

REGULAR AUDIT FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 - 2021



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Village Council Village of New Lebanon 198 South Clayton Road New Lebanon, OH 45345

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of New Lebanon, Montgomery County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of New Lebanon is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 14, 2023



TABLE OF CONTENTS

HILE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	4
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) – Proprietary Fund Type – For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	5
Notes to the Financial Statements – For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	6
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2021	15
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) – Proprietary Fund Type – For the Year Ended December 31, 2021	16
Notes to the Financial Statements – For the Year Ended December 31, 2021	17
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	26
Schedule of Audit Findings	28
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	30





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of New Lebanon Montgomery County 198 South Clayton Road New Lebanon, Ohio 45345

To the Village Council:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Unmodified, Qualified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of New Lebanon, Montgomery County, Ohio (the Village), which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for the Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Enterprise Funds as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

Additional Opinion Qualification

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Additional Opinion Qualification* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for the General and Debt Service Funds as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes of the Village of New Lebanon, Montgomery County in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, or the changes in financial position or, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

Marietta, OH St. Clairsville, OH Cambridge, OH Wheeling, WV Vienna, WV

Village of New Lebanon Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Additional Opinion Qualification

The Village did not post an adjustment relating to material misstatement of the financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2018. Had this adjustment been posted by the Village, the effect would have been a decrease in the Village's General Fund of \$120,777, and an increase in the Debt Service Fund of \$120,777.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Village on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Village of New Lebanon Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2023, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Perry & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Yerry Marocutes CANS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio

June 30, 2023

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	G	General	Special Revenue		•		Combined Total	
Cash Receipts								
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	67,667	\$	1,013,364	\$	-	\$	1,081,031
Municipal Income Tax		1,019,511		-		-		1,019,511
Intergovernmental		105,110		531,264		-		636,374
Special Assessments		-		80,118		-		80,118
Charges for Services		1,232		639,578		-		640,810
Fines, Licenses and Permits		47,379		224		-		47,603
Earnings on Investments		76,579		51,291		-		127,870
Miscellaneous		35,034		140,467				175,501
Total Cash Receipts		1,352,512		2,456,306				3,808,818
Cash Disbursements								
Current: Security of Persons and Property		_		2,014,617		_		2,014,617
Leisure Time Activities		181,477		8,915		_		190,392
Community Environment		112,614		-		_		112,614
Transportation		-		324,488		_		324,488
General Government		399,940		132,402		_		532,342
Capital Outlay		-		135,145		544,528		679,673
Debt Service:				100,110		011,020		010,010
Principal Retirement		_		221,438		_		221,438
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_		14,617		_		14,617
interest and Fiscal Onlinges				17,017				17,017
Total Cash Disbursements		694,031		2,851,622		544,528		4,090,181
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		658,481		(395,316)		(544,528)		(281,363)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)								
Other Debt Proceeds		-		-		403,977		403,977
Transfers In		-		426,863		210,242		637,105
Transfers Out		(637,105)						(637,105)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		(637,105)		426,863		614,219		403,977
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		21,376		31,547		69,691		122,614
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		1,420,694		1,625,111		104,329		3,150,134
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	1,442,070	\$	1,656,658	\$	174,020	\$	3,272,748

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Proprietary Fund Type			
	E	Enterprise		
Operating Cash Receipts				
Charges for Services	\$	1,316,405		
Miscellaneous		24,712		
Total Operating Cash Receipts		1,341,117		
Operating Cash Disbursements				
Personal Services		518,539		
Employee Fringe Benefits		80,677		
Contractual Services		473,587		
Supplies and Materials		102,158		
Other		274,485		
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		1,449,446		
Operating Income (Loss)		(108,329)		
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)				
Other Debt Proceeds		136,072		
Capital Outlay		(188,492)		
Principal Retirement		(75,192)		
Other Financing Uses		(968)		
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(128,580)		
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(236,909)		
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		1,285,496		
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	1,048,587		

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The Village of New Lebanon, Montgomery County, Ohio (the Village), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council and Mayor directs the Village. The Village provides water, sewer and trash utilities, park operations, police services, fire protection and emergency medical services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and change in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for the proprietary fund type which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Fire Levy Fund The fire levy fund accounts for and reports the receipt of property taxes and charges for service restricted for the purpose of providing fire and emergency services to Village residents and surrounding communities.

Police Levy Fund The police levy fund accounts for and reports the receipt of property taxes for the purpose of providing police protection services.

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Funds:

Sewer Rehab Project Fund The sewer rehab project fund accounts for and reports the receipt of loan proceeds and general fund transfers for the purpose of completing sewer rehab projects.

Capital Improvements Fund The capital improvement fund accounts for and reports the receipt of general fund transfers for the purpose of completing capital improvement projects.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Sewer Fund The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary disbursements (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function, or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2022 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can commit amounts via formal action (ordinance or resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless Council amends the ordinance or resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 12.

Note 3 - Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, at December 31, 2022, the Construction Projects Fund and Sewer Rehabilitation Project Fund had negative fund balances of \$88,521 and \$160,314, respectively.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 4 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2022 follows:

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	0				
	Budgeted		Actual		
Fund Type	 Receipts		Receipts		Variance
General	\$ 1,590,151	\$	1,352,512	\$	(237,639)
Special Revenue	2,655,781		2,883,169		227,388
Capital Projects	898,679		614,219		(284,460)
Enterprise	1,124,061		1,477,189		353,128
Total	\$ 6,268,672	\$	6,327,089	\$	58,417

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Disbursements

-	Appropriation Budgetary		Budgetary				
Fund Type	Authority		Authority Disbure		Disbursements		Variance
General	\$	2,521,914	\$	1,376,438	\$ 1,145,476		
Special Revenue		3,585,660		3,069,665	515,995		
Capital Projects		1,666,975		599,092	1,067,883		
Enterprise		1,897,399		1,807,377	90,022		
Total	\$	9,671,948	\$	6,852,572	\$ 2,819,376		

Note 5 – Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2022
Demand deposits	\$ 325,470
Certificates of deposit	1,000,000
GIDP	2,148,576
Cash on hand	300
Total deposits	3,474,346
STAR Ohio	846,989
Total investments	846,989
Total deposits and investments	\$ 4,321,335

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statement reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2022, the Village is holding \$0 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Village.

Investments

Investments in STAR Ohio are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 6 - Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village. The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1% on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

Note 7 - Risk Management

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Commercial Insurance

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles: and
- Errors and omissions.

Settled claims did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three years. Coverage limits have not changed significantly since last year.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a costsharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Village's certified Fire Fighters and full-time Police Officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25% of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.50% of full-time police members' wages and 24% of full-time fire fighters' wages, respectively. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2022. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2022.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 10 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2022 was as follows:

CD01F	WWTP Upgrades Phase II	\$ 46,412	0%
CD01T	Perry Street Water Main	276,360	0%
CD01U	Sanitary Sewer Phase XIV	8,975	0%
CD01V	Sanitary Sewer Phase XV	112,289	0%
CD01X	Church Street Improvements Phase III	488,444	0%
CD02O	Main Street Phase IV	351,524	0%
CD02P	Fuls Road Phase I	139,891	0%
CD02U	Perry Street Water Main Replacement Phase II	172,058	0%
CD02V	Church Street Improvements Phase I	391,914	0%
CD03N	Main Street Phase III	320,382	0%
CD03Q	Fuls Road Phase II	154,119	0%
CD03W	Sanitary Sewer Phase XVI	119,717	0%
CD05Q	Main Street Phase V	364,461	0%
CD08S	Main Street Phase VII	577,157	0%
CD08X	Main Street Phase VII	141,803	0%
CD100	Water Main Replacement	36,349	0%
CD10Y	Sanitary Sewer Phase XVIII	136,072	0%
CD11L	Main Street Phase I	68,147	0%
CD11S	Sanitary Sewer Phase XII	80,076	0%
CD14T	Sanitary Sewer Phase XIII	145,046	0%
CD17R	Sanitary Sewer Phase XI	63,369	0%
CD18P	Sanitary Sewer Phase X	24,926	0%
CD22R	Main Street Phase VI	445,148	0%
CD29M	Main Street Phase II	206,730	0%
	Fire House Construction	226,559	4.99%
	_	\$ 5,097,928	
	-		

Phases I-VII of the Main Street project were financed through OPWC loans. The no-interest loans were for costs related to the improvements made to Main Street including street paving, curb and sidewalk replacements, storm sewers, catch basins, etc. These loans mature between 2029 and 2047.

Phase I and Phase II of the Wastewater Treatment Plant were financed through Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans. The no-interest loans were for the purpose of paying for improvements to the Village sewer plant that was mandated by the Ohio EPA. Phase I has been paid in full. Phase II matures in 2025.

Phase I and Phase II of the Fuls Road project were financed through OPWC loans. The no-interest loans were for costs related to the improvements made to Fuls Road including street paving, curb, storm sewer, catch basins, etc. These loans mature in 2040 and 2044.

The Water Main Replacement project was financed through an OPWC loan. The no-interest loan was for costs related to the Farmersville-Johnsville Water Main Replacement project. The loan matures in 2042.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 10 - Debt (Continued)

The Sanitary Sewer Upgrades project was financed through OPWC loans. The no-interest loans are to rehab the sewers and manholes on certain streets in the Village. These loans mature in 2043 and 2047. Sanitary sewer project phase XVI had loan proceeds of \$119,717 in 2020 however the project is not complete and no amortization schedule has been provided for the loan.

The Perry Street Water Main projects was financed through OPWC loans. The no-interest loan is to upgrade the water main along Perry Street. These loans mature in 2047 and 2048.

The Church Street Improvements project was financed through an OPWC loan. The no-interest loan is to complete improvement projects along Church Street. The loan matures in 2049.

Fire House Construction was financed through commercial notes issued with an interest of rate of 4.99% for a term of seven years. The payments are made semi-annually and are secured by the property the fire house sets on.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	Fi	re House			
December 31:	Co	nstruction	OF	PWC Loans	
2023	\$	97,619	\$	226,443	
2024		97,619		226,443	
2025		48,810		217,160	
2026		-	207,8		
2027		-	207,8		
2028-2032		-		1,010,184	
2032-2037		-		990,714	
2038-2042		-		911,881	
2043-2047		-		591,258	
2048-2052		_		161,813	
	\$	244,048	\$	4,751,652	

Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities

The Village may be a defendant in lawsuits. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of any suit, management believes that the resolution of any matter will not materially adversely affect the Village's financial condition.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 12 - Fund Balances

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies which cannot be spent for five years and the unexpendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:continu

		Special	Capital	
Fund Balances	General	Revenue	Projects	Total
Outstanding Encumbrances	\$ 45,302	\$ 218,043	\$ 54,564	\$ 317,909

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of capital projects fund is restricted, committed or assigned. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue and capital projects funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

Note 13 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During 2022, the Village received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General		Special Revenue		Capital Projects	(M	Totals emorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	•	00.440	•	000 440	•		•	4 055 000
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	66,148 944,260	\$	989,148	\$	-	\$	1,055,296 944,260
Municipal Income Tax Intergovernmental		944,260		- 538,954		- 599,198		1,233,529
Special Assessments		95,377		81,413		599, 196		81,413
Charges for Services		2,872		450,572		-		453,444
Fines, Licenses and Permits		49,205		430,372		-		49,205
Earnings on Investments		49,203		154		-		49,203 154
Miscellaneous		28,202		201,805		_		230,007
Miscellaneous		20,202		201,003		<u> </u>		230,007
Total Cash Receipts		1,186,064		2,262,046		599,198		4,047,308
Cash Disbursements Current:								
Security of Persons and Property		_		1,673,723		_		1,673,723
Leisure Time Activities		157,842		5,656		-		163,498
Community Environment		109,105		-		-		109,105
Basic Utility Services		-		-		651,209		651,209
Transportation		-		391,755		-		391,755
General Government		399,883		114,426		-		514,309
Capital Outlay		-		8,694		467,770		476,464
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		-		209,109		-		209,109
Interest and Fiscal Charges				18,666				18,666
Total Cash Disbursements		666,830		2,422,029		1,118,979		4,207,838
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		519,234		(159,983)		(519,781)		(160,530)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)								
Other Debt Proceeds		_		-		92,746		92,746
Transfers In		-		250,713		190,038		440,751
Transfers Out		(440,751)						(440,751)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		(440,751)		250,713		282,784		92,746
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		78,483		90,730		(236,997)		(67,784)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		1,342,211		1,534,381		341,326		3,217,918
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	1,420,694	\$	1,625,111	\$	104,329	\$	3,150,134

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Proprietary Fund Type			
	E	Enterprise		
Operating Cash Receipts Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$	1,260,067 131,863		
Total Operating Cash Receipts		1,391,930		
Operating Cash Disbursements Personal Services Employee Fringe Benefits Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Other		479,808 115,751 488,797 90,647 169,572		
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		1,344,575		
Operating Income (Loss)		47,355		
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements) Other Debt Proceeds Capital Outlay Principal Retirement Other Financing Uses		146,693 (241,292) (70,145) (663)		
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(165,407)		
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(118,052)		
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		1,403,548		
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	1,285,496		

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The Village of New Lebanon, Montgomery County, Ohio (the Village), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council and Mayor directs the Village. The Village provides water, sewer and trash utilities, park operations, police services, fire protection and emergency medical services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and change in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for the proprietary fund type which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Fire Levy Fund The fire levy fund accounts for and reports the receipt of property taxes and charges for service restricted for the purpose of providing fire and emergency services to Village residents and surrounding communities.

Police Levy Fund The police levy fund accounts for and reports the receipt of property taxes for the purpose of providing police protection services.

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village as well as property taxes for the same purpose.

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Funds:

Sewer Rehab Project Fund The sewer rehab project fund accounts for and reports the receipt of loan proceeds and general fund transfers for the purpose of completing sewer rehab projects.

Capital Improvements Fund The capital improvement fund accounts for and reports the receipt of general fund transfers for the purpose of completing capital improvement projects.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Sewer Fund The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary disbursements (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function, or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2021 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can commit amounts via formal action (ordinance or resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless Council amends the ordinance or resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 12.

Note 3 - Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, at December 31, 2021, the Construction Project Fund and Sewer Rehabilitation Project Fund had negative fund balances of \$36,451 and \$154,411, respectively.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 4 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2021 follows:

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type		Receipts	Receipts Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	1,493,066	\$	1,186,064	\$	(307,002)
Special Revenue		2,419,201		2,512,759		93,558
Capital Projects		1,536,033		881,982		(654,051)
Enterprise		1,099,061		1,538,623		439,562
Total	\$	6,547,361	\$	6,119,428	\$	(427,933)

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Disbursements

	Appropriation Budgetary		Budgetary			
Fund Type		Authority	Disbursements		Variance	
General	\$	2,251,672	\$	1,122,755	\$	1,128,917
Special Revenue		3,234,349		2,597,815		636,534
Capital Projects		2,413,786		1,781,089		632,697
Enterprise		1,714,633		1,693,172		21,461
Total	\$	9,614,440	\$	7,194,831	\$	2,419,609

Note 5 – Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2021
Demand deposits	\$ 476,038
Certificates of deposit	1,000,000
GDIP	2,126,550
Cash on hand	300
Total deposits	3,602,888
STAR Ohio	832,742
Total investments	832,742
Total deposits and investments	\$ 4,435,630

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statement reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2021, the Village is holding \$0 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Village.

Investments

Investments in STAR Ohio are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 6 - Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village. The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1% on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

Note 7 - Risk Management

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Commercial Insurance

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles: and
- Errors and omissions.

Settled claims did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three years. Coverage limits have not changed significantly since last year.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Village's certified Fire Fighters and full-time Police Officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25% of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.50% of full-time police members' wages and 24% of full-time fire fighters' wages, respectively. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2021.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F was placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 10 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2021 was as follows:

CD01F	WWTP Upgrades Phase II	\$ 64,977	0%
CD01T	Perry Street Water Main	287,415	0%
CD01U	Sanitary Sewer Phase XIV	9,290	0%
CD01V	Sanitary Sewer Phase XV	116,448	0%
CD01X	Church Street Improvements Phase III	92,746	0%
CD020	Main Street Phase IV	369,551	0%
CD02P	Fuls Road Phase I	147,663	0%
CD02U	Perry Street Water Main Replacement Phase II	178,676	0%
CD02V	Church Street Improvements Phase I	406,429	0%
CD03N	Main Street Phase III	337,244	0%
CD03Q	Fuls Road Phase II	161,124	0%
CD03W	Sanitary Sewer Phase XVI	119,717	0%
CD05Q	Main Street Phase V	381,027	0%
CD08S	Main Street Phase VII	600,243	0%
CD08X	Main Street Phase VII	146,693	0%
CD10Y	Sanitary Sewer Phase XVIII	38,213	0%
CD11L	Main Street Phase I	77,882	0%
CD11S	Sanitary Sewer Phase XII	83,483	0%
CD14T	Sanitary Sewer Phase XIII	150,847	0%
CD17R	Sanitary Sewer Phase XI	66,185	0%
CD18P	Sanitary Sewer Phase X	26,113	0%
CD22R	Main Street Phase VI	464,091	0%
CD29M	Main Street Phase II	218,890	0%
	Fire House Construction	309,562	4.99%
		\$ 4,854,509	

Phases I-VII of the Main Street project were financed through OPWC loans. The no-interest loans were for costs related to the improvements made to Main Street including street paving, curb and sidewalk replacements, storm sewers, catch basins, etc. These loans mature between 2029 and 2047.

Phase I and Phase II of the Wastewater Treatment Plant were financed through Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans. The no-interest loans were for the purpose of paying for improvements to the Village sewer plant that was mandated by the Ohio EPA. Phase I has been paid in full. Phase II matures in 2025.

Phase I and Phase II of the Fuls Road project were financed through OPWC loans. The no-interest loans were for costs related to the improvements made to Fuls Road including street paving, curb, storm sewer, catch basins, etc. These loans mature in 2040 and 2044.

The Water Main Replacement project was financed through an OPWC loan. The no-interest loan was for costs related to the Farmersville-Johnsville Water Main Replacement project. The loan matures in 2042.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 10 - Debt (Continued)

The Sanitary Sewer Upgrades project was financed through OPWC loans. The no-interest loans are to rehab the sewers and manholes on certain streets in the Village. These loans mature in 2043 and 2047. Sanitary sewer project phase XVI had loan proceeds of \$119,717 in 2020 however the project is not complete and no amortization schedule has been provided for the loan.

The Perry Street Water Main projects was financed through OPWC loans. The no-interest loan is to upgrade the water main along Perry Street. These loans mature in 2047 and 2048.

The Church Street Improvements project was financed through an OPWC loan. The no-interest loan is to complete improvement projects along Church Street. The loan matures in 2049. The Church Street Improvements Phase III had loan proceeds of \$92,746 in 2021; however, the project is not complete and no amortization schedule is available.

Fire House Construction was financed through commercial notes issued with an interest of rate of 4.99% for a term of seven years. The payments are made semi-annually and are secured by the property the fire house sets on.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	F	Fire House		
December 31:	C	Construction		PWC Loans
2022	\$	97,619	\$	205,192
2023		97,619		205,350
2024		97,619		205,350
2025		48,810		196,067
2026		-		186,785
2027-2031		-		914,453
2032-2036		-		885,248
2037-2041		-		853,155
2042-2046		-		545,662
2047-2051				135,222
	\$	341,667	\$	4,332,484

Note 11 – Contingent Liabilities

The Village may be a defendant in lawsuits. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of any suit, management believes that the resolution of any matter will not materially adversely affect the Village's financial condition.

Montgomery County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 12 - Fund Balances

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies which cannot be spent for five years and the unexpendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

		Special	Capital	
Fund Balances	General	Revenue	Projects	Total
Outstanding Encumbrances	\$ 15,174	\$ 175,786	\$ 662,110	\$ 853,070

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of capital projects fund is restricted, committed or assigned. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue and capital projects funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

Note 13 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During 2022, the Village received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of New Lebanon Montgomery County 198 South Clayton Road New Lebanon, Ohio 45345

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements of the Village of New Lebanon, Montgomery County, (the Village) and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2023, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(C) permit. We qualified our opinion for the General and Debt Service Funds because the Village did not post an adjustment relating to material misstatement of the financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Marietta, OH St. Clairsville, OH Cambridge, OH Wheeling, WV Vienna, WV

Village of New Lebanon Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as item 2022-002.

Village's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings. The Village's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Yerry Marcutez CABS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio

June 30, 2023

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2022-001

Material Weakness

Financial Reporting

The Village is responsible for establishing procedures and controls to help prevent and detect errors in financial reporting.

During 2022 and 2021, receipts and disbursements were not always posted or classified correctly. The following errors were noted:

- Debt payments for the Fire House Construction loan were misclassified as Capital Outlay instead of Principal Retirement and Interest and Fiscal Charges in the Fire Fund in 2021;
- OPWC Debt Proceeds and the corresponding Capital Outlay disbursements were not recorded in the Construction Projects, Sewer Rehab Construction Projects, and Sewer Funds in 2022 and 2021;
- Disbursements for project expenses were misclassified as Principal Retirement instead of Capital Outlay in the Construction Projects and Sewer Rehab Construction Projects Funds in 2022; and
- Intra-fund transfers from the Income Tax Fund to the General Fund were not eliminated for financial statement presentation in 2022.

Not posting receipts and disbursements accurately resulted in the financial statements requiring several reclassification entries. The Financial Statements reflect all reclassifications.

To help ensure accuracy and reliability in the financial reporting process, we recommend management perform a detailed review of its draft financial statements. Such review should include procedures to ensure that all sources of revenues are properly identified and classified on the financial statements.

We also recommend the Chief Financial Officer refer to the Village Officer's Handbook for guidance to determine the proper establishment of receipt and disbursement accounts and posting of receipts and disbursements.

Officials' Response – The misclassifications from audited previous years were under a different CFO. Moving forward, we will verify each project accordingly and classify them appropriately in our accounting system. This will ensure system input is done correctly. The intra-fund transfers from the Income Tax Fund to the General Fund were prepared incorrectly in the Hinkle filing from 2022. We will make sure they prepare the filing correctly moving forward.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2022-002

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code 5705.10(H) states that money paid into a fund must be used only for the purposes for which such fund has been established. As a result, a negative fund balance indicates that money from one fund was used to cover the expenses of another fund.

As of December 31, 2022, the Construction Projects Fund and Sewer Rehabilitation Project Fund had negative fund balances of \$88,521 and \$160,314, respectively. As of December 31, 2021, the Construction Projects Fund and Sewer Rehabilitation Fund had negative fund balances of \$36,451 and \$154,411, respectively.

We recommend the Village's Management monitor fund balances and make allowable transfers or advances to cover any prospective short falls.

Officials' Response – We are aware of the negative fund balance and have addressed the issue. We will monitor fund balances and if negative fund balance occurs, advances will be made to cover the deficit.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2020-001	Financial Reporting	Not Corrected	Repeated as Finding 2022-001
2020-002	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.10(H)	Not Corrected	Repeated as Finding 2022-002



VILLAGE OF NEW LEBANON

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/24/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370