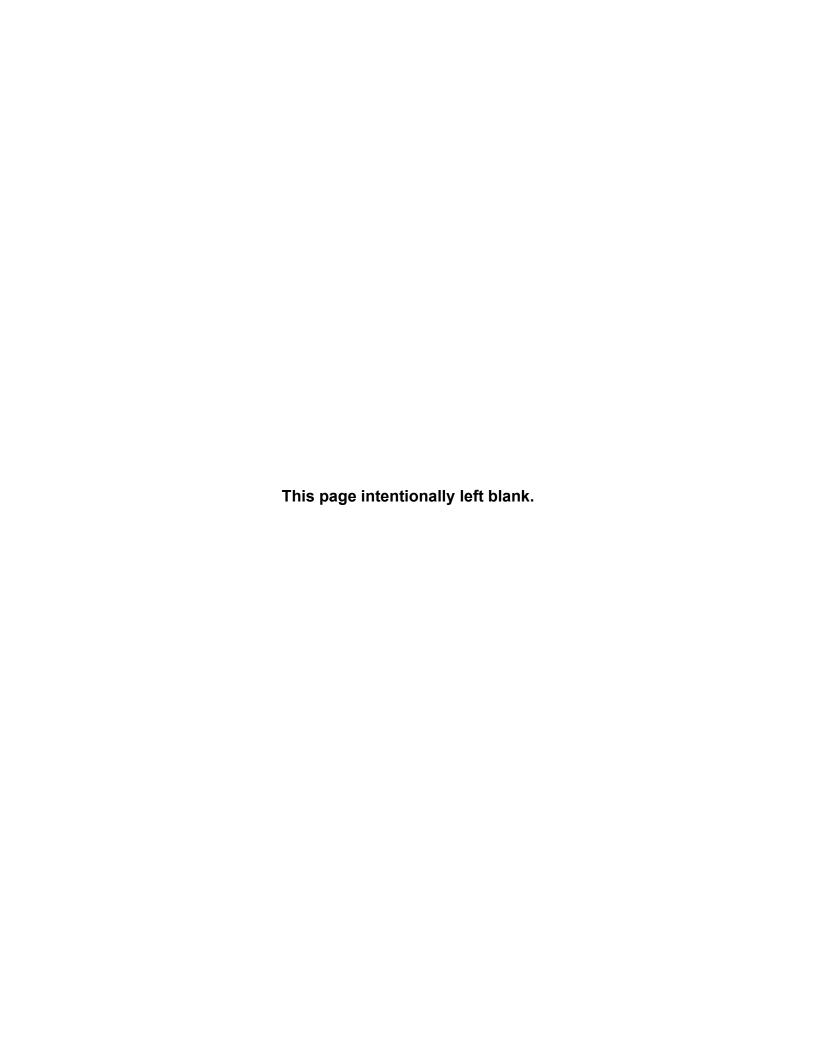




FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP SHELBY COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types-For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	5
Statement of Additions, Deductions, and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Fiduciary Fund Types- For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	6
Notes to the Financial Statements - For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	7
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types-For the Year Ended December 31, 2021	13
Statement of Additions, Deductions, and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Fiduciary Fund Types- For the Year Ended December 31, 2021	14
Notes to the Financial Statements - For the Year Ended December 31, 2021	15
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	21
Schedule of Findings	
Prepared by Management: Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	27





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Frankin Township Shelby County 11095 County Road 25A Sidney, Ohio 45365

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Unmodified, Qualified, and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Franklin Township, Shelby County, Ohio (the Township), which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and fiduciary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

Additional Opinion Qualification on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Additional Opinion Qualification* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes of Franklin Township, Shelby County in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, or the changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Franklin Township Shelby County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Township, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Additional Opinion Qualification

The Township reported two Cemetery Endowment Funds fund cash balances of \$2,026 and \$2,025 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the private purpose trust fund, which represents 55% percent of the fund cash balance of the fiduciary fund type combined total for both years, without maintaining the trust agreements to support the fund classification. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support the reporting of the fund cash balance as private purpose trust Cemetery Endowment Funds. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Township on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, during 2021, the Township adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Franklin Township Shelby County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2023, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Franklin Township Shelby County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 11, 2023

Shelby County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Cash Receipts	General	Special Revenue	Combined Total
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$56,387	\$251,712	\$308,099
Licenses, Permits and Fees	6,451	25,613	32,064
Intergovernmental	259,073	237,419	496,492
Miscellaneous		22,550	22,550
Total Cash Receipts	321,911	537,294	859,205
Cash Disbursements			
Current:			
General Government	162,820	9,129	171,949
Public Safety		139,559	139,559
Public Works	156,887	188,753	345,640
Health	3,227	54,418	57,645
Capital Outlay	521	951	1,472
Total Cash Disbursements	323,455	392,810	716,265
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(1,544)	144,484	142,940
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(1,544)	144,484	142,940
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	711,383	1,483,574	2,194,957
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$709,839	\$1,628,058	\$2,337,897

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Shelby County
Statement of Additions, Deductions and Changes in Fund
Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis)
All Fiduciary Fund Types
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Fiduciary Fund Types		
		Custodial	
	Private Purpose Trust	Other Custodial	Combined Total
Additions Earnings on Investments	\$1		1
Total Additions	1	0	1
Net Change in Fund Balances	1	0	1
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	2,025	1,680	3,705
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$2,026	\$1,680	\$3,706

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Franklin Township, Shelby County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance and cemetery maintenance. The Township contracts with the Village of Anna and the City of Sidney to provide fire services and the Anna Rescue Squad to provide ambulance services.

Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. The Township's Management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types and a statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all fiduciary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

Road and Bridge Fund This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing roads and bridges.

CemeteryFund This fund receives money from the sale of cemetery spaces and fees to open and close cemetery spaces when a burial occurs. These funds are used to maintain the cemetery.

Fire District Fund This fund receives money from a fire levy which in turn is passed through to the Village of Anna with whom we have a contract for them to provide fire services.

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Coronavirus Relief Fund This fund was in effect for the 2021 year and this fund will be used for projects that fall under the American Rescue Plan Act between now and December 31, 2024.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds, investment trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement meeting certain criteria.

The Township's private purpose trust funds are for the benefit of certain individuals.

Custodial funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to report fiduciary activity that is not required to be reported in a trust fund. The Township's custodial fund accounts for the benefit of certain individuals for grave beautification.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain custodial funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund level and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2022 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes, nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Township and the nonspendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 10.

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 3 – Compliance

Contrary to Ohio Law, the Township did not file their Permanent Appropriations with the County for 2022 and 2021 timely, did not obtain a reduced amended certificate of estimated resources and did not reduce appropriations whenever their actual receipts were significantly below estimated, and did not approve appropriations at the legal level of control.

Note 4 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2022 follows:

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

		<u> </u>	
	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$816,265	\$321,911	(\$494,354)
Special Revenue	1,742,206	537,294	(1,204,912)
Fiduciary	3,701	1	(3,700)
Total	\$2,562,172	\$859,206	(\$1,702,966)

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$813,365	\$323,455	\$489,910
Special Revenue	1,742,206	392,810	1,349,396
Fiduciary	3,701	0	3,701
Total	\$2,559,272	\$716,265	\$1,843,007

Note 5 – Deposits

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Township's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

	2022
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$2,339,982
Certificates of deposit	1,621
Total carrying amount of deposits held in the Pool	\$2,341,603

The Township does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings.

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 5 – Deposits – Continued

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Note 6 – Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 7 – Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the (Township's) policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	2022
Cash and investments	\$32,288,098
Actuarial liabilities	\$9,146,434

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 7 – Risk Management - Continued

Workers' Compensation

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2022. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2022.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

Note 10 – Fund Balances

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed.

Note 11 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Shelby County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General	Special Revenue	Combined Total
Cash Receipts	Φ56.242	#2.40.042	#20 <i>C</i> 10 <i>E</i>
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$56,243	\$249,942	\$306,185
Licenses, Permits and Fees	14,495	24,241	38,736
Intergovernmental	170,396	327,844	498,240
Earnings on Investments		16.500	16.500
Miscellaneous		16,500	16,500
Total Cash Receipts	241,134	618,528	859,662
Cash Disbursements			
Current:			
General Government	127,722	29,095	156,817
Public Safety		126,461	126,461
Public Works	6,286	239,727	246,013
Health	15,611	36,374	51,985
Capital Outlay	1,216		1,216
Total Cash Disbursements	150,835	431,657	582,492
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	90,299	186,871	277,170
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	90,299	186,871	277,170
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	621,084	1,296,703	1,917,787
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$711,383	\$1,483,574	\$2,194,957

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Shelby County
Statement of Additions, Deductions and Changes in Fund
Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis)
All Fiduciary Fund Types
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Fiduciary Fund Types		
		Custodial	
	Private Purpose Trust	Other Custodial	Combined Total
Additions Earnings on Investments	\$1	\$1	2
Total Additions	1	1_	2
Net Change in Fund Balances	1	1	2
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	2,024	1,679	3,703
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$2,025	\$1,680	\$3,705

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Franklin Township, Shelby County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance and cemetery maintenance. The Township contracts with the Village of Anna and the City of Sidney to provide fire services and the Anna Rescue Squad to provide ambulance services.

Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. The Township's Management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types and a statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all fiduciary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

Road and Bridge Fund This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing roads and bridges.

CemeteryFund This fund receives money from the sale of cemetery spaces and fees to open and close cemetery spaces when a burial occurs. These funds are used to maintain the cemetery.

Coronavirus Relief Fund This fund was in effect for the 2021 year and this fund will be used for projects that fall under the American Rescue Plan Act between now and December 31, 2024.

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds, investment trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement meeting certain criteria.

The Township's private purpose trust funds are for the benefit of certain individuals.

Custodial funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to report fiduciary activity that is not required to be reported in a trust fund. The Township's custodial fund accounts for the benefit of certain individuals for grave beautification.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (C) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain custodial funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund level and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2021 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes, nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Township and the nonspendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 10.

Note 3 – Compliance

Contrary to Ohio Law, the Township did not file their Permanent Appropriations with the County for 2022 and 2021 timely, did not obtain a reduced amended certificate of estimated resources and did not reduce appropriations whenever their actual receipts were significantly below estimated, and did not approve appropriations at the legal level of control.

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 4 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2021 follows:

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Variance
(\$544,991)
(1,160,002)
(3,699)
(\$1,708,692)
_

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

		J 1	
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$786,125	\$150,835	\$635,290
Special Revenue	1,688,601	431,657	1,256,944
Fiduciary	3,701	0	3,701
Total	\$2,478,427	\$582,492	\$1,895,935
Total	\$2,478,427	\$582,492	\$1,895,935

Note 5 – Deposits

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Township's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

	2021
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$2,197,039
Certificates of deposit	1,623
Total carrying amount of deposits held in the Pool	\$2,198,662

The Township does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings.

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Shelby County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 6 – Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 7 – Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the (Township's) policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	2021
Cash and investments	\$34,880,599
Actuarial liabilities	\$10,601,444

Workers' Compensation

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Shelby County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2021.

Note 10 – Fund Balances

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed.

Note 11 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 12 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in May 2023. During 2021, the County received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Township. The impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Note 13 - Restatement of Fund Balances

The Township adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result, the beginning balance of the Private Purpose Trust Fund was restated from \$3,703 to \$2,024 and Other Custodial Fund was restated from \$0 to \$1,679.



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Franklin Township Shelby County 11095 County Road 25A Sidney, Ohio 45365

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements of the Franklin Township, Shelby County, (the Township) and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2023, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(C) permit. We issued a qualified opinion on the private purpose trust fund due to the lack of sufficient appropriate audit evidence supporting the amounts recorded as private purpose trust fund Cemetery Endowment Funds. We also noted, during 2021, the Township adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2022-003 and 2022-004 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Franklin Township
Shelby County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2022-001 and 2022-002.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 11, 2023

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP SHELBY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2022-001

Noncompliance - Finding for Recovery - Penalties and Interest Charges

State ex rel. McClure v. Hagerman, 155 Ohio St. 320 (1951), provides that expenditures made by a governmental unit should serve a public purpose. Typically the determination of what constitutes a "proper public purpose" rests with the judgment of the governmental entity, unless such determination is arbitrary or unreasonable. Even if a purchase is reasonable, Ohio Attorney General Opinion 82-006 indicates that it must be memorialized by a duly enacted ordinance or resolution and may have a prospective effect only.

Under Ohio law, public officials are strictly liable for all public money received or collected by them or their subordinates under the color of law. Ohio Rev. Code § 9.39; Cordray v. Internatl Preparatory School, 128 Ohio St. 3d 50 (2010).

The law requires that employers withhold income and wage taxes from employees' paychecks and remit those taxes to the government. The United States Internal Revenue Code, for example, requires employers to deduct from wages paid to employees the employees' share of FICA taxes and individual income taxes. See 26 U.S.C. §§ 3102(a) and 3402(a). Those withholdings are considered to be held in "a special fund in trust for the United States." 26 U.S.C. § 7501(a). The employer is liable for the withheld portion of the employee's wages and must pay over the full amount to the government each quarter. See *United States v. Farr*, 536 F.3d 1174, 1176 (10th Circ. 2008) (citing 26 U.S.C. § 3403).

Due to insufficient policies and procedures, during 2021, the Township incurred Internal Revenue Service (IRS) failure to file and pay penalties and interest charges in the amount of \$9,947 due to untimely report and payment submissions from 2018, 2019, and 2020. These incurred costs were unnecessary expenditures that did not serve a proper public purpose and could have been avoided had the funds been remitted by the required due dates. Township Fiscal Officer, Deb Bodenmiller, received or controlled the public money used to make the expenditures.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public monies illegally expended is hereby issued against Fiscal Officer Deb Bodenmiller and her bonding company, Erie Insurance Company, jointly and severally, in the amount of \$9,947, and in favor of the Franklin Township General Fund.

FINDING NUMBER 2022-002

Noncompliance – Budgetary

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.36(A)(1) provides, in part, on or about the first day of each fiscal year, the fiscal officer of each subdivision and other taxing unit shall certify to the county auditor the total amount from all sources available for expenditures from each fund set up in the tax budget or, if adoption of a tax budget was waived under section 5705.281 of the Revised Code, from each fund created by or on behalf of the taxing authority.

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.36(A)(4) states that upon a determination by the fiscal officer of a subdivision that the revenue to be collected by the subdivision will be less than the amount included in an official certificate and that the amount of the deficiency will reduce available resources below the level of current appropriations, the fiscal officer shall certify the amount of the deficiency to the commission, and the commission shall certify an amended certificate reflecting the deficiency.

Franklin Township Shelby County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2022-002 (Continued)

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.38 states, in part, that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, the taxing authority of each subdivision or other taxing unit shall pass an appropriation measure, and thereafter during the year it may pass any supplemental appropriation measures as it finds necessary, based on the revised tax budget or the official certificate of estimated resources or amendments of the certificate. If it desires to postpone the passage of the annual appropriation measure until an amended certificate is received based on the actual year-end balances, it may pass a temporary appropriation measure for meeting the ordinary expenses of the taxing unit until no later than the first day of April and the appropriations made in the temporary measure shall be chargeable to the appropriations in the annual appropriation measure for that fiscal year when passed. Appropriation measures shall be classified so as to set forth separately the amounts appropriated for each office, department, and division, and within each, the amount appropriated for personal services.

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.40 states, in part, any appropriation ordinance or measure may be amended or supplemented, provided that such amendment or supplement shall comply with all the provisions of law governing the taxing authority in making an original appropriation and that no appropriation for any purpose shall be reduced below an amount sufficient to cover all unliquidated and outstanding contracts or obligations certified from or against the appropriation.

Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-02(C)(1) states, in part, that all local public offices should integrate the budgetary accounts, at the legal level of control or lower, into the financial accounting system. This means designing an accounting system to provide ongoing and timely information on unrealized budgetary receipts and remaining uncommitted appropriation balances. The legal level of control is the level at which spending in excess of budgeted amounts would be a violation of law. This is established by the level at which the legislative body appropriates. For all local public offices subject to the provisions of Chapter 5705. of the Revised Code, except school districts and public libraries, the minimum legal level of control is described in section 5705.38 of the Revised Code.

For the fiscal years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021, the following instances were noted:

- At December 31, 2022, actual receipts were below estimated receipts by \$1,702,966 and at December 31, 2021, actual receipts were below estimated receipts by \$1,708,692. However, the Township did not obtain a reduced amended certificate of estimated resources and did not reduce appropriations.
- The Board of Trustees approved the fiscal year 2021 Permanent Appropriations on April 7, 2021, and the fiscal year 2022 Permanent Appropriations on April 6, 2022, which is after the April 1st due date.
- The Board of Trustees improperly approved appropriations at the fund level rather than the required legal level of control.
- Although appropriation amendments throughout the fiscal years were turned into the County, the minutes did not include information of the Board of Trustees approving these amendments as the Board did not properly approve the amendments that the Fiscal Officer made.
- The Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) system budgeted amounts did not agree with the certified budgetary documents. Consequently, the budgetary note disclosures were inaccurate in the financial reports.

The failure to have adequate appropriation authority in place at the time of expenditure, failure to accurately record appropriations and estimated revenues in the accounting system, and failure to obtain a reduced certificate of estimated resources and decrease the level of appropriations when actual revenues are below budgeted revenue can result in overspending of resources causing deficit fund balances. The lack of the Board of Trustee's review of accurate budget and actual activity increases the likelihood that errors or irregularities may go undetected, and can also lead to the overspending of resources.

Franklin Township Shelby County Schedule of Findings Page 3

FINDING NUMBER 2022-002 (Continued)

All appropriations, which have been timely approved by the Board and at the proper legal level of control, should be filed with the County Auditor, so the appropriation measures can be certified and become legally effective. Additionally, the Township Fiscal Officer should properly post the appropriations and budgeted revenue for all funds in the accounting system to produce accurate budget to actual financial reports.

Monitoring monthly budget and actual expenditures and receipts ensures expenditures are being made in accordance with the approved budget, receipts are being received in accordance with the certificate of estimated resources, and overspending does not occur. Furthermore, the Minutes should accurately report all approvals by the Board of Trustees.

FINDING NUMBER 2022-003

Material Weakness - Cemetery Endowment Funds

The Township reported three Cemetery Endowment Funds in the private purpose trust fund but only maintained one of the original trust agreements to support the fund / account classification for financial reporting. Due to the lack of documentation, we were unable to obtain sufficient audit evidence to support the activity and fund cash balances of two trusts that were reported as private purpose trust funds. The original trust agreement that the Township did maintain indicated that it should be reported as an other custodial fund and adjustments have been made to the statements in both fiscal year 2022 and 2021.

The Endowment Funds without support represented 55% of the fiduciary fund type combined total for both years, with fund cash balances of \$2,026 and \$2,025 on December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Without the original trust agreements, it is not possible to determine whether the Cemetery Endowment Funds should be presented as private purpose trust funds, permanent funds, or other custodial funds. In addition, the lack of trust agreements may be an indication that these funds would result in being classified as special revenue funds. The inability to determine if this activity and fund balances were properly reported resulted in a modified opinion on the Township's financial statements.

The Township should consult with their Legal Counsel for legal advice about how to proceed with the money in this fund. For any new trust funds received, the Township should retain copies of the documentation establishing these trust funds to identify the original principal and purpose of each Trust. In addition, the Township would be able to identify whether or not the principal must be maintained in perpetuity and whether or not the trust is to benefit the entity or other organizations, governments, or individuals. Furthermore, the Township should review Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 1300 (GASB 54 codification), Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004, and Auditor of State Bulletin 2020-003 (GASB 84 bulletin) for fund classification guidance.

FINDING NUMBER 2022-004

Material Weakness – Bank Reconciliations, Timely Posting of Transactions, and Segregation of Duties

Sound accounting practices require that when designing the public office's system of internal control and the specific control activities, management should ensure adequate security of assets and records, and verify the existence and valuation of assets and liabilities and periodically reconcile them to the accounting records.

The reconciliation of cash (bank) balances to Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) accounting system records (book) is the most basic and primary control process performed. Lack of completing an accurate and timely reconciliation may allow for accounting errors, theft and fraud to occur without timely detection.

Franklin Township Shelby County Schedule of Findings Page 4

FINDING NUMBER 2022-004 (Continued)

The small size of the Township's fiscal operations does not allow for an adequate segregation of duties as the Fiscal Officer performed most accounting functions for the Township, including collection and deposit of receipts and reconciliation of the bank account. It is essential for the Township Trustees to monitor financial activity closely to provide oversight and to compensate for the lack of segregation of duties.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, reconciliations were not completed until significantly after the end of the month. The reconciliation for the months of February through November 2022 were not completed until December 2022. The reconciliations for the months of January through October 2021 were not completed until December 2021, and November and December 2021 were not completed until February 2022. The monthly bank reconciliations contained unidentified reconciling items and the 2021 bank reconciliations were missing the Township's three Certificate of Deposit accounts. These were added on the bank reconciliation in 2022 but the amounts were incorrect. Additionally, an incorrect amount was used for the Township's checking account in both fiscal years.

In addition, throughout 2022 and 2021, numerous receipts and disbursements were not timely posted to UAN. Significant time delays in posting financial transactions to the accounting system can result in permanent omissions, as well as the Trustees reviewing incomplete financial reports. Late debt and other payments can result in penalties and fees.

Furthermore, there was no evidence the Trustees were monitoring, reviewing, or approving the monthly bank reconciliations during 2022 and 2021.

Failure to reconcile monthly increases the possibility that the Township will not be able to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, and record its transactions correctly or to document compliance with finance related legal and contractual requirements. Further, the lack of accurate monthly reconciliations increases the risk of theft/fraud over the cash cycle and could lead to inaccurate reporting in the annual financial statements.

The Fiscal Officer should record all transactions and prepare monthly bank to book cash reconciliations timely, which include all bank accounts and all fund balances. Variances should be investigated, documented and corrected. In addition, the Trustees should review the monthly cash reconciliations including the related support (such as reconciling items) and document the reviews in the minutes along with their review and approval of revenue and expenditure ledgers and fund balances from the UAN system.

Officials' Response:

We did not receive a response from Officials to these findings.

Franklin TWP. and Pearl Cemetery 11095 CO. RD. 25A Sidney, OH 45365 Office (937) 497-7899 * Fax (937) 497-7898

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information	
2020-001	Material Weakness - Bank Reconciliations	Not Corrected	The Township is working on correcting the items causing issues with the bank reconciliation. Repeated as Finding 2022-004	
2020-002	Material Weakness – Financial Reporting	Not Corrected	The Township will work on proper reviews of filed financial report. Repeated in Management Letter.	
2020-003	Material Weakness/Noncompliance - ORC 505.24(C) - Trustee Compensation	Fully Corrected		
2020-004	Material Weakness/Noncompliance – Budgetary Controls	Not Corrected	The Township will work on complying with budgetary laws. Repeated as Finding 2022-002.	



FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP

SHELBY COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/2/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370