

## **REGULAR AUDIT**

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER

88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Village Council Village of Ashville 200 Station Street Ashville, OH 43103

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Ashville, Pickaway County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Ashville is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 14, 2023

This page intentionally left blank.

#### For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 Table of Contents

TITLE	Tuble of Contents	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report		1
Basic Financial Statements:		
	isbursements, and atory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types , 2022	4
Combined Statement of Receipts, D Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash For the Year Ended December 31		5
Combined Statement of Additions, I Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash For the Year Ended December 31		6
Notes to the Basic Financial Stateme For the Year Ended December 31	ents , 2022	7
	isbursements, and atory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types , 2021	
Combined Statement of Receipts, D Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash For the Year Ended December 31		19
Combined Statement of Additions, I Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash For the Year Ended December 31		20
Notes to the Basic Financial Stateme For the Year Ended December 31	ents , 2021	21
	ernal Control over Financial Reporting and on equired by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	32
Schedule of Findings		
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit F	indings	



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Ashville Pickaway County 200 Station Street Ashville, Ohio 43103

To the Village Council:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Unmodified and Adverse Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Ashville, Pickaway County, Ohio (the Village), which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village, as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, or the changes in financial position or, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

One East Campus View Blvd. Suite 300 • Columbus, OH 43235 • (614) 430-0590 • FAX (614) 448-4519 PO Box 875 • 129 Pinckney Street • Circleville, OH 43113 • (740) 474-5210 • FAX (740) 474-7319 PO Box 687 • 528 S. West Street • Piketon, OH 45661 • (740) 289-4131 • FAX (740) 289-3639

Village of Ashville Pickaway County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by Village on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Village of Ashville Pickaway County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
  period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2023, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group, Inc. Piketon, Ohio June 27, 2023

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 <b>Governmental Fund Types</b>			_	
	 General		Special Revenue	(M	Totals emorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:					
Property Taxes	\$ 200,819	\$	-	\$	200,819
Municipal Income Tax	1,740,132		-		1,740,132
Intergovernmental	335,284		311,042		646,326
Charges for Services	486,116		-		486,116
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	166,058		11,111		177,169
Earnings on Investments	2,180		503		2,683
Miscellaneous	 2,996		10,000		12,996
Total Cash Receipts	 2,933,585		332,656		3,266,241
Cash Disbursements: Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	982,577		600		983,177
Public Health Services	20,456		-		20,456
Leisure Time Activities	167,105		-		167,105
Community Environment	93,655		-		93,655
Basic Utility Services	514,983		-		514,983
Transportation	179,605		207,325		386,930
General Government	798,101		11,052		809,153
Debt Service:					
Redemption of Principal	3,889		16,054		19,943
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 606		566		1,172
Total Cash Disbursements	 2,760,977		235,597		2,996,574
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	172,608		97,059		269,667
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements):					
Other Financing Sources	14		-		14
Other Financing Uses	 (6,923)		-		(6,923)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	 (6,909)		<u> </u>		(6,909)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	165,699		97,059		262,758
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	 696,397		892,027		1,588,424
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 862,096	\$	989,086	\$	1,851,182

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	<b>Proprietary Fund Type</b>		
	1	Enterprise	
Operating Cash Receipts:			
Charges for Services	\$	1,793,475	
Fines, Licenses & Permits		630	
Total Operating Cash Receipts		1,794,105	
Operating Cash Disbursements		205 155	
Personal services		285,177 169,149	
Fringe benefits Contractual services		529,603	
Supplies and Materials		192,712	
Other		10,432	
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		1,187,073	
Operating Income (Loss)		607,032	
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursments)			
Intergovernmental		8,905	
Special Assessments		699	
Miscellaneous Receipts		100	
Capital Outlay		(588,363)	
Principal		(525,295)	
Interest		(79,494)	
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(1,183,448)	
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(576,416)	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		1,642,319	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	1,065,903	

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Fiduciary Fund Type
	Custodial
Additions Fines, Licenses and Permits for Distribution	174,070
Total Additions	174,070
<b>Deductions</b> Other Distributions	160,834
Total Deductions	160,834
Net Change in Fund Balances	13,236
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	90,771
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$104,007

#### **Note 1 – Reporting Entity**

The Village of Ashville (the Village), Pickaway County, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities, waste removal services, park operations, and police services. The Village contracts with Harrison Township to receive fire protection services.

#### Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations, Public Entity Risk Pools and Related Organizations

The Village participates in three jointly governed organizations, and a public entity risk pool. The Village participates in North Gate Alliance Cooperative Economic Development Agreement (CEDA), Northern Pickaway County Joint Economic Development District (JEDD), Madison Township Joint Economic Development District (JEDD), and the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM). Notes 6 and 11 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities.

North Gate Alliance Cooperative Economic Development Agreement (CEDA) – the Village Council approved an agreement with the Pickaway County Board of Commissioners, Harrison Township, and the Village of South Bloomfield to cooperate in creating and preserving jobs and employment opportunities, and to cooperate in including and fostering economic development. See Note 11 for further information.

Northern Pickaway County Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) – The Village Council approved formation of this JEDD with the City of Columbus and Harrison Township. The parties have entered into a contract to create and provide for the operation of the JEDD in accordance with Sections 715.72 through 715.83 of the Ohio Revised Code. See Note 11 for further information.

Madison Township Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) – The Village Council approved formation of this JEDD with the City of Columbus and Madison Township. The parties have entered into a contract to create and provide for the operation of the JEDD in accordance with Sections 715.72 through 715.83 of the Ohio Revised Code. See Note 11 for further information.

Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) - Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types and a combined statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) all fiduciary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

#### Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

*General Fund* The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

*Special Revenue Funds* These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

*Street Construction Maintenance and Repair* The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

*Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund* This fund receipts permissive motor vehicle tax money to maintain and repair roads that run through the village.

*Enterprise Funds* These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

*Water Fund* The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

*Sewer Fund* The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

*Storm Water Fund* This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing sewer services.

*Fiduciary Funds* Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds, investment trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement meeting certain criteria.

Custodial funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to report fiduciary activity that is not required to be reported in a trust fund. The Village's custodial fund accounts for Mayor's Court activity and to hold and disburse monies related to development within the Village.

For regulatory purposes, certain own source revenues are permitted to flow through clearing funds presented as custodial funds. The amounts distributed to the other funds of the entity are identified on the combined statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) all fiduciary fund types. Also, for regulatory purposes, certain deposits and clearing funds are permitted to be presented as custodial funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain custodial funds) be budgeted annually.

*Appropriations* Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

*Estimated Resources* Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

*Encumbrances* The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2022 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

#### Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

#### Leases

The Village is the lessee in a lease (as defined by GASB 87) related to equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

*Committed* Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

*Assigned* Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 12.

#### Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2022 follows:

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts						
Budgeted Actual						
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance			
General	\$2,732,260	\$2,933,599	\$201,339			
Special Revenue	524,625	332,656	(191,969)			
Enterprise	1,976,540	1,803,809	(172,731)			
Fiduciary	208,092	174,070	(34,022)			
Total	\$5,441,517	\$5,244,134	(\$197,383)			

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures				
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance	
General	\$3,913,761	\$2,796,368	\$1,117,393	
Special Revenue	921,199	254,790	666,409	
Enterprise	3,532,816	2,380,225	1,152,591	
Fiduciary	260,938	160,834	100,104	
Total	\$8,628,714	\$5,592,217	\$3,036,497	

#### Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

	2022
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$3,021,092
Total deposits	3,021,092
Total carrying amount of deposits and investments held in the Pool (ties to FS)	3,021,092

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statement reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2022, the village did not have any unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

#### Deposits

Deposits are collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

At December 31, 2022, \$0 of deposits were not insured or collateralized.

#### Note 5 – Taxes

#### **Property Taxes**

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village. Income tax collections are processed by the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA). RITA collects the income tax on-behalf of the Village and remits it to the Village. The tax payments received from RITA are recorded in the accompanying financial statements as municipal income tax receipts.

Employers within the Village and the employers of Village residents withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

#### Note 6 – Risk Management

The Government belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

Effective November 1, 2010 (through October 31, 2017), the corridor is for losses paid is between 60% and 70% of casualty premiums earned in the first \$250,000. Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM elected to participate in a property loss corridor deductible. The property corridor includes losses paid between 70% and 75%. In 2018, the casualty loss corridor was eliminated and the property corridor was adjusted to losses paid between 65% and 70%. Effective November 1, 2019, the property loss corridor was adjusted to losses between 60% and 67.5% and remain unchanged effective November 1, 2022 and November 1, 2020. OPRM had 769 members as of December 31, 2021.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2021.

Assets	\$ 21,777,439
Liabilities	(15,037,383)
Members' Equity	<u>\$ 6,740,056</u>

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

#### **Commercial Insurance**

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

The Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

#### **Ohio Police and Fire Retirement System**

The Village's full-time Police Officers belong to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25 percent of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.5 percent of full-time police members' wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

#### Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2022. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2022. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F was placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

#### Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
OWDA Loan #7256	\$11,398,009	0.48%
OWDA Loan #7546 (Part A)	\$937,641	1.14%
OWDA Loan #7546 (Part B)	\$38,310	1.715
OPWC Loan #CT82P	\$71,156	0%
OPWC Loan #CT73N	\$174,939	0%
OPWC Loan #CQ39T	\$433,233	0%
The Savings Bank - Seawge System	\$138,136	3.75%
The Savings Bank - Service Department Trucks	\$6,660	3.25%
Gordon Flesch	\$3,228	11.38%
Total	\$13,201,312	

Above you will see that the Village has three loans outstanding with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for the construction of the Waste Water Treatment Plant (WWTP), which will be repaid over 30 years. The next three loans are to the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) with one for the construction of the WWTP and two for street and railroad crossing improvements. The loans will be repaid over 30, 20 and 20 years, respectively. The first Savings Bank loan is a low-rate 15-year loan obtained by the Village in 2011 to retire higher rate issued FmHA mortgage revenue bonds. The Village obtained a five-year loan from The Savings Bank in 2018 for two Service Dept. trucks. In 2022 the Village leased a copier from Gordon Flesch to be repaid over two years.

#### Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending		Service Department		OPWC	OPWC	OPWC	OWDA#7456	
December 31:	Sewage System	Trucks	Gordon Flesch	#CQ39T	#CT82P	#CT73N	(A&B)	OWDA#7526
2023	\$37,279	\$5,680	\$3,432	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2024	37,279	0	858	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2025	37,279	0	0	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2026	37,279	0	0	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2027	0	0	0	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2028-2032	0	0	0	83,310	26,480	56,430	221,685	2,421,845
2033-2037	0	0	0	83,310	18,196	56,430	221,685	2,421,845
2038-2042	0	0	0	83,310	0	5,649	221,685	2,421,845
2043-2047	0	0	0	83,310	0	0	221,685	2,421,845
2048-2052	0	0	0	16,683	0	0	44,337	242,185
Total	\$149,116	\$5,680	\$4,290	\$433,233	\$71,156	\$174,939	\$1,152,762	\$12,351,410

#### Note 10 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

#### Note 11 – Jointly Governed Organizations

North Gate Alliance Co-operative Economic Development Agreement (CEDA) – The CEDA agreement addresses the issues of utility services, annexation, road maintenance, fire and emergency service, and joint planning in the CEDA area, which includes the Village. The North Gate Alliance CEDA also provides for the sharing of income tax on any new businesses locating in the agreement area.

Northern Pickaway County Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) – this JEDD was created to facilitate economic development to create or preserve jobs and employment opportunities and to improve the economic welfare of the people in the State of Ohio, Pickaway County, the Village, the City of Columbus, and Harrison Township. The contracting parties have previously contributed an aggregate amount of \$18,468 to pay initial formation, administration and other costs related to the District. The Village did not contribute funds to the formation of the District, but agreed to the annexation moratorium described below. A Board of Directors has been established, which includes one member representing Columbus, one representing Harrison Township, and one member selected by the two members described above.

The Board shall adopt bylaws and procedures for the regulations of the affairs of the Board and the conduct of business of the Board consistent with the Contract including the election of Board officers, the holdings and conducting of regular and special meetings, obtaining fiduciary bonds in connection with the Board's duties, the appropriations procedures to provide for payment of the expenses of the District and distribution of income tax revenues pursuant to the Contract, and the purchasing of goods and services and the making of capital improvements. The District's fiscal year is a calendar year, and the Board adopts an annual budget.

Overriding the JEDD agreement is an Annexation Moratorium Agreement (the "Agreement") dated August 30, 2007 by and among the City of Columbus, Ohio ("Columbus"), the Village, the Village of South Bloomfield, Ohio ("South Bloomfield"), and Harrison Township. This agreement established a 50 year moratorium on annexation of an area of land bounded by Harrison Township line in the east, the Scioto River in the west and Duvall Road in the south by any of the municipalities that are a party to the agreement.

Madison Township Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) - this JEDD was created to facilitate economic development to create or preserve jobs and employment opportunities and to improve the economic welfare of the people in the State of Ohio, Pickaway County, the Village, the City of Columbus, and Madison Township. A Board of Directors has been established, which includes one member representing Columbus, one representing Madison Township, and one member selected by the other two members described above. The Board shall adopt bylaws and procedures for the regulations of the affairs of the Board and the conduct of business of the Board consistent with the Contract including the election of Board officers, the holdings and conducting of regular and special meetings, obtaining fiduciary bonds in connection with the Board's duties, the appropriations procedures to provide for payment of the expenses of the District and distribution of income tax revenues pursuant to the Contract, and the purchasing of goods and services and the making of capital improvements. The District's fiscal year shall be the calendar year. The Board shall adopt an annual budget for the District.

#### Note 12 – Fund Balances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

		Special	
Fund Balances	General	Revenue	Total
Outstanding Encumbrances	28,468	19,193	47,661
Total	\$28,468	\$19,193	\$47,661

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

#### Note 13 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2022 while the national state of emergency continues. During 2022, the Village received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

# THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Government	_	
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property Taxes	\$ 208,222	\$ -	\$ 208,222
Municipal Income Tax	1,560,085	-	1,560,085
Intergovernmental	82,664	544,314	626,978
Charges for Services	406,631	-	406,631
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	123,477	14,400	137,877
Earnings on Investments	2,438	573	3,011
Miscellaneous	12,022	51	12,073
Total Cash Receipts	2,395,539	559,338	2,954,877
Cash Disbursements: Current:			
Security of Persons and Property	924,490	2,125	926,615
Public Health Services	20,782	_,:_0	20,782
Leisure Time Activities	136,796	650	137,446
Community Environment	89,460	-	89,460
Basic Utility Services	418,785	-	418,785
Transportation	157,162	132,423	289,585
General Government	478,958	255,778	734,736
Debt Service:	,	,	,
Redemption of Principal	7,636	16,054	23,690
Interest and Fiscal Charges	288	566	854
Total Cash Disbursements	2,234,357	407,596	2,641,953
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	161,182	151,742	312,924
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements):			
Other Financing Uses	(30,079)		(30,079)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	(30,079)	<u>-</u>	(30,079)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	131,103	151,742	282,845
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	565,294	740,285	1,305,579
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 696,397	\$ 892,027	<u>\$ 1,588,424</u>

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<b>Proprietary Fund Type</b>	
	1	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts:		
Charges for Services	\$	1,804,285
Fines, Licenses & Permits		1,190
Total Operating Cash Receipts		1,805,475
Operating Cash Disbursements		
Personal services		253,583
Fringe benefits		141,103
Contractual services		580,635
Supplies and Materials		221,704
Other		10,744
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		1,207,769
Operating Income (Loss)		597,706
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursments)		
Miscellaneous Receipts		455
Capital Outlay		(180,789)
Principal		(525,156)
Interest		(77,720)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(783,210)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(185,504)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, As Restated in Note 14		1,827,823
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	1,642,319

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Fiduciary Fund Type
	Custodial
Additions Fines, Licenses and Permits for Distribution	109,750
Total Additions	109,750
<b>Deductions</b> Other Distributions	62,735
Total Deductions	62,735
Net Change in Fund Balances	47,015
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	43,756
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$90,771

#### **Note 1 – Reporting Entity**

The Village of Ashville (the Village), Pickaway County, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities, waste removal services, park operations, and police services. The Village contracts with Harrison Township to receive fire protection services.

#### Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations, Public Entity Risk Pools and Related Organizations

The Village participates in three jointly governed organizations, and a public entity risk pool. The Village participates in North Gate Alliance Cooperative Economic Development Agreement (CEDA), Northern Pickaway County Joint Economic Development District (JEDD), Madison Township Joint Economic Development District (JEDD), and the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM). Notes 6 and 11 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities.

North Gate Alliance Cooperative Economic Development Agreement (CEDA) – the Village Council approved an agreement with the Pickaway County Board of Commissioners, Harrison Township, and the Village of South Bloomfield to cooperate in creating and preserving jobs and employment opportunities, and to cooperate in including and fostering economic development. See Note 11 for further information.

Northern Pickaway County Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) – The Village Council approved formation of this JEDD with the City of Columbus and Harrison Township. The parties have entered into a contract to create and provide for the operation of the JEDD in accordance with Sections 715.72 through 715.83 of the Ohio Revised Code. See Note 11 for further information.

Madison Township Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) – The Village Council approved formation of this JEDD with the City of Columbus and Madison Township. The parties have entered into a contract to create and provide for the operation of the JEDD in accordance with Sections 715.72 through 715.83 of the Ohio Revised Code. See Note 11 for further information.

Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) - Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types and a combined statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) all fiduciary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

#### Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

*General Fund* The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

*Special Revenue Funds* These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

*Street Construction Maintenance and Repair* The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

*Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund* This fund receipts permissive motor vehicle tax money to maintain and repair roads that run through the village.

*Coronavirus-19 Relief Fund* This fund received state grant funds to be used for COVID-19 related expenses.

*Enterprise Funds* These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

*Water Fund* The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

*Sewer Fund* The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

*Storm Water Fund* This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing sewer services.

*Fiduciary Funds* Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds, investment trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement meeting certain criteria.

Custodial funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to report fiduciary activity that is not required to be reported in a trust fund. The Village's custodial fund accounts for Mayor's Court activity and to hold and disburse monies related to development within the Village.

For regulatory purposes, certain own source revenues are permitted to flow through clearing funds presented as custodial funds. The amounts distributed to the other funds of the entity are identified on the combined statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) all fiduciary fund types. Also, for regulatory purposes, certain deposits and clearing funds are permitted to be presented as custodial funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain custodial funds) be budgeted annually.

*Appropriations* Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

*Estimated Resources* Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

*Encumbrances* The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2021 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

#### Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

#### Leases

The Village is the lessee in a lease (as defined by GASB 87) related to equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

*Committed* Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

*Assigned* Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 12.

#### Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2021 follows:

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts				
	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$2,376,795	\$2,395,539	\$18,744	
Special Revenue	573,912	559,338	(14,574)	
Enterprise	1,827,119	1,805,930	(21,189)	
Fiduciary	108,000	109,750	1,750	
Total	\$4,885,826	\$4,870,557	(\$15,269)	

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures				
	Appropriation Budgetary			
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance	
General	\$3,195,761	\$2,336,208	\$859,553	
Special Revenue	1,078,113	411,435	666,678	
Enterprise	3,540,401	1,991,434	1,548,967	
Fiduciary	123,607	62,735	60,872	
Total	\$7,937,882	\$4,801,812	\$3,136,070	

#### Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

	2021
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$3,321,514
Total deposits	3,321,514
Total carrying amount of deposits and investments held in the Pool (ties to FS)	3,321,514

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statement reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2021, the village did not have any unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

#### Deposits

Deposits are collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

At December 31, 2021, \$0 of deposits were not insured or collateralized.

#### Note 5 – Taxes

#### **Property Taxes**

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village. Income tax collections are processed by the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA). RITA collects the income tax on-behalf of the Village and remits it to the Village. The tax payments received from RITA are recorded in the accompanying financial statements as municipal income tax receipts.

Employers within the Village and the employers of Village residents withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

#### Note 6 – Risk Management

The Government belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

Effective November 1, 2010 (through October 31, 2017), the corridor is for losses paid is between 60% and 70% of casualty premiums earned in the first \$250,000. Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM elected to participate in a property loss corridor deductible. The property corridor includes losses paid between 70% and 75%. In 2018, the casualty loss corridor was eliminated and the property corridor was adjusted to losses paid between 65% and 70%. Effective November 1, 2019, the property loss corridor was adjusted to losses between 60% and 67.5% and remain unchanged effective November 1, 2021 and November 1, 2020. OPRM had 769 members as of December 31, 2021.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2021.

Assets	\$ 21,777,439
Liabilities	(15,037,383)
Members' Equity	\$ 6,740,056

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

#### **Commercial Insurance**

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

The Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

#### **Ohio Police and Fire Retirement System**

The Village's full-time Police Officers belong to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25 percent of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.5 percent of full-time police members' wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

#### Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2021. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F was placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

#### Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
OWDA Loan #7256	\$11,826,125	0.48%
OWDA Loan #7546 (Part A)	\$969,159	1.14%
OWDA Loan #7546 (Part B)	\$39,499	1.715
OPWC Loan #CT82P	\$79,453	0%
OPWC Loan #CT73N	\$186,225	0%
OPWC Loan #CQ39T	\$449,896	0%
The Savings Bank - Sewage System	\$169,371	3.75%
The Savings Bank - Service Department Trucks	\$16,887	3.25%
The Savings Bank - WTP Truck	\$9,063	3%
Gordon Flesch	\$872	11.38%
Total	\$13,746,550	

Above you will see that the Village has three loans outstanding with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for the construction of the Waste Water Treatment Plant (WWTP), which will be repaid over 30 years. The next three loans are to the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) with one for the construction of the WWTP and two for street and railroad crossing improvements. The loans will be repaid over 30, 20 and 20 years, respectively. The first Savings Bank loan is a low-rate 15-year loan obtained by the Village in 2011 to retire higher rate issued FmHA mortgage revenue bonds. The Village obtained a five-year loan from The Savings Bank in 2018 for two Service Dept. trucks. In 2019 the Village obtained a three-year loan with The Savings Bank for the purchase of a truck Water Treatment Plant (WTP). In 2018 the Village leased a copier from Gordon Flesch to be repaid over five years.

#### Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

		Service	Water						
Year Ending		Department	Department		OPWC	OPWC	OPWC	OWDA#7456	
December 31:	Sewage System	Trucks	Truck	Gordon Flesch	#CQ39T	#CT82P	#CT73N	(A&B)	OWDA #7526
2022	\$37,279	\$11,360	\$9,158	\$872	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2023	37,279	5,680	0	0	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2024	37,279	0	0	0	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2025	37,279	0	0	0	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2026	37,279	0	0	0	\$16,662	\$5,296	\$11,286	\$44,337	\$484,369
2027-2031	0	0	0	0	83,310	26,480	56,430	221,685	2,421,845
2032-2036	0	0	0	0	83,310	26,493	56,430	221,685	2,421,845
2037-2041	0	0	0	0	83,310	0	16,935	221,685	2,421,845
2042-2046	0	0	0	0	83,310	0	0	221,685	2,421,845
2047-2051	0	0	0	0	33,346	0	0	88,674	726,554
Total	\$186,395	\$17,040	\$9,158	\$872	\$449,896	\$79,453	\$186,225	\$1,197,099	\$12,835,779

#### Note 10 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

#### Note 11 – Jointly Governed Organizations

North Gate Alliance Co-operative Economic Development Agreement (CEDA) – The CEDA agreement addresses the issues of utility services, annexation, road maintenance, fire and emergency service, and joint planning in the CEDA area, which includes the Village. The North Gate Alliance CEDA also provides for the sharing of income tax on any new businesses locating in the agreement area.

Northern Pickaway County Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) – this JEDD was created to facilitate economic development to create or preserve jobs and employment opportunities and to improve the economic welfare of the people in the State of Ohio, Pickaway County, the Village, the City of Columbus, and Harrison Township. The contracting parties have previously contributed an aggregate amount of \$18,468 to pay initial formation, administration and other costs related to the District. The Village did not contribute funds to the formation of the District, but agreed to the annexation moratorium described below. A Board of Directors has been established, which includes one member representing Columbus, one representing Harrison Township, and one member selected by the two members described above.

The Board shall adopt bylaws and procedures for the regulations of the affairs of the Board and the conduct of business of the Board consistent with the Contract including the election of Board officers, the holdings and conducting of regular and special meetings, obtaining fiduciary bonds in connection with the Board's duties, the appropriations procedures to provide for payment of the expenses of the District and distribution of income tax revenues pursuant to the Contract, and the purchasing of goods and services and the making of capital improvements. The District's fiscal year is a calendar year, and the Board adopts an annual budget.

Overriding the JEDD agreement is an Annexation Moratorium Agreement (the "Agreement") dated August 30, 2007 by and among the City of Columbus, Ohio ("Columbus"), the Village, the Village of South Bloomfield, Ohio ("South Bloomfield"), and Harrison Township. This agreement established a 50 year moratorium on annexation of an area of land bounded by Harrison Township line in the east, the Scioto River in the west and Duvall Road in the south by any of the municipalities that are a party to the agreement.

Madison Township Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) - this JEDD was created to facilitate economic development to create or preserve jobs and employment opportunities and to improve the economic welfare of the people in the State of Ohio, Pickaway County, the Village, the City of Columbus, and Madison Township. A Board of Directors has been established, which includes one member representing Columbus, one representing Madison Township, and one member selected by the other two members described above. The Board shall adopt bylaws and procedures for the regulations of the affairs of the Board and the conduct of business of the Board consistent with the Contract including the election of Board officers, the holdings and conducting of regular and special meetings, obtaining fiduciary bonds in connection with the Board's duties, the appropriations procedures to provide for payment of the expenses of the District and distribution of income tax revenues pursuant to the Contract, and the purchasing of goods and services and the making of capital improvements. The District's fiscal year shall be the calendar year. The Board shall adopt an annual budget for the District.

#### Note 12 – Fund Balances

Encumbrances are commitments related to underperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

		Special	
Fund Balances	General	Revenue	Total
Outstanding Encumbrances	71,772	3,839	75,611
Total	\$71,772	\$3,839	\$75,611

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

#### Note 13 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During 2021, the Village received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

#### Note 14 – Restatement of Beginning Balances

	Enterprise
2021 Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 1,827,732
2020 Voided Disbursements	91
2021 Restated Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 1,827,823



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Ashville Pickaway County 200 Station Street Ashville, Ohio 43103

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance the with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements of the Village of Ashville, Pickaway County, (the Village) and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2023, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(C) permit. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

One East Campus View Blvd. Suite 300 • Columbus, OH 43235 • (614) 430-0590 • FAX (614) 448-4519 PO Box 875 • 129 Pinckney Street • Circleville, OH 43113 • (740) 474-5210 • FAX (740) 474-7319 PO Box 687 • 528 S. West Street • Piketon, OH 45661 • (740) 289-4131 • FAX (740) 289-3639

www.bhmcpagroup.com

Village of Ashville Pickaway County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group, Inc. Piketon, Ohio

June 27, 2023

#### Village of Ashville Pickaway County Schedule of Findings December 31, 2022 and 2021

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 2022-001

#### MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the fiscal officer and Village Council and is essential to ensure information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate.

Material and immaterial misstatements were identified during the course of the audit which have not been prevented or detected by the Village's internal controls over financial reporting. Misstatements were identified in the following areas:

- Fines, Licenses and Permits for Distribution
- Other Distributions
- Fund Balance
- Principal
- Interest
- Contractual Services

To ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, we recommend the Fiscal Officer review the Ohio Village Officer's Handbook for guidance on the correct line item to post various receipts and expenditures of the Village.

Client Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

## Village of Ashville Pickaway County Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings December 31, 2022 and 2021

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2020-001	Material Weakness – Financial Reporting	Not Corrected	Reissued as 2022-001, Corrective Action Plan is included within Finding 2022-001



#### VILLAGE OF ASHVILLE

#### **PICKAWAY COUNTY**

#### AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/27/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370