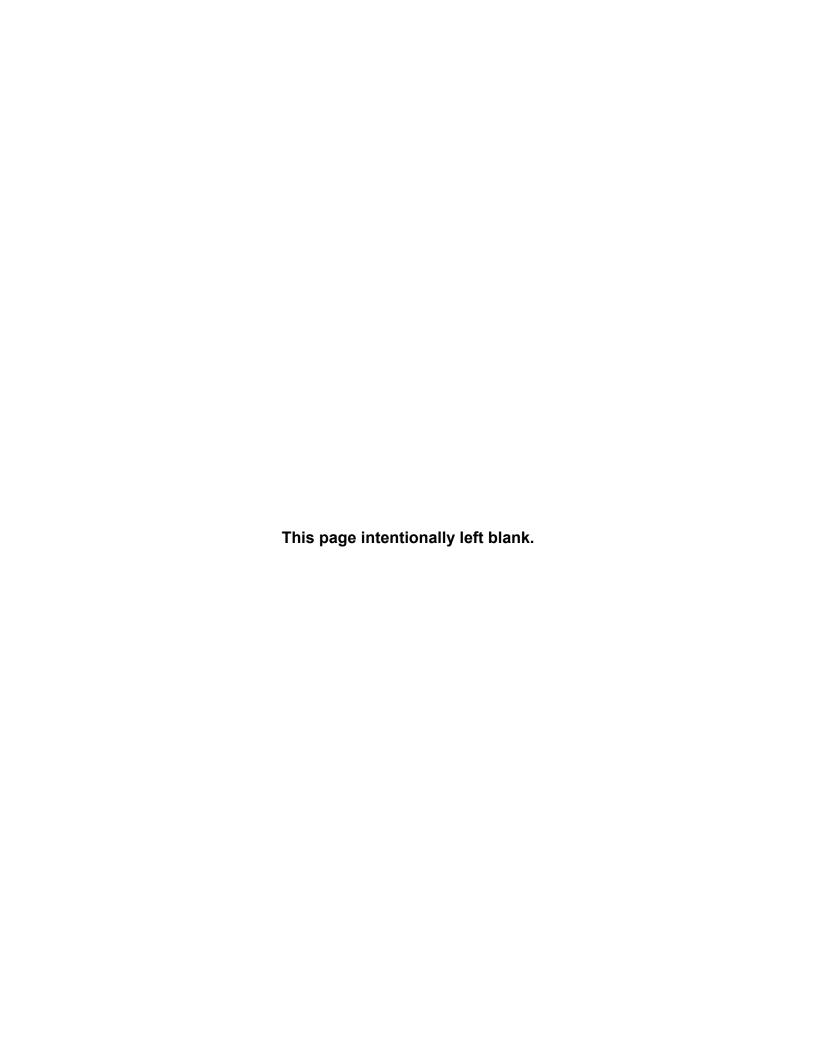




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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Village of Batavia Clermont County 389 East Main Street Batavia, Ohio 45103

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Batavia, Clermont County, Ohio (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of the Village as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 9, 2004 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Village of Batavia Clermont County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Betty Montgomery

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management, Village Council and other officials authorized to receive this report under § 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

August 9, 2004

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

		<u>Governmental</u>	Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	Totala
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts: Property Tax and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Receipts Charges for Services Fines, Licenses, and Permits Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	\$57,006 113,118 7,285 16,974 3,245	\$24,831 124,826 100 1,554	\$0	\$0 197,300	\$634,072 15	\$715,909 435,244 7,285 17,074 4,799
Total Cash Receipts	197,636	151,311	0	197,300	634,087	1,180,334
Cash Disbursements: Current: Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services Transportation General Government Debt Service:	250,544 15,962 446 163,374	9,708 878 183,850			14,744	260,252 16,840 184,296 178,118
Principal Payments Capital Outlay	6,574	11,360	32,000	989,460		32,000 1,007,394
Total Cash Disbursements	436,900	205,796	32,000	989,460	14,744	1,678,900
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(239,264)	(54,485)	(32,000)	(792,160)	619,343	(498,566)
Other Financing Receipts and (Disbursements): Sale of Notes Loan Proceeds Sale of Fixed Assets Other Financing Sources Other Financing Uses Transfers-In Transfers-Out	185 187,047	3,150 69,167	58,181	285,000 100,000 27,472 (20,060) 314,395	(11,396) (628,790)	285,000 100,000 3,150 27,657 (31,456) 628,790 (628,790)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	187,232	72,317	58,181	706,807	(640,186)	384,351
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements	(52,032)	17,832	26,181	(85,353)	(20,843)	(114,215)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	167,389	137,005	36,921	489,463	43,009	873,787
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	<u>\$115.357</u>	\$154.837	\$63.102	\$404.110	\$22.166	\$759.572
Reserves for Encumbrances, December 31	\$1,340	\$404	\$0	\$242,181	\$0	\$243,925

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$603,102 4,765
Total Operating Cash Receipts	607,867
Operating Cash Disbursements: Personal Services Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Capital Outlay	120,354 312,476 84,022 36,052
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	552,904
Operating Income	54,963
Non-Operating Cash Receipts: Other Non-Operating Receipts	7,569
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts	7,569
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:  Debt Service Other Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	51,020 2,750
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	53,770
Net Receipts Over Disbursements	8,762
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	218,206
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	<u>\$226,968</u>
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$4,557

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types			Fiduciary Fund Type		
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts: Property Tax and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Receipts Charges for Services Fines, Licenses, and Permits Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	\$53,080 139,904 7,745 20,814 6,896 3,671	\$22,418 113,881 328 1,610 65	\$2,875 288	\$0	\$660,372	\$738,745 254,073 7,745 21,142 8,506 3,736
Total Cash Receipts	232,110	138,302	3,163	0	660,372	1,033,947
Cash Disbursements: Current: Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services Transportation General Government Debt Service:	263,734 8,923 925 156,592	6,206 182,525			13,785	269,940 8,923 183,450 170,377
Principal Payments Interest Payments Capital Outlay	9,404	7,700	61,000 719	20,140		61,000 719 37,244
Total Cash Disbursements	439,578	196,431	61,719	20,140	13,785	731,653
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(207,468)	(58,129)	(58,556)	(20,140)	646,587	302,294
Other Financing Receipts and (Disbursements): Sale of Fixed Assets Other Financing Sources Other Financing Uses Transfers-In Transfers-Out Advances-Out	174,581 (35,000)	166 66,220	60,200	10,564 (167) 301,002	(11,542) (602,003)	166 10,564 (11,709) 602,003 (602,003) (35,000)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	139,581	66,386	60,200	311,399	(613,545)	(35,979)
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements Fund Cash Balances, January 1, restated - see Note 2	(67,887) 235,276	8,257 128,748	1,644 35,277	291,259 198,204	33,042 9,967	266,315 607,472
, , ,						
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$167.389	\$137.005	\$36.921	\$489.463	\$43.009	\$873.787
Reserves for Encumbrances, December 31	\$1.674	\$73	\$0	\$62.500	\$200	\$64.447

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND, CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$599,480
Total Operating Cash Receipts	599,480
Operating Cash Disbursements: Personal Services Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Capital Outlay	106,542 343,262 66,464 9,398
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	525,666
Operating Income/(Loss)	73,814
Non-Operating Cash Receipts: Proceeds from Bonds Other Non-Operating Receipts	550,000 27,720
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts	577,720
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements: Debt Service Other Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	672,717 2,713
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	675,430
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements Before Interfund Transfers and Advances	(23,896)
Advances-In	35,000
Net Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	11,104
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, restated - see Note 2	207,102
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$218,206
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$62.196

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of the Entity

The Village of Batavia, Clermont County, Ohio (the Village), is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council. The Village provides water and sewer utilities and police services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable, except debt service funds maintained by outside custodians are not included in these financial statements. Assets held by custodians are described in Note 11 to the financial statements.

#### **B.** Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

#### C. Cash and Deposits

Village funds are deposited in a public funds checking account with a local commercial bank.

#### D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

Street II Fund - This fund receives a portion of the income tax receipts that are set aside for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3. Debt Service Fund

These funds are used to accumulate resources for the payment of bonds and note indebtedness. The Village had the following significant debt service fund:

Water Debt Fund – This fund was created by a Village ordinance and is used for the payments due to Clermont County as a result of a court settlement. (as further described in Note 8) The fund receives 10% of the income tax receipts for a fiscal year.

#### 4. Capital Project Funds

These funds are used to account for receipts that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Village had the following significant capital project funds:

Third Street Fund – This fund receives OPWC monies for the Third Street Project.

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund receives local income tax monies and note proceeds for Village capital improvements.

#### 5. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

#### 6. Fiduciary Funds (Expendable Trust Fund)

Trust funds are used to account for resources restricted by legally binding trust agreements. If the agreement requires the Village to maintain the corpus of the trust, the fund is classified as a nonexpendable trust fund. Other trust funds are classified as expendable. The Village had the following significant fiduciary fund:

Local Income Tax Fund – This expendable trust fund receives proceeds from the Village residents and transfers these proceeds to various funds for street improvements and general expenditures.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Village did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law. The budgetary presentations have been adjusted to include material items that should have been encumbered.

A summary of 2003 and 2002 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

#### F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

#### G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Village's basis of accounting.

#### 2. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

The fund balance of the Debt Service and Enterprise funds were restated from amounts previously reported regarding the classification of the Village's Water Debt fund. The Water Debt fund should be classified as a Debt Service fund. The restatement resulted in changes to balances reported at December 31, 2001 as follows:

Dobt Convice Fund

Enterprise Funda

	Debt Service Fund	Enterprise Funds
Fund Balance December 31, 2001 (as reported)	\$23,687	\$218,692
Restatement	<u>11,590</u>	<u>(11,590)</u>
Fund Balance December 31, 2001 (as restated)	\$ <u>35,277</u>	\$207,102

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 3. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND DEPOSITS

The Village maintains a cash pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2003	2002
Demand deposits	\$986,540	\$1,091,993

**Deposits:** Deposits are either (1) insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or (2) collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Village.

#### 4. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2003 and 2002 follows:

2003 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts				
	Budgeted	Actual		
	Estimated			
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$414,160	\$384,868	(\$29,292)	
Special Revenue	202,200	223,628	21,428	
Debt Service	40,000	58,181	18,181	
Capital Projects	792,300	924,167	131,867	
Enterprise	629,500	615,436	(14,064)	
Fiduciary	635,000	634,087	(913)	
Total	\$2,713,160	\$2,840,367	\$127,207	

2003 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures				
	Appropriation	Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance	
General	\$474,084	\$438,240	\$35,844	
Special Revenue	249,958	206,200	43,758	
Debt Service	32,000	32,000	0	
Capital Projects	1,315,740	1,251,701	64,039	
Enterprise	737,014	611,232	125,782	
Fiduciary	600,363	654,930	(54,567)	
Total	\$3,409,159	\$3,194,303	\$214,856	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 4. **BUDGETARY ACTIVITY (Continued)**

2002 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$430,873	\$406,691	(\$24,182)
Special Revenue	203,700	204,688	988
Debt Service	67,880	63,363	(4,517)
Capital Projects	444,000	311,566	(132,434)
Enterprise	1,313,810	1,177,200	(136,610)
Fiduciary	645,000	660,372	15,372
Total	\$3,105,263	\$2,823,880	(\$281,383)

2002 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Appropriation	Budgetary	
Authority	Expenditures	Variance
\$538,891	\$441,252	\$97,639
264,157	196,504	67,653
69,000	61,719	7,281
468,000	82,807	385,193
1,465,604	1,263,290	202,314
645,000	627,530	17,470
\$3,450,652	\$2,673,102	\$777,550
	Authority \$538,891 264,157 69,000 468,000 1,465,604 645,000	Authority         Expenditures           \$538,891         \$441,252           264,157         196,504           69,000         61,719           468,000         82,807           1,465,604         1,263,290           645,000         627,530

#### 5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payments, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 6. LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

#### 7. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2003 was as follows:

Principal	Interest Rate
\$520,000	2.65 - 5.25%
285,000	2.05%
100,000	0%
\$905,000	
	\$520,000 285,000 100,000

The Sewer Mortgage Revenue Bonds were issued in July, 2002 as a result of the 1992 Mortgage Revenue Bonds being defeased. The bonds were issued for the improvement of the Village sewer system. The bonds will mature in 2017.

The Sewer Special Assessment Bond Anticipation Note was issued September 18, 2003, for the purpose of improving the Village Sewer System. The Note will mature on September 17, 2004. The note is collateralized by water and sewer receipts.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan relates to a waterline addition. The OPWC has approved a \$100,000 loan to the Village for this project. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$2,500 over 20 years. The loan is collateralized by water and sewer receipts.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

		Sewer	
		Mortgage	Sewer Bond
		Revenue	Anticipation
	OPWC Loan	Bond	Note
Year ending December 31:			
2004	\$2,500	\$53,513	\$290,826
2005	5,000	52,688	
2006	5,000	51,713	
2007	5,000	50,663	
2008	5,000	54,523	
2009-2013	25,000	259,835	
2014-2018	25,000	204,413	
2019-2023	25,000		
2024	2,500		
Total	\$100,000	\$727,345	\$290,826

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 7. DEBT (Continued)

In addition to the debt described above, the Village has defeased certain debt issues from prior years. Debt principal outstanding at December 31, 2003 was \$447,000, which includes the principal balance of \$385,000 of the Sewer Mortgage Revenue Bonds defeased in 2002. Assets accumulated to retire this debt are held by a trustee, and are not included in the assets disclosed in Note 3.

The Village paid off two leases in fiscal year 2003. These leases consisted of a police cruiser and an International truck. Currently, the Village leases a dump truck. The original cost of the dump truck was \$31,054. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2003.

Year Ending December 31	Capital Lease
2004	\$17,140
2005	<u> 17,140</u>
Minimum Lease Payments	34,280
Less: Amount represent interest at the Village's	(3,226)
incremental borrowing rate of interest	
Present Value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$31,054</u>

#### 8. COURT SETTLEMENT

The Village entered into judgment with the Clermont County Board of Commissioners on November 12, 2001. Per this judgment, the Village shall pay the County an amount of \$8,000 quarterly commencing on January 1, 2002 until the judgment is paid in full. As of December 31, 2003, the Village owed the County \$ 247,626, which represents payment for the system capacity charge for connection to the County's water system and attorney fees incurred by the County during the underlying litigation.

#### 9. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Village's law enforcement officers belong to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Funds (OP&F). Other full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. OP&F and PERS are cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans. These plans provide retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2003 and 2002, OP&F participants contributed 10% of their wages. The Village contributed an amount equal to 19.5% of police participant and 24% of fire participant wages. PERS members contributed 8.5% of their wages. The Village contributed an amount equal to 13.55% of participants' gross salaries for 2003 and 2002. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2003.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 10. RISK POOL MEMBERSHIP

The Government belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

#### Casualty Coverage

PEP retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per claim, including loss adjustment expenses. PEP pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000 up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000 from the General Reinsurance Corporation.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP covers PEP losses up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

#### **Property Coverage**

PEP retains property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss with an annual aggregate of \$1,250,000 for 2002. There is no aggregate for 2003 and future accident years. Beginning in 2003, PEP retains property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures losses exceeding \$100,000. APEEP's Guarantee Fund pays losses and loss adjustment expenses exceeding operating contributions.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

#### Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31.

Casualty Coverage	<u>2003</u>	2002
Assets	\$25,288,098	\$20,174,977
Liabilities	(12,872,985)	(8,550,749)
Retained earnings	<u>\$12,415,113</u>	<u>\$11,624,228</u>
Property Coverage	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Assets	\$3,158,813	\$2,565,408
Liabilities	(792,061)	<u>(655,318)</u>
Retained earnings	<u>\$2,366,752</u>	<u>\$1,910,090</u>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 11. DEBT SERVICE TRUSTEED FUNDS

The Sewer Plant Expansion trust agreement required the Village to establish a debt service fund to be maintained by a custodian bank. The Village has established this fund. At December 31, 2003, the custodian held \$87,366 in Village assets. These assets, and the related receipts and disbursements, are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

As disclosed in Note 7, the Village has also defeased the Waterworks Plant Expansion 1967 bonds. At December 31, 2003, the custodian held \$111,319 in Village assets to retire the 1967 bonds.

#### 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Village adopted ordinance 1038-04 on August 2, 2004 providing for the issuance and sale of Sewer Improvement Special Assessment Bonds, not to exceed \$310,000. The purpose of these bonds is to finance the Clark/Glen/Ely Sewer Improvement project.

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### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Batavia Clermont County 389 East Main Street Batavia. Ohio 45103

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Batavia, Clermont County, Ohio (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of finding as item 2003-001. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated August 9, 2004

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated August 9, 2004

Village of Batavia Clermont County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management and Village Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

August 9, 2004

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDING DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

### FINDING RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2003-001**

#### Noncompliance citation

Ohio Rev. Code, Section 5705.41(D)(1), prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Village can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Village has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 (\$1,000 prior to April 7, 2003) may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Village.

- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. (Prior to September 26, 2003, blanket certificates were limited to \$5,000 and three months.) The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Village may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

Village of Batavia Clermont County Schedule of Finding Page 2

## FINDING RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

### FINDING NUMBER 2003-001 (Continued)

The Village did not certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitment for 21% of the expenditures tested and there was no evidence that the Village followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is required by statute to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To help reduce the possibility of the Village's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend the Clerk-Treasurer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Village. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used. The fiscal officer should sign the certification at the time the Village incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The fiscal officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

The Village has adjusted its financial statements to include significant obligations outstanding at year end that should have been certified as of December 31, 2003 and 2002.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2003

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid;
Number	Summary	Corrected?	Explain:
2001-30413-001	Expenditures exceeded appropriations	No	Partially Corrected; Repeated as a citation in the 2003-2002 management letter.



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#### **VILLAGE OF BATAVIA**

#### **CLERMONT COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 5, 2004