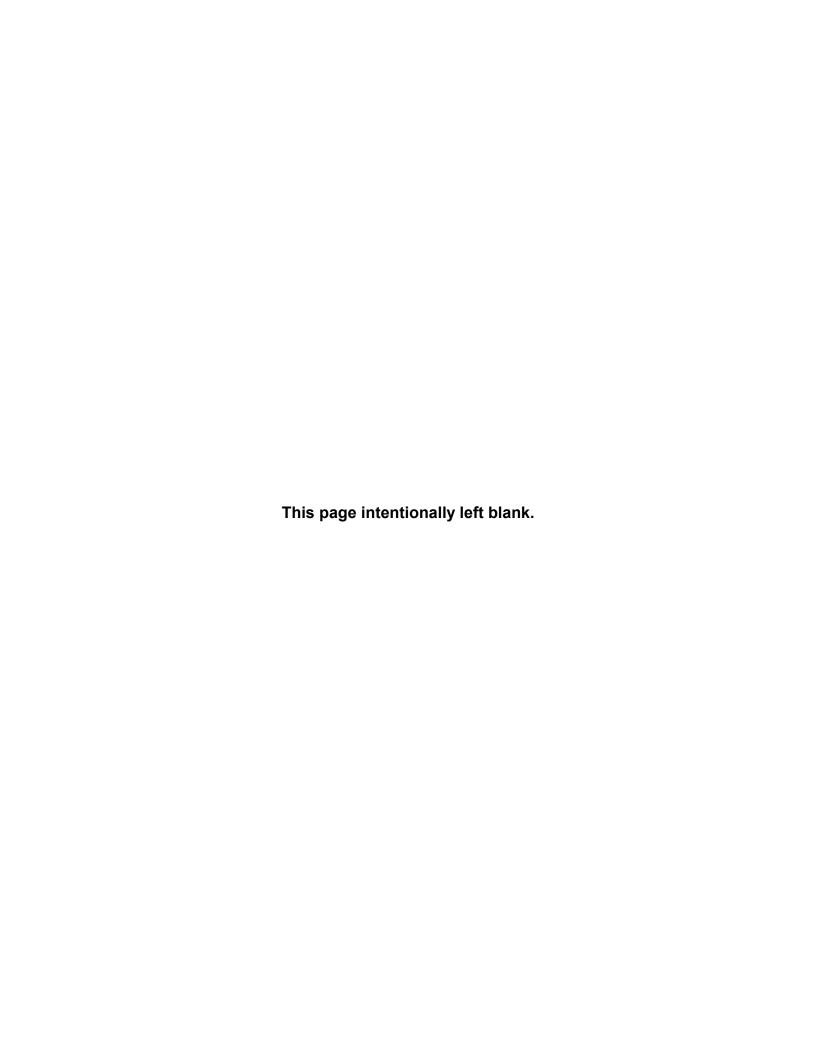
# LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000



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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Lake Local School District Stark County 12077 Lisa Avenue, NW Hartville, Ohio 44632

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of Lake Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the Table of Contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2000 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 11, 2000

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### COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS AS OF JUNE 30, 2000

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES								
		GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE			DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS		
Assets and Other Debits									
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Restricted Assets:	\$	3,891,543	\$	275,705	\$	531,080 \$	27,077,255		
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Receivables		383,692		-		-	-		
Taxes - Current		8,244,616		-		1,878,833	-		
Taxes - Delinquent		146,211		-		5,379	-		
Accounts		108		-		-	-		
Interfund Receivable		32,392		-		-	=		
Inventory Held for Resale		-		-		-	=		
Materials and Supplies Inventory		20,413		-		-	-		
Fixed Assets									
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		-		-		-	-		
Amount available in Debt Service Fund		-		-		-	-		
Amount to be provided for Retirement									
of General Long-Term Obligations		-		-		-	-		
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$	12,718,975	\$	275,705	\$	2,415,292 \$	27,077,255		

_	PRIETARY JND TYPE		DUCIARY ND TYPES	A C C C LINIT	CDOUDE		TOTALS
	TERPRISE	TR	UST AND GENCY	GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	FIXED LONG-TERM		(MEMO- RANDUM ONLY)
\$	199,459	\$	91,168	\$ -	\$ -	\$	32,066,210
	-		-	-	-		383,692
	-		-	-	-		10,123,449 151,590
	14,037		3,998	-	-		18,143
	-		-	-	-		32,392
	9,363		-	-	-		9,363
	2,612		-	-	-		23,025
	51,410		-	18,419,791	-		18,471,201
	-		-	-	634,990		634,990
					28,578,345		28,578,345
\$	276,881	\$	95,166	\$ 18,419,791	\$ 29,213,335	\$	90,492,400

## COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS AS OF JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES								
		GENERAL		SPECIAL REVENUE		DEBT SERVICE		CAPITAL PROJECTS	
Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits									
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payable Due To Other Governments	\$	75,075 1,663,859 77,958 217,412	\$	20,058 39,826 - 23,619	\$		\$	71,700 - - -	
Deferred Revenue Due To Students General Obligation Bonds Payable Capital Lease Payable Interfund Payable		7,969,597 - - - -		12,060 - - - 17,037		1,780,302 - - - -		- - - - -	
Total Liabilities	\$	10,003,901	\$	112,600	\$	1,780,302	\$	71,700	
Equity and Other Credits									
Investment in General Fixed Assets Retained Earnings : Unreserved Fund Balances:	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Reserved for Encumbrances Reserved for Inventory		263,411 20,413		85,927 -				4,623,318 -	
Reserved for Budget Stabilization Reserved for Property Taxes Designated for Budget Stabilization		279,991 422,210 103,701		- - -		- 103,910 -		- - -	
Unreserved - Undesignated		1,625,348		77,178		531,080		22,382,237	
Total Equity and Other Credits	\$	2,715,074	\$	163,105	\$	634,990	\$	27,005,555	
Total Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits	\$	12,718,975	\$	275,705	\$	2,415,292	\$	27,077,255	

	PRIETARY		UCIARY		ACCOLINI	TOTALS			
FU	ND TYPE	FUN	ID TYPES		ACCOUN <sup>-</sup> GENERAL	ıG	GENERAL		(MEMO-
		TDI	IST AND		FIXED		LONG-TERM		RANDUM
ENIT	ERPRISE		TRUST AND AGENCY		ASSETS		OBLIGATIONS		ONLY)
LIVI	LINI MOL		OLIVOT		AGGLIG		OBLIGATIONS		ONLT)
\$	5,026	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	171,859
	37,461		-		-		-		1,741,146
	13,840		-		-		792,107		883,905
	29,691		879		-		171,097		442,698
	7,624		-		-		-		9,769,583
	-		85,200		-		-		85,200
	-		-		-		27,749,453		27,749,453
	-		-		-		500,678		500,678
	11,090		4,265		-				32,392
\$	104,732	\$	90,344	\$	-	\$	29,213,335	\$	41,376,914
\$	-	\$	-		\$18,419,791	\$	-	\$	18,419,791
	172,149		-		-		-		172,149
	-		613		-		-		4,973,269
	-		-		-		-		20,413
	-		-		-		-		279,991
	-		-		-		-		526,120
	-		-		-		=		103,701
			4,209		-				24,620,052
\$	172,149	\$	4,822	\$	18,419,791	\$	<u>-</u>		\$49,115,486
\$	276,881	\$	95,166	\$	18,419,791	\$	29,213,335	\$	90,492,400

### COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

**GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES** SPECIAL DEBT CAPITAL **GENERAL REVENUE SERVICE PROJECTS** Revenues Taxes \$ 8,251,570 \$ - \$ 1,109,223 \$ **Tuition** 95,373 Earnings on Investments 1,239,828 300,052 3,135 Intergovernmental 9,790,594 721,128 133,890 1,000 **Extracurricular Activities** 319,535 Classroom Materials and Fees 59,168 Miscellaneous 26,935 **Total Revenues** 18,464,524 1,102,966 1,243,113 1,240,828 **Expenditures** Instruction: Regular 8,352,421 108,018 29,823 Special 1,076,582 308,178 Vocational 205,679 Other 502,788 Support Services: **Pupils** 693,058 49,412 Instructional Staff 696,488 168,091 **Board of Education** 23,902 Administration 1,536,397 17,025 11,679 Fiscal 439,648 300 **Business** 42,319 Operations and Maintenance 1,627,400 13,406 **Pupil Transportation** 1,348,950 Central 72,612 18,767 **Extracurricular Activities** 435,312 209,862 **Facilities Acquisition** 14,439 598,967 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 41,620 172,120 19,685 **Debt Service:** Principal Retirement 528,926 26.390.000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 676,247

The notes to the general purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Total Expenditures** 

17,055,770

1,105,618

1,205,173

27,063,560

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE TRUST	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
\$ - - - 1,300	\$ 9,360,793 95,373 1,543,015 10,647,912
78 - 1,349	319,613 59,168 28,284
2,727	22,054,158
-	8,490,262
-	1,384,760
-	205,679
-	502,788
-	742,470
2,308	866,887
-	23,902
-	1,565,101
-	439,948
-	42,319
-	1,640,806
-	1,348,950
-	91,379
<del>-</del>	645,174
-	613,406
-	233,425
_	26,918,926
	676,247
2,308	46,432,429

### COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

(Continued)

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES									
			SPECIAL	DEBT	CAPITAL					
		GENERAL	REVENUE	SERVICE	PROJECTS					
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	1,408,754 \$	(2,652) \$	37,940	\$ (25,822,732)					
Other Financing Sources/ (Uses)										
Miscellaneous		(1,765)	_	-	-					
Operating Transfers In		206,193	6,111	70,238	-					
Operating Transfers Out		(72,738)	(4,864)	-	(206,193)					
Premium on Bond Sale		-	-	101,902	-					
Proceeds from Bonds		-	-	-	26,389,945					
Proceeds from Sale of Notes		-	-	-	26,390,000					
Refund of Prior Year Receipts		-	(1,618)	-	-					
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		-	254	-	<u>-</u>					
Total Other Financing Sources/ (Uses)		131,690	(117)	172,140	52,573,752					
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)										
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,540,444	(2,769)	210,080	26,751,020					
Fund Balances - July 1, 1999		1,172,324	165,874	424,910	254,535					
Increase in Reserve for Inventory		2,306	-	-						
Fund Balances - June 30, 2000	\$	2,715,074 \$	163,105 \$	634,990	27,005,555					

	RY FUND			
	<u>PE</u>			TOTALS
EXPEN	IDABLE		(M	EMORANDUM
TR	UST			ONLY)
\$	419		\$	(24,378,271)
	-			(1,765)
	-			282,542
	-			(283,795)
	-			101,902
	-	-		26,389,945
	_			26,390,000
	_			(1,618)
	3,998			4,252
	0,000			.,
	3,998			52,881,463
	4,417			28,503,192
	405			2,018,048
				2,306
\$	4,822		\$	30,523,546

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, BUDGET - ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	GENERAL FUND								
		REVISED BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE				
Revenues Taxes Tuition Earnings on Investments	\$	8,238,600 96,263 300,052	\$	8,238,600 96,263 300,052	\$ - - -				
Extracurricular Activities Intergovernmental Classroom Materials and Fees Miscellaneous		9,790,594 - 26,941		9,790,594 - 26,941	- - -				
Total Revenues		18,452,450		18,452,450					
Expenditures									
Instruction:									
Regular		8,495,407		8,495,407	-				
Special		1,060,090		1,060,090	=				
Vocational		212,757		212,757	=				
Other		504,038		504,038	-				
Support Services:		700.040		700.040					
Pupils		720,040		720,040	-				
Instructional Staff		671,106		671,106	-				
Board of Education		23,858		23,858	-				
Administration		1,554,942		1,554,942	-				
Fiscal		379,862		379,862	=				
Business		42,493		42,493	-				
Operations and Maintenance		1,633,320		1,633,320	-				
Pupil Transportation		1,539,308		1,539,308	-				
Central		20,937		20,937	-				
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		42,204		42,204	-				
Facilities Acquisition		64,871		64,871	-				
Extracurricular Activities		433,777		433,777	-				
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>					
Total Expenditures	\$	17,399,010	\$	17,399,010	\$ -				

SPECIA	L REVENUE FUND	S	DE	BT :	SERVICE FUND	
REVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	 REVISED BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE
\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,021,553	\$	1,021,553	\$ -
3,135	3,135	-	-		-	-
324,110	324,110	-	-		-	-
721,128	721,128	-	133,890		133,890	=
59,168	59,168	-	-		-	-
 -	-		 -		-	-
1,107,541	1,107,541		 1,155,443		1,155,443	-
106,654	106,654	-	-		-	-
298,782	298,782	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	-		-	-
84,023	84,023	-	-		_	-
169,256	169,256	-	-		=	=
-	-	-	-		-	-
17,252	17,252	-	-		-	-
300	300	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	-		-	-
75,131	75,131	<u>-</u>	_		<u>-</u>	-
207,759	207,759	- -			- -	- -
-	-	_	_		_	_
217,167	217,167	-	-		-	-
_	_	_	528,926		528,926	_
-	-	<u>-</u>	 676,247		676,247	
\$ 1,176,324 \$	1,176,324	\$ -	\$ 1,205,173	\$	1,205,173	\$ -

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, BUDGET - ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

	GENERAL FUND								
		REVISED BUDGET	ACTU	AL	VARIANCE				
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	1,053,440	\$ 1,0	053,440 \$					
Other Financing Sources/ (Uses)									
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures Refund of Prior Year Receipts Premium on Bond Sold		- - -		- - -	- - -				
Proceeds from Sale of Notes Miscellaneous Advances In Advances Out Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		(1,765) 8,685 (32,392) 206,193 (72,738)	2	(1,765) 8,685 (32,392) (06,193 (72,738)	- - - - -				
Total Other Financing Sources/ (Uses)		107,983	1	07,983					
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,161,423	1,1	61,423	-				
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		296,425	2	296,425	-				
Fund Balances - July 1, 1999		2,509,944	2,5	509,944					
Fund Balances - June 30, 2000	\$	3,967,792	\$ 3,9	67,792 \$					

SPECIAL	REVENUE FUND	S	DEBT SERVICE FUND					
EVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	REVISED BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE		
\$ (68,783) \$	(68,783)	\$ -	\$	(49,730) \$	(49,730)	\$ -		
254	254	_		_	_	_		
(1,618)	(1,618)	-		-	-	-		
-	-	-		101,902	101,902	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
17,037 (578)	17,037 (578)	- -		-	<del>-</del> -	-		
6,111 <sup>°</sup> (4,864)	6,111 (4,864)	- -		70,238 -	70,238 -	- -		
16,342	16,342			172,140	172,140			
(52,441)	(52,441)	-		122,410	122,410	_		
47,118	47,118	-		-	-	-		
178,909	178,909	<u>-</u> _		408,669	408,669	_		
\$ 173,586 \$	173,586	\$ -	\$	531,079 \$	531,079	\$ -		

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, BUDGET - ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

(Continued)

(Continued)  CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND								
		EVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE				
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -				
Tuition		=	=	=				
Earnings on Investments		1,239,828	1,239,828	-				
Extracurricular Activities		-	-	-				
Intergovernmental		1,000	1,000	-				
Classroom Materials and Fees Miscellaneous		-	- -	- -				
Total Revenues		1,240,828	1,240,828					
Expenditures								
Instruction:								
Regular		29,824	29,824	-				
Special		-	-	-				
Vocational		=	=	=				
Other		-	-	-				
Support Services:								
Pupils		-	-	-				
Instructional Staff		-	-	-				
Board of Education		-	-	-				
Administration		6,115	6,115	=				
Fiscal		-	-	-				
Business Operations and Maintenance		12 406	12.406	-				
Pupil Transportation		13,406	13,406	-				
Central		20,685	20,685					
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		-	20,000	_				
Facilities Acquisition		5,221,285	5,221,285	-				
Extracurricular Activities		-	-	-				
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		26,390,000	26,390,000	-				
Interest and Fiscal Charges			-					
Total Expenditures	\$	31,681,315	\$ 31,681,315	\$ -				

EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND					TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)					
	EVISED JDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE		REVISED BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE		
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$	9,260,153	\$	9,260,153	\$ -		
	_	-	· _	·	96,263	·	96,263	· -		
	_	-	=		1,543,015		1,543,015	-		
	78	78	-		324,188		324,188	-		
	1,300	1,300	-		10,647,912		10,647,912	-		
	· =	-	-		59,168		59,168	-		
	1,349	1,349			28,290		28,290			
	2,727	2,727	_		21,958,989		21,958,989	-		
	4,496	4,496	-		8,636,381		8,636,381	-		
	-	-	-		1,358,872		1,358,872	-		
	-	=	-		212,757		212,757	=		
	-	-	-		504,038		504,038	-		
	-	-	-		804,063		804,063	-		
	3,556	3,556	-		843,918		843,918	=		
	-	=	-		23,858		23,858	=		
	=	-	=		1,578,309		1,578,309	-		
	-	-	-		380,162		380,162	-		
	-	-	-		42,493		42,493	-		
	-	-	-		1,646,726		1,646,726	-		
	-	-	-		1,539,308		1,539,308	-		
	-	-	-		116,753		116,753	-		
	=	-	-		249,963		249,963	-		
	=	-	-		5,286,156		5,286,156	-		
	-	-	-		650,944		650,944	-		
	-	-	-		26,918,926		26,918,926	-		
	-	-	<u>-</u>		676,247		676,247	-		
\$	8,052	\$ 8,052	\$ -	\$	51,469,874	\$	51,469,874	\$ -		

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, BUDGET - ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND								
		REVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE					
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(30,440,487) \$	(30,440,487) \$						
Other Financing Sources/ (Uses)									
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures Refund of Prior Year Receipts Premium on Bond Sold Proceeds from Sales of Bonds Proceeds from Sale of Notes Miscellaneous Advances In Advances Out Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		26,389,945 26,390,000 - - - (206,193)	26,389,945 26,390,000 - - - (206,193)	- - - - - - -					
Total Other Financing Sources/ (Uses)		52,573,752	52,573,752						
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Prior year encumbrances appropriated		22,133,265 19,847	22,133,265 19,847	-					
Fund Balances - July 1, 1999		234,688	234,688	<u>-</u>					
Fund Balances - June 30, 2000	\$	22,387,800 \$	22,387,800 \$						

EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND					TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)					
	EVISED UDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	REVISED BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE			
\$	(5,325) \$	(5,325)	\$ -	\$ (29,510,885) \$		(29,510,885)	\$ -			
	-	-	-		254	254	-			
	-	=	-		(1,618)	(1,618)	-			
	-	-	-		101,902	101,902	-			
	-	-	-		26,389,945	26,389,945				
	-	=	-		26,390,000	26,390,000	-			
	-	=	-		(1,765)	(1,765)	-			
	4,176	4,176	-		29,898	29,898	-			
	(6,534)	(6,534)	-		(39,504)	(39,504)	-			
	-	-	-		282,542	282,542	-			
	-				(283,795)	(283,795)	<del>-</del>			
	(2,358)	(2,358)	-		52,867,859	52,867,859	-			
	(7,683)	(7,683)	-		23,356,974	23,356,974	-			
	3,191	3,191	-		366,581	366,581	-			
	9,695	9,695			3,341,905	3,341,905	<u>-</u>			
\$	5,203 \$	5,203	-		\$27,065,460 \$	27,065,460	\$ -			

### COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES						
			INTERNAL	TOTALS			
	EN	TERPRISE	SERVICE	(MEMORANUDM			
	FUND		FUND	ONLY)			
Operating Revenues				,			
Tuition and Fees	\$	125,659	\$ -	\$ 125,659			
Food Services	•	441,789	· _	441,789			
Classroom Materials and Supplies		108,820	3,080	111,900			
Total Operating Revenues		676,268	3,080	679,348			
3			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Operating Expenses							
Salaries		285,191	-	285,191			
Fringe Benefits		40,843	-	40,843			
Purchased Services		42,446	-	42,446			
Materials and Supplies		375,506	3,393	378,899			
Depreciation Expense		4,105		4,105			
Total Operating Expenses		748,091	3,393	751,484			
Operating Loss		(71,823)	(313)	(72,136)			
Nonoperating Revenues							
Earnings on Investment		4,387		4,387			
Intergovernmental Revenues		99,537	_	99,537			
Federal Donated Commodities		32,639	-	-			
				_			
Total Nonoperating Revenues		136,563	-	103,924			
Net Income(Loss)		64,740	(313)	64,427			
Retained Earnings - July 1, 1999		107,409	313	107,722			
Retained Earnings - June 30, 2000	\$	172,149	\$ -	\$ 172,149			

### COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES						
	EN	TERPRISE FUND	INTERNAL SERVICE FUND		TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)		
<u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</u> Operating Loss	\$	(71,823)	\$	(313)	\$	(72,136)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used In Operating Activities:							
Depreciation		4,105		-		4105	
Accounts receivable and other receivable Inventory held for resale Materials and supplies inventory		(13,503) 2,511 (280)		- - -		(13,503) 2511 (280)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:							
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits payable Compensated absences payable Deferred revenues Interfund loans payable Due to other governments Total Adjustments		4,404 (1,618) (6,844) (4,768) 9,517 611 (5,865)		- - - - - -		4404 (1,618) (6,844) (4,768) 9,517 611 (5,865)	
Net cash used in operating activities		(77,688)		(313)		(78,001)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Intergovernmental revenues Earnings on Investment Federal Donated Commodities		99,537 4,387 32,639		- - -		99537 4387 32639	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		136,563		0		136,563	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Capital asset acquisitions		(4,108)		_		(4,108)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		54,767		(313)			
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1, 1999		144,692		313		145,005	
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30, 2000	\$	199,459	\$	-		\$199,459	

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## LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### 1. <u>Description of the School District and Reporting Entity</u>

The Lake Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is governed by a five-member board of education (the Board) elected by its citizens. The Board controls the District's five school buildings, bus garage, warehouse, and administration building staffed by administrators, teachers, and non-certified personnel providing educational opportunities to its students.

#### The Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the general purpose financial statements of the District are not misleading.

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise assume the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units. The District is associated with organizations which are defined as a jointly governed organization and public entity risk pools. These organizations include the Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC) and the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 10 and 14 to the general purpose financial statements.

The following organizations are not part of the reporting entity and are excluded from the accompanying general purpose financial statements:

## LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 1. Description of the School District and Reporting Entity (Continued)

<u>Non-Public Schools</u> - Within the District's boundaries, Hartville Christian and Lake Center Christian Schools are operated by religious organizations. Current state legislation provides funding to these schools. The monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the non-public schools by the Treasurer of the District. The accounting of these state monies are reflected as part of the District's Special Revenue Funds.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The general purpose financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as it applies to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Under the guidelines of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No 20, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Units That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting</u>, the District has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities.

The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

#### Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available resources. For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

## LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### A. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than expendable trusts or major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

#### Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for financial resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

#### Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by Proprietary Funds.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### A. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### Proprietary Fund Types (Continued)

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following are the District's Proprietary Fund types:

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise Funds are used to account for District activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

#### **Internal Service Fund**

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a reimbursement basis.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets not owned by the District, but held for a separate entity.

#### Expendable Trust Funds

The Expendable Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the Governmental Funds.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEART ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### A. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### Fiduciary Fund Types (Continued)

#### Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (Assets equal Liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### **Account Groups**

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

#### General Fixed Assets Account Group

This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

#### General Long-Term Obligations Account Group

This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District except those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Fund Types and the Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the combined balance sheet.

## LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEART ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus (Continued)

Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is shown as retained earningss. Proprietary Fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the Governmental, Expendable Trust, and Agency Funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

## LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The available period for the District is sixty days after fiscal year end. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

The District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2001 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the Governmental Funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the Proprietary Fund Types. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. Unused donated commodities in the Enterprise Fund at year end are reported as deferred revenue.

#### C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the Appropriation Resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified by the County Auditor.

All funds, other than Agency Funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the function level for the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

## LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

#### C. Budgetary Process (Continued)

#### Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board adopted budget is filed with the Stark County Budget Commission for rate determination.

#### Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final Amended Certificate issued during fiscal year 2000.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### C. Budgetary Process (Continued)

#### **Appropriations**

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended Certificate of Estimated Resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual Appropriation Resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund and function for the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the Annual Appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The Appropriation Resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources.

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than Agency Funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

#### **Encumbrances**

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent year end expenditures of Governmental Funds.

### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### C. Budgetary Process (Continued)

#### Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

#### D. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including Proprietary Funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "cash, cash equivalents and investments" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2000, investments were limited to STAR Ohio

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during 2000. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2000.

Following Ohio Statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest credited to the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Enterprise Funds during fiscal year 2000 amounted to \$300,052, \$3,135, \$1,239,828, and \$4,387.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### E. Inventory

Inventories are valued at cost (first in, first out) and are determined by physical count. Inventories in Governmental Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost has been recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items were purchased. Inventory in Proprietary Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and food service items held for resale. The cost has been recorded as an expense at the time individual inventory items were consumed.

#### F. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Funds, and the related assets are reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Fixed assets utilized in the Proprietary Funds are capitalized in those funds. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500. The District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the Enterprise Fund is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of eight to twenty years.

#### G. Intergovernmental Revenues

For Governmental Funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlements and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as nonoperating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. The District currently participates in various state and federal programs categorized as follows:

### LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### G. <u>Intergovernmental Revenues</u> (Continued)

#### **Entitlements**

General Fund State Foundation Program State Property Tax Relief

#### Nonreimbursable Grants

#### Special Revenue Funds

Drug Free Grant

Title I

Title VI

Title VI-R

Title VI-B Flow Through

Goals 2000 Systemic Improvements

Goals 2000 Pacesetter

#### Capital Projects Fund

School Net

#### Reimbursable Grants

#### General Fund

Driver Education Reimbursement State Aid – Bus Reimbursement Telecommunications Act Grant (E-Rate)

#### **Enterprise Fund**

National School Lunch Program Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 47 percent of the District's operating and nonoperating revenue during the fiscal year.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued

#### H. Interfund Assets and Liabilities

Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds for services provided or goods received are classified as "Interfund Receivable" or "Interfund Payable". Long- term interfund loans are recorded as reservation of fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute available expendable resources since they are not a component of net current assets. The District did not have any long-term advances at year end.

#### I. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future, in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, <u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's severance policy.

For Governmental Funds, the District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for both classified and certified employees once they meet the eligibility requirements for retirement from one of the State retirement systems.

The current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees are paid. The remainder is reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. In Proprietary Funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued

#### J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, Governmental Fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are reported as a liability of the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group until due. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by Proprietary Funds are reported as liabilities of those funds.

#### K. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/ expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/ expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/ expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District records reservations for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances, property taxes, budget stabilization and materials and supplies inventory. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### M. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Total-(Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in aggregation of this data.

#### N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General fund represents cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve. This reserve is required by the State statue and can be used only after receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. A fund balance reserve has also been established. See Note 17 for the calculation of the year-end restricted asset balance and the corresponding fund balances reserves.

#### O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### 3. <u>Budgetary Basis of Accounting</u>

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance/retained earnings on the basis of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget -Actual (Budgetary Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Fiduciary Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the Budgetary basis and GAAP basis are that:

#### 3. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (Budgetary basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (Budgetary basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditure equivalents for all funds (Budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for Governmental Fund Types (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the Budgetary and GAAP basis statements by fund type.

### Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust
Budget Basis	\$1,161,423	\$(52,441)	\$122,410	\$22,133,265	\$ (7,683)
Adjustments for Revenue Accruals	12,084	(21,033)	87,670	-	5,132
Adjustments for Expenditure Accruals	59,496	(31,415)	-	(71,699)	6,355
Adjustments for Encumbrances	307,441	102,120	<del>_</del>	4,689,454	613
GAAP Basis	<u>\$1,540,444</u>	<u>\$ (2,769)</u>	<u>\$210,080</u>	<u>\$26,751,020</u>	<u>\$4,417</u>

#### 4. Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by Certificates of Deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

#### 4. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and

#### 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, <u>Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.</u>

<u>Deposits</u>: At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$(216,794) and the bank balance was \$175,440. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$75,440 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposits of money had been followed, non compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

<u>Investments</u>: The District's investment in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Investments at June 30, 2000 consisted only of STAR Ohio, which had a carrying and fair value of \$32,666,696.

#### 5. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied after April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 88 percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value.

#### 5. <u>Property Taxes</u> (Continued)

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The District receives property taxes from Stark County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2000, are available to finance fiscal year 2000 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to a deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available to the District as an advance at June 30, 2000, was \$422,210 and \$103,910 in the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

#### 6. Interfund Activity

At June 30, 2000, outstanding interfund balances consisted of the following.

	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivables	<u>Payables</u>
General Fund	\$32,392	\$ -
Enterprise Fund	-	11,090
Special Revenue Fund	-	17,037
Agency Fund	<del>_</del>	4,265
Total	<u>\$32,392</u>	<u>\$32,392</u>

### LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (CONTINUED)

#### 7. <u>Fixed Assets</u>

A summary of the changes in the General Fixed Asset Account Group during the fiscal year is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/99	Additions	Disposals	Balance 6/30/00
Land and Land				
Improvements	\$2,101,296	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,101,296
Buildings and Building				
Improvements	8,767,761	-	-	8,767,761
Furniture, Fixtures,				
And Equipment	4,168,097	263,280	88,503	4,342,874
Textbooks and Library Books	844,165	-	-	844,165
Vehicles	1,481,872	692,959	454,362	1,720,469
Construction in Progress	<u>=</u>	643,226	<u>-</u>	643,226
Totals	<u>\$17,363,191</u>	<u>\$1,599,465</u>	<u>\$542,865</u>	<u>\$18,419,791</u>

A summary of the Enterprise Funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2000 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/99	Additions	Disposals	6/30/00
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	\$ 316,096	\$ 4,108	\$ -	\$ 320,204
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(264,689)	(4,105)	<u>-</u>	(268,794)
Net Fixed Assets	<u>\$ 51,407</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 51,410</u>

#### 8. Long-Term Debt and Other Obligations

Debt outstanding at June 30, consisted of the following:

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

School Improvement Bonds, Series 2000

Principal Outstanding	\$26,389,945
Interest Rate	5.80 %
Issue Date	03/00
Maturity Date	12/26

### LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

(CONTINUED)

#### 8. <u>Long-Term Debt and Other Obligations</u> (Continued)

*General Obligation Bonds (Continued)* 

School Improvement Bonds, Series 1993

Principal Outstanding	\$1,295,000
Interest Rate	4.78%
Issue Date	04/93
Maturity Date	12/03

School Bus Acquisition Bonds

Principal Outstanding	\$ 64,508
Interest Rate	5.10%
Issue Date	07/96
Maturity Date	12/01

Outstanding general obligation bonds consist of school building construction issues and school bus acquisition bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the District for which its full, faith, credit, and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the District.

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2000, including interest payments of \$28,419,049, are as follows:

Year Ending	Annual
June 30	Requirement
2001	\$ 2,267,230
2002	2,101,060
2003	2,101,357
2004	2,137,103
2005	1,862,143
Thereafter	45,699,609
Total	<u>\$56,168,502</u>

#### 8. <u>Long-Term Debt and Other Obligations</u> (Continued)

The following changes occurred in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group during the year ended June 30, 2000:

	Balance 7/1/99	A 11141	D - 14:	Balance
	//1/99	Additions	Reductions	6/30/00
G.O. Bonds Payable	\$1,888,434	\$26,389,945	\$ 528,926	\$27,749,453
Compensated Absences Payable	717,280	74,827	-	792,107
Capital Lease Payable	593,870	-	93,192	500,678
Due to Other Governments	165,896	5,201		171,097
Total	<u>\$3,365,480</u>	<u>\$26,469,973</u>	<u>\$622,118</u>	<u>\$29,213,335</u>

Tax Anticipation Notes were received and paid off during the year for a note proceed of \$26,390,000 and Proceeds from Bonds of \$26,389,945.

#### 9. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components derives from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon the length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-forth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 290 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit up to a maximum of 46 days for those employees with ten or more years of service, and 61 days for those employees with twenty or more years of service to the Board of Education. Additionally, \$10 is paid for each day of sick leave accumulated above 200 days, up to the maximum allowed.

For certificated employees who retired during the fiscal year, an additional retirement incentive payment of \$10,000 per person will be paid in January 2001.

#### 10. Risk Management

<u>Comprehensive</u> - The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2000, the District contracted with Indiana Insurance (the Malcolm Insurance Group) for property and fleet insurance and inland marine coverage. Liability insurance is handled through Nationwide (Harcum-Hyre) Insurance Agency. Coverage provided by these carriers is as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible) \$38,404,206

Inland Marine Coverage (\$100 deductible) Coverage based on items listed.

Automobile Liability - \$1,000,000

General Liability - \$2,000,000/ each occurrence \$5,000,000/ aggregate

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

<u>Workers Compensation</u> - For fiscal year 2000, the District participated in a program with the Stark County Board of Education to obtain workers' compensation coverage. This program is administered by CompManagement, Inc. The experience of each of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience rate and applied to all participants in the program. Premiums paid to the State are based GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State's Bureau of Workers' Compensation based on this calculation. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the program. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the program. This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the program. Participation in the program is limited to school districts that can meet its selection criteria.

<u>Health Insurance</u> - The District is a participant in the Stark County Schools Council of Government (COG) for the purpose of obtaining benefits at a reduced premium for health care. The program for health care is administered by Mutual Health Services Company and Aultcare. Payments are made to the COG for the monthly attachment point, monthly stop-loss premiums, and administrative charges. The fiscal officer of the COG is the Treasurer of the Stark County Educational Service Center. The fiscal agent pays Mutual Health Services and Aultcare monthly for the actual amount of claims processed, the stop-loss premium, and the administrative charges.

#### 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits: for fiscal year 1999, 7.7 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999 and 1998 were \$380,435, \$357,684, and \$337,704, respectively. 51% has been contributed for the fiscal year 2000 and 100% for fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$187,662 representing the unpaid contribution for the fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District also contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

#### 11. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 8 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 1999, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 6 percent of covered payroll. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$1,218,954, \$1,215,096, and \$1,183,860, respectively. 83% has been contributed for the fiscal year 2000 and 100% for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$202,848 representing the unpaid contribution for the fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### 12. Post Employment Benefits

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State Statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefits recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from the STRS funds shall be included in the employer contributions rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$718,002.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund at year end was \$2.783 million. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 (the latest information available), eligible benefit recipients totaled 95,796 and net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000

#### 12. Post Employment Benefits (Continued)

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability, and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.98 percent of covered payroll, an increase from 4.21 percent for fiscal year 1998. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 1999, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge rate added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 125 percent of annual health care expenses. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by SERS were \$111,900,575 and the target level was \$139.9 million. Net assets available for payment as of June 30, 1999 by the Retirement System were \$160.3 million, at cost. The number of participants currently receiving health care benefits is approximately 50,000. The portion of the District's contributions that were used to fund postemployment benefits was \$252,014.

#### 13. <u>Segment Information For Enterprise Funds</u>

The District maintains four Enterprise Funds to account for the operations of food service, uniform school supplies, adult education, and summer camp. The following table reflects the more significant financial data relating to the Enterprise Funds of the District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000.

	Food	Uniform School	Adult	Summer	
	Service	Supplies	Education	Camp	Total
Operating Revenues	\$441,254	\$109,355	\$ 24,647	\$101,012	\$676,268
Operating Expenses					
Before Depreciation	498,205	108,494	24,351	112,936	743,986
Depreciation Expense	4,105	-	-	-	4,105
Operating Income(Loss)	(61,056)	861	296	(11,924)	(71,823)
Nonoperating Revenues	136,563	-	-	-	136,563
Net Income (Loss)	75,507	861	296	(11,924)	64,740
Fixed Assets Additions	4,108	-	-	-	4,108
Net Working Capital	69,837	48,093	2,857	12,822	133,609
Total Assets	177,453	58,564	2,857	38,007	276,881
Total Equity	108,377	48,093	2,857	12,822	172,149
Encumbrances at June 30, 2000	2,435	22,965	-	3,607	29,007

#### 14. Jointly Governed Organization

The District is a member of the Stark-Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC), a jointly governed organization which provides computer services to school districts within the boundaries of Stark and Portage counties. Each district's superintendent serves as a representative on the Board consisting of approximately 31 member districts. SPARCC is primarily governed by a five member executive Board which is made up of two representatives from Stark County, two from Portage County, and a Treasurer. The Board meets monthly to address current issues.

#### 15. Contingencies and Commitments

#### Federal and State Assistance

During the fiscal year, the District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2000.

#### **School Funding Decision**

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program," which provides significant amounts of monetary support to this District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the District received \$8,347,784 of school foundation support.

Since the Supreme Court's ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has reviewing the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "… the mandate of the Ohio Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24, 1997, decision, however, it found seven "… major areas warrant[ing] further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly… ," including the state's reliance on local property tax funding, the state's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

### LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY

### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

(CONTINUED)

#### 15. <u>Contingencies and Commitments</u> (Continued)

#### School Funding Decision (Continued)

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

#### 16. Capital Lease

In October of 1997, the District entered into a capital lease agreement with Vision Impact Capital for equipment. The lease, which meets the criteria for capitalization under the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", was recorded as an acquisition in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and as a liability in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Principal payments during the fiscal year totaled \$37,354 in the General Fund.

The lease is for a term of 10 years and has an interest rate of 6.5 percent. Obligations under this lease and the net present value of the minimum lease payments at June 30, 2000 are as follows:

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under capital leases that have initial terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2000:

Year Ending	
<u>June 30</u>	<b>Amounts</b>
2001	\$ 93,192
2002	93,192
2003	93,192
2004	93,192
2005	93,192
Later years	209,682
Total minimum payments received	<u>\$ 675,642</u>

Total Payments Remaining	\$675,642
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(138,019)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$537,623

#### 17. Statutory Reserves

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. The District is also required to set aside money for budget stabilization. Set-aside requirements for fiscal year 2000 are as follows:

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization	Totals
Set-Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 1999 Current Year Set-Aside Requirements	\$ - 431,691	\$ - 431,691	\$231,992 47,999	\$ 231,992 911,381
Additional Set-Aside Qualifying Disbursements	(484,312)	(431,691)	103,701	103,701 (916,003)
Total Cash Balance Carried Forward to Fund Fiscal Year 2001	\$ (52,621) \$ 52,621	<u>\$ -</u> \$ -	\$383,692 \$103,701	\$331,071 \$156,332
Amount Restricted for Budget	¢	<u> </u>	\$270.001	\$270,001
Stabilization	<b>5</b> -	<u> </u>	<u>\$279,991</u>	<u>\$279,991</u>

#### 18. Contractual Commitments

As of June 30, 2000 the District had contractual commitments for the following projects:

	Contractual		Balance
	Commitment	<b>Expended</b>	06/30/00
School Improvement	\$ 4,993,800	\$ 304,346	\$4,689,454

#### LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY

### SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

FEDERAL GRANTOR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR PROGRAM TITLE	PASS THROUGH ENTITY NUMBER	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	NON-CASH RECEIPTS RECEIPTS		EXPENDITURES	NON-CASH EXPENDITURES		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education								
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1S199 C1S100	84.010	\$ 124,91	0 \$ 4	0	\$ 30,637 110,273	\$	0
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			124,91	4		140,910		
Title VI-B - Special Education - Grants to States	6BSF99 6BSF00	84.027	168,01	5		7,863 165,923		
Total Title VI-B - Special Education - Grants to States	000100		168,01			173,786		
Total Title VI-R - Class Size Reduction	CRS100	84.340	19,22	5		25,540		
Total Title VI-R - Class Size Reduction			19,22	5		25,540		
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	DRS199 DRS100	84.186	14,88	0		1,775 11,381		
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants			14,88			13,156		
Goals 2000 - State and Local Education Systemic Improvement Grants	G2SP98C G2S299	84.276	33,00 69,00			63,377 76,751		
Total Goals 2000 - State and Local Education Systemic Improvement Grants	020200		102,00			140,128		
Innovative Education Program Strategies	C2S199 C2S199C C2S100	84.298	2,37 5,45			1,252 1,793 1,334		
Total Innovative Education Program Strategies			7,82	3		4,379		
Total U.S. Department of Education			436,85	7		497,899		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster:								
Food Distribution Program National School Lunch Program	N/A N/A	10.550 10.555	83,58	1	37,713	83,581		32,639
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Clus	ter		83,58	1	37,713	83,581		32,639
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 520,43	8 \$	37,713	\$ 581,480	\$	32,639

### LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with state grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2000, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.



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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Lake Local School District Stark County 12077 Lisa Avenue, NW Hartville, Ohio 44632

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Lake Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 11, 2000.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 11, 2000.

Lake Local School District
Stark County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on
Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 11, 2000



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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Lake Local School District Stark County 12077 Lisa Avenue, NW Hartville, Ohio 44632

To the Board of Education:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Lake Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000.

Lake Local School District
Stark County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 11, 2000

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505

#### LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY JUNE 30, 2000

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title VI-B CFDA #84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Lake Local School District Stark County Schedule of Findings Page 2

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS	

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



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### LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 16, 2001