# AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

Charles E. Harris & Associates
Certified Public Accountants

# **AUDIT REPORT**

For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

# PORT CLINTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

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# **AUDIT REPORT**

# For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

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# **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

<b>BOARD OF EDUCATION</b>	TITLE	TERM OF EXPIRATION	SURETY
Gary Ohm	President	December 31, 1999	(A)
Gerald Rusk	Vice-President	December 31, 2001	
Barbara Drusbacky	Member	December 31, 2001	
Mark May	Member	December 31, 2001	
David Belden	Member	December 31, 1999	

(A) Buckeye Union Insurance Company in the amount of \$20,000

# ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

TITLE	TERM OF OFFICE OR CONTRACT PERIOD	SURETY	AMOUNT
Superintendent:	÷		
Dennis Rectenwald	8/1/97 - 7/31/02	(A)	\$20,000
Treasurer:			
Denise J. Armour	1/4/99 to Organizational Meeting 2003	(B)	\$20,000

# **LEGAL COUNSEL:**

Baumgartner & O'Tool, L.P.A. 120 East Avenue Elyria, Ohio 44035-5228

- (A) Buckeye Union Company
- (B) United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company

# INDEX OF FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES:**

# General Fund Types:

General Fund

# Special Revenue Fund Types:

**Public School Support Fund** 

**Professional Development Fund** 

Athletic and Music Fund

School Age Child Care Grant Fund

**Data Communication Fund** 

**Management Information System Fund** 

Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid Fund

Eisenhower Grant Fund

**Education Improvement Grant - Public School Preschool Fund** 

Title VI-B, Special Education - State Grants Fund

Title 1 Fund

Title VI Fund

**Drug Free Grant Fund** 

**Textbook Subsidy Fund** 

**Technology Workshop Fund** 

Dependent Care Fund

**Auxiliary Services Fund** 

**Technical Training Grant Fund** 

# **Debt Service Fund Type:**

**Bond Retirement Fund** 

# Capital Project Fund Type:

**Permanent Improvement Fund** 

**Telecommunications Fund** 

**Vocational Education Equipment Fund** 

SchoolNet Fund

# INDEX OF FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - (Continued)

# PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES:

Enterprise Fund Type: Food Service Fund Performing Arts Center Fund Champions For Children Fund Adult Education Fund

# **FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES:**

Expendable Trust Fund Type: Memorial Fund

Non-Expendable Trust Fund Type: Tom Bodager Scholarship Fund

Agency Fund Types: Student Activity Funds

# **ACCOUNT GROUPS:**

General Fixed Assets Account Group

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group



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Board of Education Port Clinton City School District

We have reviewed the independent auditor's report of the Port Clinton City School District, Ottawa County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. for the audit period July 1, 1998 through June 30, 1999. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Port Clinton City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

ditor of State

January 21, 2000

614 Superior Avenue, N.W. Rockefeller Building, Suite 1242 Cleveland, Ohio 44113 Office phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Board of Education Port Clinton City School District Port Clinton, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of Port Clinton City School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types and non-expendable trust fund for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 20, 1999 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the Port Clinton City School District taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Charles & Havin & Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates
December 20, 1999

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET
All Fund Types and Account Groups
June 30, 1999

		Governmental Fund Types	Fund Types		Proprietary Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Types	Account Groups	Groups	
		Special	Debt	Capital		Trust and	General Fixed	General Long-Term	Total (Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
ASSETS									
Equity in pooled cash and									
investments	\$ 5,322,188	1,005,802	1,664,096	76,736	73,061	105,222	•	,	8,247,105
Cash in segregated accounts	2,000	3,850	,	•	•		•	•	8,850
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	96,386	ī	1	•		i	t	ı	96,386
receivanes. Taxes	8,638,657	1	824,589	87,342	ı		,	1	9,550,588
Accounts	3,169		•		•	2,809		ı	5,978
Interfund receivable	55,177	•	•		•	•	•	•	55,177
Due from other governments	•	•	•		36,679	•	•	•	36,679
Prepaid items	70,145	1	•		4,701	•	•	•	74,846
Inventory		÷	•	•	11,709	!	•	•	11,709
Fixed assets (Net, where applicable, of accumulated depreciation)	·	ı	•	,	28.280		12 851 325		12 879 605
Amount available in Debt Service Fund	•	•	-	•	}			1,837,016	1,837,016
Amount to be provided from general									
government resources	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	4,761,728	4,761,728
Total Assets	\$ 14,180,722	1,009,652	2,488,685	164,078	154,430	108,031	12,851,325	6,598,744	37,555,667

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET
All Fund Types and Account Groups - continued
June 30, 1999

		Governmental Fund Types	Fund Types		Proprietary Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Types	Account Groups	Groups	
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Enterprise	Trust and Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Total (Memorandum Only)
LIABILITIES									
Accounts navable	\$ 188 690	55 001	ı	8	19.593	14.828	•	į	287 111
Accrued wages and benefits	1.095,645		•		20800	- 1	•		1,166,666
Compensated absences payable	22.073		•		14,465	•		1,143,665	1,180,332
Pension obligation payable	212,049	499	•	r	16,011	1	,	110,122	338,681
Interfund payable		27,277	•	15,800	12,100			•	55,177
Due to other governments	53,017	<b>9</b>	•	•	88	,			54,424
Deferred revenue	7,210,910	•	651,689	27,372	•			•	7,889,951
Due to students	•	1		•		72,793		•	72,793
General obligation bonds payable	•	1		•	ı	t	,	5,344,957	5,344,957
Total Liabliities	\$ 8,782,384	124,996	651,669	52,171	92,507	87,621	,	6,598,744	16,390,092
FUND EQUITY									
Investment in general fixed assets		ŧ	•		•	•	12,851,325	•	12,851,325
Ketained earnings: Unreserved	•	•	•	•	61,923	•	•	1	61,923
Fund balance:		000		1		i d			
Reserved for encumbrances	\$43,331	64,968	. !	44/,/	•	2,973		•	1,019,016
Reserved for property taxes	1,427,747		172,920	0,6,60		•			1,660,637
Reserved for prepaid Items	70,145		•	•			•	•	70,145
Reserved for debt service	1	•	1,664,096						1,664,096
Reserved for budget stabilization	86,386	•	•	1	1	•		•	86,386
Reserved for endowment		•		•		15,166	•	•	15,166
Unreserved: undesignated	2,870,729	819,688	1	44,193	,	2,271	•	•	3,736,881
Total Fund Equity	5,398,338	884,656	1,837,016	111,907	61,923	20,410	12,851,325	•	21,165,575
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 14,180,722	1,009,652	2,488,685	164,078	154,430	106,031	12,851,325	6,598,744	37,555,667

# PORT CLINTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Trust Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

Covermental Fund Types   Fund Types   Expendable   Expe			Covernmental	Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Types	Total
REVENUES:   Taxes   \$ 10,425,519   - 990,184   119,195   - 11,534,898   116,790,574   - 990,184   119,195   - 11,534,898   116,790,574   - 12,545   - 48,95,305   116,795   - 14,945,305   - 14,795,505					Contral	Fynandable	(Mama Only)
Revenues		C1	•		•		
Intergovernmental 1,391,133 803,237 108,390 72,545 4,895,305 1nterest 479,505 2,664 1,671 175 484,005 Tultion and fees 59,390 55,406 - 1,671 175 484,005 Tultion and fees 59,390 55,406 - 1,671 175 484,005 114,796 Classroom materials and fees 298 - 288	REVENUES:	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Trust	June 30, 1999
Intergovernmental 1,391,133 803,237 108,390 72,545 4,895,305 1nterest 479,505 2,664 1,671 175 484,005 Tultion and fees 59,390 55,406 - 1,671 175 484,005 Tultion and fees 59,390 55,406 - 1,671 175 484,005 114,796 Classroom materials and fees 298 - 288	Taxes	\$ 10.425.519	_	990.184	119,195		11.534.898
Interest Tuition and fees 59,390 55,406 - 1,671 175 484,005 Tuition and fees 59,390 55,406 - 1,1671 175 484,005 Tuition and fees 298 - 298 Extracurricular activities 59,390 41,112 - 6,530 111,409 Miscellaneous 69,789 41,112 - 6,530 117,431 Total Revenues 14,945,634 1,011,966 1,098,574 193,411 8,557 17,253,142 EXPENDITURES: Instruction 8,218,862 484,932 69,513 4,067 8,777,374 Support Services: Pupils 1,027,362 96,548 - 9,123,910 Instructional staff 358,801 39,022 304 398,127 Board of education 12,543 - 12,543 Administration 1,324,491 85,884 20,000 1,430,375 Fiscal 242,027 7,276 - 243,303 Business 242,027 7,276 - 243,303 Business 242,027 7,276 - 243,303 Business 242,027 7,276 - 15,130,044 Pupil transportation 744,259 21,861 - 766,120 Central 15,455 12,010 - 27,505 Operation and maintenance of plant 1,502,481 10,603 - 1513,084 Pupil transportation 282,070 - 151,860 - 338,389 Capital Outlay 282,070 - 580,000 - 580,000 Interest and fiscal charges 282,070 - 580,000 - 580,000 Interest and fiscal charges 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522 Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 33,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 340 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,010 340 - 33,010 3	Intergovernmental		803.237			_	
Tuition and fees (298			,	-		175	
Classroom materials and fees   298			-,	_	- 1,01,	- ,,,	
Extracurricular activities 69,789 41,112 - 1,852 117,409 Miscellaneous 69,789 41,112 - 6,530 117,431   Total Revenues 14,945,634 1,011,966 1,098,574 193,411 8,557 17,258,142    EXPENDITURES: Instruction 8,218,862 484,932 69,513 4,067 8,777,374   Support Services: 91,027,362 96,548 - 1,123,910   Instructional staff 358,801 39,022 304 398,127   Board of education 12,543 - 1,2543   Administration 1,324,491 85,884 20,000 1,430,375   Fiscal 242,027 7,276 - 249,303   Business 648 - 618		•	35,466	-	-		
Miscellaneous		230	400 EE7	-	-	4.050	
Total Revenues 14,945,634 1,011,966 1,098,574 193,411 8,557 17,258,142    EXPENDITURES:		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-		
EXPENDITURES:   Instruction	Miscellaneous		41,112	<del></del>		<u> </u>	117,431
Instruction	Total Revenues	14,945,634	1,011,966	1,098,574	193,411	8,557	17,258,142
Support Services:							
Pupils	Instruction	8,218,862	484,932	-	69,513	4,067	8,777,374
Instructional staff 358,801 39,022 304 398,127 Board of education 12,543 - 12,543 Administration 1,324,491 85,884 20,000 1,430,375 Fiscal 242,027 7,276 - 249,303 Business 618 - 618 Operation and maintenance of plant 1,602,481 10,603 - 1,613,084 Pupil transportation 744,259 21,861 - 766,120 Central 15,495 12,010 - 27,505 Operation of non-instructional services 196,041 184,348 - 300,389 Capital Outlay 282,070 - 151,860 433,930 Debt Service: Principal retirement - 580,000 - 580,000 Interest and fiscal charges 14,024,432 1,049,603 863,841 241,677 4,067 16,183,620  Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522  Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures - (836) (836) Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 896,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218)  Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	Support Services:		· :	_			
Instructional staff	Pupils	1.027.362	96,548	-	-	<b>-</b>	1.123.910
Board of education	Instructional staff		39.022		304	-	• •
Administration 1,324,491 85,884 - 20,000 1,430,375 Fiscal 242,027 7,276 - 249,303 Business - 618 - 618 Operation and maintenance of plant 1,602,481 10,603 - 1,613,084 Pupil transportation 744,259 21,861 - 766,120 Central 154,95 12,010 - 27,505 Operation of non-instructional services - 106,501 - 106,501 Extracurricular activities 196,041 184,348 - 380,389 Capital Outlay 282,070 - 151,860 433,930 Debt Service: Principal retirement - 580,000 - 580,000 Interest and fiscal charges 14,024,432 1,049,603 863,841 241,677 4,067 16,183,620  Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522  Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 - 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,016 - 2,016 Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 886,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (21,043)  Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	Board of education		, <del></del>	_		. ~	
Fiscal 242,027 7,276 - 249,303 Business - 618 618 618 Operation and maintenance of plant 1,602,481 10,603 1,613,084 Pupil transportation 744,259 21,861 - 766,120 Central 15,495 12,010 - 27,505 Operation of non-instructional services - 106,501 - 106,501 Extracurricular activities 196,041 184,348 - 309,389 Capital Outlay 282,070 - 151,860 - 433,930 Debt Service:  Principal retirement 580,000 - 580,000 Interest and fiscal charges - 14,024,432 1,049,603 863,841 241,677 4,067 16,183,620  Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522  Other Financing Sources/(Uses):  Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 33,352 Refund of prior year expenditures 30,016 (836) Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 - 896,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218)  Excess of Revenues, Other Financing		•	85 884		20,000	_	
Business				_	-	_	
Operation and maintenance of plant Pupil transportation         1,602,481         10,603         -         -         1,613,084           Pupil transportation         744,259         21,861         -         -         766,120           Central         15,495         12,010         -         -         27,505           Operation of non-instructional services         -         106,501         -         -         106,501           Extracurricular activities         196,041         184,348         -         -         380,389           Capital Outlay         282,070         -         -         151,860         433,930           Debt Service:         -         -         -         580,000         -         580,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         -         283,841         -         -         283,841           Total Expenditures         14,024,432         1,049,603         863,841         241,677         4,067         16,183,620           Excess of Revenues Over/(Under)         Expenditures         921,202         (37,637)         234,733         (48,266)         4,490         1,074,522           Other Financing Sources/(Uses)         33,010         342         -         -         33,352	·	2-12 <sub>1</sub> 021		-	_		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Pupil transportation 744,259 21,861 766,120 Central 15,495 12,010 27,505 Operation of non-instructional services - 106,501 106,501 Extracurricular activities 196,041 184,348 380,389 Capital Outlay 282,070 - 151,860 - 433,930 Debt Service:  Principal retirement 580,000 - 580,000 Interest and fiscal charges - 283,841 - 283,841 - 283,841 Total Expenditures 14,024,432 1,049,603 863,841 241,677 4,067 16,183,620 Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522 Other Financing Sources/(Uses):  Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 33,352 Refund of prior year receipts - (836) (836) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets 2,016 (836) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets 2,016 (836) Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 - 896,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218) Excess of Revenues, Other Financing		1 602 491		•	<u>-</u>	-	
Central			,	-	-	-	
Operation of non-instructional services         -         106,501         -         -         106,501           Extracurricular activities         196,041         184,348         -         -         380,389           Capital Outlay         282,070         -         -         151,860         -         380,389           Debt Service:         -         -         -         580,000         -         -         580,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         -         283,841         -         -         283,841           Total Expenditures         14,024,432         1,049,603         863,841         241,677         4,067         16,183,620           Excess of Revenues Over/(Under)         -         291,202         (37,637)         234,733         (48,266)         4,490         1,074,522           Other Einancing Sources/(Uses):         -         -         33,352           Refund of prior year expenditures         33,010         342         -         -         33,352           Refund of prior year receipts         -         (836)         -         -         (366)           Proceeds from sale of fixed assets         2,016         -         -         20,16           Operating trans				•	-	-	
Extracurricular activities 196,041 184,348 - 380,389 Capital Outlay 282,070 - 151,860 - 433,930 Debt Service:  Principal retirement - 580,000 - 580,000 Interest and fiscal charges - 283,841 - 283,841  Total Expenditures 14,024,432 1,049,603 863,841 241,677 4,067 16,183,620 Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522 Other Financing Sources/(Uses):  Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 33,352 Refund of prior year receipts - (836) (836) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets 2,016 - 2,016 Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 896,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218) Excess of Revenues, Other Financing Sources/(Uses) (803,253) 661,394 99,500 21,316 - (21,043) Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	· · · · ·	10,490		•	-	-	
Capital Outlay 282,070 151,860 - 433,930  Debt Service:  Principal retirement - 580,000 - 580,000  Interest and fiscal charges - 283,841 - 283,841  Total Expenditures 14,024,432 1,049,603 863,841 241,677 4,067 16,183,620  Excess of Revenues Over/(Under)  Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522  Other Financing Sources/(Uses):  Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 33,352  Refund of prior year expenditures (836) 20,166  Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 - 896,643  Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218)  Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) (803,253) 661,394 99,500 21,316 - (21,043)  Excess of Revenues, Other Financing		-		-	-	-	
Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Interest and fiscal cha			184,348	-	•	-	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges         -         -         580,000 - 283,841 - 283,841         -         -         283,841 - 283,841           Total Expenditures         14,024,432   1,049,603   863,841   241,677   4,067   16,183,620         16,183,620           Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures         921,202   (37,637)   234,733   (48,266)   4,490   1,074,522           Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Refund of prior year expenditures         33,010   342   -		282,070	-	-	151,860	-	433,930
Interest and fiscal charges - 283,841 - 283,841  Total Expenditures 14,024,432 1,049,603 863,841 241,677 4,067 16,183,620  Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522  Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 33,352 Refund of prior year receipts - (836) (836) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets 2,016 2,016 Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 - 896,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218)  Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) (803,253) 661,394 99,500 21,316 - (21,043)  Excess of Revenues, Other Financing							
Total Expenditures 14,024,432 1,049,603 863,841 241,677 4,067 16,183,620  Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522  Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 33,352 Refund of prior year receipts - (836) (836) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets 2,016 (836) Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 - 896,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218)  Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) (803,253) 661,394 99,500 21,316 - (21,043)  Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	Principal retirement	-	-	580,000	-	-	580,000
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522  Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 33,352 Refund of prior year receipts - (836) (836) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets 2,016 2,016 Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 - 896,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218)  Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) (803,253) 661,394 99,500 21,316 - (21,043)  Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	Interest and fiscal charges	<u> </u>		283,841			283,841
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 921,202 (37,637) 234,733 (48,266) 4,490 1,074,522  Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Refund of prior year expenditures 33,010 342 33,352 Refund of prior year receipts - (836) (836) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets 2,016 2,016 Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 - 896,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218)  Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) (803,253) 661,394 99,500 21,316 - (21,043)  Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	Total Expenditures	14,024,432	1,049,603	863,841	241.677	4,067	16.183.620
Expenditures         921,202         (37,637)         234,733         (48,266)         4,490         1,074,522           Other Financing Sources/(Uses):           Refund of prior year expenditures         33,010         342         -         -         33,352           Refund of prior year receipts         -         (836)         -         -         -         (836)           Proceeds from sale of fixed assets         2,016         -         -         -         2,016           Operating transfers - in         20,453         751,690         99,500         25,000         -         896,643           Operating transfers - out         (858,732)         (89,802)         -         (3,684)         -         (952,218)           Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)         (803,253)         661,394         99,500         21,316         -         (21,043)           Excess of Revenues, Other Financing         -         -         (21,043)							
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):         Refund of prior year expenditures       33,010       342       -       -       33,352         Refund of prior year receipts       -       (836)       -       -       -       (836)         Proceeds from sale of fixed assets       2,016       -       -       -       2,016         Operating transfers - in       20,453       751,690       99,500       25,000       -       896,643         Operating transfers - out       (858,732)       (89,802)       -       (3,684)       -       (952,218)         Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)       (803,253)       661,394       99,500       21,316       -       (21,043)         Excess of Revenues, Other Financing							
Refund of prior year expenditures       33,010       342       -       -       33,352         Refund of prior year receipts       -       (836)       -       -       (836)         Proceeds from sale of fixed assets       2,016       -       -       2,016         Operating transfers - in       20,453       751,690       99,500       25,000       -       896,643         Operating transfers - out       (858,732)       (89,802)       -       (3,684)       -       (952,218)         Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)       (803,253)       661,394       99,500       21,316       -       (21,043)         Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	Expenditures	921,202	(37,637)	234,733	(48,266)	4,490	1,074,522
Refund of prior year receipts       -       (836)       -       -       (836)         Proceeds from sale of fixed assets       2,016       -       -       2,016         Operating transfers - in       20,453       751,690       99,500       25,000       -       896,643         Operating transfers - out       (858,732)       (89,802)       -       (3,684)       -       (952,218)         Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)       (803,253)       661,394       99,500       21,316       -       (21,043)         Excess of Revenues, Other Financing							
Refund of prior year receipts       -       (836)       -       -       (836)         Proceeds from sale of fixed assets       2,016       -       -       2,016         Operating transfers - in       20,453       751,690       99,500       25,000       -       896,643         Operating transfers - out       (858,732)       (89,802)       -       (3,684)       -       (952,218)         Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)       (803,253)       661,394       99,500       21,316       -       (21,043)         Excess of Revenues, Other Financing		33,010	342	-	•	-	33,352
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets 2,016 Operating transfers - in 20,453 751,690 99,500 25,000 - 896,643 Operating transfers - out (858,732) (89,802) - (3,684) - (952,218)  Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) (803,253) 661,394 99,500 21,316 - (21,043)  Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	Refund of prior year receipts	<u>-</u> '	(836)	-	-	-	
Operating transfers - in Operating transfers - out         20,453 (858,732)         751,690 (89,802)         99,500 (3,684)         - (3,684)         - (952,218)           Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)         (803,253)         661,394         99,500         21,316         - (21,043)           Excess of Revenues, Other Financing		2.016	• ' '	_			2.016
Operating transfers - out         (858,732)         (89,802)         -         (3,684)         -         (952,218)           Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)         (803,253)         661,394         99,500         21,316         -         (21,043)           Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	Operating transfers - in		751.690	99 500	25,000	•	•
Excess of Revenues, Other Financing					,		•
Excess of Revenues, Other Financing	Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(803,253)	661,394	99,500	21.316	-	(21,043)
	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>			
and Other Financing Uses 117,949 523,757 334,233 (26,950) 4,490 1,053,479		117,949	623,757	334,233	(26,950)	4,490	1,053,479
Fund Balance/(Deficit) - July 1 5,280,389 260,899 1,502,783 138,857 754 7,183,682	Fund Balance/(Deficit) - July 1	5,280,389	260,899	1,502,783	138,857	754	7,183,682
Fund Balance/(Deficit) - June 30 \$ 5,398,338 884,656 1,837,016 111,907 5,244 8,237,161	Fund Balance/(Deficit) - June 30	\$ <u>5,398,338</u>	884,656	1,837,016	111,907	5,244	8,237,161

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Trust Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

		General Fund		Spec	cial Revenue Fu	ınds
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
<u>REVENUES:</u>	<del></del>		<u> </u>		·	<u> </u>
Taxes	\$ 9,575,000	10,232,937	657,937	-	-	-
Tuition	10,000	18,973	8,973	-	-	-
Earnings on investments	400,000	503,046	103,046	3,000	2,654	(346)
Extracurricular activities	•	-	•	120,000	109,557	(10,443)
Classroom materials and fees	35,000	40,597	5,597	105,000	55,406	(49,594)
intergovernmental	3,861,000	3,911,133	50,133	950,000	909,301	(40,699)
Miscellaneou <b>s</b>	39,000	57,790	28,790	86,057	41,112	(44,945)
Total Revenues	13,920,000	14,774,476	854,476	1,264,057	1,118,030	(146,027)
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction	8,771,672	8,669,966	101,706	552,924	503,704	49,220
Support Services:			·	-	•	•
Pupils	1,088,025	998,761	89,264	102,525	98,287	4,238
Instructional support	383,278	362,222	21,056	52,041	42,170	9,871
Board of education	16,510	16,435	75	-	<u>-</u> '	-
Administration	1,435,881	1,378,535	57,346	90,092	86,706	3,386
Fiscal	277,053	266,406	10,647	7,277	7,277	-
Business	-	-	•	830	633	197
Operation and maintenance of plant	2,061,098	2,009,216	51,882	6,857	6,682	175
Pupil transportation	941,532	881,468	60,064	23,635	23,593	42
Central		•	<u>-</u>	12,166	12,133	33
Operation of non-instructional services	_	_	•	138,875	136,525	2,350
Extracurricular activities	212,640	208,050	4,590	205,413	177,348	28,065
Capital outlay	306,239	288,330	17,909	-	-	_
Debt Service:	,		,,,,,,,,,			
Principal payments	_	-		-	-	_
Interest and fiscal charges						-
Total Expenditures	15,493,928	15,079,389	414,539	1,192,635	1,095,058	97,577
Excess of Revenues Over/						
(Under) Expenditures	(1,573,928)	(304,913)	1,269,015	71,422	22,972	(48,450)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):						
Transfers in	-	20,453	20,453	92,902	751,690	658,788
Transfers out	(1,453,678)	(858,732)	594,946	(89,802)	(89,802)	-
Advances in	(1,100,010)	55,860	55,860	27,195	27,277	82
Advances out	(55,200)	(55,177)	23	(55,860)	(55,860)	-
Sale of fixed assets	-	2,016	2,016	-	_	-
Refund of prior year receipts	-	_,0	-,	(836)	(836)	-
Refund of prior year expenditures	200,000	42,716	(157,284)	342	342	
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	_(1,308,878)	(792,864)	516,014	(26,059)	632,811	658,870
Excess of Revenues, Other Financing						
Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures	(n nee see	/4 DOS 355	4 705 000	45.000	05E 700	210 100
and Other Financing Uses	(2,882,806)	(1,097,777)	1,785,029	45,363	655,783	610,420
Fund Balance/(Deficit) July 1	4,497,161	4,497,161	-	161,071	161,071	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	843,523	843,523	<del></del>	72,830	72,830	
Fund Balance/(Deficit) June 30	\$ <u>2,457,878</u>	4,242,907	1,785,029	279,264	889,684	610,420

PORT CLINTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Trust Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

	Г	Debt Service Fuп	ıd	Cap	ital Projects Fu		
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:		-					
Taxes	\$ 958,900	966,573	7,673	80,000	103,562	23,562	
Tuition	-	-	-	4 500		- 474	
Earnings on investments Extracumicular activities		·- <u>-</u>	-	1,500	1,671	171	
Classroom materials and fees	•	-	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	110,000	108,390	(1,610)	53,300	72,545	19,245	
Miscellaneous		-		_ <del></del>	<del></del>	-	
Total Revenues	1,068,900	1,074,963	6,063	134,800	177,778	42,978	
EXPENDITURES:					-	_	
Instruction	•	_	-	<b>75,21</b> 5	75,215	_	
Support Services:						-	
Pupils	-	-	-	-	-	~ ~	
Instructional support Board of education	•	-	•	911	632	279	
Administration	-	-	-	27.602	20,000	7,602	
Fiscal	-	-	-	- ,,,,,,,		-	
Business	-	-	-	-	•	-	
Operation and maintenance of plant	-	-	-	-	•	<u>.</u>	
Pupil transportation	-	-	•	•	-	-	
Central Operation of non-instructional services	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-		
Extracurricular activities	_ •	-	•	-		1 1 12 <u>-</u>	
Capital outlay	-	-	•	172,772	166,337	8,435	
Debt Service:	E90 000			· -			
Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges	580,000 509,491	580,000 283,841	225,650	- -	= .		
Total Expenditures	1,089,491	863,841	225,650	276,500	262,184	14,316	
Excess of Revenues Over/							
(Under) Expenditures	(20,591)	211,122	231,713	(141,700)	(84,406)	57,294	
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):				**			
Transfers in	88,400	99,500	. 11,100	25,000	25,000	-	
Transfers out	-	· -	-	(3,684)	(3,684)	-	
Advances in	•	-	-	15,800	15,800	-	
Advances out Sale of fixed assets	- -	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	<del>-</del>	
Refund of prior year receipts	-	-	-	- -	-	-	
Refund of prior year expenditures					<u> </u>		
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	88,400	99,500	11,100	37,116	37,116		
Excess of Revenues, Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures					-		
and Other Financing Uses	67,809	310,622	242,813	(104,584)	(47,290)	57,2 <del>94</del>	
Fund Balance/(Deficit) July 1	1,353,475	1,353,474	-	42,328	42,328	, <del>-</del>	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	<u> </u>			64,954	64,95 <u>4</u>		
Fund Balance/(Defloit) June 30	\$ <u>1,421,284</u>	1,664,096	242,813	2,698	59,992	57,294	

PORT CLINTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Trust Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

		Expe	ndable Trust F	und	Totals	- (Memorandum	Only)
		Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	_		<del></del>				remains and the
Taxes		-		•	11,433,417	11,303,072	(130,345)
Tuition			_	-	100,000	18,973	(81,027)
Earnings on investments	\$	50	175	125	452,550	507,546	54,996
Extracurricular activities	Ψ	4,500	1,852	(2,648)	125,846	111,409	(14,437)
Classroom materials and fees		7,000	- 1,002	(2,040)	64,844	96,003	31,159
Intergovernmental		-	_		4,726,296	5,001,369	275,073
Miscellaneous	_	6,000	6,530	530	93,386	115,432	22,046
Total Revenues		10,550	8,557	(1,993)	16,996,339	17,153,804	157,465
EXPENDITURES:							=
Instruction	\$	9,083	5,692	3,391	9,408,894	9,254,577	154,317
Support Services:	Ф	9,003	3,032	3,331	<u>9,400,094</u>	3,204,011	134,011
Pupils					1,190,550	1.097.048	93,502
Instructional support		-	•	-	* . *	405,024	31,206
Board of education				•	436,230		•
= · · · ===····· ·		-	-	•	16,510	16,435	75 68,334
Administration		•	-	-	1,553,575	1,485,241	•
Fiscal		-	-	-	284,330	273,683	10,647
Business		-	-	-	830	633	197
Operation and maintenance of plant		•	•	-	2,067,955	2,015,898	52,057
Pupil transportation		-	•	-	965,167	905,061	60,106
Central		-	-	-	12,166	12,133	33
Operation of non-instructional services		•	•	-	138,875	136,525	2,350
Extracurricular activities		_	-	•	418,053	385,398	32,655
Capital outlay Debt Service:		-	-	-	479,011	454,667	24,344
Principal payments		_	-	•	580,000	580,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-				509,491	283,841	225,650
Total Expenditures	_	9,083	5,692	3,391	18,061,637	17,306,164	755,473
Excess of Revenues Over/						-	
(Under) Expenditures		1,467	2,865	1,398	(1,065,298)	(152,360)	912,938
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):							
Transfers in		_	_	_	206,302	896,643	690,341
Transfers out		_	_	_	(1,547,164)	(952,218)	594,946
Advances in		_	_	_	42,995	98,937	55,942
Advances out		_	_	_	(111,060)	(111,037)	23
Sale of fixed assets		_	_		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,016	2,016
Refund of prior year receipts		_	_	- [ -	(836)	(836)	2,010
Refund of prior year expenditures			<u> </u>		- (450)	43,058	43,058
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	_				(1,409,763)	(23,437)	1,386,326
Excess of Revenues, Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures						=	
and Other Financing Uses		1,467	2,865	1,398	(2,475,061)	(175,797)	2,299,264
Fund Balance/(Deficit) July 1		753	753	-	6,054,788	6,054,787	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	_	1	1		981,308	981,308	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fund Balance/(Deficit) June 30	\$	2,221	3,619	1,398	4,561,035	6,860,298	2,299,264

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS All Proprietary Fund Types and Similar Trust Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

	-	Proprietary Fund Type Enterprise	Fiduciary Fund Type Non-Exp. Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)
Operating revenues:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Food services Tuition and fees Extracurricular activities Interest	<b>\$</b> _	300,951 50 56,913	755	300,951 50 56,913 755
Total Operating Revenues		357,914	755	358,669
Operating expenses:				
Salaries Fringe benefits Purchased services Materials and supplies Depreciation expense Other operating expenses	_	265,714 106,788 80,306 226,036 5,026	- - - - 500	265,714 106,788 80,306 226,036 5,026 500
Total Operating Expenses	_	683,870	500	684,370
Operating Income/(Loss)		(325,956)	255	(325,701)
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses):				
Federal donated commodities Grants Interest Other non-operating revenues	-	28,790 140,194 812 94,772	- - -	28,790 140,194 812 94,772
Total Nonoperating revenes/(expenses)	_	264,568		264,568
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers		(61,388)	255	(61,133)
Operating transfers in		55,575	-	55,575
Net Income/(Loss)		(5,813)	255	(5,558)
Retained Earnings/(Deficit) - July 1	-	67,736	14,911	82,647
Retained Earnings/(Deficit) - June 30	\$_	61,923	15,166	77,089

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CASH FLOWS All Proprietary Fund Types and Similar Trust Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

		Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type Non-Exp.	
		Enterprise	Trust	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net operating income/(loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income/ (loss) to net cash provided/(used)	\$	(325,956)	255	(325,701)
by operating activities:		00.700	-	20 700
Commodities expense related to noncash grant		28,790 5,036	<del></del>	28,790 5,036
Depreciation		5,026	-	5,026
(Increase)/decrease in assets:		1 210		1,318
Accounts receivable		1,318 (18,171)	_	(18,171)
Due from other governments		808	<del>.</del>	808
Prepaid items Inventories		2,450	_	2,450
		2,450		2,450
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable	-	18,340		18,340
Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits		(772)	<u>-</u>	(772)
Compensated absences payable		3,368	_	3,368
Pension obligation payable		16,011	<del>-</del>	16,011
Interfund payable		12,100		12,100
		(4,027)	<u>-</u>	(4,027)
Due to other governments		(4,021)		(4,027)
Net cash provided/(used) for				
operating activities	\$	(260,715)	255	(260,460)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Grants	\$	140,194	-	140,194
Interest		812	=	812
Transfers in		55,575	-	55,575
Other non-operating revenues		94,772		94,772
Net cash provided/(used) for				
noncapital financing activities	\$	291,353	-	291,353
Net increase/(decrease) in cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	30,638	255	30,893
Cash and cash equivalents, 7/1/98		42,423	14,911	57,334
Cash and cash equivalents, 6/30/99	\$	73,061	15,166	88,227

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Port Clinton City School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Section 2 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 44 square miles. It is located in Ottawa County, and includes all of the territory of the City of Port Clinton, Bay Township, Catawba Township, Erie Township, and Portage Township. It is staffed by 92 non-certificated employees, 176 certificated full-time teaching personnel provide services to 2,070 students and other community members. The School District currently operates 6 instructional buildings, 1 administrative building, and 1 garage.

# Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the Port Clinton City School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization, or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent of the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

Based on the above description, there are no component units within the School District.

The following activities are included within the reporting entity:

<u>Parochial Schools</u> - Within the School District boundaries, the Immaculate Conception Catholic School is operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to this parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Port Clinton City School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provided for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

# Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds and trust funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the School District's governmental funds types:

General Fund - The General fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental Fund Types: (continued)

Debt Service Funds - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds).

# Proprietary Fund Types:

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following are the School District's proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for the School District activities that are financed an operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The School District's fiduciary funds include expendable trust, nonexpendable trust, and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. Nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

## Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary or trust funds.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District, except those accounted for in the proprietary or trust funds.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing resources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds and nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary and nonexpendable trust fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental, expendable trust, and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is sixty days after fiscal year end.

In applying the "susceptible to accrual" concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available in the County Auditor's Office, interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

The School District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 1999, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2000 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund type and the nonexpendable trust fund. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

# C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entail the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level within each function. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made of resolution of the Board of Education.

Advances in and Advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

# Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Ottawa County Budget Commission for rate determination.

# Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 1999.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# C. Budgetary Process (continued)

# Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund, function, and object level of expenditures, which are legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

#### Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non - GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent - year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary funds.

# Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

## D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in pooled cash and investments" on the combined balance sheet.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# D. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

During fiscal year 1999, investments were limited to repurchase agreements, STAR Ohio, and certificates of deposit.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 1999. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 1999.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund is \$479,505, to the special revenue fund is \$2,654, to the capital project fund is \$1,671, to the enterprise fund is \$812, to the expendable trust fund is \$175, and to the non-expendable trust fund is \$755.

The School District has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the School District's central bank account. These interest bearing depository accounts are presented on the combined balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the School District treasury.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve. This reserve is required by State statute and can be used only after receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. A fund balance reserve has also been established.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## E. Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and are expensed when used.

# F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 1999, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

# G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them, instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (on estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise funds is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Asset	<u>Life (Years)</u>
Cash registers/vehicles/equipment	8
Kitchen equipment	20

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# H. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlement and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are carried and become measurable.

# I. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds for services provided or goods received are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables". Long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to/from other funds" and are equally offset by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute available resources, since they are not a component of net currents assets.

# J. Compensated Absences

The District accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16 "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. Sick leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments, as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments. To calculate the liability, these accumulations are reduced to the maximum amount allowed as a termination payment. Accruals for those employees who are expected to become eligible in the future are based on assumptions concerning the probability that individual employees or class or group of employees will become eligible to receive termination payments. All employees with ten or more years of service were included in the calculation of long-term compensated absences accrual amount.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met: 1) The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee. 2) It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

For governmental funds, the District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and sick leave when earned. The current portion of these unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term debt account group. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed when earned with the amount reported as a fund liability.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds, regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions, and Workers Compensation that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are reported as a liability of the General Long-Term Debt Account Group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

Under Ohio law, a debt service fund must be created and used for the payment of tax and revenue anticipation notes. Generally accepted accounting principles requires the reporting of short-term liabilities in the funds that received the proceeds.

## L. Bond Premiums and Discounts

For governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as "other financing sources," net of the applicable premium or discounts. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# M. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Advances- in do not equal advances-out since Enterprise Fund budgetary activity is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements

# N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# O. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances, inventories of supplies and materials, prepaid items, property taxes and the budget stabilization reserve. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute.

# P. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents resources from other funds, other governments, and private sources provided to proprietary funds that is not subject to repayment. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expended and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year end.

Because the School District did not prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles prior to fiscal year 1993, the exact amount of contributed capital cannot be determined.

# O. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Total - (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

# NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) -All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Trust Funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as a note disclosure in the proprietary fund types (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses -All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Trust Funds

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust
GAAP Basis	\$ 117,949	\$ 623,757	\$ 334,233	\$ (26,950)	\$ 4,490
Revenue Accruals	(105,592)	133,341	(23,611)	167	-
Expenditure Accruals	60,537	18,654	-	(3,764)	674
Encumbrances	(1.170.671)	(119,969)		(16,743)	(2.299)
Budget Basis	\$(1,097,777)	\$ 655,783	\$ 310.622	<u>\$ (47,290)</u>	<u>\$ 2,865</u>

# NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

 United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of
  the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
  agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
  agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$850 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the School District as part of "Equity in pooled cash and investments".

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits (excluding change funds of \$1,882) was \$7,016,144 and the bank balance was \$7,224,109. Of the bank balance, \$202,859 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$7,021,250 was uninsured, but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent not in the District's name. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments: The School District's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investment in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Fair Value
Repurchase Agreement	<b></b>	<u></u> -2.	\$ 173,378	\$ 173,378
STAR Ohio Totals			<u></u> \$ 173,378	1.150.937 \$_1.324.315

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

Cash and Cash	
Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
\$ 1,342,341	\$ 7,000,000
(1,882)	
7,000,000	(7,000,000)
(173,378)	173,378
(1,150,937)	1.150,937
<u>\$ 7.016.144</u>	<u>\$ 1.324.315</u>
	Equivalents/Deposits \$ 1,342,341 (1,882)  7,000,000 (173,378) (1,150,937)

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

## **NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at true value (normally 50 percent of cost, with certain exceptions) and on real property at 35 percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 32 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31, if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30, if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate applied to real property for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 was \$60.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. After adjustment of the rate for inflationary increases in property values, the effective tax rate was \$27.62 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for real property classified as residential/agricultural and \$29.65 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for all other real property. Real property owners' tax bills are further reduced by homestead and rollback deductions when applicable. The amount of these homestead and rollback reductions is reimbursed to the District by the State of Ohio.

The rate applied to tangible personal property for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 was \$60.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

The School District receives property taxes from Ottawa County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 1998 are available to finance fiscal year 1999 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 1999. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 1999, was \$1,427,747 in the General Fund, \$172,920 in the Debt Service Fund and \$59,970 in the Capital Projects Fund.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 1999 taxes were collected are:

	1998	1997
Real Property -		
Residential/Agricultural	\$ 248,586,090	\$ 207,336,020
Other	72,165,390	56,567,350
Public Utilities	75,850	70,310
Tangible Personal Property -		
Personal	43,687,877	34,828,328
Public Utilities	25,955,520	26,503,600
Total Valuation	\$ 390,470,727	\$ 325,305,608

# **NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES**

Enterprise Fund

Receivables at June 30, 1999, consisted of property taxes, accounts (rent, billings for user charged services, and student fees), interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the Due from other governments follows:

Due from other governments:	
Food Service	<u>\$ 36,679</u>
Total Enterprise Fund	36.679
Total Due from other governments	<u>\$ 36,679</u>

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 7 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the Enterprise Funds' fixed assets at June 30, 1999 follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$ 110,937
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(82,657</u> )
Net Fixed Assets	 \$ 28.280

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 1999 follows:

Balance at			Balance at	
Asset Category	6/30/98	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u> 6/30/99</u>
Land and Improvements Buildings and Improvements	102,165 9,099,527	-	<u>•</u>	\$ 102,165 9,099,527
Equipment/Vehicles	\$ 3.631.691	\$ 500.083	<u>\$(482,141)</u>	3,649,633
Total General Fixed Assets	<u>\$12,833.383</u>	\$ 500,083	\$(482,141)	\$12,851,325

# **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 1999, the District has entered into contracts with various insurance agencies for various insurance.

The following is a list of all insurance coverage of the District and the deductibles associated with each:

Coverage	Amount_	<u>Deductible</u>
Building and Contents	\$41,971,000	\$ 1,000
Extra Expense	5,000	<b>.</b> .
Valuable Papers	5,000	-
Non-bus vehicles - liability - bodily inj.	(a)	<b></b>
liability - Property damage	(a)	-
Non-bus vehicles - uninsured motorists	1,000,000	₩
Physical damage	cash value	•
Bus vehicles - liability	2,000,000	- <u>-</u>
uninsured motorists	1,000,000	-

<sup>(</sup>a) Non-bus vehicle liability insurance is limited to \$5,000,000 in the aggregate and \$1,000,000 per incident.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

# NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. Also, the School District did not significantly reduce their limits of liability during the year.

All employees of the District are covered by a blanket bond, while certain individuals in policy-making roles are covered by separate, higher limit bond coverage.

The District joined together with other governments to form the Ohio School Board Association Worker's Compensation Group Rating Program, a public entity currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for workers' compensation. The District pays an annual premium to the pool for its workers compensation coverage. See Note 14 for further description.

The District has joined together with other school districts in the area to form the San-Ott Schools Employee Welfare Benefit Association, whose purpose is to provide health coverage and benefits to and for the eligible employees of Association members and their dependents. The District pays premiums to the Association based upon the benefits structure selected. The Association Trust Agreement provides that the Association will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for specific claims in excess of \$100,000 and aggregate claims in excess of 120 percent of expected claims.

# NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

# A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, standalone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 N. Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. For fiscal year 1998, 9.02 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School District's contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$321,828, \$301,118, and \$289,279, respectively; 50 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 1999 and \$100 percent for fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$160,914 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Port Clinton City School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent, 10.5 percent was the portion used for fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$991,184, \$1,148,092, and \$974,331, respectively. 83.4 percent has been contributed for 1999 and 100 percent has been contributed for 1998 and 1997. \$164,724 represents the unpaid contributions for fiscal year 1999 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 1999, all members of the Board of Education have elected social security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the year ended June 30, 1998 (the latest information available) the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 3.5% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$247,796 during fiscal 1999. The Health Care Reserve Fund allocation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 will be 8%.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$2,156 million at June 30, 1998 (the latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 1998, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$219,224,000 and STRS had 91,999 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For the year ended June 30, 1998 (the latest information available) employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.98 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 125 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 1998 (the latest information available), were \$111,900,575 and the target level was \$139.9 million. At June 30, 1998, SERS had not assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$160.3 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits. For the School District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, equaled \$114,474 during the 1999 fiscal year.

#### NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### A. Sick Leave

Each full time professional staff member is entitled to fifteen (15) days sick leave with pay for each year under contract and accrues sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth (1 1/4) days for each calendar month under contract. Sick leave is cumulative to two hundred fifty-five (255) days.

#### B. Service Retirement

Certified Employees are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Severance payment is based on the total number of days of unused sick leave, up to a maximum of 255 days, multiplied by 1/4 (.25) and then that number will be multiplied by the daily rate the teacher is currently receiving to determine the total severance pay. Employees must have ten years service with the State of Ohio Retirement system.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

#### B. Service Retirement (continued)

Non-certified employees are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Service retirement pay is the non-certified employee's accrued but unused sick leave days at the time of retirement of which payment is based on the first thirty-six (36) days at the employee's per diem rate and from the thirty-seventh (37) day on, the employee shall be paid at ten percent (10%) of his/her per diem rate. Employees must have ten years service with the State of Ohio Retirement system.

Secretaries are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Service retirement pay is the secretaries' accrued but unused sick leave days at the time of retirement of which payment is based on the total number of days of unused sick leave, up to a maximum of 255 days will be multiplied by 1/4 (.25) and then that number will be multiplied by the daily rate the secretary is currently receiving to determine the total severance pay.

Administrative employees are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Service retirement pay is the administrative employee's accrued but unused sick leave days at the time of retirement of which payment is based on the total number of days of unused sick leave, up to a maximum of 255 days will be multiplied by 1/4 (.25) and then that number will be multiplied by the daily rate the administrator/supervisor is currently receiving to determine the total severance pay. Daily rate will be determined by dividing the total administrative salary plus longevity by 184 days.

#### C. Vacation

The following scales are used to determine vacation leave for employees according to classifications:

#### (12) month administrators:

0-3 years Two Weeks
4-7 years Three Weeks
8 or more years Four Weeks

#### Classified employees:

I-7 years Two Weeks
8-12 years Three Weeks
13-14 years Four Weeks
15 or more years Five Weeks

#### Secretaries:

1-10 years Two Weeks 15 years Three Weeks After 15 years Four Weeks

The Superintendent and Treasurer's vacation leave is determined through negotiated agreements.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 12 - LONG - TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 1999 were as follows:

	Amount Outstanding 6/30/98	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Amount Outstanding 6/30/99
Bonds - Series 1989			··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7/7/93 5.248%	<b>\$</b> 4,614,957		<b>\$</b> (425 <u>,</u> 000)	\$ 4,189,957
Bonds - Series 1992	=			
6/1/92 6.250%	415,000		(80,000)	335,000
Bonds - Series 1993				•
<i>7/7/</i> 93 5.248%	<u>895.000</u>		<u>(75,000)</u>	<u>820,000</u>
Total Long-Term Bonds	5,924,957		(580,000)	5,344,957
Capital Lease Payable	1,122		(1,122)	
Pension Obligation	103,600	\$ 110,122	(103,600)	110,122
Worker's Compensation	54,100		( 54,100)	
Compensated Absences	1.221.304		<u>(77,639</u> )	<u>1,143,665</u>
Total General Long Term	•			
Obligations	<u>\$7,305,083</u>	\$110,122	<u>\$ (816.461</u> )	<u>\$ 6,598,744</u>

Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. The current year activity for compensated absences is netted for practical purposes.

The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$31,634,424 with an unvoted debt margin of \$390,471 at June 30, 1999.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 1999 are as follows.

<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest	Totals
2000	\$ 257,429	\$ 499,068	\$ 756,497
2001	242,857	625,404	868,261
2002	230,831	638,142	868,973
2003	224,216	634,879	859,095
2004	114,624	637,306	751,930
2005 - 2009	2,900,000	783,443	3,683,443
2010 - 2012	1,375,000	91,713	1,466,713
Totals	\$ 5.344.957	\$ 3.909.955	<u>\$ 9,254,912</u>

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 13 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The School District maintains four enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service, uniform school supplies, adult education, and champions for children. The table below reflects the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the Port Clinton City School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999.

	Food Service	Uniform School Supplies	Adult Education	Champions For <u>Children</u>	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues	\$ 300,951	\$ 56,913	\$ 50	-	\$ 357.914
Operating Expenses less					-
Depreciation	525,775	68,870		\$ 84,199	678,844
Depreciation Expense	5,026	<u>-</u>	-	=	5,02 <i>6</i>
Operating Income (Loss)	_ (229,850)	(11,957)	50	(84,199)	(325,956)
Donated Commodities	28,790	-	-	-	28,790
Grants	138,275	-		1,919	140,194
Interest	20	-	-	792	812
Non-operating Revenues	•	15,513	-	79,259	94,772
Operating Transfers	<i>55,575</i>		•		55,575
Net Income (Loss)	(7,190)	3,556	50	(2,229)	(5,813)
Net Working Capital	23,830	8,332	7	15,939	48,108
Total Assets	126,393	8,504	7	19,526	154,430
Total Equity	37,645	8,332	7	15,939	61,923
Encumbrances					
Outstanding at 6/30/99	43,664	1,239	<b>.</b>	5,532	50,435

#### NOTE 14 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the cost of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 14 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL (continued)

The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school district in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates, McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. In accordance with the above, the OSBA Group Rating Program has not been included as a component unit of the reporting entity.

#### NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Bay Area Council of Governments

The Bay Area Council of Governments is a jointly governed organization. Members of the organization consist of twenty-six school districts representing seven counties (Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Erie, Huron, Wood, and Crawford). The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through the council of governments is natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the district is an administrative charge if they participate in purchasing through the council. The Bay Area Council of Governments consists of the superintendent of each school district. The Board of Directors of the Bay Area Council of Governments consists of one elected representative of each county and the superintendent of the fiscal agent, and two non-voting members (administrator and fiscal agent). Members of the Board serve two-year terms which are staggered. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Betty Schwiefert, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870. In accordance with the above, the Bay Area Council of Governments has not been included as a component unit of the reporting entity.

#### Vanguard-Sentinel Joint Vocational School

The Vanguard-Sentinel Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board, consisting of two representatives from Fremont City Schools and one representative from the Port Clinton City School District and each of the other twelve participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Accordingly, the Vanguard-Sentinel Joint Vocational School is not part of the Port Clinton City School District and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity. To obtain financial information write to Vanguard-Sentinel Joint Vocational School, Jay Valasek, Treasurer, at 1306 Cedar Street, Fremont, Ohio 43420.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

#### Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association

The Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA) is a computer consortium. It is comprised of thirty-eight area school districts. The association was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NOECA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in ratio proportionate to their last twelve months financial contributions. The NOECA assembly consists of a superintendent from each participating school district and a representative from the fiscal agent. NOECA is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership of the NOECA Assembly. The Board of Directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and two Assembly members from each county in which participating school districts are located. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Betty Schwiefert, who serves as controller, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870. In accordance with the above, the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association has not been included as a component unit of the reporting entity.

#### NOTE 16 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

#### Ida Rupp Public Library

The library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio governed by a board of trustees. The trustees are appointed by the Port Clinton Board of Education. The board of trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the school district for operational subsidies. In accordance with the above, the Ida Rupp Public Library has not been included as a component unit of the reporting entity.

#### NOTE 17 - SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the Ohio General Assembly to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to the District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the District received \$2,917,080 of school foundation support for its General fund and \$26,855 of support for its Special Revenue - DPIA fund.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 17 - SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION (continued)

Since the supreme court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the Ohio General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined that they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State has appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. At this time, the Court has not rendered an opinion on this issue. The decision of the Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has been stayed by the Ohio Supreme Court, and, as such, school districts are still operating under the laws the the Common Pleas Court declared unconstitutional.

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this Program and on its financial operations.

#### **NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 1999.

#### B. Litigation

The School District is party to legal proceedings. The School District is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

#### NOTE 19 - YEAR 2000 ISSUE

The year 2000 issue is the result of shortcomings in many electronic data processing systems and other equipment that may adversely affect the government's operations as early as fiscal year 1999.

The School District uses the State of Ohio Uniform School Accounting System software for its financial reporting; the State of Ohio Uniform Payroll System Software for its payroll and employee benefits; the State Education Management and Information System (EMIS) for its educational statistics reporting. The State is responsible for remediating these systems.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 19 - YEAR 2000 ISSUE (continued)

The State of Ohio distributes a substantial sum of money to the School District in the form of "Foundation" payments. Further, the State processes a significant amount of financial and non-financial information about the School District through EMIS. The State is responsible for remediating these systems, and is solely responsible for any costs associated.

Ohio Edison provides the electricity to the School District. Ohio Edison is responsible for remediating this systems, and is solely responsible for any costs associated.

The City of Port Clinton provides water and sewer services to the School District, and Columbia Gas of Ohio (CGO) provides gas service. The City and CGO are responsible for remediating these systems, and are solely responsible for any costs associated.

The heating and air-conditioning systems, all computer equipment, clock systems, fire alarm systems, and vocational equipment vendors have confirmed these items have been tested and validated. They believe these systems to be year 2000 compliant.

Because of the unprecedented nature of the year 2000 issue, its effects and the success of related remediation efforts will not be fully determinable until the year 2000 and thereafter. Management cannot assure that the School District is or will be year 2000 ready, that the School District's remediation efforts will be successful in whole or part, or that parties with whom the School District does business will be year 2000 ready.

#### NOTE 20 - SET-ASIDE REQUIREMENTS

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside an amount based on prior year revenues for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an additional amount for capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted sources must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Amounts are also to be set aside if the District's base amount used for the yearly set-aside calculation increases three percent (3%) or more from the prior year. This amount is included in the budget stabilization reserve.

The following information describes the changes in the amounts set aside for textbooks and instructional materials, capital improvements and budget stabilization from the end of the prior year to the end of the current year.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 20 - SET-ASIDE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

Set aside balance as of June 30, 1998	Textbooks	Capital Improvements 	Budget reserve \$ 86,386	Total \$ 86,386
Current year set-aside requirement				. <u>-</u> .
Qualifying expenditures	\$(759,264)	\$ <u>(356,725)</u>		\$(1,115,989)
Totals	<u>\$(759,264</u> )	<u>\$ (356,725)</u>	<u>\$ 86.386</u>	<u>\$(1,029,603)</u>
Cash balance carried forward to FY2000			<u>\$ 86,386</u>	<u>\$ 86.386</u>
Amount restricted for budget reserve			<u></u>	<u>\$ 86,386</u>
Total restricted assets				<u>\$ 86,386</u>

Althought the District had qualifying expenditures during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero, these extra amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. Negative amounts are not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

#### NOTE 21 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 1999, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans." The statement established accounting policies for deferred compensation plans set up in a trust. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 32 had no effect on fund balance/retained earnings as it was previously reported as of June 30, 1998.

#### **NOTE 22 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

On November 2, 1999, the School District passed a 2.3 mill renewal levy, of which is general operating levy. This levy will generate approximately \$300,000 in the general fund. Collections will start in January 2000.

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## Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor Number/Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	CFDA Number		Federal Receipts	Federal Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Pass through State Department of Education: Nutrition Cluster:	<u>.</u>	- :			11.
Government Donated Foods (Note 2) National School Lunch Program National School Breakfast Program	n/a 044651-03/04-PU 97/98 044651-05-PU 98	10.550 10.555 10.553	\$	28,790 107,023 5,570	28,773 107,023 5,570
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Clus		10,000	\$	141,383	141,366
U.S. Department of Education		-	•		
Pass through State Department of Education:	•	-			÷ •
Title I - FY 98	04465-C1-S1-98	84.010	\$	111,020	114,032
Title I - FY 99	04465-C1-S1-99	84.010		281,998	235,925
Title I - Carryover	04465-C1-S1-98C	84.010		27,989	27,989
Total Title I			_	421,007	377,946
Title II - FY 98	044651-C2-S1-98	84.164			8,712
Title II - FY 98	044651-C2-S1-98	84.164		-	2,745
Title II - FY 99	044651-C2-S1-99	84.164		10,111	134
Title II - Carryover	044651-C2-S1-98C	84.164		5,713	2,758
Total Title II				15,824	14,349
Title VIB Handicapped - FY 98	04465-6B-SF-98P	84.027		21,064	23,749
Title VIB Handicapped - FY 99	04465-6B-SF-99P	84.027		113,524	105,559
Total Title VIB Handicapped				134,588	129,308
Chapter II - FY 99	04465-C2-S1-99	84,151		8,511	8,511
Total Chapter II				8,511	8,511
Drug-Free Grant - FY 98	04465-DR-S1-98	84.186		_	2,312
Drug-Free Grant - FY 99	04465-DR-S1-99	84.186		11,014	9,180
Total Drug-Free Grant			-	11,014	11,492
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$_	590,944	541,606
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$_	732,327	682,972

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

# PORT CLINTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### 2. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 1999, the District had food commodities in inventory recorded in the Enterprise Fund.

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# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Port Clinton City School District Port Clinton, Ohio

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Port Clinton City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 1999. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated December 20, 1999.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass - through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E Havis & Brancales

Charles E. Harris & Associates December 20, 1999

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# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Port Clinton City School District Port Clinton, Ohio

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Port Clinton City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 1999. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 1999.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass - through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E Havis & Baseciator

Charles E. Harris & Associates December 20, 1999

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

### PORT CLINTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OTTAWA COUNTY JUNE 30, 1999

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(4)(4)(i)	Type of Einancial Statement	1 Inqualified
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at	No
	the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions	No
	reported at the financial	
(d)(1)(iii)	statement level (GAGAS)? Was there any reported material	No
(4)(1)(31)	non-compliance at the financial	140
	statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal	No
	control weakness conditions	
	reported for major federal	
(4)/4)/(6)	programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness	INO
	conditions reported for major	
	federal programs?	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs'	Unqualified
	Compliance Opinion	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings	No
<u> </u>	under Section .510	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs:	Title I CFDA 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)		Type A: > \$300,000
	Programs	Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - (continued)

OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

# PORT CLINTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OTTAWA COUNTY JUNE 30, 1999

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

### STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT'S CITATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The prior audit report, as of June 30, 1998, did not include material citations or recommendations.

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# PORT CLINTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OTTAWA COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

By: Susan Babbitt

Date: FEBRUARY 3, 2000