Single Audit

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Trustees Eastland Preparatory Academy 2741 South Hamilton Road Columbus, Ohio 43232

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Eastland Preparatory Academy, Franklin County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Eastland Preparatory Academy is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 15, 2024



EASTLAND PREPARATORY ACADEMY FRANKLIN COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-8
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	11
Statement of Cash Flows.	12
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	13-39
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - SERS	40-41
Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - STRS	42-43
Schedule of School's Contributions - SERS	44-45
Schedule of School's Contributions - STRS	46-47
Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - SERS	48-49
Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset - STRS	50-51
Schedule of School's OPEB Contributions - SERS	52-53
Schedule of School's OPEB Contributions - STRS	54-55
Notes to Schedules of Required Supplementary Information	56-60
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Prepared by Management)	61
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Prepared by Management)	62
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Required by Government Auditing Standards	63-64
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	65-67
Schedule of Findings	68



Phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Eastland Preparatory Academy Franklin County 2741 South Hamilton Road Columbus, Ohio 43232

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Eastland Preparatory Academy, Franklin County, Ohio (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Academy as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Academy, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Eastland Preparatory Academy Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension liabilities, other postemployment benefit liabilities/assets, and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Eastland Preparatory Academy Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2023, on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 29, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Eastland Preparatory Academy (the "Academy"), formerly known and the Berwyn East Academy, provides an overall review of the Academy's financial activities for fiscal year 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

- In total, net position was a deficit of \$85,863 at June 30, 2023, which represented a 90.91% increase from 2022's net position.
- The Academy had operating revenues of \$3,116,843, operating expenses of \$4,857,228 non-operating revenues of \$2,600,016, and non-operating expenses of \$425 for fiscal year 2023. Total change in net position for the Academy was an increase of \$859,206.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and the notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Academy's financial activities. The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position provides information about the activities of the Academy, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations.

Reporting the Academy's Financial Activities

Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows

These documents look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2023?" The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Academy's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Academy as a whole, the financial position of the Academy has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not.

The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its operations.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Academy's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a summary of the Academy's net position for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

	Net Position		
	2023	2022	
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 988,676	\$ 816,983	
Non-current assets	1,472,894	211,898	
Total assets	2,461,570	1,028,881	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	1,176,199	1,421,297	
OPEB	68,995	83,949	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,245,194	1,505,246	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities	614,775	401,622	
Non-current liabilities:			
Net pension liability	2,517,192	1,436,967	
Net OPEB liability	84,245	110,589	
Lease payable	_	4,756	
Total liabilities	3,216,212	1,953,934	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension	227,997	1,176,280	
OPEB	348,418	348,982	
Total deferred inflows of resources	576,415	1,525,262	
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	959,035	-	
Restricted	542,647	217,281	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,587,545)	(1,162,350)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (85,863)	\$ (945,069)	

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the Academy at June 30, 2023 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The Academy adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Academy's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the Academy's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Academy is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Academy's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Net Position Analysis

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. At June 30, 2023, the Academy's net position was a deficit of \$85,863 compared to a deficit of \$945,069 at June 30, 2022.

Current assets include the Academy's demand deposit account and intergovernmental receivables. Non-current assets include the net OPEB asset and capital assets. At year-end, capital assets represented 49.42% of total assets. Capital assets includes construction in progress and intangible right to use – leased equipment. The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2023, was \$959,035. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the Academy's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Deferred outflows of resources are reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75, see Note 11 and Note 12, respectively, to the basic financial statements for detail.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Current liabilities primarily include accounts payable due to vendors for goods and services, related pension and postemployment benefits reported as intergovernmental payables, and the current portion of the Academy's lease payable.

Long-term obligations include a lease payable for copier equipment, the Academy's net pension liability and the Academy's net OPEB liability. Long-term liabilities increased primarily due to a increase in the net pension liability. The net pension liability increased \$1,080,225 and deferred inflows of resources related to pension decreased \$948,283. These changes were the result of changes at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Primarily, net investment income on investments at both pension systems were negative for the fiscal year 2022 measurement date that are used for the fiscal year 2023 reporting. This caused a large decrease in their respective fiduciary net positions which was a drastic change from the previous fiscal year's large positive investment returns. This factor is outside of the control of the Academy. The Academy contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it's the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions to Academy employees, not the Academy.

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

Change in Net Position

	2023	2022
Operating Revenues:		
State foundation	\$ 3,116,843	\$ 2,950,643
Other	_ _	3,961
Total operating revenue	3,116,843	2,954,604
Operating Expenses:		
Salaries and wages	53,402	23,742
Fringe benefits	167,874	243,023
Purchased services	4,414,553	3,470,792
Materials and supplies	183,413	203,866
Other	31,143	16,950
Amortization	6,843	6,510
Total operating expenses	4,857,228	3,964,883
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Federal and State subsidies	2,600,016	1,292,457
Interest expense	(425)	(765)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	2,599,591	1,291,692
Change in net position	859,206	281,413
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	(945,069)	(1,226,482)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ (85,863)	\$ (945,069)

Pension and OPEB expenses are a component of program expenses reported on the statement of activities. To assess fluctuations in program expenses, the increase or decrease in pension and OPEB expenses should be factored into the analysis. Pension and OPEB expenses (net) for 2023 and 2022 was \$489,349 and \$20,102, respectively. Pension and OPEB expenses are reported as a component of fringe benefits and purchase services expense.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Obligations

The Academy had \$1,216,405 and \$11,599 in capital assets, net of amortization, June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. See Note 6 to the basic financial statements for detail.

The Academy had \$4,756 and \$11,599 in long-term debt obligations (leases payable) outstanding at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for detail.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

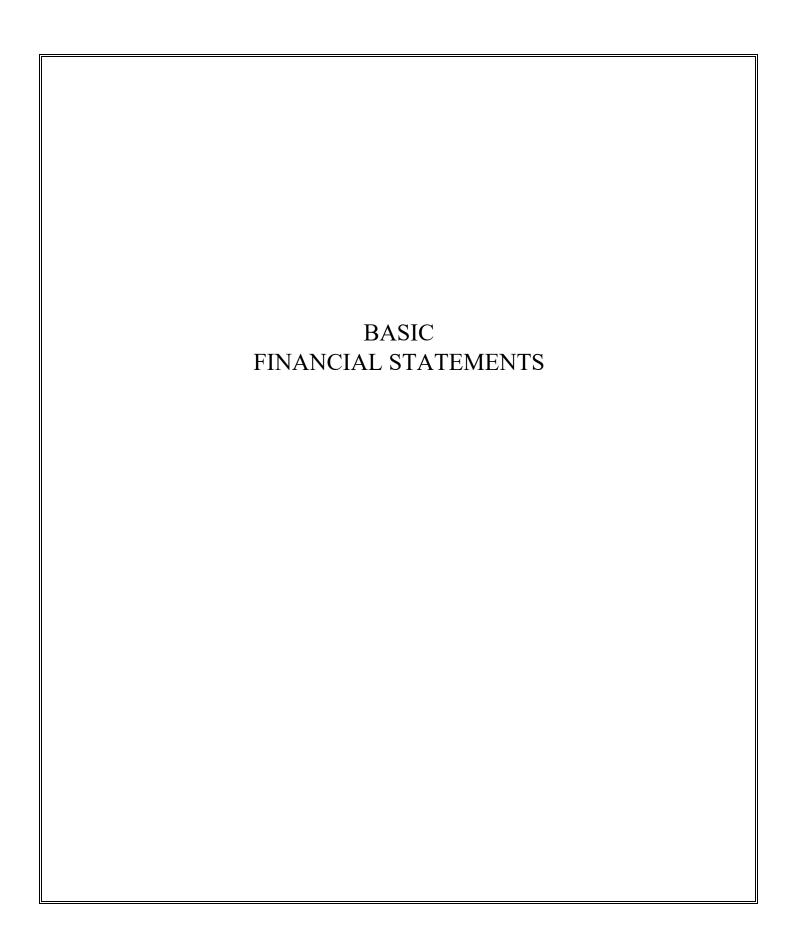
Current Financial Related Activities

The Academy is reliant upon State Foundation monies to offer quality educational services to students.

In order to continually provide learning opportunities to the Academy's students, the Academy will apply resources to best meet the needs of its students. It is the intent of the Academy to apply for other State and Federal funds that are made available to finance its operations.

Contacting the Academy's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our clients and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to show the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Todd Johnson, Treasurer of Eastland Preparatory Academy, 2741 South Hamilton Road, Columbus, Ohio 43232.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Cash \$ 92,619 Receivables: 3896,057 Total current assets 988,676 Non-current assets: 256,489 Non-current assets: 1,211,649 Nondepreciable capital assets 1,211,649 Amortized capital assets, net 4,756 Total capital assets, net 1,216,289 Total non-current assets 1,472,894 Total assets 2,461,570 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 1,176,199 OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities: Current liabilities: 587,112 Accounts payable 587,112 Unearned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 4,756 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 8,245 Total current liabilities 2,517,192 Net pension liabilities 2,517,192 N	Assets: Current assets:		
Receivables: 896,057 Total current assets 898,676 Non-current assets: 256,489 Net OPEB asset 256,489 Capital assets: 1,211,649 Amortized capital assets, net 4,756 Total capital assets, net 1,216,405 Total capital assets, net 1,216,405 Total assets 2,461,570 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 1,176,199 OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities: Current liabilities: 587,112 Accounts payable 587,112 Lease payable 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 2,517,192 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net pension liability 2,517,192 Net position liability 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total liabilities 3,216,21		\$	92,619
Total current assets: 256,489 Non-current assets: 256,489 Capital assets: 1,211,649 Amortized capital assets, net 4,756 Total capital assets, net 1,216,405 Total non-current assets 1,472,894 Total sasets 2,461,570 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 1,176,199 OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities: Current liabilities: 2 Current liabilities: 587,112 Accounts payable 587,112 Uneamed revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities: 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources Pension	Receivables:		- ,
Non-current assets: 256,489 Capital assets: 1,211,649 Nondepreciable capital assets 4,756 Total capital assets, net 4,756 Total capital assets, net 1,216,405 Total non-current assets 1,472,894 Total sasets 2,461,570 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 1,176,199 OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities: Current liabilities: 587,112 Uncarned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 4,756 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities: 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Not OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred infl	Intergovernmental		896,057
Net OPEB asset 256,489 Capital assets: 1,211,649 Nondepreciable capital assets, net 4,756 Total capital assets, net 1,216,405 Total non-current assets 1,472,894 Total assets 2,461,570 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 1,176,199 OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities: Current liabilities: 587,112 Accounts payable 587,112 Unearned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities 2,517,192 Net pension liability 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 2601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418<	Total current assets		988,676
Amortized capital assets, net 4,756 Total capital assets, net 1,216,405 Total non-current assets 1,472,894 Total assets 2,461,570 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 1,176,199 OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 587,112 Unearned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net pension liability 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: 8990,035 Restricted for OPEB plan	Net OPEB asset		256,489
Total non-current assets 1,472,894 Total assets 2,461,570 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 1,176,199 OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 587,112 Uncarned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net DeB liability 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 2,601,437 Total diabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: 89,90,35 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs			
Total assets 2,461,570 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 1,176,199 OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 587,112 Unearned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities 2,517,192 Net pension liability 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources \$56,415 Net position: \$95,935 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for State programs 25,614 Restricted for federal programs 25,614 Restricted	Total capital assets, net		1,216,405
Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 1,176,199 OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 587,112 Uncarned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 2,517,192 Net OPEB liabilities 2,601,437 Total non-current liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: 8 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821	Total non-current assets		1,472,894
Pension OPEB 1,176,199 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 587,112 (1,206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),206 (1),2	Total assets		2,461,570
OPEB 68,995 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,245,194 Liabilities:	Deferred outflows of resources:		
Liabilities: 1,245,194 Current liabilities: 587,112 Accounts payable 587,112 Unearned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: 959,035 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for defeal programs 252,614 Restricted for defeal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Pension		1,176,199
Liabilities: Current liabilities: 587,112 Accounts payable 7,206 Unearned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 814,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for deferal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	OPEB		68,995
Current liabilities: 587,112 Accounts payable 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: 959,035 Restricted for: 8 Restricted for: 959,035 Restricted for GPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Total deferred outflows of resources		1,245,194
Accounts payable 587,112 Unearned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: 959,035 Restricted for: 86,350 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Liabilities:		
Unearned revenue 7,206 Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net pension liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: \$959,035 Restricted for: \$66,350 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Current liabilities:		
Intergovernmental payable 15,701 Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: 959,035 Restricted for: 8576,415 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Accounts payable		587,112
Lease payable 4,756 Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: 959,035 Restricted for: 8576,415 Restricted for: 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)			
Total current liabilities 614,775 Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: 959,035 Restricted for: 8576,415 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)			15,701
Non-current liabilities: 2,517,192 Net pension liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: 8estricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Lease payable		4,756
Net pension liability 2,517,192 Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: 8estricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Total current liabilities		614,775
Net OPEB liability 84,245 Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: 959,035 Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: 66,350 Restricted for State programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Non-current liabilities:		
Total non-current liabilities 2,601,437 Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: 8 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Net pension liability		2,517,192
Total liabilities 3,216,212 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: 8 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Net OPEB liability		84,245
Deferred inflows of resources:Pension227,997OPEB348,418Total deferred inflows of resources576,415Net position:\$\$95,035Net investment in capital assets959,035Restricted for:\$\$85,205Restricted for OPEB plan66,350Restricted for state programs127,862Restricted for federal programs252,614Restricted food service operations95,821Unrestricted (deficit)(1,587,545)	Total non-current liabilities		2,601,437
Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: 8 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Total liabilities		3,216,212
Pension 227,997 OPEB 348,418 Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: 88,000 Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Deferred inflows of resources:		
Total deferred inflows of resources 576,415 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 959,035 Restricted for: Restricted for OPEB plan 66,350 Restricted for state programs 127,862 Restricted for federal programs 252,614 Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)	Pension		227,997
Net position:959,035Net investment in capital assets959,035Restricted for:66,350Restricted for OPEB plan66,350Restricted for state programs127,862Restricted for federal programs252,614Restricted food service operations95,821Unrestricted (deficit)(1,587,545)	OPEB		348,418
Net investment in capital assets959,035Restricted for:66,350Restricted for OPEB plan66,350Restricted for state programs127,862Restricted for federal programs252,614Restricted food service operations95,821Unrestricted (deficit)(1,587,545)	Total deferred inflows of resources		
Net investment in capital assets959,035Restricted for:66,350Restricted for OPEB plan66,350Restricted for state programs127,862Restricted for federal programs252,614Restricted food service operations95,821Unrestricted (deficit)(1,587,545)	Net position:		
Restricted for OPEB plan66,350Restricted for state programs127,862Restricted for federal programs252,614Restricted food service operations95,821Unrestricted (deficit)(1,587,545)	Net investment in capital assets		959,035
Restricted for state programs127,862Restricted for federal programs252,614Restricted food service operations95,821Unrestricted (deficit)(1,587,545)			66.350
Restricted for federal programs252,614Restricted food service operations95,821Unrestricted (deficit)(1,587,545)			
Restricted food service operations 95,821 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)			
Unrestricted (deficit) (1,587,545)			
		_	
	Total net position (deficit)	\$	(85,863)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Operating revenues:	
State foundation	\$ 3,116,843
Total operating revenues	 3,116,843
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and wages	53,402
Fringe benefits	167,874
Purchased services	4,414,553
Materials and supplies	183,413
Other	31,143
Amortization	 6,843
Total operating expenses	 4,857,228
Operating loss	 (1,740,385)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Federal and state subsidies	2,600,016
Interest expense	(425)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,599,591
Change in net position	859,206
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	 (945,069)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ (85,863)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from state foundation	\$	3,116,064
Cash payments for salaries and wages	*	(52,260)
Cash payments for fringe benefits		(168,237)
Cash payments for purchased services		(4,171,382)
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(164,335)
Cash payments for other expenses		(29,964)
Net cash (used in) operating activities		(1,470,114)
Teet cash (asea in) operating activities		(1,470,114)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from grants and subsidies		2,093,999
Net cash provided by noncapital		
financing activities		2,093,999
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities:		
Principal retirement on lease		(6,843)
Interest expense on lease		(425)
Acquisition of capital assets		(959,035)
Net cash (used in) capital and related		
financing activities		(966,303)
illiancing activities		(900,303)
Net decrease in cash		(342,418)
Cash at beginning of year		435,037
Cash at end of year	\$	92,619
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash (used in) operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(1,740,385)
Adjustments:		
Amortization		6,843
CI 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(000)
Change in intergovernmental receivable		(888)
Change in deferred outflows - pension		245,098
Change in deferred outflows - OPEB		14,954
Change in net OPEB asset		(56,190)
Change in accounts payable		(22,570)
Change in intergovernmental payable		(22,010)
Change in net pension liability		1,080,225
Change in net OPEB liability		(26,344)
Change in deferred inflows - pension		(948,283)
Change in deferred inflows - OPEB		(564)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	(1,470,114)

Non-Cash Transaction:

At June 30, 2023, the Academy had \$252,614 in capital assets purchased on account.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ACADEMY

The Eastland Preparatory Academy (the "Academy"), formerly known as the Berwyn East Academy, is a non-profit corporation established pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code Chapters 1702 and 3314 to provide students in primary grades with the best programming and teaching techniques available using Direct Instruction. The Academy is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices and all other operations. The Academy may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the Academy.

The Academy was approved for sponsorship under contract resolution on April 10, 2013 with North Central Ohio Educational Service Center (the "Sponsor") for a period of five years commencing on July 1, 2013 and ending June 30, 2018. On May 14, 2018, the Academy renewed the Sponsorship Agreement with the North Central Ohio Educational Service Center for a term of five years, commencing on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2023. On June 15, 2021 the Academy extended the Sponsorship Agreement for an additional one year term ending on June 30, 2024. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to terminate the contract or deny renewal of the contract at its expiration.

The Academy operates under the direction of a Governing Board which is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract, which include, but are not limited to, State-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards and qualification of teachers. The Governing Board controls the Academy's one instructional/support facility staffed by 4 classified and 17 certified, teaching personnel who provide services to 365 students.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

Enterprise reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net position, financial position and cash flows.

B. Measurement Focus

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, all deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities are included on the statement of net position. The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the basic financial statements. The Academy's basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded upon the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

D. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 11 and 12 for deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. See Notes 11 and 12 for deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

E. Budgetary Process

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the Academy's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract; however, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.

F. Cash

Cash received by the Academy is reflected as "cash" on the statement of net position. Unless otherwise noted, all monies received by the Academy are pooled and deposited in a central bank account as demand deposits. The Academy did not have any investments during fiscal year 2023.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost and updated for additions and deletions during the year. The Academy has established a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. The Academy does not have any infrastructure. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Construction in progress is not depreciated/amortized.

The Academy is reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased equipment. The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Payables

The Academy has recognized certain liabilities on the statement of net position relating to expenses, which are due but unpaid as of June 30, 2023, including:

<u>Accounts payable</u> - consists primarily of payments to vendors for services or products performed or received prior to June 30, 2023 but were not paid until the subsequent fiscal year.

<u>Intergovernmental payable</u> - consists primarily of payments for the employer's share of the pension and postemployment retirement contributions (\$14,278), and Medicare (\$1,423), associated with services rendered during fiscal year 2023, but were not paid until the subsequent fiscal year.

I. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, net of accumulated amortization and related debt. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

J. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Academy. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

K. Intergovernmental Revenue

The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Student Wellness and Success, Special Education, Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid, English Learners, Formula Transition Supplement, FacilitiesK-3 Literacy, Targeted Assistance, and Facilities Funding Programs. Revenue received from these programs is recognized as operating revenues. Amounts awarded under these programs for the 2023 school year totaled \$3,116,843.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility includes timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis. Grant revenue from Federal and State subsidies received during fiscal year 2023 totaled \$2,600,016.

L. Accrued Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported on the statement of net position.

M. Economic Dependency

The Academy receives 100% of its operating revenue from the Ohio Department of Education (ODE). Due to the significance of this revenue, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on the ODE.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

O. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPALS

For fiscal year 2023, the Academy has implemented GASB Statement No. 91, "<u>Conduit Debt Obligations</u>", GASB Statement No. 94, "<u>Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements</u>", GASB Statement No. 96, "<u>Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>", certain questions and answers of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>".

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the Academy's deposits was \$92,618 and the bank balance was \$273,358. \$250,000 of the bank balance was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). There are no significant statutory restrictions regarding the deposit and investment of funds by the non-profit corporation.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of intergovernmental receivables arising from grants and entitlements and amounts due from other governments. All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the intergovernmental receivables follows:

Intergovernmental Receivables:	 Amount
SERS overpayment	\$ 1,420
STRS overpayment	10,455
ESSER	607,054
IDEA Part B	107,918
Title I-A	168,831
ODE FTE adj	 379
Total	\$ 896,057

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/22	Additions	Reductions	06/30/23
Capital assets, not being amortized: Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 1,211,649	\$ -	\$ 1,211,649
Total capital assets, not being amortized		1,211,649		1,211,649
Capital assets, being amortized Intangible right to use:				
Equipment	33,498			33,498
Total capital assets				
being amortized	33,498			33,498
Less: accumulated amortization				
Intangible right to use:				
Equipment	(21,899)	(6,843)		(28,742)
Total accumulated amortization	(21,899)	(6,843)		(28,742)
Capital assets, net	\$ 11,599	\$ 1,204,806	\$ -	\$ 1,216,405

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the Academy's long-term obligations activity in fiscal year 2023.

	_	Balance at 06/30/22	Ad	lditions	Re	eductions	Balance at 06/30/23	 e Within ne Year
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$	1,436,967 110,589	\$ 1	,080,225	\$	(26,344)	\$ 2,517,192 84,245	\$ -
Leases payable		11,599				(6,843)	 4,756	 4,756
Total long-term obligations	\$	1,559,155	<u>\$ 1</u>	,080,225	\$	(33,187)	\$ 2,606,193	\$ 4,756

Net Pension Liability

See Note 12 for detail on the Academy's net pension liability.

Net OPEB Liability

See Note 13 for detail on the Academy's net OPEB liability.

Lease Payable

In fiscal year 2019, the Academy entered into lease agreements for copier and other office equipment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the Academy has reported an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the lease agreement.

The Academy entered into a lease for copier equipment for a term of 63 months on November 30, 2018. Payments are due monthly and the lease matures in February 2024.

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the outstanding lease agreement:

Fiscal		Lease Payable					
Year	Pr	incipal	Int	erest		Total	
2024	\$	4,756	\$	90	\$	4,846	
Total	\$	4,756	\$	90	\$	4,846	

NOTE 8 - PURCHASED SERVICES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, purchased services expenses were as follows:

Professional and technical services	\$ 3,121,134
Property services	826,400
Travel/mileage/meeting	825
Communications	101,728
Utilities	146,935
Contracted craft or trade	206,289
Pupil transportation services	 11,242
Total	\$ 4,414,553

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to contracted personnel; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2023, the Academy contracted with O'Neil Insurance Company for directors, officers, trustees and organization liability coverage with a limit of \$1,000,000 and a \$5,000 deductible. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in the past three years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

NOTE 10 - SPONSOR CONTRACT

The Academy entered into a sponsorship contract commencing on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2023, with the North Central Ohio Educational Service Center (the "Sponsor") for its establishment. The Sponsor shall carry out the responsibilities established by law, including:

- Attend training sessions as required by the Ohio Department of Education (ODE);
- Prior to the Academy's opening for instruction, verify by a site visit whether the Academy complies with all legal and contractual requirements;
- Monitor the Academy's compliance with all applicable laws and with the terms of the contract;
- Conduct comprehensive site visits to the Academy as necessary;
- Monitor and evaluate the academic and fiscal performance and the organization of the Academy on at least an annual basis;
- Submit a written report of the evaluations conducted to the parents and students enrolled in the Academy and to ODE by November 30th of each year;
- Provide technical assistance to the Academy in complying with all laws and terms of the contract;
- Comply with the financial reporting requirements as established by ODE, and report the Academy's financial records in accordance with applicable accounting standards and as prescribed by law;
- Notify ODE within twenty-four hours of the Academy's failure to comply with applicable laws or contract
 requirements, as well as any financial difficulties. If such financial difficulties occur and may result in the Sponsor's
 determination to declare the Academy to be on probationary status, to suspend the operations of the Academy, or
 terminate the contract. In such circumstances, the Sponsor shall provide written notice to ODE within 30 days of
 the Academy's noncompliance or financial difficulties, specifying the exact nature of the problem and the plan for
 and status of any resolution;
- Take steps to intervene in the Academy's operation to correct problems with overall performance, declare the Academy to be on a probationary status pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 3314.073, suspend the operation of the Academy pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 3314.072 or terminate the contract pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 3314.07;
- Have in place a plan of action to be undertaken in the event the Academy experiences financial difficulties or closes prior to the end of a school year.

The Academy pays up to a 3 percent sponsorship fee for oversight and monitoring. The Academy paid \$88,138 in sponsor fees during fiscal year 2023.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the Academy's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the Academy's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Academy cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the Academy does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The Academy's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Eligible to		Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2022, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2023.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the Academy is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The Academy's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$23,912 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$2,636 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The Academy's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$156,006 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$11,108 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Academy's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0.0	06025100%	0.	009499980%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0.005826800%			009905620%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.000198300%		0.000405640%		
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	315,159	\$	2,202,033	\$ 2,517,192
Pension expense	\$	30,836	\$	526,122	\$ 556,958

At June 30, 2023, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources		_			
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	12,764	\$ 28,188	\$	40,952
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	76,622		76,622
Changes of assumptions		3,110	263,517		266,627
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		12,050	600,030		612,080
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		23,912	 156,006		179,918
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	51,836	\$ 1,124,363	\$	1,176,199

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS		STRS			Total
Deferred inflows of resources	,				,	
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	2,068	\$	8,424	\$	10,492
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments		10,998		-		10,998
Changes of assumptions		-		198,352		198,352
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		8,155				8,155
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	21,221	\$	206,776	\$	227,997

\$179,918 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2024	\$	9,214	\$ 261,067	\$	270,281	
2025		(5,079)	200,748		195,669	
2026		(15,709)	76,443		60,734	
2027		18,277	 223,323		241,600	
Total	\$	6,703	\$ 761,581	\$	768,284	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.00%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00% Prior measurement date 7.00%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		Current								
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1% Increase					
Academy's proportionate share										
of the net pension liability	\$	463,899	\$	315,159	\$	189,847				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	12.50% at age 20 to
		2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

- * Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.
- **10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current								
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase				
Academy's proportionate share									
of the net pension liability	\$	3,326,468	\$	2,202,033	\$	1,251,107			

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 1.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2023. It is unknown what effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The Academy contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the Academy's surcharge obligation was \$535.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The Academy's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$535 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$535 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the Academy's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.0	05843300%	0.0	009499980%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.006000300%		0.009905620%		
Change in proportionate share	0.000157000%		0.000405640%		
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	84,245	\$	-	\$ 84,245
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(256,489)	\$ (256,489)
OPEB expense	\$	(26,009)	\$	(41,600)	\$ (67,609)

At June 30, 2023, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	710	\$	3,720	\$ 4,430
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		439		4,465	4,904
Changes of assumptions		13,400		10,925	24,325
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		23,338		11,463	34,801
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		535			 535
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	38,422	\$	30,573	\$ 68,995
Deferred inflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	53,890	\$	38,519	\$ 92,409
Changes of assumptions		34,584		181,874	216,458
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		39,232		319	 39,551
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	127,706	\$	220,712	\$ 348,418

\$535 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:		_		_		
2024	\$	(37,193)	\$	(54,199)	\$	(91,392)
2025		(23,020)		(54,108)		(77,128)
2026		(11,423)		(25,707)		(37,130)
2027		(5,551)		(10,870)		(16,421)
2028		(3,598)		(14,809)		(18,407)
Thereafter		(9,034)		(30,446)		(39,480)
Total	\$	(89,819)	\$	(190,139)	\$	(279,958)

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 are presented below:

Wage	inflation:
vv azc	mmation.

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation

Prior measurement date 7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation

Municipal bond index rate:

Current measurement date 3.69% Prior measurement date 1.92%

Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation:

Current measurement date 4.08% Prior measurement date 2.27%

Medical trend assumption:

Current measurement date 7.00 to 4.40%

Prior measurement date

 Medicare
 5.125 to 4.400%

 Pre-Medicare
 6.750 to 4.400%

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial 5-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022, was 4.08%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022, was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69% at June 30, 2022 and 1.92% at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

			(Current			
	1% Decrease Discount Rate				1% Increase		
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	104,633	\$	84,245	\$	67,786	
	1%	Decrease	_	Current end Rate	1	% Increase	
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	64,968	\$	84,245	\$	109,424	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 3	0, 2022	June 3	0, 2021			
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%				
Projected salary increases	Varies by servic	e from 2.50%	12.50% at age 20) to			
	to 8.50%		2.50% at age 65				
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of invexpenses, include		7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%				
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%				
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A				
Health care cost trends							
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate			
Medical							
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	3.94%	5.00%	4.00%			
Medicare	-68.78%	3.94%	-16.18%	4.00%			
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	9.00%	3.94%	6.50%	4.00%			
Medicare	-5.47%	3.94%	29.98% 4.00%				

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

^{**10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	6 Increase
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	237,514	\$	256,489	\$	273,083
				Current		
	1%	Decrease	T1	rend Rate	1%	6 Increase
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	266,042	\$	256,489	\$	244,432

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Academy receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Academy. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Academy.

B. Litigation

The Academy is not involved in any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 14 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During fiscal year 2023, the Academy received COVID-19 funding. The Academy will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.

NOTE 15 - MANAGEMENT COMPANY AND MANAGEMENT COMPANY EXPENSES

The Academy entered into an agreement with Accel Schools Ohio LLC, a management company, to provide legal, financial, and other management support services commencing on July 1, 2017 and ending on June 30, 2020. Management fees are calculated as 13% of the Academy's State Revenue, plus \$20,000 for managing Federal funds. The total amount due from the Academy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 was \$206,508 and is included under "Purchased Services" on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position.

Also, per the management agreement there are expenses that will be billed to the Academy based on the actual costs incurred by Accel Schools. These expenses include rent, salaries of Accel employees working at the Academy and other costs related to providing education and administrative services. The total amount billed to the Academy inclusive of management fees during fiscal year 2023 was \$1,954,476.

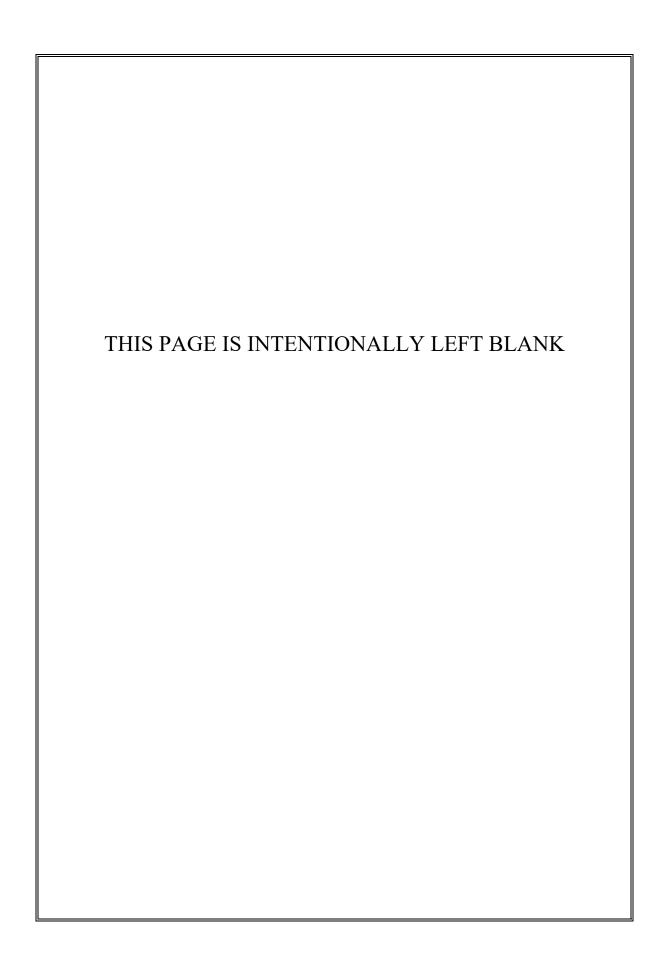
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

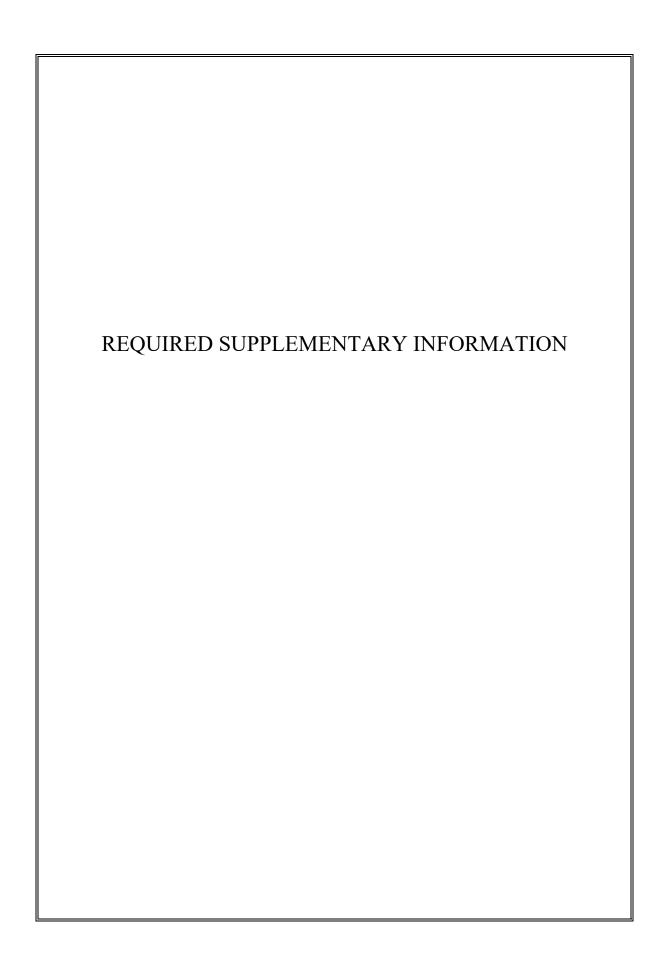
NOTE 15 - MANAGEMENT COMPANY AND MANAGEMENT COMPANY EXPENSES

The following is a summary of management company expenses during the fiscal year:

	Support							
	I	Instruction		Services		Total		
Direct Expenses:								
Salaries & Wages	\$	928,963	\$	180,546	\$	1,109,509		
Employee Benefits		63,874		19,358		83,232		
Professional & Technical Services		193,312		448,162		641,474		
Property Services		-		18,414		18,414		
Communications		-		76,515		76,515		
Supplies		23,941		1,268		25,209		
Other Direct Costs		-		123		123		
Total expenses	\$	1,210,090	\$	744,386	\$	1,954,476		

Accel Schools Ohio, LLC charges expenses benefiting more than one school (i.e. overhead) are pro-rated based on full time equivalent (FTE) head count as of June 30, 2023 by each school it manages.





SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2023		2022		2021		2020
Academy's proportion of the net pension liability	0.	.00582680%	0.	.00602510%	0.	00519450%	0.	00529610%
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	315,159	\$	222,309	\$	343,575	\$	316,875
Academy's covered payroll	\$	209,843	\$	219,336	\$	174,950	\$	195,422
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		150.19%		101.36%		196.38%		162.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.82%		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%

Note: Information prior to 2016 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2019		2018		2017		2016
0	.00489200%	0.	01032950%	0.	01044530%	0.	00580960%
\$	280,174	\$	617,165	\$	764,500	\$	331,501
\$	144,644	\$	315,471	\$	344,971	\$	174,901
	193.70%		195.63%		221.61%		189.54%
	71.36%		69.50%		62.98%		69.16%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2023		2022		2021		2020
Academy's proportion of the net pension liability	(0.00990562%	().00949998%	(0.00673763%	(0.00502201%
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,202,033	\$	1,214,658	\$	1,630,267	\$	1,110,587
Academy's covered payroll	\$	1,304,721	\$	1,154,043	\$	875,829	\$	561,550
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		168.77%		105.25%		186.14%		197.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.88%		87.78%		75.48%		77.40%

Note: Information prior to 2016 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2019		2018		2017		2016
(0.00374421%	0.	.00338924%	(0.00328330%	0.	00225767%
\$	823,268	\$	805,121	\$	1,099,019	\$	623,954
\$	477,086	\$	364,771	\$	357,436	\$	273,886
	172.56%		220.72%		307.47%		227.82%
	77.31%		75.30%		66.80%		72.10%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF ACADEMY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2023		 2022	 2021	2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	23,912	\$ 29,378	\$ 30,707	\$	24,493
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(23,912)	 (29,378)	 (30,707)		(24,493)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ _	\$ 	\$	_
Academy's covered payroll	\$	170,800	\$ 209,843	\$ 219,336	\$	174,950
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%

Note: The Academy began contributing to SERS during fiscal year 2015. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015		
\$ 26,382	\$ 19,527	\$ 44,166	\$ 48,296	\$	23,052	
 (26,382)	 (19,527)	 (44,166)	(48,296)		(23,052)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$ 195,422	\$ 144,644	\$ 315,471	\$ 344,971	\$	174,901	
13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%		13.18%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF ACADEMY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	2020
Contractually required contribution	\$ 156,006	\$ 182,661	\$ 161,566	\$ 122,616
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (156,006)	 (182,661)	 (161,566)	 (122,616)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$
Academy's covered payroll	\$ 1,114,329	\$ 1,304,721	\$ 1,154,043	\$ 875,829
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Note: The Academy began contributing to STRS during fiscal year 2015. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

2019	 2018		2017	2016			2015		
\$ 78,617	\$ 66,792	\$	51,068	\$	\$ 50,041		38,344		
 (78,617)	 (66,792)	(51,068)		(50,041)		(51,068) (50			(38,344)
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$			
\$ 561,550	\$ 477,086	\$	364,771	\$	\$ 357,436		273,886		
14.00%	14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023 20		2022		2021		2020	
Academy's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.00600030%		0.00584330%		0.00478890%		0.	00502220%
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	84,245	\$	110,589	\$	104,078	\$	126,298
Academy's covered payroll	\$	209,843	\$	219,336	\$	174,950	\$	195,422
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		40.15%		50.42%		59.49%		64.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		30.34%		24.08%		18.17%		15.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2019		2018		2017			
0.	0.00489120%		.01000420%	0.01025991%				
\$	135,695	\$	268,486	\$	292,446			
\$	144,644	\$	315,471	\$	344,971			
	93.81%		85.11%		84.77%			
	13.57%		12.46%		11.49%			

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

		2023		2022		2021		2020
Academy's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.00990562%		0.00949998%		0	0.00673763%	0.00502201	
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset	\$	(256,489)	\$	(200,299)	\$	(118,414)	\$	(83,177)
Academy's covered payroll	\$	1,304,721	\$	1,154,043	\$	875,829	\$	561,550
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		-19.66%		-17.36%		-13.52%		-14.81%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		230.73%		174.73%		182.10%		174.70%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2019		2018	2017				
0.	00374421%	0	.00338924%	0.	.00328330%			
\$	(60,166)	\$	132,236	\$	175,592			
\$	477,086	\$	364,771	\$	357,436			
	-12.61%		36.25%		49.13%			
	176.00%		47.10%		37.33%			

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF ACADEMY'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Contractually required contribution	\$ 535	\$ 4,135	\$ 2,049	\$ 232
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (535)	 (4,135)	 (2,049)	 (232)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$
Academy's covered payroll	\$ 170,800	\$ 209,843	\$ 219,336	\$ 174,950
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.31%	1.97%	0.93%	0.13%

Note: The Academy began contributing to SERS during fiscal year 2015. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015		
\$ 2,143	\$ 3,047	\$ 3,242	\$ \$ 3,796		3,003	
 (2,143)	 (3,047)	 (3,242)	 (3,796)		(3,003)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$		
\$ 195,422	\$ 144,644	\$ 315,471	\$ \$ 344,971		174,901	
1.10%	2.11%	1.03%	1.10%		1.72%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF ACADEMY'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2023		 2022	2021		2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
Academy's covered payroll	\$	1,114,329	\$ 1,304,721	\$	1,154,043	\$	875,829
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: The Academy began contributing to STRS during fiscal year 2015. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

 2019	 2018	 2017		2016	2015		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$	-	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		
\$ 561,550	\$ 477,086	\$ 364,771	\$	357,436	\$	273,886	
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- Go For fiscal year 2019, with the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- ^a For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2023.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PENSION (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019
- $^{\circ}$ There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the projected salary increases went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2018.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2019.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2020. ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2022.

ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%, and (c) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.22% to 2.63%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.
- ^a For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) municipal bond index rate went from 1.92% to 3.69%, (b) single equivalent interest rate when from 2.27% to 4.08% and (c) medical trend assumptions went from 5.125% to 4.40% Medicare and 6.75% to 4.40% Pre-Medicare to 7.00% to 4.40%.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- Graph For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- ^a For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- º For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- Graph For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- ^a For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions (continued):

- For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) projecte salary increase went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by services from 2.50% to 8.50% and (b) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: Pre-Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate to 7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate; medical Medicare from -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate to -68.78% initial 3.94% ultimate; prescription drug Pre-Medicare from 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate to 9.00% initial 3.94% ultimate; Medicare from 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate to -5.47% initial 3.94% ultimate.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(Prepared by Management)

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal AL Number	Grant Year	Evpenses
Program Title	Number	Teal	Expenses
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2023	\$ 66,310
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2023	117,948
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			184,258
COVID-19 State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer			
(P-EBT) Administrative Costs	10.649	2023	12,965
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			197,223
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special EducationGrants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	2023	139,576
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	2023	24,014
Title I	84.010A	2023	325,037
ESSER - Education Stabilization Fund - COVID-19	84.425D	2023	1,636,114
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality	84.367A	2023	43,084
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,167,825
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 2,365,048

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Eastland Preparatory Academy (the Academy) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Academy.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Academy has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The Academy commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Academy assumes it expends federal monies first.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Eastland Preparatory Academy Franklin County 2741 South Hamilton Road Columbus, Ohio 43232

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Eastland Preparatory Academy, Franklin County, Ohio (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Eastland Preparatory Academy
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 29, 2023

Parma, OH 44129-2550 Phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Eastland Preparatory Academy Franklin County 2741 South Hamilton Road Columbus, Ohio 43232

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Eastland Preparatory Academy, Franklin County, Ohio's (the Academy) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Academy's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Academy's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

In our opinion, the Academy complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The Academy's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Academy's federal programs.

Eastland Preparatory Academy
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Academy's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Academy's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Academy's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
 on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Eastland Preparatory Academy
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 29, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list):	ESSER – Education Stabilization Fund – ALN # 84.425D
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



EASTLAND PREPARATORY ACADEMY

FRANKLIN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/27/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370