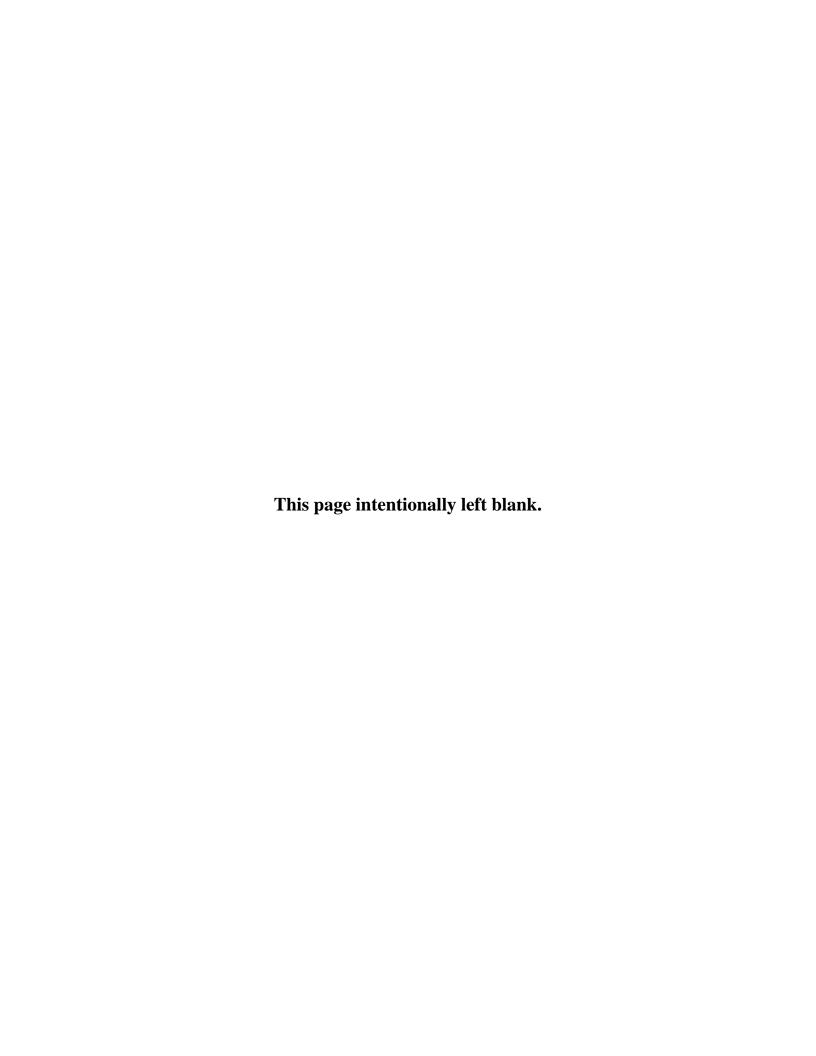




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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Village of Tontogany Wood County 18545 Main Street, P.O. Box 238 Tontogany, Ohio 43565-0238

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Tontogany, Wood County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of the Village as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

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Village of Tontogany Wood County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2004 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Village Council, and other officials authorized to receive this report under § 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Betty Montgomeny

October 21, 2004

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Gover	nmental Fund	Types	Fiduciary Fund Type	T-4-1
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts: Property Tax and Other Local Taxes Special Assessments Intergovernmental Receipts Fines, Licenses, and Permits Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	\$ 4,825 21,485 1,134 6,052 1,959	\$ 2,612 14,987 488		\$ 51,610	\$ 56,435 2,612 36,472 1,134 6,540 1,959
Total Cash Receipts	35,455	18,087		51,610	105,152
Cash Disbursements: Current:	20.122	770			20.002
Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services Leisure Time Activities Community Environment Basic Utility Services	20,133 253 6,934 1,480 4,833	770			20,903 253 6,934 1,480 4,833
Transportation General Government Capital Outlay	7,066 23,727 9,712	2,468		5,346	9,534 29,073 9,712
Total Cash Disbursements	74,138	3,238		5,346	82,722
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(38,683)	14,849		46,264	22,430
Other Financing Receipts and (Disbursements): Transfers-In Other Financing Sources Transfers-Out Other Financing Uses	52,730 2,415			(40,000) (2,274)	52,730 2,415 (40,000) (2,274)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	55,145			(42,274)	12,871
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over Cash Disbursements					
and Other Financing Disbursements	16,462	14,849		3,990	35,301
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	237,023	67,942	\$ 11,559	908	317,432
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 253,485	\$ 82,791	\$ 11,559	\$ 4,898	\$ 352,733

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services	\$ 286,099
Total Operating Cash Receipts	286,099
Operating Cash Disbursements: Personal Services Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Capital Outlay	13,857 250,276 6,194 7,061
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	277,388
Operating Income	8,711
Non-Operating Cash Receipts: Other Non-Operating Receipts	1,310
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts	1,310
<b>Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:</b> Transfers-Out	12,730
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	12,730
Net Disbursements Over Receipts	(2,709)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	429,875
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 427,166

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Gover	nmental Fund	Types	Fiduciary Fund Type	Totals
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	(Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts: Property Tax and Other Local Taxes Special Assessments Intergovernmental Receipts Fines, Licenses, and Permits Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	\$ 4,389 12,048 5,440 8,954 1,397	\$ 2,546 13,035 497		\$ 47,708	\$ 52,097 2,546 25,083 5,440 9,451 1,397
Total Cash Receipts	32,228	16,078		47,708	96,014
Cash Disbursements:					
Current: Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services Leisure Time Activities Community Environment Basic Utility Services	18,638 251 7,073 1,430 4,640	759			19,397 251 7,073 1,430 4,640
Transportation General Government	2,522 22,678	2,957		4,746	5,479 27,424
Capital Outlay	4,206	1,565			5,771
Total Cash Disbursements	61,438	5,281		4,746	71,465
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(29,210)	10,797		42,962	24,549
Other Financing Receipts and (Disbursements): Transfers-In Other Financing Sources Transfers-Out Other Financing Uses	54,608 43			(42,000) (2,094)	54,608 43 (42,000) (2,094)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	54,651			(44,094)	10,557
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements	25,441	10,797		(1,132)	35,106
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	211,582	57,145	\$ 11,559	2,040	282,326
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 237,023	\$ 67,942	\$ 11,559	\$ 908	\$ 317,432

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	E	nterprise
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services	\$	310,767
Total Operating Cash Receipts		310,767
Operating Cash Disbursements: Personal Services Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Capital Outlay		14,522 263,816 2,285 15,369
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		295,992
Operating Income		14,775
Non-Operating Cash Receipts: Miscellaneous Other Non-Operating Receipts  Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts		425 101 526
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements: Transfers-Out		12,608
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements		12,608
Net Receipts Over Disbursements		2,693
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		427,182
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	429,875

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of the Entity

The Village of Tontogany, Wood County, (the Village) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council. The Village provides water and electric utilities and park operations. The Village contracts with the Wood County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable

#### **B.** Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

#### C. Cash

Certificates of deposit are valued at cost.

#### D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

<u>Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund</u> -This fund receives permissive motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

<u>Special Assessment Street Lighting Fund</u> -This fund is used to account for the financing of street lighting services for Village residents against which special assessments are levied.

#### 3. Capital Project Funds

These funds are used to account for receipts that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Village had the following significant capital project fund:

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> - This fund receives monies transferred from the General fund to be used for capital improvements.

#### 4. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

<u>Electric Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 5. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)

Trust funds are used to account for resources restricted by legally binding trust agreements. If the agreement requires the Village to maintain the corpus of the trust, the fund is classified as a nonexpendable trust fund. Other trust funds are classified as expendable. The Village had the following significant fiduciary fund:

<u>Income Tax Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for local self-assessed taxes on Village residents.

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are cancelled and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2003 and 2002 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

## F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

# 2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The Village maintains a cash and investments pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	2003	2002
Demand deposits	\$ 279,899	\$ 247,307
Certificates of deposit	500,000	 500,000
Total deposits	\$ 779,899	\$ 747,307

Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2003 and 2002 follows:

2003 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	В	udgeted		Actual		
Fund Type	F	Receipts	F	Receipts	V	/ariance
General	\$	72,684	\$	90,600	\$	17,916
Special Revenue		15,700		18,087		2,387
Capital Projects						
Enterprise		320,000		287,409		(32,591)
Fiduciary		45,000		51,610		6,610
Total	\$	453,384	\$	447,706	\$	(5,678)
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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

2003 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	propriation	В	udgetary		
Fund Type	A	uthority	Exp	penditures	7	Variance Variance
General	\$	95,689	\$	74,138	\$	21,551
Special Revenue		53,503		3,238		50,265
Capital Projects		1,559				1,559
Enterprise		330,497		290,118		40,379
Fiduciary		48,000		47,620		380
Total	\$	529,248	\$	415,114	\$	114,134

2002 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	udgeted		Actual		
R	eceipts	F	Receipts	V	ariance
\$	77,870	\$	86,879	\$	9,009
	16,200		16,078		(122)
	295,425		311,293		15,868
	50,000		47,708		(2,292)
\$	439,495	\$	461,958	\$	22,463
		16,200 295,425 50,000	\$ 77,870 \$ 16,200 \$ 295,425 50,000	\$ 77,870 \$ 86,879 16,200 16,078 295,425 311,293 50,000 47,708	\$ 77,870 \$ 86,879 \$ 16,200 16,078 \$ 295,425 311,293 50,000 47,708

2002 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	propriation	В	udgetary		
Fund Type	A	uthority	Exp	penditures	V	ariance
General	\$	73,910	\$	61,438	\$	12,472
Special Revenue		16,521		5,281		11,240
Capital Projects						
Enterprise		329,609		308,600		21,009
Fiduciary		50,250		48,840		1,410
Total	\$	470,290	\$	424,159	\$	46,131

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payments, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### 5. LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

#### 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Village's officials belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2003 and 2002, members of OPERS contributed 8.5 percent of their wages. The Village contributed an amount equal to 13.55 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2003.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

#### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

#### **Risk Pool Membership**

The Village belongs to the Ohio Municipal Joint Self-Insurance Pool, (the Pool), an unincorporated non-profit association available to municipal corporations and their instrumentalities. The Pool is a separate legal entity per § 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Pool provides property and casualty insurance for its members. The Pool pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting for covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

The Pool cedes certain premiums to reinsurers or excess reinsurers. The Pool is contingently liable should any reinsurer be unable to meet its reinsurance obligations.

The Pool's financial statements (audited by other auditors) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained deficit at December 31, 2003 and 2002.

		2002
	2003	(Restated)
Assets	\$ 1,811,340	\$ 1,852,060
Liabilities	(3,653,152)	(3,858,213)
Retained deficit	\$ (1,841,812)	\$ (2,006,153)

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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Tontogany Wood County 18545 Main Street, P.O. Box 238 Tontogany, Ohio 43565-0238

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Tontogany, Wood County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of noncompliance that we have reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated October 21, 2004.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose

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Village of Tontogany Wood County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted a matter involving the internal control over financial reporting that does not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated October 21, 2004.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and Village Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

**Betty Montgomery** 

Betty Montgomeny

Auditor of State

October 21, 2004



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Facsimile 614-466-4490

# VILLAGE OF TONTOGANY WOOD COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 14, 2004