



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE  
**KEITH FABER**





**DELPHOS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
ALLEN COUNTY  
JUNE 30, 2023**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<b>TITLE</b>	<b>PAGE</b>
Independent Auditor's Report .....	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis .....	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position .....	13
Statement of Activities.....	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds.....	16
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities .....	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds .....	18
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities .....	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund.....	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Fund .....	21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Fund .....	22
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.....	23
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio .....	66
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio .....	68
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio.....	70
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio.....	72

**DELPHOS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
ALLEN COUNTY  
JUNE 30, 2023**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS  
(Continued)**

<b>TITLE</b>	<b>PAGE</b>
Schedule of the School District's Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio .....	74
Schedule of the School District's Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio.....	76
Notes to the Required Supplemental Information .....	78
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.....	83
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards .....	84
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> .....	87
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance .....	89
Schedule of Findings.....	93

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



88 East Broad Street  
Columbus, Ohio 43215  
ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov  
(800) 282-0370

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Delphos City School District  
Allen County  
901 Wildcat Lane  
Delphos, Ohio 45833

To the Board of Education:

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### ***Opinions***

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Delphos City School District, Allen County, Ohio (School District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Delphos City School District, Allen County, Ohio as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### ***Emphasis of Matter***

As discussed in Note 26 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

***Supplementary information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 29, 2024, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

February 29, 2024

**This page intentionally left blank.**

**Delphos City School District**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023  
Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Delphos City School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand Delphos City School District's financial position.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole, presenting both an aggregate and a longer-term view of the School District.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the School District's most significant funds individually and the School District's non-major funds in a single column. The School District's major funds are the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the School District did financially during fiscal year 2023. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to that which is used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the School District's net position and change in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the School District as a whole has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Nonfinancial factors can include changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of the School District's capital assets. These factors must be considered when assessing the overall health of the School District.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, all of the School District's activities are reported as governmental activities. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, support services, noninstructional services, and extracurricular activities. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues and from intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District's major funds are the General Fund and Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. While the School District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions, these funds are the most significant.

**Delphos City School District**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023  
Unaudited

Governmental Funds - The School District's governmental funds are used to account for the same programs reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. The School District's basic services are reported in these funds. The financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of the funds as well as the balances available for spending at fiscal year end. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's operations.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School District's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to help make this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2023 and fiscal year 2022.

Table 1  
Net Position

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Change</u>
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
<u>Assets</u>			
Current and Other Assets	\$12,518,773	\$10,132,846	\$2,385,927
Net OPEB Asset	993,521	772,018	221,503
Capital Assets, Net	5,657,476	5,053,547	603,929
Total Assets	<u>19,169,770</u>	<u>15,958,411</u>	<u>3,211,359</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Pension	2,833,205	2,360,418	472,787
OPEB	260,286	225,070	35,216
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>3,093,491</u>	<u>2,585,488</u>	<u>508,003</u>

(continued)

**Delphos City School District**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023  
Unaudited

Table 1  
Net Position  
(continued)

	Governmental Activities		Change
	2023	2022	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current and Other Liabilities	\$1,283,916	\$1,574,538	\$290,622
Long-Term Liabilities			
Pension	10,259,687	5,756,720	(4,502,967)
OPEB	457,517	564,449	106,932
Other Amounts	733,508	660,575	(72,933)
Total Liabilities	<u>12,734,628</u>	<u>8,556,282</u>	<u>(4,178,346)</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Pension	1,446,954	5,529,959	4,083,005
OPEB	1,414,547	1,289,352	(125,195)
Other Amounts	4,742,535	4,182,083	(560,452)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>7,604,036</u>	<u>11,001,394</u>	<u>3,397,358</u>
<u>Net Position</u>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,657,476	5,053,547	603,929
Restricted	1,194,751	1,240,778	(46,027)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(4,927,630)</u>	<u>(7,308,102)</u>	<u>2,380,472</u>
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u>\$1,924,597</u>	<u>(\$1,013,777)</u>	<u>\$2,938,374</u>

The net pension liability and net OPEB liability (asset) reported by the School District at June 30, 2023, is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", respectively. For reasons discussed below, end users of these financial statements will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability (asset) to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

GASB standards are national standards and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB Statement No. 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB Statement No. 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension or net OPEB liability. GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and State law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

**Delphos City School District**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023  
Unaudited

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange", that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contribution to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or in the case of compensated absences (i.e. vacation and sick leave) are satisfied through paid time off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the School District. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension/OPEB payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability (asset), respectively, not accounted for as deferred outflows/inflows.

Pension/OPEB related changes noted in the above table reflect an overall increase in deferred outflows and decrease in deferred inflows. The increase in the net OPEB asset and net pension liability and decrease in the net OPEB liability represents the School District's proportionate share of the unfunded benefits. As indicated previously, changes in pension/OPEB benefits, contribution rates, return on investments, and actuarial assumptions all affect the balance of the net pension/OPEB liability (asset).

**Delphos City School District**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023  
Unaudited

Aside from the changes related to pension/OPEB, there were several changes of significance from the prior year. The increase in current and other assets was primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents. This is the result of increase in property tax revenue (based on assessed valuation of property) and income tax revenue (continued growth in the economy). Note, however, overall income taxes receivable decreased due to the School District did not receive as much income tax for the second quarter as in the prior year. The decrease in current and other liabilities was salary and benefit related due to the timing of the pay periods. The increase in net capital assets and the investment in capital assets was due to the purchase of modular buildings and multiple vehicles including a bus.

Table 2 reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2023 and fiscal year 2022.

Table 2  
Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Change
	2023	2022	
<u>Revenues</u>			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$1,057,321	\$696,321	\$361,000
Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	2,507,330	2,553,670	(46,340)
Capital Grants and Contributions	231,040	477,050	(246,010)
Total Program Revenues	<u>3,795,691</u>	<u>3,727,041</u>	<u>68,650</u>
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	5,574,435	5,390,798	183,637
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	41,211	39,776	1,435
Income Taxes	1,597,286	1,669,016	(71,730)
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	3,795,814	3,733,976	61,838
Investment Earnings and Other Interest	115,017	2,984	112,033
Gifts and Donations	37,130	59,651	(22,521)
Miscellaneous	205,345	132,677	72,668
Total General Revenues	<u>11,366,238</u>	<u>11,028,878</u>	<u>337,360</u>
Total Revenues	<u>15,161,929</u>	<u>14,755,919</u>	<u>406,010</u>
<u>Expenses</u>			
Instruction:			
Regular	5,023,842	4,340,484	(683,358)
Special	1,715,457	1,480,267	(235,190)
Vocational	130,837	537,933	407,096
Support Services:			
Pupils	721,612	575,020	(146,592)
Instructional Staff	116,953	163,975	47,022
Board of Education	105,117	137,737	32,620
Administration	791,335	673,154	(118,181)
Fiscal	415,726	351,696	(64,030)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	931,536	608,664	(322,872)
Pupil Transportation	573,181	436,885	(136,296)
Central	11,237	11,974	737
Noninstructional Services	1,078,112	860,720	(217,392)
Extracurricular Activities	608,610	465,111	(143,499)
Total Expenses	<u>12,223,555</u>	<u>10,643,620</u>	<u>(1,579,935)</u>
Increase in Net Position	2,938,374	4,112,299	(1,173,925)
Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(1,013,777)	(5,126,076)	4,112,299
Net Position (Deficit) at End of Year	<u>\$1,924,597</u>	<u>(\$1,013,777)</u>	<u>\$2,938,374</u>

**Delphos City School District**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023  
Unaudited

For program revenues, the increase in charges for services due to the increase in cafeteria sales for food service operations. The decrease in operating grants, contributions, and interest was very minimal. The decrease in capital grants and contributions was the result of donations of land and a building received in the prior fiscal year. The increase in general revenues was due to property tax revenue (as discussed above) and the increase in investment earnings and other interest (the School District began investing in investments in 2023). The increase in overall expenditures is the result of salary and benefits and the pension expense.

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3  
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Instruction:				
Regular	\$5,023,842	\$4,340,484	\$4,010,357	\$3,580,802
Special	1,715,457	1,480,267	687,233	450,803
Vocational	130,837	537,933	103,529	506,439
Support Services:				
Pupils	721,612	575,020	583,965	438,723
Instructional Staff	116,953	163,975	105,059	143,167
Board of Education	105,117	137,737	105,117	137,737
Administration	791,335	673,154	791,335	673,154
Fiscal	415,726	351,696	415,726	351,696
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	931,536	608,664	745,496	131,161
Pupil Transportation	573,181	436,885	466,788	387,914
Central	11,237	11,974	11,237	11,974
Noninstructional Services	1,078,112	860,720	147,953	(112,092)
Extracurricular Activities	608,610	465,111	254,069	215,101
Total Expenses	\$12,223,555	\$10,643,620	\$8,427,864	\$6,916,579

With the substantial contribution of general revenues for funding the School District's activities, only a limited number of activities are affected by program revenues. Instruction costs are partially offset by tuition and fees and grants restricted for various instruction purposes. Non-instructional services costs are supported by cafeteria sales, state and federal subsidies, and donated commodities for food service operations. Extracurricular activities costs are supported by music and athletic fees, ticket sales, and gate receipts at musical and athletic events.

**Delphos City School District**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023  
Unaudited

**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District's major funds are the General Fund and Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

There was a substantial increase in fund balance in the General Fund. Revenues and expenditures are comparable to the prior year. The School District continued to spend conservatively.

Current year improvement expenditures in excess of property tax and related collections led to a decrease in fund balance in the Permanent Improvement Fund.

**BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The School District prepares an annual budget of revenues and expenditures for all funds of the School District for use by School District officials and department heads and prepares such other budgetary documents as are required by State statute. The School District's most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During fiscal year 2023, the School District amended its General Fund budget as needed. For revenues, changes from the original budget to the final budget were not significant. Changes from the final budget to actual revenues were primarily related to an increase in income tax revenues received. For expenditures, changes from the original budget to the final budget and from final budget to actual expenditures were the result of conservative budgeting.

**CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

Capital Assets - At June 30, 2023, the School District had \$5,657,476 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). Additions included the purchase of two modular building, a bus, a truck, and miscellaneous furniture and equipment. Disposals consisted of a truck and miscellaneous equipment. For further information regarding the School District's capital assets, refer to Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

Debt - The School District's long-term obligations consisted of compensated absences and the net pension and net OPEB liabilities. For further information regarding the School District's long-term obligations, refer to Note 19 to the basic financial statements.

**CURRENT ISSUES**

The School District is unique in that the public school has a population of 889 students and the parochial school within the School District has a population over 600 students, made up of approximately 500 resident students. The significant number of students attending the parochial school reduces the School District's basic funding under the State funding formula and the percentage of State funding for new facilities.

**Delphos City School District**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023  
Unaudited

The district became a member district of Vantage Vocational Schools, in 2021 and passed a .5% traditional income tax for the first time with collections that began on January 1, 2021. The collection status will be at 100% in 2023 and beyond. The state of Ohio established a new funding formula as part of the 2022-23 bi-annual budget that removes the burden and the benefit of open enrollment, scholarships, and other tuitions. The formula still contains a local effort calculation based on valuation and number of students. Therefore, although the calculation does a much better job at funding the students in attendance it still misidentifies our district as more wealthy than what it is.

Due to soaring costs and the intent to better align early childhood curriculum the district opened its own district preschool beginning with the 2021-22 school year. This enabled us to help control the gap in learning. In September 2022, it was discovered that we needed to go back into fiscal year 2022 and charge all of those costs to the General fund in order to meet the maintenance of evidence requirements for Title VI-B.

The district continues to search for answers to the problem of our facilities. The building currently housing grades 5-8 turns 112 years old this year. The newest building is the high school which is 53 years old. The Elementary is 63 years old. Two mobile buildings were added in fiscal year 2023 because of an increase of special needs that needed more space.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those interested in our School District's financial well being. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Laura Peters, Treasurer, 901 Wildcat Lane, Delphos, Ohio 45833.

**Delphos City School District**  
Statement of Net Position  
June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
<b><u>Assets</u></b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,686,112
Accounts Receivable	48,972
Accrued Interest Receivable	5,152
Intergovernmental Receivable	230,956
Income Taxes Receivable	790,321
Prepaid Items	74,142
Inventory Held for Resale	4,200
Materials and Supplies Inventory	19,247
Property Taxes Receivable	5,618,975
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	40,696
Net OPEB Asset	993,521
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	145,285
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	5,512,191
Total Assets	19,169,770
<b><u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u></b>	
Pension	2,833,205
OPEB	260,286
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,093,491
<b><u>Liabilities</u></b>	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	731,111
Accounts Payable	91,086
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	16,706
Intergovernmental Payable	266,854
Unearned Revenue	178,159
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	52,144
Due in More Than One Year	
Net Pension Liability	10,259,687
Net OPEB Liability	457,517
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	681,364
Total Liabilities	12,734,628
<b><u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u></b>	
Property Taxes	4,703,381
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	39,154
Pension	1,446,954
OPEB	1,414,547
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,604,036
<b><u>Net Position</u></b>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,657,476
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	316,785
Food Service	193,556
Music and Athletics	197,326
OPEB Plans	209,274
Other Purposes	277,810
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(4,927,630)
Total Net Position	\$1,924,597

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Delphos City School District**  
Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	
<b><u>Governmental Activities</u></b>				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$5,023,842	\$168,697	\$844,788	\$0
Special	1,715,457	57,775	970,449	0
Vocational	130,837	0	27,308	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	721,612	0	137,647	0
Instructional Staff	116,953	0	11,894	0
Board of Education	105,117	0	0	0
Administration	791,335	0	0	0
Fiscal	415,726	0	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	931,536	0	0	186,040
Pupil Transportation	573,181	35,159	26,234	45,000
Central	11,237	0	0	0
Noninstructional Services	1,078,112	586,436	343,723	0
Extracurricular Activities	608,610	209,254	145,287	0
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	<b>\$12,223,555</b>	<b>\$1,057,321</b>	<b>\$2,507,330</b>	<b>\$231,040</b>

**General Revenues**

Property Taxes Levied for:  
General Purposes  
Permanent Improvements  
Payment in Lieu of Taxes  
Income Taxes Levied for General Purposes  
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted  
to Specific Programs  
Investment Earnings and Other Interest  
Gifts and Donations  
Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Net (Expense)  
Revenue and  
Change in  
Net Position

---

Governmental  
Activities

---

(\$4,010,357)  
(687,233)  
(103,529)

(583,965)  
(105,059)  
(105,117)  
(791,335)  
(415,726)

(745,496)  
(466,788)  
(11,237)  
(147,953)  
(254,069)

---

(8,427,864)

---

5,212,184  
362,251  
41,211  
1,597,286

3,795,814  
115,017  
37,130  
205,345

---

11,366,238

---

2,938,374

(1,013,777)

---

\$1,924,597

---

**Delphos City School District**  
Balance Sheet  
Governmental Funds  
June 30, 2023

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental	Total
<b><u>Assets</u></b>				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,623,649	\$293,171	\$769,292	\$5,686,112
Accounts Receivable	2,128	0	46,844	48,972
Accrued Interest Receivable	5,152	0	0	5,152
Interfund Receivable	116,400	0	0	116,400
Intergovernmental Receivable	512	0	230,444	230,956
Income Taxes Receivable	790,321	0	0	790,321
Prepaid Items	12,424	0	61,718	74,142
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	4,200	4,200
Materials and Supplies Inventory	18,139	0	1,108	19,247
Property Taxes Receivable	5,313,676	305,299	0	5,618,975
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	40,696	0	0	40,696
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$10,923,097</b>	<b>\$598,470</b>	<b>\$1,113,606</b>	<b>\$12,635,173</b>
<b><u>Liabilities</u></b>				
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	\$585,807	\$0	\$145,304	\$731,111
Accounts Payable	45,298	26,465	19,323	91,086
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	0	0	16,706	16,706
Interfund Payable	0	0	116,400	116,400
Intergovernmental Payable	232,218	0	34,636	266,854
Unearned Revenue	0	0	178,159	178,159
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>863,323</b>	<b>26,465</b>	<b>510,528</b>	<b>1,400,316</b>
<b><u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u></b>				
Property Taxes	4,448,161	255,220	0	4,703,381
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	39,154	0	0	39,154
Unavailable Revenue	142,471	1,792	102,669	246,932
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>4,629,786</b>	<b>257,012</b>	<b>102,669</b>	<b>4,989,467</b>
<b><u>Fund Balances</u></b>				
Nonspendable	30,563	0	62,826	93,389
Restricted	0	314,993	527,297	842,290
Assigned	278,602	0	0	278,602
Unassigned (Deficit)	5,120,823	0	(89,714)	5,031,109
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>5,429,988</b>	<b>314,993</b>	<b>500,409</b>	<b>6,245,390</b>
<b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>	<b>\$10,923,097</b>	<b>\$598,470</b>	<b>\$1,113,606</b>	<b>\$12,635,173</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Delphos City School District**  
 Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances  
 to Net Position of Governmental Activities  
 June 30, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$6,245,390
----------------------------------	--	-------------

**Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because of the following:**

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		5,657,476
---	--	-----------

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Intergovernmental Receivable	102,669	
Income Taxes Receivable	110,567	
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable	33,696	
		246,932

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences Payable		(733,508)

The net OPEB asset, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Net OPEB Asset	993,521	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	2,833,205	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,446,954)	
Net Pension Liability	(10,259,687)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	260,286	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(1,414,547)	
Net OPEB Liability	(457,517)	
		(9,491,693)

Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$1,924,597
---	--	-------------

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Delphos City School District**  
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances  
Governmental Funds  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental	Total
<b><u>Revenues</u></b>				
Property Taxes	\$5,208,817	\$362,069	\$0	\$5,570,886
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	41,211	0	0	41,211
Income Taxes	1,552,885	0	0	1,552,885
Intergovernmental	4,212,573	28,937	2,048,237	6,289,747
Investment Earnings and Other Interest	115,023	0	3,559	118,582
Tuition and Fees	252,181	0	0	252,181
Charges for Services	0	0	595,886	595,886
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	209,254	209,254
Gifts and Donations	36,250	880	196,930	234,060
Miscellaneous	114,743	74,881	0	189,624
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>11,533,683</b>	<b>466,767</b>	<b>3,053,866</b>	<b>15,054,316</b>
<b><u>Expenditures</u></b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,137,138	0	810,440	4,947,578
Special	1,316,091	0	444,159	1,760,250
Vocational	132,271	0	0	132,271
Support Services:				
Pupils	702,359	0	31,498	733,857
Instructional Staff	113,720	0	8,310	122,030
Board of Education	113,198	0	0	113,198
Administration	836,549	0	0	836,549
Fiscal	415,565	7,037	0	422,602
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	663,071	0	146,049	809,120
Pupil Transportation	488,024	0	57,045	545,069
Central	2,468	0	8,769	11,237
Noninstructional Services	1,000	0	1,093,899	1,094,899
Extracurricular Activities	293,613	0	305,929	599,542
Capital Outlay	0	882,320	65,500	947,820
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>9,215,067</b>	<b>889,357</b>	<b>2,971,598</b>	<b>13,076,022</b>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,318,616	(422,590)	82,268	1,978,294
<b><u>Other Financing Sources:</u></b>				
Sale of Capital Assets	7,504	18,000	0	25,504
Changes in Fund Balances	2,326,120	(404,590)	82,268	2,003,798
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,103,868	719,583	418,141	4,241,592
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$5,429,988</u>	<u>\$314,993</u>	<u>\$500,409</u>	<u>\$6,245,390</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Delphos City School District**  
 Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances  
 of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities  
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$2,003,798

**Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of activities are different because of the following:**

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current fiscal year.

Depreciable Capital Assets	913,653	
Depreciation	(299,537)	
		614,116

The proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the cost of the capital assets is removed from the capital asset account on the statement of net position and is offset against the proceeds from the sale of capital assets resulting in a gain or loss on disposal of capital assets on the statement of activities.

Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	(25,504)	
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	15,721	
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(404)	
		(10,187)

Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.

Delinquent Property Taxes	3,549	
Income Taxes	44,401	
Intergovernmental	43,942	
		91,892

Some expenses reported on the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences Payable	(72,933)	
Separation Benefits Payable	20,407	
		(52,526)

Except for amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense on the statement of activities.

Pension	(927,648)	
OPEB	212,393	
		(715,255)

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

Pension	980,473	
OPEB	26,063	
		1,006,536

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$2,938,374</u>
---	--	--------------------

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Delphos City School District**  
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual  
General Fund  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
<b><u>Revenues</u></b>				
Property Taxes	\$5,145,205	\$5,145,205	\$5,194,035	\$48,830
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	39,612	39,612	40,696	1,084
Income Taxes	1,353,965	1,353,965	1,836,692	482,727
Intergovernmental	4,273,620	4,273,620	4,212,241	(61,379)
Interest	2,060	2,060	90,015	87,955
Tuition and Fees	173,000	173,000	252,181	79,181
Gifts and Donations	3,000	11,810	36,250	24,440
Miscellaneous	114,996	115,441	113,188	(2,253)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>11,105,458</b>	<b>11,114,713</b>	<b>11,775,298</b>	<b>660,585</b>
<b><u>Expenditures</u></b>				
<b>Current:</b>				
<b>Instruction:</b>				
Regular	4,088,755	4,287,180	4,088,641	198,539
Special	1,326,853	1,557,477	1,314,768	242,709
Vocational	173,402	173,571	164,866	8,705
Other	148,362	148,362	146,990	1,372
<b>Support Services:</b>				
Pupils	618,568	618,568	657,206	(38,638)
Instructional Staff	139,723	141,372	118,870	22,502
Board of Education	59,374	75,640	111,557	(35,917)
Administration	762,338	765,210	843,154	(77,944)
Fiscal	380,668	410,668	417,527	(6,859)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	576,212	588,204	706,417	(118,213)
Pupil Transportation	435,001	535,640	501,585	34,055
Central	3,093	3,093	2,468	625
Noninstructional Services	2,000	2,000	1,000	1,000
Extracurricular Activities	201,726	201,726	298,839	(97,113)
Public School Support				
Pupils	64,000	84,045	52,687	31,358
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>8,980,075</b>	<b>9,592,756</b>	<b>9,426,575</b>	<b>166,181</b>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,125,383	1,521,957	2,348,723	826,766
<b><u>Other Financing Sources</u></b>				
Sale of Capital Assets	7,504	7,504	7,504	0
<b>Changes in Fund Balance</b>	<b>2,132,887</b>	<b>1,529,461</b>	<b>2,356,227</b>	<b>826,766</b>
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,213,598	2,213,598	2,213,598	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	58,581	58,581	58,581	0
<b>Fund Balance at End of Year</b>	<b>\$4,405,066</b>	<b>\$3,801,640</b>	<b>\$4,628,406</b>	<b>\$826,766</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Delphos City School District**  
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position  
Private Purpose Trust Fund  
June 30, 2023

	<u>Private Purpose Trust</u>
<b><u>Assets</u></b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$18,382
<b><u>Liabilities</u></b>	
Intergovernmental Payable	<u>1,000</u>
<b><u>Net Position</u></b>	
Held in Trust for Scholarships	<u><u>\$17,382</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Delphos City School District**  
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position  
Private Purpose Trust Fund  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust
<b><u>Additions</u></b>	
Investment Earnings and Other Interest	\$2,012
Gifts and Donations	5,000
Total Additions	7,012
<b><u>Deductions</u></b>	
Noninstructional Services	6,750
Changes in Net Position	262
Net Position at Beginning of Year	17,120
Net Position at End of Year	\$17,382

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity**

Delphos City School District (School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1862. The School District serves an area of approximately fifty-three square miles. It is located in Allen and Van Wert Counties, and includes all of the City of Delphos and portions of Marion and Washington Townships. It is staffed by fifty-one classified employees, eighty certified teaching personnel, and eight administrative employees who provide services to 889 students and other community members. The School District currently operates three instructional buildings and two bus garages.

**Reporting Entity**

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Delphos City School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the School District. As of June 30, 2023, there were no component units of the Delphos City School District.

The following activity is included within the reporting entity:

*Parochial School* - Within the School District boundaries, Delphos St. Johns School is operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to the parochial school. The money is received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. The activity is reflected in a special revenue fund of the School District for financial reporting purposes.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity** (continued)

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations, three insurance pools, and is associated with a related organization. These organizations are the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, Vantage Career Center, Ohio School Plan, Council of Allen County Schools Health Benefits Consortium, Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Delphos Public Library. These organizations are presented in Notes 22, 23, and 24 to the basic financial statements.

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The basic financial statements of Delphos City School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

**A. Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental activities (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). However, the School District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants, contributions, and investment earnings and other interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (continued)

**Fund Financial Statements**

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

**B. Fund Accounting**

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are reported in two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

**Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The School District's major funds are the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Fund - The Permanent Improvement capital projects fund accounts for property tax revenues restricted to acquiring, constructing, or improving permanent improvements.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned for a particular purpose.

**Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (continued)

The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for college scholarships for students after graduation.

**C. Measurement Focus**

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide financial statements, fiduciary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from fiduciary funds.

**D. Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because these amounts have not yet been earned.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the income is earned. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, investment earnings and other interest, tuition, student fees, and charges for services.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB and explained in Note 16 and Note 17 to the basic financial statements.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources includes property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, unavailable revenue, pension, and OPEB. Property taxes represent amounts for which there was an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2023, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. Payment in lieu of taxes represents a contractual promise to make payment of property taxes which reflect all or a portion of the taxes which would have been paid if the taxes had not been exempted. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes intergovernmental revenue including grants, income taxes, and delinquent property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period when the amounts become available. For further details on unavailable revenue, refer to the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities on page 17. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and explained in Note 16 and Note 17 to the basic financial statements.

**Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

**E. Budgetary Process**

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control selected by the Board is the object level for the General Fund and Permanent Improvement capital projects fund and the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function level within the General Fund and Permanent Improvement capital projects fund and the function and object level in all other funds are made by the Treasurer.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources requested by the School District prior to fiscal year end.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

**F. Cash and Investments**

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as “Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents”.

During fiscal year 2023, the School District invested in mutual funds, negotiable certificates of deposit, and United States Treasury notes/bonds. Investments are reported at fair value. Investments reported at fair value are based on quoted market price or current share price.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of investment earnings and other interest. Investment earnings and other interest credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2023 was \$115,023, which includes \$17,278 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

**G. Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

**H. Inventory**

Inventory is presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and is expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of administrative supplies and donated and purchased food.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (continued)

**I. Capital Assets**

All of the School District’s capital assets are general capital assets generally resulting from expenditures in governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and reductions during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand five hundred dollars. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset’s life are not capitalized.

All capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Useful Lives
Land Improvements	10 - 30 years
Buildings and Building Improvements	10 - 100 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5 - 30 years
Vehicles	15 years

**J. Interfund Assets/Liabilities**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “Interfund Receivables/Payables”. Interfund balances within governmental activities are eliminated on the statement of net position.

**K. Compensated Absences**

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees’ rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees’ wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District’s termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after twenty years of service, all employees age forty-five after fifteen years of service, and all employees age fifty after ten years of service.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (continued)

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account “Matured Compensated Absences Payable” in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid.

**L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. The net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay those benefits.

**M. Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between all other elements on the statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for federal and state grants. Restricted net position for OPEB plans represents the corresponding restricted amounts after considering the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows.

The School District’s policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

**N. Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (continued)

Committed - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. The Board of Education has authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Board of Education has also assigned certain resources for extracurricular activities.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

**O. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits**

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans, and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

**P. Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principles**

For fiscal year 2023, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations", Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements", GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements", and GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principles** (continued)

GASB Statement No. 91 clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extending by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosure. The School District did not have any debt that met the definition of conduit debt.

GASB Statement No. 94 improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). The School District did not have any arrangements that met the GASB 94 definition of a PPP or an APA.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The School District did not have any contracts that met the GASB Statement No. 96 definition of a SBITA.

GASB Statement No. 99 addresses various issues including items related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs. The requirements related to PPPs and SBITAs were incorporated with the corresponding GASB Statement No. 94 and GASB Statement No. 96 changes identified above.

**Note 4 - Accountability and Compliance**

**A. Accountability**

At June 30, 2023, the Auxiliary Services, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief, Title VI-B, and Title II-A special revenue funds had deficit fund balances, in the amount of \$68,676, \$20,209, \$586, and \$243, respectively. These deficits are the result of the recognition of payables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as well as short-term interfund loans from the General Fund needed for operations until the receipt of grant monies. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

**B. Compliance**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the following funds had expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations at the legal level of control.

<u>Fund Type/Fund</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Expenditures Plus Encumbrances</u>	<u>Excess</u>
Special Revenue Funds			
Auxillary Services	\$357,034	\$387,414	\$30,380
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	977,978	1,025,851	47,873

The Treasurer will monitor budgetary transactions to ensure expenditures are within amounts appropriated.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements are as follows:

Changes in Fund Balance

	General
GAAP Basis	\$2,326,120
<b><u>Increase (Decrease) Due To:</u></b>	
Revenue Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2022, Received in Cash FY 2023	1,785,568
Accrued FY 2023, Not Yet Received in Cash	(1,522,699)
Expenditure Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2022, Paid in Cash FY 2023	(981,396)
Accrued FY 2023, Not Yet Paid in Cash	863,323
Cash on Hand at Beginning of Year	171
Cash on Hand at End of Year	(20,836)
Prepaid Items	(3,399)
Materials and Supplies Inventory	182
Encumbrances Outstanding at Fiscal Year End (Budget Basis)	(90,807)
Budget Basis	\$2,356,227

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 6 - Deposits and Investments**

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio (if training requirements have been met);
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 6 - Deposits and Investments** (continued)

6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time (if training requirements have been met).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the School District Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the School District had the following investments.

Measurement/Investment	Measurement Amount	Less Than Six Months	Six Months to One Year
Fair Value - Level One Inputs			
Mutual Funds	\$466,298	\$466,298	\$0
Fair Value - Level Two Inputs			
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	249,734	0	249,734
U.S. Treasury Notes/Bonds	2,359,299	2,068,252	291,047
Total Fair Value - Level Two Inputs	2,609,033	2,068,252	540,781
Total Investments	\$3,075,331	\$2,534,550	\$540,781

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 6 - Deposits and Investments** (continued)

The School District has categorized its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above chart identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023. The mutual funds are measured at fair value using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). The School District's remaining investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The investment policy restricts the Treasurer from investing in any securities other than those identified in the Ohio Revised Code and that all investments must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless they are matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District.

The negotiable certificates of deposit are generally covered by FDIC insurance and/or SIPC insurance. The mutual funds and U.S. Treasury notes/bonds carry a rating of Aaa by Moody's. The School District has no investment policy dealing with credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that mutual funds must be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in a particular security.

	Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio
Mutual Funds	\$466,298	15.16%
Negotiable Certificate of Deposit	249,734	8.12
U.S. Treasury	2,359,299	76.72

**Note 7 - Receivables**

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of accounts (student fees and billings for user charged services), accrued interest, interfund, intergovernmental, income taxes, property taxes, and payment in lieu of taxes. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except income taxes and property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Income taxes and property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 7 - Receivables** (continued)

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental Activities	
Major Funds	
General Fund	
Allen County Educational Service Center	\$100
Ohio Department of Education	166
State of Ohio	246
Total Major Funds	512
Other Governmental Funds	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	200,794
Title VI-B	25,099
Title I	4,308
Title II-A	243
Total Other Governmental Funds	230,444
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$230,956

**Note 8 - Income Taxes**

The School District levies a voted tax of .5 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The continuous tax levy was effective on January 1, 2021. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

**Note 9 - Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2023 represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2023 were levied after April 1, 2022, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 9 - Property Taxes** (continued)

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2023 represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2023 became a lien on December 31, 2021, were levied after April 1, 2022, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Allen and Van Wert Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2023, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2023, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources - property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2023, was \$833,611 in the General Fund and \$48,287 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2022, was \$818,829 in the General Fund and \$47,407 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue. On a modified accrual basis, the revenue has been recorded as deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2023 taxes were collected are:

	2022 Second- Half Collections		2023 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real	\$214,524,320	91.79%	\$217,860,920	91.68%
Public Utility	19,187,140	8.21	19,777,050	8.32
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$233,711,460</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$237,637,970</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$47.40		\$47.40	

**Note 10 - Payment in Lieu of Taxes**

In accordance with agreements related to tax increment financing districts, Allen County has entered into agreements with a number of property owners under which the County has granted property tax exemptions to those property owners. The property owners have agreed to make payments to the County which reflect all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been exempted. The agreements require a portion of these payments to be made to the School District. The property owners' contractually promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes until the agreement expires.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 11 - Tax Abatements**

The School District's property taxes were reduced as follows under community reinvestment area and enterprise zone agreements entered into by overlapping governments.

Overlapping Government	Amount of Fiscal Year 2023 Taxes Abated
Community Reinvestment Area	
City of Delphos	\$71,974
Enterprise Zone Tax Exemptions	
Allen County	29,575
Van Wert County	66,086

**Note 12 - Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/22	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/23
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$145,285	\$0	\$0	\$145,285
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	1,360,571	0	0	1,360,571
Building and Building Improvements	6,073,622	483,551	0	6,557,173
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	2,269,383	260,304	(41,994)	2,487,693
Vehicles	895,084	169,798	(23,424)	1,041,458
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	10,598,660	913,653	(65,418)	11,446,895
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(963,216)	(29,948)	0	(993,164)
Building and Building Improvements	(2,499,806)	(113,000)	0	(2,612,806)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(1,692,279)	(99,115)	40,368	(1,751,026)
Vehicles	(535,097)	(57,474)	14,863	(577,708)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,690,398)	(299,537)	55,231	(5,934,704)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	4,908,262	614,116	(10,187)	5,512,191
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$5,053,547	\$614,116	(\$10,187)	\$5,657,476

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 12 - Capital Assets** (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$143,573
Special	366
Vocational	289
Support Services:	
Administration	1,377
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	67,343
Pupil Transportation	58,702
Noninstructional Services	9,537
Extracurricular Activities	<u>18,350</u>
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$299,537</u>

**Note 13 - Interfund**

At June 30, 2023, the General Fund had an interfund receivable from other governmental funds, in the amount of \$116,400, for short-term loans made to those funds. This amount is expected to be repaid within one year.

**Note 14 - Risk Management**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Coverage purchased through the Ohio School Plan is as follows:	
General Liability	
Per Occurrence	\$4,000,000
Aggregate	6,000,000
Building and Contents	40,074,825
Automobile Liability	4,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2023, the School District participated in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 14 - Risk Management** (continued)

The School District participates in the Council of Allen County Schools Health Benefits Consortium (Consortium), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of ten school districts and the Allen County Educational Service Center. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Consortium for employee medical and dental benefits. The Consortium is responsible for the management and operations of the program and the payment of claims. Upon withdrawal from the Consortium, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Consortium liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

The School District participates in the Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to participants that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

**Note 15 - Other Purchase Commitments**

At fiscal year end, the significant encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in fiscal year 2024 were as follows:

General Fund	\$90,807
Permanent Improvement	125,585
Other Governmental Funds	<u>96,686</u>
Total	<u>\$313,078</u>

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

**Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)**

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 17 for the required OPEB disclosures.

**Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

Plan Description - School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2023.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$206,309 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount \$85,431 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

**Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

Plan Description - School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, an ad-hoc COLA of 3 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$774,164 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount \$129,028 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.03198580%	0.038369770%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.02913620%</u>	<u>0.036615956%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00284960%</u>	<u>0.001753814%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$1,730,040	\$8,529,647	\$10,259,687
Pension Expense	\$94,365	\$833,283	\$927,648

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$70,068	\$109,190	\$179,258
Changes of assumptions	17,070	1,020,742	1,037,812
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	296,813	296,813
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	108,740	230,109	338,849
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>206,309</u>	<u>774,164</u>	<u>980,473</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$402,187</u>	<u>\$2,431,018</u>	<u>\$2,833,205</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$11,357	\$32,629	\$43,986
Changes of assumptions	0	768,326	768,326
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	60,371	0	60,371
Changes in proportionate share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>0</u>	<u>574,271</u>	<u>574,271</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$71,728</u>	<u>\$1,375,226</u>	<u>\$1,446,954</u>

\$980,473 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2024	\$63,850	(\$158,110)	(\$94,260)
2025	46,215	(120,911)	(74,696)
2026	(86,241)	(304,396)	(390,637)
2027	<u>100,326</u>	<u>865,045</u>	<u>965,371</u>
Total	<u>\$124,150</u>	<u>\$281,628</u>	<u>\$405,778</u>

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.4 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent 2.0 percent, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of System expenses
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability for 2022 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,546,538	\$1,730,040	\$1,042,153

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	From 2.5 percent to 12.5 percent based on age
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

For 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, post-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates, thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation *</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **</u>
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.60%
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

\* Target allocation percentage is effective July 1, 2022.

Target weights were phased in over a 3 month period concluding on October 1, 2022

\*\* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (6.00%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (7.00%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (8.00%)</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$12,885,193	\$8,529,647	\$4,846,206

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (continued)

**Social Security System**

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2023, all of the Board of Education members have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

**Note 17 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans**

See Note 16 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

**Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 17 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans** (continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2023, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$26,063.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$26,063 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount \$26,063 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

**Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

**OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 17 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans** (continued)

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.03258650%	0.038369770%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.02982430%</u>	<u>0.036615956%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00276220%</u>	<u>0.001753814%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$457,517	\$0	\$457,517
Net OPEB Asset	\$0	\$993,521	\$993,521
OPEB Expense	(\$32,075)	(\$180,318)	(\$212,393)

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$3,846	\$14,403	\$18,249
Changes of assumptions	72,774	42,320	115,094
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	2,378	17,295	19,673
Changes in proportionate Share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	75,054	6,153	81,207
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>26,063</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>26,063</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$180,115</u>	<u>\$80,171</u>	<u>\$260,286</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$292,662	\$149,207	\$441,869
Changes of assumptions	187,815	704,502	892,317
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>69,652</u>	<u>10,709</u>	<u>80,361</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$550,129</u>	<u>\$864,418</u>	<u>\$1,414,547</u>

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 17 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans** (continued)

\$26,063 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	(\$92,838)	(\$229,150)	(\$321,988)
2025	(97,898)	(224,385)	(322,283)
2026	(90,512)	(109,244)	(199,756)
2027	(52,805)	(44,966)	(97,771)
2028	(26,395)	(58,513)	(84,908)
Thereafter	<u>(35,629)</u>	<u>(117,989)</u>	<u>(153,618)</u>
Total	<u>(\$396,077)</u>	<u>(\$784,247)</u>	<u>(\$1,180,324)</u>

**Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 17 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans** (continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	
Wage Increases	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted	2044
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.69 percent
Prior Measurement Date	1.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Measurement Date	4.08 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.27 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.40 percent
Pre-Medicare	6.75 to 4.40 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	7.00 to 4.40 percent

Mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 17 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans** (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 16.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 4.08 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022, and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69 percent at June 30, 2022 and 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (3.08%)	Current Discount Rate (4.08%)	1% Increase (5.08%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$568,244	\$457,517	\$368,132

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 17 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans** (continued)

	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%)	Current Trend Rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$352,828	\$457,517	\$594,259

**Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	Varies by age from 2.5 percent to 12.50 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	7.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	5.00 percent initial 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-68.78 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	-16.18 percent initial 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	9.00 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	6.50 percent initial 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-5.47 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	29.98 percent initial 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For 2022, healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 17 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans** (continued)

For 2021, healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 16.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$918,484	\$993,521	\$1,057,797
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$1,030,523	\$993,521	\$946,815

**Note 18 - Other Employee Benefits**

**A. Compensated Absences**

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Twelve month employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. All vacation time must be used within the fiscal year with the exception of the superintendent. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to the superintendent upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred thirty-five days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for 25 percent of accrued but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of fifty days for all employees.

**B. Health Care Benefits**

The School District offers employee medical and dental benefits through the Council of Allen County Schools Health Benefits Consortium. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with each employee depending on the terms of the union contract. The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Dearborn National Life Insurance Company. The School District provides vision insurance through Fidelity Security Life Insurance Company (EyeMed).

**C. Separation Benefits**

The School District provides a separation benefit to eligible certified and classified employees. An employee who achieves age 55 with 29 years of service, age 60 with 5 years of service, or any age with 30 years of service may retire under this plan. Employees who have over 34.99 years, are on disability, or are terminated for cause are exempt from this incentive. Payments are made at 25 percent on the second pay of July, 25 percent on the second pay of January, and 50% on the following second pay of July.

**Note 19 - Long-Term Obligations**

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2023 were as follows:

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 19 - Long-Term Obligations** (continued)

	Balance at 6/30/22	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/23	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Long-Term Obligations					
Net Pension Liability					
SERS	\$1,075,041	\$654,999	\$0	\$1,730,040	\$0
STRS	4,681,679	3,847,968	0	8,529,647	0
Total Net Pension Liability	5,756,720	4,502,967	0	10,259,687	0
Net OPEB Liability					
SERS	564,449	0	106,932	457,517	0
Compensated Absences Payable	660,575	146,721	73,788	733,508	52,144
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$6,981,744	\$4,649,688	\$180,720	\$11,450,712	\$52,144

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension and OPEB liabilities; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund and the Food Service, Auxiliary Services, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief, and Title VI-B, Title I, and Title II-A special revenue funds.

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund and the Food Service and Auxiliary Services special revenue funds.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$21,387,417 with an unvoted debt margin of \$237,638 at June 30, 2023.

**Note 20 - Fund Balance**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balance	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable for:				
Materials and Supplies				
Inventory	\$18,139	\$0	\$1,108	\$19,247
Prepaid Items	12,424	0	61,718	74,142
Total Nonspendable	30,563	0	62,826	93,389

(continued)

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Note 20 - Fund Balance** (continued)

Fund Balance	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted for:				
Athletics and Music	\$0	\$0	\$197,092	\$197,092
Capital Improvements	0	314,993	0	314,993
Lunchroom	0	0	195,510	195,510
Network Connectivity	0	0	6,840	6,840
Regular Instruction	0	0	68,400	68,400
Student Activities	0	0	59,455	59,455
Total Restricted	<u>0</u>	<u>314,993</u>	<u>527,297</u>	<u>842,290</u>
Assigned for:				
Extracurricular Activities	221,534	0	0	221,534
Unpaid Obligations	57,068	0	0	57,068
Total Assigned	<u>278,602</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>278,602</u>
Unassigned (Deficit)	5,120,823	0	(89,714)	5,031,109
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$5,429,988</u>	<u>\$314,993</u>	<u>\$500,409</u>	<u>\$6,245,390</u>

**Note 21 - Set Asides**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. This amount must be carried forward and used for the same purpose in future years. The following cash basis information identifies the change in the fund balance set aside for capital improvements during fiscal year 2023.

	Capital Improvements
Balance June 30, 2022	\$0
Current Year Set Aside Requirement	202,858
Current Year Offsets	<u>(202,858)</u>
Balance June 30, 2023	<u>\$0</u>

**Note 22 - Jointly Governed Organizations**

**A. Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative**

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, Seneca, Van Wert, Wood, and Wyandot Counties, and the Cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member educational entities. The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member educational entities within each county. During fiscal year 2023, the School District paid \$39,060 to NOACSC for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, 4277 East Road, Elida, Ohio 45807.

**B. Vantage Career Center**

The Vantage Career Center (Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education. The Center operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the twelve participating school districts' Board of Education. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Vantage Career Center, 818 North Franklin Street, Van Wert, Ohio 45891-1304.

**Note 23 - Insurance Pools**

**A. Ohio School Plan**

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, a member of the Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which established agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from the Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

**Note 23 - Insurance Pools** (continued)

**B. Council of Allen County Schools Health Benefits Consortium**

The School District participates in the Council of Allen County Schools Health Benefits Consortium (Consortium), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of the school districts within Allen County and the Allen County Educational Service Center. The Consortium is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical and dental benefits to the employees of the participating school districts. Each participating school district's superintendent is appointed to a Board of Directors which advises the Trustee, Allen County Educational Service Center, concerning aspects of the administration of the Consortium.

Each school district decides which plans offered by the Board of Directors will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Plan is by written application subject to acceptance by the Board of Directors and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from the Allen County Educational Service Center, 1920 Slabtown Road, Lima, Ohio 45801.

**C. Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan**

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Ohio Schools Council (OSC) as an insurance purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors consisting of superintendents from the member districts. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

**Note 24 - Related Organization**

The Delphos Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Delphos City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District serves as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Delphos Public Library, 309 West Second Street, Delphos, Ohio 45833.

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Note 25 - Contingencies**

**A. Grants**

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2023.

**B. School Foundation**

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As a result of the fiscal year 2023 reviews, the School District owes an additional \$15,196. This amount has not been included in the financial statements.

**C. Litigation**

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

**Note 26 - COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During fiscal year 2023, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The School District will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.

Delphos City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Ten Years

---

	2023	2022	2021	2020
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.03198580%	0.02913620%	0.02889330%	0.03285340%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,730,040	\$1,075,041	\$1,911,064	\$1,965,677
School District's Employee Payroll	\$1,194,850	\$995,100	\$1,019,371	\$1,135,393
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	144.79%	108.03%	187.47%	173.13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.82%	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

---

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.03356280%	0.03104360%	0.03126190%	0.03083920%	0.03089000%	0.03089000%
\$1,922,203	\$1,854,786	\$2,288,082	\$1,759,715	\$1,563,325	\$1,836,929
\$1,101,200	\$1,032,236	\$961,714	\$933,421	\$840,939	\$860,374
174.56%	179.69%	237.92%	188.52%	185.90%	213.50%
71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Delphos City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2023	2022	2021	2020
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.03258650%	0.02982430%	0.02992600%	0.03364300%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$457,517	\$564,449	\$650,390	\$846,050
School District's Employee Payroll	\$1,194,850	\$995,100	\$1,019,371	\$1,135,393
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	38.29%	56.72%	63.80%	74.52%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	30.34%	24.08%	18.17%	15.57%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

---

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
0.03383040%	0.03130280%	0.03147630%
\$938,546	\$840,086	\$897,191
\$1,101,200	\$1,032,236	\$961,714
85.23%	81.39%	93.29%
13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

Delphos City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.038369770%	0.036615956%	0.03964530%	0.04029366%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$8,529,647	\$4,681,679	\$9,592,752	\$8,910,701
School District's Employee Payroll	\$4,989,250	\$4,155,786	\$5,096,800	\$4,686,400
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	170.96%	112.65%	188.21%	190.14%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78.90%	87.80%	75.50%	77.40%

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

---

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.04243258%	0.04191442%	0.04208455%	0.04307311%	0.04200506%	0.04200506%
\$9,329,971	\$9,956,860	\$14,086,967	\$11,904,148	\$10,217,084	\$12,170,524
\$4,987,900	\$4,486,121	\$4,497,907	\$4,480,700	\$4,321,246	\$4,370,377
187.05%	221.95%	313.19%	265.68%	236.44%	278.48%
77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Delphos City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2023	2022	2021	2020
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.038369770%	0.036615956%	0.03964530%	0.04029366%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$993,521)	(\$772,018)	(\$696,764)	(\$667,360)
School District's Employee Payroll	\$4,989,250	\$4,155,786	\$5,096,800	\$4,686,400
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	-19.91%	-18.58%	-13.67%	-14.24%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	230.70%	174.70%	182.10%	174.70%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

2019	2018	2017
0.04243258%	0.04191442%	0.04208455%
(\$681,848)	\$1,635,346	\$2,250,693
\$4,987,900	\$4,486,121	\$4,497,907
-13.67%	36.45%	50.04%
176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

Delphos City School District  
Required Supplementary Information  
Schedule of the School District's Contributions  
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<b>Net Pension Liability</b>				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$206,309	\$167,279	\$139,314	\$142,712
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(206,309)</u>	<u>(167,279)</u>	<u>(139,314)</u>	<u>(142,712)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Employee Payroll (1)	\$1,473,636	\$1,194,850	\$995,100	\$1,019,371
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
<b>Net OPEB Liability</b>				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$26,063	\$20,671	\$18,149	\$18,958
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(26,063)</u>	<u>(20,671)</u>	<u>(18,149)</u>	<u>(18,958)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	<u>1.77%</u>	<u>1.73%</u>	<u>1.82%</u>	<u>1.86%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll (2)	<u>15.77%</u>	<u>15.73%</u>	<u>15.82%</u>	<u>15.86%</u>

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB

(2) Includes Surcharge

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
\$153,278	\$148,662	\$144,513	\$134,640	\$123,025	\$116,554
<u>(153,278)</u>	<u>(148,662)</u>	<u>(144,513)</u>	<u>(134,640)</u>	<u>(123,025)</u>	<u>(116,554)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$1,135,393	\$1,101,200	\$1,032,236	\$961,714	\$933,421	\$840,939
13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%
\$26,093	\$22,810	\$16,139	\$15,051	\$23,292	\$16,281
<u>(26,093)</u>	<u>(22,810)</u>	<u>(16,139)</u>	<u>(15,051)</u>	<u>(23,292)</u>	<u>(16,281)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>2.30%</u>	<u>2.07%</u>	<u>1.56%</u>	<u>1.57%</u>	<u>2.50%</u>	<u>1.94%</u>
<u>15.80%</u>	<u>15.57%</u>	<u>15.56%</u>	<u>15.57%</u>	<u>15.68%</u>	<u>15.80%</u>

Delphos City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the School District's Contributions  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<b>Net Pension Liability</b>				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$774,164	\$698,495	\$581,810	\$713,552
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(774,164)</u>	<u>(698,495)</u>	<u>(581,810)</u>	<u>(713,552)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Employee Payroll	\$5,529,743	\$4,989,250	\$4,155,786	\$5,096,800
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
<b>Net OPEB Liability</b>				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
\$656,096	\$698,306	\$628,057	\$629,707	\$627,298	\$561,762
<u>(656,096)</u>	<u>(698,306)</u>	<u>(628,057)</u>	<u>(629,707)</u>	<u>(627,298)</u>	<u>(561,762)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$4,686,400	\$4,987,900	\$4,486,121	\$4,497,907	\$4,480,700	\$4,321,246
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$43,212
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(43,212)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Net Pension Liability**

**Changes in Assumptions - SERS**

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, on each anniversary of the initial retirement, the allowance of all retirees and survivors may be increased by the annual rate of increase in the CPI-W measured as of the June preceding the beginning of the applicable calendar year. The annual rate of increase shall not be less than 0 percent nor greater than 2.5 percent. The COLA was suspended for 2018-2020. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Amounts reported in 2022 incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in prior years are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Years 2021-2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	2.4 percent	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent net of system expenses	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Beginning in 2022, amounts reported use mortality rates based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Amounts report for 2017 through 2021 use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

**Changes in Assumptions - STRS**

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal years 2018-2021 and fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Years 2021-2018	Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	From 2.5 percent to 12.5 percent based on age	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013 or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males’ ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

**Changes in Benefit Term - STRS Pension**

For fiscal year 2023, the Board approved a one-time 3 percent COLA effective on the anniversary of a benefit recipient’s retirement date for those eligible during fiscal year 2023 and eliminated the age 60 requirement to receive unreduced retirement that was scheduled to go into effect August 1, 2026.

**Net OPEB Liability**

**Changes in Assumptions - SERS**

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by SERS in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2021 and prior are presented below:

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2022	2021 and Prior
Inflation	2.40 percent	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation		
Wage Increases	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2023	3.69 percent
Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Fiscal year 2023	4.08 percent
Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

**Changes in Assumptions - STRS**

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

For fiscal year 2022, the discount rate was decreased from 7.45 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.00.

For fiscal year 2023, the projected salary increases were changed from age based (2.5 percent to 12.50 percent) to service based (2.5 percent to 8.5 percent.)

Delphos City School District  
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

---

**Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS OPEB**

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2022, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 premium based on June 30, 2021 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2023, healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience.

This page is intentionally left blank.

**DELPHOS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
ALLEN COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023**

<b>Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor Program/Cluster Title</b>	<b>Federal AL Number</b>	<b>Total Federal Expenditures</b>
<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b>		
(Passed through Ohio Department of Education)		
Child Nutrition Cluster:		
Non -Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 9,011
National School Lunch Program	10.555	36,042
Total Non-Cash Assistance		<u>45,053</u>
Cash Assistance:		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	64,537
National School Lunch Program	10.555	377,700
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	30,919
COVID-19 Special Milk Program for Childre	10.556	12,976
Total Cash Assistance		<u>486,132</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		<u>531,185</u>
COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administration Costs	10.649	<u>628</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		<u>531,813</u>
<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</b>		
(Passed through Ohio Department of Education)		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	207,718
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	359,132
COVID-19 Special Education_Grants to States	84.027X	14,506
Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	12,152
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		<u>385,790</u>
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	43,569
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	18,729
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund		
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	204,471
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	580,727
Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund		<u>785,198</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education		<u>1,441,004</u>
<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY</b>		
(Passed Through Ohio Facilities Construction Commission)		
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	<u>121,841</u>
Total US Department of the Treasury		<u>121,841</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Award		<u>\$ 2,094,658</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule*

**DELPHOS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
ALLEN COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023**

**NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Delphos City School District (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the School District.

**NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

**NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE**

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost as allowed under the uniform guidance.

**NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

**NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

**NOTE F - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require the School District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The School District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

**NOTE G – TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS**

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with Ohio Department of Education's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The School District transferred the following amounts from 2023 to 2024 programs:

<u>Program Title</u>	<u>AL Number</u>	<u>Amt. Transferred</u>
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	\$ 635,162.57

**DELPHOS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
ALLEN COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023  
(Continued)**

**NOTE H – PASS THROUGH FUNDS**

The School District was awarded federal program allocations to be administered on their behalf by a Consortium through Elida Local School District. For 2023, the School District's allocation was as follows:

Special Education\_Preschool Grants – AL #84.173..... \$1,826.10

**This page intentionally left blank.**

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



88 East Broad Street  
Columbus, Ohio 43215  
ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov  
(800) 282-0370

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Delphos City School District  
Allen County  
901 Wildcat Lane  
Delphos, Ohio 45833

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Delphos City School District, Allen County, (the School District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 29, 2024, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District.

### ***Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

***Report on Compliance and Other Matters***

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

***Purpose of This Report***

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

February 29, 2024

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



88 East Broad Street  
Columbus, Ohio 43215  
ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov  
(800) 282-0370

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Delphos City School District  
Allen County  
901 Wildcat Lane  
Delphos, Ohio 45833

To the Board of Education:

### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

#### ***Opinion on the Major Federal Program***

We have audited Delphos City School District's, Allen County, (the School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Delphos City School District's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Delphos City School District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Delphos City School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### ***Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

The School District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

February 29, 2024

**This page intentionally left blank.**

**DELPHOS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
ALLEN COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS  
2 CFR § 200.515  
JUNE 30, 2023**

**1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

<b>(d)(1)(i)</b>	<b>Type of Financial Statement Opinion</b>	Unmodified
<b>(d)(1)(ii)</b>	<b>Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</b>	No
<b>(d)(1)(ii)</b>	<b>Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</b>	No
<b>(d)(1)(iii)</b>	<b>Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</b>	No
<b>(d)(1)(iv)</b>	<b>Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?</b>	No
<b>(d)(1)(iv)</b>	<b>Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?</b>	No
<b>(d)(1)(v)</b>	<b>Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion</b>	Unmodified
<b>(d)(1)(vi)</b>	<b>Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?</b>	No
<b>(d)(1)(vii)</b>	<b>Major Programs (list):</b>	COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund (AL #84.425D and 84.425U)
<b>(d)(1)(viii)</b>	<b>Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs</b>	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
<b>(d)(1)(ix)</b>	<b>Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?</b>	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

**3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS**

None

**This page intentionally left blank.**

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



**DELPHOS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**ALLEN COUNTY**

**AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



**Certified for Release 3/21/2024**

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215  
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at  
[www.ohioauditor.gov](http://www.ohioauditor.gov)