AUDITOR C

BLOOM VERNON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY

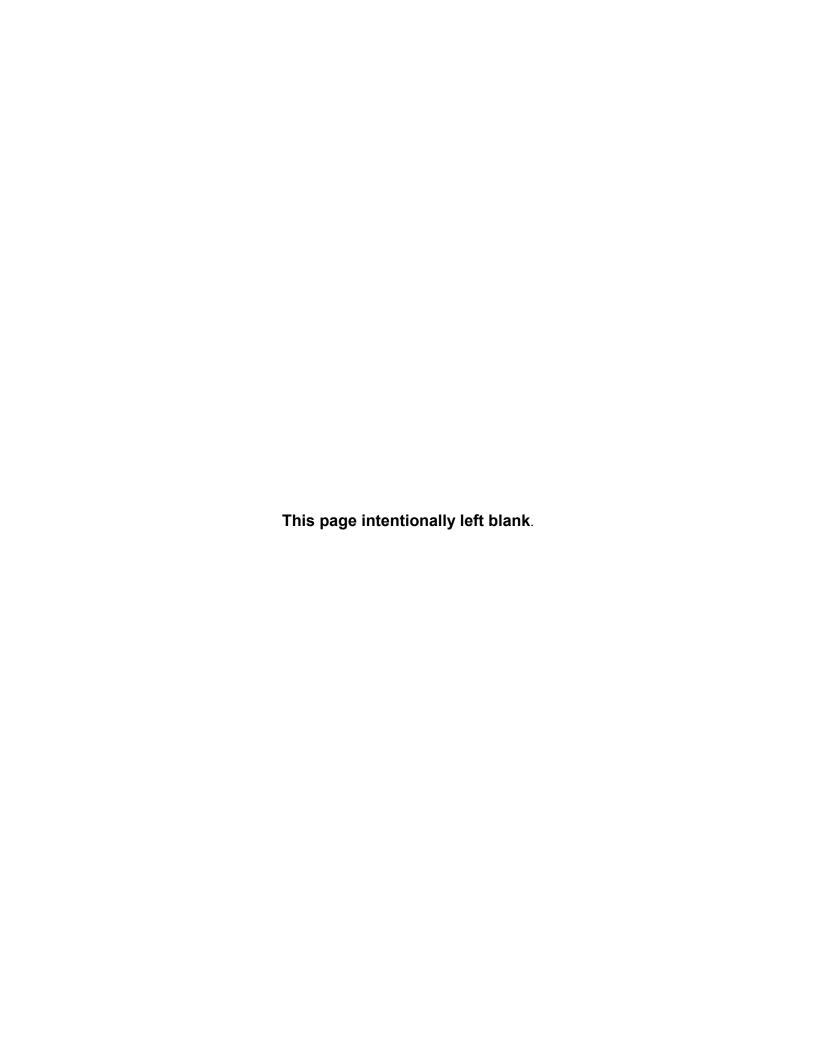
SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Bloom Vernon Local School District Scioto County P.O. Box 237 South Webster, Ohio 45682

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Bloom Vernon Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bloom Vernon Local School District, Scioto County, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2000, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Bloom Vernon Local School District Scioto County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the School District, taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

November 27, 2000

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COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
Assets and Other Debits:	<u> </u>		Beritee		
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	\$610,948	\$202,859	\$121,621	\$3,347,052	
Receivables:	609 921	17 442	204.072	25 205	
Taxes	698,831	17,442 661	204,073 0	35,385	
Accounts Intergovernmental	14,040 0	132,957	0	0 26,975	
Accrued Interest	13,003	0	0	20,973	
Interfund	54,255	0	0	0	
Prepaid Items	17,359	0	0	349	
Materials and Supplies Inventory	28,063	3,163	0	0	
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	0	
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	95,517	0	0	0	
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	0	0	0	183,454	
Fixed Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) Other Debits:	0	0	0	0	
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund					
for Retirement of General Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	0	
Amount to be Provided from	0	0	0	0	
General Government Resources Total Assets and Other Debits	\$1,532,016	\$357 ,082	\$325,694	\$3,593,215	
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$1,332,010	\$337,002	\$323,074	\$3,373,213	
Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits: Liabilities:	#40.001	Ф2 525	ΦO	φ1 252	
Accounts Payable	\$43,231	\$2,527 0	\$0 0	\$1,353	
Contracts Payable Retainage Payable	0	0	0	170,352 183,454	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	518,358	92,225	0	0	
Intergovernmental Payable	104,974	14,824	0	0	
Interfund Payable	0	5,467	0	48,788	
Undistributed Monies	0	0	0	0	
Due to Students	0	0	0	0	
Deferred Revenue	660,671	16,489	193,299	33,478	
Compensated Absences Payable	30,418	0	0	0	
Energy Conservation Loan Payable	0	0	0	0	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities	1,357,652	131,532	193,299	437,425	
Fund Equity and Other Credits:					
Fund Equity and Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0	
Retained Earnings:					
Unreserved (Deficit) Fund Balance:	0	0	0	0	
Reserved for Encumbrances	93,329	7,513	0	1,928,903	
Reserved for Inventory	28,063	3,163	0	0	
Reserved for Property Taxes	38,160	953	10,774	1,907	
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	69,654	0	0	0	
Reserved for Bus Purchases	25,863	0	0	0	
Unreserved (Deficit)	(80,705)	213,921	121,621	1,224,980	
Total Fund Equity (Deficit) and Other Credits	174,364	225,550	132,395	3,155,790	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$1,532,016	\$357,082	\$325,694	\$3,593,215	

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type	Aggour	ıt Groups	
Enterprise	Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$165	\$16,684	\$0	\$0	\$4,299,329
0	0	0	0	955,731
0	0	0	0	14,701
0	0	0	0	159,932
0	0	0	0	13,003
0	0	0	0	54,255
0	0	0	0	17,708
351	0	0	0	31,577
6,491	0	0	0	6,491
0	0	0	0	95,517
0	0	0	0	183,454
34,666	0	14,346,945	0	14,381,611
0	0	0	132,395	132,395
0	0	0	1,704,455	1,704,455
\$41,673	\$16,684	\$14,346,945	\$1,836,850	\$22,050,159
\$164	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$47,275
\$164 0	0	0	90	170,352
0	0	0	0	183,454
29,893	0	0	0	640,476
11,416	0	0	50,346	181,560
0	0	0	0	54,255
0	9,776	0	0	9,776
0	6,908	0	0	6,908
4,462	0	0	0	908,399
30,566	0	0	350,802	411,786
0	0	0	70,702	70,702
0	0	0	1,365,000	1,365,000
76,501	16,684	0	1,836,850	4,049,943
0	0	14,346,945	0	14,346,945
(34,828)	0	0	0	(34,828)
0	0	0	0	2,029,745
0	0	0	0	31,226
0	0	0	0	51,794
0	0	0	0	69,654
0	0	0	0	25,863
(34,828)	0	14 346 945	0	1,479,817
(34,828)	0	14,346,945		18,000,216
\$41,673	\$16,684	\$14,346,945	\$1,836,850	\$22,050,159

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types				T . 1
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$610,334	\$15,152	\$171,220	\$30,305	\$827,011
Tuition and Fees	7,590	0	0	0	7,590
Interest	83,605	0	0	154,893	238,498
Intergovernmental	4,963,372	1,197,113	23,024	8,453,481	14,636,990
Extracurricular Activities	0	61,179	0	0	61,179
Gifts and Donations	50,000	250	0	0	50,250
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	52,295 5,767,196	3,401 1,277,095	194,244	8,638,679	55,696 15,877,214
Expenditures:	2,707,170	1,277,070		0,000,077	10,077,211
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,336,707	371,524	0	0	2,708,231
Special	343,951	520,429	0	0	864,380
Vocational	64,998	967	0	0	65,965
Adult/Continuing	377	54,255	0	0	54,632
Other	116,790	0	0	0	116,790
Support Services:					
Pupils	192,333	86,971	0	19,984	299,288
Instructional Staff	279,156	162,889	0	61,956	504,001
Board of Education	19,913	0	0	0	19,913
Administration Fiscal	643,588 151,468	7,457 5,963	6,894 4,869	1,220 786	659,159 163,086
Business	37,866	0,903	0	0	37,866
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	670,137	4,823	0	0	674,960
Pupil Transportation	691,590	8,943	0	0	700,533
Central	5,853	23,505	0	0	29,358
Non-Instructional Services	8,356	1,971	0	0	10,327
Extracurricular Activities	88,116	21,136	0	0	109,252
Capital Outlay	71,249	7,695	0	9,029,999	9,108,943
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	0	0	95,413	0	95,413
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	91,484	0	91,484
Intergovernmental	0	30,977	0		30,977
Total Expenditures	5,722,448	1,309,505	198,660	9,113,945	16,344,558
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	44,748	(32,410)	(4,416)	(475,266)	(467,344)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating Transfers - In	16,830	17,813	20,327	16,780	71,750
Operating Transfers - Out	(67,144)	0	0	(16,780)	(83,924)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(50,314)	17,813	20,327	0	(12,174)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures					
and Other Financing Uses	(5,566)	(14,597)	15,911	(475,266)	(479,518)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	181,349	239,000	116,484	3,631,056	4,167,889
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	(1,419)	1,147	0	0	(272)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$174,364	\$225,550	\$132,395	\$3,155,790	\$3,688,099

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	General Fund		Special Revenue Funds			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$646,777	\$646,777	\$0	\$16,048	\$16,048	\$0
Tuition and Fees	7,590	7,590	0	0	0	0
Interest	87,983	87,983	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	4,965,174	4,965,174	0	1,160,434	1,160,434	0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	61,179	61,179	0
Gifts and Donations	50,000	50,000	0	250	250	0
Miscellaneous	35,885	35,885	0	2,740	2,740	0
Total Revenues	5,793,409	5,793,409	0	1,240,651	1,240,651	0
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	2,309,776	2,309,776	0	386,319	386,319	0
Special	346,231	346,231	0	511,360	511,360	0
Vocational	64,629	64,629	0	0	0	0
Adult / Continuing	0	0	0	55,215	55,215	0
Other	119,796	119,796	0	0	0	0
Support Services:						
Pupils	190,827	190,827	0	89,180	89,180	0
Instructional Staff	283,270	283,270	0	164,283	164,283	0
Board of Education	20,318	20,318	0	0	0	0
Administration	661,518	661,518	0	7,459	7,459	0
Fiscal	148,901	148,901	0	5,958	5,958	0
Business	50,068	50,068	0	0	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	686,368	686,368	0	4,823	4,823	0
Pupil Transportation	712,219	712,219	0	8,943	8,943	0
Central	5,700	5,700	0	25,313	25,313	0
Non-Instructional Services	8,356	8,356	0	1,819	1,819	0
Extracurricular Activities	90,496	90,496	0	21,657	21,657	0
Capital Outlay	117,300	117,300	0	7,695	7,695	0
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	5,815,773	5,815,773	0	1,290,024	1,290,024	0
F 60 0						
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(22,364)	(22,364)	0	(49,373)	(49,373)	0
(Older) Expellutures	(22,304)	(22,304)		(42,373)	(47,575)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	3,584	3,584	0	0	0	0
Operating Transfers - In	16,830	16,830	0	17,813	17,813	0
Operating Transfers - Out	(72,016)	(72,016)	0	0	0	0
Advances - In	1,510	1,510	0	5,467	5,467	0
Advances - Out	(54,255)	(54,255)	0	(1,510)	(1,510)	0_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(104,347)	(104,347)	0	21,770	21,770	0
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(126,711)	(126,711)	0	(27,603)	(27,603)	0
Ford Delegans of Decision of W	576 106	576 105		202.400	202.400	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	576,106	576,106	0	202,490	202,490	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	113,790	113,790	**************************************	18,034	18,034	\$0
runu daiances at End of Year	\$563,185	\$563,185	\$0	\$192,921	\$192,921	\$0

D	ebt Service Fund		Ca	pital Projects Fun		Totals	(Memorandum (Only)
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable
\$181,341	\$181,341	0	32,096	32.096	0	876,262	\$876,262	\$0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7,590	7,590	(
0	0	0	154,893	154,893	0	242,876	242,876	(
23,024	23,024	0	\$8,426,506	8,426,506	0	14,575,138	14,575,138	(
0	0	0	0	0	0	61,179	61,179	(
0	0	0	0	0	0	50,250	50,250	(
0	0	0	0	0	0	38,625	38,625	(
204,365	204,365	0	8,613,495	8,613,495	0	15,851,920	15,851,920	(
0	0	0	0	0	0	2,696,095	2,696,095	(
0	0	0	0	0	0	857,591	857,591	Ċ
0	0	0	0	0	0	64,629	64,629	(
0	0	0	0	0	0	55,215	55,215	(
0	0	0	0	0	0	119,796	119,796	(
0	0	0	19,984	19,984	0	299,991	299,991	(
0	0	0	121,801	121,801	0	569,354	569,354	(
0	0	0	0	0	0	20,318	20,318	
6,894	6,894	0	1,220	1,220	0	677,091	677,091	
4,869	4,869	0	786	786	0	160,514	160,514	•
0	0	0	0	0	0	50,068	50,068	
0	0	0	0	0	0	691,191	691,191	
0	0	0	0	0	0	721,162	721,162	9
0	0	0	0	0	0	31,013 10,175	31,013 10,175	
0	0	0	0	0	0	112,153	112,153	
0	0	0	11,043,415	11,043,415	0	11,168,410	11,168,410	
95,413	95,413	0	0	0	0	95,413	95,413	
91,484	91,484	0	0	0	0	91,484	91,484	
198,660	198,660	0	11,187,206	11,187,206	0	18,491,663	18,491,663	
5,705	5,705	0	(2,573,711)	(2,573,711)	0	(2,639,743)	(2,639,743)	
0	0	0	0	0	0	3,584	3,584	
20,327	20,327	0	16,780	16,780	0	71,750	71,750	
0	0	0	(16,780)	(16,780)	0	(88,796)	(88,796)	
0	0	0	48,788 0	48,788 0	0	55,765 (55,765)	55,765 (55,765)	
20,327	20,327	0	48,788	48,788	0	(13,462)	(13,462)	
26,032	26,032	0	(2,524,923)	(2,524,923)	0	(2,653,205)	(2,653,205)	
95,376	95,376	0	3,073,078	3,073,078	0	3,947,050	3,947,050	
213	213	\$0	1,052,095 \$1,600,250	1,052,095 \$1,600,250	\$0	1,184,132 \$2,477,977	1,184,132 \$2,477,977	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

_	Food Service
Operating Revenues:	
Sales	\$118,422
Total Operating Revenues	118,422
Total Operating Revenues	110,422
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and Wages	152,425
Fringe Benefits	61,575
Purchased Services	617
Supplies and Materials	6,120
Cost of Sales	102,041
Other	236
Depreciation	5,725
Total Operating Expenses	328,739
Operating Loss	(210,317)
Non-Operating Revenues:	
Federal and State Subsidies	158,237
Donated Commodities	24,477
Total Non-Operating Revenues	182,714
Loss Before Operating Transfers	(27,603)
Operating Transfers - In	12,174
Net Loss	(15,429)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(19,399)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$34,828)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) ENTERPRISE FUND

		Food Service	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Buager	rictaar	(Cinavorable)
Revenues:			
Sales	\$118,422	\$118,422	\$0
Federal and State Subsidies	158,237	158,237	0
Total Revenues	276,659	276,659	0
Expenses:			
Salaries and Wages	151,408	151,408	0
Fringe Benefits	59,551	59,551	0
Purchased Services	677	677	0
Materials and Supplies	83,599	83,599	0
Other	236	236	0
Total Expenses	295,471	295,471	0
	(10.010)	(10.012)	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses	(18,812)	(18,812)	0
Operating Transfers - In	12,174	12,174	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses and Transfers	(6,638)	(6,638)	0
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	5,296	5,296	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,342	1,342	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Food Service
Cash Received from Customers	\$118,422
Cash Payments to Employees	Ψ110,122
for Services and Benefits	(210,959)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(84,111)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(236)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(176,884)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Operating Grants Received	158,237
Operating Transfers	12,174
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital	
Financing Activities	170,411
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(6,473)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	6,638
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$165
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net	
Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	(\$210,317)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss	
to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	5,725
Donated Commodities Received	24,477
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	,
Decrease in Materials and Supplies Inventory	15
Decrease in Inventory Held for Resale	11
Increase in Accounts Payable	164
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	2,865
Increase in Intergovernmental Payable	417
Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable	(241)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$176,884)

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NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2000

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Bloom Vernon Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1968 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 84 square miles. It is located in Scioto County, and includes all of the Village of South Webster and portions of Bloom and Vernon Townships. It is staffed by 54 non-certificated employees, 81 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 6 administrative employees who provide services to 1,081 students and other community members. The School District currently operates three instructional buildings and one administrative building.

Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Bloom Vernon Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The following organizations which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these organizations nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District:

- * Pilasco Ross
- * Boosters Clubs
- * Parent Teacher Organizations
- * Village of South Webster

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

The School District is associated with five organizations, three of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as a public entity shared risk pool, and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA), the Scioto County Joint Vocational School, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Scioto County Schools Council of Governments, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 16, 17, and 18 to the general purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Bloom Vernon Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund Type:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's only proprietary fund type:

Enterprise Fund - The enterprise fund is used to account for School District activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary fund.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District except those accounted for in the proprietary fund.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (e.g., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (e.g., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. The School District has no contributed capital. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is sixty days after fiscal year end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available for an advance, interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The School District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2001 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund types. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level within each function and fund. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the School District Treasurer. Because the activity of agency funds is not budgeted, transfers-in and transfers-out do not equal on a budgetary basis due to two transfers totaling \$4,872 made to agency funds from the general fund.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Scioto County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2000. Before year-end, the School District requested and received an amended certificate of estimated resources that reflected actual revenue for the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at the level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, four supplemental appropriations were legally enacted, however none were significant.

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions. Prior to year-end, the School District passed a supplemental appropriation that reflected actual expenditures for the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary funds.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2000, the School District held retainage monies for the construction of the new school. The retainage monies at June 30, 2000 are presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2000, the School District's investments included a repurchase agreement as well as certificates of deposit. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2000 amounted to \$83,605, which includes \$46,138 assigned from other School District funds. The capital projects funds also received interest revenue of \$154,893.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and are expended when used.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2000, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over a useful life of forty years for buildings, twenty to twenty-five years for improvements, four to ten years for vehicles, and ten years for textbooks. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise fund and in the general fixed assets account group is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to twenty years.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlements and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

The School District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

Entitlements

General Fund

State Foundation Program

State Property Tax Relief

School Bus Purchase Reimbursement

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Venture Capital

Education Management Information Systems

Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid

Partnership 2000

Parent Involvement

Ohio Reads

Safe School Help Line

Special Needs Grant

Title I

Title II

Title VI

Title VI-B

Title VI-R

Drug-Free Schools

Goals 2000 Intervention

Professional Development Block Grant

Performance Incentive

Learn and Serve

Family and School Partnership Grant

Even Start

Capital Projects Funds

Emergency School Repair

Classroom Facilities

School Net

School Net Plus

Technology Equity

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Telecom E-Rate

Proprietary Funds

National School Lunch Program

National School Breakfast Program

Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements received in governmental fund amounted to 92 percent of the governmental fund revenue during the 2000 fiscal year.

I. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables" on the balance sheet.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In the proprietary fund, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year-end are considered not to have used current available financial resources. Bonds and long-term loans are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long-term obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary fund.

L. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

M. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets represent amounts required by statute to be set-aside by the School District to create a reserve for budget stabilization and money that will be paid to contractors upon the successful completion of their contracts. See Note 20 for additional information regarding set-asides.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventories of supplies and materials, property taxes, budget stabilization and school bus purchases.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents money required to be set aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

P. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals - (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2000, the Educational Management Information Systems and the Disadvantage Pupil Impact Aid Special Revenue funds have deficit fund balances of \$3,533 and \$1,283, respectively, and the Food Service Fund has deficit retained earnings of \$34,828 which was created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Enterprise Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the proprietary fund type (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
GAAP Basis	(\$5,566)	(\$14,597)	\$15,911	(\$475,266)
Revenue Accruals	29,796	(36,444)	10,121	(25,184)
Expenditure Accruals	49,956	29,419	0	(143,005)
Encumbrances	(143,280)	(9,938)	0	(1,930,256)
Transfers	(4,872)	0	0	0
Advances	(52,745)	3,957	0	48,788
Budget Basis	(\$126,711)	(\$27,603)	\$26,032	(\$2,524,923)

Net Loss/Excess of Revenues Under Expenses and Transfers Enterprise Fund

	Food Service	
GAAP Basis	(\$15,429)	
Expense Accruals	3,231	
Depreciation Expense	5,725	
Encumbrances	(165)	
Budget Basis	(\$6,638)	

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

State statute permits interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by the federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2000

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions:
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of tinterim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including repurchase agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$3,621,182 and the bank balance was \$3,873,265. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,673,265 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments: The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

	Category One	Carrying/Fair Value
Repurchase Agreements	\$957,118	\$957,118

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Fund and Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting".

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per *GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:*

Cash and Cash Equivalents /Deposits	Investments
\$4,578,300	\$0
(957,118)	957,118
\$3,621,182	\$957,118
	Equivalents /Deposits \$4,578,300 (957,118)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calender 2000 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calender 1999 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2000 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for calendar 2000 taxes.

2000 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2000, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2000, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2000 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 1999, are levied after April 1, 2000 and are collected in 2001 with real property taxes.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

2000 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 1999, on the value as of December 31, 1999. Collections are made in 2000. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2000 taxes were collected are:

	1999 Second- Half Collections		2000 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$24,557,150	68.95%	\$24,731,740	70.39%
Public Utility	123,430	0.35%	123,430	0.35%
Tangible Personal Property	10,935,280	30.70%	10,279,030	29.26%
Total Assessed Value	\$35,615,860	100.00%	\$35,134,200	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$32.82		\$32.82	

The School District receives property taxes from Scioto County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2000, are available to finance fiscal year 2000 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2000, was \$38,160 in the General Fund, \$953 in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue fund, \$10,774 in the Debt Service fund, and \$1,907 in the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2000, consisted of property taxes, accounts (tuition and student fees), accrued interest, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
Special Revenue Funds	
Title I Grant	\$83,993
Title II Grant	2,009
Title VI Grant	646
Title VI B Grant	7,405
Title VI-R Grant	21,173
Drug Free Grant	433
Even Start Grant	13,698
Performance Incentive Grant	3,600
Total Special Revenue Funds	132,957
Capital Projects	
Emergency Repair Grant	\$26,975
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$159,932

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise fund's fixed assets at June 30, 2000, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$136,225
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(101,559)
Net Fixed Assets	\$34,666

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS (continued)

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2000 follows:

Asset Category	Balance at 6/30/99	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/00
Land and Improvements	\$269,130	\$0	\$0	\$269,130
Buildings and Improvements	5,850,648	0	0	5,850,648
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,318,803	200,803	121,318	1,398,288
Vehicles	844,651	129,800	0	974,451
Books and Educational Media	476,935	1,613	9,302	469,246
Construction in Progress	1,692,022	8,263,445	0	9,955,467
Totals	\$10,452,189	\$8,595,661	\$130,620	18,917,230
Accumulated Depreciation				(4,570,285)
Total General Fixed Assets				\$14,346,945

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2000, the School District contracted with Wausau Business Insurance Company for liability insurance coverage and with Nationwide Insurance for property, fleet and inland marine coverage. Coverages provided by Wausau Business Insurance Company and Nationwide Insurance are as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$500 deductible)	\$16,384,500
Inland Marine Coverage (\$500 deductible)	11,959
Boiler and Machinery (\$500 deductible)	7,440,600
Crime Insurance	5,000
Automobile Liability (\$1,000 deductible)	4,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$250 deductible)	500,000
General Liability	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Total per year	5,000,000
Umbrella Liability	
Per occurrence	2,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant change in coverage from the last year.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The School District is a member of the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, a public entity shared risk pool (Note 17), consisting of school districts within the County offering medical and dental insurance to their employees. Monthly premiums are paid to the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center as fiscal agent, who in turns pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The Council is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon termination from the Council, for any reason, the Council shall have no obligation under the plan beyond paying the difference between the claims incurred (even though later filed) and expenses of the Plan due up to the date of termination plus extended benefits, if any, provided under the Plan. Such claims and expenses shall be paid from the funds of the Council.

For fiscal year 2000, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 N. Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2000, 5.5 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$45,502,

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

\$62,872 and \$95,612, respectively; 37.04 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$28,649 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$192,350, \$165,139 and \$347,988, respectively; 83.55 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$31,641 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$256,466 for fiscal year 2000.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 1999, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$2,783 million. For the year ended June 30, 1999, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000 and STRS had 95,796 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.50 percent of covered payroll, an increase from 6.30 percent for fiscal year 1999. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2000, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2000 fiscal year equaled \$71,867.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 (the latest information available), were \$126,380,984 and the target level was \$189.6 million. At June 30, 1999, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$188.0 million. SERS has approximately 51,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 215 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 50 days for classified and certified employees.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

B. Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance to all employees through CoreSource.

C. Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2000 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/99	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/00
New High School Bond 1988 6.9%	\$580,000	\$0	\$60,000	\$520,000
School Improvement Bonds 1998 6.25%	865,100	0	20,100	845,000
Total Long-Term Bonds	1,445,100	0	80,100	1,365,000
Energy Conservation Loan 1994 5.76%	86,015	0	15,313	70,702
Pension Obligation	49,009	50,346	49,009	50,346
Compensated Absences	370,463	0	19,661	350,802
Early Retirement Incentive	5,000	0	5,000	0
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$1,955,587	\$50,346	\$169,083	\$1,836,850

Bloom Vernon Classroom Facilities General Obligation Bonds - On November 5, 1988, Bloom Vernon Local School District issued \$1,180,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of an addition to the primary school and for a new high school building. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2008. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

School Improvement Bonds - On December 1, 1998, Bloom Vernon Local School District issued \$865,100 in voted general obligation bonds for the construction of a new elementary school and for an addition to the high school building. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2021. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

The 1988 New High School Bonds were issued in the amount of \$1,560,000 on November 16, 1985 as a result of the School District being approved for a \$4,491,625 School Facilities Loan through the State Department of Education for the construction of a new High School building. The 1998 School Improvement Bonds were issued in the amount of \$865,100 as a result of the School District being approved for a \$17,662,708 School Facilities Loan through the State Department of Education for the construction of a new Elementary School building and an addition to the High School building. The School District issued the General Obligation Bonds to provide a partial cost match for the School Facilities Loans. As a requirement of the loans, the School District was required to pass a 4.2 mil levy. The 4.2 mil levy, of which .5 mills was to be used for the retirement of the loans, will be in effect for 23 years.

On October 7, 1997, Bloom Vernon Local School District was notified by the Ohio School Facilities Commission that they would not be responsible for repaying the remainder of the previous classroom facilities loans, or the new \$17,662,708 loan, to the State because the School District's adjusted valuation per pupil (currently 485 out of 611 schools) was less than the state-wide median adjusted valuation per pupil. In lieu of the repayment, the School District must set aside the funds that would have been used for repayment for facilities maintenance. As part of this process, the School District must submit a maintenance plan to the Ohio School Facilities Commission every five years until the twenty-three year period expires. If the School District's adjusted valuation per pupil increases above the state-wide median adjusted valuation during the twenty-three period, the School District may become responsible for repayment of a portion of the State's contribution. During fiscal year 2000, the School District received Classroom Facilities Loan monies, which is reported as intergovernmental revenue in the Capital Projects Funds.

Energy Conservation Loan - On September 13, 1993, Bloom Vernon Local School District issued \$150,800 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the School District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The notes were issued for a ten year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2004. The loan will be retired from the Debt Service Fund.

Compensated absences, the pension obligation, and the early retirement incentive will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$1,929,473 with an unvoted debt margin of \$35,134 at June 30, 2000.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds and the energy conservation loan at June 30, 2000, are as follows:

Fiscal year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2001	\$101,194	\$85,310	\$186,504
2002	102,150	78,873	181,023
2003	103,150	72,312	175,462
2004	104,208	65,613	169,821
2005	90,000	58,660	148,660
2006-2010	385,000	207,932	592,932
2011-2015	210,000	122,440	332,440
2016-2020	275,000	54,860	329,860
2021	65,000	1,690	66,690
Total	\$1,435,702	\$747,690	\$2,183,392

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

As of June 30, 2000, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
General Fund	\$54,255	\$0
Special Revenue Fund:		
Title VI-R	0	5,467
Capital Projects Funds:		
Classroom Facilities	0	21,813
Emergency Repair	0	26,975
Total Capital Projects Funds	\$0	48,788
Totals	\$54,255	\$54,255

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 15 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2000, the School District had the following contractual purchase commitments:

Contractor	Contract Amount	Amount Expended	Balance at 6/30/00
James Electric	\$1,186,741	\$1,134,916	\$51,825
Central Fire Protection	98,920	25,223	73,697
Tom Cannon, Inc.	152,341	116,739	35,602
RWS Building Company	7,463,860	4,899,302	2,564,558
Mechanical Construction	3,328,550	1,973,703	1,354,847
Total	\$12,230,412	\$8,149,883	\$4,080,529

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Adams, Brown, Highland, Lawrence, Pike, Ross, Jackson, Vinton, and Scioto Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each of the participating counties, two school treasurers, plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$2,308 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from the fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P.O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Scioto County Joint Vocational School - The Scioto County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of five representatives from the City and County Boards within Scioto County, each of which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Scioto County Joint Vocational School at P.O. Box 766, Lucasville, Ohio 45648.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools - The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization of over one hundred school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a board which is composed of fourteen members. The board members are composed of one superintendent from each county elected by the school districts within that county. The Council provides various services for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Council is not dependent upon the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or a financial responsibility for the Council. The School District paid \$300 to the Coalition for services provided during the year.

NOTE 17 - PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOL

Scioto County Schools Council of Governments - The School District is a member of the Scioto County Schools Council of Governments, a public entity shared risk pool. Several Scioto County school districts have entered into an agreement with the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center to form the Scioto County Schools Council of Governments. The overall objectives of the council are to formulate and administer a program of health and dental insurance for the benefit of the council members' employees and their dependents, to obtain lower costs for health and dental coverage, and to secure cost control by implementing a program of comprehensive loss control. The Council's business and affairs are managed by a Board of Directors, consisting of the superintendents from each of the participating school districts. The School District pays premiums based on what the Council estimates will cover the costs of all claims for which the Council is obligated. If the School District's claims exceed its premiums, there is no individual supplemental assessment; on the other hand, if the School District's claims are low, it will not receive a refund. The Council views its activities in the aggregate, rather than on an individual entity basis. To obtain financial information, write to the fiscal agent, South Central Ohio Educational Service Center at Fourth and Court Streets, Portsmouth, Ohio 45662.

NOTE 18 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 19 - SCHOOL FUNDING COURT DECISION

On March 24, 1997 the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to the School District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the School District received \$4,689,714 of school foundation support for its general fund.

In addition, the Court declared the classroom facilities program unconstitutional, because in the Court's opinion, the program had not been sufficiently funded by the State. The classroom facilities program provided money to build schools and furnish classrooms. As of June 30, 2000, the School District has received \$12,231,099 under this program. See Note 13 to these financial statements.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "...the mandate of the [Ohio] Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24, 1997, decision, however, it found seven "...major areas warrant further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly...", including the State's reliance on local property tax funding, the State's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under these programs and on its financial operations.

NOTE 20 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The School District is also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 20 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS (continued)

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisitions	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside as of June 30, 1999	\$0	\$0	\$69,654
Current year set-aside requirement	71,989	71,989	0
Current year offsets	0	(35,310)	0
Qualifying disbursements	(71,989)	(36,679)	0
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2000	\$0	\$0	\$69,654

Amounts of offsets and qualifying disbursements presented in the table were limited to those necessary to reduce the year-end balance to zero. Although the School District may have had additional offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year, and those extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years, the School District has decided to not carry over such negative balances to the next year. The total reserve balance for the three set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$69,654.

NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2000.

B. Litigation

The School District is not currently party to legal proceedings.

NOTE 22 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Due to recently passed legislation, the School District will not be required to re-pay any portion of the Ohio School Facilities Commission Loan, even if the adjusted valuation per pupil exceeds the state- wide median.

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SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Noncash Receipts	Disbursements	Noncash Disbursements
U.S. Department of Agriculature Pass Through Ohio Department of Education:	Number	<u> </u>			Dispursements	<u> </u>
Child Nutrition Cluster Food Distribution Program (Commodities)	N/A	10.550	\$	\$24,477	\$	\$27,252
School Breakfast Program	05-PU-99/00	10.553	33,704		33,704	
National School Lunch Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	03/04-PU-99/00	10.555	112,386 146,090	24,477	112,386 146,090	27,252
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			146,090	24,477	146,090	27,252
U.S. Department of Education Pass Through the Ohio Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1-99/00	84.010	369,671		402,944	
Special Education Grants to States	6B-SF-99/00	84.027	88,844		85,120	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities	DR-S1-00	84.186	4,424		11,732	
Even Start	EV-S2-00	84.213	173,254		139,686	
Goals 2000	G2-S1/S8-00	84.276	31,598		56,560	
Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants	MS-S1-00	84.281	6,764		2,572	
Innovative Education Program	C2-S1-99/00	84.298	5,611		5,611	
Title VI-R	CR-S1-00	84.340	31,761		31,761	
Total U.S. Department of Education			711,927	0	735,986	0
U.S. Corporation of National and Community Service Pass Through the Ohio Department of Education:	es					
Learn and Serve America	SV-S2-00	94.004	3,000		598	
Total U.S. Corporation of National and Community Servi	ces		3,000	0	598	0
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$861,017	\$24,477	\$882,674	\$27,252

The notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOT THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and consumed. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2000, the School District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

NOTE C - MATCHING

Certain Federal Programs require that the School District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the federally funded programs. The School District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditures of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures.



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bloom Vernon Local School District Scioto County P.O. Box 237 South Webster, Ohio 45682

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Bloom Vernon Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of general purpose financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

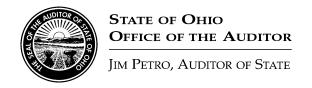
In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Bloom Vernon Local School District Scioto County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, the management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

November 27, 2000



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bloom Vernon Local School District Scioto County P.O. Box 237 South Webster, Ohio 45682

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Bloom Vernon Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio (the School District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000. The School District's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Bloom Vernon Local School District Scioto County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, the management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

November 27, 2000

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 §.505 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies, CFDA # 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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BLOOM VERNON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 9, 2001