774
Expenditures								
Current:								
Health		56,728,738		56,728,736		51,335,338		5,393,398
Net Change in Fund Balance		(7,575,424)		(7,575,422)		(162,250)		7,413,172
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		60,010,357		60,010,357		60,010,357		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		766,527		766,527		766,527		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	53,201,460	\$	53,201,462	\$	60,614,634	\$	7,413,172

Stark County, Ohio *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in* Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Mental Health For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts								
		Original Final Actual		Final		Final		Actual	riance with nal Budget
Revenues									
Property Taxes	\$	6,505,389	\$	6,505,389	\$	6,592,010	\$ 86,621		
Intergovernmental		22,921,407		22,921,407		24,350,052	1,428,645		
Miscellaneous		796,280		796,280		360,860	 (435,420)		
Total Revenues		30,223,076		30,223,076		31,302,922	1,079,846		
Expenditures Current: Health		35,811,262		36,310,148		36,140,298	 169,850		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,588,186)		(6,087,072)		(4,837,376)	1,249,696		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		8,355,856		8,355,856		8,355,856	-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		5,851,764		5,851,764		5,851,764	 		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	8,619,434	\$	8,120,548	\$	9,370,244	\$ 1,249,696		

Stark County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Children's Services For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues								
Property Taxes	\$	11,000,000	\$	11,000,000	\$	11,902,150	\$	902,150
Charges for Services		1,100,000		1,100,000		1,293,070		193,070
Intergovernmental		13,636,000		13,636,000		15,203,861		1,567,861
Miscellaneous		150,000		150,000		302,259		152,259
Total Revenues		25,886,000		25,886,000		28,701,340		2,815,340
Expenditures								
Current:								
Human Services		29,360,478		30,060,479		29,182,163		878,316
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,474,478)		(4,174,479)		(480,823)		3,693,656
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		25,806,840		25,806,840		25,806,840		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		2,665,479		2,665,479		2,665,479		-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	24,997,841	\$	24,297,840	\$	27,991,496	\$	3,693,656

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Public Assistance For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,205	\$	5,205
Intergovernmental		36,752,000		36,752,000		35,393,376		(1,358,624)
Miscellaneous		600,000		600,000		1,038,620		438,620
Total Revenues		37,352,000		37,352,000		36,437,201		(914,799)
Expenditures Current: Human Services		39,545,818		39,545,818		38,273,885		1,271,933
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,193,818)		(2,193,818)		(1,836,684)		357,134
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		1,168,964		1,168,964		1,168,964		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,820,818		1,820,818		1,820,818		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	795,964	\$	795,964	\$	1,153,098	\$	357,134

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Justice System Sales Tax For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted .	Amou	ints				
	 Original		Final	Actual			ariance with inal Budget
Revenues							
Sales Taxes	\$ 32,000,000	\$	32,000,000	\$	36,771,918	\$	4,771,918
Charges for Services	-		-		90,301		90,301
Intergovernmental	-		-		1,417		1,417
Miscellaneous	-		-		386,937		386,937
Total Revenues	 32,000,000		32,000,000		37,250,573		5,250,573
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government							
Legislative and Executive	4,489,016		4,489,016		4,487,401		1,615
Judicial Systems	1,441,077		1,634,769		1,425,262		209,507
Public Safety	 34,290,795		35,134,967		32,155,910		2,979,057
Total Expenditures	 40,220,888		41,258,752		38,068,573		3,190,179
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	 (8,220,888)		(9,258,752)		(818,000)		8,440,752
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out	 (48,600)		-			. <u> </u>	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,269,488)		(9,258,752)		(818,000)		8,440,752
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	23,983,246		23,983,246		23,983,246		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 2,970,185		2,970,185		2,970,185		-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 18,683,943	\$	17,694,679	\$	26,135,431	\$	8,440,752

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - ARP State and Local LFR For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts				
		Original		Final	al Actual			riance with al Budget
Revenues	¢		¢		¢		¢	
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	35,992,936	\$	35,992,936	\$	-
Investment Income		-		24,406		60,335		35,929
Total Revenues		-		36,017,342		36,053,271		35,929
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government								
Legislative and Executive		13,900		586,397		13,900		572,497
Public Safety		3,744		3,744		3,744		-
Public Works		1,383,556		3,407,578		3,107,578		300,000
Total Expenditures		1,401,200		3,997,719		3,125,222		872,497
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,401,200)		32,019,623		32,928,049		908,426
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		35,979,073		35,979,073		35,979,073		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		13,900		13,900		13,900		-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	34,591,773	\$	68,012,596	\$	68,921,022	\$	908,426

Stark County, Ohio Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

		Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities
		Other		1. 10
	Sewer	Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Fund
	Bewei	1 unus	Total	1 und
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 38,936,982		\$ 40,315,508	\$ 7,698,340
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts	435,369		435,369	-
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents Accounts Receivable	175,281 5,947,431	70,805	175,281 6,018,236	22,434
Intergovernmental Receivable	5,947,451	70,805	0,018,250	9,695
Special Assessments Receivable	38,041	-	38,041	-
Prepaid Items	81,918		81,918	510,266
Materials and Supplies Inventory	4,251	-	4,251	
Total Current Assets	45,619,273	1,449,331	47,068,604	8,240,735
Non-Current Assets:				
Net OPEB Asset	942,261	37,690	979,951	37,690
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	5,559,100	· · · · · ·	5,679,559	-
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	145,558,627	5,590,266	151,148,893	-
Total Non-Current Assets	152,059,988	5,748,415	157,808,403	37,690
Total Assets	197,679,261	7,197,746	204,877,007	8,278,425
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension	1,199,477	47,969	1,247,446	47,972
OPEB	65,496		68,124	2,594
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,264,973		1,315,570	50,566
T in Littleton				
Liabilities Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	56,859		56,859	16,246
Accrued Wages	315,127		325,392	14,367
Contracts Payable	341,918	-	341,918	-
Retainage Payable	175,281	-	175,281	-
Intergovernmental Payable	1,225,070		1,229,771	2,453
Accrued Interest Payable	36,307		36,307	-
Interfund Payable	8,593	-	8,593	-
Claims Payable Compensated Absences Payable	233,355	8,204	241,559	1,620,596 14,334
Intergovernmental Loans Payable	2,045,299		2,045,299	-
OPWC Loans Payable	129,306		129,306	-
OWDA Loans Payable	310,266		310,266	-
General Obligation Bonds Payable	373,929		373,929	
Total Current Liabilities	5,251,310	23,170	5,274,480	1,667,996
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences Payable - Net of Current Portion	479,532	16,996	496,528	29,042
Intergovernmental Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion	13,335,072	-	13,335,072	-
Claims Payable - Net of Current Portion	-	-	-	264,604
OPWC Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion	110,043		110,043	-
OWDA Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net of Current Portion	326,834 2,290,548		326,834 2,290,548	-
Net Pension Liability	2,290,348		2,766,894	106,420
Total Long-Term Liabilities	19,202,504		19,325,919	400,066
Total Liabilities	24,453,814		24,600,399	2,068,062
	,,			, <u>,</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension	3,318,936	132,777	2 151 712	122 652
OPEB	3,318,936 985,911	39,443	3,451,713 1,025,354	132,652 39,428
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,304,847	172,220	4,477,067	172,080
		172,220		172,000
Net Position	121 021		105 575 05-	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	131,854,512		137,565,237	-
Unrestricted	38,331,061	1,218,813	39,549,874	6,088,849
Total Net Position	\$ 170,185,573	\$ 6,929,538	\$ 177,115,111	\$ 6,088,849

Stark County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Enterprise		Governmental Activities
	Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Other <i>Total Operating Revenues</i>	\$ 29,237,383 326,581 29,563,964	\$ 880,911 222,479 1,103,390	\$ 30,118,294 549,060 30,667,354	\$ 25,159,084
		1,100,050	50,007,001	20,000,100
Operating Expenses Personal Services Contractual Services Materials and Supplies Claims	5,118,329 11,005,974 1,414,345	89,367 299,642 40,616	5,207,696 11,305,616 1,454,961	186,978 2,312,477
Claims Depreciation Change in Workers Compensation Estimate Other	5,956,740 - 62,535	197,978 - 7,511	6,154,718 - - 70,046	25,642,359 (149,215) 47,505
Total Operating Expenses	23,557,923	635,114	24,193,037	28,040,104
Operating Income (Loss)	6,006,041	468,276	6,474,317	(1,486,939)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Intergovernmental Interest	- (260,553)	42,759	42,759 (260,553)	-
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(260,553)	42,759	(217,794)	
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Special Item	5,745,488	511,035	6,256,523	(1,486,939)
Capital Contributions Special Item <i>(See Note 2S.)</i>	1,437,933 (2,845,566)	288,580	1,726,513 (2,845,566)	-
Change in Net Position	4,337,855	799,615	5,137,470	(1,486,939)
Net Position Beginning of Year	165,847,718	6,129,923	171,977,641	7,575,788
Net Position End of Year	\$ 170,185,573	\$ 6,929,538	\$ 177,115,111	\$ 6,088,849

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Enterprise Fund	s		G	overnmental Activities
		Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds		Total	Int	ernal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Cash Received from Customers	\$	29,491,529	\$ 884,36	5 \$	30,375,894	\$	-
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided		-		-	-		25,159,084
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts		333,145	222,47)	555,624		1,446,271
Cash Received for Special Assessments		79,830		-	79,830		-
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(1,453,761)	(40,61	·	(1,494,377)		-
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits		(6,785,005)	(157,35		(6,942,361)		(291,520)
Cash Payments for Contractual Services		(11,330,012)	(369,58))	(11,699,592)		(2,549,336)
Cash Payments for Claims		-		-	-		(26,047,322)
Other Cash Payments		(81,101)	(7,54)		(88,650)		(47,505)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		10,254,625	531,74	3	10,786,368		(2,330,328)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Intergovernmental Revenue		-	42,75)	42,759		-
Advances Out		(728)			(728)		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities		(728)	42,75)	42,031		-
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Capital Grants		249,999		-	249,999		-
Payment for Capital Acquisitions		(4,745,201)	(345,15	3)	(5,090,359)		-
Principal Payments on Debt		(2,795,923)		_	(2,795,923)		-
Interest Payments on Debt		(285,634)		-	(285,634)		-
Net Cash (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(7,576,759)	(345,15	3)	(7,921,917)		-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		2,677,138	229,34	ļ	2,906,482		(2,330,328)
Cash and Investments Beginning of Year		36,695,213	1,149,18	2	37,844,395		10,028,668
Cash and Investments End of Year	\$	39,372,351	\$ 1,378,52	_	40,750,877	\$	7,698,340
Note: Cash and Investments does not include Cash and Investments with Escrow	v Agents.						
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	6,006,041	\$ 468,27	5\$	6,474,317	\$	(1,486,939)
Adjustments:							
Depreciation		5,956,740	197,97	3	6,154,718		-
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:							
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		(376,761)		-	(376,761)		-
Accounts Receivable		340,711	3,454	1	344,165		52,623
Intergovernmental Receivable		-		-	-		(433)
Prepaid Items		29,635		-	29,635		(47,189)
Materials and Supplies Inventory		(298)		-	(298)		-
Special Assessments Receivable		(171)		-	(171)		-
Net OPEB Asset		(393,198)	(15,72)		(408,925)		(15,728)
Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB		67,737	3,34)	71,086		2,648
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:							
Accounts Payable		(229,212)	(72,81-		(302,026)		(179,131)
Accrued Wages		40,670	93		41,603		1,065
Intergovernmental Payable		200,883	2,99	l	203,874		(10,352)
Claims Payable		-		-	-		(554,178)
Compensated Absences Payable		65,943	1,41		67,358		12,794
Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB		528,452	21,19		549,642		(26,208
Net Pension Liability Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities	*	(1,982,547)	(79,30)		(2,061,849)	-	(79,300)
	C,	10,254,625	\$ 531,74	3\$	10,786,368	\$	(2,330,328

Noncash Capital Financing Activities: The County purchased \$341,918 and \$1,091,905 of capital assets on account in the Sewer fund in 2022 and 2021 respectively. The County purchased \$291,334 of capital assets on account in the Water fund in 2021. Developers donated capital assets in the amount of \$1,187,934 to the Sewer fund in 2022. The governmental funds donated capital assets in the amount of \$288,580 to the Water fund in 2022. \$30,749,998 of intergovernmental loans payable (Canton) and \$376,861 of intergovernmental loans payable (Massillon) were forgiven in the Sewer fund in 2022.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2022

	Priv	ate Purpose Trust		Custodial		
Assets	^	105 (10	¢	24.000.215		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	127,640	\$	34,868,317		
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts		-		2,754,910		
Intergovernmental Receivable		-		14,880,681		
Taxes Receivable		-		532,191,292		
Special Assessments Receivable		-		15,811,112		
Total Assets		127,640		600,506,312		
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		-		138,539		
Intergovernmental Payable		-		36,974,184		
Total Liabilities		-		37,112,723		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		-		462,033,061		
Net Position						
Held in Trust for Private Purposes		127,640		-		
Restricted Net Position for Individuals, Organizations & Other Governments		-		101,360,528		
Total Net Position	\$	127,640	\$	101,360,528		

Stark County, Ohio Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Private T	Custodial Funds		
Additions				
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	32,928,211
Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent		-		37,036,184
Licenses, Permits & Fees for Other Governments		-		65,816,008
Fines & Forfeitures for Other Governments		-		5,457,382
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments		-		444,628,030
Special Assessment Collections for Other Governments		-		5,441,407
Sheriff Sale Collections for Other Governments		-		6,417,715
Amounts Received for Others		-		2,845,583
Other		-		1,343,946
Total Additions				601,914,466
Deductions				
Distributions as Fiscal Agent		-		36,765,012
Distributions of State Funds to Other Goverments		-		32,307,029
Licenses, Permits & Fees Distributions to Other Governments		-		65,832,212
Fines & Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments		-		5,930,919
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments		-		432,399,541
Special Assessment Distributions to Other Governments		-		4,777,074
Sheriff Sale Distributions to Other Governments		-		7,219,525
Other Distributions		-		3,819,485
Total Deductions		-		589,050,797
Change in Net Position		-		12,863,669
Net Position Beginning of Year		127,640		88,496,859
Net Position End of Year	\$	127,640	\$	101,360,528

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 1. THE COUNTY AND REPORTING ENTITY

Stark County (County) is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The County was formed by an act of the Ohio General Assembly in 1808. The three-member Board of County Commissioners is the legislative and executive body of the County. The County Auditor is the chief fiscal officer. In addition, there are seven other elected administrative officials, each of whom is independent as set forth in Ohio law. These officials are the Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Recorder, Sheriff, and Treasurer. Also elected, to oversee the district's justice system, are five Common Pleas Court Judges, three Domestic Relations Court Judges, and one Probate Court Judge.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For the County, this includes the Department of Job and Family Services, the Children's Services Board, the Board of Developmental Disabilities, the Board of Mental Health and Addiction Recovery Services, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

The following potential component units are not part of the County's reporting entity and are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. All are legally separate from the County. None are fiscally dependent on the County. The County is not financially responsible for any of these entities:

Stark Metropolitan Housing Authority Stark County Educational Service Center Stark Development Board

Discretely Presented Component Units The component unit column in the basic financial statements identifies the financial data of the County's component units: the Stark County Port Authority and the Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation. These organizations are presented in Notes 21 and 22 to the basic financial statements. They are reported separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The Stark County Transportation Improvement District ("District") was developed in 1997. The District also qualifies as a discretely presented component unit, however has not been presented in the financial statements or note disclosures as it is considered immaterial.

The Stark County Port Authority (Authority) - The Authority promotes economic development within the County. Its board is appointed by the County Commissioners, whom also can remove appointed members at will. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County. Based on this relationship, the Authority is a component unit of the County. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Stark County Port Authority, 116 Cleveland Ave. NW, Suite 600, Canton, Ohio 44702.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation (Land Bank) - The Land Bank is a county land reutilization corporation that was formed on March 21, 2012 when the Stark County Board of Commissioners authorized the incorporation of the Land Bank under Chapter 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code through resolution as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The purpose of the Land Bank is for reclaiming, rehabilitating or reutilizing economically non-productive land throughout the County. The Corporation can potentially address parcels where the fair market value of the property has been greatly exceeded by the delinquent taxes and assessed liens and are therefore not economically feasible to initiate foreclosure actions upon. By establishing the Land Bank, the County can begin to address dilapidated housing issues in communities located in the County and also return properties to productive use. The Land Bank has been designated as the County's agent to further its mission to reclaim, rehabilitate, and reutilize vacant, abandoned, tax foreclosed and other real property in the County by exercising the powers of the County under Chapter 5722 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Board of Directors is primarily made up of elected officials of the County. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Land Bank by contacting Alexander Zumbar, Stark County Treasurer, 110 Central Plaza South, Canton, Ohio 44702.

Joint Ventures The County is associated with certain organizations which are defined as joint ventures, jointly governed organizations, or related organizations.

<u>Multi-County Juvenile Attention System (System)</u> The System is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State. It is a joint venture operated by Carroll, Columbiana, Holmes, Stark, Tuscarawas, and Wayne Counties for the purpose of providing training, treatment, and rehabilitation to delinquent, dependent, abused, or neglected children. The operation of the System is controlled by a joint board of commissioners consisting of three commissioners from each participating county. The board exercises total control over the operation of the System including budgeting, appropriation, contracting, and designating management. The System is not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to, or burden on, the County. The System's continued existence is dependent upon the County's participation; however, the County does not have an equity interest in it. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Multi-County Juvenile Attention System, Canton, Ohio.

Stark Council of Governments (Council) The County participates in the Council which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State for the purpose of providing a permanent forum for discussion and study of concerns of the county, cities, villages and townships for development of policies and programs for implementation by one or more of the local governing bodies. The Council is jointly governed among Stark County, municipalities, and townships. Of the 27 members, the County appoints three. Each member's control over the operation of the Council is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board exercises total authority over the operation of the council including budgeting, appropriation, contracting, and designating management. Continued existence of the Council is dependent on the Council is not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to or burden on the County. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Stark Council of Governments, Canton, Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

<u>Stark County Regional Planning Commission (Commission)</u> The County participates in the Commission which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State. The Commission is jointly governed among the County, municipalities, and townships. Of 48 members, the County appoints 12. Each member's control over the operation of the Commission is limited to its representation on the Board. The principal aim of the Commission is to provide comprehensive planning, both long and short range, dealing with the economic and physical environment of Stark County. Continued existence of the Commission is dependent on the County's continued participation; however, the County does not have an equity interest in the Commission. They are not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to, or burden on, the County. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Regional Planning Commission, Stark County, Ohio.

Jointly Governed Organizations As the custodian of public funds, the County Treasurer invests all public monies held on deposit in the County Treasury. In the case of the legally separate agencies, boards and commissions listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent, but is not financially accountable for their operations. Accordingly, the activity of the following districts and entities are presented as custodial funds within the basic financial statements.

Stark-Tuscarawas-Wayne Joint Solid Waste Management District (District) The District is a separate political subdivision governed by a nine-member Board of Directors comprised of the three County Commissioners from each of the three member Counties. The Board exercises total control over the operation of the District including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each County's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. In 2022, the District's revenues were received from tier fees levied on the disposal of solid wastes at landfills located in the District.

<u>Community Improvement Corporation of Stark County (Corporation)</u> The Corporation is designated (by the County Board of Commissioners) for the creation and retainage of jobs and employment in the Stark County area. It is controlled by an eight member Board of Trustees. Of the eight trustees, three are the County Commissioners and one is the County Administrator. The Board employs total control over the operation of the Corporation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management.

<u>Akron-Canton Regional Airport (Regional Airport)</u> The Regional Airport is jointly governed by Stark and Summit counties. An eight member board of trustees oversees the operation of the Regional Airport. Each county appoints four board members. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the Regional Airport. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of the Airport's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Akron-Canton Regional Airport, North Canton, Ohio.

<u>Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council (Council)</u> The Council is a jointly governed organization created as an advisory council by State statute for review of and advising on tax incentives considered within the County. It is controlled by a twenty-four member regional council. Of the twenty-four council members, three are appointed by the County Commissioners and one is appointed by the County Auditor. The Council employs total control over the operation of the Corporation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. There is no cost associated with being a member of this Council.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Northeast Ohio Four County Regional Planning and Development Organization (Organization) The Organization is a jointly governed organization by the Counties of Stark, Portage, Wayne and Summit, and the cities of Canton, Akron, Wooster and Kent. A thirty-six member general policy board oversees the operation of the Organization. Each member appoints board representatives based on population. The County has twelve representatives on the Board at the present time. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the Organization. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of the Organization's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Northeast Ohio Four County Regional Planning and Development Organization, Akron, Ohio.

<u>Stark Area Regional Transit Authority (SARTA)</u> SARTA is a jointly governed organization between the County and the cities of Canton, Massillon, and Alliance. A nine member board of trustees oversees the operation of SARTA. Of the nine members, the County appoints three. Each member's control over the operation of SARTA is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of SARTA, which provides for public transportation in Stark County. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of SARTA's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Stark Area Regional Transit Authority, 1600 Gateway Boulevard, SE, Canton, Ohio.

<u>Carroll Columbiana Stark Regional Transportation Improvement Project, Stark County, (RTIP)</u> RTIP is a jointly governed organization between County and Carroll and Columbiana Counties. Of the six members, the County appoints two. A board-elected chairman directs the RTIP. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of RTIP, which seeks to increase opportunities for economic activity and population retention throughout Ohio, stretching from the borders of West Virginia to Indiana. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of RTIP's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Carroll Columbiana Stark Regional Transportation Improvement Project, 110 Central Plaza South, Suite 230, Canton, Ohio 44702.

<u>Northeast Ohio Network (Network)</u> The Network is a jointly governed organization formed to provide a regional effort in administrating, managing and operating programs for certain individuals with developmental disabilities. Participating counties include Stark, Ashtabula, Columbiana, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, Mahoning, Medina, Portage, Summit, Trumbull and Wayne. A twelve member regional council oversees the operation of the Network. Of the twelve members, the County appoints one. Each member's control over the operation of the Network is limited to its representation on the Council. The Council exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the Network. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of the Network's liabilities.

<u>Stark Regional Community Corrections Center (SRCCC)</u> SRCCC is a community based corrections facility that provides residents of the facility educational, vocational, substance abuse and support counseling services. The facility is administered by a Facility Governing Board consisting of eleven individuals. The members consist of two judges from Holmes County, three individuals each from Wayne, Tuscarawas and Stark County. The Board adopts its own budget, authorizes expenditures and hires its own staff. Funding comes from the State. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Stark Regional Community Corrections Center, 4433 Lesh Street NE, Louisville, Ohio, 44641.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Related Organizations

<u>Stark County Public Library (Library)</u> The County appoints the governing board of the Library; however, the County cannot influence the Library's operation nor does the Library represent a potential financial benefit for or burden on the County. The County serves in a ministerial capacity as a taxing authority for the Library. Once the Library Board determines to present a levy to the voters, including the determination of its rate and duration, the County must place the levy on the ballot. The Library may issue its own debt and determines its own budget.

<u>Stark County Park District (Park District)</u> The County appoints the governing Board of the Park District; however, the County's accountability does not extend beyond making appointments.

Information in the following notes to the basic financial statements relates in general to the primary government. Information related to the operation of the component units is specifically identified.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activities of the internal service funds and other internal activities within "activity" types, are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation of the government-wide financial statements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The policy of the County is to not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its net position use is either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for special programs result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use, along with a restriction in the general fund on unclaimed monies.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The Internal Service Fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General - The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Board of Developmental Disabilities - The Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund accounts for the operations of a school and the costs of administering a workshop for the developmentally disabled. Revenue sources are a County-wide property tax levy and Federal and State grants.

Mental Health - The Mental Health Fund accounts for a County-wide property tax levy and Federal and State grants that are expended primarily to pay the cost of contracts with local mental health agencies that provide services to the public.

Children's Services - The Children's Services Fund accounts for a County-wide property tax levy, Federal and State grants, support collections, Veteran's Administration and Social Security. Major expenditures are for foster homes, emergency shelters, medical care, school supplies, counseling and parental training.

Public Assistance - The Public Assistance Fund accounts for various Federal and State grants used to provide public assistance to general relief recipients and to pay their providers of medical assistance and certain public social services.

Justice System Sales Tax - The Justice System Sales Tax Fund accounts for revenue from the sales and use tax to be used strictly for criminal justice expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

American Rescue Plan State and Local LFR - The American Rescue Plan State and Local LFR Fund accounts for grant revenue to aid COVID-19 relief and any negative economic impact.

The other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Other enterprise funds of the County account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The County has presented the following major proprietary fund:

Sewer - The sewer fund accounts for sanitary sewer services provided to individuals and commercial users in the County. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

The other enterprise funds of the County account for the water services provided to users within the County, along with charges to other entities, and the associated costs, for performing criminal background checks on individuals.

Internal Service Funds - Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's internal service funds report on self-insurance programs which provide medical, dental, and vision benefits and worker's compensation to the employees of the County.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are, therefore, not available to support the County's own programs. The County's fiduciary funds are private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The private-purpose trust funds are for monies received in trust by the Board of Developmental Disabilities and George C. Brissel Trust. The County's custodial funds are mainly used for the collection and distribution of taxes, along with the County Park District, Health District, Multi-County Juvenile Attention System, and several other related entities described in Note 1.

C. Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the County are included on the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues/additions) and decreases (i.e., expenses/disbursements) in net position. The statement of cash flows for proprietary funds provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting, while governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the sale occurs. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: sales tax (see Note 7), interest, federal and state grants and subsidies, state-levied, locally-shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes), fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the County, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the County, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2022, but which were levied to finance 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the County, unavailable revenue may include delinquent property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental grants, and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net position of governmental activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the governmental activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the governmental activities.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the County may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Commissioner's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by the Commissioners at the object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the County Commissioners. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Commissioners during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the County is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the County's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity and Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts are reported at cost.

During 2022, the County invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The County measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the County has by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2022 amounted to (7,680,379), which includes (616,452) assigned from other County funds.

The County utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due and to hold retainage. The balance in these accounts is presented on the financial statements as "Cash and Investments with Fiscal and Escrow Agents." The County has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the County treasury. These depository accounts are presented as "Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts."

For presentation on financial statements, funds included within the Treasurer's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less are presented on the financial statements as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments." Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as "investments."

G. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory is recorded as an expenditure/expense when consumed. Inventory consists of expendable supplies.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Improvements Other than Buildings	15 years	15 years
Buildings and Improvements	30 - 50 years	30 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 15 years	5 - 15 years
Sewer Rights	-	40 years
Infrastructure	30 - 50 years	30 - 50 years

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their aquisition values as of the date received. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars with the exception of land, as land is listed regardless of cost, and a capitalization threshold of one hundred thousand dollars for infrastructure. The County's governmental infrastructure assets consist of roads and bridges. The County's business-type infrastructure assets consist of sanitary sewers and water lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "interfund receivables/payables." Repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are reported as "due to/due from other funds." Interfund balance amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

K. Compensated Absences

The County reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences* as explained by Interpretation No. 6 of the GASB, *Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements*. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability, as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the County's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the funds from which the employee will be paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements; and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB (asset)liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Bonds and loans are recognized as a liability when due, in the fund financial statements.

M. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

N. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints placed on the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance or resolution, as both are equally binding) of the County Commissioners. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Commissioners remove or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution, as both are equally binding) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the County Commissioners, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the County Commissioners. The County Commissioners have by resolution authorized the Auditor to assign fund balance. State statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The County Commissioners may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues represent service charges for County sewer, County water, Sheriff webcheck, workers' compensation and self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as nonoperating.

Q. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction, or capital asset transfers from governmental activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

R. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the County Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During 2022, the County entered into an agreement with the City of Canton for ongoing transportation and treatment of the County's wastewater at the City's Treatment Facility. As a result of this agreement, the County's debt for repayment of a portion of the Canton's Treatment Facility has been forgiven and the corresponding sewer rights removed. \$31,126,859 of intergovernmental loan debt and \$33,972,325 of sewer rights created a negative net adjustment of \$2,845,466. This event qualifies as a special item.

T. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

U. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when monies are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. The unearned revenue reported represents grants received from the American Rescue Plan Act funding.

V. Board of Development Disabilities Fund Reserve

The County established a budget stabilization reserve in the Board of Developmental Disabilities fund in the amount of \$10,000,000 on May 25, 2021. These reserve funds are set aside to stabilize the County's Board of Developmental Disabilities budget against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures.

W. Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, a certain provision of GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 97, *Component Unit Criteria and Deferred Compensation Plans*, and certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The implementation of GASB statement No. 87 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of paragraph 11b of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

GASB Statement No. 97 results in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The implementation of certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 97 (all except paragraphs 4 and 5) did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

GASB Statement No. 99 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99 that relate to extension of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, and pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

NOTE 3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) are presented in the basic financial statements for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are:

- a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- c) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget) rather than as a restricted, assigned or committed fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets.

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year 2022 on the Budget basis to the GAAP basis are as follows:

-	General	Board of Developmental Disabilities	Mental Health	Children's Services	Public Assistance	Justice System Sales Tax	ARP State and Local LFR
GAAP Basis	\$(3,204,873)	\$ 582,097	\$ 729,157	\$1,698,427	\$ 571,067	\$ 1,760,171	\$ -
Net Adjustment for:							
Revenue Accruals	9,674,902	(347,954)	(1,014,708)	84,212	10,173,634	(393,130)	32,932,449
Expenditure Accruals	76,801	161,697	244,004	206,361	(10,819,369)	218,572	-
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere *	(207,962)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for Encumbrance	(3,560,534)	(558,090)	(4,795,829)	(2,469,823)	(1,762,016)	(2,403,613)	(4,400)
Budget Basis	\$ 2,778,334	\$ (162,250)	\$ (4,837,376)	\$ (480,823)	\$ (1,836,684)	\$ (818,000)	\$ 32,928,049

*As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes Unclaimed Money, Building Inspection, Sheriffs Policing Rotary, Certificate of Title Administration and Recorder's Equipment funds.

NOTE 4. FUND DEFICIT

At December 31, 2022, the Engineer's Construction capital projects fund had a deficit fund balance of \$18,533 as a result of adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the County are classified by State Statute into two categories. Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demand upon the County treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the County has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Protection of the County's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Monies can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States; Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
- 2. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent, be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days.
- 3. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions, provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the County.
- 4. Time certificates of deposit, savings or deposit accounts, including but not limited to passbook accounts.
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institution.
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 7. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in section (1) or (2) or cash or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value.
- 8. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed 5 percent of the County total average portfolio.
- 9. Banker's acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the County's total average portfolio.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits - At year-end, \$154,930,741 of the County's bank balance of \$158,027,739 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the County's name and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the County to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The County has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the County and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Segregated Cash - Various public safety and municipal court accounts are recorded in fiduciary and governmental funds of the County. The customer deposit accounts of the business-type activities are maintained separately from the County's deposits. The carrying amount of these deposits are reported as "Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts."

Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents - At December 31, 2022, the County's Board of Developmental Disabilities special revenue fund had a cash balance of \$679,850 with the Northeast Ohio Network (Network), a jointly governed organization (See Note 1) and is recorded as "Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents." The money is held by the Network in a pooled account which is representative of numerous entities and therefore cannot be classified by risk under GASB Statement 40. The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments for the Network as a whole may be obtained from their audit report, which can be obtained by writing to the Northeast Ohio Network, 45 North Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents – The County's retainage accounts, which are recorded in the General, Permanent Improvement, Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax funds of the governmental activities and the Sewer business-type fund, are maintained separately as from the County's deposits. The carrying amount of these deposits are reported as "Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents."

Safety of principal shall be the most important objective of the County's investment program. The investment of County money shall be conducted in a manner that seeks to ensure preservation of capital in the portfolio within the context of the following criteria:

<u>Credit Risk (default risk)</u> – Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of a security issuer to pay principal or interest, or the failure of the issuer to make timely payments of principal or interest. Credit risk shall be minimized by (1) diversifying investments by the obligor, (2) ensuring that minimum quality ratings required by the County Depository Law exist prior to the purchase of commercial paper notes, bankers acceptances, no-load money market mutual funds and debt interests issued by foreign nations, (3) ensuring that certificates of deposit and savings or deposit accounts are collateralized as required by law, and (4) obtaining delivery to the Investing Authority or an appropriate custodian of securities purchased subject to a repurchase agreement.

<u>Market risk (interest rate risk)</u> – The fair value of securities in the portfolio will fluctuate as the general level of interest rates changes. The effect of changes in general interest rate levels shall be minimized by (1) maintaining adequate liquidity so that current obligations of the County may be met without selling securities prior to their maturity, and (2) diversification of investments as to maturity, obligor and type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

With the exception of direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, direct obligations of U.S. federal agencies and instrumentalities, and interests in STAR Ohio, no more than 40 percent of the total portfolio shall be invested in a single type of security, and with the exception of U.S. Treasury obligations, and STAR Ohio, no more than 40 percent of the total portfolio shall be invested in securities of a single issuer; provided that the foregoing limits shall not apply to temporary balances maintained by the County in depository accounts with a financial institution that serves as a depository for public monies of the County to the extent that the deposits are insured or fully collateralized in accordance with the County Depository Law.

Investments

As of December 31, 2022, the primary government had the following investments (based on quoted market prices) and maturities:

&P Global	lobal		<i>Aeasurement</i>			Ti	me In Years			
Ratings Investment Type		Amount		Less Than 1		1-2		Over 2		Portfolio %
	Fair Value:					-				
AA+	FHLB Notes	\$	24,343,336	\$	988,150	\$	4,023,269	\$	19,331,917	10.91%
AA+	FFCB Notes		40,440,115		7,582,765		9,721,765		23,135,585	18.13%
AA+	FMCC Notes		31,092,794		10,211,915		8,710,089		12,170,790	13.94%
AA+	FNMA Notes		18,536,746		3,419,780		1,870,800		13,246,166	8.31%
N/A	AGMI Bonds		6,073,875		1,452,690		-		4,621,185	2.72%
A-1	Commercial Paper		2,714,684		2,714,684		-		-	1.22%
AA+	Treasury Note		36,661,198		9,305,356		2,119,110		25,236,732	16.45%
AA+	Treasury Bonds		9,221,265		-		1,952,040		7,269,225	4.13%
A+	Corporate Bonds		17,497,192		8,887,395		7,636,857		972,940	7.84%
AA	Municipal Bonds		7,473,152		2,217,171		5,066,739		189,242	3.35%
AA-	Foreign Government Bonds		3,226,158		993,360		1,285,310		947,488	1.45%
N/A	Money Market		41,312		41,312		-		-	0.02%
N/A	Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		3,797,476		1,476,151		710,841		1,610,484	1.70%
	Net Asset Value (NAV):									
AAAm	STAR Ohio		21,930,054		21,930,054		-		-	9.83%
	Total Investments	\$	223,049,357	\$	71,220,783	\$	43,096,820	\$	108,731,754	100.00%

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the County's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022. The County's investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk - The Ohio Revised Code and the Investment and Depository Policy of the County limit purchase of securities to those with a maturity of no more than five years from the date of purchase unless matched to specific obligations or debt of the County.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The credit risk of the County's investments is in the table above.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of December 31, 2022, is 32 days.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The County's investment policy provides for diversification to avoid undue concentration in securities of one type or securities of one financial institution. This restriction does not apply to obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government. Refer to the previous table for diversification.

NOTE 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the County. Property tax revenue received during 2022 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2021 taxes.

2022 real property taxes were levied after October 1, 2022 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2021 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2023.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statue permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2022 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2021, are levied after October 1, 2022, and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$11.50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values of real property and public utility tangible property upon which 2022 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$ 9,174,972,200
Public Utility Personal Property	 905,442,370
Total Assessed Value	\$ 10,080,414,570

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to the County its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes and outstanding delinquencies which were measurable as of December 31, 2022, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2022 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes levied for the next year. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

NOTE 7. SALES AND USE TAX

A .5 percent sales tax was passed in the November 2011 general election and renewed through March 2028. The proceeds of the tax were credited to the Justice System Sales Tax Fund. Sales and use taxes revenue recognized in 2022 on the modified accrual basis totaled \$41,232,069 including monies attributable to state motor vehicle licensing sales that have been recorded in the motor vehicle and gas tax fund. \$37,123,224 of this total was attributable to the County sales and use tax.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 8. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2022 consisted of taxes, revenue in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services including unbilled utility services), special assessments, interfund, loans and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenues. Receivables are considered collectible in full. Utility accounts receivable may be certified and collected as a special assessment, subject to foreclosure for nonpayment. Loans receivable in the amount of \$2,793,348 represent loans granted to citizens of the County for community development.

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance policies purchased from independent third parties. There has not been a significant reduction of coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three years.

The County has elected to provide medical benefits through a self-insured program. Maintenance of these benefits is accounted for in the Self Insurance internal service fund. Incurred but unreported claims of \$1,597,214 as of December 31, 2022 were accrued as a liability.

The County participated in the State Workers' Compensation prospective rating plan during 2022. This plan involves the payment of a minimum premium for administrative services and stop-loss coverage plus the actual claim costs for employees injured. Incurred but not reported claims of \$287,986 have been accrued as a liability at December 31, 2022.

The total claims liability of \$1,885,200 reported in the internal service funds at December 31, 2022, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimates were not affected by incremental claims adjustment expenses and do not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

	1	Balance at					
	Ì	Beginning	C	Current Year	Claim	Ì	Balance at
		of Year		Claims	Payments	E	End of Year
2021	\$	2,687,000	\$	24,629,195	\$ 24,876,817	\$	2,439,378
2022		2,439,378		25,493,144	26,047,322		1,885,200

Changes in the funds' claims liability amounts for 2021 and 2022 were:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year ending December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2022		Additions		 Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022	
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	17,258,090	\$	-	\$ -	\$	17,258,090
Construction in progress		13,073,735		12,426,997	(11,499,015)		14,001,717
Total capital assets not being depreciated		30,331,825		12,426,997	 (11,499,015)		31,259,807
Other capital assets:							
Buildings and improvements		107,534,992		5,966,802	(503,612)		112,998,182
Improvements other than buildings		3,564,698		414,804	-		3,979,502
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		66,609,005		2,587,572	(611,788)		68,584,789
Infrastructure		254,869,090		8,688,150	 (2,128,169)		261,429,071
Total other capital assets		432,577,785		17,657,328	 (3,243,569)		446,991,544
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements		(64,753,614)		(2,590,787)	354,825		(66,989,576)
Improvements other than buildings		(2,371,308)		(183,023)	-		(2,554,331)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(45,083,962)		(4,891,094)	611,788		(49,363,268)
Infrastructure		(136,442,036)		(9,209,969)	 1,776,559		(143,875,446)
Total accumulated depreciation		(248,650,920)		(16,874,873)	 2,743,172		(262,782,621)
Other capital assets, net		183,926,865		782,455	 (500,397)		184,208,923
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	214,258,690	\$	13,209,452	\$ (11,999,412)	\$	215,468,730

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:		<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	
Legislative and Executive	\$ 1,829,520	Sewer	\$ 5,956,740
Judicial	302,409	Other	197,978
Public Safety	1,954,882	Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 6,154,718
Public Works	11,901,364		
Health	528,795		
Human Services	357,903		
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 16,874,873		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Capital Asset activity for the year ending December 31, 2022 continued:

	Balance 1/1/2022	Additions	Adjustments	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 593,566	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 593,566
Construction in progress	4,328,761	3,936,720		(3,179,488)	5,085,993
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,922,327	3,936,720		(3,179,488)	5,679,559
Other capital assets:					
Buildings and improvements	14,326,908	34,344	-	-	14,361,252
Improvements other than buildings	1,340,638	13,278	-	-	1,353,916
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	8,264,138	736,937	-	(27,493)	8,973,582
Sewer Rights	83,914,682	-	(38,777,862)	-	45,136,820
Infrastructure	216,472,066	4,367,152		(19,050)	220,820,168
Total other capital assets	324,318,432	5,151,711	(38,777,862)	(46,543)	290,645,738
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	(6,031,470)	(327,628)	-	-	(6,359,098)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,249,247)	(14,548)	-	-	(1,263,795)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(6,587,955)	(493,267)	-	27,493	(7,053,729)
Sewer Rights	(18,601,102)	(1,128,421)	4,805,537	-	(14,923,986)
Infrastructure	(105,724,433)	(4,190,854)		19,050	(109,896,237)
Total accumulated depreciation	(138,194,207)	(6,154,718)	4,805,537	46,543	(139,496,845)
Other capital assets, net	186,124,225	(1,003,007)	(33,972,325)		151,148,893
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 191,046,552	\$ 2,933,713	\$ (33,972,325)	\$ (3,179,488)	\$ 156,828,452

NOTE 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the County's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Ohio Revised Code limits the County's obligation for the liability to annually required payments. The County cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the County does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* and *net OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – County employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan, and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Effective January 1, 2022, the Combined Plan is no longer available for member selection. Substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31. 2022

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of

service for the first 25 years and 2.1%

for service years in excess of 25

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Traditional Plan Formula:	Traditional Plan Formula:	Traditional Plan Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35
Public Safety	Public Safety	Public Safety
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 52 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit
Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit
	or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit
Public Safety and Law Enforcement	Public Safety and Law Enforcement	Public Safety and Law Enforcement
Traditional Plan Formula:	Traditional Plan Formula:	Traditional Plan Formula:

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests upon receipt of the initial benefit payment. The options for Public Safety and Law Enforcement permit early retirement under qualifying circumstances as early as age 48 with a reduced benefit.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	State and Local		Public	Law
			Safety	Enforcement
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates				
Employer	14.0	%	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee	10.0	%	*	**
2022 Actual Contribution Rates				
Employer:				
Pension	14.0	%	18.1 %	18.1 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.0		0.0	0.0
Total Employer	14.0	%	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee	10.0	%	12.0 %	13.0 %

* This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.

** This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The County's contractually required contribution was \$12,699,247 for 2022. Of this amount, \$1,045,153 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The County participates in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lump-sum withdrawal.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory employer rate is 14 percent and the statutory member rate is 14 percent of covered payroll. The County was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The County's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$370,789 for 2022. Of this amount, \$22,287 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. STRS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	 OPERS	 STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Period	0.611575%	0.021048%	
Prior Measurement Period	 0.627104%	 0.022490%	
Change in Proportion	 -0.015529%	 -0.001442%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 53,209,500	\$ 4,678,987	\$ 57,888,487
Pension Expense	\$ (7,873,342)	\$ (81,011)	\$ (7,954,353)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period. At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Net Difference between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$ -	\$ 162,817	\$ 162,817
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	2,712,542	59,895	2,772,437
Changes of Assumptions	6,653,793	559,933	7,213,726
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Differences in Contributions	1,924,106	18,792	1,942,898
County Contributions Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	 12,699,247	 177,095	 12,876,342
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 23,989,688	\$ 978,532	\$ 24,968,220
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 1,167,016	\$ 17,898	\$ 1,184,914
Net Difference between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	63,290,764	-	63,290,764
Changes of Assumptions	-	421,469	421,469
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Differences in Contributions	 1,921,451	 1,049,200	 2,970,651
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 66,379,231	\$ 1,488,567	\$ 67,867,798

\$12,876,342 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	 OPERS		STRS	Total		
2023	\$ (7,817,174)	\$	(390,380)	\$	(8,207,554)	
2024	(22,321,304)		(436,760)		(22,758,064)	
2025	(14,882,220)		(334,516)		(15,216,736)	
2026	 (10,068,092)		474,526		(9,593,566)	
Total	\$ (55,088,790)	\$	(687,130)	\$	(55,775,920)	

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. In 2021, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2016 through 2020, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions, with the most notable being a reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 7.2 percent down to 6.9 percent, for the defined benefit investments. Key actuarial assumptions and methods used in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of December 31, 2021, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

	OPERS Traditional Plan
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent
Future Salary Increases,	2.75 to 10.75 percent
including inflation	including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:	
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.00 percent, simple
Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.00 percent, simple through 2022,
	then 2.05 percent, simple
Investment Rate of Return	6.90 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Key actuarial assumptions and methods used in the prior actuarial valuation, prepared as of December 31, 2020, are presented below:

	OPERS Traditional Plan
Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75 percent
including inflation	including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:	
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.00 percent, simple
Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees	0.50 percent, simple through 2021,
	then 2.15 percent, simple
Investment Rate of Return	7.20 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

For 2021, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

For 2020, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year destines and females and females and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 15.3 percent for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	24.00%	1.03%
Domestic Equities	21.00	3.78
Real Estate	11.00	3.66
Private Equity	12.00	7.43
International Equities	23.00	4.88
Risk Parity	5.00	2.92
Other investments	4.00	2.85
Total	100.00%	4.21%

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the current year was 6.9 percent. The discount rate for the prior year was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount

Rate The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.9 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate		1% Increase
County's Proportionate Share of the						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	140,289,189	\$	53,209,500	\$	(19,252,381)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	Varies by service from 2.50 percent to 8.50 percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Acturial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

For 2022, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

*Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption:

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
County's Proportionate Share of the						
Net Pension Liability	\$	7,068,244	\$	4,678,987	\$	2,658,413

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the memberdirected plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan.

Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS. For those retiring on or after January 1, 2015, the allowance has been determined by applying a percentage to the base allowance. The percentage applied is based on years of qualifying service credit and age when the retiree first enrolled in OPERS health care. Monthly allowances range between 51 percent and 90 percent of the base allowance. Those who retired prior to January 1, 2015, will have an allowance of at least 75 percent of the base allowance.

The heath care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60. Members in Group A are eligible for coverage at any age with 30 or more years of qualifying service. Members in Group B are eligible at any age with 32 years of qualifying service, or at age 52 with 31 years of qualifying service. Members in Group C are eligible for coverage with 32 years of qualifying service and a minimum age of 55. Current retirees eligible (or who became eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2022, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2022, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2022 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The County had no contractually required contribution for 2022.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B partial premium reimbursements will be continued indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to postemployment health care.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. The net OPEB liability (asset) for STRS was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the County's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	 OPERS	 STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):			
Current Measurement Period	0.601670%	0.0210480%	
Prior Measurement Period	 0.616378%	0.0224895%	
Change in Proportion	 -0.014708%	 -0.0014416%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (18,845,225)	\$ (545,001)	\$ (19,390,226)
OPEB Expense	\$ (15,017,670)	\$ (101,584)	\$ (15,119,254)

At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	OPERS	_	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Net Difference between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$	-	\$	9,485	\$ 9,485
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience		-		7,900	7,900
Changes of Assumptions		-		23,217	23,217
Changes in Proportionate Share and					
Differences in Contributions		1,309,846		2,551	1,312,397
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,309,846	\$	43,153	\$ 1,352,999
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	2,858,532	\$	81,852	\$ 2,940,384
Net Difference between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		8,984,077		-	8,984,077
Changes of Assumptions		7,628,334		386,459	8,014,793
Changes in Proportionate Share and					
Differences in Contributions		247,444		6,991	 254,435
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	19,718,387	\$	475,302	\$ 20,193,689

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	 OPERS		STRS		Total		
2023	\$ (10,894,165)	\$	(126,822)	\$	(11,020,987)		
2024	(4,261,147)		(124,925)		(4,386,072)		
2025	(1,962,975)		(59,091)		(2,022,066)		
2026	(1,290,254)		(25,438)		(1,315,692)		
2027	-		(31,689)		(31,689)		
Thereafter	 -		(64,184)		(64,184)		
Total	\$ (18,408,541)	\$	(432,149)	\$	(18,840,690)		

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. In 2021, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2016 through 2020, comparing historical assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions. The actuarial valuation used for 2021 compared to those used for 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	2.75 to 10.75 percent	3.25 to 10.75 percent
	including wage inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate	6.00 percent	6.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	1.84 percent	2.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.50 percent, initial	8.50 percent, initial
	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2034	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2035
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

For 2021, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For 2020, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year destablished to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above-described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contributions are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a gain of 14.3 percent for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric)
Fixed Income	34.00%	0.91%
Domestic Equities	25.00	3.78
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	3.71
International Equities	25.00	4.88
Risk Parity	2.00	2.92
Other investments	7.00	1.93
Total	100.00%	3.45%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 6.0 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 1.84 percent (Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index").

The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2121. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2121, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

				Current	
	1	% Decrease	E	Discount Rate	 1% Increase
County's Proportionate Share of the					
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(11,082,761)	\$	(18,845,225)	\$ (25,288,190)

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB (asset). The following table presents the net OPEB (asset) calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB (asset) if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

			Current	
	1	1% Decrease	 Trend Rate	 1% Increase
County's Proportionate Share of the				
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(19,048,872)	\$ (18,845,225)	\$ (18,603,636)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Salary Increases Payroll Increases Investment Rate of Return Discount Rate of Return Health Care Cost Trend Rates	3.00 percent	n 2.50 percent to 8.50 percent nvestment expenses, including inflation
Medical Pre-Medicare	<u>Initial</u> 7.50 percent	<u>Ultimate</u> 3.94 percent
Medicare Prescription Drug	-68.78 percent	3.94 percent
Pre-Medicare Medicare	9.00 percent -5.47 percent	3.94 percent3.94 percent

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent	
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20	to 2.50 percent at age 65
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent	
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of inv	restment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	
Health Care Cost Trend Rates		
Medical	Initial	Ultimate
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	-16.18 percent	4.00 percent
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	29.98 percent	4.00 percent

In 2022, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

In 2021, for healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale improvement scale MP-2016.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return ¹¹
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

*Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current					
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate		1% Increase
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(503,840)	\$	(545,001)	\$	(580,260)
	1%	6 Decrease	1	Current Trend Rate		1% Increase
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(565,299)	\$	(545,001)	\$	(519,381)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00 percent for the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based.

Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience.

NOTE 13. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at varying rates depending on length of service and department policy. The Ohio Revised Code states up to three years of vacation leave may be accumulated. All accumulated, unused vacation time is paid upon separation if the employee has at least one year of service with the County. The Revised Code also states, the County employees become eligible to receive one-fourth of their accumulated unpaid sick leave time upon retirement after a minimum of ten years of service. However, the Revised Code authorizes the board of commissioners to set modification to these rights for any agencies or departments under their control. By order of any appointing authority of a county office, department, commission or board that is not under the Board of Commissioners control may set modification of said rights. As of December 31, 2022, the liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$13,813,384 for the entire County.

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS

A. Contractual Commitments

The County had various contractual commitments outstanding at December 31, 2022. The majority of these contracts were for building renovations and road and bridge repair. Significant commitments amounted to \$290,146 for the sales and use tax fund, \$307,657 for special revenue funds, \$4,496,767 for the capital projects funds and \$1,279,403 for the enterprise funds.

Based on timing of when contracts are encumbered, contractual commitments identified above may or may not be included in the following outstanding encumbrance commitments disclosed in this note. For the enterprise funds, reasons for this may include timing of when contracts are encumbered and contracts paid from these funds, which are not required to disclose encumbrance commitments.

B. Other Commitments

The County utilized encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the County's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	 Amount
General	\$ 3,151,441
Board of Developmental Disabilities	285,109
Mental Health	4,319,489
Children's Services	1,944,531
Public Assistance	986,955
Justice System Sales Tax	1,654,868
ARP State and Local LFR	4,400
Other Governmental	 9,574,906
	\$ 21,921,699

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 15. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. During 2022, the general fund transferred \$5,000,000 to the permanent improvement fund and \$1,556,000 to the general obligation bond retirement fund. Governmental activities transferred capital assets to the water fund.

B. Interfund Balances

Interfund balances for the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses/expenditures. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting records, and (3) payments between funds are made. All are expected to be paid within one year.

Interfund Payable	 nd Receivable Governmental
Sewer Fund	\$ 8,593
Other Governmental Funds	127,856
Total	\$ 136,449

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 16. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in the County's long-term obligations during 2022 were as follows:

	Outstanding 1/1/2022	Additions	Reductions	<i>Outstanding 12/31/2022</i>	Due Withir One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					-
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS:					
2004 - \$3,488,264 - 2.00-5.25%					
Various Sewer & Water Projects	\$ 549,459	\$ -	\$ (202,930)	\$ 346,529	\$ 177,92
2010 - \$1,931,533 - 2.00-4.75%					
Various Sewer Projects	807,676	-	(95,009)	712,667	98,7
2010 - \$646,539 - 2.00-4.75%					
Various Water Projects TOTAL SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS	<u> </u>		(9,079)	51,326	9,4.
IOTAL SFECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS	1,41/,540		(307,018)	1,110,522	286,0
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS:					
2018 DJFS Acquisition and Improvement Bonds					
Serial Bonds - \$1,310,000 - 3.00-4.00%	945,000	-	(125,000)	820,000	130,0
Term Bonds - \$4,015,000 - 3.25-5.00%	4,015,000	-	-	4,015,000	
2018 - \$9,845,000 - 2.00-3.00%	6 9 15 000		(1.0(5.000)	5 750 000	1.005.0
Communication System Bonds TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	6,815,000		(1,065,000) (1,190,000)	5,750,000 10,585,000	1,095,0
IOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	11,775,000		(1,190,000)	10,385,000	1,223,0
DIRECT BORROWINGS:					
OPWC LOANS:					
2007 - \$250,200 - 0%	02.025		(12 5 10)	01.215	12.5
Atwater Avenue Bridge	93,825	-	(12,510)	81,315	12,5
2008 - \$798,630 - 0%	270 519		(20.022)	220 596	20.0
Portage Street & Lutz Avenue 2009 - \$733,800 - 0%	279,518	-	(39,932)	239,586	39,9
Project #CS03K	452,510	_	(24,460)	428,050	24,4
2009 - \$881,249 - 0%	452,510		(24,400)	420,050	27,7
Walnut Avenue Bridge	558,124	-	(29,375)	528,749	29,3
2009 - \$433.262 - 0%			(_,,,,,,,,)		_,,,
Third Street NW, Bridge	274,400	-	(14,442)	259,958	14,4
2009 - \$291,190 - 0%					
Various Road Resurfacing	62,838	-	(13,964)	48,874	13,9
2012 - \$431,709 - 0%					
Battlesburg St. Bridge	323,782	-	(14,390)	309,392	14,3
2014 - \$600,000 - 0%					
Baum St. Bridge	480,000	-	(20,000)	460,000	20,0
2017 - \$724,500 - 0%					
Beck Avenue Bridge	469,399	-	(18,054)	451,345	18,0
2017 - \$350,000 - 0%					
Fulton Avenue Storm Sewer	309,165	-	(11,667)	297,498	11,6
2017 - \$655,000 - 0%	502 (9((21,1(7))	571 510	21.1
Liberty Church St. Bridge	592,686	-	(21,167)	571,519	21,1
2019 - \$618,320 - 0% Gambrinus Ave. Bridge	597,709		(20,611)	577,098	20,6
2020 - \$320,420 - 0%	597,709	-	(20,011)	577,098	20,0
Grovedell Street SE Bridge	309,740	-	(10,680)	299,060	10,6
2022 - \$689,693 - 0%	507,710		(10,000)	277,000	10,0
Kenyon Ave. Bridge	-	689,693	-	689,693	22,9
2022 - \$767,009 - 0%		,		,	,
Price Street Bridge	-	767,009	-	767,009	25,5
TOTAL DIRECT BORROWINGS	4,803,696	1,456,702	(251,252)	6,009,146	299,8
NET DENSION I LABILITY ODEDS and STDS	00 007 104		(35,785,603)	55 121 502	
NET PENSION LIABILITY - OPERS and STRS CLAIMS	90,907,196 2,439,378	- 25,493,144	(35,785,003) (26,047,322)	55,121,593 1,885,200	1,620,5
CLAIMS COMPENSATED ABSENCES	2,439,378 12,047,171	7,135,625	(20,047,322) (6,107,499)	1,885,200	5,370,8
	14,07/,1/1	1,133,043	(0,10/,7/)	13,0/3,47/	2,270,0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Outstanding 1/1/2022	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Outstanding 12/31/2022	Due Within One Year
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS:						
2004 - \$1,586,736 - 2.00 - 5.25%						
Sewer Project 517	\$ 335,541	\$ -	\$ (107,070)	\$ -	\$ 228,471	\$ 112,076
2010 - \$6,356,928 - 2.00-4.75%						
Sewer Refunding	2,686,918	-	(250,912)	-	2,436,006	261,853
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	3,022,459	-	(357,982)		2,664,477	373,929
DIRECT BORROWINGS:						
<u>OPWC LOANS:</u>						
2013 - \$404,250 - 0%						
Sewer Project #566	67,811	-	(16,952)	-	50,859	50,852
Sewer Project #549	16,579	-	(4,144)	-	12,435	12,433
2015 - \$440,135 - 0%						
Sewer Project #567	198,061		(22,006)		176,055	66,021
TOTAL OPWC LOANS	282,451		(43,102)		239,349	129,306
<u>OWDA LOANS:</u>						
2001-\$4,691,450						
Nimishillen 5.27%	1,073,262		(436,162)		637,100	310,266
TOTAL DIRECT BORROWINGS:	1,355,713		(479,264)		876,449	439,572
INTERGOVERNMENTAL LOANS:						
2005 - \$21,250,000						
Sewer Rights - Massillon City - 1.26% 2012 - \$1,380,759	3,525,304	-	(1,159,950)	-	2,365,354	1,175,034
Sewer Rights - Summit #Q908 - 3.20% 2017 - \$11,993,558	156,910	-	(49,546)	-	107,364	52,278
Sewer Rights - Canton City - 6556 - 3.39% 2017 - \$25.326.094	10,105,700	-	-	(10,105,700)	-	-
Sewer Rights - Canton City - 6699 - 3.38% 2018 - \$2.130.812	20,644,298	-	-	(20,644,298)	-	-
Sewer Rights - Massillon City - 6922 2018 - \$14,807,540	1,757,919	-	(78,473)	(124,745)	1,554,701	100,303
Sewer Rights - Massillon City - 7206	12,275,676	-	(670,708)	(252,016)	11,352,952	717,684
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL LOANS	48,465,807	-	(1,958,677)	(31,126,759)	15,380,371	2,045,299
NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY - OPERS	4,828,743		(2,061,849)		2,766,894	
COMPENSATED ABSENCES	670,730	448,657	(381,300)	-	738,087	241,559
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 58,343,452	\$ 448,657	\$ (5,239,072)	\$ (31,126,759)	\$ 22,426,278	\$ 3,100,359

Enterprise general obligation bonds will be paid from user charges. The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) and Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans will be paid from revenues derived by the County from the operation of the water and sewer system, with the exception of the OWDA loan related to the Nimishillen project, which will be paid from special assessments from property owners. Claims are paid from the self-insurance and workers' compensation internal service funds. For more information on claims, see Note 9. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, primarily the general, board of developmental disabilities and the public assistance funds, which is the same as in prior years. There are no repayment schedules for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB (asset)liability see Notes 11 and 12.

The County's voted legal debt margin was \$250,510,364 with an unvoted debt margin of \$100,804,146 at December 31, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		G	overnmental Activ	ities		
Fiscal	Special Asses	ssment Bonds	General Obli	igation Bonds	OPWC Loans	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	
2023	\$ 286,071	\$ 49,543	\$ 1,225,000	\$ 334,307	\$ 299,808	
2024	281,186	37,323	1,255,000	301,731	299,808	
2025	117,309	25,218	1,290,000	268,407	306,791	
2026	122,295	20,232	1,315,000	234,131	285,844	
2027	128,104	14,424	1,340,000	194,681	285,844	
2028-2032	175,557	15,864	775,000	716,607	1,225,711	
2033-2037	-	-	925,000	549,856	1,167,018	
2038-2042	-	-	1,110,000	377,950	1,018,226	
2043-2047	-	-	1,350,000	155,625	741,096	
2048-2052					379,000	
Totals	\$ 1,110,522	\$ 162,604	\$ 10,585,000	\$ 3,133,295	\$ 6,009,146	

The following is a summary of the County's future annual principal and interest requirements to retire special assessment bonds and OPWC loans.

During 2010, the County issued bonds of \$9,385,000 for the purpose of refunding three previous bond issuances and paying off bond anticipation notes of \$6,710,000. At the time of the refunding, the three bonds had outstanding balances of \$855,000, \$1,475,000 and \$445,000, net of \$100,000 that the County paid as part of the issuance agreement. At the date of refunding, \$2,798,602 (including premium and after underwriting fees) was deposited in a refunding escrow fund to provide all future payments on the refunded bonds. As of December 31, 2016, the final defeased bonds have been called. The refunding bonds were issued with a premium of \$70,743 and had issuance costs of \$143,350. Due to the immaterial nature of the net effect of the premium and costs in relation to the issuance, both items will not be amortized over the life of the bond. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flow required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$536,329. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$477,505.

In 2018, Stark County issued general obligation bonds to provide resources for acquisition and permanent improvements related to the Job and Family Services Midtown building. The general obligation bonds included \$1,310,000 of serial bonds that will mature on December 1, 2028 and \$4,015,000 of term bonds that will mature on December 1, 2047.

In 2018, Stark County issued \$9,845,000 of Series 2018 General Obligation Communications System Improvement Bonds. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying costs of improving the Countywide public safety communications system, by acquiring, constructing, equipping, installing and otherwise improving real and personal property and interests therein, including equipment and structures therefor, together with all related appurtenances and site improvements, and to retire, together with other funds available to the County, the County's outstanding Countywide Public Safety Communications System Improvements Notes, Series 2017. The bonds mature on December 1, 2027.

All of the County's general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The County has entered into contractual agreements for construction loans from the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) and the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC). Under the terms of these agreements, the OWDA and OPWC will reimburse, advance or directly pay the construction costs of approved projects. The OWDA will capitalize administrative costs and construction interest and then add them to the total amount of the final loan.

In the event of default, as defined by each OPWC loan agreement, the amount of default will be subject to 8 percent interest on all amounts due from date of default. Additionally, the Lender may declare all amounts immediately due and payable or require the County Treasurer to pay the amounts due from funds appropriated to the county's undivided local government fund. The lender will also be entitled to collect any cost incurred in the event of default.

In the event of default, as defined by each OWDA loan agreement, the lender may declare the full amount of the unpaid Project Participation Principal amount immediately due and payable and require the County to pay any fines or penalties incurred with interest.

Intergovernmental Loans

In 2001 and 2016, Stark County entered into contractual agreements with the City of Massillon for the expansion and improvement of existing facilities and processes of a wastewater treatment plant that is in Stark County and that Stark County residents are able to tap into. The projects were financed mainly by OWDA debt issued in 2005 and 2016 by the City of Massillon. All proceeds were received by the City of Massillon and the City of Massillon is responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The plant is a capital asset of the City of Massillon.

In 1996 and 2004, Stark County entered into contractual agreements with Summit County for the improvement of the Upper Tuscarawas Wastewater Treatment Plant through upgrades and equipment additions. Stark County residents are able to tap into this facility. The improvements will be financed through General Obligation bonds, OWDA debt and OPWC debt issued in 1996 and 2005 by Summit County. All proceeds were received by Summit County and Summit County is responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The plant is a capital asset of Summit County. The annual interest rates of the obligations vary.

In 2010, Stark County entered into an agreement with the City of Canton for the engineering constructability review of the Water Reclamation Facility. The project was financed by an OWDA design loan issued by the City of Canton in 2012. All proceeds were received by the City of Canton and the City of Canton is responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The facility will be a capital asset of the City of Canton. The amount has been recorded on Stark County's books as a long-term liability in the sewer enterprise fund. In 2014, this long-term liability became part of the \$41.7 million obligation to the City of Canton discussed in the following paragraph. This loan has been rolled into the 2013 construction loan for the Water Reclamation Facility. This debt was forgiven in 2022 with the execution of a new fee arrangement, releasing them from the debt obligation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

In 2013, Stark County entered into a contractual agreement with the City of Canton for the construction of the Water Reclamation Facility that is in Stark County and that Stark County residents will be able to tap into. The total project is estimated to cost \$88.6 million, with Stark County's portion estimated to be \$41.7 million. The project was financed by two OWDA loans issued by the City of Canton. The first loan was issued in August 2013 for the acquisition of membrane separators and associated components. In early 2014, the City issued another OWDA loan for the construction, engineering assistance during construction, and the unpaid balance of the design loan (see preceding paragraph). All proceeds will be received by the City of Canton and the City of Canton. This debt was forgiven in 2022 with the execution of a new fee arrangement, releasing them from the debt obligation.

The total amount owed for these loans has been recorded on Stark County's books as a long-term liability in the sewer enterprise fund. Amounts have been recorded as sewer rights in the Stark County sewer enterprise fund capital assets. These amounts will be amortized over the useful life of the asset to each respective City and County.

The following is a summary of the County's future annual principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds, OWDA Loans, OPWC Loans and Intergovernmental Loans.

	Business-Type Activities													
Fiscal	0	General Obligation Bonds				OWDA	Loan	s	OP	WC Loans		Intergovern	nenta	ıl Loans
Year		Principal		Interest	I	Principal	1	nterest	I	Principal		Principal		Interest
2023	\$	373,929	\$	121,092	\$	310,266	\$	22,422	\$	129,306	\$	2,045,299	\$	64,077
2024		388,814		105,452		326,834		9,847		44,014		2,065,405		43,902
2025		282,690		88,919		-		-		44,014		822,015		27,259
2026		292,705		76,905		-		-		22,015		824,037		25,237
2027		306,896		63,001		-		-		-		826,065		23,209
2028-2032		1,019,443		98,374		-		-		-		4,160,941		95,651
2033-2037		-		-		-		-		-		4,212,495		33,871
2038-2039		-		-		-		-		-		424,114		524
Totals	\$	2,664,477	\$	553,743	\$	637,100	\$	32,269	\$	239,349	\$	15,380,371	\$	313,730

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 17. TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING FUTURE REVENUES

GASB 48 requires certain disclosures regarding transactions involving future revenues. Stark County has pledged the proceeds from special assessments to repay \$1.4 million in bonds outstanding issued during the years 1997 through 2010 to finance various sewer and water projects. These special assessments are levied against benefiting property owners and are projected to produce 100 percent of the debt service requirements. In the event that a property owner would fail to pay the assessment, payment would be made by the County. For 2022, principal and interest paid totaled \$369,498. At December 31, 2022, the outstanding balance for the special assessment bonds was \$1,110,522 and payments were scheduled to be made through the year 2030.

NOTE 18. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other funds are presented as follows:

	General	Board of Developmental Disabilities	Mental Health	Children's Services	Public Assistance	Justice System Sales Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable for: Materials & Supplies Inventory Prepaid Items Unclaimed Monies Total Nonspendable	\$ 317,130 511,001 2,316,651 3,144,782	\$ 168,027 216,078 	\$ 3,423 94,168 	\$ - 93,195 - 93,195	\$ 101,872 11,231 113,103	\$ 370,589 84,751 	\$ 1,227,702 103,524 	\$ 2,188,743 1,113,948 2,316,651 5,619,342
Restricted for: Debt Service Capital Outlay Road & Bridge Repain Real Estate Assessme Community Developn. Public Safety* Health and Human So Court Operations Other Purposes Total Restricted		61,448,609 61,448,609	17,274,696	29,839,514	6,029,209	33,234,427	149,959 1,378,682 8,382,127 5,663,508 3,509,263 13,281,804 1,159,460 4,811,539 1,499,998 39,836,340	149,959 1,378,682 8,382,127 5,663,508 3,509,263 46,516,231 115,751,488 4,811,539 1,499,998 187,662,795
Committed for: Capital Outlay ** Building Inspections Other Purposes Total Committed	- 2,050,359 3,539,936 5,590,295						15,522,657 	15,522,657 2,050,359 3,539,936 21,112,952
Assigned for: Legislative and Exec Judicial - Court Oper Public Safety - Coron Human Services - Veu Subsequent Year Appropriations Capital Outlay Total Assigned	356,048 126,153						6,775	2,171,273 356,048 126,153 242,783 605,986 6,775 3,509,018
Unassigned Unassigned Total Fund Balance	3,302,243 22,603,302 \$ 34,840,622	\$ 61,832,714	\$ 17,372,287	\$ 29,932,709	\$ 6,142,312	\$ 33,689,767	(18,533) \$ 56,678,465	22,584,769 \$ 240,488,876

* This amount includes, most significantly, amounts restricted for the 911 system and various Sheriff programs including probation,

house arrest and juvenile justice programs.

** This amount includes, most significantly, amounts committed for various Commissioners programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Several claims and lawsuits are pending against the County. In the opinion of the County Prosecuting Attorney, the outcome of several of these claims and lawsuits is unable to be determined. County management believes that these claims and lawsuits will not have a material effect on the County's financial statements.

NOTE 20. GASB 83, CERTAIN ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Bureau of Underground Storage Tank Regulations (BUSTR) regulates petroleum and hazardous substances stored in underground storage tanks. These regulations are included in Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Section 1301-7-9 and require a County classified as an "owner" or "operator," to remove from the ground any underground storage tank (UST) that is not in use for a year or more. A permit must first be obtained for that year it is not being used. Once the UST is removed, the soil in the UST cavity and excavated material must be tested for contamination.

The County has four USTs actively in use. In accordance with OAC Section 1301-7-9, and applicable accounting standards, the County believes an asset retirement obligation (ARO) to be present, however, while the County is familiar with the requirements, the cost to satisfy these requirements is not reasonably estimable at this time and therefore an ARO is not recognized in the County's financial statements.

NOTE 21. STARK COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY

A. Description of the Entity

The Stark County Port Authority (SCPA) is a body politic and corporate established to promote, develop and advance the general welfare, commerce, and economic development of Stark County and its citizens, and to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The SCPA is directed by a five-member Board appointed by the Stark County Commissioners.

The SCPA is a component unit of Stark County due to the members of the SCPA's Board being appointed by the Stark County Board of Commissioners and being economically dependent on the County for operating subsidies.

The SCPA's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the SCPA is financially accountable. The SCPA was formed in June 1995 and became independent from Stark County as their fiscal agent in May 1998.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the SCPA have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The SCPA's significant accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Basis of Presentation

Enterprise fund accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Enterprise fund accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code Section 4582.13 required that each fund be budgeted annually. This budget includes estimated receipts and appropriations. According to the bylaws of the SCPA, the Board shall adopt an appropriation resolution. The SCPA reserves (encumbers) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and are not re-appropriated. GAAP does not require enterprise funds to present budgetary statements; therefore, budgetary statements have not been included.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the SCPA is pooled. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the SCPA's records.

During 2022, investments were limited to STAR Ohio. Except for investments in STAR Ohio, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The SCPA measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the SCPA are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

An analysis of the SCPA's investment account at year end is provided in Note 21C.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and deletions during the year. At fiscal year end, the SCPA had no capital assets.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the SCPA. For the SCPA these revenues are charges for services for leases, operating grants and loan receipts. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the SCPA. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the SCPA or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The SCPA applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

C. Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the SCPA into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the SCPA treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Directors has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio and STAR Plus);
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and two hundred seventy days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,

Protection of the SCPA's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the SCPA and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits The carrying amount of the SCPA's deposits was \$947,823 at December 31, 2022, and the bank balance of the SCPA's deposits was \$947,823. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, as of December 31, 2022, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC, \$348,911 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) and \$348,911 was exposed to custodial credit risk because the amount was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the SCPA will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The SCPA has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by: (a) eligible securities pledged to the SCPA and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or (b) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2020 the SCPA's depository institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the SCPA to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments As of December 31, 2022, the SCPA had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities
	Measurement	6 months
Investment Type	Amount	or less
Net Asset Value (NAV):		
STAR Ohio	\$553,847	\$553,847

Fair Value Measurements: The SCPA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The SCPA had no qualifying investments at December 31, 2022.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the SCPA's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAA by Standard & Poor's. The SCPA has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The SCPA's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the SCPA to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the SCPA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The SCPA has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement of the State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The SCPA places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the SCPA at December 31, 2022:

Investment Type	Fe	air Value	% of Total			
Net Asset Value (NAV):						
STAR Ohio	\$	553,847	100.00%			

D. Risk Management

The SCPA has obtained commercial crime and public officials' liability insurance from the Westfield Insurance Company. There has not been a significant reduction of coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three years.

E. Related Party Transactions

The SCPA contracts with the SDB to maintain the SCPA's files and records in addition to providing facilities and related administrative functions. The SCPA paid the SDB \$59,600 in 2022 (includes \$40,000 negotiated fee reconciliation as approved by Port Authority Board resulting from project fee billing), under the term of the contract.

F. Debt/Loans Payable

At December 31, 2022, debt outstanding totaled \$173,805,851 up from the \$117,667,401 debt outstanding at December 31, 2022. In 2022, SCPA additions increasing debt including: \$6.8 million for ABC Gardens Projects II, \$6.2 million for HOFV 2021 Projects, and \$48.3 million TSC Tractor, \$5.0 million for HOFV 2022 Project (Revolving Loan), and \$7.5 million for HOFV 2022 TDD Project.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Balance 12/31/2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2022
Ohio Water Development Authority	\$ 2,781,584	\$ -	\$ (2,781,584)	\$ -
Timken Steel Project	12,118,575	-	(12,118,575)	-
Snackhouse/Geis Refinance 2019	27,400,000	-	-	27,400,000
Omni	9,536,088	-	(367,778)	9,168,310
Hendrickson	19,769,769	-	(1,883,030)	17,886,739
Schroer	11,020,833	-	(575,000)	10,445,833
ABC Gardens Project I	8,484,724	-	-	8,484,724
HOFV 2021 - Center for Excellence	8,662,032	6,195,944	-	14,857,976
TSC Tractor	16,874,210	48,347,087	-	65,221,297
ABC Gardens Project II	1,019,586	6,821,386	-	7,840,972
Stark County Revolving Loan	-	5,000,000		5,000,000
HOFV 2022 TDD Project		7,500,000		7,500,000
Total	\$ 117,667,401	\$ 73,864,417	\$ (17,725,967)	\$ 173,805,851

OWDA In 2010, the SCPA, in conjunction with Shearers Food Inc., entered into an agreement to assist in construction and expansion of its production facilities. In order to obtain funds for the construction of the project, the SCPA entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA). The loan agreement authorized the SCPA to obtain loan funds of \$3,400,000 at a rate of 3.2% for 15 years. The balance of the loan was fully repaid in 2022.

In 2013, the SCPA, in conjunction with Shearers Food Inc., entered into an agreement to assist in construction and expansion of its wastewater treatment facilities. In order to obtain funds for the construction of the project, the SCPA entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA). The loan agreement authorized the SCPA to obtain loan funds of \$3,819,522 at a rate of 3% for 15 years. The balance of the loan was fully repaid in 2022.

Timken Steel In 2015 the SCPA authorized up to \$17,500,000 through The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company for improving the Gambranus Steel Plant. The loan terms include a 5% interest rate with an indefinite length term. Construction was completed in 2017 and no amortization of principal has occurred nor has the length term been adjusted. The balance of the loan was fully repaid in 2022.

Geis In 2018, the SCPA authorized up to \$41,000,000 through The Huntington Bank for the expansion at Shearer facilities in Massillon. In 2019, Geis repaid a portion of the loan and then refinanced the remaining portion. The refinancing included new issuance of \$27,400,000 at a rate of 4.77 percent for 7 years. The amortization table is provided below.

Omni In 2019 the SCPA authorized up to \$10,000,000 through The Huntington Bank for the OMNI Orthopaedics facilities project. The loan terms include a variable interest rate for 10 years; currently, it is 3.93%. The project was completed in 2020, and an amortization schedule is provided below.

Hendrickson In 2019 the SCPA authorized up to \$25,000,000 through The Huntington Bank for improving manufacturing facilities. Construction was completed in 2020 for \$22,384,430. The loan terms include a 4 percent interest rate for 11 years, and an amortization table is provided below.

Schroer In 2019 the SCPA authorized up to \$11,500,000 through PNC Bank for construction of a new corporate headquarters and pharmacy building. The project was completed in 2020. The loan terms include a 4 percent interest rate for 10 years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

ABC Garden Project I In 2020 the SCPA authorized up to \$4,200,000 until amended to \$17,014,000 in 2021 through Civista Bank. The purpose of the project is to acquire land on the site of the former Tam O' Shanter Golf Course and to develop housing units. In 2021, the SCPA authorized unused funds from this Phase I to be used in Phase II outlined below. The project was completed for \$8,484,724. No amortization schedule is available.

HOFV 2021 – Center for Excellence In 2021 the SCPA authorized up to \$39,000,000 through The Huntington Bank for the HOFV 2021 Center for Excellence Project. The loan term includes a 5% interest rate for 30 years. The project has drawn and expended \$6,195,944 in 2022. No amortization schedule is available.

Tractor Supply Company In 2021 the SCPA authorized up to \$90,000,000 through The Huntington Bank for the construction of a new distribution facility in Navarre, Ohio. The loan term includes a 3% interest rate for 30 years. The project has drawn and expended 48,347,087 in 2022. No amortization schedule is available.

ABC Garden Project II In 2021 the SCPA authorized unused funds from ABC Phase I for the development of 41 single-story independent units. The project has drawn and expended \$6,821,386 in 2022. No amortization schedule is available.

HOFV Project (Revolving Loan) In 2022 the SCPA with the assistance of Stark County established a revolving loan program. The HOFV was approved for a \$5,000,000 loan in 2022 for construction of the Village. All interest proceeds from the loan to the HOFV will be retained in the SCPA revolving loan program for the purpose of providing loans to other businesses in the future. The HOFV has drawn and expended all \$5.0 million in 2022. The loan has a 6% interest rate and mature with a \$5.0 million balloon payment due August 30, 2029.

HOFV TDD Project In 2022 the SCPA with the assistance of the Ohio Department of Development authorized up to \$7,500,000 for the HOFV Center for Performance LLC. The loan term includes a 5.413% interest rate for 24 years. The HOFV has drawn all \$7.5 million in 2022. The amortization schedule is provided below.

	U.S. Realty Advisors					PN	С					
Year Ending		Geis 2019 .	ance		Schro		HOFV 2022 Revolving Loan					
December 31	31 Principal Interest Principal Inte		Interest Principal			Interest						
2023	\$	-	\$	1,306,980	\$	575,000	\$	260,284	\$	-	\$	304,167
2024		34,347		1,306,980		575,000		245,516		-		304,167
2025		422,968		1,296,174		575,000		230,748		-		304,167
2026		26,942,685		1,170,067		575,000		215,980		-		304,167
2027		-		-		575,000		201,213		-		304,167
2028-2030		-				7,570,833		385,400		5,000,000		609,548
	\$	27,400,000	\$	5,080,201	\$	10,445,833	\$	1,539,141	\$	5,000,000	\$	2,130,383

Amortization of the debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Huntington												
Year Ending		Om	ni			Hendrid	ı	HOFV 2022 TDD Bond				
December 31		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2023	\$	385,709	\$	173,228	\$	2,314,777	\$	740,223	\$	155,000	\$	403,945
2024		404,415		165,576		2,228,096		591,904		160,000		395,420
2025		424,238		157,551		2,321,925		498,075		170,000		386,624
2026		444,923		149,135		2,417,862		402,138		180,000		377,286
2027		464,630		141,345		2,517,763		302,237		190,000		367,407
2028-2046		7,044,295		150,925		6,086,316		293,932		6,645,000		4,098,859
	\$	9,168,210	\$	937,760	\$	17,886,739	\$	2,828,509	\$	7,500,000	\$	6,029,541

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

G. Loans Receivable

As of December 31, 2022, the loan receivable amount totaled \$173,690,667 up from the \$117,667,401 loan receivable at, December 31, 2021. The increase is the net effect of financing and related expenditures of \$6.8 million for ABC Gardens Project II, \$6.2 million for HOFV 2021 Center for Excellence Project, \$48.3 million for TSC Tractor Project, \$5 million for HOFV Project (Revolving Loan), \$7.5 million for HOFV 2022 TDD Project, and \$58,206 for PT Metals LLC (Revolving Loan). Project increases were offset by decreases from repayments from Shearers to OWDA of \$2.8 million, \$367,778 from Omni, \$2 million from Hendrickson, \$12.1 million from Timken Steel, and \$575,000 from Schroer. The facilities in all other projects with remaining debt will immediately convey upon repayment, consistent with the terms of their respective project and financing agreement; therefore, the expenses are included as loans receivable as incurred. The revenue will be utilized to retire the corresponding debt related to the projects.

PT Metals LLC (SCPA Revolving Loan) In 2022 the SCPA approved PT Metals LLC for a \$61,700 loan through their own revolving loan program. This loan was issued for the purpose of purchasing of operating equipment. All interest proceeds from the loan will be retained in the SCPA revolving loan program for the purpose of providing loans to other businesses in the future. The PT Metals LLC has drawn and expended \$58,206 in 2022. No amortization schedule is available.

H. Conduit Debt

The SCPA authorized conduit financing of the Pro Football Hall of Fame expansion had \$6,710,000 outstanding as of December 31, 2021, related to conduit financing provided by the SCPA in 2011, the entire amount was repaid as of December 31, 2022. The SCPA had no liability attached to any of the outstanding balances related to conduit financing, as such, the SCPA carried no liability impacting its Statement of Net Position.

I. Subsequent Events

Geis has made \$544,575 in interest payments, Hendrickson made \$1,175,000 in principal/interest payments, ABC Gardens made \$1,111,234 in principal/interest payments, Schroer made \$535,654 in principal/interest payments, and OMNI made \$398,527 in principal/interest payments. Furthermore \$17.7 million was issued to the HOFV.

NOTE 22. STARK COUNTY LAND REUTILIZATION CORPORATION

A. Description of the Entity

The Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation (the "Corporation") is a county land reutilization corporation that was formed on March 21, 2012 when the Stark County Board of Commissioners authorized the incorporation of the Corporation under Chapter 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code through resolution as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The purpose of the Corporation is for reclaiming, rehabilitating or reutilizing economically non-productive land throughout Stark County (the "County"). The Corporation can potentially address parcels where the fair market value of the property has been greatly exceeded by the delinquent taxes and assessed liens and are therefore not economically feasible to initiate foreclosure actions upon. By establishing the Corporation, the County can begin to address dilapidated housing issues in communities located in the County and also return properties to productive use. The Corporation has been designated as the County's agent to further its mission to reclaim, rehabilitate, and reutilize vacant, abandoned, tax foreclosed and other real property in the County by exercising the powers of the County under Chapter 5722 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Pursuant to Section 1724.03 (B) of the Ohio Revised Code, the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be composed of five members including, (1) the County Treasurer, (2) at least two members of the County Board of Commissioners, (3) one member who is a representative of the largest municipal corporation, based on the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

population according to the most recent federal decennial census, that is located in the County, (4) one member who is a representative of a township with a population of at least ten thousand in the unincorporated area of the township according to the most recent federal decennial census, and (5) any remaining members selected by the County Treasurer and the County Commissioners who are members of the Corporation board. The term of office of each ex officio director runs concurrently with the term of office of that elected official. The term of office of each appointed director is two years.

The Corporation is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio. In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organization Are Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, the Corporation's primary government and basic financial statements include components units which are defined as legally separate organizations for which the Corporation is financially accountable. The Corporation is financially accountable for an organization if the Corporation appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Corporation is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or impose its will over the organization; or (2) the Corporation is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the Corporation is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the Corporation is obligated for the debt of organization. The Corporation does not have any component units and does not include any organizations in its presentation. The Corporation's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the Corporation is financially accountable. The Corporation is a component unit of Stark County, Ohio.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Basis of Presentation

The Corporation's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Corporation as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the Corporation that are governmental and those that are business-type. The Corporation, however, does not have any business-type activities or fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Corporation at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Corporation's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Corporation, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Corporation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Corporation are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded on the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Corporation receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Corporation must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expense requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Corporation on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Budgetary Process

The Corporation is not bound by the budgetary laws prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code for purely governmental entities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation adopts an annual budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Appropriations and subsequent amendments are approved by the Board of Directors during the year as required.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Federal Income Tax

The Corporation is exempt from federal income tax under Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All monies received by the Corporation are deposited in demand deposit accounts. During 2022, the Corporation invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "*Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*." The Corporation measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s) but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less of the time at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. These items are reported as assets using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Assets Held for Resale

Assets held for resale represent properties purchased by or donated to the Corporation. All properties are recorded at the estimated net realizable value. The Corporation holds the properties until the home is either sold to a new homeowner, sold to an individual who will rehabilitate the home, or the home on the property is demolished. Properties with demolished homes could be transferred to the County or township they are in after demolition; parcels may be merged with adjacent parcels for development or green space projects; or the Corporation may sell other lots to the owners of adjacent parcels for a nominal cost.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Corporation had no restricted net position at December 31, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Intergovernmental Revenue

The Corporation receives operating income through Stark County. This money represents 5 percent of all collections on current unpaid and delinquent property taxes once these taxes are paid. Pursuant to ORC 321.263, these penalty and interest monies are collected by the County when taxes are paid and then are paid to the Corporation upon the Corporation's written request. In addition, the Corporation receives State grant funding.

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Corporation Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The Corporation had no extraordinary or special items during 2022.

C. Accountability and Compliance

Change in Accounting Principles

For 2022, the Corporation has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "Implementation Guide Update - 2020", GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations", GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Corporation.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Corporation.

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Corporation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Corporation.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Corporation.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Corporation.

GASB Statement No. 99 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Corporation.

D. Deposits and Investments

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of all Corporation deposits was \$1,156,530 and the bank balance of all deposits was \$1,164,641. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC and the remaining was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Corporation will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Corporation has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the Corporation's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Corporation to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Investments

As of December 31, 2022, the Corporation had the following investments and maturities:

			I	nvestment			
	M	easurement	Maturities 6 months or less				
Measurement/Investment Type		Amount					
Amortized Cost:							
STAR Ohio	\$	2,503,236	\$	2,503,236			

The Corporation's investments are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the Corporation's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized rating agency. The Corporation has no policy dealing with credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Corporation has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Corporation places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Corporation at December 31, 2022:

	Measurement	
Measurement/Investment Type	Amount	% of Total
Amortized Cost:		
STAR Ohio	\$ 2,503,236	100.00%

E. Risk Management

General, Employee, Employers, Public Officials and Employment Practices Liability and Automobile

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2022, the Corporation contracted with Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. for various coverages.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Crime Coverage	\$	5,000
General Liability:		
Bodily Injury and Property Damage - Each Occurrence		2,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury - Each Offense		2,000,000
General Aggregate		4,000,000
Products - Completed Operations Limit		4,000,000
Medical Expense - One Person/One Accident	10),000/50,000
Employee benefits liability:		
Employee Benefits Liablity/Aggregate	2,000,00	00/4,000,000
Employers Liability:		
Bodily Injury		2,000,000
Malicious Act		1,000,000
Public Officials and Employment Practices Liability:		
Public Officials Errors and Omission Injury/Aggregate	2,000,00	00/4,000,000
Deductible		2,500
Employment Practices Injury/Aggregate	2,000,00	00/4,000,000
Deductible		1,000
Non-monetary Coverage Defense and Back Wages Aggregate		25,000
Deductible		1,000
Back Wages		25,000
Automobile Liability:		
Bodily Injury and Property Damage - Each Occurrence		2,000,000

There has been no reduction in coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded the Corporation's coverage in any of the past three years and there was no significant change in insurance coverage from the prior year.

F. Transactions with Stark County

Pursuant to and in accordance with Section 321.261 (B) of the Ohio Revised Code, the Corporation has been authorized by the Stark County Board of Commissioners to receive 5% of all collections of delinquent real property and manufactured and mobile home taxes that are deposited into the County's Delinquent Tax Assessment and Collection Tax (DTACT) fund and will be available for appropriation by the Corporation to fund operations. At December 31, 2022, the Corporation recognized revenues of \$835,192 for these fees that were collected by the County in 2022.

During 2022, the Corporation also entered into an agreement with the Stark County Regional Planning Commission to provide the necessary services for the overall administration and coordination of the Corporation's Land Reutilization program as well as other County departments for various services. During 2022, the Corporation paid \$382,255 in administration fees to the Stark County Regional Planning Commission and other County departments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

G. Contingencies

The Corporation received financial assistance from State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Corporation.

The Corporation is continuing remediation work on the former Starfire Gas Station located at 2433 Columbus Rd. NE in Plain Township. The full extent of the future costs related to remediation are unknown at this time. The Corporation anticipates future grant money to assist in future remediation efforts.

Stark County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last Nine Vegus	(1)
Last Nine Years	(1)

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)				
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.611575%	0.627104%	0.585600%	0.609280%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 53,209,500	\$ 92,860,449	\$ 115,747,813	\$ 166,869,439
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 84,657,525	\$ 82,877,642	\$ 80,820,734	\$ 80,292,820
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	62.85%	112.05%	143.22%	207.83%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	92.62%	86.88%	82.17%	74.70%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.021048%	0.022490%	0.025576%	0.030810%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,678,987	\$ 2,875,490	\$ 6,188,559	\$ 6,813,426
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,764,914	\$ 2,762,200	\$ 3,553,029	\$ 3,454,271
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	169.23%	104.10%	174.18%	197.25%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78.90%	87.80%	75.50%	77.40%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

 2018		8 2017				2015	 2014		
0.621738%		0.633750%		0.653655%		0.680859%	0.680859%		
\$ 97,538,639	\$	143,913,821	\$	113,221,249	\$	82,119,169	\$ 80,264,370		
\$ 80,542,246	\$	93,828,971	\$	79,622,309	\$ 81,499,839		,622,309 \$ 81,499,839		\$ 70,095,959
121.10%		153.38%		142.20%		100.76%	114.51%		
84.66%		77.25%		81.08%	81.08% 86.45%		86.36%		
0.030317%		0.030481%		0.030893%		0.028587%	0.028587%		
\$ 6,666,010	\$	7,240,882	\$	10,340,895	\$	7,900,666	\$ 6,953,396		
\$ 3,463,686	\$	3,265,186	\$	3,067,543	\$	2,932,756	\$ 2,975,908		
192.45%		221.76%		337.11%		269.39%	233.66%		
77.30%		75.30%		66.80%		72.10%	74.70%		

Stark County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Contributions - Pension

Last	Ten	Years	

	 2022	2021 2020			2020	2019			
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)									
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 12,699,247	\$	12,166,993	\$	11,898,117	\$	11,599,124		
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (12,699,247)		(12,166,993)		(11,898,117)		(11,599,124)		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$			
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 88,483,405	\$	84,657,525	\$	82,877,642	\$	80,820,734		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.35%		14.37%		14.36%		14.35%		
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)									
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 370,789	\$	387,088	\$	386,708	\$	497,424		
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (370,789)	. <u> </u>	(387,088)	. <u> </u>	(386,708)		(497,424)		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$			
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,648,493	\$	2,764,914	\$	2,762,200	\$	3,553,029		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		

 2018		2017		2016		2015	 2014	2013				
\$ 11,508,139	\$	10,725,645	\$	11,551,941	\$	9,794,726	\$ 10,032,712	\$	10,025,036			
 (11,508,139)		(10,725,645)		(11,551,941)		(9,794,726)	 (10,032,712)		(10,025,036)			
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$	-			
\$ 80,292,820	\$	80,542,246	\$	93,828,971	\$	79,622,309	\$ 81,499,839	\$	70,095,959			
14.33%		13.32%		12.31%		12.30%	12.31%		14.30%			
\$ 483,598	\$	484,916	\$	457,126	\$	429,456	\$ 395,922	\$	386,868			
 (483,598)		(484,916)		(457,126)		(429,456)	 (395,922)		(386,868)			
\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$ -	\$	-			
\$ 3,454,271	\$	3,463,686	\$	3,265,186	\$	3,067,543	\$ 2,932,756	\$	2,975,908			
14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%	13.50%		13.00%			

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Stark County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Last Six Years (1)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	 2017
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)											
County's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)		0.601670%		0.616378%		0.576366%		0.601297%		0.613583%	0.624151%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(18,845,225)	\$	(10,981,266)	\$	79,611,118	\$	78,394,935	\$	66,630,594	\$ 63,041,371
County's Covered Payroll	\$	84,657,525	\$	82,877,642	\$	80,820,734	\$	80,292,820	\$	80,542,246	\$ 93,828,971
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		-22.26%		-13.25%		98.50%		97.64%		82.73%	67.19%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)		128.23%	115.57%		47.80%		46.33%		54.14%		54.04%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)											
County's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)		0.021048%		0.022490%		0.025576%		0.030810%		0.030317%	0.030481%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(545,001)	\$	(474,174)	\$	(449,503)	\$	(510,000)	\$	(487,163)	\$ 1,189,265
County's Covered Payroll	\$	2,764,914	\$	2,762,200	\$	3,553,029	\$	3,454,271	\$	3,463,686	\$ 3,265,186
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		-19.71%		-17.17%		-12.65%		-14.77%		-14.06%	36.42%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)		230.73%		174.70%		182.10%		174.70%		176.00%	47.10%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

Stark County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Years

	2022			2021	 2020	 2019
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)						
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		-			 -	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ _
County's Covered Payroll (1)	\$	88,483,405	\$	84,657,525	\$ 82,877,642	\$ 80,820,734
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)						
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution					 	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
County's Covered Payroll	\$	2,648,493	\$	2,764,914	\$ 2,762,200	\$ 3,553,029
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

(n/a) Beginning in 2016, OPERS used one trust fund as the funding vehicle for all health care plans; therefore, information prior to 2016 is not presented. (1) The OPEB plan includes the members from the traditional plan, the combined plan and the member directed plan.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	 2013
\$	-	\$	805,422	\$	1,876,579		n/a		n/a	n/a
	-		(805,422)		(1,876,579)		n/a		n/a	n/a
\$		\$		\$			n/a		n/a	n/a
\$	80,292,820	\$	80,542,246	\$	93,828,971		n/a		n/a	n/a
	0.00%		1.00%		2.00%		n/a		n/a	n/a
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,664	\$ 29,759 (29,759)
¢		¢		¢		¢		¢	(1,001)	 (2),(0))
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
\$	3,454,271	\$	3,463,686	\$	3,265,186	\$	3,067,543	\$	2,932,756	\$ 2,975,908
	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.50%	1.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions – OPERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in discount rate used in calculating the total pension liability as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Discount Rate	6.90%	7.20%	7.20%	7.20%	7.50%

Amounts reported beginning in 2022 use pre-retirement mortality rates based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all these tables.

Calendar year 2017 reflects an adjustment of the rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement and mortality to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of retired life mortality was based on RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table and RP-2014 Disabled mortality table. Wage inflation rate was also reduced from 3.25 percent to 2.75 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms – OPERS

In October 2021, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 0.5 percent simple through 2021 then 2.5 percent to 3.00 percent simple through 2022 then 2.05 percent simple.

In October 2020, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 1.40 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 simple to 0.5 percent simple through 2021 then 2.15 percent simple.

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 3.00 percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple to 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 percent simple.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

The Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2022. The salary increases were changed from 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65 to varying by service from 2.50 percent to 8.50 percent. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2020.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For calendar year 2021, the discount rate changed from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent.

The Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For 2022, the Board approved a one-time 3 percent COLA effective on the anniversary of a benefit recipient's retirement date for those eligible during fiscal year 2023 and eliminated the age 60 requirement to receive unreduced retirement that was scheduled to go into effect August 1, 2026.

Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Changes in Assumptions - OPERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

<u>Assumption</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Discount Rate	6.00%	6.00%	3.16%	3.96%	3.85%	4.23%
Municipal Bond Rate	1.84%	2.00%	2.75%	3.71%	3.31%	n/a
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.50%	8.50%	10.50%	10.00%	7.50%	n/a

For calendar year 2019, the investment rate of return decreased from 6.50 percent to 6.00 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms – OPERS

For calendar year 2022, the cost of living adjustments decreased from 2.15 percent simple to 2.05 percent simple.

For calendar year 2021, the cost of living adjustments decreased from 3.00 percent simple to 2.15 percent simple.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For 2022, the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RPub-2010 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2020. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For calendar year 2022, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Projected salary increases from 3.25 to 10.75 percent, including wage inflation to varying by service from 2.50 to 8.50 percent
- Medicare medical health care cost trends from -16.18 percent initial to -68.78 percent initial and 4.00 percent ultimate to 3.94 percent ultimate
- Medicare prescription drug health care cost trends from 29.98 percent initial to -5.47 percent initial and 4.00 percent ultimate to 3.94 percent ultimate

For calendar year 2021, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent
- Medicare medical health care cost trends from -6.69 percent initial to -16.18 percent initial
- Medicare prescription drug health care cost trends from 11.87 percent initial to 29.98 percent

For 2018, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for 2017 and changed for 2018 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For 2017, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For 2019, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021

For 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.

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Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Victim Assistance</u> - To account for the grant received through the Attorney General's office that is expended to assist individuals who are the victims of crime.

<u>Youth Services</u> - To account for grant monies received from the State Department of Youth Services used for placement of children, a juvenile delinquency diversion program, juvenile delinquency prevention and other related activities.

<u>County CARES Act Grant</u> - To account for revenue from the U.S. Treasury to be disbursed to various local governments, agencies, and businesses in order to mitigate the spread of the Covid-19 virus.

<u>Pass Through Grants</u> - To account for revenue from various state and federal agencies to be disbursed to various County agencies.

<u>HOME Program</u> - To account for funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development used to provide housing rehabilitation service for the elderly and low-income residents.

<u>911 System</u> - To account for tax revenue used in establishing, equipping, furnishing, operating and maintaining a County-wide 911 system of safety answering points.

<u>Child Assault Prosecution</u> - To account for revenue received from the Children's Services levy fund to be used for the child sexual assault program.

<u>Community Development</u> - To account for revenue received from the Federal government to be expended for administrative costs of the community development block grant program.

<u>Coroner Laboratory</u> - To account for revenue received from the performance of autopsies for other counties to be used for the improvement of the County morgue.

<u>Computer Technology</u> - To account for monies received from County Recorder and Court fees to be used to computerize the Recorder's office and the Courts.

<u>Delinquent Tax Assessment and Collection</u> - To account for five percent of all collected delinquent real estate taxes, personal property taxes, manufactured home taxes and special assessments used for the purpose of collecting delinquent real estate taxes, personal property taxes, manufactured home taxes and special assessments.

<u>Dog and Kennel</u> - To account for the dog warden's operations, financed by sales of dog tags and kennel permits and by fine collections.

 $\underline{Motel Tax}$ – To account for the collection of lodging taxes that are periodically apportioned to the subdivisions and to the County operating funds.

<u>Immobilization and Impoundment</u> - To account for immobilization fees and charges collected to be used to help defray the costs of the immobilization and impoundment of the vehicle.

<u>In-Home Detention</u> - To account for grant proceeds to be used for a pilot in-home detention program.

Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

<u>Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax</u> - To account for revenue derived from motor vehicle license and gasoline taxes and interest. Expenditures in this special revenue fund are restricted by State law to County road and bridge repair/improvement programs.

<u>Municipal Road</u> – To account for revenues received from the motor vehicle gas tax and expenditures made related to the repair and maintenance of municipal roads within County.

<u>Probate Court Conduct Business</u> - To account for court costs expended on specific supplies as stated within the Revised Code.

<u>Real Estate Assessment</u> - To account for State-mandated County-wide real estate reappraisals that are funded by charges to political subdivisions located within the County.

<u>Emergency Rental Assistance Grant</u> – To account for revenue from the U.S. Treasury to be disbursed to landlords whose tenants were adversely affected by the Covid-19 pandemic and need assistance paying rent.

<u>Law Library</u> – To account for revenue derived from fines and penalties collected by the various courts within the County as well as fees for charges for law library services and expenditures made related to the daily operations of the Law Library.

<u>BOE Special Election</u> – To account for special County election revenue and costs in accordance with O.R.C. 2501.17(D).

<u>One Ohio Opioid Settlement Fund</u> – To account for State revenue that is to be used for the abatement of the Opioid Epidemic and to assist those permanently affected by Opioid addiction.

<u>Sheriff Edward Byrne JAG Grant</u> – To account for Federal revenue that is to be used for the prevention and control of crime and to improve the criminal justice system, some of which could have environmental impacts.

<u>Other Public Safety</u> - These funds' monies, comprised of Federal, State and local monies as well as miscellaneous sources, are used for various public safety purposes. These funds are as follows:

Sheriff's Litter Patrol, Adult Probation, Bureau of Justice Assistance Block Grant, Disaster Services-HAZMAT, House Arrest, Enforcement and Education, Violence Prevention, Indigent Drivers, Program for Addiction Rehabilitation, Emergency Preparedness Grants, Juvenile Justice, Sheriff's Law Enforcement Trust, State Probation Supervision Fees, Community Prosecution Program, Day Reporting.

<u>Other</u> - Smaller Special Revenue Funds operated by the County and subsidized in part by Federal, State and local monies as well as miscellaneous sources. These funds are as follows:

Computer Justice Information System, Drug Court Planning Grant, Indigent Guardianship, Probate Court Security Grant, Board of Elections.

The following nonmajor special revenue funds are included with the general fund for GAAP Reporting purposes as they do not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Certificate of Title Administration, Recorder's Equipment, Unclaimed Money, Building Inspection, Sheriff Rotary, Rotary Abstract Fee, Forfeiture of Subdivision Bond.

Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term debt and related costs.

<u>Special Assessment Bond Retirement</u> - To account for the collection of special assessments from property owners for the retirement of principal, interest, and related costs on special assessment debt.

<u>General Obligation Bond Retirement</u> - To account for the retirement of principal, interest, and related costs of general obligation debt through transfers from the General Fund.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds).

Jail Capital Improvements - To account for note proceeds and other revenue for new construction and renovation to the County jail.

<u>Board of Developmental Disabilities Capital</u> - To account for transfers from the SCBDD Operating fund for all capital-related expenditures.

<u>Ditch Maintenance</u> - To account for the collection of special assessments to be expended for ditches and retention basins within the County.

Engineer's Construction - To account for Ohio Public Works Commission Issue II grants to be expended for infrastructure.

<u>Permanent Improvement</u> - To account for monies to be used on general County permanent improvements.

JFS Capital Projects – To account for bond proceeds for the purchase and renovation of JFS buildings.

<u>The Venue TIF Fund</u> – To account for payments in lieu of taxes to be expended on redeveloping areas where improvements are declared to be public purpose.

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Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds]	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	34,482,490	\$	141,366	\$	17,377,386	\$	52,001,242
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents	φ	226,610	φ	141,500	φ	147,707	φ	374,317
Accounts Receivable		209,859				147,707		209,859
Intergovernmental Receivable		16,001,657		-		558,383		16,560,040
Taxes Receivable		1,568,677		-		558,585		1,568,677
Special Assessments Receivable		1,308,077		1,370,037		-		1,370,037
Loans Receivable		2,793,348		1,370,037		-		2,793,348
Interfund Receivable		127,856		8,593		-		136,449
Prepaid Items		103,524		8,393		-		103,524
Materials and Supplies Inventory		1,227,702		-		-		1,227,702
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		1,227,702		-		241 577		
Total Assets	¢	56 741 722	¢	1 510 006	¢	241,577	¢	241,577
Total Assets	\$	56,741,723	\$	1,519,996	\$	18,325,053	\$	76,586,772
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,097,339	\$	_	\$	226,501	\$	1,323,840
Accrued Wages	Ψ	793,573	Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ	793,573
Contracts Payable		1,075,164		_		801,155		1,876,319
Retainage Payable		226,610		_		147,707		374,317
Intergovernmental Payable		249,865		_				249,865
Interfund Payable		127,856		_		_		127,856
Unearned Revenue		785,161		_				785,161
Total Liabilities		4,355,568				1,175,363		5,530,931
Total Liabilities		4,555,508				1,175,505		5,550,951
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		664,759		-		-		664,759
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		-		-		241,577		241,577
Unavailable Revenue		12,082,471		1,370,037		18,532		13,471,040
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		12,747,230		1,370,037		260,109		14,377,376
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		1,331,226		-		-		1,331,226
Restricted		38,307,699		149,959		1,378,682		39,836,340
Committed		-		-		15,522,657		15,522,657
Assigned		-		-		6,775		6,775
Unassigned		-		-		(18,533)		(18,533)
Total Fund Balances		39,638,925		149,959		16,889,581		56,678,465
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	٩	CC 841 800	¢	1 510 005	¢	10 225 052	¢	
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	56,741,723	\$	1,519,996	\$	18,325,053	\$	76,586,772

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2022

		Victim ssistance		Youth Services	Pass Through Grants		HOME Program		911 System	
Assets Equity and Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	100,258	\$	1,384,853	\$	42,433	\$	300,120	\$	6,374,258
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable		42,161		-		3,638		- 2,506,227		- 98,084
Taxes Receivable		-2,101		-		-		- 2,300,227		771,982
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		1,495,630		-
Interfund Receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items Materials and Supplies Inventory		-		-		-		-		42,375
Total Assets	\$	142,419	\$	1,384,853	\$	46,071	\$	4,301,977	\$	7,286,699
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	53,322	\$	42,437	\$	6,000	\$	9,050
Accrued Wages	*	3,207	-	67,603	+	-	-	-	-	7,580
Contracts Payable		-		-		-		-		11,125
Retainage Payable Intergovernmental Payable		631		- 13,271		-		- 6,600		- 1,490
Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable		- 031		- 13,271		-		0,000		1,490
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities		3,838		134,196		42,437		12,600		29,245
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Unavailable Revenue		-		-		-		- 2,495,057		664,759 156,238
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								2,495,057		820,997
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		42,375
Restricted Total Fund Balances		<u>138,581</u> 138,581		1,250,657 1,250,657		3,634		1,794,320 1,794,320		6,394,082 6,436,457
i otat F una Datances		130,301		1,230,037		3,034		1,/94,520		0,430,437
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	142,419	\$	1,384,853	\$	46,071	\$	4,301,977	\$	7,286,699

А	Child Assault secution	Community evelopment	Coroner aboratory	Computer Tax Ass		elinquent Assessment Dog and Collection Kennel			Motel Tax			Immobilization and Impoundment	
\$	35,768	\$ 384,295	\$ 392,075	\$	4,206,579	\$	1,790,387	\$	904,714	\$	6,524	\$	52,416
	-	- - 1,559,077	-		- 111,475		- 15,383 39,188		20,532		-		-
	-	-	-		-		-		-		796,695		-
	-	1,297,718	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-	-		127,856		-		-		-		-
	-	-	-		- 19,211		-		-		-		-
\$	35,768	\$ 3,241,090	\$ 392,075	\$	4,465,121	\$	1,844,958	\$	925,246	\$	803,219	\$	52,416
\$	-	\$ 67,994	\$ -	\$	10,084	\$	-	\$	26,852	\$	-	\$	-
	-	-	834		26,021		15,312		20,287		-		-
	-	-	-		136,661		-		22,960		-		-
	-	-	- 163		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-	103		4,009		2,629		3,261		-		-
	_	-			-				_		_		-
	-	 67,994	 997		176,775		17,941		73,360		-		-
	-	- 1,458,153	-		-		-		-		-		-
		 1,458,153	 				<u> </u>						
		 1,100,100	 										
	-	-	-		19,211		-		-		-		-
	35,768	 1,714,943	 391,078		4,269,135		1,827,017		851,886		803,219		52,416
	35,768	 1,714,943	 391,078		4,288,346		1,827,017		851,886		803,219		52,416
\$	35,768	\$ 3,241,090	\$ 392,075	\$	4,465,121	\$	1,844,958	\$	925,246	\$	803,219	<u>\$</u> (co	<u>52,416</u> ntinued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued) December 31, 2022

Assets	In-Home Detention			Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax	Municipal Road		Probate Court Conduct Business		 eal Estate ssessment
Equity and Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	428	\$	5,779,574	\$	1,619,845	\$	6,629	\$ 4,065,780
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents		-		226,610		-		-	-
Accounts Receivable		-		14,058		-		-	-
Intergovernmental Receivable		-		10,598,324		390,844		-	-
Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-	-
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-	-
Interfund Receivable		-		-		-		-	-
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-	36,260
Materials and Supplies Inventory		-		1,200,022		-		-	 -
Total Assets	\$	428	\$	17,818,588	\$	2,010,689	\$	6,629	\$ 4,102,040
<i>Liabilities</i> Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable Unearned Revenue <i>Total Liabilities</i>	\$	- - - - - - - - - -	\$	734,221 347,596 904,418 226,610 61,260 2,274,105	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$ 39,368 158,771 31,150 229,289
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		-		-		-		-	-
Unavailable Revenue		-		7,705,000		268,023		-	 -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		7,705,000		268,023		-	 -
<i>Fund Balances</i> Nonspendable Restricted <i>Total Fund Balances</i>		428 428		1,200,022 6,639,461 7,839,483		1,742,666 1,742,666		6,629 6,629	 36,260 3,836,491 3,872,751
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	428	\$	17,818,588	\$	2,010,689	\$	6,629	\$ 4,102,040

nergency Rental ssistance Grant	 Law Library	DE Special Election Fund	OneOhio OPIOD Settlement		Other Public Safety		Other		Total
\$ 785,161	\$ 501,607	\$ 227,057	\$ 133,225	\$	4,922,964	\$	465,540	\$	34,482,490 226,610
-	-	-	-		37,055		7,718		209,859
-	14,504	-	-		753,248		7,710		16,001,657
	14,504		_		755,240				1,568,677
_	_	_	_				_		2,793,348
_	_	_	_		_		_		127,856
-	21,709	-	-		3,180		-		103,524
-	1,383	-	-		7,086		-		1,227,702
\$ 785,161	\$ 539,203	\$ 227,057	\$ 133,225	\$	5,723,533	\$	473,258	\$	56,741,723
\$ -	\$ 18,513	\$ -	\$ -	\$	89,498	\$		\$	1,097,339
-	12,711	-	-		130,912		2,739		793,573
-	-	-	-		-		-		1,075,164
-	-	-	-		-		-		226,610
-	1,956	-	-		123,445 123,425		4,431		249,865 127,856
- 785,161	-	-	-		125,425		4,451		785,161
 785,161	 33,180	 -	 		467,280		7,170		4,355,568
 /85,101	 55,160	 	 		407,280		7,170		
-	-	-	-		-		-		664,759
 -	 -	 -	 -		-		-		12,082,471
 -	 -	 -	 -		-		-		12,747,230
-	23,092	-	-		10,266		-		1,331,226
 -	 482,931	 227,057	 133,225		5,245,987		466,088		38,307,699
 -	 506,023	 227,057	 133,225	·	5,256,253	·	466,088		39,638,925
\$ 785,161	\$ 539,203	\$ 227,057	\$ 133,225	\$	5,723,533	\$	473,258	\$	56,741,723

STARK COUNTY, OHIO *Combining Balance Sheet*

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2022

deset.	Special Assessment Bond Retirement			General bligation Bond etirement	 Total
Assets Equity and Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	26,297	\$	115,069	\$ 141,366
Special Assessments Receivable		1,370,037		-	1,370,037
Interfund Receivable		8,593		-	8,593
Total Assets	\$	1,404,927	\$	115,069	\$ 1,519,996
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue	\$	1,370,037	\$	-	\$ 1,370,037
Fund Balances Restricted		34,890		115,069	 149,959
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,404,927	\$	115,069	\$ 1,519,996

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Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2022

	Jail Capital Improvements			oard of elopmental sabilities Capital	Ditch Maintenance		Engineer's Construction		-	Permanent nprovement
Assets Equity and Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	6,775	\$	14,382	\$	18,370	\$	-	\$	15,991,929
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents	4	-	Ψ		Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	147,707
Intergovernmental Receivable		-		-		-		558,383		-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		-		-	-	-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	6,775	\$	14,382	\$	18,370	\$	558,383	\$	16,139,636
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	119,204	\$	107,297
Contracts Payable	ψ	-	ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	439,180	Ψ	361,975
Retainage Payable		-		-		-		-		147,707
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		558,384		616,979
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable Revenue		-		-		-		18,532		-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		18,532		-
Fund Balances										
Restricted		-		14,382		18,370		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-		15,522,657
Assigned		6,775		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		6,775		- 14,382		18,370		(18,533)		- 15,522,657
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		0,//3		14,382		18,370		(18,533)		13,322,037
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	6,775	\$	14,382	\$	18,370	\$	558,383	\$	16,139,636

S Capital Projects	The Venue TIF Fund	 Total
\$ 292,060	\$ 1,053,870	\$ 17,377,386
-	-	147,707
-	-	558,383
-	241,577	241,577
\$ 292,060	\$ 1,295,447	\$ 18,325,053
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 226,501
-	-	801,155
-	-	147,707
-	-	1,175,363
-	-	18,532
-	241,577	241,577
 -	 241,577	 260,109
292,060	1,053,870	1,378,682
-	-	15,522,657
-	-	6,775
 -	 -	 (18,533)
 292,060	 1,053,870	 16,889,581
\$ 292,060	\$ 1,295,447	\$ 18,325,053

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Sj Re	onmajor pecial evenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues	¢	(2(205	¢	\$ -	¢ (2(205
Property Taxes Sales and Use Taxes	\$	636,395	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 636,395
Other Local Taxes		4,108,845	-	-	4,108,845
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	-	3,711,964	-	245,630	3,711,964
		-	388,627	245,050	245,630 388,627
Special Assessments		- 8,349,286	588,027	-	8,349,286
Charges for Services Licenses and Permits	(-	-	8,549,280 317,703
Fines and Forfeitures		317,703	-	-	
	29	586,101	-	4,645,707	586,101
Intergovernmental	50	8,314,993	280	4,043,707	42,960,700
Interest Other		7,605 541,892	280	2,855	7,885 544,747
			388,907	4,894,192	
Total Revenues		6,574,784	388,907	4,894,192	61,857,883
<i>Expenditures</i> Current:					
General Government:					
Legislative and Executive	8	8,992,198	6,108	-	8,998,306
Judicial		2,672,941	-	-	2,672,941
Public Safety		8,903,066	-	-	8,903,066
Public Works		5,030,044	-	-	25,030,044
Health		665,664	-	-	665,664
Human Services	G	9,612,148	-	-	9,612,148
Capital Outlay		-	-	8,745,776	8,745,776
Debt Service:				0,7 10,770	0,7.10,770
Principal Retirement		251,253	1,497,017	-	1,748,270
Interest and Fiscal Charges			428,410	-	428,410
Total Expenditures	50	6,127,314	1,931,535	8,745,776	66,804,625
-					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		447 470	(1 542 (29)	(2, 951, 594)	(4.04(.742))
(Under) Expenditures		447,470	(1,542,628)	(3,851,584)	(4,946,742)
Other Financing Sources					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-	-	179,270	179,270
Issuance of OPWC Loans		-	-	1,456,702	1,456,702
Transfers In		-	1,556,000	5,000,000	6,556,000
Total Other Financing Sources		-	1,556,000	6,635,972	8,191,972
					- ,, =
Net Change in Fund Balances		447,470	13,372	2,784,388	3,245,230
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	39	9,191,455	136,587	14,105,193	53,433,235
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 39	9,638,925	\$ 149,959	\$ 16,889,581	\$ 56,678,465

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STARK COUNTY, OHIO Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		ctim stance		Youth Services		ss Through Grants		HOME Program		911 System
Revenues	¢		¢		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	(2(2))
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	636,395
Sales and Use Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Other Local Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		69,126		-		2,010
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		250,846		2,470,403		-		853,611		1,234,001
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		295				12,705		-
Total Revenues		250,846		2,470,698		69,126		866,316		1,872,406
Expenditures										
Current:										
General Government:										
Legislative and Executive		-		-		-		-		-
Judicial		3,838		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		2,413,765		108,515		-		1,824,026
Public Works		-		-		-		867,648		-
Health		-		-		-				-
Human Services		230,854		-		-		-		-
Debt Service:		,								
Principal Retirement		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		234,692		2,413,765		108,515		867,648		1,824,026
Net Change in Fund Balances		16,154		56,933		(39,389)		(1,332)		48,380
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		122,427		1,193,724		43,023		1,795,652		6,388,077
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	138,581	\$	1,250,657	\$	3,634	\$	1,794,320	\$	6,436,457

Child Assault Prosecution	Community Development	Coroner Laboratory	Computer Technology	Delinquent Tax Assessment and Collection	Dog and Kennel	Motel Tax	Immobilization and Impoundment
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	- 3,711,964	-
-	900	-	1,342,601	1,057,702	790,961	-	890
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-		-	-	-	4,562	-	-
328,821	2,425,972	-	130,435	-	-	-	-
-	1,840	-	-	-	-	-	-
	16,750		108,270	144,775	68,510	2 711 0(4	
328,821	2,445,462		1,581,306	1,202,477	864,033	3,711,964	890
412,879	2,371,491	8,255	1,074,046 - - - -	1,038,594 - - - - -	- - - 665,664 -	3,670,363	- - - -
412,879	2,371,491	8,255	1,074,046	1,038,594	665,664	3,670,363	
412,079	2,371,491	0,233	1,074,040	1,038,394	005,004	3,070,303	
(84,058)	73,971	(8,255)	507,260	163,883	198,369	41,601	890
119,826	1,640,972	399,333	3,781,086	1,663,134	653,517	761,618	51,526
\$ 35,768	\$ 1,714,943	\$ 391,078	\$ 4,288,346	\$ 1,827,017	\$ 851,886	\$ 803,219	\$ 52,416 (continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	In	Home	Motor Vehicle and	Municipal	Probate Court Conduct	Real Estate
		ention	Gas Tax	Road	Business	Assessment
Revenues			Gub Tux	Itouu	Dusiness	rissessment
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales and Use Taxes		-	4,108,845	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes		-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services		-	9,150	-	4,315	4,790,451
Licenses and Permits		-	222,740	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures		-	60,944	-	-	1,500
Intergovernmental		-	15,312,983	765,186	-	-
Interest		-	3,080	-	-	-
Other		-	58,627	-	-	70,331
Total Revenues		-	19,776,369	765,186	4,315	4,862,282
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government:						
Legislative and Executive		-	-	-	-	4,283,241
Judicial		-	-	-	1,921	-
Public Safety		-	-	-	-	-
Public Works		-	19,992,201	1,798,704	-	-
Health		-	-	-	-	-
Human Services		-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-	251,253	-	-	-
Total Expenditures		-	20,243,454	1,798,704	1,921	4,283,241
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(467,085)	(1,033,518)	2,394	579,041
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		428	8,306,568	2,776,184	4,235	3,293,710
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	428	\$ 7,839,483	\$ 1,742,666	\$ 6,629	\$ 3,872,751

Emergency Rental Assistance Grant		Law Library	1	3OE Special Election Fund	(OneOhio OPIOD ettlement	Other Public Safety	;		Total
\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 636,395
	-		-	-		-	-		-	4,108,845
	0		-	-		-	-		-	3,711,964
	-	10,15	5	-		-	179,142		91,883	8,349,286
	-		-	-		-	94,963		-	317,703
	-	275,48	5	-		133,225	90,456		19,929	586,101
8,968,41	5	191,29	0	-		-	5,373,030		10,000	38,314,993
	-		-	-		-	2,589		96	7,605
		59,39	3	-		-	1,736		500	541,892
8,968,41	5	536,32	3	-		133,225	5,741,916		122,408	56,574,784
	-		-	-		-	-		-	8,992,198
	-	518,89	94	-		-	1,003,028		71,214	2,672,941
	-		-	-		-	4,548,505		-	8,903,066
	-		-	-		-				25,030,044
	-		-	-		-	-		-	665,664
8,968,41	5		-	-		-	-		-	9,612,148
	-		-	-		-	-		-	251,253
8,968,41	5	518,89	94	-		-	5,551,533		71,214	56,127,314
	-	17,42	.9	-		133,225	190,383		51,194	447,470
		488,59	94	227,057		-	5,065,870		414,894	39,191,455
\$	<u> </u>	\$ 506,02	<u>3</u> \$	227,057	\$	133,225	\$ 5,256,253	\$	466,088	\$ 39,638,925

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Special Assessment Bond Retirement		General Obligation Bond Retirement		Total
Revenues					
Special Assessments	\$	388,627	\$		
Interest		280			280
Total Revenues		388,907			388,907
<i>Expenditures</i> Current: General Government:					
Legislative and Executive		6,108			6,108
Debt Service:		0,100			0,100
Principal Retirement		307,017	1,190,000		1,497,017
Interest and Fiscal Charges		62,479	365,931		428,410
Total Expenditures		375,604	1,555,931		1,931,535
					-,, -,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		13,303	(1,555,931)	(1,542,628)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		-	1,556,000		1,556,000
			1,550,000		1,550,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		13,303	69		13,372
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		21,587	115,000		136,587
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	34,890	\$ 115,069		<u> </u>

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Capital ovements	Deve Dis	oard of elopmental sabilities Capital	Ditch ntenance	Engineer's Construction	Permanent Improvement
Revenues						
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-		-	-	4,645,707	-
Other	 -		-	 -		2,855
Total Revenues	 -		-	-	4,645,707	2,855
<i>Expenditures</i> Capital Outlay	 -			 	6,071,939	2,670,912
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	 -		-	 -	(1,426,232)	(2,668,057)
Other Financing Sources Issuance of OPWC Loans Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Total Other Financing Sources	 		- - - -	 - - -	1,456,702	5,000,000 179,270 5,179,270
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-	-	30,470	2,511,213
Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year	 6,775	. <u> </u>	14,382	 18,370	(49,003)	13,011,444
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$ 6,775	\$	14,382	\$ 18,370	\$ (18,533)	\$ 15,522,657

S Capital Projects	T	he Venue TIF	 Total
\$ -	\$	245,630	\$ 245,630
-		-	4,645,707
-		-	2,855
 -		245,630	 4,894,192
 -		2,925	 8,745,776
 -		242,705	 (3,851,584)
-		-	1,456,702
-		-	5,000,000
 -		-	 179,270
 -		-	 6,635,972
-		242,705	2,784,388
 292,060		811,165	 14,105,193
\$ 292,060	\$	1,053,870	\$ 16,889,581

Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

 \underline{Water} - To account for revenues generated from the charges for distribution of water to the residential and commercial users of the County.

<u>Sheriff's Webcheck</u> - To account for the charges to other entities, and the associated costs, for performing criminal background checks on individuals.

STARK COUNTY, OHIO *Combining Statement of Net Position*

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2022

		Enterprise Funds	
	Water	Sheriff's Webcheck	Total
Assets			
Current Assets	¢ 1.007.005	0 0 1 1 1	• 1.270.52 (
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,087,085	\$ 291,441	\$ 1,378,526 70,805
Accounts Receivable Total Current Assets	70,805		70,805 1,449,331
Totat Current Assets	1,137,690	291,441	1,449,551
Noncurrent Assets			
Net OPEB Asset	37,690	-	37,690
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	120,459	-	120,459
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	5,590,266	-	5,590,266
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,748,415	-	5,748,415
Total Assets	6,906,305	291,441	7,197,746
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	47,969	-	47,969
OPEB	2,628	-	2,628
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	50,597		50,597
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accrued Wages	10,265		10,265
	1,863	2,838	4,701
Intergovernmental Payable Compensated Absences Payable	8,204	2,030	
1 1			8,204
Total Current Liabilities	20,332	2,838	23,170
Long-Term Liabilities			
Compensated Absences Payable - Net of Current Portion	16,996	-	16,996
Net Pension Liability	106,419	-	106,419
Total Long-Term Liabilities	123,415		123,415
	140 545	2.020	146 505
Total Liabilities	143,747	2,838	146,585
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension	132,777	-	132,777
OPEB	39,443	-	39,443
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	172,220	-	172,220
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,710,725		5,710,725
Unrestricted	930,210	288,603	1,218,813
Total Net Position	\$ 6,640,935	\$ 288,603	\$ 6,929,538
10m 11ct 1 05m0n	\$ 0,0 4 0,933	φ 200,005	φ 0,727,330

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Enterprise Funds	
	Water	Sheriff's Webcheck	Total
<i>Operating Revenues</i> Charges for Services Other	\$ 857,915 222,479	\$ 22,996	\$ 880,911 222,479
Total Operating Revenues	1,080,394	22,996	1,103,390
Operating Expenses			
Personal Services	46,608	42,759	89,367
Contractual Services	294,111	5,531	299,642
Materials and Supplies	29,271	11,345	40,616
Depreciation	197,978	-	197,978
Other	-	7,511	7,511
Total Operating Expenses	567,968	67,146	635,114
Operating Income (Loss)	512,426	(44,150)	468,276
<i>Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</i> Intergovernmental		42,759	42,759
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions	512,426	(1,391)	511,035
Capital Contributions	288,580		288,580
Change in Net Position	801,006	(1,391)	799,615
Net Position Beginning of Year	5,839,929	289,994	6,129,923
Net Position End of Year	\$ 6,640,935	\$ 288,603	\$ 6,929,538

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Water Webeleck Total Cash Received from Oustomers \$ 861,369 \$ 22,996 \$ 884,365 Cash Received from Outcr Operating Receipts 222,479 - 222,479 - 222,479 Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits (114,397) (42,759) - 222,479 Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services (29,271) (11,345) (40,616) Cash Payments for Contractual Services (364,049) (5,531) (369,580) Other Cash Payments - (7,549) (7,549) (7,549) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities - 42,759 42,759 42,759 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities - 42,759 42,759 42,759 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities - 42,759 42,759 42,759 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities - 30,773 (1,429) 229,344 Cash and Investments 230,773 (1,429) 229,344 5 1,378,526 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities - 197,978 - 197,978				Sheriffs	
Cash Received from Customers \$ 861,369 \$ 22,2996 \$ 884,365 Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts 222,479 - 222,479 Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits (114,597) (42,759) (17,356) Cash Payments to Contractual Services (222,271) (11,345) (40,616) Cash Payments for Contractual Services (222,71) (11,345) (40,616) Cash Payments for Contractual Services - (7,549) (7,549) Net Cash Payments - (7,549) (7,549) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities - - (42,759) Operating Grants - - (42,759) - Cash flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities - - (345,158) - - (345,158) - - (345,158) - - (345,158) - - (345,158) - - (345,158) - <t< th=""><th></th><th> Water</th><th>W</th><th>/ebcheck</th><th> Total</th></t<>		 Water	W	/ebcheck	 Total
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts 222,479 - 222,479 Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits (114,597) (42,759) (157,356) Cash Payments to Contractual Services (264,049) (5,531) (40,616) Cash Payments for Contractual Services (264,049) (5,531) (369,580) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities - (7,549) (7,549) Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities - 42,759 42,759 Operating Grants - 42,759 42,759 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities - (345,158) - Payment for Capital Acquisitions (345,158) - (345,158) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments 230,773 (1,429) 229,344 Cash and Investments End of Year \$ 1,087,085 \$ 291,441 \$ 1,378,526 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities - 197,978 - 197,978 Operating Income (Loss) \$ \$ 512,426					
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits (114, 597) (42, 759) (157, 356) Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services (29, 271) (11, 345) (40, 616) Cash Payments for Contactual Services (26, 4049) (5, 531) (369, 580) Other Cash Payments - (7, 549) (7, 549) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities 575, 931 (44, 188) 531, 743 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities - 42, 759 42, 759 Operating Grants - 42, 759 42, 759 42, 759 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities - (345, 158) - (345, 158) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments 230, 773 (1, 429) 229, 344 Cash and Investments End of Year \$ 1.087, 085 \$ 219, 441 \$ 1.378, 526 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities - 1.087, 085 \$ 219, 41 \$ 1.378, 526 Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities - 1.087, 085 \$ 1.087, 085 \$ 1.079, 78 <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$ /</td><td>\$</td><td>22,996</td><td>\$</td></td<>		\$ /	\$	22,996	\$
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services (29,271) (11,345) (40,616) Cash Payments for Contractual Services (364,049) (5,531) (369,580) Net Cash Payments 575,931 (44,188) 531,743 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities - (7,549) (7,549) Operating Grants - 42,759 42,759 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities - 42,759 42,759 Payment for Capital and Related Financing Activities - - (345,158) - Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments 230,773 (1,429) 229,344 Cash and Investments Beginning of Year \$ 1,087,085 \$ 291,441 \$ 1,378,526 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Income (Loss) 5 512,426 \$ (44,150) \$ 468,276 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Income (Loss) \$ 512,426 \$ (44,150) \$ 468,276 Operating Income (Loss)		,		-	· · · ·
Cash Payments for Contractual Services $(364,049)$ $(5,531)$ $(369,580)$ Other Cash Payments $(7,549)$ $(7,549)$ $(7,549)$ Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities $575,931$ $(44,188)$ $531,743$ Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities $ 42,759$ $42,759$ Operating Grants $ 42,759$ $42,759$ Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities $ 42,759$ $42,759$ Payment for Capital Acquisitions $(345,158)$ $ (345,158)$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments $230,773$ $(1,429)$ $229,344$ Cash and Investments Beginning of Year $856,312$ $292,870$ $1,149,182$ Cash and Investments End of Year $$$1,087,085$ $$$2,91,441$ $$$1,378,526$ Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities $$$1,087,085$ $$$2,91,441$ $$$1,378,526$ Operating Income (Loss)to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities $$$1,087,085$ $$$2,91,441$ $$$1,378,526$ Operating Income (Loss)to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities $$$197,978$ $$$1,978$ $$$1,97978$ Operating Income (Loss)to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities $$$3,449$ $$$3,349$ $$$3,349$ Depreciation Expense $$$197,978$ $$$(52,77)$ $$$(52,77)$ $$$(52,77)$ Increase (Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable $$$3,449$ $$$3,349$ $$$3,349$ Increase (Decreases in Liabilitics: Accounts Paya					
Other Cash Payments(7,549)(7,549)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities575,931(44,188)531,743Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities-42,75942,759Operating Grants-42,75942,75942,759Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities-42,75942,759Payment for Capital Acquisitions(345,158)-(345,158)Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments230,773(1,429)229,344Cash and Investments Beginning of Year\$1,087,085\$291,441\$1,378,526Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$512,426\$(44,150)\$468,276Operating Income (Loss)\$\$\$12,727-197,978-197,978-197,978Cash Provided by Operating Activities-3,454-3,454-3,454-3,454Net OPEB Asset:-(15,727)-(15,727)-(15,727)-(15,727)-1,379,321Accounts Receivable3,349-3,349-3,349-3,349-3,349Intergocommental Payable1532,8382,991-1,415-1,415-1,415-1,415-1,415-1,415-1,415-1,415-1,415-1,415-1,415-1,415<		(29,271)			
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities 575,931 (44,188) 531,743 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities - 42,759 42,759 Operating Grants - 42,759 42,759 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities - (345,158) - (345,158) Payment for Capital Acquisitions (345,158) - (345,158) - (345,158) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments 230,773 (1,429) 229,344 Cash and Investments Beginning of Year \$ 1,087,085 \$ 291,441 \$ 1,378,526 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 0 \$ 512,426 \$ (44,150) \$ 468,276 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 197,978 - 197,978 Depreciation Expense 197,978 - 197,978 - 197,978 Increase (Decrease in Assets: - 3,454 - 3,454 - 3,454 Accounts Receivable 1,415 - 1,415 -		(364,049)			
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Operating Grants-42,75942,759Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Payment for Capital Acquisitions<		 -			
Operating Grants-42,75942,759Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Payment for Capital Acquisitions(345,158)-(345,158)Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments230,773(1,429)229,344Cash and Investments Beginning of Year856,312292,8701,149,182Cash and Investments End of Year\$ 1,087,085\$ 291,441\$ 1,378,526Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities197,978-197,978Operating Income (Loss) 	Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	 575,931		(44,188)	 531,743
Operating Grants-42,75942,759Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Payment for Capital Acquisitions(345,158)-(345,158)Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments230,773(1,429)229,344Cash and Investments Beginning of Year856,312292,8701,149,182Cash and Investments End of Year\$ 1,087,085\$ 291,441\$ 1,378,526Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities197,978-197,978Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities3,454-3,454Net OPEB Asset(15,727)-(15,727)-(15,727)Defered Outflows - Pension/OPEB3,349-3,349-3,349Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable(69,938)(2,876)(72,814)Accrued Wages933-933-933Compensated Absences Payable1,1415-1,415Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,9912,932Defered Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,190-Net OPEB21,190-21,190-21,190Net Pension Liability(79,302)-(79,302)-(79,302)Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,9912,932Defered Inflows - Pen	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Payment for Capital Acquisitions (345,158) - (345,158) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments 230,773 (1,429) 229,344 Cash and Investments Beginning of Year 856,312 292,870 1,149,182 Cash and Investments End of Year \$ 1,087,085 \$ 291,441 \$ 1,378,526 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 512,426 \$ (44,150) \$ 468,276 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 197,978 - 197,978 Depreciation Expense 197,978 - 197,978 - 197,978 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: 3,454 - 3,454 - 3,454 Accounts Receivable 3,454 - 3,349 - 3,349 - 3,349 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - - 197,978 - 197,978 Accounts Receivable 3,454 - 3,349 - 3,349 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - - 933 - 933 Accounts Rayable (69,938) (2,87		 -		42,759	 42,759
Payment for Capital Acquisitions (345,158) - (345,158) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments 230,773 (1,429) 229,344 Cash and Investments Beginning of Year 856,312 292,870 1,149,182 Cash and Investments End of Year \$ 1,087,085 \$ 291,441 \$ 1,378,526 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 512,426 \$ (44,150) \$ 468,276 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 197,978 - 197,978 Depreciation Expense 197,978 - 197,978 - 197,978 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: 3,454 - 3,454 - 3,454 Net OPEB Asset: 1107,277) - (15,727) - (15,727) Accounts Receivable 3,349 - 3,349 - 3,349 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - 1415 - 1415 Accounts Region/OPEB 1415 - 1415 - 1415 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - 1415 - 1415					
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments $230,773$ $(1,429)$ $229,344$ Cash and Investments Beginning of Year $856,312$ $292,870$ $1,149,182$ Cash and Investments End of Year $$1,087,085$ $$291,441$ $$1,378,526$ Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities $$$512,426$ $$$(44,150)$ $$$468,276$ Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities $197,978$ $$$197,978$ $$$197,978$ Depreciation Expense (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable $3,454$ $$$3,349$ $$$3349$ Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable $(69,938)$ (2.876) $(72,814)$ 333 $$$333$ Compensated Absences Payable $1,415$ $$$1,415$ $$$1,415$ $$$1,415$ Intergovernmental Payable $$$1,415$ $$$2,838$ $$2,991$ Defered Inflows - Pension/OPEB $$$2,838$ $$$2,991$ Defered Inflows - Pension/OPEB $$$2,838$ $$$2,991$ Defered Inflows - Pension/OPEB $$$2,838$ $$$2,991$		(345 158)		_	(345 158)
Cash and Investments Beginning of Year856,312292,8701,149,182Cash and Investments End of Year\$ 1,087,085\$ 291,441\$ 1,378,526Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Operating Income (Loss)\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities197,978-197,978Depreciation Expense (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable3,454-3,454Net OPEB Asset Caccuts Payable(15,727)-(15,727)Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB933-933Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable(69,938) 1,415(2,876) 1,415(72,814) 2,838Compensated Absences Payable1,415-1,415Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991 2,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,190Net Pension Liability Total Adjustments(79,302)-(79,302)	rayment for cupital requisitions	 (313,130)			 (515,150)
Cash and Investments End of Year§ 1,087,085§ 291,441§ 1,378,526Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating ActivitiesOperating Income (Loss)\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Depreciation Expense197,978-197,978(Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable3,454-3,454Net OPEB Asset(15,727)-(15,727)Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB3,349-3,349Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable(69,938)(2,876)(72,814)Accounds Payable1,415-1,415Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,190-Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-(17,9302)-Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,190Net Pension Liability(79,302)-(79,302)-Total Adjustments63,505(38)63,467	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	230,773		(1,429)	229,344
Cash and Investments End of Year\$ 1,087.085\$ 291.441\$ 1,378,526Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating ActivitiesOperating Income (Loss)\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Depreciation Expense197,978-197,978(Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable3,454-3,454Net OPEB Asset(15,727)-(15,727)Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB3,349-3,349Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable(69,938)(2,876)(72,814)Accounds Payable1,415-1,415Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,190-Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,900-Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,900-Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,900-Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,900-Intergovernmental Payable163,505(38)63,467 </td <td>Cash and Investments Beginning of Year</td> <td>856.312</td> <td></td> <td>292.870</td> <td>1.149.182</td>	Cash and Investments Beginning of Year	856.312		292.870	1.149.182
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating ActivitiesOperating Income (Loss)\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities197,978-197,978Depreciation Expense197,978-197,978197,978(Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable3,454-3,454Net OPEB Asset(15,727)-(15,727)Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB3,349-3,349Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable(69,938)(2,876)(72,814)Accrued Wages933-933933Compensated Absences Payable1,415-1,415Intergovernmental Payable1532,8382,991Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190-21,190Net Pension Liability(79,302)-(79,302)Total Adjustments63,505(38)63,467		 			
Cash Provided by Operating ActivitiesOperating Income (Loss)\$ 512,426\$ (44,150)\$ 468,276Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating ActivitiesImage: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2" Image: Colspa	Cash and Investments End of Year	\$ 1,087,085	\$	291,441	\$ 1,378,526
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating ActivitiesDepreciation Expense197,978Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable3,454Net OPEB Asset(15,727)Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB3,349Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable(69,938)Accrued Wages933Compensated Absences Payable1,415Intergovernmental Payable153Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190Operation Influence21,190Compensated Absences Payable153Accrued Wages21,190Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB21,190Deferred Inflows - Pension Liability(79,302)Total Adjustments63,505Deferred Inflows - Pension63,467					
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 197,978 197,978 Depreciation Expense 197,978 - 197,978 (Increase) Decrease in Assets: 3,454 - 3,454 Accounts Receivable 3,454 - 3,454 Net OPEB Asset (15,727) - (15,727) Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB 3,349 - 3,349 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - - 3,349 Accounts Payable (69,938) (2,876) (72,814) Accrued Wages 933 - 933 Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467	Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 512,426	\$	(44,150)	\$ 468,276
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 197,978 197,978 Depreciation Expense 197,978 - 197,978 (Increase) Decrease in Assets: 3,454 - 3,454 Accounts Receivable 3,454 - 3,454 Net OPEB Asset (15,727) - (15,727) Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB 3,349 - 3,349 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - - 3,349 Accounts Payable (69,938) (2,876) (72,814) Accrued Wages 933 - 933 Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467	Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)				
Depreciation Expense 197,978 - 197,978 (Increase) Decrease in Assets: 3,454 - 3,454 Accounts Receivable 3,454 - 3,454 Net OPEB Asset (15,727) - (15,727) Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB 3,349 - 3,349 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - - 3,349 Accounts Payable (69,938) (2,876) (72,814) Accrued Wages 933 - 933 Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467					
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		197.978		-	197.978
Accounts Receivable 3,454 - 3,454 Net OPEB Asset (15,727) - (15,727) Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB 3,349 - 3,349 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - - 3,349 Accounts Payable (69,938) (2,876) (72,814) Accrued Wages 933 - 933 Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467					
Net OPEB Asset (15,727) - (15,727) Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB 3,349 - 3,349 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - - 3,349 Accounts Payable (69,938) (2,876) (72,814) Accrued Wages 933 - 933 Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467		3.454		-	3,454
Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB 3,349 - 3,349 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: - 3,349 - 3,349 Accounts Payable (69,938) (2,876) (72,814) Accrued Wages 933 - 933 Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467				-	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable (69,938) (2,876) (72,814) Accrued Wages 933 - 933 Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467	Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB			-	
Accounts Payable (69,938) (2,876) (72,814) Accrued Wages 933 - 933 Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467		-,,-			-,,-
Accrued Wages 933 - 933 Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467		(69.938)		(2.876)	(72.814)
Compensated Absences Payable 1,415 - 1,415 Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467				(_,;;;;;)	
Intergovernmental Payable 153 2,838 2,991 Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467				-	
Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB 21,190 - 21,190 Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467		,		2,838	/
Net Pension Liability (79,302) - (79,302) Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467				-	
Total Adjustments 63,505 (38) 63,467				-	
	•			(38)	
	5	\$	\$	<u>_</u>	\$

Fund Descriptions – Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Self Insurance</u> - To account for a medical benefits and liability self-insurance program for the County. The primary source of revenue is monthly fees, any balance on hand is held until used.

Workers' Compensation - To account for revenues used to provide workers' compensation benefits to employees.

Combining Statement of Net Position All Internal Service Funds December 31, 2022

		Internal Service	
	Self Insurance	Workers' Compensation	Total
Assets			
<i>Current Assets</i> Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 5,150,313	\$ 2,548,027	\$ 7,698,340
Accounts Receivable	22,434	\$ 2,346,027	22,434
Intergovernmental Receivable	- 22,434	- 9,695	9,695
Prepaid Items		510,266	510,266
Total Current Assets	5,172,747	3,067,988	8,240,735
Noncurrent Assets:			
Net OPEB Asset	18,845	18,845	37,690
Total Assets	5,191,592	3,086,833	8,278,425
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	23,986	23,986	47,972
OPEB	1,297	1,297	2,594
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	25,283	25,283	50,566
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	7 121	0 125	16 246
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages	7,121 7,364	9,125 7,003	16,246 14,367
Compensated Absences Payable	7,304	6,957	14,334
Intergovernmental Payable	1,254	1,199	2,453
Claims Payable	1,597,214	23,382	1,620,596
Total Current Liabilities	1,620,330	47,666	1,667,996
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Compensated Absences Payable - Net of Current Portion	14,932	14,110	29,042
Claims Payable - Net of Current Portion	-	264,604	264,604
Net Pension Liability	53,210	53,210	106,420
Total Long-Term Liabilities	68,142	331,924	400,066
Total Liabilities	1,688,472	379,590	2,068,062
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension	66,326	66,326	132,652
OPEB	19,714	19,714	39,428
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	86,040	86,040	172,080
Net Position	¢ 2.442.242	¢ 0 (4(48)	¢ (000 040
Unrestricted	\$ 3,442,363	\$ 2,646,486	\$ 6,088,849

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Internal Service					
	Self Insurance	Total				
Operating Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 25,159,084	\$ -	\$ 25,159,084			
Other	1,261,139	132,942	1,394,081			
Total Operating Revenues	26,420,223	132,942	26,553,165			
<i>Operating Expenses</i> Personal Services Contractual Services Claims Change in Workers Compensation Estimate Other <i>Total Operating Expenses</i>	72,462 1,771,871 25,642,359 47,325 27,534,017	114,516 540,606 (149,215) <u>180</u> 506,087	186,978 2,312,477 25,642,359 (149,215) 47,505 28,040,104			
Change in Net Position	(1,113,794)	(373,145)	(1,486,939)			
Net Position Beginning of Year	4,556,157	3,019,631	7,575,788			
Net Position End of Year	\$ 3,442,363	\$ 2,646,486	\$ 6,088,849			

STARK COUNTY, OHIO *Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Internal Service Funds* For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Self	Woi	rkers'	
	Insurance	Insurance Compensation		 Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		_		
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$ 25,159,084	\$	-	\$ 25,159,084
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts	1,313,762		132,509	1,446,271
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits	(147,523)) (143,997)	(291,520)
Cash Payments for Contractual Services	(1,960,127) (589,209)	(2,549,336)
Cash Payments for Claims	(26,047,322)		-	(26,047,322)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(47,325		(180)	(47,505)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(1,729,451)		600,877)	 (2,330,328)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	(1,729,451)) (600,877)	(2,330,328)
Cash and Investments Beginning of Year	6,879,764	3,	148,904	 10,028,668
Cash and Investments End of Year	\$ 5,150,313	<u>\$ 2,</u>	548,027	\$ 7,698,340
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities				
Operating Income	\$ (1,113,794)) \$ (373,145)	\$ (1,486,939)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)				
to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities				
Increase (Decrease) in Assets:				
Accounts Receivable	52,623		-	52,623
Intergovernmental Receivable	-		(433)	(433)
Prepaids	-		(47,189)	(47,189)
Net OPEB Asset	(7,864))	(7,864)	(15,728)
Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB	1,324		1,324	2,648
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	(188,256))	9,125	(179,131)
Accrued Wages	713		352	1,065
Intergovernmental Payable	121		(10,473)	(10,352)
Claims Payable	(404,963)) (149,215)	(554,178)
Compensated Absences Payable	7,018		5,776	12,794
Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB	(36,723))	10,515	(26,208)
Net Pension Liability	(39,650))	(39,650)	 (79,300)
Total Adjustments	(615,657)		227,732)	 (843,389)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (1,729,451)) <u>\$</u> (600,877)	\$ (2,330,328)

Fund Descriptions – Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

George C. Brissel - To account for the money as set forth in the trust agreement.

<u>SCBDD Gifts & Donations</u> – To account for monies received in trust to be used by the SCBDD board.

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The following are the County's custodial funds:

<u>Undivided Taxes</u> - To account for the collection of real estate taxes and special assessments that are periodically apportioned to the subdivisions and to the County operating funds, which include Highway Escrow County, Highway Escrow State, Undivided Estate Tax, Undivided Personal Tax, Trailer Tax, Local Government, Subdivision Auto Registration, Cigarette Tax, Subdivision Tax, and Library and Local Government Support.

<u>Fiscal Agent</u> – To account for the receipts and expenditures of various agencies, which include Stark Council of Governments, Stark-Tuscarawas-Wayne Joint Solid Waste District, Special Emergency Planning, Stark County District Board of Health, Stark County Regional Planning Commission, Multi-County Juvenile Attention System, Stark County Park District, Stark Soil and Water Conservation District, and Stark Regional Community Corrections Center, and Regional Transportation Improvement District.

<u>Court and Miscellaneous Safety</u> - To account for auto title fees, County court, juvenile court and probate court related receipts, and other related fees associated with public safety, which include Child Support, Sexual Offender Registry, Sheriff Inmate Services, Indigent Application, and Jail Commissary.

<u>Other Custodial Funds</u> – To account for smaller custodial funds, which do not fall into one of the previous categories:

Real Estate Prepayment Tax Lien Sale Recorder Escrow Ohio Elections Commission Sumser Trust

Combining Statement of Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds December 31, 2022

	George C. SCBDD Brissel Gifts & Donations			Total			
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	2,190	\$	125,450	\$	127,640	
<i>Net Position</i> Held in Trust for Private Purposes	\$	2,190	\$	125,450	\$	127,640	

Stark County, Ohio Combining Statement of Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2022

	Undivided Taxes	 Fiscal Agent	Court and iscellaneous Safety	(Other Custodial		Total
Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 16,230,416	\$ 15,298,601	\$ 2,967,058	\$	372,242	\$	34,868,317
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts	-	-	2,754,910		-		2,754,910
Intergovernmental Receivable	14,872,120	8,561	-		-		14,880,681
Taxes Receivable	524,187,890	8,003,402	-		-		532,191,292
Special Assessments Receivable	15,811,112	-	-		-		15,811,112
Total Assets	571,101,538	 23,310,564	 5,721,968		372,242	_	600,506,312
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	-	-	138,539		-		138,539
Intergovernmental Payable	31,102,536	-	5,499,406		372,242		36,974,184
Total Liabilities	31,102,536	 -	 5,637,945		372,242	_	37,112,723
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	455,007,038	 7,026,023	 -		-		462,033,061
Net Position							
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments	\$ 84,991,964	\$ 16,284,541	\$ 84,023	\$		\$	101,360,528

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	eorge C. Brissel	SCBDD & Donations	Total		
Net Position Beginning of Year	\$ 2,190	\$ 125,450	\$	127,640	
Net Position End of Year	\$ 2,190	\$ 125,450	\$	127,640	

Stark County, Ohio Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2022

	 Undivided Taxes	 Fiscal Agent	N	Court and fiscellaneous Safety	 Other Custodial	 Total
Additions						
Intergovernmental	\$ 32,920,146	\$ -	\$	8,065	\$ -	\$ 32,928,211
Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent	-	37,036,184		-	-	37,036,184
Licenses, Permits & Fees for Other Governments	-	-		63,989,830	1,826,178	65,816,008
Fines & Forfeitures for Other Governments	-	-		5,457,382	-	5,457,382
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	444,628,030	-		-	-	444,628,030
Special Assessment Collections For Other Governments	5,441,407	-		-	-	5,441,407
Sheriff Sale Collections for Other Governments	-	-		6,417,715	-	6,417,715
Amounts Received for Others	-	-		2,845,583	-	2,845,583
Other	 -	 -		1,343,946	 -	 1,343,946
Total Additions	 482,989,583	 37,036,184	. <u> </u>	80,062,521	 1,826,178	 601,914,466
Deductions						
Distributions as Fiscal Agent	-	36,765,012		-	-	36,765,012
Distributions of State Funds to Other Governments	32,299,442	-		7,587	-	32,307,029
Licenses, Permits & Fee Distributions to Other Governments	-	-		64,006,034	1,826,178	65,832,212
Fines & Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments	-	-		5,930,919	-	5,930,919
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments	432,399,541	-		-	-	432,399,541
Special Assessments Distributions to Other Governments	4,777,074	-		-	-	4,777,074
Sheriff Sale Distributions to Other Governments	-	-		7,219,525	-	7,219,525
Other Distributions	-	-		3,819,485	-	3,819,485
Total Deductions	 469,476,057	 36,765,012		80,983,550	 1,826,178	 589,050,797
Change in Net Position	13,513,526	271,172		(921,029)	-	12,863,669
Net Position Beginning of Year	 71,478,438	 16,013,369		1,005,052	 -	 88,496,859
Net Position End of Year	\$ 84,991,964	\$ 16,284,541	\$	84,023	\$ -	\$ 101,360,528

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Oliginal	1 IIIdi	Tetuar	(itegative)
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 19,100,000	\$ 19,100,000	\$ 19,550,018	\$ 450,018
Charges for Services	12,065,000	12,065,000	15,274,131	3,209,131
Licenses and Permits	38,000	38,000	47,048	9,048
Fines and Forfeitures	400,000	400,000	321,485	(78,515)
Intergovernmental	10,760,000	10,760,000	13,857,210	3,097,210
Interest	1,300,000	1,300,000	2,325,591	1,025,591
Rentals	400,000	400,000	658,115	258,115
Other	500,000	500,000	654,750	154,750
Total Revenues	44,563,000	44,563,000	52,688,348	8,125,348
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government - Legislative and Executive				
Commissioners' Office				
Personal Services	2,159,120	2,207,120	1,998,892	208,228
Materials and Supplies	56,710	51,710	37,421	14,289
Contractual Services	4,830,599	4,881,599	4,490,387	391,212
Capital Outlay	67,861	1,467,861	51,388	1,416,473
Other	3,026,098	9,105,244	7,890,909	1,214,335
Total Commissioners' Office	10,140,388	17,713,534	14,468,997	3,244,537
County Auditor				
Personal Services	1,153,800	1,128,800	1,096,279	32,521
Materials and Supplies	7,000	10,000	9,151	849
Contractual Services	552,328	569,827	566,822	3,005
Capital Outlay	-	10,000	10,000	-
Other	8,250	2,750	1,826	924
Total County Auditor	1,721,378	1,721,377	1,684,078	37,299
County Treasurer				
Personal Services	815,000	844,405	789,965	54,440
Materials and Supplies	12,085	12,085	10,677	1,408
Contractual Services	365,880	365,880	258,931	106,949
Capital Outlay	-	10,000	9,979	21
Other	5,400	5,400	5,400	-
Total County Treasurer	1,198,365	1,237,770	1,074,952	162,818
Recorder				
Personal Services	530,900	530,900	429,682	101,218
Materials and Supplies	2,500	2,500	2,449	51
Contractual Services	12,000	12,000	11,976	24
Total Recorder	545,400	545,400	444,107	101,293
Board of Elections				
Personal Services	1,780,600	2,016,136	1,632,362	383,774
Materials and Supplies	274,018	324,018	268,782	55,236
Contractual Services	1,759,557	1,999,919	1,978,953	20,966
Capital Outlay	7,514	17,514	-	17,514
Other	31,888	257,769	255,754	2,015
Total Board of Elections	3,853,577	4,615,356	4,135,851	479,505
		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(continued)

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Data Processing				
Personal Services	\$ 2,067,100	\$ 2,067,338	\$ 1,971,123	\$ 96,215
Materials and Supplies	48,676	48,438	22,146	26,292
Contractual Services	1,479,494	1,479,493	1,251,708	227,785
Capital Outlay	61,050	61,050	61,050	-
Other Total Data Processing	35,000 3,691,320	35,000 3,691,319	15,036	<u>19,964</u> 370,256
Total Data Processing	5,071,520	5,071,517	5,521,005	
Buildings and Grounds Maintenance Personal Services	(02 200	(77.200	(25.520	51,670
	602,200	677,200	625,530	,
Materials and Supplies	1,059,336	1,059,289	892,460	166,829
Contractual Services	732,003	732,005	731,688	317
Capital Outlay	-	75,000	9,117	65,883
Other Total Buildings and Grounds Maintenance	2,393,539	2,543,541	47 2,258,842	284,699
Total Buildings and Grounds Maintenance	2,595,559	2,343,341	2,238,842	204,099
otal General Government - Legislative and Executive	23,543,967	32,068,297	27,387,890	4,680,407
General Government - Judicial				
Court of Appeals				
Materials and Supplies	96,615	196,615	189,655	6,960
Contractual Services	245,077	137,077	135,739	1,338
Capital Outlay	16,182	36,182	35,735	447
Other Total General Government - Judicial	<u>28,253</u> 386,127	16,253 386,127	9,694 370,823	6,559
Common Pleas Court				
Personal Services	4 599 129	1 612 745	4 482 004	121 741
Materials and Supplies	4,588,128	4,613,745 28,405	4,482,004 24,874	131,741 3,531
**	29,249			
Contractual Services Capital Outlay	81,571 61,258	120,716 86,613	116,870 86,613	3,846
Other	73,041	48,695	37,907	10,788
Total Common Pleas Court	4,833,247	4,898,174	4,748,268	149,906
Common Pleas Jury Division				
Personal Services	123,873	158,944	157,616	1,328
Juvenile Court				
Personal Services	3,272,600	3,272,600	3,224,439	48,161
Materials and Supplies	12,158	12,157	12,119	38
Contractual Services	116,249	116,251	91,724	24,527
Other	21,309	21,309	12,500	8,809
Total Juvenile Court	3,422,316	3,422,317	3,340,782	81,535
Probate Court				
Personal Services	1,092,600	1,117,551	1,103,788	13,763
Materials and Supplies	23,126	17,262	17,262	-
Contractual Services	86,667	65,083	55,167	9,916
Capital Outlay	107	-	-	-
Other	9,230	11,833	11,588	245
Total Probate Court	1,211,730	1,211,729	1,187,805	23,924
Clerk of Courts		0.150.000	0.050.055	~~ · · ·
Personal Services	2,158,300	2,158,300	2,058,851	99,449
Materials and Supplies	66,033	66,033	66,033	-
Contractual Services	288,897	288,897	288,897	-
Capital Outlay	4,767	4,767	4,767	-
Other	630	630	630	-
Total Clerk of Courts	2,518,627	2,518,627	2,419,178	99,449

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Va	ariance with
	Original Final			Final	 Actual		inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Defender							
Other	\$	500	\$	500	\$ -	\$	500
Municipal Court							
Personal Services		362,060		326,060	301,364		24,696
Contractual Services		106,178		106,178	92,540		13,638
Total Municipal Court		468,238		432,238	 393,904		38,334
Total General Government - Judicial	12	2,964,658		13,028,656	 12,618,376		410,280
Public Safety							
Sheriff							
Materials and Supplies		13,600		13,600	13,600		-
Contractual Services		114,269		114,269	 114,269		-
Total Public Safety		127,869		127,869	 127,869		-
Coroner							
Personal Services		778,600		778,200	668,537		109,663
Materials and Supplies		23,074		30,474	28,254		2,220
Contractual Services		325,400		318,401	288,637		29,764
Capital Outlay		22,894		22,894	18,215		4,679
Other		3,491		3,491	 3,169		322
Total Coroner]	1,153,459		1,153,460	 1,006,812		146,648
Total Public Safety	1	1,281,328		1,281,329	 1,134,681		146,648
Human Services							
Veteran's Service Commission							
Personal Services	1	1,373,100		1,409,282	1,380,160		29,122
Materials and Supplies		73,543		82,145	58,951		23,194
Contractual Services		212,613		212,613	159,894		52,719
Capital Outlay		712		82,712	82,332		380
Other Total Human Services		753,831		627,046	 555,091		71,955
Total Human Services	2	2,413,799		2,413,798	 2,230,428		177,370
Total Expenditures	4(),203,752		48,792,080	 43,377,375		5,414,705
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2	4,359,248		(4,229,080)	 9,310,973		13,540,053
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Sale of Capital Assets		-		-	23,361		23,361
Transfers Out		1,556,000)		(6,556,000)	 (6,556,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1	1,556,000)	. <u> </u>	(6,556,000)	 (6,532,639)		23,361
Net Change in Fund Balance	2	2,803,248		(10,785,080)	2,778,334		13,563,414
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	23	3,144,138		23,144,138	23,144,138		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	3	3,432,451		3,432,451	 3,432,451		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 29	9,379,837	\$	15,791,509	\$ 29,354,923	\$	13,563,414

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Board of Developmental Disabilities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Original Final		Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 36,773,792	\$ 36,773,792	\$ 33,257,918	\$ (3,515,874)
Charges for Services	927,300	927,300	1,187,468	260,168
Intergovernmental	9,939,740	9,939,740	15,323,965	5,384,225
Other	1,512,482	1,512,482	1,403,737	(108,745)
Total Revenues	49,153,314	49,153,314	51,173,088	2,019,774
Expenditures				
Current				
Health				
Personal Services	25,029,069	25,027,069	24,207,705	819,364
Materials and Supplies	1,310,368	1,221,166	879.853	341,313
Contractual Services	3,571,992	3,754,345	3,440,518	313,827
Capital Outlay	1,184,023	1,171,465	854,763	316,702
Other	25,633,286	25,554,691	21,952,499	3,602,192
Total Expenditures	56,728,738	56,728,736	51,335,338	5,393,398
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,575,424)	(7,575,422)	(162,250)	7,413,172
Ter change in 1 and Damaee	(7,676,121)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(102,200)	,,
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	60,010,357	60,010,357	60,010,357	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	766,527	766,527	766,527	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 53,201,460	\$ 53,201,462	\$ 60,614,634	\$ 7,413,172

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Mental Health For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Va	riance with
	C	Driginal	Final		Actual			nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	6,505,389	\$	6,505,389	\$	6,592,010	\$	86,621
Intergovernmental		22,921,407	•	22,921,407		24,350,052	•	1,428,645
Other		796,280		796,280		360,860		(435,420)
Total Revenues		30,223,076		30,223,076		31,302,922		1,079,846
Expenditures								
Current								
Health								
Personal Services		4,424,440		4,424,440		4,347,625		76.815
Materials and Supplies		52,583		52,582		32,708		19,874
Contractual Services		28,303,376		29,167,263		29,166,125		1,138
Capital Outlay		66,259		66,259		62,891		3,368
Other		2,964,604		2,599,604		2,530,949		68,655
Total Expenditures		35,811,262		36,310,148		36,140,298		169,850
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,588,186)		(6,087,072)		(4,837,376)		1,249,696
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		8,355,856		8,355,856		8,355,856		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		5,851,764		5,851,764		5,851,764		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	8,619,434	\$	8,120,548	\$	9,370,244	\$	1,249,696

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Children's Services For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original Final		Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 11,000,000	\$ 11,000,000	\$ 11,902,150	\$ 902,150
Charges for Services	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,293,070	193,070
Intergovernmental	13,636,000	13,636,000	15,203,861	1,567,861
Other	150,000	150,000	302,259	152,259
Total Revenues	25,886,000	25,886,000	28,701,340	2,815,340
Expenditures				
Current				
Human Services				
Personal Services	5,800,000	5,800,000	5,264,228	535,772
Materials and Supplies	51,224	66,225	53,609	12,616
Contractual Services	9,037,177	9,627,178	9,414,809	212,369
Capital Outlay	60,835	10,835	(830)	11,665
Other	14,411,242	14,556,241	14,450,347	105,894
Total Expenditures	29,360,478	30,060,479	29,182,163	878,316
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,474,478)	(4,174,479)	(480,823)	3,693,656
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	25,806,840	25,806,840	25,806,840	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,665,479	2,665,479	2,665,479	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 24,997,841	\$ 24,297,840	\$ 27,991,496	\$ 3,693,656

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Public Assistance For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,205	\$ 5,205	
Intergovernmental	36,752,000	36,752,000	35,393,376	(1,358,624)	
Other	600,000	600,000	1,038,620	438,620	
Total Revenues	37,352,000	37,352,000	36,437,201	(914,799)	
Expenditures					
Current					
Human Services					
Personal Services	29,700,000	29,010,000	27,904,534	1,105,466	
Materials and Supplies	306,238	376,238	369,751	6,487	
Contractual Services	8,370,268	8,040,268	7,961,985	78,283	
Capital Outlay	52,534	52,534	28,326	24,208	
Other	1,116,778	2,066,778	2,009,289	57,489	
Total Expenditures	39,545,818	39,545,818	38,273,885	1,271,933	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,193,818)	(2,193,818)	(1,836,684)	357,134	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	1,168,964	1,168,964	1,168,964	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,820,818	1,820,818	1,820,818		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 795,964	\$ 795,964	\$ 1,153,098	\$ 357,134	

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Justice System Sales Tax For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted .	Amounts		Variance with
				Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 32,000,000	\$ 32,000,000	\$ 36,771,918	\$ 4,771,918
Charges for Services	-	-	90,301	90,301
Intergovernmental	-	-	1,417	1,417
Other		-	386,937	386,937
Total Revenues	32,000,000	32,000,000	37,250,573	5,250,573
<i>Expenditures</i> Current				
General Government - Legislative and Executive				
Commissioners' Office				
	2 000 000	2 000 000	2 000 205	1,615
Contractual Services	3,900,000	3,900,000	3,898,385	1,015
Capital Outlay	<u>589,016</u> 4,489,016	589,016	589,016	1,615
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	4,489,010	4,489,016	4,487,401	1,015
General Government - Judicial				
Common Pleas Court	150,000	145 200	100 520	44.541
Materials and Supplies	150,000	145,300	100,739	44,561
Contractual Services	762,385	762,385	756,061	6,324
Capital Outlay	162,192	262,384	262,284	100
Total General Government - Judicial	1,074,577	1,170,069	1,119,084	50,985
Family Court				
Materials and Supplies	29,500	35,000	33,727	1,273
Contractual Services	337,000	331,500	266,782	64,718
Capital Outlay		8,000	5,669	2,331
Total Family Court	366,500	374,500	306,178	68,322
Court of Appeals				
Capital Outlay	<u> </u>	85,400		85,400
Probate Court				
Capital Outlay		4,800		4,800
Total General Government - Judicial	1,441,077	1,634,769	1,425,262	209,507
Public Safety				
Prosecuting Attorney				
Personal Services	4,722,100	4,722,100	4,462,767	259,333
Materials and Supplies	54,589	54,589	40,350	14,239
Contractual Services	112,658	112,658	91,612	21,046
Other	151,200	199,800	121,316	78,484
Total Public Safety	5,040,547	5,089,147	4,716,045	373,102
Public Defender				
Personal Services	2,351,400	2,340,900	2,243,438	97,462
Materials and Supplies	42,825	44,825	43,726	1,099
Contractual Services	17,069	17,068	14,971	2,097
Capital Outlay	-	21,000	20,438	562
Other	21,715	21,714	20,526	1,188
Total Public Defender	2,433,009	2,445,507	2,343,099	102,408
		_		(continued)

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Justice System Sales Tax For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Sheriff				
Personal Services	\$ 19,043,700	\$ 18,983,440	\$ 16,743,144	\$ 2,240,296
Materials and Supplies	1,633,644	1,633,645	1,480,585	153,060
Contractual Services	4,646,030	4,646,032	4,556,627	89,405
Capital Outlay	1,315,844	2,159,175	2,138,770	20,405
Other	178,021	178,021	177,640	381
Total Sheriff	26,817,239	27,600,313	25,096,766	2,503,547
Total Public Safety	34,290,795	35,134,967	32,155,910	2,979,057
Total Expenditures	40,220,888	41,258,752	38,068,573	3,190,179
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,220,888)	(9,258,752)	(818,000)	8,440,752
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	(48,600)	<u> </u>		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,269,488)	(9,258,752)	(818,000)	8,440,752
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	23,983,246	23,983,246	23,983,246	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,970,185	2,970,185	2,970,185	<u> </u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 18,683,943	\$ 17,694,679	\$ 26,135,431	\$ 8,440,752

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - ARP State and Local LFR Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Var	riance with
	 Original	Final		Actual]	nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	35,992,936	\$	35,992,936	\$	-
Interest	 -		24,406		60,335		35,929
Total Revenues	 -		36,017,342		36,053,271		35,929
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government - Legislative and Executive							
Contractual Services	13,900		260,156		13,900		246,256
Capital Outlay	-		326,241		-		326,241
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	 13,900		586,397		13,900		572,497
Public Safety							
Contractual Services	 3,744		3,744		3,744		-
Public Works							
Capital Outlay	1,383,556		3,407,578		3,107,578		300,000
Total Expenditures	 1,401,200		3,997,719		3,125,222		872,497
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,401,200)		32,019,623		32,928,049		908,426
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	35,979,073		35,979,073		35,979,073		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 13,900		13,900		13,900		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 34,591,773	\$	68,012,596	\$	68,921,022	\$	908,426

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Sewer For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 42,000	,000 \$ 29,477,625	\$ (12,522,375)
Other Operating Revenues		- 333,145	333,145
Total Revenues	42,000	,000 29,810,770	(12,189,230)
Expenses			
Personal Services	6,932	.000 6,785,005	146,995
Contractual Services	24,723	,009 20,536,211	4,186,798
Materials and Supplies	2,038		196,234
Capital Outlay	20,048	,518 8,104,139	11,944,379
Other Operating Expenses	154	,699 108,251	46,448
Total Expenses	53,896	37,375,887	16,520,854
Operating Income (Loss)	(11,896	(7,565,117)	4,331,624
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Principal Retirement	(2,854	,151) (2,839,026)	15,125
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(300	,634) (300,634)) -
Capital Contributions		- 249,999	249,999
Special Assessments	15	,933 79,830	63,897
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(3,139	(2,810,559)	329,021
Change in Fund Equity	(15,036	(10,375,676)	4,660,645
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	28,804	,335 28,804,335	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	7,469	7,469,407	
Fund Equity End of Year	\$ 21,237	\$ 25,898,066	\$ 4,660,645

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Certificate of Title Administration For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Final		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	2,600,000	\$	2,498,497	\$	(101,503)
Charges for Services	¢	2,000,000	φ	2,490,497	φ	(101,505)
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government - Judicial						
Personal Services		2,462,611		2,218,947		243,664
Materials and Supplies		81,794		74,322		7,472
Contractual Services		329,099	300,417			28,682
Capital Outlay		85,561		59,415		26,146
Other		10,367		7,000		3,367
Total Expenditures		2,969,432		2,660,101		309,331
Net Change in Fund Balance		(369,432)		(161,604)		207,828
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		3,027,225		3,027,225		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		109,821		109,821		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	2,767,614	\$	2,975,442	\$	207,828

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Recorder's Equipment					Variance with		
		Final		Actual]	nal Budget Positive Negative)		
<i>Revenues</i> Charges for Services	\$	500,000	\$	367,151	\$	(132,849)		
Charges for Services	\$ 500,000		Φ	307,131	¢	(132,049)		
Expenditures Current General Government - Legislative and Executive								
Recorder Materials and Supplies		20,000		10,151		9,849		
Contractual Services		215,272		179,097		36,175		
Capital Outlay		13,500		12,541		959		
Other		5,000		1,693		3,307		
Total Expenditures		253,772		203,482		50,290		
Net Change in Fund Balance		246,228		163,669		(82,559)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		395,601		395,601		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		20,972		20,972		-		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	662,801	\$	580,242	\$	(82,559)		
		Unclaime	ed Mor	ney		riance with al Budget		
_		Final		Actual]	Positive Negative)		
<i>Revenues</i> Other	\$	-	\$	457,950	\$	457,950		
<i>Expenditures</i> Current General Government - Legislative and Executive								
Other		247,947		177,998		69,949		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(247,947)		279,952		527,899		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		1,838,351		1,838,351		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		67,947		67,947	7			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	1,658,351	\$	2,186,250	\$	527,899		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Building Inspection For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	900,000	\$	1,023,350	\$	123,350	
Charges for Services	¢	900,000	φ	1,023,330	φ	125,550	
Expenditures							
Current							
Public Safety							
Personal Services		760,000		719,019		40,981	
Materials and Supplies		37,456		21,459		15,997	
Contractual Services		174,399		150,786		23,613	
Capital Outlay		10,000		-		10,000	
Other		2,065		1,320		745	
Total Expenditures		983,920		892,584		91,336	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(83,920)		130,766		214,686	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		1,920,805		1,920,805		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		16,920		16,920			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	1,853,805	\$	2,068,491	\$	214,686	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Sheriff's Policing Rotary For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Final	inal Actual			riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,271,812	\$	271,812
Intergovernmental	Ψ	812,000	Ψ	514,967	Ψ	(297,033)
Other		6,000		71,622		65,622
Total Revenues		5,818,000		5,858,401		40,401
10 millerennes		5,010,000		5,656,101		10,101
Expenditures						
Current						
Public Safety						
Personal Services		5,523,234		5,427,469		95,765
Materials and Supplies		86,833		61,260		25,573
Contractual Services		546,753		444,149		102,604
Capital Outlay		15,000		-		15,000
Other		8,883		5,000		3,883
Total Expenditures		6,180,703		5,937,878		242,825
Net Change in Fund Balance		(362,703)		(79,477)		283,226
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		3,349,765		3,349,765		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		102,469		102,469		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	3,089,531	\$	3,372,757	\$	283,226

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Rota		Variance with Final Budget		
	Final	Actu	al	Positive (Negative)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	\$ 2,	493 \$	2,493	\$ -	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 2,	493 \$	2,493	\$	
	Forfeiture	e of Subdivision B	Sond	Variance with	
	Final	Actu	al	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	\$ 57,	811 \$	57,811	\$ -	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 57,	811 \$	57,811	\$ -	

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Victim Assistance					Variance with Final Budget		
		Final		Actual		ositive egative)		
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	240,729	\$	233,415	\$	(7,314)		
Expenditures Current Human Services								
Common Pleas Court Other		1,821		1,498		323		
Public Safety Personal Services		65,872		55,911		9,961		
Prosecuting Attorney Personal Services Other		170,031 3,414		170,031 3,414		-		
Total Prosecuting Attorney		173,445		173,445		-		
Total Expenditures		241,138		230,854		10,284		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(409)		2,561		2,970		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		97,699		97,699		-		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	97,290	\$	100,260	\$	2,970		
		Youth S	Servic	25	Fin	ance with al Budget ositive		
		Final		Actual		egative)		
<i>Revenues</i> Intergovernmental Other	\$	2,328,424	\$	2,470,403 295	\$	141,979 295		
Total Revenues		2,328,424		2,470,698		142,274		
Expenditures Current Public Safety Public Safety Dept								
Personal Services Materials and Supplies Contractual Services		1,786,175 91,832 1,284,029		1,504,735 41,353 1,279,902		281,440 50,479 4,127		
Capital Outlay Other		11,275 130,914		11,275 38,238		- 92,676		
Total Expenditures		3,304,225		2,875,503		428,722		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(975,801)		(404,805)		570,996		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In		-		-		-		
Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(975,801)		(404,805)		570,996		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		891,940		891,940		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		425,186		425,186		-		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	341,325	\$	912,321	\$	570,996		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - County CARES Act For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues	\$		\$ 	\$	-
<i>Expenditures</i> Current <i>General Government - Legislative and Executive</i> Capital Outlay		2,695	 2,695		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,695)	(2,695)		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		-	-		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		2,695	 2,695		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Variance with Final Budget				
	Final			Actual	Р	ositive egative)
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	66,078	\$	69,312	\$	3,234
Expenditures						
Current						
Public Safety						
Public Safety Dept						
Other		66,078		66,078		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		3,234		3,234
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		39,200		39,200		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	\$ 39,200		42,434	\$	3,234

		HOME	m	Variance with Final Budget		
		Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	5,004,928	\$	918,033	\$	(4,086,895)
Other		-		80,740		80,740
Total Revenues		5,004,928		998,773		(4,006,155)
Expenditures						
Current						
Public Works						
Contractual Services		5,254,595		1,913,248		3,341,347
Net Change in Fund Balance		(249,667)		(914,475)		(664,808)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		(636,309)		(636,309)		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		885,977		885,977		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	1	\$	(664,807)	\$	(664,808)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - 911 System For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	575,000	\$	636,395	\$	61,395	
Charges for Services	Ψ		Ψ	2,010	Ψ	2,010	
Intergovernmental		825,000		1,234,399		409,399	
Total Revenues		1,400,000		1,872,804		472,804	
Expenditures							
Current							
Public Safety							
Public Safety Dept							
Personal Services		830,000		571,753		258,247	
Materials and Supplies		29,631		28,088		1,543	
Contractual Services		674,992		494,270		180,722	
Capital Outlay		1,736,875		1,227,819		509,056	
Other		32,152		24,069		8,083	
Total Expenditures		3,303,650		2,345,999		957,651	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,903,650)		(473,195)		1,430,455	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		5,185,745		5,185,745		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,147,650		1,147,650		-	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	4,429,745	\$	5,860,200	\$	1,430,455	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Child Assault	cution	Variance with		
	Final			Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	328,821	\$	328,821	\$	-
Expenditures						
Current						
Human Services						
Human Services Dept						
Personal Services		448,647		412,879		35,768
Net Change in Fund Balance		(119,826)		(84,058)		35,768
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		119,826		119,826		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$	35,768	\$	35,768

		Community I	opment	Variance with		
	Final		Final Actual			inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	900	\$	900
Intergovernmental		4,990,087		2,483,789		(2,506,298)
Interest		-		1,840		1,840
Other		-		108,563		108,563
Total Revenues		4,990,087		2,595,092		(2,394,995)
<i>Expenditures</i> Current						
Public Works						
Public Works Dept						
Contractual Services		4,946,538		2,608,722		2,337,816
Capital Outlay		26,000		-		26,000
Other		75,000		-		75,000
Total Expenditures		5,047,538		2,608,722		2,438,816
Net Change in Fund Balance		(57,451)		(13,630)		43,821
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		(1,674,346)		(1,674,346)		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,862,533		1,862,533		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	130,736	\$	174,557	\$	43,821

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Coroner Laboratory For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	21,440	\$	-	\$	(21,440)	
Expenditures							
Current							
Public Safety							
Public Safety Dept							
Personal Services		37,083		6,897		30,186	
Contractual Services		500		-		500	
Other		12,500		2,650		9,850	
Total Expenditures		50,083		9,547		40,536	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(28,643)		(9,547)		19,096	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		400,034		400,034		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		500		500			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	371,891	\$	390,987	\$	19,096	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Computer Technology For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 Final	 Actual	Fin 1	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 1,343,835	\$ 1,300,273	\$	(43,562)
Intergovernmental	39,564	133,478		93,914
Other	96,500	108,270		11,770
Total Revenues	 1,479,899	 1,542,021		62,122
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government - Judicial				
General Government - Judicial				
Personal Services	818,455	585,568		232,887
Materials and Supplies	53,866	21,165		32,701
Contractual Services	548,789	450,107		98,682
Capital Outlay	220,503	208,249		12,254
Other	200,612	198,183		2,429
Total Expenditures	 1,842,225	1,463,272		378,953
Net Change in Fund Balance	(362,326)	78,749		441,075
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	3,199,105	3,199,105		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 172,351	 172,351		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 3,009,130	\$ 3,450,205	\$	441,075

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Delinquent Tax Assessment and Collection For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final			Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	710,000	\$	1,017,514	\$	307,514
Intergovernmental	Φ	580,000	φ	18,938	φ	(561,062)
Other		200,000		145,543		(54,457)
Total Revenues		1,490,000		1,181,995		(308,005)
Tour Revenues		1,190,000		1,101,995		(500,005)
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government - Legislative and Executive						
Personal Services		1,182,000		834,441		347,559
Materials and Supplies		9,050		2,073		6,977
Contractual Services		359,166		232,237		126,929
Capital Outlay		6,000		-		6,000
Other		1,166,091		41,122		1,124,969
Total Expenditures		2,722,307		1,109,873		1,612,434
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,232,307)		72,122		1,304,429
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		1,627,905		1,627,905		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		24,808		24,808		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	420,406	\$	1,724,835	\$	1,304,429

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Dog and Kennel					iance with al Budget
	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	840,000	\$	792,332	\$	(47,668)
Fines and Forfeitures		6,500		4,562		(1,938)
Other		50,000		57,811		7,811
Total Revenues		896,500		854,705		(41,795)
Expenditures						
Current						
Health						
Health Dept						
Personal Services		411,000		395,121		15,879
Materials and Supplies		196,994		127,942		69,052
Contractual Services		325,037		266,809		58,228
Capital Outlay		80,000		79,078		922
Other		4,736		2,200		2,536
Total Expenditures		1,017,767		871,150		146,617
Net Change in Fund Balance		(121,267)		(16,445)		104,822
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		583,064		583,064		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		103,267		103,267		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	565,064	\$	669,886	\$	104,822
		Mote	l Tax			riance with al Budget

<i>Revenues</i> Other Local Taxes		Final	 Actual	Positive (Negative)	
		4,500,000	\$ 3,661,427	\$	(838,573)
<i>Expenditures</i> Current General Government - Legislative and Executive Other		4,500,000	 3,670,363		829,637
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(8,936)		(8,936)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		15,460	 15,460		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	15,460	\$ 6,524	\$	(8,936)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Immobilization and Impoundment						
	Final		/	Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues			•		^		
Charges for Services	\$	1,000	\$	890	\$	(110)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,000		890		(110)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		51,526		51,526			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	52,526	\$	52,416	\$	(110)	
		on	Varia	nce with			
		Final		Actual	Ро	Budget sitive gative)	

Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	\$ 428	\$ 428	\$
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 428	\$ 428	\$

-

	One	tlement	Variance with Final Budget			
	Final			Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	-	\$	133,225	\$	133,225
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		133,225		133,225
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		-		-		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$	133,225	\$	133,225

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Permissive Sales Tax	\$	4,200,000	\$	4,108,845	\$	(91,155)
Charges for Services		5,700		9,150		3,450
Licenses and Permits		100,000		222,740		122,740
Fines and Forfeitures		65,000		60,483		(4,517)
Intergovernmental		14,700,000		14,994,062		294,062
Interest		300		3,080		2,780
Other	_	50,000		57,169		7,169
Total Revenues		19,121,000		19,455,529		334,529
<i>Expenditures</i> Current						
Public Works						
Personal Services		6,400,000		6,218,615		181,385
Materials and Supplies		3,033,086		2,889,630		143,456
Contractual Services		2,954,883		2,877,430		77,453
Capital Outlay		12,816,606		12,805,995		10,611
Other		32,713		21,863		10,850
Total Public Works		25,237,288		24,813,533		423,755
Debt Service Principal Retirement		251,254		251,253		1
Fincipal Retirement		231,234		231,235		1
Total Expenditures		25,488,541		25,064,785		423,756
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,367,541)		(5,609,256)		758,285
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		1,914,405		1,914,405		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		4,472,541		4,472,541		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	19,405	\$	777,690	\$	758,285

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Municipal Road			Variance with		
	Final		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	750,000	\$	764,417	\$	14,417
<i>Expenditures</i> Current Public Works Commissioners' Office Contractual Services Capital Outlay		25,000 2,724,599		21,703 2,677,172		3,297 47,427
Total Expenditures		2,749,599		2,698,875		50,724
Net Change in Fund Balance	((1,999,599)		(1,934,458)		65,141
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		855,774		855,774		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,798,358		1,798,358		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	654,533	\$	719,674	\$	65,141
		tte Court Co Final	nduct o	of Business Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues			nduct o		Fina P	al Budget ositive
Revenues Charges for Services			nduct o		Fina P	al Budget ositive
Charges for Services Expenditures Current General Government - Judicial General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other]	Final 3,500 2,564 1,105 250 250		Actual 4,315 1,886 226	Fina P (No	al Budget ositive egative) 815 678 879 250 250 250
Charges for Services Expenditures Current General Government - Judicial General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay	1	Final 3,500 2,564 1,105 250		Actual 4,315 1,886	Fina P (No	al Budget ositive egative) 815 678 879 250
Charges for Services Expenditures Current General Government - Judicial General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other	1	Final 3,500 2,564 1,105 250 250		Actual 4,315 1,886 226	Fina P (No	al Budget ositive egative) 815 678 879 250 250 250
Charges for Services Expenditures Current General Government - Judicial General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Total Expenditures	1	Final 3,500 2,564 1,105 250 250 4,169		Actual 4,315 1,886 226 - - 2,112	Fina P (No	al Budget ositive egative) 815 678 879 250 250 2,057
Charges for Services Expenditures Current General Government - Judicial General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Total Expenditures Net Change in Fund Balance	1	Final 3,500 2,564 1,105 250 250 4,169 (669)		Actual 4,315 1,886 226 2,112 2,203	Fina P (No	al Budget ositive egative) 815 678 879 250 250 2,057

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Real Estate Assessment					Variance with	
	Final		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	4,450,000	\$	4,790,451	\$	340,451	
Fines and Forfeitures		-		1,500		1,500	
Other		15,500		70,331		54,831	
Total Revenues		4,465,500		4,862,282		396,782	
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government - Legislative and Executive							
County Auditor							
Personal Services		3,433,444		3,390,980		42,464	
Materials and Supplies		17,749		17,454		295	
Contractual Services		658,836		650,911		7,925	
Capital Outlay		155,250		146,650		8,600	
Other		83,992		76,560		7,432	
Total Expenditures		4,349,271		4,282,555		66,716	
Net Change in Fund Balance		116,229		579,727		463,498	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		3,346,926		3,346,926		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		65,427		65,427		-	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	3,528,582	\$	3,992,080	\$	463,498	

				Variance with		
	Final		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	1,309	\$	1,309
Intergovernmental		95,000		95,000		-
Total Revenues		95,000		96,309		1,309
Expenditures						
Current						
Public Safety						
Personal Services		92,636		90,947		1,689
Materials and Supplies		10,377		5,371		5,006
Total Expenditures		103,013		96,318		6,695
Net Change in Fund Balance		(8,013)		(9)		8,004
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		21,447		21,447		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		12,013		12,013		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	25,447	\$	33,451	\$	8,004

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Adult I	Probation	Variance with		
	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 30,000	\$ 36,482	\$ 6,482		
Intergovernmental	2,525,453	2,525,454	¢ 0,10 <u>1</u>		
Total Revenues	2,555,453	2,561,936	6,483		
Expenditures					
Current					
Public Safety					
Personal Services	2,330,430	1,988,108	342,322		
Materials and Supplies	111,544	91,790	19,754		
Contractual Services	1,092,133	1,048,541	43,592		
Other	9,490	5,607	3,883		
Total Expenditures	3,559,734	3,150,183	409,551		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,004,281)	(588,247)	416,034		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	1,045,710	1,045,710	-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	154,752	154,752			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 196,181	\$ 612,215	\$ 416,034		
	Emergency R	Variance with Final Budget			
			Pinal Budget Positive		
	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$-	\$-		
Expenditures					
Current					
Human Services					
Personal Services	300,000	249,736	50,264		
Materials and Supplies	39,316	1	39,315		
Contractual Services	50,000	1,648	48,352		
Other	9,364,260	8,717,031	647,229		
Total Expenditures	9,753,576	8,968,416	785,160		
Not Change in Frend Palance	(0.752.57()	(0.0(0.41()	705 1 (0		

Net Change in Fund Balance (9,753,576) (8,968,416) 785,160 Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year 608,365 608,365 **Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated** 9,145,211 9,145,211 Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year 785,160 \$ \$ 785,160 \$ -

-

	porting	5	Variance with Final Budget							
		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)					
Revenues Charges for Services	\$ 33,000		\$ 33,000		\$ 34,958		\$ 34,958		\$	1,958
<i>Expenditures</i> Current General Government - Judicial										
Contractual Services		33,000		1,688		31,312				
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		33,270		33,270				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		64,664		64,664		-				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	64,664	\$	97,934	\$	33,270				
	Bureau of Justice Assistance Block Grant					iance with				
		Final Actual		Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
<i>Revenues</i> Intergovernmental	\$	433,562	\$	354,990	\$	(78,572)				
<i>Expenditures</i> Current Public Safety			Ψ			(78,672)				
Personal Services		23,754		14,223		9,531				
Materials and Supplies Contractual Services		137,407 376,558		20,439		116,968				
Capital Outlay		370,338		26,558		350,000 38,522				
Other		55,490		55,490						
Total Expenditures		631,731		116,710		515,021				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(198,169)		238,280		436,449				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		837,143		837,143		-				
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		41,908		41,908						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	680,882	\$	1,117,331	\$	436,449				

	D	isaster Servic		ance with		
		Final		Actual	Р	al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	3,000	\$	9,222	\$	6,222
Intergovernmental	Ψ	80,000	Ψ	80,000	ψ	0,222
Other		-		(51)		(51)
Total Revenues		83,000		89,171		6,171
Expenditures						
Current						
Public Safety						
Materials and Supplies		33,408		30,731		2,677
Contractual Services		34,440		29,508		4,932
Capital Outlay		10,000		9,921		79
Other		31,198		23,206		7,992
Total Expenditures		109,046		93,366		15,680
Net Change in Fund Balance		(26,046)		(4,195)		21,851
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		181,026		181,026		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		5,046		5,046		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	160,026	\$	181,877	\$	21,851
		House	Arrest		Fina	ance with al Budget
		Final		Actual		ositive egative)
Revenues						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	-	\$	13,335	\$	13,335
<i>Expenditures</i> Current Public Safety						
Contractual Services		22,558		10,893		11,665
Net Change in Fund Balance		(22,558)		2,442		25,000
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		236,771		236,771		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		12,558		12,558		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	226,771	\$	251,771	\$	25,000

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Sheriff Ed Byrne JAG Grant For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	FinalActual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$	51,314	\$ 51,314	\$	
Expenditures					
Current					
Public Safety					
Sheriff					
Capital Outlay		51,314	 51,314		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		-	 -		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	

	State Probation Supervision Fees					Variance with		
	Final			Actual	Р	l Budget ositive egative)		
<i>Revenues</i> Charges for Services	\$	5,000	\$	3,906	\$	(1,094)		
<i>Expenditures</i> Current <i>Public Safety</i>								
Public Safety Dept Contractual Services Other		57,652 565		53,712 325		3,940 240		
Total Public Safety		58,217		54,037		4,180		
Total Expenditures		58,217		54,037		4,180		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(53,217)		(50,131)		3,086		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		52,479		52,479		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		740		740				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	2	\$	3,088	\$	3,086		
		Indigent	Driver	5		ance with l Budget		
		Final		Actual	Р	ositive egative)		
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$	5,100	\$	7,137	\$	2,037		
<i>Expenditures</i> Current <i>General Government - Judicial</i> General Government - Judicial								
Contractual Services		23,080		22,354		726		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(17,980)		(15,217)		2,763		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		20,663		20,663		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		226		226				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	2,909	\$	5,672	\$	2,763		

	E	Enforcement a	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
	Final				Actual	
<i>Revenues</i> Fines and Forfeitures	\$	4,000	\$	75	\$	(3,925)
Net Change in Fund Balance		4,000		75		(3,925)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		29,906		29,906		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	33,906	\$	29,981	\$	(3,925)
		<i>Violence I</i> Final		<i>ion</i> Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
		<u>I iiidi</u>		Actual		egativej
<i>Revenues</i> Intergovernmental	\$	279,819	\$	251,067	\$	(28,752)
<i>Expenditures</i> Current <i>Public Safety</i> Public Safety Personal Services		245,015		190,637		54,378
Prosecuting Attorney Personal Services		69,322		52,146		17,176
Total Expenditures		314,337		242,783		71,554
Net Change in Fund Balance		(34,518)		8,284		42,802
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		37,122 37,122		37,122		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	2,604	\$	45,406	\$	42,802

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Program for Addiction Rehabilitation For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive (egative)
	 	 		-8
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 80,000	\$ 92,100	\$	12,100
Expenditures				
Current				
Public Safety				
Materials and Supplies	50,000	48,000		2,000
Contractual Services	243,000	189,683		53,317
Other	 3,000	 3,000		
Total Expenditures	 296,000	 240,683		55,317
Net Change in Fund Balance	(216,000)	(148,583)		67,417
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	393,021	393,021		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 26,000	 26,000		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 203,021	\$ 270,438	\$	67,417

	Emergency Preparedness					Variance with		
		Final		Actual		aal Budget Positive Negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	303,605	\$	455,600	\$	151,995		
Other		-		1,500		1,500		
Total Revenues		303,605		457,100		153,495		
Expenditures								
Current								
Public Safety								
Personal Services		346,630		341,483		5,147		
Materials and Supplies		24,266		19,952		4,314		
Contractual Services		40,434		33,859		6,575		
Capital Outlay		60,286		51,699		8,587		
Other		23,955		19,592		4,363		
Total Expenditures		495,571		466,585		28,986		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(191,966)		(9,485)		182,481		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		223,841		223,841		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		33,232		33,232				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	65,107	\$	247,588	\$	182,481		

	 <i>Juvenile</i> Final	e Justice	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	 1 illai		Actual	(1)	egative)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 775,000	\$	789,072	\$	14,072
Other	-		287		287
Total Revenues	 775,000		789,359		14,359

Expenditures	
Current	

Suitent			
General Government - Judicial			
Juvenile Justice Grants			
Personal Services	360,000	236,17	7 123,823
Materials and Supplies	27,092	. 17,79	8 9,294
Contractual Services	945,955	930,75	3 15,202
Capital Outlay	9,153	7,15	3 2,000
Other	17,619	8,85	0 8,769
Total Expenditures	1,359,819	1,200,73	1 159,088
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(584,819	(411,37	2) 173,447
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	5,500)	- (5,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(579,319	(411,37	2) 167,947
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	335,016	335,01	6 -
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	295,819	295,81	9
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 51,516	5 \$ 219,46	3 \$ 167,947

	Final			Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	8,000	\$	10,155	\$	2,155
Fines and Forfeitures		350,000		276,482		(73,518)
Intergovernmental Other		188,000 50,000		191,290 59,393		3,290
Total Revenues		596,000		537,320		9,393 (58,680)
Total Revenues		570,000		557,520		(38,080)
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government - Judicial						
Personal Services		175,000		167,124		7,876
Materials and Supplies		185,520		165,647		19,873
Contractual Services		322,235		318,499		3,736
Other		6,770		5,261		1,509
Total General Government - Judicial		689,525		656,531		32,994
Total Expenditures		689,525		656,531		32,994
Net Change in Fund Balance		(93,525)		(119,211)		(25,686)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		392,614		392,614		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		93,525		93,525		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	392,614	\$	366,928	\$	(25,686)

	Final Actual				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Devenue							
Revenues	\$	9 100	¢	12 569	¢	1 169	
Charges for Services Other	Ф	8,100	\$	12,568 500	\$	4,468 500	
Total Revenues		8,100		13,068		4,968	
10uu Revenues		8,100		13,008		4,908	
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government - Judicial							
General Government - Judicial							
Materials and Supplies		1,000		-		1,000	
Contractual Services		5,589		4,286		1,303	
Other		20,959		11,313		9,646	
Total Expenditures		27,548		15,599		11,949	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(19,448)		(2,531)		16,917	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		71,633		71,633		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		5,218		5,218			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	57,403	\$	74,320	\$	16,917	

		hip	Variance with Final Budget			
		Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Charges for Services <i>Total Revenues</i>	\$	50,000 50,000	\$	60,860 60,860	\$	10,860 10,860
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government - Judicial						
General Government - Judicial						
Personal Services		44,000		43,024		976
Materials and Supplies		1,500		1,209		291
Contractual Services Capital Outlay		5,900 1,000		2,766		3,134 1,000
Other		1,000		-		1,000
Total General Government - Judicial		53,400		46,999		6,401
Total General Government - Judicial		53,400		46,999		6,401
Total Expenditures		53,400		46,999		6,401
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,400)		13,861		17,261
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		36,528		36,528		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		3,400	. <u></u>	3,400		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	36,528	\$	53,789	\$	17,261
	Comp	Variance with				
						l Budget ositive
		Final	Actual			egative)
<i>Revenues</i> Fines and Forfeitures	¢	10.000	¢	10.964	¢	961
Total Revenues	\$	19,000	\$	<u>19,864</u> 19,864	\$	864
		17,000		17,001		
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government - Judicial						
General Government - Judicial						
Materials and Supplies		21,645		21,645		-
Total General Government - Judicial		21,645		21,645		-
Total General Government - Judicial		21,645		21,645		
Total Expenditures		21,645		21,645		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,645)		(1,781)		864
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		73,991		73,991		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		6,645		6,645		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	77,991	\$	78,855	\$	864

	Community Prosecution Program					Variance with Final Budget	
		Final Actual			Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)	
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government - Judicial							
General Government - Judicial							
Other		1,000		-		1,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		483		483			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	483	\$	483	\$	-	

	Probate Court Security Grant					ance with
	Final Actual			Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	20,000	\$	23,700	\$	3,700
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government - Judicial						
General Government - Judicial						
Contractual Services		20,000		-		20,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		23,700		23,700
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		197,950		197,950		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	197,950	\$	221,650	\$	23,700

	Sheriff Law Enforcement					riance with
		Final Actual		Actual		nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	10,000	\$	9,275	\$	(725)
Licenses and Permits		375,000		100,642		(274,358)
Fines and Forfeitures		60,350		60,350		-
Intergovernmental		203,650		167,737		(35,913)
Interest		-		2,589		2,589
Total Revenues		649,000		340,593		(308,407)
Expenditures						
Current						
Public Safety						
Public Safety Dept						
Personal Services		337,807		58,189		279,618
Materials and Supplies		173,137		115,274		57,863
Contractual Services		452,072		315,772		136,300
Capital Outlay		72,522		15,500		57,022
Other		197,718		167,777		29,941
Total Expenditures		1,233,256		672,512		560,744
Net Change in Fund Balance		(584,256)		(331,919)		252,337
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		1,030,743		1,030,743		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		225,093		225,093		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	671,580	\$	923,917	\$	252,337

		5	Variance with			
		Final	1	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	-
Interest		-		96		96
Total Revenues		10,000		10,096		96
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government - Legislative and Executive						
Board of Elections						
Materials and Supplies		4,000		3,035		965
Contractual Services		6,000		2,043		3,957
Total Expenditures		10,000		5,078		4,922
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		5,018		5,018
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		18,905		18,905		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	18,905	\$	23,923	\$	5,018

	Boa	rd of Election.	s Specie	al Election		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Final			Actual	(Negative)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	\$	227,057	\$	227,057	\$		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	227,057	\$	227,057	\$	-	

		ent nt	Variance with			
	Final		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Special Assessments	\$	400,000	\$	388,627	\$	(11,373)
Interest		-		280		280
Total Revenues		400,000		388,907		(11,093)
Expenditures						
Current						
Legislative and Executive						
Contractual Services		10,000		6,108		3,892
Debt Service						
Principal Retirement		307,519		307,018		501
Interest and Fiscal Charges		62,481		62,481		-
Total Expenditures		380,000		375,607		4,393
Net Change in Fund Balance		20,000		13,300		(6,700)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		21,588		21,588		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	41,588	\$	34,888	\$	(6,700)

	General Obligation Bond Retirement					Variance with		
	Final		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Expenditures								
Current Debt Service								
Principal Retirement	\$	1,190,004	\$	1,190,001	\$	3		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		365,931		365,931		-		
Total Expenditures		1,555,935		1,555,932		3		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,555,935)		(1,555,932)		3		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		1,555,935		1,556,000		65		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		68		68		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		115,000		115,000				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	115,000	\$	115,068	\$	68		

	J	ments	Variance with			
]		Actual	Final B Posit (Nega	tive	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	\$	6,775	\$	6,775	\$	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	6,775	\$	6,775	\$	-
		Varianc Final B Posit	udget			
	Final Actual				(Nega	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	\$	14,382	\$	14,382	\$	-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	14,382	\$	14,382	\$	-
		Variance with Final Budget				
	Final Actual				Posit (Nega	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	\$	18,370	\$	18,370	\$	-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	18,370	\$	18,370	\$	-

	Engineer's Construction					Variance with Final Budget		
	Final		Actual			Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	10,069,639	\$	4,723,201	\$	(5,346,438)		
Expenditures								
Current								
Capital Outlay								
Capital Outlay Capital Outlay		10,836,648		6,179,903		4,656,745		
		, ,		, , <u>,</u>		· · ·		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	. <u> </u>	(767,009)		(1,456,702)		(689,693)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds of OPWC Loans		767,009		1,456,702		689,693		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		-		-				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

	Permanent Improvement					Variance with		
	Final Actua			Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues								
Other	\$	-	\$	2,855	\$	2,855		
<i>Expenditures</i> Current Capital Outlay Capital Outlay Capital Outlay		5,534,037		5,404,748		129,289		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(5,534,037)		(5,401,893)		132,144		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of Capital Assets Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		179,270 5,000,000 5,179,270		179,270 5,000,000 5,179,270		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,534,037)		(222,623)		5,311,414		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		11,610,003		11,610,003		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,886,537		1,886,537				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	7,962,503	\$	13,273,917	\$	5,311,414		

		Variance with Final Budget				
	Final			Actual	Р	Positive Tegative)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	\$	292,061	\$	292,061	\$	-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	292,061	\$	292,061	\$	-
	<u> </u>			<i>Fund</i> Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
<i>Revenues</i> Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	\$	220,000	\$	245,630	\$	25,630
<i>Expenditures</i> Current Capital Outlay Contractual Services		2,925		2,925		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		217,075		242,705		25,630
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		811,165		811,165		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	1,028,240	\$	1,053,870	\$	25,630

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Water Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 2,290,000	\$ 861,369	\$ (1,428,631)	
Expenses				
Personal Services	251,500	114,597	136,903	
Contractual Services	564,542	520,495	44,047	
Materials and Supplies	75,750	62,624	13,126	
Capital Outlay	1,349,812	143,200	1,206,612	
Other Operating Expenses	2,442	500	1,942	
Total Expenses	2,244,046	841,416	1,402,630	
Change in Fund Equity	45,954	19,953	(26,001)	
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	487,809	487,809	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	368,505	368,505		
Fund Equity End of Year	\$ 902,268	\$ 876,267	\$ (26,001)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Sheriff Webcheck For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	30,000	\$	22,996	\$	(7,004)
Intergovernmental		42,759		42,759		-
Total Revenues		72,759		65,755		(7,004)
<i>Expenses</i> Personal Services Contractual Services Materials and Supplies Other Operating Expenses <i>Total Expenses</i>		42,759 82,178 42,253 39,593 206,783		42,759 20,668 20,253 37,333 121,013		61,510 22,000 2,260 85,770
Change in Fund Equity		(134,024)		(55,258)		78,766
Fund Equity Beginning of Year		226,847		226,847		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		66,024		66,024		-
Fund Equity End of Year	\$	158,847	\$	237,613	\$	78,766

	Self Insurance						
						ariance with	
					F	inal Budget	
		Final				Positive	
		Budget		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	26,500,000	\$	25,159,084	\$	(1,340,916)	
Other Operating Revenues		1,000,000		1,313,762		313,762	
Total Revenues		27,500,000		26,472,846		(1,027,154)	
F							
Expenses		172 500		1 47 500		24.077	
Personal Services		172,500		147,523		24,977	
Contractual Services Claims		2,114,411		1,991,662		122,749	
		27,438,344		26,826,502		611,842	
Materials and Supplies Other		5,000 90,877		48,354		5,000	
		29,821,132		29,014,041		42,523 807,091	
Total Expenses		29,821,132		29,014,041		807,091	
Change in Fund Equity		(2,321,132)		(2,541,195)		(220,063)	
Fund Equity Beginning of Year		5,126,132		5,126,132		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,753,632		1,753,632		-	
Fund Equity End of Year	\$	4,558,632	\$	4,338,569	\$	(220,063)	

	Workers' Compensation							
	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues	¢	25.000	¢	122 500	¢	07.500		
Other Operating Revenues <i>Total Revenues</i>	\$	<u>35,000</u> <u>35,000</u>	\$	<u>132,509</u> 132,509	\$	97,509 97,509		
Expenses								
Personal Services		161,750		143,997		17,753		
Contractual Services		1,020,355		893,733		126,622		
Other		5,490		1,680		3,810		
Total Expenses		1,187,595		1,039,410		148,185		
Change in Fund Equity		(1,152,595)		(906,901)		245,694		
Fund Equity Beginning of Year		2,875,559		2,875,559		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		273,345		273,345				
Fund Equity End of Year	\$	1,996,309	\$	2,242,003	\$	245,694		

	George C. Brissel					
						ariance with
		Final Budget	nal Posi			inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	\$	2,190	\$	2,190	\$	-
Fund Equity End of Year	\$	2,190	\$	2,190	\$	-

	Ba Disal			
	Final Budget	 Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	\$ 125,450	\$ 125,450	\$	<u> </u>
Fund Equity End of Year	\$ 125,450	\$ 125,450	\$	

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Statistical Section

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Table of Contents

III. STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net Position by Component – Last Ten Years	S 1
Changes in Net Position – Primary Government- Last Ten Years	S2
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	S4
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	S6

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Years	S 8
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years	S9
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Real and Public Utility – Last Ten Years	S11
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Tangible Personal – Last Ten Years	S12
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Nine Years Ago	S14
Sales Tax Revenue by Industry – Current and Previous Year	S15
Special Assessments Billed and Collected – Last Ten Years	S16

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Years	S17
Computation of Legal Debt Margin – Current Year	S18

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Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - General bonded debt refers to debt that is supported by taxes. It excludes debt reported in proprietary funds, even if that debt is general obligation in character, as well as debt supported by special assessments. Total debt service for each year should be compared to total expenditures of the general government and expressed as a percentage of that amount. Per the definition, Stark County does not have any general bonded debt and, therefore, is not required to present this statement.

Pledge-Revenue Coverage - Revenue bond indentures often require that enterprise funds set rates sufficient to ensure adequate resources to repay on a timely basis, both principal and interest, on those obligations. Specifically, bond covenants typically mandate that the issuer maintain income at a predetermined multiple of debt service. The multiple is known as the revenue bonds coverage. In most cases, a separate calculation should be reported for each individual debt issue subject to coverage requirements. However, if the same resources may be used for debt service for more than one revenue bond issue, then the coverage for these related issues may be combined in a single presentation. Per the definition, Stark County does not have any revenue bond coverage and, therefore, is not required to present this statement.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years	S19
Principal Employers – Current and Nine Years Ago	S20

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Government Employees by Function – Last Ten Years	S21
Operating Indicators by Function – Last Ten Years	. S22
Capital Asset Indicators by Function – Last Ten Years	S23

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Net Position By Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018 Restated	2017 Restated	<u>2016</u>	2015	2014	2013
Govern	nmental Activities										
Net Inv	vestment in Capital Assets	\$ 196,853,708	\$ 196,417,492	\$ 194,406,763	\$ 198,001,441	\$ 189,470,791	\$ 192,673,550	\$ 191,715,022	\$ 185,091,691	\$ 182,605,662	\$ 180,029,103
Restric	eted										
Cap	bital Projects	1,817,862	1,510,261	933,536	1,310,306	1,239,571	676,768	7,471,923	6,025,095	4,151,556	2,154,475
Deb	ot Service	102,456	477,711	557,978	652,970	1,193,120	1,721,154	1,939,829	2,164,426	2,016,418	1,872,150
Oth	er Purposes	236,153,723	226,121,898	189,392,245	163,296,211	158,700,624	151,073,369	150,840,605	138,314,223	142,553,390	138,382,551
Unrest	ricted	(36,830,365)	(68,733,496)	(144,218,708)	(142,278,246)	(125,969,045)	(122,361,376)	(55,313,098)	(50,082,364)	(50,641,493)	26,976,357
Total C	Governmental Activity Net Position	398,097,384	355,793,866	241,071,814	220,982,682	224,635,061	223,783,465	296,654,281	281,513,071	280,685,533	349,414,636
Busine	ss-type activities										
	vestment in Capital Assets	137,565,237	136,819,331	134,661,699	131,580,604	127,251,487	122,294,843	116,729,837	115,107,013	113,564,772	112,729,100
Unrest	1	39,549,874	35,158,310	29,043,917	27,861,832	28,759,618	29,228,099	33,562,456	27,427,800	24,279,638	23,282,172
Total B	Business-Type Activity Net Position	177,115,111	171,977,641	163,705,616	159,442,436	156,011,105	151,522,942	150,292,293	142,534,813	137,844,410	136,011,272
Total F	Primary Government										
	vestment in Capital Assets	334,418,945	333,236,823	329,068,462	329,582,045	316,722,278	314,968,393	308,444,859	300,198,704	296,170,434	292,758,203
Restric	1	238,074,041	228,109,870	190,883,759	165,259,487	161,133,315	153,471,291	160,252,357	146,503,744	148,721,364	142,409,176
Unrest	ricted	2,719,509	(33,575,186)	(115,174,791)	(114,416,414)	(97,209,427)	(93,133,277)	(21,750,642)	(22,654,564)	(26,361,855)	50,258,529
Total F	Primary Government	\$ 575,212,495	\$ 527,771,507	\$ 404,777,430	\$ 380,425,118	\$ 380,646,166	\$ 375,306,407	\$ 446,946,574	\$ 424,047,884	<u>\$ 418,529,943</u>	\$ 485,425,908

Source: Stark County Auditor

Note: Business-type activities were restated as of January 1, 2013 to include intergovernmental loans and sewer rights.

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in 2015 and caused a negative unresticted fund balance in governmental activites. 2013 does not reflect the implementation of GASB 68.

Note: GASB 75 was implemented in 2018 and caused a restatement for 2017. 2016 and prior do not reflect the implementation of GASB 75.

Note: GASB 84 was implemented in 2019 and caused a restatement for 2018. 2017 and prior do not reflect the implementation of GASB 84.

Changes in Net Position - Primary Government Last Ten Years

Program Revenues	2022		2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Primary Government - Governmental Revenues:												
Charges for Services												
General Government:												
Legislative and Executive	\$ 20.624	.855 \$	20,449,294 \$	18.211.488 \$	16,433,073	\$ 16.014.17	8 \$	16,172,175	\$ 15.054.999	\$ 13,998,456	\$ 13.698.401	\$ 13.876.703
Judicial	5,595		5,740,003	5,208,750	5,984,769	6,048,32		6,138,189	6,362,009	6,620,890	6,676,677	6,682,698
Public Safety	6,904		7,552,866	6,729,717	7,788,563	8,786,28		7,669,355	5,589,413	5,462,101	5,361,434	5,460,231
Public Works		,734	285,424	279,268	263,208	189,15		311.298	130,914	144,494	168,201	148,295
Health	2,093		2,178,931	2,026,276	1,701,585	2,222,83		2,653,555	1,729,079	1,902,404	1,756,557	1,791,957
Human Services	1,319		1,428,365	1,385,418	1,435,291	1,366,95		1,423,884	1,301,167	1,225,577	1,454,155	1,217,553
	36,831	<u> </u>	37,634,883	33,840,917	33,606,489	34,627,72		34,368,456	30,167,581	29,353,922	29,115,425	29,177,437
Total Charges for Services	30,83	,409	37,034,883	55,840,917	55,000,489	34,027,72	<u> </u>	34,308,430	30,167,381	29,535,922	29,115,425	29,177,437
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest												
General Government:												
Legislative and Executive		-	604,901	2,242,092	137,181	351,09		247,960	145,065	83,735	111,659	3,980
Judicial		,821	398,315	2,276,734	556,535	737,45		1,340,990	1,078,115	1,063,503	751,034	317,483
Public Safety	8,986		11,233,560	18,158,028	7,200,709	6,629,76		7,252,012	4,900,031	4,574,155	4,599,760	6,063,809
Public Works	19,432	.,184	19,883,252	16,581,325	15,277,762	14,151,92	5	12,499,441	14,273,531	15,799,294	11,461,704	11,768,773
Health	36,934		45,226,758	38,455,244	43,049,952	39,747,20		40,645,538	50,312,790	43,618,842	45,755,452	48,262,796
Human Services	56,904	,489	47,640,759	40,175,822	42,606,107	43,331,45	7	44,297,048	42,539,985	39,656,298	44,116,911	39,361,546
Total Operating Grants, Contributions & Interest	122,590	,106	124,987,545	117,889,245	108,828,246	104,948,88	5	106,282,989	113,249,517	104,795,827	106,796,520	105,778,387
Capital Grants and Contribution												
Legislative and Executive		-	-	-	375,906	687,53	4	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	4,61	.236	4,221,364	5,547,883	9,425,331	5,329,46		1,813,393	9,125,096	5,213,633	5,746,369	9,878,738
Health		-	-	· · · -			-	60,000		-	· · · -	· · · -
Total Capital Grants and Contribution	4,61	.236	4,221,364	5,547,883	9,801,237	6,016,99	5	1,873,393	9,125,096	5,213,633	5,746,369	9,878,738
Total Governmental Revenues	\$ 164,030	<u> </u>	166,843,792 \$	157,278,045 \$		\$ 145,593,60		142,524,838	\$ 152,542,194	\$ 139,363,382		\$ 144,834,562
		<u>,,,,,</u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>+,,</u>	<u> </u>	<u>• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • </u>	<u> </u>
Business-Type Program Revenue:												
Charges for Services												
Sewer	27,952	,400	29,873,093	29,061,771	28,276,379	28,520,97	1	28,191,617	27,395,569	25,445,985	24,698,405	21,870,301
Water	853	,915	838,483	873,248	756,855	695,93	6	767,729	771,436	706,998	666,661	702,965
Sheriff's Webcheck	22	,996	26,745	31,105	27,003	44,61	2	42,246	32,316	29,628	23,087	17,552
Auditor's License Bureau		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	21,235	465,053
Total Charges for Services	28,833	,311	30,738,321	29,966,124	29,060,237	29,261,51	9	29,001,592	28,199,321	26,182,611	25,409,388	23,055,871
Operating and Capital Grants and Contribution		016	1.075.444	1 200 12:	0 (51.00)	1 505 05	0	2 207 200	0.51 0.55	510.000	(2)	4 91 5 057
Sewer	2,722	,916	1,075,661	1,398,121	2,674,201	1,597,82	U	2,397,309	951,967	510,000	626,545	4,215,837
Water Sheriff's Webcheck	4*	.759	8,400	8,000	-	59,27	-	39,380	-	29,880	14,320 13,778	4.055
		<u> </u>	· · · · ·		-	-			-			4,055
Total Operating and Capital Grants and Contribution	2,765	<u> </u>	1,084,061	1,406,121	2,674,201	1,657,09		2,436,689	951,967	539,880	654,643	4,219,892
Total Business-Type Revenues	31,598	<u> </u>	31,822,382	31,372,245	31,734,438	30,918,61		31,438,281	29,151,288	26,722,491	26,064,031	27,275,763
Total Primary Government Program Revenue	\$ 195,635	,737 \$	198,666,174 \$	188,650,290 \$	183,970,410	\$ 176,512,21	2 \$	173,963,119	\$ 181,693,482	\$ 166,085,873	\$ 167,722,345	\$ 172,110,325

(continued)

S2

Changes in Net Position - Primary Government ı Years

1	Last	1	en	

S3

Expenses	2022	2021	2020	2019	<u>2018</u>	2017	2016	2015	<u>2014</u>	2013
Primary Government - Governmental Expenses:										
General Government:										
Legislative and Executive	\$ 35,968,386		33,828,974	36,511,382	\$ 30,503,830	\$ 28,296,134 \$	\$ 30,036,781	\$ 28,211,176	\$ 29,878,817	
Judicial	14,635,542	9,868,294	18,005,134	20,018,104	18,905,584	19,105,073	17,153,700	16,924,005	16,811,429	16,307,480
Public Safety	38,198,927	23,863,417	46,465,310	51,239,774	44,800,820	43,830,995	38,436,391	33,410,168	28,867,341	28,923,865
Public Works	31,627,978	21,421,269	30,183,951	24,679,858	26,123,487	28,611,333	23,137,045	24,495,192	24,734,079	24,306,962
Health	77,807,157	66,330,635	75,636,987	83,019,519	81,372,905	83,988,790	79,957,016	83,135,296	82,758,053	81,242,868
Human Services	56,733,383	36,404,981	55,577,840	60,829,998	57,787,013	58,793,151	56,939,955	60,254,313	53,343,216	49,962,740
Interest and Fiscal Charges	428,410	466,893	518,116	1,635,757	743,493	150,296	166,944	191,168	211,834	237,871
Total Governmental Program Expenses Business-Type Expenses:	255,399,783	183,569,512	260,216,312	277,934,392	260,237,132	262,775,772	245,827,832	246,621,318	236,604,769	228,394,489
Sewer	23,818,476	22,695,660	26,307,182	27,090,947	25,927,515	26,780,716	20,659,280	21,168,737	20,264,731	21,435,575
Water	567,968	1,234,981	992,859	1,342,462	697,501	622,199	848,763	871,128	840,246	652,905
Molly							-	27,336	233	233
Sheriff's Webcheck	67,146	21,159	13,584	20,461	37,043	39,531	24,670	11,906	9,693	16.060
Auditor's License Bureau	07,140	21,159	15,504	20,401	57,045	57,551	24,070	-	44,565	403,397
Total Business-Type Expenses	24,453,590	23,951,800	27,313,625	28,453,870	26,662,059	27,442,446	21,532,713	22,079,107	21,159,468	22,508,170
Total - Primary Government Expenses	\$ 279,853,373	\$ 207,521,312 \$	287,529,937	306,388,262	\$ 286,899,191	\$ 290,218,218		\$ 268,700,425	\$ 257,764,237	\$ 250,902,659
Total - Trimary Government Expenses	<u> </u>	φ <u>207,521,512</u> φ	201,525,551	5 500,500,202	200,077,171	<u> </u>	201,500,545	\$ 200,700,425	\$ 237,704,237	<u> </u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activites	(91,363,032)	(16,725,720)	(102,938,267)	(125,698,420)	(114,643,531)	(120,250,934)	(93,285,638)	(107,257,936)	(94,946,455)	(83,559,927)
Business-Type Activities	7,145,396	7,870,582	4,058,620	3,280,568	4,256,552	3,995,835	7,618,575	4,643,384	4,904,563	4,767,593
Total Primary government net expense	(84,217,636)	(8,855,138)	(98,879,647)	(122,417,852)	(110,386,979)	(116,255,099)	(85,667,063)	(102,614,552)	(90,041,892)	(78,792,334)
General Revenues Governmental Revenues										
Property Taxes General Purposes	20,092,207	17,494,956	17,238,773	16,259,050	14,453,018	14,353,549	13,977,904	12,657,423	12.428.299	12,485,950
	33,778,375	33,515,235	33,215,530	31,064,641	30,109,778	29,865,904	29,338,193	28.309.379	27,770,824	27,722,491
Developmental Disabilities Emergency Services	53,778,375 611,885	33,515,235 715,174	33,215,530 637,847	600,921	30,109,778 584,757	29,865,904 580,540	29,338,193	28,309,379 554,030	27,770,824 544,151	543,446
6 5										
Mental Health	6,695,128	6,657,783	6,606,177	6,202,682	6,090,752	6,023,773	5,915,794	5,741,567	5,642,190	5,675,346
Children's Services	12,237,207	12,126,277	9,250,471	8,725,913	8,489,829	8,435,104	8,294,977	8,101,348	7,906,576	7,923,068
Sales and Use Taxes	41,329,059	39,517,492	34,112,712	34,157,188	33,685,014	33,471,814	33,503,984	32,906,197	32,091,842	29,876,377
Other Local Taxes	3,711,964	3,107,660	1,897,020	3,168,778	-	-		-	-	-
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	17,748,518	13,108,297	11,001,001	11,139,550	10,813,208	9,796,959	9,593,479	8,875,245	8,776,193	7,735,363
Gain on Sale of Capital Asset	-			-	19,187	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	245,630	224,346	213,357	215,917	167,389					
Investment Earnings	(7,680,099)	286,217	2,623,307	5,961,449	2,754,745	1,594,463	1,638,767	1,042,676	931,681	541,889
Miscellaneous	5,185,256	4,906,836	6,231,204	4,549,952	4,935,078	3,867,357	5,591,998	9,897,609	4,515,939	5,538,395
Total Governmental Revenues	133,955,130	131,660,273	123,027,399	122,046,041	112,102,755	107,989,463	108,426,848	108,085,474	100,607,695	98,042,325
Business-Type Revenues										
Gain on Capital Assets	-	-	14,370	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	549,060	188,942	190,190	150,763	231,611	128,662	138,905	47,019	42,466	42,805
Total Business-Type Revenues	549,060	188,942	204,560	150,763	231,611	128,662	138,905	47,019	42,466	42,805
Transfers	288,580	212,501	-		-	(342,174)	-			
Total General Revenues and Transfers	134,792,770	131,849,215	123,231,959	122,196,804	112,334,366	108,118,125	108,565,753	108,132,493	100,650,161	98,085,130
Special Item	(2,845,566)	<u> </u>			-	·	-			
Total General Revenues, Special Item and Transfers	131,947,204	131,849,215	123,231,959	122,196,804	112,334,366	108,118,125	108,565,753	108,132,493	100,650,161	98,085,130
Transfers	(288,580)	(212,501)				342,174				
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities	\$ 42,303,518	\$ 114,722,052 \$	20,089,132	(3,652,379)	\$ (2,540,776)	\$ (11,919,297) \$	\$ 15,141,210	\$ 827,538	\$ 5,661,240	\$ 14,482,398
Business-Type Activities	5,137,470	8,272,025	4,263,180	3,431,331	4,488,163	3,782,323	7,757,480	4,690,403	4,947,029	4,810,398
Total Primary Government	\$ 47,440,988	\$ 122,994,077 \$	24,352,312	<u>5,451,551</u> 5 (221,048)	\$ 1,947,387	\$ (8,136,974) \$	\$ 22,898,690	\$ 5,517,941	\$ 10,608,269	\$ 19,292,796

Source: Stark County Auditor

STARK COUNTY, OHIO *Fund Balances - Governmental Funds*

Last Ten Years

Fund Balances General Fund		2022	2021			<u>2020</u>		2019	2018-Restated			
Nonspendable	\$	3,144,782	\$	2,706,940	\$	2,541,109	\$	2,347,650	\$	2,006,979		
Committed		5,590,295		5,884,098		5,273,023		5,503,586		4,908,358		
Assigned		3,502,243		2,996,639		3,116,372		4,349,668		3,416,602		
Unassigned		22,603,302		26,457,818		20,140,652		18,986,219		14,031,137		
Total General Fund Balances	\$	34,840,622	\$	38,045,495	\$	31,071,156	\$	31,187,123	\$	24,363,076		
Other Governmental Funds												
Nonspendable	\$	2,474,560	\$	2,156,815	\$	2,107,067	\$	2,117,431	\$	2,267,074		
Restricted		187,662,795		181,936,074		155,172,312		129,601,290		123,469,317		
Committed		15,522,657		13,011,444		12,738,602		11,767,991		9,184,182		
Assigned		6,775		6,775		6,775		6,775		6,775		
Unassigned		(18,533)		(49,003)		(53,898)		(17,935)		(77,775)		
Total Other Governmental Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	205,648,254	<u>\$</u>	197,062,105	<u>\$</u>	169,970,858	<u>\$</u>	143,475,552	<u>\$</u>	134,849,573		

(continued)

Source: Stark County Auditor Note: Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, in 2013 - 2022, the Certificate of Title,

Real Estate Prepayment and Recorder's Equipment funds are included with the General fund on a GAAP basis.

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
\$	1,880,719	\$ 1,449,912	\$ 1,254,896	\$ 1,317,935	\$ 1,398,036	
	3,786,832	3,024,704	2,502,206	1,703,979	1,100,153	
	8,933,840	3,573,713	4,905,509	2,681,124	4,404,094	
	7,145,025	 8,631,302	 8,463,295	 11,289,505	 11,308,056	
<u>\$</u>	21,746,416	\$ 16,679,631	\$ 17,125,906	\$ 16,992,543	\$ 18,210,339	
\$	1,957,478	\$ 2,260,794	\$ 2,163,546	\$ 2,676,051	\$ 1,981,377	
	119,238,169	111,194,025	104,521,652	107,138,021	101,514,442	
	6,508,123	6,747,674	5,126,179	3,311,145	2,579,427	
	6,775	6,775	6,775	-	6,775	
	(3,141,066)	 (185,446)	 (493,465)	 (456,223)	 (193,581)	
\$	124,569,479	\$ 120,023,822	\$ 111,324,687	\$ 112,668,994	\$ 105,888,440	

Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

Revenues	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018-Restated
Property and Other Local Taxes			\$ <u>64,808,582</u>		\$ 60,171,117
Permissive Sales Tax	41,232,069	39,106,436	34,165,349	34,030,056	33,501,421
Other Local Taxes	3,711,964	3,107,660	1,897,020	3,168,778	
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	245,630	224,346	213,357	215,917	167,389
Charges for Services	34,878,666	35,455,438	31,751,958	31,911,767	32,669,438
Licenses and Permits	361,606	593,267	477,497	392,782	377,027
Fines and Forfeitures	933,022	864,365	861,640	868,179	1,129,705
Intergovernmental	142,125,140	134,400,353	134,310,407	134,345,652	120,737,449
Special Assessments	388,627	339,136	359,636	376,573	399,171
Interest	(7,612,122)	292,846	2,628,930	5,974,492	2,764,180
Rent	658,115	721,813	749,822	433,761	451,551
Other	5,189,083	4,899,494	5,862,304	4,830,587	4,458,331
Total Revenues	294,050,291	288,495,965	278,086,502	279,505,827	256,826,779
		200,190,900			
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government:					
Legislative and Executive	37,619,962	31,527,072	32,755,963	33,895,467	29,461,132
Judicial	18,816,030	18,049,284	17,974,652	17,525,270	17,256,118
Public Safety	47,406,094	45,823,649	42,530,572	42,048,835	39,493,419
Public Works	28,137,622	19,347,609	18,694,724	19,539,639	17,400,704
Health	83,215,369	78,238,347	74,200,663	79,110,411	80,353,536
Human Services	64,210,815	54,653,167	53,519,725	53,641,926	53,915,273
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	8,745,776	8,935,784	10,554,360	15,305,051	11,972,160
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	1,748,270	1,714,657	1,566,935	1,737,495	12,596,006
Interest and Fiscal Charges	428,410	466,895	518,116	1,635,756	743,493
Total Expenditures	290,328,348	258,756,464	252,315,710	264,439,850	263,191,841
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	3,721,943	29,739,501	25,770,792	15,065,977	(6,365,062)
	- ,- ,		- ,,	- , ,	(), , ,
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	6,556,000	10,791,704	6,646,431	6,831,868	6,886,362
Proceeds from Loans	1,456,702	-	608,547	347,273	466,066
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	202,631	75,712	-	36,776	37,266
Inception of Capital Lease	-	-	-	-	-
General Obligation Bonds Issued	-	-	-	-	15,170,000
Transfers Out	(6,556,000)	(6,541,331)	(6,646,431)	(6,831,868)	(6,886,362)
Proceeds of Bond Anticipation Notes	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on Debt Issued	-	-			196,112
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,659,333	4,326,085	608,547	384,049	15,869,444
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ 5,381,276</u>	<u>\$ 34,065,586</u>	<u>\$ 26,379,339</u>	<u>\$ 15,450,026</u>	<u>\$ 9,504,382</u>
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	0.80%	0.91%	0.86%	1.41%	5.39% (continued)
Source: Stark County Auditor					(continued)

Source: Stark County Auditor

\$	<u>2017</u> 59,510,453 33,596,246	\$ <u>2016</u> \$ 58,244,262 33,528,718	\$	2015 55,217,131 32,751,360	\$	<u>2014</u> 54,129,365 31,979,828	\$	<u>2013</u> 53,625,012 29,680,931
								- 29,000,991
	-	-		-		-		-
	32,656,691	28,639,427		27,730,525		27,182,526		27,278,072
	457,098	299,185		251,894		233,296		314,850
	882,709	927,782		1,055,664		1,148,721		1,135,947
	119,630,628	126,895,115		119,429,871		122,703,405		121,185,821
	454,108	510,596		620,236		600,451		618,987
	1,599,591	1,641,268		1,043,176		931,834		542,138
	371,971	320,208		315,833		550,887		467,689
	3,949,886	5,573,051		9,902,979		4,300,640		5,771,905
	253,109,381	256,579,612		248,318,669		243,760,953		240,621,352
	20 217 102	21 272 762		20.044.119		20.002.224		27 254 771
	30,317,103 17,510,744	31,373,763 16,550,976		30,944,118 16,978,858		30,002,334 17,034,234		27,254,771 16,310,522
	37,358,004	36,145,293		31,904,263		28,706,948		27,442,927
	18,407,971	16,712,943		18,567,706		17,767,151		19,500,169
	82,787,301	78,843,112		83,414,868		82,613,279		80,428,676
	53,792,337	56,989,106		59,566,352		54,167,000		49,892,891
		50,707,100		57,500,552		238,734		49,092,091
	16,099,052	10,979,920		7,474,888		7,296,981		10,883,976
	569,764	604,615		1,220,281		1,046,191		1,298,678
	150,294	166,944		191,168		211,834		237,871
	256,992,570	248,366,672		250,262,502		239,084,686		233,250,481
	(3,883,189)	8,212,940		(1,943,833)		4,676,267		7,370,871
	2,734,574	3,500,000		4,070,000		2,350,000		1,880,000
	1,043,489	-		-		600,000		172,408
	109,968	39,920		136,345		286,491		76,901
	-	-		523,846		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-
	(2,392,400)	(3,500,000)		(4,070,000)		(2,350,000)		(1,880,000)
	12,000,000	-		-		-		-
	-			-		-		-
	13,495,631	39,920		660,191		886,491		249,309
<u>\$</u>	9,612,442	<u>\$ 8,252,860</u>	<u>\$</u>	(1,283,642)	<u>\$</u>	5,562,758	<u>\$</u>	7,620,180
	0.30%	0.34%		0.60%		0.56%		0.69%

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

			Real F	rope	rty		Public Utili	ty Pı	roperty	Tangible Per	rso	onal Property	Totals					
		Estimated					Estimated			Direct Tax Rate								
	Year	А	ssessed Value	A	ctual Value (1)	А	ssessed Value	А	ctual Value (1)	Assessed Value		Actual Value (1)	А	ssessed Value		Actual Value	Ratio	(2)
	2022	\$	9,174,972,200	\$	26,214,206,286	\$	905,442,370	\$	3,621,769,480	\$ -		\$ -	\$	10,080,414,570	\$	29,835,975,766	33.8	11.50
	2021		7,904,176,270		22,583,360,771		892,668,820		3,570,675,280	-		-		8,796,845,090		26,154,036,051	33.6	11.50
	2020		7,829,168,510		22,369,052,886		859,605,980		3,438,423,920	-		-		8,688,774,490		25,807,476,806	33.7	11.50
	2019		7,763,422,250		22,181,206,429		569,538,660		2,278,154,640	-		-		8,332,960,910		24,459,361,069	34.1	11.50
	2018		6,951,967,970		19,862,765,629		504,844,520		2,019,378,080	-		-		7,456,812,490		21,882,143,709	34.1	11.50
2	2017		6,847,653,240		19,564,723,543		471,435,540		1,885,742,160	-		-		7,319,088,780		21,450,465,703	34.1	11.50
0	2016		6,765,180,760		19,329,087,886		422,157,620		1,688,630,480	-		-		7,187,338,380		21,017,718,366	34.2	11.50
	2015		6,211,234,220		17,746,383,486		353,274,020		1,413,096,080	-		-		6,564,508,240		19,159,479,566	34.3	11.50
	2014		6,161,391,460		17,603,975,600		322,739,610		1,290,958,440	-		-		6,484,131,070		18,894,934,040	34.3	11.50
	2013		6,102,068,950		17,434,482,714		326,437,220		1,169,600,560	-		-		6,428,506,170		18,604,083,274	34.6	11.50

Note: The percentage for all real property was 35%, for public utility property was 25%,

and for tangible personal property inventory, machinery and equipment, 0%;

local telephone company property placed into use after 1995 and all long distance and cellular property, 10%; telephone company legacy property, 10%

(1) This amount is calculated by dividing the assessed value by the assessment percentage.

(2) The total direct tax rate is per \$1,000 of assessed value. Source: Stark County Auditor

Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
County Units										
General Fund	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20
Board of Developmental Disabilities	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80
Mental Health (648 Board)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
9-1-1 System	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Children's Services	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40
Total County Rate	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50
Total County Rate	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50
Townships										
Bethlehem	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Bethlehem - Navarre Village	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Canton	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	11.10	11.10	8.10
Canton - Canton City	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	6.10
Canton - Meyers Lake Village	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	6.10
Jackson	20.25	20.25	20.25	20.25	19.25	19.25	19.25	17.75	16.50	15.50
Jackson - Hills & Dales Village	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	10.30	10.30	9.30
Lake	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Lake - Uniontown Police District	21.30	21.30	21.30	21.30	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80
Lake - Hartville Village	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Lawrence	16.15	17.55	17.55	16.05	16.05	16.05	16.05	16.05	15.05	13.80
Lawrence - Canal Fulton City	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Lexington	11.85	11.85	11.85	11.85	11.10	11.10	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.10
Lexington - Limaville Village	-	-	-	6.95	6.20	6.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20
Marlboro	12.30	12.30	12.30	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.25	9.25	9.25
Nimishillen	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Nimishillen - Louisville City	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Osnaburg	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40
Osnaburg - Canton City	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40
Osnaburg - East Canton Village	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40
Paris	4.60	4.60	2.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	5.00
Paris - Minerva Village	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	1.20
Perry	16.89	16.89	16.89	16.89	16.89	16.89	16.89	14.89	12.15	12.15
Perry - Canton City	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	6.00	5.00	5.00
Perry - Massillon City	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	6.00	5.00	5.00
Perry - Navarre Village	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	6.00	5.00	5.00
Pike	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60
Pike - East Sparta Village	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60 17.95	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Plain Plain Conton City	18.95	17.95	17.95	17.95	17.95		15.95	13.95	12.45	12.45
Plain - Canton City Plain - North Canton City	$1.10 \\ 1.10$	$0.10 \\ 0.10$	$0.10 \\ 0.10$	$0.10 \\ 0.10$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.10\\ 0.10\end{array}$	0.10 0.10	0.10 0.10	$\begin{array}{c} 0.10\\ 0.10\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.10\\ 0.10\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.10\\ 0.10\end{array}$
Plain - Meyers Lake Village	1.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
	2.60	2.60		2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60
Sandy Sandy - Magnolia Village	2.60	0.60	$2.60 \\ 0.60$	0.60	2.60 0.60	2.60 0.60	2.60	2.60	0.60	2.60
Sandy - Waynesburg Village	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Sugarcreek	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20
Sugarcreek - Beach City Village	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Sugarcreek - Brewster Village	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Sugarcreek - Wilmot Village	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Tuscarawas	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70
Washington	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Washington - Alliance City	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10
and the second	5.05	5.05	5.05	5.05	5.05	5.10	5.10	5.10		ontinued)
									(00	

Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
School Districts										
Alliance CSD	58.70	60.10	59.80	60.00	61.10	61.20	61.60	62.20	62.10	62.10
Brown LSD	49.15 82.70	49.15	51.50	51.50	51.50	50.80	50.80	50.70	50.70	43.50 77.90
Canton CSD Canton LSD	82.70 54.20	80.00 54.60	72.00 55.60	73.20 55.80	75.80 56.10	75.80 55.90	76.40 55.80	80.90 57.90	77.90 58.10	50.10
Fairless LSD	44.50	45.80	45.10	46.60	48.60	48.70	49.00	50.70	50.60	50.30
Jackson LSD	46.50	47.80	48.10	49.20	51.40	51.50	52.00	53.10	53.20	53.40
Lake LSD	74.80	76.10	75.90	76.50	77.10	76.90	76.70	71.70	71.70	71.70
Louisville CSD	62.20	57.80	58.40	58.20	58.70	59.50	59.60	60.70	60.70	55.40
Marlington LSD	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90
Massillon CSD	52.10	54.00	53.50	53.10	55.30	55.80	56.00	57.00	57.10	56.70
Minerva LSD	41.70	43.50	40.00	42.60	43.60	43.70	44.00	44.90	45.20	45.20
North Canton CSD	86.90	86.60	83.10	85.10	78.70	78.70	78.70	78.80	78.80	76.40
Northwest LSD Osnaburg LSD	51.40 62.10	52.40 62.40	53.30 61.90	54.40 62.20	55.00 63.40	55.10 63.40	55.20 63.80	56.00 64.20	56.00 64.20	56.10 64.20
Perry LSD	53.00	52.20	47.00	47.00	47.80	47.90	48.30	49.10	49.20	49.20
Plain LSD	62.60	63.00	62.80	62.80	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.60	63.60	63.40
Sandy Valley LSD	46.00	46.40	46.00	46.80	48.40	48.60	48.90	50.40	50.50	50.80
Southeast LSD	46.00	46.50	46.50	48.25	49.20	49.55	49.95	50.25	51.35	51.35
Tuscarawas Valley LSD	35.30	35.30	35.60	40.30	42.60	42.60	44.00	44.60	35.80	35.90
Tuslaw LSD	61.60	62.40	62.60	62.70	64.30	64.70	65.10	65.80	66.00	66.00
Joint Vocational Schools										
Buckeye JVSD	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80
Stark County Area JVSD	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Wayne County JVSD	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.85	4.85	4.85	4.85	4.85
<u>Cities</u> Alliance	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Canal Fulton	$7.00 \\ 4.40$	4.60	$7.00 \\ 4.60$	4.60	$4.00 \\ 4.70$	4.60	4.00 3.60	4.00 3.80	4.00 4.10	4.00 3.80
Canton	4.40 8.40	4.00	4.00 8.40	4.00 8.40	4.70 8.40	4.00 8.40	7.40	5.80 7.40	7.40	3.80
Louisville	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80
Massillon	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.70
North Canton	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40
Villages										
Beach City	14.80	14.80	14.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80
Brewster	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80
East Canton	8.90	8.90	8.90	8.90	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30
East Sparta Hartville	18.90 8.05	18.90 8.05	21.90 8.05	21.90 7.05	21.90 7.05	21.90 7.05	18.90 7.05	18.90 7.05	18.90 7.05	18.90 7.05
Hills & Dales	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	20.50	20.50
Limaville	-	-	-	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90
Magnolia	20.90	20.90	25.90	25.90	25.90	25.90	25.90	20.90	20.90	20.90
Meyers Lake	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	2.80	2.80
Minerva	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	7.30	7.30	6.30	6.30	6.30
Navarre	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
Waynesburg	15.40	15.40	15.40	15.40	15.40	15.40	20.40	20.40	20.40	20.40
Wilmot	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80
Special Districts							1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Canton Joint Recreational District	1.00	-	1.00	1.00	- 1.00	1.00	1.00	$1.00 \\ 1.00$	1.00	$1.00 \\ 1.00$
County Parks Canal Fulton Public Library	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	$1.00 \\ 2.00$	2.00	$1.00 \\ 1.00$	1.00
Louisville Public Library	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Massillon Public Library	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90
Mohawk Valley Joint Fire District	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	-	-	-
Navarre Bethlehem Joint Fire District	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	-	-	-	-
North Canton Public Library	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Rodman Public Library	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Stark County District Library	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70
Quad Ambulance District	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Tri-Division Ambulance District Sandy Creek Joint Fire District	5.50 7.00	5.50 7.00	5.50 4.00	5.50 4.00	$5.50 \\ 4.00$	$4.00 \\ 4.00$	$4.00 \\ 4.00$	$4.00 \\ 4.00$	$4.00 \\ 4.00$	$4.00 \\ 4.00$
Sandy Creek John File District	7.00	7.00	4 .00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00

Source: Stark County Auditor

Property Tax Levies and Collections Real and Public Utility Taxes Last Ten Years

Year	C	Current Tax Levy	То	tal Adjusted Levy	urrent Tax llections (1)	cent ected		elinquent Tax lections (2)	(Total Tax Collections	Co to 4	rcent of llections Adjusted ax Levy	i I	Dutstanding Delinquent Taxes (2)	Perce Delinque to Cu Tax I	nt Taxes rrent
2022	\$	80,231,877	\$	82,498,468	\$ 76,884,627	 95.83	%	\$ 2,266,591	\$	79,151,218		95.94	%	\$ 9,780,438		12.19 %
2021		76,977,509		79,117,651	73,423,815	95.38		2,140,142		75,563,957		95.51		7,091,270		9.21
2020		74,363,172		76,438,636	70,617,442	94.96		2,075,464		72,692,906		95.10		8,756,938		11.78
2019		70,490,177		72,657,786	68,693,313	97.45		2,167,609		70,860,923		97.53		7,484,362		10.62
2018		67,549,436		69,521,419	66,125,499	97.89		1,971,983		68,097,481		97.95		6,268,843		9.28
2017		66,500,652		68,928,917	65,030,666	97.79		2,428,265		67,458,931		97.87		6,654,717		10.01
2016		65,268,507		67,496,252	63,830,082	97.80		2,227,745		66,057,827		97.87		6,956,177		10.66
2015		62,795,838		65,015,657	61,105,609	97.31		2,219,819		63,325,428		97.40		6,980,108		11.12
2014		62,011,496		64,231,784	59,750,739	96.35		2,220,288		61,971,027		96.48		6,675,713		10.77
2013		61,145,678		63,431,220	59,399,047	97.14		2,285,542		61,684,589		97.25		6,710,250		10.97

(1) State Reimbursement of Rollback and Homestead Exemptions are included.

(2) Penalties and interest are included, since by Ohio Law they become part of the tax obligation as assessment occurs.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Tangible Personal Property Taxes Last Ten Years

	Year	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Collections to Current Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Current Tax Levy
	2022	\$ -	\$ -	0.00 %	\$ -	\$ -	0.00 %	\$ 295,597	0.00 %
	2021	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
	2020	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
	2019	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
S12	2018	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
2	2017	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
	2016	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
	2015	-	-	0.00	540	540	0.00	295,597	0.00
	2014	-	-	0.00	25,437	25,437	0.00	295,857	0.00
	2013	-	-	0.00	1,005	1,005	0.00	314,391	0.00

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS REAL ESTATE TAX CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

20.	22
Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
	0.000/
	0.23%
	0.20%
	0.19%
	0.17%
	0.14%
	0.13%
	0.13%
	0.12%
	0.12%
10,858,660	0.11%
\$ 154,264,950	1.53%
\$ 10,080,414,570	
Taxable Assessed	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Value	Assessed value
\$ 18,297,460	0.29%
17,685,550	0.28%
16,371,430	0.25%
10,810,020	0.17%
8,334,160	0.13%
7,688,560	0.12%
7,066,130	0.11%
6,630,130	0.10%
6,556,500	0.10%
4,983,860	0.08%
\$ 104,423,800	1.63%
	Assessed Value \$ 22,886,360 19,707,860 19,075,330 16,781,270 14,186,070 13,591,360 12,966,750 12,168,360 12,042,930 10,858,660 \$ 154,264,950 \$ 10,080,414,570 201 Taxable Assessed Value \$ 18,297,460 17,685,550 16,371,430 10,810,020 8,334,160 7,688,560 7,066,130 6,630,130 6,556,500

2022

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS PUBLIC UTILITY TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	 202	2
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Ohio Power Company	\$ 269,460,470	2.67%
Rover Pipeline LLC	150,620,930	1.49%
AEP Ohio Transmission Company Inc	136,095,960	1.35%
Nexus Gas Transmission, LLC	113,208,350	1.12%
East Ohio Gas	74,245,280	0.74%
American Transmission System Inc	65,993,880	0.65%
Ohio Edison	59,605,990	0.59%
Aqua Ohio Inc	36,518,150	0.36%
Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc	12,507,010	0.12%
Columbia Gas Transmission	 7,301,420	0.07%
Total	\$ 925,557,440	9.18%
Total County Assessed Valuation	\$ 10,080,414,570	

	20	013
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Ohio Power Company	\$ 172,598,860	2.68%
Ohio Edison	45,830,570	0.71%
Aqua Ohio Inc	32,491,960	0.51%
East Ohio Gas	28,234,290	0.44%
AEP Ohio Transmission Company Inc	14,931,210	0.23%
American Transmission Systems Inc	5,121,490	0.08%
Columbia Gas Transmission	2,028,550	0.03%
Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc	1,505,500	0.02%
Cleveland Electric Illuminating	755,920	0.01%
Northeast Ohio Natural Gas Corp	431,600	0.01%
Total	\$ 303,929,950	4.73%
Total County Assessed Valuation	\$ 6,428,506,170	

SALES TAX REVENUE BY INDUSTRY

CURRENT AND PREVIOUS YEAR

	 20	022			2021	
Industry	 Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total	 Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total
Motor Vehicles	\$ 6,608,705	1	17.80%	\$ 6,493,676	1	18.61%
General Merchandise Retailers	3,785,640	2	10.20%	3,740,144	2	10.72%
Building Material and Garden	3,666,682	3	9.88%	3,474,295	3	9.96%
Nonstore Retailers	3,475,778	4	9.36%	3,313,312	4	9.50%
Accommodation and Food Services	2,194,110	5	5.91%	1,863,770	5	5.34%
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	1,808,147	6	4.87%	1,565,925	7	4.49%
Information	1,795,186	7	4.84%	1,684,806	6	4.83%
Wholesale Trade	1,345,877	8	3.63%	1,110,581	10	3.18%
Manufacturing	1,286,409	9	3.47%	-	-	0.00%
Real Estate, Rental and Leasing Property	 1,281,150	10	3.45%	 1,251,045	8	<u>3.59%</u>
Total	 27,247,684			 24,497,554		
Total County Sales Tax	\$ 37,123,222	:	73.40%	\$ 34,887,471		70.22%

Source: State Department of Taxation

Special Assessments Billed and Collected

Last Ten Years

Year	Special Assessments Billed	Special Assessments Collected	Percent Collected	Outstanding Delinquent (1)
2022	\$ 1,424,889	\$ 1,152,739	80.9%	165,374
2021	1,094,531	1,138,591	104.0%	159,620
2020	1,100,188	1,215,185	110.5%	155,832
2019	1,349,730	1,393,879	103.3%	136,823
2018	1,499,084	1,507,484	100.6%	146,640
2017	1,489,639	1,547,226	103.9%	162,779
2016	1,461,689	1,553,303	106.3%	174,818
2015	1,634,604	1,678,964	102.7%	168,718
2014	1,535,445	1,531,536	99.7%	160,794
2013	1,638,722	1,646,672	100.5%	170,601

(1) Outstanding delinquent assessments include accrued interest

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2022		2021	2020		2019		2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental Activities	\$ 1 110 522		1 417 540 \$	1 720 045	¢	2 057 900	¢	2 260 646	¢	2662777 \$	2065 544 \$	2 200 267 \$	2 7 29 5 10 \$	4 126 159
Special Assessment Bonds SIB Loan	\$ 1,110,522 \$	Þ	1,417,540 \$	1,730,945	э	2,057,899	Э	2,369,646	э	2,668,777 \$	2,965,544 \$	3,309,267 \$	3,728,519 \$ 504,274	4,136,158 993,753
General Obligation Bonds	10,585,000		11,775,000	12,925,000		14,055,000		15,170,000		-	-	-	-	-
OPWC Loan	6,009,146		4,803,696	5,054,948		4,556,382		4,418,487		4,151,215	3,285,825	3,454,899	3,613,973	3,163,046
Notes	-		-	-		-		-		12,000,000	-	-	-	-
Capital Leases	-		-	-		-		101,370		199,450	294,347	386,185	-	-
Business Type Activities														
General Obligation Bonds	2,664,477		3,022,459	3,364,052		3,697,098		4,010,353		4,307,667	5,797,969	7,571,313	9,269,130	10,888,560
OPWC Loan	239,349		282,451	368,655		474,820		580,995		687,170	832,198	661,980	616,095	482,717
OWDA Loans	637,100		1,073,262	1,345,693		1,505,737		2,242,084		3,105,991	4,036,547	5,154,544	6,326,953	7,549,027
Intergovernmental Loans	 15,380,371		48,465,807	52,150,920		56,603,265		57,981,655		41,405,404	10,921,058	12,388,433	13,893,672	15,417,236
Total Primary Government	\$ 36,625,965	5	70,840,215 \$	76,940,213	\$	82,950,201	\$	86,874,590	\$	68,525,674 \$	28,133,488 \$	32,926,621 \$	37,952,616 \$	42,630,497
Percentage of Personal Income (1)	0.19%		0.36%	0.42%		0.50%		0.51%		0.42%	0.17%	0.21%	0.25%	0.29%
Per Capita (2)	\$ 98.28	5	189.50 \$	207.97	\$	223.82	\$	233.80	\$	183.94 \$	74.91 \$	87.77 \$	101.01 \$	113.55
Percentage of actual value of taxable property (3)	0.12%		0.27%	0.30%		0.34%		0.40%		0.32%	0.13%	0.17%	0.20%	0.23%

 $\stackrel{\text{o}}{\vec{\gamma}} \; \frac{\text{Sources:}}{(1) \text{ Personal income is from the Demographic Statistics - Bureau of Economic Analysis} }$

(2) Population is from the Demographic Statistics - U.S. Bureau of the Census and

Ohio Department of Development, Office of Strategic Research

(3) Actual value from - Assessed and estimated actual value of taxable property - Stark County Auditor

Note: Business-type activities were restated as of January 1, 2013 to include intergovernmental loans. 2012 does not reflect this restatement.

(4) There was a \$31 million adjustment to intergovernmental loans due to a new agreement with the City of Canton effective 1/1/2022.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin - Current Year December 31, 2022

	Total Debt Limit (1)	Total Unvoted Debt Limit (2)
Assessed Value of County, Tax Year '21 Collection Year 2022	\$ 10,080,414,570	\$10,080,414,570
Debt Limitation	250,510,364	100,804,146
Total Outstanding Debt: General Obligation Bonds Special Assessment Bonds OWDA Loans OPWC Loans	13,249,477 1,110,522 637,100 6,248,495	13,249,477 1,110,522 637,100 6,248,495
Intergovernmental Loans	15,380,371	15,380,371
Total	36,625,965	36,625,965
Exemptions: General Obligation Bonds - Enterprise Special Assessment Bonds OWDA Loans OPWC Loans Intergovernmental Loans Total	13,249,477 1,110,522 637,100 6,248,495 15,380,371 36,625,965	$13,249,477 \\1,110,522 \\637,100 \\6,248,495 \\15,380,371 \\36,625,965$
Net Debt	_	-
Total Legal Debt Margin (Debt Limitation Minus Net Debt)	\$ 250,510,364	\$ 100,804,146
 (1) The Debt Limitation is calculated as follows: Three percent of first \$100,000,000 of assessed value 1 1/2 percent of next \$200,000,000 of assessed value 2 1/2 percent of amount of assessed value in excess of \$300),000,000	\$ 3,000,000 3,000,000 244,510,364
		<u>\$ 250,510,364</u>

(2) The Debt Limitation equals one percent of the assessed value.

(3) The Amount Available in the Debt Service Fund

is not listed as an exemption since all debt is exempt and including it would result in negative net debt.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Sources:

				Average			
				Unemployment		Pe	r Capita
		Median	School	Rate for	Personal	Р	ersonal
Year	Population (1)	Age (1)	Enrollment (2)	Stark County (3)	 Income (4)	Inc	come (4)
2022	372,657	42.1	52,306	4.0	\$ 19,536,915,882	\$	52,426
2021	373,834	42.1	52,690	5.2	19,598,621,284		52,426
2020	369,964	42.1	55,752	8.1	18,347,254,688		49,592
2019	370,606	41.0	59,181	4.6	16,727,672,416		45,136
2018	371,574	41.8	54,817	4.9	17,015,488,182		45,793
2017	372,542	41.0	56,152	5.2	16,467,269,128		44,202
2016	375,586	41.0	56,739	5.5	16,118,409,504		42,915
2015	375,165	41.0	57,558	5.3	15,631,400,132		41,665
2014	375,736	41.0	58,501	4.8	15,184,472,431		40,413
2013	375,432	40.5	59,098	6.8	14,659,117,872		39,046

(1) U.S. Bureau of the Census and Ohio Department of Development, Office of Strategic Research

(2) Stark County Educational Service Center

(3) Ohio Bureau of Employment Services

(4) 2013 -2021 personal income was calculated by multiplying population

and per capita personal income.

2014 per capita personal income was increased by 3.50 percent, 2015 per capita

personal income was increased by 3.10, 2016 per capita income was increased by 3.0 percent, and 2017 per capita income was increased by 2.7 percent consistent with the Bureau of Economic Analysis for 2013 to 2014 and 2014 to 2015 and 2016 to 2017.

3.6 percent increase for 2018.

Ohio percent change due to the unavailability of the local area data.

2019-2021 per capita personal income found on bea.gov (Bureau of Economic Analysis)

2022 per capita personal income not available until November 21, 2023 according to Bureau of Economic Analysis so the 2021 figure was used for 2022.

Principal Employers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022			2013	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
	(800	1	2.020/	5 000	1	2 800/
Aultman Health Foundations	6,800	1	3.92%	5,000	1	2.89%
TimkenSteel Corporation	2,659	2	1.53%	4,120	2	2.38%
Cleveland Clinic	2,421	3	1.40%	2,500	4	1.44%
County of Stark	2,136	4	1.23%	2,606	3	1.51%
Canton City Board of Education	1,702	5	0.98%	1,823	6	1.05%
Freshmark, Inc.	1,598	6	0.92%	1,700	7	0.98%
Walmart	1,204	7	0.69%	-	-	-
YMCA	850	8	0.49%	-	-	-
The Timken Company	809	9	0.47%	-	-	-
Stark State College	761	10	0.44%	1,123	8	0.65%
Diebold	-	-	-	1,900	5	1.10%
Alliance Community Hospital	-	-	-	953	9	0.55%
Republic Engineered Steels, Inc.	-	-	-	910	10	0.53%
Total	20,940		12.07%	22,635		13.08%
Total Employment within the County	173,500	=		173,100	=	

Source: Human Resources of Listed Companies

Note: The Timken Company split into TimkenSteel Corporation and The Timken Company in 2015. Mercy Medical Center became the Cleveland Clinic in 2021. Workshops, Inc. closed in 2022.

STARK COUNTY, OHIO *Government Employees by Function*

Last Ten Years

Primary Government:	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
General Government:										
Legislative and Executive	157	156	153	176	176	178	177	175	267	243
Judicial	301	337	320	366	366	369	322	313	277	260
Public Safety	304	320	303	316	318	309	422	403	321	333
Public Works	73	78	76	81	81	85	93	92	96	103
Health	430	425	409	459	457	544	562	621	648	679
Human Services	470	497	497	520	519	519	518	551	535	513
Proprietary:										
Sewer	89	81	79	82	84	79	81	80	75	78
Water	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
Fiduciary:										
Agency Funds	309	344	331	408	408	411	354	338	383	393
Total - Government Employees	2,136	2,241	2,172	2,411	2,412	2,497	2,532	2,577	2,606	2,606

Note: Poll workers were no longer paid from the payroll system as of 2020. The employee count was derived from the last pay of the fiscal year. Source: Stark County Auditor

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

Governmental Activities	2022	2021	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	2015	<u>2014</u>	2013
Legislative & Executive										
Commissioners - Number Official Meetings	108	111	100	118	127	139	152	143	159	160
Recorder - number of deeds recorded	15,379	16,564	15,975	15.324	15,465	13.697	13.005	15.123	12,499	12,979
Auditor - number of parcels billed	199,496	199,301	197,185	197,189	197,170	195,088	194,859	194,573	194,526	196,893
Auditor - number of warrants issued	43,268	43,567	41,207	46,143	43,963	44,988	45,788	45,738	42,961	44,193
Judicial										
Probate Court Cases	2,621	1,464	1,657	1,752	1,658	1,441	1,405	1,545	1,376	1,371
Public Safety (Sheriff)										
Number of Traffic Stops	4,599	5,429	3,353	7,061	6,503	5,952	5,156	6,087	8,254	5,471
Number of inmates	401	369	304	469	484	419	414	492	422	397
Public Works (Engineer)										
Roads Resurfaced (miles)	63	53	43	56	61	59	44	40	34	40
Bridges Repaired	1	3	4	5	5	6	7	5	3	5
Health										
Mental Health - People Served	20,360	21,591	22,323	22,536	20,949	20,552	19,316	18,580	16,732	16,294
SCBDD - People Served in Clinic	5,501	5,337	6,753	10,862	16,994	25,387	27,862	16,726	23,599	32,608
EMA, HAZMAT AND 911-People Served	372,657	369,922	369,964	375,586	371,574	375,586	375,586	375,165	375,736	375,432
Human Services (SCDJFS)										
Children in programs	459	349	350	336	345	391	361	400	513	438
Support Dollars Collected	\$ 52,522,495	\$ 59,059,545								
Number of Cases from Reports	2,684	2,892	2,762	3,129	3,063	3,506	2,892	2,572	2,778	3,135
Business Activities										
Sewer										
Connections	48,835	49.064	48,131	47.916	47,689	47,541	47.504	47.248	46.871	46.487
Miles	748	746	743	739	735	731	730	728	728	728
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Source: Stark County Departments

Capital Asset Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

Governmental Activities	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Legislative and Executive										
Commissioners Buildings	22	22	21	21	21	21	20	19	19	19
Public Safety										
Marked Vehicles	76	74	68	68	62	75	74	71	65	67
Public Works										
State Roads (in miles)	251	251	251	251	251	251	251	251	251	251
County Roads (in miles)	404	406	406	406	406	407	407	407	408	408
Township Roads (in miles)	1,319	1,320	1,320	1,317	1,317	1,315	1,314	1,313	1,314	1,314
Bridges	329	329	329	329	329	333	329	329	333	333
Health										
SCBDD Buildings	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	13
SCBDD Buses and Vans	69	71	72	71	78	87	98	104	107	107
Business Activities										
Sewer										
Number of Lift Stations	87	80	80	79	81	85	84	82	82	82
Total Lines (in miles)	748	746	743	739	734	731	730	728	728	728
Water	10	16	10	16	16	16	45	45	45	45
Total Lines (in miles)	48	46	46	46	46	46	45	45	45	45

Source: Stark County Departments



STARK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/8/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370