



PERRY

& Associates CPAs

PASSION *Beyond the Numbers*

**FINNEYTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY**

**SINGLE AUDIT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023**

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



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Board of Education
Finneytown Local School District
8916 Fontainebleau Terrace
Cincinnati, Ohio 45231

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Finneytown Local School District, Hamilton County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Finneytown Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

February 29, 2024

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**FINNEYTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY**

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HAMILTON COUNTY**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Finneytown Local School District
Hamilton County
8916 Fontainebleau Terrace
Cincinnati, Ohio 45231

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Finneytown Local School District**, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Finneytown Local School District, Hamilton County, Ohio as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, required budgetary comparison for the General Fund, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

December 29, 2023

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Finneytown Local School District
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Finneytown Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2023 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$33,286,065 or 341% from 2022.
- General revenues accounted for \$51,465,182 in revenue or 92% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,382,401 or 8% of total revenues of \$55,847,583.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Building Fund, and the Classroom Facilities Fund are the major funds of the District.

Government-wide Financial Statements

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2023?" The Government-wide Financial Statements answer this question. These statements include *all assets and deferred outflows of resources*, and *liabilities and deferred inflows of resources* using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors. In the Government-wide Financial Statements, overall financial position of the District is presented as Governmental Activities. All of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services and extracurricular activities and interest and fiscal charges.

**Finneytown Local School District
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)**

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District’s major funds is presented in the Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District’s major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District’s most significant funds.

Governmental Funds Most of the District’s activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District’s general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District’s own programs.

The District as a Whole

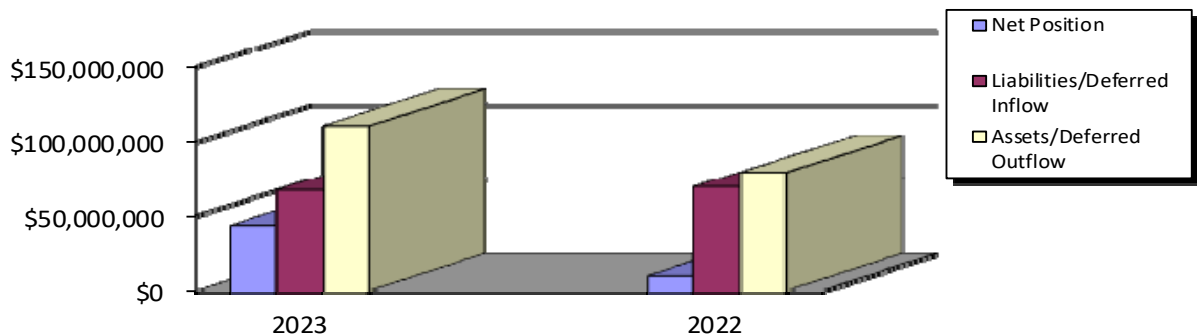
As stated previously, the Statement of Net Position looks at the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District’s net position for 2023 compared to 2022:

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**Finneytown Local School District
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)**

**Table 1
Net Position**

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	\$72,852,423	\$43,482,245
Net OPEB Asset	1,778,646	1,473,146
Capital Assets	30,412,798	29,365,925
Total Assets	105,043,867	74,321,316
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
OPEB	421,718	505,047
Pension	4,591,042	4,269,350
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,012,760	4,774,397
Liabilities:		
Other Liabilities	3,268,929	3,461,950
Long-Term Liabilities	50,532,199	44,780,164
Total Liabilities	53,801,128	48,242,114
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Property Taxes	7,945,155	8,176,134
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	353,384	343,150
OPEB	2,747,688	2,721,738
Pension	2,159,000	9,848,370
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,205,227	21,089,392
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,688,485	5,729,689
Restricted	37,951,756	6,307,574
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(229,969)	(2,273,056)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$43,410,272	\$9,764,207



Finneytown Local School District
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government’s financial position. At June 30, 2023, the District’s assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$43,050,272.

At year-end, capital assets represented 28% of total assets and deferred outflows. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2023, totaled \$5,688,485. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District’s investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District’s net position, \$37,591,756 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they must be used. The external restriction will not affect the availability of fund resources for future use.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$719,156	\$672,453
Operating Grants, Contributions	3,663,245	3,652,091
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	13,950,343	13,585,859
Grants and Entitlements	35,759,804	7,192,503
Other	1,755,035	481,633
Total Revenues	<u>55,847,583</u>	<u>25,584,539</u>
Program Expenses:		
Instruction	11,832,353	10,218,479
Support Services:		
Pupil and Instructional Staff	3,107,158	2,481,823
School Administrative, General		
Administration, Fiscal and Business	2,531,811	1,996,630
Operations and Maintenance	1,427,284	1,352,132
Pupil Transportation	1,206,061	909,260
Central	160,777	120,830
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	797,987	700,610
Extracurricular Activities	541,578	393,599
Interest and Fiscal Charges	956,509	987,570
Total Program Expenses	<u>22,561,518</u>	<u>19,160,933</u>
Change in Net Position	33,286,065	6,423,606
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	<u>9,764,207</u>	<u>3,340,601</u>
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	<u>\$43,050,272</u>	<u>\$9,764,207</u>

Finneytown Local School District
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

The District revenues are mainly from two sources. Property taxes levied for general, debt services and capital projects, and grants and entitlements comprised 89% of the District’s revenues for governmental activities.

The District depends greatly on property taxes as a revenue source. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenues generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus, Ohio districts dependent upon property taxes must periodically return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service in an inflationary environment. Property taxes made up 25% of revenue for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2023.

Grant revenues increased mainly due to receiving more grant money from 2022 to 2023. Total expenses increased due to changes related to net pension liability and other post employment benefits liability.

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Instruction	\$11,832,353	\$10,218,479	(\$9,449,263)	(\$7,676,232)
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	3,107,158	2,481,823	(1,865,196)	(1,800,566)
School Administrative, General				
Administration, Fiscal and Business	2,531,811	1,996,630	(2,529,186)	(1,889,090)
Operations and Maintenance	1,427,284	1,352,132	(1,427,284)	(1,297,224)
Pupil Transportation	1,206,061	909,260	(1,130,162)	(812,068)
Central	160,777	120,830	(133,595)	(35,433)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	797,987	700,610	(223,407)	(34,244)
Extracurricular Activities	541,578	393,599	(464,515)	(303,962)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	956,509	987,570	(956,509)	(987,570)
Total Expenses	<u>\$22,561,518</u>	<u>\$19,160,933</u>	<u>(\$18,179,117)</u>	<u>(\$14,836,389)</u>

**Finneytown Local School District
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)**

Instruction comprises 52% of governmental program expenses. Support services comprise 37% of governmental program expenses. All other expenses including interest expense comprise 11%. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bond and borrowing for capital projects.

The District's Funds

The District has four major governmental funds: the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, the Building Fund, and Classroom Facilities Fund. Assets of these funds comprised \$67,465,036 (93%) of the total \$72,852,423 governmental funds assets.

General Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2023 was \$15,639,648, an increase in fund balance of \$184,485 from 2022. The fund balance increased mostly due an increase in Investment earnings when compared to the prior year.

Debt Service Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2023 was \$3,784,448, an increase in fund balance of \$574,435 from 2022. The fund balance increased mostly due to revenues exceeding expenses.

Building Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2023 was \$7,649,657, a decrease in fund balance of \$1,470,848 from 2022.

Classroom Facilities: Fund balance at June 30, 2023 was \$1,392,745, an increase in fund balance of \$1,392,745 from 2022 due to intergovernmental revenue.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2023, the District amended its general fund budget. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. During the course of the year, the District revised the Budget in an attempt to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

For the General Fund, final budget basis estimated revenue was \$20,475,182, compared to original budget estimates of \$19,616,499. Of the \$858,683 difference, most was due to an underestimating taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

The District's ending unobligated actual fund balance for the General Fund was \$13,728,548.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At fiscal year end, the District had \$30,412,798 invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Table 4 shows fiscal 2023 balances compared to fiscal 2022:

**Finneytown Local School District
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)**

**Table 4
Capital Assets at Year End
(Net of Depreciation)**

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Land	\$1,154,812	\$1,154,812
Construction in Progress	0	21,109,323
Buildings and Improvements	28,262,234	6,769,394
Equipment	995,752	332,396
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>\$30,412,798</u>	<u>\$29,365,925</u>

The increase in capital assets is due to current year additions exceeding depreciation expense and disposals.

See Note 6 to the basic financial statements for more details on the District's capital assets.

Debt

At fiscal year end, the District had \$29,348,235 in general obligation bonds outstanding. The amount due within one year on these obligations totals \$1,436,000. Table 5 summarizes total outstanding debt.

**Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year End**

	2023	2022
General Obligation Bonds Payable:		
2021 New Money Bonds	\$2,945,000	\$3,285,000
2010 Refunding Bonds	1,130,000	1,665,000
2012 Series HB264 Bonds	509,000	610,000
2014 Series Bonds	1,140,000	1,520,000
2020 New Money Bonds	22,040,000	22,090,000
Premium on New Money Bonds	1,584,235	1,642,910
Total Outstanding Debt at Year End	<u>\$29,348,235</u>	<u>\$30,812,910</u>

See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for more details on the District's debt.

For the Future

The District faces opportunities and challenges of many kinds, including a relatively new state funding plan, highly active legislative environment, high inflation, economic recessionary fears, significant tax base inflationary growth, student enrollment fluctuations, the construction of new school facilities, and our ability to raise new local revenue and control expenditure growth.

Finneytown Local School District
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

The State of Ohio provides significant revenue to the District through its school funding program. Two years ago, HB110, the Fair School Funding Plan, ushered in a historic restructuring of the State of Ohio's school funding method, designed to create a more equitable, stable and predictable revenue stream. Under that new funding plan:

- School district state core foundation funding includes: the district's state share (base cost), targeted assistance, special education, disadvantaged pupil impact aid (DPIA), English learner, gifted, career-technical education and associated services, and supplemental targeted assistance.
- Each district's base cost is unique and variable, determined according to its capacity to raise funds, as measured by its property value (60%) and local income (40%).
- Students are counted and funded where they are educated rather than their district of residence.
- Funding components are phase-in over time.
- District funding guarantees at least equal to the FY21 net funding base were established.
- EdChoice scholarship caps, eligibility and funding were increased.

HB33, the latest biennial bill, continued the phase-in of the Fair School Funding Plan over the next two fiscal years at a rate of 50% for FY 2024 and 66.67% for FY 2025. The formula was updated to include base cost per-pupil inputs based on 2022 data, and all existing guarantees were maintained. Overall, public school funding increased \$1.54 billion over the biennium for an 11.7% increase. EdChoice vouchers were dramatically expanded to include universal eligibility and a full voucher amount to students with family incomes at or below 450% of the federal poverty level, \$135,00 for a family of four.

While the real estate market has been improving in some parts of the state for quite a while, the recovery finally took hold in the District with the calendar 2020 update. Residential property increased 21% and commercial/industrial valuation 3%. Public Utility Personal Property increased 7%. The uptick ~~will~~ increased general property tax (real estate) revenues by \$217,000 and Tangible Personal Property by \$75,000 annually. Calendar year 2023 is a reappraisal year in Hamilton County. Preliminary projection suggests significantly inflated real estate valuations. The Ohio Legislature is considering taxpayer relief, which could detrimentally affect school district income, particularly for schools at the 20-mill floor. The Finneytown Local School District is not at the 20-mill floor.

District enrollment has been in decline for the last five years. Because districts are funded by the state on a per pupil basis, changes in student enrollment can influence the amount of funding received from the state. The District's funding level is protected by the funding formula's FY21 guarantee.

The district's long range facilities outlook has dramatically improved over the last several years. In 2019, the District was accepted into the OFCC's Expedited Local Partnership Program (ELPP), and voters approved a 7.69 mill combination bond issue/classroom facilities levy. In FY23 the District unveiled a newly constructed K-6 elementary building. The District transitioned to the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program (CFAP) in FY23. Construction on a new 7-12 secondary building will begin in 2024. The state's share of the entire \$47.7 million, co-funded, project is 60%.

The district's last operating levy was approved in May 2010. Cash balances are still very healthy. The district has experienced general fund operating surpluses in ten of the last eleven fiscal years. The operating levy should continue to provide adequate funding for at least four more years. With continued

**Finneytown Local School District
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)**

careful planning and monitoring of the District's finances, management is confident that the District can continue to provide a quality education for our students and a sustainable financial future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer at Finneytown Local School District, 8916 Fontainebleau Terrace, Cincinnati, Ohio 45231.

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Finneytown Local School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$29,082,894
Restricted Cash and Investments	32,251
Receivables (Net):	
Taxes	14,347,492
Accounts	116,193
Interest	2,075
Intergovernmental	29,249,672
Prepays	21,846
Net OPEB Asset	1,778,646
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,154,812
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	29,257,986
Total Assets	105,043,867
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension	4,591,042
OPEB	421,718
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,012,760
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	107,232
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,911,326
Contracts Payable	52,007
Retainage Payable	32,251
Accrued Interest Payable	80,641
Unearned Revenue	85,472
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,565,079
Due In More Than One Year	
Net Pension Liability	18,972,234
Net OPEB Liability	946,620
Other Amounts	29,048,266
Total Liabilities	53,801,128
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes	7,945,155
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	353,384
Pension	2,159,000
OPEB	2,747,688
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,205,227
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,688,485
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	3,863,444
Capital Projects	30,155,043
Locally Funded Programs	1,196,059
Capital Maintenance	390,895
Student Activities	184,680
State Funded Programs	18,647
Federally Funded Programs	1,115
Food Service Operations	2,809
Net OPEB Asset	1,778,646
Other Purposes	418
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(229,969)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$43,050,272

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Finneytown Local School District
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$8,191,373	\$325,406	\$322,560	(\$7,543,407)
Special	3,260,364	304,204	1,067,507	(1,888,653)
Adult/Continuing	49,090	0	0	(49,090)
Other	331,526	12,483	350,930	31,887
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,148,544	0	862,790	(1,285,754)
Instructional Staff	958,614	0	379,172	(579,442)
General Administration	32,139	0	0	(32,139)
School Administration	1,617,191	0	0	(1,617,191)
Fiscal	626,296	0	2,625	(623,671)
Business	256,185	0	0	(256,185)
Operations and Maintenance	1,427,284	0	0	(1,427,284)
Pupil Transportation	1,206,061	0	75,899	(1,130,162)
Central	160,777	0	27,182	(133,595)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	797,987	0	574,580	(223,407)
Extracurricular Activities	541,578	77,063	0	(464,515)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	956,509	0	0	(956,509)
Totals	<u>\$22,561,518</u>	<u>\$719,156</u>	<u>\$3,663,245</u>	<u>(18,179,117)</u>

General Revenues:

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes	10,895,406
Special Revenue Purposes	98,885
Debt Service Purposes	2,717,729
Capital Projects Purposes	238,323
Grants and Entitlements, Not Restricted	8,550,191
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	357,436
Unrestricted Contributions	767
Investment Earnings	983,666
Grants and Entitlements for Capital Construction	27,209,613
Other Revenues	413,166

Total General Revenues 51,465,182

Change in Net Position 33,286,065

Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year 9,764,207

Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year \$43,050,272

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Finneytown Local School District
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2023

	General	Debt Service	Building	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$13,902,522	\$2,694,448	\$7,701,664	\$0	\$4,784,260	\$29,082,894
Restricted Cash and Investments	0	0	32,251	0	0	32,251
Receivables (Net):						
Taxes	11,222,694	2,772,515	0	0	352,283	14,347,492
Accounts	116,093	0	0	0	100	116,193
Interest	0	0	2,075	0	0	2,075
Intergovernmental	398,194	0	0	28,602,358	249,120	29,249,672
Prepays	20,222	0	0	0	1,624	21,846
Total Assets	25,659,725	5,466,963	7,735,990	28,602,358	5,387,387	72,852,423
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	72,291	0	0	0	34,941	107,232
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,694,855	0	0	0	216,471	2,911,326
Compensated Absences	71,853	0	0	0	0	71,853
Contracts Payable	0	0	52,007	0	0	52,007
Retainage Payable	0	0	32,251	0	0	32,251
Unearned Revenue	0	0	0	0	85,472	85,472
Total Liabilities	2,838,999	0	84,258	0	336,884	3,260,141
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property Taxes	6,827,694	1,682,515	0	0	222,283	8,732,492
Grants and Other Taxes	353,384	0	0	27,209,613	117,824	27,680,821
Investment Earnings	0	0	2,075	0	0	2,075
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,181,078	1,682,515	2,075	27,209,613	340,107	36,415,388
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	20,222	0	0	0	1,624	21,846
Restricted	0	3,784,448	4,522,716	1,392,745	3,326,596	13,026,505
Assigned	14,277	0	3,126,941	0	1,500,000	4,641,218
Unassigned (Deficit)	15,605,149	0	0	0	(117,824)	15,487,325
Total Fund Balances	15,639,648	3,784,448	7,649,657	1,392,745	4,710,396	33,176,894
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$25,659,725	\$5,466,963	\$7,735,990	\$28,602,358	\$5,387,387	\$72,852,423

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Finneytown Local School District
 Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to
 Net Position of Governmental Activities
 June 30, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balance		\$33,176,894
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets used in the operation of Governmental Funds		30,412,798
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Delinquent Property Taxes	787,337	
Interest	2,075	
Intergovernmental	<u>27,327,437</u>	
		28,116,849
In the statement of net position interest payable is accrued when incurred; whereas, in the governmental funds interest is reported as a liability only when it will require the use of current financial resources.		
		(80,641)
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences		(1,193,257)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,591,042	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,159,000)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	421,718	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	<u>(2,747,688)</u>	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		106,072
Long-term liabilities and net OPEB assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net OPEB Asset	1,778,646	
Net Pension Liability	(18,972,234)	
Net OPEB Liability	(946,620)	
Other Amounts	<u>(29,348,235)</u>	
		<u>(47,488,443)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$43,050,272</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Finneytown Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Debt Service	Building	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property and Other Taxes	\$10,833,917	\$2,710,597	\$0	\$0	\$335,306	\$13,879,820
Tuition and Fees	614,011	0	0	0	1,595	615,606
Investment Earnings	828,817	0	153,893	0	985	983,695
Intergovernmental	8,072,644	195,768	0	1,392,745	2,692,734	12,353,891
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	0	86,144	86,144
Charges for Services	12,483	0	0	0	0	12,483
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	357,390	42	0	0	4	357,436
Other Revenues	159,350	0	0	0	259,505	418,855
Total Revenues	20,878,612	2,906,407	153,893	1,392,745	3,376,273	28,707,930
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	7,811,807	0	0	0	144,269	7,956,076
Special	2,863,440	0	0	0	397,635	3,261,075
Adult/Continuing	49,090	0	0	0	0	49,090
Other	101,603	0	0	0	291,552	393,155
Support Services:						
Pupil	1,719,169	0	0	0	421,070	2,140,239
Instructional Staff	571,683	0	0	0	224,907	796,590
General Administration	32,473	0	0	0	0	32,473
School Administration	1,651,359	0	0	0	0	1,651,359
Fiscal	616,701	35,754	0	0	4,391	656,846
Business	305,461	0	0	0	0	305,461
Operations and Maintenance	1,393,259	0	0	0	14,528	1,407,787
Pupil Transportation	1,205,142	0	0	0	894	1,206,036
Central	170,349	0	0	0	10,832	181,181
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	180,266	0	0	0	601,923	782,189
Extracurricular Activities	386,783	0	0	0	195,816	582,599
Capital Outlay	0	0	1,624,741	0	607,400	2,232,141
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	101,000	1,305,000	0	0	0	1,406,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	26,520	991,218	0	0	0	1,017,738
Total Expenditures	19,186,105	2,331,972	1,624,741	0	2,915,217	26,058,035
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,692,507	574,435	(1,470,848)	1,392,745	461,056	2,649,895
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	2,478	0	0	0	0	2,478
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	1,510,500	1,510,500
Transfers (Out)	(1,510,500)	0	0	0	0	(1,510,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,508,022)	0	0	0	1,510,500	2,478
Net Change in Fund Balance	184,485	574,435	(1,470,848)	1,392,745	1,971,556	2,652,373
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	15,455,163	3,210,013	9,120,505	0	2,738,840	30,524,521
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$15,639,648	\$3,784,448	\$7,649,657	\$1,392,745	\$4,710,396	\$33,176,894

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Finneytown Local School District
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
 in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds \$2,652,373

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital asset additions and depreciation in the current period.

Capital assets used in governmental activities	2,468,993	
Depreciation Expense	(1,405,120)	
		1,063,873

Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. The amount of the proceeds must be removed and the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets must be recognized. This is the amount of the difference between the proceeds and the gain or loss. (17,000)

Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employer contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expense.

District pension contributions for pension	1,791,694	
Pension Expense	(1,352,135)	
District pension contributions for OPEB	48,577	
OPEB Expense	483,226	
		971,362

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Delinquent Property Taxes	70,523	
Interest	(29)	
Intergovernmental	27,069,159	
		27,139,653

Repayment of bond principal and accreted interest is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 1,406,000

In the statement of activities interest expense is accrued when incurred; whereas, in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. 2,554

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	8,575	
Amortization of Bond Premium	58,675	
		67,250

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$33,286,065

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Finneytown Local School District
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Fund
June 30, 2023

	<u>Custodial Fund</u>
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	<u>\$4,099</u>
Total Assets	<u>4,099</u>
Net Position:	
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	<u>4,099</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$4,099</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Finneytown Local School District
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Fund
Additions:	
Collections for Springfest	\$0
Total Additions	0
Deductions:	
Distributions to Springfest	0
Total Deductions	0
Change in Net Position	0
Net Position - Beginning of Year	4,099
Net Position - End of Year	\$4,099

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

Note 1 - Description Of The District And Reporting Entity

The Finneytown Local School District (the “District”) is a political body incorporated for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The Finneytown Local School District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The district’s total average daily membership was 1,175 students in fiscal year 2023. The District employed 116 certificated employees and 36 non-certificated employees. The District operated two schools – Finneytown Elementary (grades K-6) and the Finneytown Secondary Campus (grades 7-12).

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the District for which the Board of Education is financially accountable.

Reporting Entity

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board [GASB] Statement 14, the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments.

There are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds and account groups of those organizational entities for which its elected governing body is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, pupil transportation, food service, and maintenance of District facilities. The District contracts with an outside organization for food service.

The following activities are included within the reporting entity:

Within the District boundaries, St. Xavier High School, St. Vivian Elementary School and Central Baptist Academy, are operated as private schools. Current State legislation provides funding to parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial schools. For financial reporting purposes, activity is reflected in a special revenue fund.

The District is associated with four jointly governed organizations. These organizations include:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

- Great Oaks Career Campuses
- Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center
- Unified Purchasing Cooperative of the Ohio River Valley
- Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 - Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

Measurement Focus

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of Net Positions and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus.

All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of Net Positions. Fiduciary Funds are not included in entity-wide statements.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The District has four major governmental funds:

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long term debt principal and interest.

Building Fund – A fund used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the district. All proceeds from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness, except premium and accrued interest, must be paid into this fund. Expenditures recorded here represent the costs of acquiring capital facilities including real property.

Classroom Facilities – A fund provided to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the school district and the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants, other resources and debt service of the District, whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District has an Springfest events fund to account for monies held and remitted to the Springfest event.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and “available” means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property taxes available for advance, grants and investment earnings.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension. For more pension and OPEB related information, see Notes 8 and 9.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, revenue in lieu of taxes, grants and other taxes (which includes tax incremental financing 'TIF'), investment earnings, and pension and OPEB. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2023, but which were levied to finance year 2024 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. TIF's (revenue in lieu of taxes and other taxes) have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Grants and investment earnings have been recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements. Deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the governmental-wide statement of net position. For more pension and OPEB related information, see Notes 8 and 9.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities, to the extent used during the year, is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. To the extent unused donated commodities exist, they are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled for investment purposes. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer’s Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, “Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.” The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the District allocates interest earnings to funds as prescribed by Board resolution and required by law. Interest revenue during fiscal year 2023 amounted to \$828,817 in the general fund, \$153,893 in the building fund, and \$985 in other governmental funds.

Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for all funds except federal grant funds. The capitalization threshold for federal grant funds is \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset’s life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated, except land. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is allocated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings	40 years
Building Improvements	20 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years

Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, “Accounting for Compensated Absences.” Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees’ rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time, when earned, for all employees with more than one year of service. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting payment method.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the compensated absences is the amount due and payable.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

These amounts are recorded in the account “compensated absences payable” in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid.

The District’s policies regarding compensated absences are determined by the state laws and/or negotiated agreements. In summary, the policies are as follows:

<u>Vacation</u>	<u>Certified</u>	<u>Administrators</u>	<u>Non-Certificated</u>
How Earned	Not Eligible	15-25 days per year depending on length of service	10-20 days per year depending upon length of service
Maximum Accumulation	Not Applicable	Two times annual award; Payout option: up to 5 unused days/year	Three times annual award
Vested	Not Applicable	As Earned	As Earned
Termination Entitlement	Not Applicable	Paid upon termination	Paid upon termination
<u>Sick Leave</u>	<u>Certified</u>	<u>Administrators</u>	<u>Non-Certificated</u>
How Earned	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)
Maximum Accumulation	230 days	245 or 260 days	230 days
Vested	As Earned; 7 years if hired after 7/1/13	After 7 years	After 7 years
Termination Entitlement	¼ paid upon retirement; ½ paid if 1 st year retirement eligible	Severance based upon 32.43% of final contract salary; 62.16% if 1 st year retirement eligible	¼ paid upon retirement; ½ paid if 1 st year retirement eligible

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Net Positions

Net Positions represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Net Positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted Net Positions are available.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

Restricted – resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government at its highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education.

Assigned – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the District’s formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer.

Unassigned – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts which had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 - Cash And Investments

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of Net Positions and balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

State statute requires the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active Monies - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand.

Inactive Monies – Those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim Monies – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

requirements have been met.

5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" and amended by GASB Statement No. 40 "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures".

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2023, \$250,000 of the District's bank balance of \$1,581,461 was covered by the FDIC and \$1,331,461 was collateralized by the OPCS.

**Finneytown Local School District
 Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105% of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102% of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

	Value	Fair Value Hierarchy	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Federal National Mortgage Association	\$929,840	Level 2	1.39
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	2,448,567	Level 2	1.93
STAR Ohio	24,614,230	N/A	0.11
Money Market Funds	5,129	N/A	0.00
Total Fair Value	<u>\$27,997,766</u>		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity			0.45

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above tables identify the School District’s recurring fair value measurement as of June 30, 2023. Star Ohio is reported at its net asset value (Net Asset value per share).

Interest rate risk

It is the District’s policy to manage its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio, by matching investment maturities to scheduled obligations and by maintaining desired liquidity objectives.

Credit risk

It is the District’s policy to limit its investments, that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government, to investments which are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two (2) nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Federal Farm Credit Bank were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor’s and Fitch Ratings and Aaa by Moody’s Investors Service. Commercial Paper is rated A-1 by Standard & Poor’s and P-1 by Moody’s. Money Market Funds, Negotiable CD’s, and U.S. Treasury Notes are not rated. The District’s investments in STAR Ohio was rated AAAM by Standard &

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Poor's.

Concentration of credit risk

The District's investment policy allows investments in Federal Agencies or Instrumentalities. The District has invested less than 1% in Money Market Funds, 8.8% in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp., 3.3% in Federal National Mortgage Assn., and 87.9% in STAR Ohio.

Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District requires that all purchased securities are either insured and registered in the name of the District or at least registered in the name of the District.

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135, Uniform Depository Act, authorizes pledging of pooled securities in lieu of specific securities. Specifically, a designated public depository may pledge a single pool of eligible securities to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution, provided that all times the total value of the securities so pledged is at least equal to 105% of the total amount of all public deposits secured by the pool, including the portion of such deposits covered by any federal deposit insurance.

Note 4 - Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property taxes collected in 2023 were levied in April on assessed values as of the January 1, 2022 lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. A re-evaluation of real property is required to be completed no less than every six years, with a statistical update ever third year.

Public utility property taxes collected in 2023 were levied in April on assessed values as of the December 31, 2022 lien date. Public utility property taxes are assessed on real property at 35 percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes have been phased out and are no longer collected in the state of Ohio.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. In 2023, if paid annually, payment was due by January 20th. If paid semi-annually, the first payment (at least 1/2 amount billed) was due January 20th with the remainder due on June 20th. Payments by multi-county tangible personal property taxpayers are due September 20th. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30th; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30th, with the remainder payable by September 20th.

The County Auditor remits portions of the taxes collected to all taxing districts with periodic settlements of real and public utility property taxes in February and August. The District records billed but uncollected property taxes as receivables at their estimated net realizable value.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable at June 30, 2023. Delinquent property taxes collected within 60 days are included as a receivable and tax revenue as of June 30, 2023. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is available to finance current year operations. The receivable is, therefore, offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes in the amount of \$787,337 have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2023 taxes were collected are:

	<u>Amount</u>
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$219,841,200
Public Utility Personal	<u>13,291,780</u>
Total	<u><u>\$233,132,980</u></u>

Note 5 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of taxes, accounts, interest, and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental Activities				
<i>Capital Assets, not being depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$1,154,812	\$0	\$0	\$1,154,812
Construction in Progress	21,109,323	767,453	21,876,776	0
<i>Capital Assets, being depreciated:</i>				
Buildings and Improvements	20,546,231	22,743,842	31,100	43,258,973
Equipment	<u>3,008,491</u>	<u>834,474</u>	<u>9,910</u>	<u>3,833,055</u>
Totals at Historical Cost	<u>45,818,857</u>	<u>24,345,769</u>	<u>21,917,786</u>	<u>48,246,840</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	13,776,837	1,234,006	14,104	14,996,739
Equipment	<u>2,676,095</u>	<u>171,114</u>	<u>9,906</u>	<u>2,837,303</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>16,452,932</u>	<u>1,405,120</u>	<u>24,010</u>	<u>17,834,042</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u><u>\$29,365,925</u></u>	<u><u>\$22,940,649</u></u>	<u><u>\$21,893,776</u></u>	<u><u>\$30,412,798</u></u>

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Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$686,317
Special	141,653
Vocational	26,517
Support Services:	
Pupils	78,792
Instructional Staff	236,020
School Administration	84,180
Fiscal	11
Business	4
Operations & Maintenance	112,065
Pupil Transportation	25
Central	1
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	30,823
Extracurricular Activities	8,712
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$1,405,120</u>

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

The change in the District's long-term obligations during the year consists of the following:

	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Bonds Payable:						
2010 Series Refunding	3.48%	\$1,665,000	\$0	\$535,000	\$1,130,000	\$555,000
2012 Series HB 264 Bonds	4.47%	610,000	0	101,000	509,000	101,000
2014 School Improvement Bonds	0.35%	1,520,000	0	380,000	1,140,000	380,000
2020 New Money Bonds		22,090,000	0	50,000	22,040,000	50,000
Premium on New Money Bonds		1,642,910	0	58,675	1,584,235	0
2021 New Money Bonds		3,285,000	0	340,000	2,945,000	350,000
Subtotal Bonds		30,812,910	0	1,464,675	29,348,235	1,436,000
Compensated Absences		1,284,321	116,356	135,567	1,265,110	129,079
Subtotal Bonds and Other Amounts		32,097,231	116,356	1,600,242	30,613,345	1,565,079
Net Pension Liability		11,400,731	7,571,503	0	18,972,234	0
Net OPEB Liability		1,282,202	0	335,582	946,620	0
Total Long-Term Obligations		<u>\$44,780,164</u>	<u>\$7,687,859</u>	<u>\$1,935,824</u>	<u>\$50,532,199</u>	<u>\$1,565,079</u>

On August 3, 2010, the District current refunded \$3,960,000 in School Improvement Bonds that were originally issued for the purpose of new construction, improvements, renovations and additions to school facilities. The refunding lowered the interest cost from 5.80% to 3.48%. Of the \$3,960,000 issued, \$3,760,000 represented serial bonds and \$200,000 were capital appreciation bonds. The capital appreciation bonds for the 2010 issue mature on December 1, 2020. At maturity, all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as principal liability. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$520,000. During fiscal

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

year 2021, the capital appreciation bonds were paid off.

In August 2012, the District received authorization from the Ohio Schools Facility Commission to participate in the School Energy Conservation Financing Program pursuant to ORC 133.06. and authorization from the Ohio Department of Education to participate in Ohio's Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB) Program pursuant to H.R. 2014, the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997. The District subsequently issued \$1,510,000 in Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds through a private placement on October 2, 2012. The bonds mature on December 1, 2027. The District will repay debt and interest payments from the General Fund via the reduced energy cost, increased operational efficiency and QZAB interest subsidy.

On November 6, 2012, District voters approved a 15-year, 1.98 mill bond issue providing \$4,700,000 to improve building security, replace failing roofs and HVAC (heating, ventilation and air conditioning) systems, and to replace deteriorating parking lots and driveways. School Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes in the amount of \$4,700,000 were issued on January 15, 2013, with a October 30, 2013 maturity date. On October 29, 2013, the district issued \$4,500,000 in School Improvement Bonds through a private placement. These bonds were issued under Ohio's Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB) Program, pursuant to H.R. 2014, the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997. The QZAB School Improvement Bonds mature on December 16, 2025. Collection of bond fund tax receipts began in January 2013.

On March 31, 2020, the District issued School Improvement General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$22,900,000. These bonds were used to redeem short-term BANS maturing on April 15, 2020 and serve as a long term funding source for the \$24,252,661 new K-6 elementary building and new synthetic turf field in the district's stadium. These bonds mature on December 1, 2049.

On November 17, 2020 the School District issued its \$3,620,000 School Improvement Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020 to pay the cost of constructing school facilities. The bonds mature on December 1, 2030 subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption payments and bear interest at a rate of 1.75% per annum. The bonds were privately placed with a single investor. The bonds are unlimited tax general obligation bonds, the School District has pledged its full faith and credit, including an ad valorem property tax without limit as to rate or amount.

Except for the Energy Conservation Bonds previously noted, all other general obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid or the Termination Benefits Fund (Fund 035).

The District's Board of Education has approved a Retirement Assistance Plan. Participation is open to employees that agree to retire at the end of the school year in which they first become eligible (as determined by the retirement system). Employees that qualify will receive a severance per diem stipend of fifty percent (50%) of accumulated unused sick leave. Administrative employees that qualify receive 62.16% of their final contract salary. The year end liability is paid out in two installments. Employees not qualifying for the Retirement Assistance Program receive twenty-five percent (25%) of accumulated sick leave paid in September. Administrative employees that do not qualify receive 32.43% of their final contract salary. This liability is included in the Compensated Absences portion of the table above.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the fund benefitting from their service.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at year end are as follows:

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$1,436,000	\$985,262	\$2,421,262
2025	1,501,000	950,094	2,451,094
2026	937,000	923,334	1,860,334
2027	572,000	906,656	1,478,656
2028	623,000	889,227	1,512,227
2029-2033	3,070,000	4,210,975	7,280,975
2034-2038	4,360,000	3,507,800	7,867,800
2039-2043	5,500,000	2,521,200	8,021,200
2044-2048	6,695,000	1,304,500	7,999,500
2049-2050	3,070,000	124,000	3,194,000
Total	<u>\$27,764,000</u>	<u>\$16,323,048</u>	<u>\$44,087,048</u>

In July 2010, Standard & Poor's increased the district's bond rating from "A" to "AA". In December 2012, Standard & Poor's assigned its "SP-1+" short-term rating to the district's school improvement bond anticipation notes and reaffirmed its long-term rating on the district's outstanding General Obligation Bonds.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization

**Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 9 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description

District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0.0%. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 2.5% COLA for calendar year 2023.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.0% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.0% for plan members and 14.0% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$362,350 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount \$0 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0.0% upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, an ad-hoc COLA of 3.0% of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Eligibility changes will be phased in August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 34 years of service credit and any age. Further adjusting to five years of service and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and any age as of August 1, 2028.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14.0% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47% of the 14.0% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a

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retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12.0% of the 14.0% member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2.0% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy

Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14.0% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,429,344 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount \$238,224 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

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	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,702,076	\$15,270,159	\$18,972,234
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.06844570%	0.06869128%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.06686870%</u>	<u>0.06986971%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00157700%	-0.00117843%	
Pension Expense	\$124,466	\$1,227,669	\$1,352,135

At June 30 2023, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	149,937	195,478	\$345,415
Changes of assumptions	36,529	1,827,379	1,863,908
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	531,368	531,368
Changes in employer proportionate share of net pension liability	58,657	0	58,657
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>362,350</u>	<u>1,429,344</u>	<u>1,791,694</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$607,473</u>	<u>\$3,983,569</u>	<u>\$4,591,042</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	24,304	58,413	\$82,717
Changes of assumptions	0	1,375,491	1,375,491
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	129,186	0	129,186
Changes in employer proportionate share of net pension liability	<u>28,961</u>	<u>542,645</u>	<u>571,606</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$182,451</u>	<u>\$1,976,549</u>	<u>\$2,159,000</u>

\$1,791,694 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30:	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$16,123	(\$231,002)	(\$214,879)
2025	\$16,410	(\$227,489)	(211,079)
2026	(\$184,544)	(\$512,476)	(697,020)
2027	<u>\$214,683</u>	<u>\$1,548,643</u>	<u>1,763,326</u>
Total	<u>\$62,672</u>	<u>\$577,676</u>	<u>\$640,348</u>

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Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022 and compared with June 30, 2021, are presented below:

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25% to 13.58%	3.25% to 13.58%
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.00%, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement	2.00%, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% net of system expenses	7.00% net of system expenses
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*.

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A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	-0.45%
US Equity	24.75%	5.37%
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50%	6.22%
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75%	8.22%
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00%	1.20%
Private Equity	11.00%	10.05%
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00%	4.87%
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00%	3.39%
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00%	5.38%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The total pension liability for 2022 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5,449,279	\$3,702,076	\$2,230,081

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation compared to those used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

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	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected Salary Increases	From 2.50% to 8.50% based on age	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% net of investments expense, including inflation	7.00% net of investments expense, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110.0% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95.0% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, post-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50.0% of rates through age 69, 70.0% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90.0% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100.0% of rates, thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90.0% of rates for males and 100.0% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.60%
International Equity	22.00%	6.80%
Alternatives	19.00%	7.38%
Fixed Income	22.00%	1.75%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.75%
Liquidity Reserves	1.00%	1.00%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

* Final target weights reflected October 1, 2022.

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** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25%, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$23,067,650	\$15,270,159	\$8,675,894

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date

In May 2023, the Board approved the following:

1. Retirees who started receiving benefits on June 1, 2019, or earlier will receive a 1.0% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) in fiscal year 2024. The increase will be added to the base benefit on the retirement date anniversary.
2. For teachers now in the classroom, the current retirement eligibility rule requiring 34 years of service for an unreduced retirement has been extended five years through July 2028. The requirement was scheduled to increase to 35 years of service on August 1, 2023.

Any effect on the net pension liability is not known at this time.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See Note 8 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description

The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy

State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14.0% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2023, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the District's surcharge obligation was \$48,577.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14.00% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$48,577 for fiscal year 2023.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization,

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physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14.0% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense (Income), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	946,620	\$0	\$946,620
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	0	(1,778,646)	(1,778,646)
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset:			
Current Measurement Date	0.06742260%	0.06869128%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.06774880%</u>	<u>0.06986971%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00032620%	-0.00117843%	
OPEB Expense	(159,386)	(323,839)	(\$483,225)

At June 30 2023, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

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	SERS	STRS	Total
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$7,958	\$25,785	\$33,743
Changes of assumptions	150,572	75,764	226,336
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	4,920	30,962	35,882
Changes in employer proportionate share of net OPEB liability	66,610	10,570	77,180
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	48,577	0	48,577
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$278,637	\$143,081	\$421,718
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$605,527	\$267,120	\$872,647
Changes of assumptions	388,595	1,261,234	1,649,829
Changes in employer proportionate share of net OPEB liability	196,958	28,254	225,212
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$1,191,080	\$1,556,608	\$2,747,688

\$48,577 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (adjustment to net OPEB asset) in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2024	(256,503)	(411,264)	(\$667,767)
2025	(212,563)	(414,704)	(627,267)
2026	(174,607)	(193,581)	(368,188)
2027	(124,681)	(79,826)	(204,507)
2028	(79,291)	(103,885)	(183,176)
Thereafter	(113,375)	(210,267)	(323,642)
Total	(\$961,020)	(\$1,413,527)	(\$2,374,547)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time

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of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022, compared with June 30, 2021, are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation		
Wage Increases	3.25% to 13.58%	3.25% to 13.58%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation	7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation
Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted	2044	2042
Municipal Bond Index Rate:		
Measurement Date	3.69%	1.92%
Prior Measurement Date	1.92%	2.45%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:		
Measurement Date	4.08%	2.27%
Prior Measurement Date	2.27%	2.63%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate:		
Medicare	5.125% to 4.40%	5.125% to 4.40%
Pre-Medicare	6.75% to 4.40%	6.75% to 4.40%
Medical Trend Assumption	7.00% to 4.40%	7.00% to 4.40%

Mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year

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experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	-0.45%
US Equity	24.75%	5.37%
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50%	6.22%
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75%	8.22%
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00%	1.20%
Private Equity	11.00%	10.05%
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00%	4.87%
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00%	3.39%
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00%	5.38%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 4.08%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022, and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69% at June 30, 2022 and 1.92% at June 30, 2021.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate

	1% Decrease (3.08%)	Current Discount Rate (4.08%)	1% Increase (5.08%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,175,717	\$946,620	\$761,677
	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%)	Current Trend Rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$730,014	\$946,620	\$1,229,543

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation and the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	Varies by service from 2.50% to 12.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%
Discount Rate of Return	7.00%	7.00%
Health Care Cost Trends:		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50% initial, 3.94% ultimate	5.00% initial, 4.00% ultimate
Medicare	-68.78% initial, 3.94% ultimate	-16.18% initial, 4.00% ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	9.00% initial, 3.94% ultimate	6.50% initial, 4.00% ultimate
Medicare	-5.47% initial, 3.94% ultimate	29.98% initial, 4.00% ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For 2022, healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110.0% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality

**Finneytown Local School District
 Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95.0% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50.0% of rates through age 69, 70.0% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90.0% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100.0% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90.0% of rates for males and 100.0% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.60%
International Equity	22.00%	6.80%
Alternatives	19.00%	7.38%
Fixed Income	22.00%	1.75%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.75%
Liquidity Reserves	1.00%	1.00%
Total	100.00%	

* Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights will be phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25%, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

**Finneytown Local School District
 Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	(\$1,644,311)	(\$1,778,646)	(\$1,893,715)

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	(\$1,844,888)	(\$1,778,646)	(\$1,695,031)

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date

In May 2023, the Board approved the following:

1. Retirees who started receiving benefits on June 1, 2019, or earlier will receive a 1.0% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) in fiscal year 2024. The increase will be added to the base benefit on the retirement date anniversary.
2. For teachers now in the classroom, the current retirement eligibility rule requiring 34 years of service for an unreduced retirement has been extended five years through July 2028. The requirement was scheduled to increase to 35 years of service on August 1, 2023.

Any effect on the net OPEB asset is not known at this time.

Note 10 – Contingencies

Foundation Funding

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. The final adjustment was not material and is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2023.

Litigation

The District was handed down a wrongful termination ruling by the Court of Common Pleas, Hamilton County, in 2019, that was upheld by the Court of Appeals, in August 2020. The plaintiff was awarded back pay of \$90,619 and ordered restored to the former position of employment. The District reemployed the plaintiff once the lapsed and suspended license was restored. The award plus accrued interest was paid in November 2023. The Appeals Court has agreed to hear an appeal filed by the plaintiff. This amount has NOT been accrued in the District's financial statements.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the District contracted with Liberty Mutual Insurance for property, boiler and machinery insurance and for general liability insurance.

The District maintains blanket building and contents insurance coverage on its assets with a \$74,752,572 limit of liability and a \$2,500 deductible. Vehicles have a \$500 deductible for comprehensive, \$500 deductible for collision and a \$1,000,000 single limited liability. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

The District maintains general liability insurance with limits of \$1,000,000 each occurrence, \$3,000,000 aggregate. The District also has \$1,000,000 umbrella liability coverage over both general and automobile liability limits.

The District maintains cyberliability insurance for data compromise, extortion (ransomware) and legal defense with a \$1,000,000 limit and a \$10,000 deductible. The district also has \$100,000 deception fraud coverage limit with a \$2,500 deductible. The Treasurer has a separate bond through Ohio Casualty Insurance Company in the amount of \$20,000.

For fiscal year 2023 the District provided employee medical/surgical benefits through the Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium.

Note 12 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Great Oaks Career Campuses - Great Oaks Career Campuses (Great Oaks) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative each of the participating school districts' elected board. Great Oaks possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, contact the Treasurer at Great Oaks Career Campuses, 3254 East Kemper Road, Cincinnati, Ohio 45241.

Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center – The District is a participant in the Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center (HCC), a regional Information Technology Center (ITC) established by the state of Ohio. HCC is a member of the Ohio Educational

Finneytown Local School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Computer Network. HCC provides data and Internet services for public and non-public schools in the Greater Cincinnati Metropolitan Area. The governing board of HCC consists of the superintendents and treasurers of the participating members. To obtain financial information, contact the Director at HCC, 7615 Harrison Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio 45231-3107.

Unified Purchasing Cooperative of the Ohio River Valley - The Unified Purchasing Cooperative of the Ohio River Valley is a jointly governed organization among a two-county consortium of school districts. The Unified Purchasing Cooperative was organized to benefit member districts with a more economically sound purchasing mechanism for general school, office, and cafeteria supplies. The Unified Purchasing Cooperative organization is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organization, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments.

Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium – The District is a member of the Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium (GCIC) which is a group insurance consortium. The Consortium is a jointly governed organization with member governmental entities and provides a wide range of group insurance benefits to each member schools employees and dependents and designated beneficiaries. The purpose of the consortium is to establish and maintain a fund to provide and/or purchase health insurance, dental insurance, life insurance and other insurance benefits to employees, their dependents and designated beneficiaries. The consortium is governed by a Board of Directors made up from one representative of each school district/service center. Financial information can be obtained from the Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium at 11083 Hamilton Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio 45231.

Note 13 - Set-Aside Calculations

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Acquisition
Set Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$0
Current Year Set Aside Requirements	270,609
Qualified Disbursements	(215,714)
Current Year Offsets	(54,895)
Set Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2023	<u>\$0</u>
Restricted Cash as of June 30, 2023	<u>\$0</u>
Carried Forward to FY 2024	\$0

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the School District was required to set aside funds in the budget reserve set-aside in the amount of \$54,895. The available offset remaining for future years is \$7,037,348.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 14 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Debt Service	Building	Classroom Facilities	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:						
Prepays	\$20,222	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,624	\$21,846
Total Nonspendable	20,222	0	0	0	1,624	21,846
Restricted for:						
Student Activity	0	0	0	0	40,012	40,012
Wellness Committee	0	0	0	0	418	418
Other Grant funds	0	0	0	0	1,196,059	1,196,059
Athletic	0	0	0	0	144,668	144,668
Auxiliary Services	0	0	0	0	18,632	18,632
Classrooms Facilities Maintenance	0	0	0	0	385,037	385,037
Food Service	0	0	0	0	2,809	2,809
Debt Service	0	3,784,448	0	0	0	3,784,448
Classroom Facilities	0	0	0	1,392,745	0	1,392,745
Building	0	0	4,522,716	0	0	4,522,716
Permanent Improvement	0	0	0	0	1,538,961	1,538,961
Total Restricted	0	3,784,448	4,522,716	1,392,745	3,326,596	13,026,505
Assigned to:						
Public School Support	14,277	0	0	0	0	14,277
Building/Capital Improvements	0	0	3,126,941	0	0	3,126,941
Capital Project Master Plan	0	0	0	0	1,500,000	1,500,000
Total Assigned	14,277	0	3,126,941	0	1,500,000	4,641,218
Unassigned (Deficit)	15,605,149	0	0	0	(117,824)	15,487,325
Total Fund Balance	\$15,639,648	\$3,784,448	\$7,649,657	\$1,392,745	\$4,710,396	\$33,176,894

Note 15 – Accountability

The following individual funds had a deficit balance at year end:

Fund	Amount
Other Governmental Funds:	
Special Education	\$44,756
Title III	3,343
Title I	26,415
Drug-Free School Grant	468
Improving Teacher Quality	314
ESSER	40,919

Finneytown Local School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The deficit in fund balance was primarily due to accruals in GAAP. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required not when accruals occur.

Note 16 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following interfund receivables, interfund payables, transfers in, and transfers out:

	Interfund		Transfers	
	Receivable	Payable	In	Out
General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,010,500
Other Governmental Funds	0	0	1,510,500	0
Total All Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$1,510,500</u>	<u>\$15,010,500</u>

Interfund balance/transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations; to segregate and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

Note 17 – Construction And Commitments

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Building Fund	369,440
All Other Governmental Funds	153,447

Note 18 – Implementation of New Accounting Principles

New Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2023, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations; GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements; GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs); and portions of GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91 clarifies the definition of a conduit debt obligation, establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improves required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 94 primary objective is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

GASB Statement No. 94 also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 addresses a variety of topics and includes clarification of provisions related to accounting and reporting of leases under GASB Statement No. 87, provides extension of the period which the London Interbank Offered Rate is considered appropriate benchmark interest rate, guidance on disclosure of nonmonetary transaction, accounting for pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government under GASB Statement No. 48, and terminology updates related to certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 63 and No. 53. These topics under GASB Statement No. 99 provisions were implemented and did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

Other topics in GASB Statement No. 99 includes classification of other derivative instruments within the scope of GASB Statement No. 53, clarification of provisions related to accounting and reporting of Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships under GASB Statement No. 94, and clarification of provisions to accounting and reporting of subscription-based information technology arrangements under GASB Statement No. 96. These topics are effective for future fiscal years and have not been implemented by of the School District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Finneytown Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2023	0.06844570%	\$3,702,076	\$2,541,807	145.65%	75.82%
2022	0.06686870%	2,467,261	2,183,386	113.00%	82.86%
2021	0.06892540%	4,558,871	2,545,136	179.12%	68.55%
2020	0.07211830%	4,314,964	2,337,556	184.59%	70.85%
2019	0.06615500%	3,788,819	2,327,230	162.80%	71.36%
2018	0.08052140%	4,810,976	2,692,636	178.67%	69.50%
2017	0.08877980%	6,497,862	2,757,171	235.67%	62.98%
2016	0.08803340%	5,023,271	2,871,624	174.93%	69.16%
2015	0.08047200%	4,072,642	2,677,035	152.13%	71.70%
2014	0.08047200%	4,786,844	2,742,486	174.54%	65.52%

(1) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Finneytown Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2023	\$362,350	(\$362,350)	\$0	\$2,588,214	14.00%
2022	355,853	(355,853)	0	2,541,807	14.00%
2021	305,674	(305,674)	0	2,183,386	14.00%
2020	356,319	(356,319)	0	2,545,136	14.00%
2019	315,570	(315,570)	0	2,337,556	13.50%
2018	314,176	(314,176)	0	2,327,230	13.50%
2017	376,969	(376,969)	0	2,692,636	14.00%
2016	386,004	(386,004)	0	2,757,171	14.00%
2015	378,480	(378,480)	0	2,871,624	13.18%
2014	371,037	(371,037)	0	2,677,035	13.86%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Finneytown Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2023	0.06869128%	\$15,270,159	\$7,907,143	193.12%	78.88%
2022	0.06986971%	8,933,470	9,499,200	94.04%	87.78%
2021	0.07069996%	17,106,875	8,568,857	199.64%	75.48%
2020	0.07270026%	16,077,226	8,608,714	186.76%	77.40%
2019	0.07515436%	16,524,757	8,795,571	187.88%	77.30%
2018	0.07675170%	18,232,531	8,577,600	212.56%	75.30%
2017	0.07548912%	25,268,484	8,062,029	313.43%	66.80%
2016	0.07290720%	20,149,418	7,435,371	270.99%	72.10%
2015	0.06975548%	16,966,947	7,675,323	221.06%	74.70%
2014	0.06975548%	20,156,486	8,524,615	236.45%	69.30%

(1) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Finneytown Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2023	\$1,429,344	(\$1,429,344)	\$0	\$10,209,600	14.00%
2022	1,107,000	(1,107,000)	0	7,907,143	14.00%
2021	1,329,888	(1,329,888)	0	9,499,200	14.00%
2020	1,199,640	(1,199,640)	0	8,568,857	14.00%
2019	1,205,220	(1,205,220)	0	8,608,714	14.00%
2018	1,231,380	(1,231,380)	0	8,795,571	14.00%
2017	1,200,864	(1,200,864)	0	8,577,600	14.00%
2016	1,128,684	(1,128,684)	0	8,062,029	14.00%
2015	1,040,952	(1,040,952)	0	7,435,371	14.00%
2014	997,792	(997,792)	0	7,675,323	13.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Finneytown Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Seven Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2023	0.06742260%	\$946,620	\$2,541,807	37.24%	30.34%
2022	0.06774880%	1,282,202	2,183,386	58.73%	24.08%
2021	0.07058380%	1,534,017	2,545,136	60.27%	18.17%
2020	0.07247850%	1,822,682	2,337,556	77.97%	15.57%
2019	0.06664270%	1,848,849	2,327,230	79.44%	13.57%
2018	0.08226440%	2,207,760	2,692,636	81.99%	12.46%
2017	0.08985675%	2,561,250	2,757,171	92.89%	11.49%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Finneytown Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net OPEB Liability
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution (2)	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2023	\$48,577	(\$48,577)	\$0	\$2,588,214	1.88%
2022	30,918	(30,918)	0	2,541,807	1.22%
2021	37,975	(37,975)	0	2,183,386	1.74%
2020	40,899	(40,899)	0	2,545,136	1.61%
2019	49,232	(49,232)	0	2,337,556	2.11%
2018	45,545	(45,545)	0	2,327,230	1.96%
2017	47,398	(47,398)	0	2,692,636	1.76%
2016	44,986	(44,986)	0	2,757,171	1.63%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

(2) Includes surcharge.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Finneytown Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Seven Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB (Asset)/Liability
2023	0.06869128%	(\$1,778,646)	\$7,907,143	(22.49%)	230.73%
2022	0.06986971%	(1,473,146)	9,499,200	(15.51%)	174.73%
2021	0.07069996%	(1,242,551)	8,568,857	(14.50%)	182.13%
2020	0.07270026%	(1,204,091)	8,608,714	(13.99%)	174.74%
2019	0.07515436%	(1,207,654)	8,795,571	(13.73%)	176.00%
2018	0.07675170%	2,994,568	8,577,600	34.91%	47.10%
2017	0.07548912%	4,037,177	8,062,029	50.08%	37.30%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Finneytown Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
 Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2023	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,209,600	0.00%
2022	0	0	0	7,907,143	0.00%
2021	0	0	0	9,499,200	0.00%
2020	0	0	0	8,568,857	0.00%
2019	0	0	0	8,608,714	0.00%
2018	0	0	0	8,795,571	0.00%
2017	0	0	0	8,577,600	0.00%
2016	0	0	0	8,062,029	0.00%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Finneytown Local School District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$10,110,104	\$10,552,659	\$10,628,917	\$76,258
Revenue in lieu of taxes	339,945	354,826	357,390	2,564
Tuition and Fees	557,275	581,669	585,872	4,203
Investment Earnings	788,361	822,871	828,817	5,946
Intergovernmental	7,675,247	8,011,219	8,069,112	57,893
Charges for Services	11,874	12,393	12,483	90
Other Revenues	18,777	19,599	19,741	142
Total Revenues	19,501,583	20,355,236	20,502,332	147,096
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,218,743	7,383,388	7,416,009	(32,621)
Special	2,719,330	2,781,353	2,793,641	(12,288)
Adult/Continuing	47,784	49,408	49,090	318
Other	98,900	101,156	101,603	(447)
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,582,727	1,618,826	1,625,978	(7,152)
Instructional Staff	568,974	581,951	584,522	(2,571)
General Administration	31,151	31,861	32,002	(141)
School Administration	1,527,102	1,561,932	1,568,833	(6,901)
Fiscal	588,345	601,764	604,423	(2,659)
Business	284,918	291,416	292,704	(1,288)
Operations and Maintenance	1,367,711	1,398,906	1,405,086	(6,180)
Pupil Transportation	1,102,359	1,127,502	1,132,483	(4,981)
Central	150,409	153,839	154,519	(680)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	172,230	176,158	176,936	(778)
Extracurricular Activities	354,952	363,048	364,652	(1,604)
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	101,000	100,556	101,000	(444)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	23,128	26,403	26,520	(117)
Total Expenditures	17,939,763	18,349,467	18,430,001	(80,534)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,561,820	2,005,769	2,072,331	66,562
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	2,357	2,460	2,478	18
Advances In	112,559	117,486	118,335	849
Advances (Out)	(95,712)	(97,895)	(98,328)	(433)
Transfers (Out)	(1,470,321)	(1,503,856)	(1,510,500)	(6,644)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,451,117)	(1,481,805)	(1,488,015)	(6,210)
Net Change in Fund Balance	110,703	523,964	584,316	60,352
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	13,144,232	13,144,232	13,144,232	0
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$13,254,935	\$13,668,196	\$13,728,548	\$60,352

See accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriations resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any budgetary modification at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Combined Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a
4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions.
5. Some funds are reported as part of the general fund (GAAP basis) as opposed to the general fund being reported alone (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis for the general fund.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>General</u>
GAAP Basis	\$184,485
Revenue Accruals	(376,280)
Expenditure Accruals	756,104
Advances In	118,335
Advances (Out)	<u>(98,328)</u>
	<u>\$584,316</u>

Note 2 - Net Pension Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2023: There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement period.

2022: Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) increased from 0.50% to 2.50%.

2020-2021: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

2019: With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

2018: SERS changed from a fixed 3.00% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) based on the changed in the Consumer Price Index Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.50% and a floor of 0.00%.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2023: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) was increased from 2.00% to 2.50% for calendar year 2023.

2022: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%,
- (4) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%,
- (5) The discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%,
- (6) Rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, and,
- (7) Mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

2018-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

determined contributions for these fiscal years.

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates,
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, and
- (8) The discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

2014-2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2019-2023: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

2018: STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2023: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table:
 - a. Adjusted 110.0% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020
- (2) Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table:
 - a. Adjusted 95.0% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020
- (3) Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table:
 - a. Projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020
- (4) Projected salary increases changed from 2.50% to 12.50% to 2.50% to 8.50%

2022: There were changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date, which the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

2019-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

determined contributions for these fiscal years.

2018: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%,
- (2) The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%,
- (3) The payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%,
- (4) Total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation,
- (5) The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, and
- (6) Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

2014-2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

Note 3 - Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2017-2023: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2023: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	2.27%
Measurement Date	4.08%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	1.92%
Measurement Date	3.69%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Prior Measurement Date	2.27%
Measurement Date	4.08%
- (4) Health care trend rates were updated.

2022: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	2.63%
Measurement Date	2.27%
- (2) Investment Rate of Return:

Prior Measurement Date	7.50%
Measurement Date	7.00%
- (3) Assumed Rate of Inflation:

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

- Prior Measurement Date 3.00%
- Measurement Date 2.40%
- (4) Payroll Growth Assumption:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.50%
 - Measurement Date 1.75%
- (5) Assumed Real Wage Growth:
 - Prior Measurement Date 0.50%
 - Measurement Date 0.85%
- (6) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 2.45%
 - Measurement Date 1.92%
- (7) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
 - Prior Measurement Date 2.63%
 - Measurement Date 2.27%
- (8) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- (9) Rate of health care participation for future retirees and spouses was updated to reflect recent.
- (10) Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - a. PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.
- (11) Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:
 - a. PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.
- (12) Mortality among beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - a. PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.
- (13) Mortality among disabled member was updated to the following:
 - a. PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.
- (14) Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

2021: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.22%
 - Measurement Date 2.63%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.13%
 - Measurement Date 2.45%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.22%
 - Measurement Date 2.63%

2020: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Prior Measurement Date	3.70%
Measurement Date	3.22%
(2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Prior Measurement Date	3.62%
Measurement Date	3.13%
(3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:	
Prior Measurement Date	3.70%
Measurement Date	3.22%

2019: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

(1) Discount Rate:	
Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%
(2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Measurement Date	3.62%
(3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:	
Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%

2018: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

(1) Discount Rate:	
Fiscal Year 2018	3.63%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.98%
(2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal Year 2018	3.56%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.92%
(3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:	
Fiscal Year 2018	3.63%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.98%

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, and

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2023: Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based. Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience.

2022: The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

2021: There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

2020: There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

2019: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.900% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. The Board is extending the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement program for one year. Under this program, benefit recipients currently enrolled in the STRS Ohio Health Care Program and Medicare Part B receive \$29.90 per month to reimburse a portion of the Medicare Part B premium. The reimbursement was set to be reduced to \$0 beginning January 1, 2020. This impacts about 85,000 benefit recipients.

2018: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.10% to 1.90% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2019.

2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

Finneytown Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes in Assumptions:

2023: The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2022 valuation.

2022: There were changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date, which the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

2021: There were changes in assumptions during the measurement year, which decreased the total OPEB liability by approximately \$0.26 billion. The assumption changes included changes in healthcare costs and trends.

2020: There were changes in assumptions during the measurement year, which increased the total OPEB liability by approximately \$0.04 billion. The assumption changes included changes in healthcare costs and trends.

2019: The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

2018: The discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

**FINNEYTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023**

Federal Grantor <i>Pass Through Grantor</i> Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Grant Year	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
<i>Passed Through The Ohio Facilities Construction Commission:</i>			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	2023	\$ 14,528
Total – U.S. Department of the Treasury			<u>14,528</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<i>Passed Through The Ohio Department of Education:</i>			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	84.027	2022	106,648
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	84.027	2023	381,736
COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	84.027	2023	19,950
Total Special Education Grants to States			<u>508,334</u>
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	2023	7,633
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>515,967</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2022	37,988
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2023	247,592
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			<u>285,580</u>
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	2023	<u>12,199</u>
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2022	5,302
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2023	54,697
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			<u>59,999</u>
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	2022	7,866
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	2023	22,038
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			<u>29,904</u>
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):			
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	2022	123,124
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	2023	315,365
COVID-19 ARP – ESSER	84.425U	2023	976,739
COVID-19 ARP – ESSER – Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	2023	914
Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			<u>1,416,142</u>
Total – U.S. Department of Education			<u>2,319,791</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 2,334,319</u>

See the accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

**FINNEYTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023**

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Finneytown Local School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Finneytown Local School District
Hamilton County
8916 Fontainebleau Terrace
Cincinnati, Ohio 45231

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Finneytown Local School District**, Hamilton County (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

December 29, 2023



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Finneytown Local School District
Hamilton County
8916 Fontainebleau Terrace
Cincinnati, Ohio 45231

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited **Finneytown Local School District’s**, Hamilton County (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Finneytown Local School District’s major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. Finneytown Local School District’s major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor’s Results* section of the accompanying schedule of audit findings.

In our opinion, Finneytown Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District’s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

December 29, 2023

**FINNEYTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	Major Programs (list):	Education Stabilization Fund – AL #84.425
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



FINNEYTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HAMILTON COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/21/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov