



WAPAKONETA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT AUGLAIZE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wapakoneta City School District Auglaize County 1102 Gardenia Drive Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wapakoneta City School District, Auglaize County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Wapakoneta City School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Wapakoneta City School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

thetaber

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 27, 2024

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The management's discussion and analysis of the Wapakoneta City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2023 are as follows:

- The total cash-basis net position of the District decreased \$916,856 or 2.85% from fiscal year 2022's net cash position.
- General receipts accounted for \$32,320,212 or 79.63% of total governmental activities receipts. Program specific receipts accounted for \$8,266,667 or 20.37% of total governmental activities receipts.
- The District had \$41,503,735 in disbursements related to governmental activities; \$8,266,667 of these disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General receipts of \$32,320,212 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund. The general fund, the District's largest major fund, had total receipts and other financing sources of \$31,961,850 in 2023. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$33,082,068. The general fund's balance decreased \$1,120,218 or 4.50% from 2022's net cash position.
- The bond retirement fund had total receipts of \$2,002,055 in 2023. The disbursements of the bond retirement fund, totaled \$1,874,906 in 2023. The bond retirement fund's balance increased \$127,149 or 3.54% from 2022 to 2023.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as is applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position – cash basis and statement of activities – cash basis provide information about the activities of the District as a whole, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash-basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The general fund and the bond retirement fund are the District's most significant funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis

The statement of net position – cash basis and the statement of activities – cash basis answer the question, "How did the District perform financially during 2023?" These statements only present the District's net position using the cash basis of accounting, which is a financial reporting framework other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This financial reporting framework takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position on a cash basis. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and the effects of these items on revenues and expenses are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position – cash basis and statement of activities – cash basis, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at the year-end available for spending in future periods. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. The District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds, whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting, is aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District did not have any fiduciary funds in fiscal year 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for 2023 and 2022.

	 overnmental Activities 2023	G	overnmental Activities 2022		
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 31,211,554	\$	32,128,410		
Total assets	\$ 31,211,554	\$	32,128,410		
Net Position:					
Restricted	\$ 7,463,026	\$	7,259,724		
Unrestricted	 23,748,528		24,868,686		
Total net position	\$ 31,211,554	\$	32,128,410		

Net Position (Cash Basis)

Total cash basis net position of the District decreased \$916,856, which represents a 2.85% decrease from the District's net position at June 30, 2022. A portion of the District's net position, \$7,463,026, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$23,748,528 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The following table shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

	Change in Net Position				
Descista	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2022			
Receipts: Program receipts:					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,919,116	\$ 1,205,618			
Operating grants and contributions	5,445,365	7,717,720			
Capital grants and contributions	902,186	187,197			
General receipts:					
Property taxes	10,257,386	9,937,062			
Income taxes	4,642,161	4,102,272			
Grants and entitlements	16,751,599	16,558,372			
Investment earnings	610,426	290,303			
Miscellaneous	58,640	58,530			
Total receipts	40,586,879	40,057,074			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Change in Net Position - (Continued)				
	Governmental	Governmental			
	Activities	Activities			
	2023	2022			
Disbursements:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 16,001,773	\$ 15,046,339			
Special	5,268,807	4,502,564			
Vocational	492,367	545,542			
Other	452,743	576,705			
Support services:					
Pupil	2,512,167	2,379,526			
Instructional staff	1,063,882	952,100			
Board of education	23,174	18,882			
Administration	2,747,810	2,629,396			
Fiscal	715,198	671,418			
Business	3,884	3,762			
Operations and maintenance	4,215,937	3,617,580			
Pupil transportation	1,740,876	1,441,067			
Central	137,623	126,486			
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	1,690,651	1,525,195			
Other non-instructional services	37,113	30,978			
Extracurricular activities	1,468,814	1,517,894			
Facilities acquisition and construction	770,318	517,020			
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	1,432,372	1,394,461			
Interest and fiscal charges	728,226	769,862			
Total disbursements	41,503,735	38,266,777			
Change in net position	(916,856)	1,790,297			
Net position at beginning of year	32,128,410	30,338,113			
Net position at end of year	<u>\$ 31,211,554</u>	\$ 32,128,410			

Governmental Activities

Governmental cash assets decreased by \$916,856 from June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023; total governmental disbursements of \$41,503,735 were offset by program receipts of \$8,266,667 and general receipts of \$32,320,212. Program receipts supported 19.92% of the total governmental disbursements.

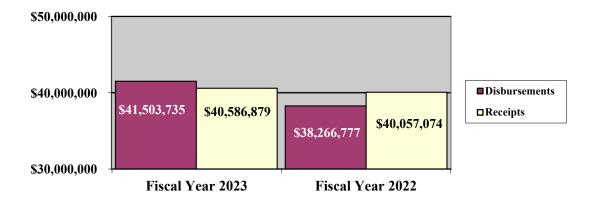
The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements receipts. These receipt sources represent 77.98% of total governmental receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The largest disbursement of the District is for instructional programs. Instructional disbursements totaled 53.53% of total governmental disbursements for fiscal year 2023.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities receipts and disbursements for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

Governmental Activities - Total Receipts vs. Total Disbursements



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants off setting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

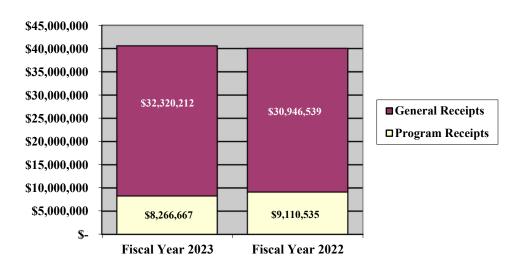
Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities							
	Total Cost of Services 2023	Net Cost of Services 2023	Total Cost of Services 2022	Net Cost of Services 2022				
Disbursements:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 16,001,773	\$ 15,048,652	\$ 15,046,339	\$ 13,374,896				
Special	5,268,807	2,593,054	4,502,564	1,653,577				
Vocational	492,367	369,930	545,542	399,617				
Other	452,743	272,644	576,705	221,956				
Support services:								
Pupil	2,512,167	1,982,297	2,379,526	1,790,883				
Instructional staff	1,063,882	906,469	952,100	734,940				
Board of education	23,174	23,174	18,882	18,882				
Administration	2,747,810	2,698,429	2,629,396	2,552,084				
Fiscal	715,198	710,374	671,418	666,989				
Business	3,884	3,884	3,762	3,762				
Operations and maintenance of plant	4,215,937	3,628,975	3,617,580	3,485,970				
Pupil transportation	1,740,876	1,512,350	1,441,067	1,354,792				
Central	137,623	119,556	126,486	115,026				
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations	1,690,651	(12,779)	1,525,195	(782,811)				
Other non instructional services	37,113	29,693	30,978	15,865				
Extracurricular	1,468,814	580,437	1,517,894	900,559				
Facilities acquisition and construction	770,318	609,331	517,020	484,932				
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	1,432,372	1,432,372	1,394,461	1,394,461				
Interest and fiscal charges	728,226	728,226	769,862	769,862				
Total	\$ 41,503,735	\$ 33,237,068	\$ 38,266,777	\$ 29,156,242				

The dependence upon general receipts for instructional activities is apparent, as 82.30% of disbursements were supported through taxes and other general receipts during 2023. For all governmental activities, general receipts support is 80.08%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio are by far the primary support of the District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities receipts for fiscal year 2023 and 2022.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Receipts

The District's Funds

At June 30, 2023, the District's governmental funds reported a combined cash fund balance of \$31,211,554, which is \$916,856 less than last year's total of \$32,128,410. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	-			Fund Balance June 30, 2022		Increase
Major Funds:						
General	\$	23,749,595	\$	24,869,813	\$	(1,120,218)
Bond retirement fund		3,718,398		3,591,249		127,149
Other governmental funds		3,743,561		3,667,348		76,213
Total	\$	31,211,554	\$	32,128,410	\$	(916,856)

General Fund

The general fund, the District's largest major fund, had total receipts and other financing sources of \$31,961,850 in 2023. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$33,082,068. The general fund's balance decreased \$1,120,218 or 4.50% from the 2022 balance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The table that follows assists in illustrating the receipts of the general fund.

		2023 Amount		2022 Amount	Percentage Change	
Receipts:						
Taxes	\$	11,592,290	\$	10,958,356	5.78	%
Tuition and fees		556,627		577,060	(3.54)	%
Earnings on investments		607,257		289,070	110.07	%
Other		107,361		95,943	11.90	%
Intergovernmental		18,628,677		18,414,182	1.16	%
Total	<u>\$</u>	31,492,212	\$	30,334,611	3.82	%

General fund tuition and fees receipts decreased \$20,433 or 3.54% during 2023 due to a decrease in special education tuition. Tax receipts increased \$633,934 or 100.07% due to an increase in property tax revenues. Earnings on investments increased \$318,187 or 100.07% due to an increase in the amount invested and the earnings earned on those investments. All other receipt classifications remained comparable to 2022.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the disbursements of the general fund.

	2022 Amount	2022 Amount	Percentage Change
Disbursements:			
Instruction	\$ 20,123,622	\$ 18,370,087	9.55 %
Support services	11,617,676	10,806,503	7.51 %
Extracurricular	663,535	656,940	1.00 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	3,510	55,936	(93.72) %
Other	29,005	2,807	933.31 %
Total	\$ 32,437,348	\$ 29,892,273	8.51 %

Disbursements remained comparable to 2022; overall, disbursements of the general fund increased 8.51% from the prior year. This increase was due to an increase in instruction and support services.

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had total receipts of \$2,002,055 in 2023. The disbursements of the bond retirement fund, totaled \$1,874,906 in 2023. The bond retirement fund's balance increased \$127,149 or 3.54% from 2022 to 2023.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, actual receipts and other financing sources of \$31,955,478 were higher than final budgeted receipts and other financing sources by \$670,170. Final budgeted disbursements and other financing uses of \$34,109,265 were \$2,625 more than the original budgeted disbursements and other financing uses. Actual disbursements and other financing uses of \$33,297,691 were \$811,574 lower than final budgeted disbursements and other financing uses

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not capitalize assets on its financial statements or record the amortization of depreciation expense; rather, the District records disbursements when capital assets are purchased.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$20,452,258 in long-term obligations outstanding; of this amount, \$1,480,511 is due within one year. A summary of the District's long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2022
Lease purchase agreement Series 2015 school improvement refunding bonds:	\$ 1,327,258	\$ 1,609,630
Current interest	19,125,000	20,275,000
Total long-term obligations	\$ 20,452,258	\$ 21,884,630

For further information regarding the District's long-term obligations, refer to Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District is always concerned with State funding formulas, the resources available to the State, and the proportions allocated to education. The current two-year State budget and revised school funding formula projected increases in school funding for the District through fiscal year 2025. During fiscal year 2022, the Fair School Funding Plan was implemented.

With House Bill 920, current levies do not provide inflationary revenue growth as valuation increases, with the exception of inside millage and new construction, which forces tax receipts to remain constant.

The Board of Education approved a three-year contract with the Wapakoneta Classified Association, effective July 1, 2021, which will result in a 3.0%, 2.25% increase, and 2.0% increase in base wages for fiscal years 2021, 2022, and 2023, respectively. Step increases were granted in all three fiscal years.

The Board of Education approved a three-year contract with the Wapakoneta Education Association, effective July 1, 2023, which will result in a 3.0%, 2.5% and 2.25% increase in base wages for fiscal years 2024, 2025, and 2026, respectively. Step increases were granted in all three fiscal years. A \$500 stipend was also granted for 2025 and 2026.

The administration continues to try to balance education needs and community interests with the resources made available. The challenge for all school districts is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited and changing funding. The District will continue to monitor the financial situation of the District in order to continue to provide a balanced budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Angela Sparks, Treasurer, Wapakoneta City School District, 1102 Gardenia Drive, Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,211,554
Net position:	
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	1,286,099
Classroom facilities maintenance	549,060
Debt service	3,718,398
Federally funded programs	371,836
Food service operations	1,188,505
Student activities	346,224
Other purposes	2,904
Unrestricted	23,748,528
Total net position	\$ 31,211,554

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		FOR THE		L YEAK ENDEI		ram Receipts			Ne	t (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
				harges for		rating Grants		ital Grants		Governmental
Governmental activities:	Di	sbursements	Servi	ces and Sales	and	Contributions	and C	ontributions		Activities
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	16,001,773	\$	318,641	\$	603,054	\$	31,426	\$	(15,048,652)
Special	Ψ	5,268,807	Ψ	228,214	Ψ	2,447,539	Ψ		Ψ	(2,593,054)
Vocational		492,367				122,437		-		(369,930)
Other		452,743		-		180,099		-		(272,644)
Support services:						100,099				(2,2,011)
Pupil		2,512,167		154		529,716		-		(1,982,297)
Instructional staff		1,063,882		_		151,649		5,764		(906,469)
Board of education		23,174		-		-		-		(23,174)
Administration		2,747,810		8,810		40,571		-		(2,698,429)
Fiscal		715,198		-		-		4,824		(710,374)
Business		3,884		-		-		-		(3,884)
Operations and maintenance		4,215,937		32,838		41,656		512,468		(3,628,975)
Pupil transportation		1,740,876		9,772		41,360		177,394		(1,512,350)
Central		137,623		2,139		11,330		4,598		(119,556)
Operation of non-instructional services:										
Food service operations		1,690,651		696,107		1,007,323		-		12,779
Other non-instructional services		37,113		816		6,604		-		(29,693)
Extracurricular activities		1,468,814		621,625		262,027		4,725		(580,437)
Facilities acquisition and construction		770,318		-		-		160,987		(609,331)
Debt service:		1 422 272								(1.422.272)
Principal retirement		1,432,372		-		-		-		(1,432,372)
Interest and fiscal charges		728,226		-		-				(728,226)
Total governmental activities	\$	41,503,735	\$	1,919,116	\$	5,445,365	\$	902,186		(33,237,068)
					_					

General receipts:	
Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	8,482,042
Debt service	1,775,344
Income taxes levied for:	
General purposes	3,110,248
Permanent improvement	1,531,913
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	16,751,599
Investment earnings	610,426
Miscellaneous	58,640
Total general receipts	 32,320,212
Change in net position	(916,856)
Net position at beginning of year	 32,128,410
Net position at end of year	\$ 31,211,554

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		General	R	Bond Actirement		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:	¢	22 742 522	¢	2 510 200	¢	2 7 42 5 41	_	21 210 407
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,748,528	\$	3,718,398	\$	3,743,561	\$	31,210,487
Restricted cash and investments		1,067		-		-		1,067
Total assets	\$	23,749,595	\$	3,718,398	\$	3,743,561	\$	31,211,554
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Unclaimed monies		1,067		-		-		1,067
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		3,718,398		-		3,718,398
Capital improvements		-		-		1,286,099		1,286,099
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		-		549,060		549,060
Food service operations		-		-		1,188,505		1,188,505
Federally funded programs		-		-		371,836		371,836
Extracurricular		-		-		346,224		346,224
Other purposes		-		-		1,837		1,837
Committed:								
Termination benefits		293,451		-		-		293,451
Assigned:								
Student instruction		88,534		-		-		88,534
Student and staff support		185,111		-		-		185,111
Extracurricular activities		2,806		-		-		2,806
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,290		-		-		4,290
Other purposes		8,712		-		-		8,712
Unassigned		23,165,624		-		-		23,165,624
Total fund balances	\$	23,749,595	\$	3,718,398	\$	3,743,561	\$	31,211,554

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Recipt: Foreprive and the second secon		General	ł	Bond Retirement	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Inconcurses 3,110,248 - 1,531,913 4,642,161 Intregovenmental 18,628,677 226,711 3,575,762 22,431,150 Investment earnings 607,257 - - 556,627 Extracurricular 9,961 - 622,441 632,402 Rental income 14,817 - - 14,817 Charges for services - - 715,270 715,270 Contributions and donations 46,397 - 501,709 548,106 Miscellancous 36,186 - 124,013 160,199 Total receipts 31,492,212 2,002,055 7,092,612 40,586,879 Disbursements: - 124,013 16,001,773 5268,807 Current: - 15,142,676 - 459,097 16,001,773 Special 4,242,506 - 1,026,301 5,268,807 Vocational 492,367 - - 23,174 Instructional staff 861,228 - 202,654 1,063,882 Bosiness 3,384 - -	Receipts:						
Intergovermmental 18.628.677 22.67.11 3.575.762 22.311.50 Truition and fees 607.257 21.604 638.762 Extracurricular 9.961 - 622.441 632.402 Rental income 14.817 - - 14.817 Charges for services - - 7.15.270 715.270 Contributions and donations 46.397 - 124.013 160.199 Total receipts 31.492.212 2.002.055 7.092.612 40.586.879 Disbursements: - - 124.013 16.001.773 Special 4.224.2506 - 1.026.301 5.268.807 Vocational 492.2167 - - 492.367 Other 246.073 206.670 452.743 Support services: - - 23.174 - 23.174 Pupil 2.474.977 - 37.190 2.512.167 Instructional staff 861.228 39.718 22.979 715.198 <	Property taxes	\$ 8,482,042	\$	1,775,344	\$ -	\$	10,257,386
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Income taxes	3,110,248		-	1,531,913		4,642,161
Investment earnings 607,257 - 21,504 628,761 Tution and fees 556,627 - - 556,627 Extracurricular 9,961 - 622,441 632,402 Rental income 14,817 - - 14,817 Charges for services - - 715,270 715,270 Contributions and donations 46,397 - 501,709 548,106 Miscellancous 36,186 - 124,013 160,199 Total receipts 31,492,212 2.002,055 7,092,612 40,586,879 Disbursements: - 4242,506 - 1,026,301 5,268,807 Vocational 492,367 - - 492,367 - 492,367 Oter 246,073 - 206,670 452,743 Support services: - 23,174 - 21,167 Instructional staff 861,228 - 202,654 1,063,882 - 3,84 - 3,84 - 3,84	Intergovernmental			226,711	3,575,762		22,431,150
Tution and fices 556.627 - - 556.627 Extracurricular 9,961 - 622,441 632,402 Rental income 14,817 - 14,817 Charges for services - - 715,270 715,270 Contributions and donations 46,397 - 501,709 548,106 Miscellaneous 36,186 - 124,013 160,199 Total receipts 31,492,212 2.002,055 7,092,612 40,586,879 Disbursements: - - 492,367 - 492,367 Other 246,073 - 206,670 452,743 Support services: 21,174 - 23,174 - 23,174 Pupil 2,474,977 - 37,190 2,512,167 Instructional staff 861,228 - 202,054 1,063,82 Board of education 23,174 - - 23,174 Administration 2,726,909 - 20,901 2,747,810	•			-	21,504		628,761
Extracuricular 9,961 - 622,441 632,402 Rental income 14,817 - 715,270 715,270 Charges for services - - 715,270 715,270 Contributions and donations 46,397 - 501,709 548,106 Miscellancous 36,186 - 124,013 160,197 Total receipts 31,492,212 2,002,055 7,092,612 40,386,879 Disbursements: - 15,142,676 - 859,097 16,001,773 Special 4,242,506 - 1,026,301 5,268,807 Vocational 492,367 - - 492,367 Other 246,073 - 206,670 452,743 Support services: - - 23,174 - - 23,174 Administration 2,726,909 - 20,001 2,747,810 3,844 - - 3,849 Operations and maintenance 3,345,342 - 8,108 37,1,13 <t< td=""><td></td><td>· · · ·</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>· · ·</td></t<>		· · · ·		-	-		· · ·
Rental income 14,817 - - 14,817 Charges for services - - 715,270 715,270 Contributions and donations 46,397 - 501,709 548,106 Miscellaneous 36,186 - 124,013 160,199 Disbursements: - 7,092,012 40,586,879 - 40,586,879 Current: Instruction: Regular 15,142,676 - 859,097 16,001,773 Special 4,242,506 - 1,02,6301 5,268,807 Vocational 492,367 - - 492,367 Other 246,073 - 206,670 452,743 Support services: - 202,654 1,063,882 - 2,3,174 Pupil 2,474,977 - 37,190 2,21,747 - 23,174 Administration 2,726,909 - 20,901 2,747,810 - 3,884 - - 3,884 - - 3,843 -	Extracurricular	9,961		-	622,441		632,402
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rental income	· · · ·		-	-		,
$\begin{array}{c c} \mbox{Contributions and donations} & 46,397 & - & 501,709 & 548,106 \\ \mbox{Miscellaneous} & 36,186 & - & 124,013 & 160,199 \\ \mbox{Total receipts} & 31,492,212 & 2,002,055 & 7,092,612 & 40,586,879 \\ \mbox{Disbursements:} \\ \mbox{Current:} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	Charges for services	-		-	715.270		
Miscellaneous $36,186$ - $124,013$ $160,199$ Total receipts $31,492,212$ $2,002,055$ $7,092,612$ $40,586,879$ Disbursements: Current: Instruction: $8egular$ $15,142,676$ - $859,097$ $16,001,773$ Special $4,242,506$ - $1,026,301$ $5,268,807$ Vocational $492,367$ - - $422,367$ Other 246,073 - $206,670$ $452,743$ Support services: - $202,654$ $1,063,882$ Board of education $23,174$ - - $23,174$ Administration $2,726,909$ - $20,001$ $2,74,810$ Fisal 652,501 $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,345,342$ - $3,884$ - $3,884$ Operation of non-instructional services $29,005$ - $8,068$ $77,03,1623$ Obter mon-instructional services $29,005$ - $8,06,877,03,18$		46.397		-	,		
Total receipts $31,492,212$ $2,002,055$ $7,092,612$ $40,586,879$ Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular $15,142,676$ $859,097$ $16,001,773$ Special $4,242,506$ $ 10,26,301$ $5,268,807$ Vocational $492,367$ $ 492,367$ $ 492,367$ Pupil $2,474,977$ $ 37,190$ $2,512,167$ Instructional staff $861,228$ $ 20,054$ $1,063,882$ Board of education $23,174$ $ 23,174$ Administration $2,772,909$ $ 20,901$ $2,747,810$ Fiscal $652,501$ $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,884$ $ 3,884$ $ 3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3,345,342$ $ 8,089$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services $29,005$ $ 1,690,651$ $16,690,651$ Food service operations $ 1,690,651$ $16,690,651$ $16,90,651$ Other non-instructional servic	Miscellaneous			-	· · ·		
Current: Instruction: Regular 15,142,676 - 859,097 16,001,773 Special 4,242,506 - 1,026,301 5,268,807 Vocational 492,367 - 492,367 Other 246,073 - 206,670 Pupil 2,474,977 - 37,190 2,512,167 Instructional staff 861,228 - 202,654 1,063,882 Board of education 2,3,174 - - 23,174 Administration 2,726,509 - 20,901 2,747,810 Fiscal 652,501 39,718 22,979 715,198 Business 3,884 - - 3,884 Operations and maintenance 3,345,342 - 870,995 4,215,937 Pupil transportation 1,422,937 - 1,690,651 1,690,651 Other non-instructional services 2,9005 - 8,108 37,113 Extracurricular activities 663,535 805,279 1,468,814		 ,		2,002,055			· · · · · ·
Regular $15,142,676$ - $859,097$ $16,001,773$ Special $4,242,506$ - $1,026,301$ $5,268,807$ Other $246,073$ - $202,667$ $452,743$ Support services: Pupil $2,474,977$ - $37,190$ $2,512,167$ Instructional staff $861,228$ - $202,654$ $1,063,882$ Board of education $23,174$ - - $23,174$ Administration $2,726,909$ - $20,901$ $2,747,810$ Fiscal $652,501$ $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,3844$ - - $3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3345,342$ - $30,899$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services 29,005 - $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ - $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Faoil iteris and fiscal charges - - $1,690,651$ $1,690,651$ Other non-instructional services $29,005$ - $8,108$ $770,318$ <							
Special $4,242,506$ - $1,026,301$ $5,268,807$ Vocational $492,367$ $492,367$ Other $246,073$ - $206,670$ $452,743$ Support services: $246,073$ - $202,664$ $1,063,882$ Board of education $23,174$ - $222,654$ $1,063,882$ Board of education $23,174$ - $202,654$ $1,063,882$ Board of education $23,174$ - $20,901$ $2,747,810$ Fiscal $652,501$ $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,884$ $3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3,345,342$ - $870,595$ $4,215,937$ Pupil transportation $1,422,937$ - $317,623$ $0,6651$ Operation of non-instructional services106,724- $30,899$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services $29,005$ - $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $766,808$ $770,318$ Det service:- $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges $1,44,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in $1,445,766$ $144,576$ Transfers in $1,445,766$ $144,576$ Transfers in $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in $144,576$ <t< td=""><td>Instruction:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Instruction:						
Vocational $492,367$ - $492,367$ Other $246,073$ - $206,670$ $452,743$ Support services:Pupil $2,474,977$ - $37,190$ $2,512,167$ Instructional staff $861,228$ - $202,654$ $1,063,882$ Board of education $23,174$ $23,174$ Administration $2,726,909$ - $20,901$ $2,747,810$ Fiscal $652,501$ $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,884$ $3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3,345,342$ - $870,595$ $4,215,937$ Pupil transportation $1,422,937$ - $31,7939$ $1,740,876$ Central $106,724$ - $30,899$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ - $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $76,6,808$ $770,318$ Debt service:Principal retirement- $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges $445,766$ $144,576$ Transfers in $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers (out) $(75,000)$ - $(69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances in $496,638$ - $59,720$ $1,039,358$ Advances in $496,638$ - <t< td=""><td>Regular</td><td>15,142,676</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>859,097</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Regular	15,142,676		-	859,097		
Other $246,073$ - $206,670$ $452,743$ Support services:Pupil $2,474,977$ - $37,190$ $2,512,167$ Instructional staff $861,228$ - $202,654$ $1,063,882$ Board of education $23,174$ $23,174$ Administration $2,726,909$ - $20,901$ $2,747,810$ Fiscal $652,501$ $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,884$ $3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3,345,342$ - $870,595$ $4,215,937$ Pupil transportation $1,422,937$ - $31,7999$ $1,740,876$ Central $106,724$ - $30,899$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services29,005- $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ - $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $766,808$ $770,318$ Debt service: $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in <td>Special</td> <td>4,242,506</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>1,026,301</td> <td></td> <td>5,268,807</td>	Special	4,242,506		-	1,026,301		5,268,807
Support services: Pupil2,474,977-37,1902,512,167Instructional staff861,228-202,6541,063,882Board of education23,17423,174Administration2,726,909-20,9012,747,810Fiscal652,50139,71822,979715,198Business3,8843,884Operations and maintenance3,345,342-870,5954,215,937Pupil transportation1,422,937-317,9391,740,876Central106,724-30,899137,623Operation of non-instructional services1,690,6511,690,651Food service operations1,690,6511,690,651Other non-instructional services29,005-8,10837,113Extracturricular activities663,535-805,2791,468,814Facilities acquisition and construction3,510-766,808770,318Debt service:1,150,000282,3721,432,372Interest and fiscal charges685,18843,038728,226Total disbursements32,437,3481,874,9067,191,48141,503,735Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements(945,136)127,149(98,869)(916,856)Other financing sources (uses):144,576144,576Transfers in144,576144,576Advances (out)(56	Vocational	492,367		-	-		492,367
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Other	246,073		-	206,670		452,743
Instructional staff $861,228$ - $202,654$ $1,063,882$ Board of education $23,174$ $23,174$ Administration $2,726,909$ - $20,901$ $2,747,810$ Fiseal $652,501$ $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,884$ $3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3,345,342$ - $870,595$ $4,215,937$ Pupil transportation $1,422,937$ - $317,939$ $1,740,876$ Central $106,724$ - $30,899$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services $1,690,651$ $1,690,651$ Food service operations $1,690,651$ $1,690,651$ Other non-instructional services29,005- $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ - $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $766,808$ $770,318$ Debt service:- $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges $144,576$ $144,576$ Total disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses): $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in $175,082$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,000)$ - $(69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances (out) $(569,720)$ - $175,082$ - </td <td></td> <td>2 474 077</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>27.100</td> <td></td> <td>0.510.1/7</td>		2 474 077			27.100		0.510.1/7
Board of education $23,174$ $22,174$ Administration $2,726,099$ - $20,901$ $2,747,810$ Fiscal $652,501$ $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,884$ $3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3,345,342$ - $870,595$ $4,215,937$ Pupil transportation $1,422,937$ - $317,939$ $1,740,876$ Central $106,724$ - $30,899$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services $29,005$ - $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ - $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $766,808$ $770,318$ Debt service:- $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Total disbursements $32,437,348$ $1,874,906$ $7,191,481$ $41,503,735$ Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses): $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers (out) $(75,000)$ - $(69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances in $469,638$ - $569,720$ $1,039,358$ Advances (out) $(75,002)$ - $(469,638)$ $(1,039,358)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,082)$ - $175,082$ -Net change in fund balances $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beginnin				-	,		
Administration $2,726,909$ - $20,901$ $2,747,810$ Fiscal $652,501$ $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,844$ $3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3,345,342$ - $870,595$ $4,215,937$ Pupil transportation $1,422,937$ - $317,939$ $1,740,876$ Central $106,724$ - $30,899$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services $29,005$ - $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ - $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $766,808$ $770,318$ Debt service: $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Principal retirement- $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Total disbursements $32,437,348$ $1,874,906$ $7,191,481$ $41,503,735$ Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses): $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in $144,576$ $144,576$ Advances in $469,638$ - $569,720$ $1,039,358$ Advances (out) $(75,002)$ - $(469,638)$ $-$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,082)$ - $-$ Total other financing sources (uses) <td< td=""><td></td><td>· · ·</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>202,654</td><td></td><td></td></td<>		· · ·		-	202,654		
Fiscal $652,501$ $39,718$ $22,979$ $715,198$ Business $3,884$ $3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3,345,342$ - $870,595$ $4,215,937$ Pupil transportation $1,422,937$ - $317,939$ $1,740,876$ Central $106,724$ - $30,899$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services $1,690,651$ $1,690,651$ Food service operations $1,690,651$ $1,690,651$ Other non-instructional services $29,005$ - $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ - $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $766,808$ $770,318$ Debt service: $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Total disbursements $32,437,348$ $1.874,906$ $7,191,481$ $41,503,735$ Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses): $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in $144,576$ $144,576$ Advances in $469,638$ - $569,720$ $1,039,358$ Advances (out) $(175,082)$ - $175,082$ -Total other financing sources (uses) $(171,5082)$ - $175,082$ -Net change in fund balances $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beg		· · · ·		-	-		,
Business $3,884$ $3,884$ Operations and maintenance $3,345,342$ - $870,595$ $4,215,937$ Pupil transportation $1,422,937$ - $317,939$ $1,740,876$ Central $106,724$ - $30,899$ $137,623$ Operation of non-instructional services $1,690,651$ $1,690,651$ Other non-instructional services $29,005$ - $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ - $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $766,808$ $770,318$ Debt service:- $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges- $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Total disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses):Transfers in $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers (out) $(75,000)$ - $(69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances in $469,638$ - $569,720$ $1,039,358$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,082)$ - $175,082$ -Net change in fund balances $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $24,869,813$ $3,591,249$ $3,667,348$ $32,128,410$		· · ·		-			· · ·
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Other non-instructional services $29,005$ - $8,108$ $37,113$ Extracurricular activities $663,535$ - $805,279$ $1,468,814$ Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $766,808$ $770,318$ Debt service:Principal retirement- $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges- $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Total disbursements $32,437,348$ $1,874,906$ $7,191,481$ $41,503,735$ Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses): $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in $144,576$ $144,576$ Advances in $469,638$ - $569,720$ $1,039,358$ Advances (out) $(559,720)$ - $(469,638)$ $(1,039,358)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,082)$ - $175,082$ -Net change in fund balances $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $24,869,813$ $3,591,249$ $3,667,348$ $32,128,410$							
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Facilities acquisition and construction $3,510$ - $766,808$ $770,318$ Debt service:Principal retirement- $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges- $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Total disbursements $32,437,348$ $1,874,906$ $7,191,481$ $41,503,735$ Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses): $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in $144,576$ $(144,576)$ Advances in $469,638$ - $569,720$ $1,039,358$ Advances (out) $(569,720)$ - $(469,638)$ $(1,039,358)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,082)$ - $175,082$ -Net change in fund balances $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $24,869,813$ $3,591,249$ $3,667,348$ $32,128,410$				-	· · · · ·		,
Debt service:Principal retirement- $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges- $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Total disbursements $32,437,348$ $1,874,906$ $7,191,481$ $41,503,735$ Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses):Transfers in $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers (out)(75,000)- $(69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances in $469,638$ - $569,720$ $1,039,358$ Advances (out)(175,082)- $175,082$ -Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,082)$ - $175,082$ -Net change in fund balances $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $24,869,813$ $3,591,249$ $3,667,348$ $32,128,410$		· · · ·		-	,		· · ·
Principal retirement- $1,150,000$ $282,372$ $1,432,372$ Interest and fiscal charges- $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Total disbursements $32,437,348$ $1,874,906$ $7,191,481$ $41,503,735$ Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses): $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers in $144,576$ $144,576$ Transfers (out) $(75,000)$ - $(69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances in $469,638$ - $569,720$ $1,039,358$ Advances (out) $(175,082)$ - $175,082$ -Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $24,869,813$ $3,591,249$ $3,667,348$ $32,128,410$		3,510		-	766,808		770,318
Interest and fiscal charges- $685,188$ $43,038$ $728,226$ Total disbursements $32,437,348$ $1,874,906$ $7,191,481$ $41,503,735$ Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) $144,576$ $144,576$ Advances in Advances (out) $(75,000)$ - $(69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances (out) $(75,000)$ - $(69,576)$ $(1,144,576)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,082)$ - $175,082$ -Net change in fund balances $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $24,869,813$ $3,591,249$ $3,667,348$ $32,128,410$				1 1 50 000	202.272		1 422 272
Total disbursements $32,437,348$ $1,874,906$ $7,191,481$ $41,503,735$ Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements $(945,136)$ $127,149$ $(98,869)$ $(916,856)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) $ 144,576$ $144,576$ Advances in Advances (out) $(75,000)$ $ (69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances (out) $(75,000)$ $ (69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances (out) $(569,720)$ $ (469,638)$ $(1,039,358)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,082)$ $ 175,082$ $-$ Net change in fund balances $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $24,869,813$ $3,591,249$ $3,667,348$ $32,128,410$		-					, ,
Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements (945,136) 127,149 (98,869) (916,856) Other financing sources (uses):	-	 -			 		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - 144,576 144,576 Transfers (out) (75,000) - (69,576) (144,576) Advances in 469,638 - 569,720 1,039,358 Advances (out) (569,720) - (469,638) (1,039,358) Total other financing sources (uses) (175,082) - 175,082 - Net change in fund balances (1,120,218) 127,149 76,213 (916,856) Fund balances at beginning of year 24,869,813 3,591,249 3,667,348 32,128,410	l otal disbursements	 32,437,348		1,874,906	 7,191,481		41,503,735
Transfers in144,576144,576Transfers (out)(75,000)-(69,576)(144,576)Advances in469,638-569,7201,039,358Advances (out)(569,720)-(469,638)(1,039,358)Total other financing sources (uses)(175,082)-175,082-Net change in fund balances(1,120,218)127,14976,213(916,856)Fund balances at beginning of year24,869,8133,591,2493,667,34832,128,410	Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements	 (945,136)		127,149	 (98,869)		(916,856)
Transfers (out) $(75,000)$ - $(69,576)$ $(144,576)$ Advances in $469,638$ - $569,720$ $1,039,358$ Advances (out) $(569,720)$ - $(469,638)$ $(1,039,358)$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(175,082)$ - $175,082$ -Net change in fund balances $(1,120,218)$ $127,149$ $76,213$ $(916,856)$ Fund balances at beginning of year $24,869,813$ $3,591,249$ $3,667,348$ $32,128,410$							
Advances in 469,638 - 569,720 1,039,358 Advances (out) (569,720) - (469,638) (1,039,358) Total other financing sources (uses) (175,082) - 175,082 - Net change in fund balances (1,120,218) 127,149 76,213 (916,856) Fund balances at beginning of year 24,869,813 3,591,249 3,667,348 32,128,410		-		-	,)
Advances (out) (569,720) - (469,638) (1,039,358) Total other financing sources (uses) (175,082) - 175,082 - Net change in fund balances (1,120,218) 127,149 76,213 (916,856) Fund balances at beginning of year 24,869,813 3,591,249 3,667,348 32,128,410	Transfers (out)			-			
Total other financing sources (uses) (175,082) - 175,082 - Net change in fund balances (1,120,218) 127,149 76,213 (916,856) Fund balances at beginning of year 24,869,813 3,591,249 3,667,348 32,128,410		· · ·		-			
Net change in fund balances (1,120,218) 127,149 76,213 (916,856) Fund balances at beginning of year 24,869,813 3,591,249 3,667,348 32,128,410	Advances (out)	 (569,720)		-	 (469,638)		(1,039,358)
Fund balances at beginning of year 24,869,813 3,591,249 3,667,348 32,128,410	Total other financing sources (uses)	 (175,082)		-	 175,082		-
	Net change in fund balances	(1,120,218)		127,149	76,213		(916,856)
Fund balances at end of year \$ 23,749,595 \$ 3,718,398 \$ 3,743,561 \$ 31,211,554					 , ,		
	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 23,749,595	\$	3,718,398	\$ 3,743,561	\$	31,211,554

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:	<i>•</i>	0 100 0 1	<i>^</i>	0.000 (000	¢		¢	
Property taxes	\$	8,128,071	\$	8,388,699	\$	8,482,042	\$	93,343
Income taxes		2,796,284		2,885,948		3,110,248		224,300
Intergovernmental		17,974,981		18,551,353		18,628,677		77,324
Investment earnings Tuition and fees		406,665 449,971		419,705 464,400		607,257 556,627		187,552 92,227
Rental income		7,267		404,400		7,506		92,227
Contributions and donations		19,476		20,100		22,454		2,354
Miscellaneous		56,067		57,865		43,497		(14,368)
Total receipts		29,838,782		30,795,570		31,458,308		662,738
Disbursements:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		15,333,955		15,335,133		15,163,167		171,966
Special		4,308,793		4,309,125		4,254,491		54,634
Vocational		516,646		516,686		499,157		17,529
Other		263,172		263,192		246,073		17,119
Support services:								
Pupil		2,502,043		2,502,236		2,453,338		48,898
Instructional staff		1,012,512		1,012,590		893,348		119,242
Board of education		24,654		24,656		23,174		1,482
Administration Fiscal		2,722,262		2,722,472		2,677,131		45,341
Business		666,835 10,699		666,886 10,700		657,501 3,884		9,385 6,816
		3,662,336		3,662,618		3,436,244		226,374
Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation		1,491,599		1,491,714		5,430,244 1,439,777		51,937
Central		115,904		115,913		1,439,777		13,433
Operation of non-instructional services		115,504		115,715		102,400		15,455
Other non-instructional services		36,000		36,003		29,005		6,998
Extracurricular activities		684,350		684,403		666,341		18,062
Facilities acquisition and construction		9,090		9,091		7,800		1,291
Total disbursements		33,360,850		33,363,418		32,552,911		810,507
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over								
(under) disbursements		(3,522,068)		(2,567,848)		(1,094,603)		1,473,245
Other financing sources (uses):				.				(* * * * ·
Refund of prior year's disbursements		2,621		2,805		-		(2,805)
Refund of prior year's receipts		(1,127)		(1,127)		(60)		1,067
Transfers (out)		(174,987)		(175,000)		(175,000)		-
Advances in		455,047		469,638		469,638		-
Advances (out)		(569,676)		(569,720)		(569,720)		-
Sale of capital assets		16,758		17,295		27,532		10,237
Total other financing sources (uses)		(271,364)		(256,109)		(247,610)		8,499
Net change in fund balance		(3,793,432)		(2,823,957)		(1,342,213)		1,481,744
Fund balance at beginning of year		23,370,335		23,370,335		23,370,335		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,138,569		1,138,569		1,138,569		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	20,715,472	\$	21,684,947	\$	23,166,691	\$	1,481,744
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Wapakoneta City School District (the "District"), located in Auglaize County, Ohio is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio and provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of four members elected for staggered four year terms. The Board oversees the operations of the District's 5 facilities staffed by 118 non-certified employees, 192 certified personnel, and 12 administrators who provide services to 2,829 students and community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.D, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting</u> <u>Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component</u> <u>Units</u>", and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes when the District's relationship with the organization further results in a financial benefit or burden of the District, or if it is the opinion of management that the exclusion of the organization would be misleading. The District does not have any component units.

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC)

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Allen, Hancock, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam and Van Wert counties and the cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts.

The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county, elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county, plus one representative from the fiscal agent school district. During 2023, the District paid \$103,346 to NOACSC for its services. Financial information is available from Brenda Core, Treasurer, at 4277 East Road Elida, Ohio 45807.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Apollo Career Center

The Apollo Career Center (Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The Center is operated under the direction of a Board and is its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Apollo Career Center, 3325 Shawnee Road, Lima, Ohio 45806.

Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio.

The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., P.O. Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative (SOEPC) was established in 1986 among educational entities located in southwestern Ohio to purchase instructional and operational supplies and materials.

The SOEPC is organized under Ohio law as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. The SOEPC is governed by an elected Board consisting of ten representatives of the educational entities and the superintendent from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center. The Board, except for the superintendent from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center, is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. Financial information can be obtained from the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208 Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan, an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Ohio School Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Ohio School Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206. See Note 9.B to the financial statements for more information about the Ohio School Plan.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program. See Note 9.C to the financial statements for more information about the Plan.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used.

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net cash assets and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District did not have any fiduciary funds in fiscal year 2023.

C. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities - cash basis presents a comparison between direct disbursements and program receipts for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District.

All assets and net position associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position - cash basis.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

D. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code §117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting, which is a financial reporting framework other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and the effects of these items on revenues and expenses are not recorded in these financial statements.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and entity wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements are due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported on the budgetary statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the cash basis of accounting.

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control established by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the Treasurer.

Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tax Budget

A budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year, for the period July 1 to June 30 of the following fiscal year.

Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected receipts of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated disbursements from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding fiscal year. The certificate may be further amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the District Treasurer.

Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying a new certificate is not necessary, the annual Appropriation Resolution Report must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The Appropriation Resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of disbursements and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources. During the fiscal year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the disbursement of monies are recorded as the equivalent of disbursements on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as restricted or assigned fund balance for subsequent-year disbursements for governmental funds.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not re-appropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2023, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), federal agency securities, municipal bonds, U.S. Treasury notes, U.S. Treasury bills and negotiable certificates of deposit. With the exception of STAR Ohio, investments are reported at cost.

The District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours notice in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2023 amounted to \$607,257, which included \$124,624 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Restricted Cash

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund consist of unclaimed monies.

H. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements. Depreciation is not recorded on these capital assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Leases

The District is the lessee in various leases related to equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease payables are not reflected under the District's cash basis of accounting. Lease disbursements are recognized when they are received/paid.

L. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District has Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) under noncancelable arrangements. SBITA payables are not reflected under the District's cash basis of accounting. SBITA disbursements are recognized when they are received/paid.

M. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset (including the intangible right to use) when entering into a lease, financed purchase transaction or SBITA is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease and SBITA payments and financed purchase payments are reported when paid.

N. Intergovernmental Receipts

Unrestricted intergovernmental receipts received on the basis of entitlement are recorded as receipts when the entitlement is received. Federal and State reimbursement type grants are recorded as receipts when the grants are received.

O. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)s

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

On fund financial statements, the District reports advances in and advances out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying fund financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Advances are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position - cash basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

R. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2023.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2023, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 91, "<u>Conduit Debt Obligations</u>", GASB Statement No. 94, "<u>Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements</u>", GASB Statement No. 96, "<u>Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>", certain questions and answers of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>".

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The notes to the basic financial statements include the disclosure requirements under the Statement.

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio; and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time, if training requirements have been met;
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies; and,
- 9. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,660 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,492,126 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$4,320,686. Of the bank balance, \$862,896 was covered by the FDIC and \$3,457,790 was covered by collateral as described below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2023, certain District financial institutions did not participate in the OPCS while certain other financial institutions did participate in the OPCS. Those financial institutions that did participate were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investments Maturities at Fair Value					
Investment type	Carrying Value	Fair Value	6 months or less	7 to 12 months	13 to 18 months	19 to 24 months	Greater than 24 months	
STAR Ohio	\$ 5,535,261	\$ 5,535,261	\$ 5,535,261	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Negotiable CD's	12,893,000	12,087,243	494,272	1,835,532	1,095,986	2,189,066	6,472,387	
Municipal Bonds	166,890	151,821	75,096	76,725	-	-	-	
FFCB	500,000	479,427	-	-	-	231,790	247,637	
FHLMC	495,209	479,733	-	-	-	235,955	243,778	
FHLB	3,410,666	3,212,405	249,665	-	1,110,097	713,706	1,138,937	
FAMC	250,000	244,093	-	244,093	-	-	-	
U.S. Treasury Bill	249,617	255,510	255,510	-	-	-	-	
U.S. Treasury Note	3,217,125	2,950,369		484,745	243,643	961,303	1,260,678	
Total	\$ 26,717,768	\$ 25,395,862	\$ 6,609,804	\$ 2,641,095	\$ 2,449,726	\$ 4,331,820	\$ 9,363,417	

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.69 years.

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits securities purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchases of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The District's policy indicates that the investments must mature within five years, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio and federal agency securities are rated AAAm and AA+ by Standard & Poor's, respectively. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's negotiable certificates of deposit were not rated but are fully insured by FDIC coverage. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute. The District's investments municipal bonds are not rated.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2023:

Investment type	Carrying Value	<u>% of Total</u>
STAR Ohio	\$ 5,535,261	20.72
Negotiable CD's	12,893,000	48.26
Municipal Bonds	166,890	0.62
FFCB	500,000	1.87
FHLMC	495,209	1.85
FHLB	3,410,666	12.77
FAMC	250,000	0.94
U.S. Treasury Bill	249,617	0.93
U.S. Treasury Note	3,217,125	12.04
Total	\$ 26,717,768	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2023:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	4,492,126
Investments		26,717,768
Cash on hand		1,660
Total	\$	31,211,554
Cash and investments per statement of net position -	- ca	sh basis
Governmental activities	\$	31,211,554

NOTE 5 - INCOME TAXES

The District levies a voted tax of .5 percent for general operations and .25 percent for permanent improvements on the income of residents and of estates. The .5 percent portion of the tax was effective on January 1, 1990, and the .25 percent portion of the tax was effective on January 1, 1995. The entire voted tax is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are recorded in the general fund, the permanent improvement fund and the classroom facilities maintenance fund.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2023 represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2023 were levied after April 1, 2022, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2023 represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2023 became a lien on December 31, 2021, were levied after April 1, 2022, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Auglaize County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2023, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES – (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2023 taxes were collected are:

	2022 Second Half Collections			2023 First Half Collections		
		Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$	427,320,900 34,080,300	92.61 7.39	\$	430,803,120 34,758,490	92.53 7.47
Total	\$	461,401,200	100.00	\$	465,561,610	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$29.80			\$29.80	

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statement:

Transfers from the general fund to:	<u></u>	mount
Nonmajor governmental fund	\$	75,000
Transfers from the nonmajor governmental funds to:		
Nonmajor governmental fund		69,576
	\$	144,576

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or (1) budget requires to expend them and (2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting purposes in the statement of activities - cash basis. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

B. Interfund advances consisted of the following at June 30, 2023, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Advance out	Advance in	Amount
General fund Nonmajor governmental fund	Nonmajor governmental fund General fund	\$ 569,720 <u>469,638</u>
		\$ 1,039,358

The primary purpose of the interfund advances is to cover the costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. The interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. Interfund balances at June 30, 2023, consisted of \$569,720 advanced to nonmajor governmental funds to cover expenses. The \$469,638 interfund receivable/payable, originally recorded in fiscal year 2022, was repaid in the current fiscal year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The table that follows summarizes the changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2023.

	 Balance 06/30/22	Additions		Reductions	 Balance 06/30/23	_	ue Within Dne Year
Governmental activities:							
Note Payable - Financed Purchase Series 2015 refunding bonds:	\$ 1,609,630	\$ -	\$	(282,372)	\$ 1,327,258	\$	290,511
Current interest bonds	 20,275,000		_	(1,150,000)	 19,125,000		1,190,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 21,884,630	<u>\$ </u>	\$	(1,432,372)	\$ 20,452,258	\$	1,480,511

Note Payable - Financed Purchase

During fiscal year 2017, the District entered into a note payable with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance, Inc. for the purpose of funding building automation upgrades. The \$709,000 in proceeds are to be repaid over seven years with a final maturity of June 15, 2024. Principal and interest payments related to this note payable are made from the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

During fiscal year 2020, the District entered into a note payable with Sterling National Bank for the purpose of funding improvements at the District's athletic stadium. The \$1,712,438 in proceeds are to be repaid over nine years with a final maturity of August 15, 2029. Principal and interest payments related to this note payable are made from the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Principal and interest requirements to retire the note payable obligations at June 30, 2023 follows:

Fiscal Year	Note Payable Obligation				n	
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	290,511	\$	34,899	\$	325,410
2025		185,684		27,720		213,404
2026		191,062		22,342		213,404
2027		196,595		16,809		213,404
2028		202,288		11,116		213,404
2029 - 2030		261,118		5,637		266,755
Total	\$	1,327,258	\$	118,523	\$	1,445,781

<u>Series 2015 School Improvement Refunding Bonds</u>: On March 26, 2015, the District issued \$22,209,848 in school improvement refunding bonds to refund the Series 2008 School improvement construction bonds that were for construction of two new elementary schools, an addition to the middle school, and renovation of the high school. The bonds include serial and capital appreciation bonds, in the original amount of \$22,105,000 and \$104,848, respectively. The bonds were issued for a nineteen year period, with final maturity on December 1, 2035. The bonds are being retired from the bond retirement fund.

The serial bonds maturing after December 1, 2016, are subject to redemption at the option of the District, either in whole or in part, in such order as the District shall determine, or any interest payment date on or after 1, 2016, at 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The serial bonds bear interest rates ranging from 1.00% to 4.00%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The capital appreciation bonds bear interest, compounded semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, from the date of their issuance, but the interest will be payable only at maturity. The final capital appreciation bonds matured in fiscal year 2022.

The issuance proceeds of \$25,133,439 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 20 years by \$1,137,971. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance).

Principal and interest requirements to retire bond obligations as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	5	Series 2015 School Improvement Refunding Bonds				
Ending		<u> </u>	urre	ent Interest Bond	ds	
June 30,		Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>
2024	\$	1,190,000	\$	649,550	\$	1,839,550
2025		1,220,000		619,288		1,839,288
2026		1,250,000		585,725		1,835,725
2027		1,290,000		542,112		1,832,112
2028		1,335,000		491,281		1,826,281
2029 - 2033		7,555,000		1,651,725		9,206,725
2034 - 2036		5,285,000		275,702		5,560,702
Total	\$	19,125,000	\$	4,815,383	\$	23,940,383

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u>: The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code addition of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2023, are a voted debt margin of \$26,493,943 (including available funds of \$3,718,398) and an unvoted debt margin of \$465,562.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Liability Insurance Coverage

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the District contracted with the Ohio School Plan (See Note 9.B) for the following insurance coverage:

Type of Coverage	L	Liability Limit	
Property damage	\$	161,537,565	
General liability:			
Per occurance		5,000,000	
Aggregate limit		7,000,000	
Automobile liability		5,000,000	

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Ohio School Plan

The District is a member of the Ohio School Plan, an unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to approximately 400 Ohio schools ("Members").

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Ohio School Plan is deemed a separate legal entity. The Ohio School Plan provides property, general liability, educator's legal liability, automobile and violence coverages, modified for each member's needs. The Ohio School Plan pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the member's specific deductible.

The Ohio School Plan issues its own policies and reinsures the School Plan with reinsurances carriers. Only if the Ohio School Plan's paid liability loss ratio exceeds 65 percent and is less than 80 percent does the Ohio School Plan contribute to paid claims. (See the Ohio School Plan's audited financial statements on the website for more details.) The individual members are responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member.

The Ohio School Plan's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

	2022	2021	2020
Assets	\$ 17,878,913	\$ 16,691,066	\$ 13,471,241
Liabilities	11,253,693	7,777,013	4,909,663
Net Position	6,625,220	8,914,053	8,561,578

You can read the complete audited financial statements for The Ohio School Plan at its website, <u>www.ohioschoolplan.org</u> under "*Financials*". Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

For fiscal year 2023, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is intended to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating members is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all members in the Plan. Each member pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to participants that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the District's opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, all ODE adjustments have been finalized and they were not material to the District.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees-of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee-on a deferred-payment basis-as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2022, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2023.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$614,733 for fiscal year 2023.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,142,643 for fiscal year 2023.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.104553000%	0.113044893%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.114034500%	0.111974820%	
Change in proportionate share	0.009481500%	-0.001070073%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,167,873	\$ 24,892,143	\$ 31,060,016

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
COLA or ad hoc COLA: *	
Current measurement date	2.00%
Prior measurement date	2.00%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date	7.00% net of system expenses
Discount rate:	
Current measurement date	7.00%
Prior measurement date	7.00%
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

* On or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		Current					
	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		% Increase	
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	9,078,814	\$	6,167,873	\$	3,715,444	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%
	based on age
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%
(COLA)	

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

* Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current					
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	37,602,967	\$	24,892,143	\$	14,142,722

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 1.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2023. It is unknown what effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the District's surcharge obligation was \$70,226.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$70,226 for fiscal year 2023.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.1	07680300%	C	.113044893%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.1	15574700%	0	.111974820%	
Change in proportionate share	0.0	07894400%	-0	.001070073%	
Proportionate share of the net			_		
OPEB liability	\$	1,622,681	\$	-	\$ 1,622,681
Proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(2,899,400)	\$ (2,899,400)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	3.69%
Prior measurement date	1.92%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	4.08%
Prior measurement date	2.27%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	7.00 to 4.40%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial 5-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022, was 4.08%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022, was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69% at June 30, 2022 and 1.92% at June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%).

	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	Current count Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,015,394	\$	1,622,681	\$	1,305,655
	1%	6 Decrease	T	Current rend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,251,378	\$	1,622,681	\$	2,107,662

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 3	0, 2022	June 3	0, 2021	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	Varies by servic to 8.50%	e from 2.50%	12.50% at age 20 2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inv expenses, inclu-		7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	3.94%	5.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	-68.78%	3.94%	-16.18%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	9.00%	3.94%	6.50%	4.00%	
Medicare	-5.47%	3.94%	29.98%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

* Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

				Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	2,680,420	\$	2,899,400	\$	3,086,977
	1%	6 Decrease	Т	Current Trend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	3,007,384	\$	2,899,400	\$	2,763,098

NOTE 13 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. The superintendent and treasurer earn twenty days of vacation per year. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees, the superintendent, and the treasurer upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred fifty days for certified employees and up to a maximum of two hundred thirty days for classified employees. Upon retirement, for certified employees, payment is made for 22 percent of accrued but unused sick leave, and for classified employees, payment is made for 25 percent of their accrued but unused sick leave, up to a maximum of fifty-seven and one-half days.

B. Employee Insurance Benefits

The District offers health and dental insurance to most employees through UMR, a United Healthcare company, and Delta Dental, respectively. Life insurance is offered through Prudential Life and Accident. Vision insurance is offered through Vision Service Plan. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with each employee depending on marital and family status.

C. Separation Benefits

The District provides a retirement incentive to eligible employees. In order to be eligible, the employee must meet the criteria set forth by their respective bargaining unit.

Classified

In order to be eligible, the employee: 1) must have at least twenty five years of service credit, 2) ten or more years of service to the Wapakoneta City School as a member of this bargaining unit, five of which must be consecutive and in paid status immediately prior to retirement, and 3) must give written notice to the Superintendent by no later than March 1 of the year he/she first becomes eligible for "retirement" with unreduced benefits under SERS.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 13 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)

Employees meeting the requirements and with thirty years of service to the District shall receive an amount equal to one and one-third days severance pay for each year of service to the District, not to exceed forty days. Employees meeting the requirements and with twenty-five years of service shall receive an amount equal to one day severance pay for each year of service to the District, not to exceed twenty-five days. The District will pay the incentive to qualifying bargaining unit members in one lump sum payment. Such payment shall be made in the same calendar year in which the bargaining unit member retires.

Certified

In order to be eligible, the employee: 1) must be eligible to retire with unreduced benefits through STRS, 2) must have at least twenty years of service to the Wapakoneta City Schools, five of which must be consecutive and in paid status immediately prior to retirement, 3) must give written notice to the Superintendent no later than March 1 of the year he/she first becomes eligible for "retirement" under STRS. Retirement must be effective prior to the start of the succeeding school year.

Employees meeting the requirements shall receive Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000). Such payment shall be made no later than twelve months following the effective date of separation.

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

The statements of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are that:

- (a) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances (cash basis); and,
- (b) Some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budgetary basis to the cash basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (1,342,213)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(29,273)
Adjustment for encumbrances	251,268
Cash basis	<u>\$ (1,120,218)</u>

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes the unclaimed monies fund, the public school support fund, the termination benefits fund, a faculty fund and the adult education fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund cash receipt amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Disbursements and offsets exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital
	Imp	rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		657,000
Current year qualifying disbursements		-
Current year offsets		(657,000)
Total	\$	_
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2024	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2023	\$	_

During fiscal year 2008, the District issued \$24,750,000 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition to zero in future years. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$24,400,532 at June 30, 2023.

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

		Year-End	
Fund	En	Encumbrances	
General fund	\$	251,268	
Nonmajor governmental funds		842,022	
Total	\$	1,093,290	

NOTE 17 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City of Wapakoneta has entered into a tax abatement agreement with Golden Fresh Farms Enterprises, WRK Industries LLC, Pratt Properties LLC and Pratt Paper LLC for the abatement of property taxes and to bring jobs and economic development into the City. The agreement affects the property tax receipts collected and distributed to the District. Under the agreement, the District will forgo future property taxes in the amount of \$410,924 annually based on the effective millage rate in place at the time of the agreement.

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WAPAKONETA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT AUGLAIZE COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Agency/ Pass Through Agency/	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass Through Identifying	
Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture:	Number	Number	Lapenditures
Passed through Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		\$ 30,219
National School Lunch Program	10.555		90,657
Cash Assistance:			,
School Breakfast Program	10.553		258,375
National School Lunch Program	10.555		1,260,407
COVID-19 Supply Chain Assistance Funds	10.555		92,910
Special Milk Program for Children	10.556		1,718
Total Child Nutrition Cluster:			1,734,286
COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649		3,135
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,737,421
U.S Department of Treasury Passed through the Ohio Office of Budget and Management:			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		28,164
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			28,164
U.S. Department of Education:			
Passed through Ohio Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A210035	349,442
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	H027A2220111	676,054
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Special Education Grants to States	84.027	H027X210111	33,998
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A220119	18,156
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	H173X210119	10,673
Total Special Education Cluster			738,881
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A220034	70,256
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	S424A220036	32,913
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II)	84.425D	S425D210035	24,804
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	S425U210035	841,640
American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and	84.425W	S425W210036	947
Total COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	01112011	012011210000	867,391
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,058,883
			_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 3,824,468
			. ,

See accompanying notes o the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

WAPAKONETA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT AUGLAIZE COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Wapakoneta City School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

Note C – Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D - U.S. Department of Agriculture Programs

Non-monetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and consumed. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2023, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

Note E - Matching Requirements

Certain federal programs require the District to contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support federally-funded programs. The District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-federal (matching) funds is not included on the Schedule.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wapakoneta City School District Auglaize County 1102 Gardenia Drive Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wapakoneta City School District, Auglaize County, (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2024, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Wapakoneta City School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-001.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 27, 2024



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Wapakoneta City School District Auglaize County 1102 Gardenia Drive Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wapakoneta City School District's, Auglaize County, (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Wapakoneta City School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Wapakoneta City School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Wapakoneta City School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Wapakoneta City School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Wapakoneta City School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we find the consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 27, 2024

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster
		COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund – AL #84.425
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2023-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code §117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Wapakoneta City School District Auglaize County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2023-001 (Continued)

Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the cash basis of accounting rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the District should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response

Wapakoneta City Schools prepares an Other Comprehensive Basis of Accounting (OCBOA) report which incorporates the reporting format required by Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. An OCBOA report is accepted by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Board Resolution number 118-03 gave the fiscal officer permission to prepare OCBOA statements because they are more cost beneficial.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2023

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2022-001	Reporting Annual Financial Statements in Accordance with GAAP – Original Finding 2003-001.	Uncorrected – See audit finding 2023-001.	The District elected not to report on the GAAP basis of accounting as required under Ohio Administrative Code Section 117- 2-3(b).

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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) June 30, 2023

Finding Number: Planned Corrective Action: 2023-001

Unknown

Angela M. Sparks, Treasurer

Wapakoneta City Schools prepares an Other Comprehensive Basis of Accounting (OCBOA) report which incorporates the reporting format required by Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. An OCBOA report is accepted by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Board Resolution number 118-03 gave the fiscal officer permission to prepare OCBOA statements because they are more cost beneficial.

Anticipated Completion Date: Responsible Contact Person:

67



WAPAKONETA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUGLAIZE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/21/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370