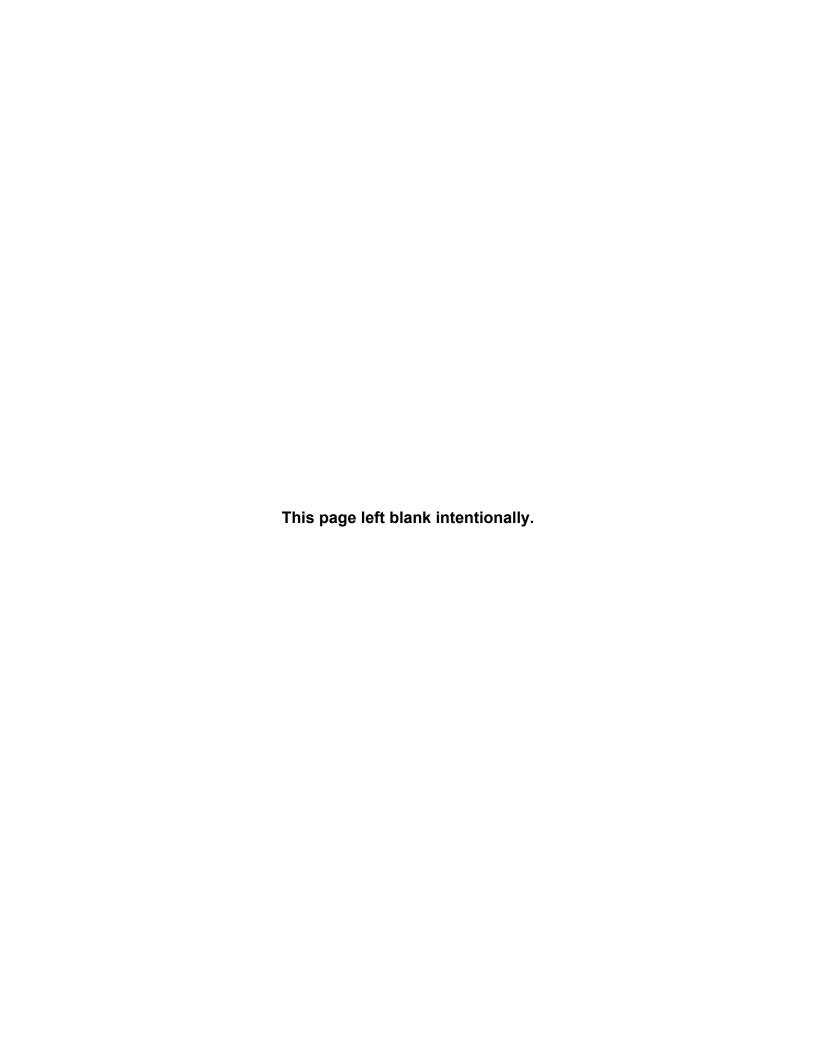




WELLSTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT JACKSON COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

IIICE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Managements' Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - All Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of Total Government Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	14
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Budget-Basis) – General Fund	17
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Fund	18
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	19
Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	43
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	45
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required By Government Auditing Standards	47
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.	49
Schedule of Findings - OMB Circular A-133 §.505	
Schedule of Prior Findings - OMB Circular A-133 §.315(b)	55





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Wellston City School District Jackson County 1 East Broadway Street Wellston, Ohio 45692

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wellston City School District, Jackson County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wellston City School District, Jackson County, as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended June 30, 2003, the School District implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Also, as mentioned in Note 3, during the year ended June 30, 2003, the Educational Service Center adopted Governmental Accounting Statements 37 and 38 and Interpretation 6.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 4, 2004 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

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Wellston City School District Jackson County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Managements' Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

February 4, 2004

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Wellston City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2003 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$397,880.
- General revenues accounted for \$11,347,328 or 77% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest accounted for \$3,463,177 or 23% of total revenues of \$14,810,505.
- Total assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,128,405 as cash decreased \$2,186,402, taxes receivable decreased \$284,671 due to deregulation, intergovernmental receivables decreased \$1,271,311, and capital assets increased \$2,538,159. The decrease in taxes receivable is offset, somewhat, by increased state foundation monies and "hold harmless" deregulation monies.
- The School District had \$14,412,625 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,463,177 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest. General revenues of \$11,347,328 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District only has two major funds; the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund. The General Fund had \$11,418,073 in revenues and \$11,451,158 in expenditures. The General Fund's balance decreased \$60,361. The Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund had \$1,326,888 in revenues and \$2,642,091 in expenditures. The Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund's balance decreased by \$1,315,203.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Wellston City School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of New Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2003?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 6. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multiple of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2003 compared to 2002.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	2003	2002	
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$13,066,232	\$16,732,796	
Capital Assets	37,003,184	34,465,025	
Total Assets	50,069,416	51,197,821	
Liabilities			
Long-term Liabilities	4,046,100	4,475,742	
Other Liabilities	5,223,724	6,320,367	
Total Liabilities	9,269,824	10,796,109	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	33,693,184	30,975,545	
Restricted	3,859,218	6,135,603	
Unrestricted	3,247,190	3,290,564	
Total Net Assets	\$40,799,592	\$40,401,712	

Total assets decreased \$1,128,405. The decrease is primarily due to the decrease of cash and cash equivalents and taxes receivable.

The total liabilities decrease of \$1,526,285 is due to decreases in accounts payable, contracts payable, and compensated absences payable. The decrease in accounts and contracts payable is due primarily to the effective completion of the school facilities construction progress. The decrease in compensated absences payable is due to the retirement of long-term employees in fiscal year 2003.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Since this is the first year Wellston City Schools has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement 34, revenue and expense comparisons to fiscal year 2002 are not available. In future years, when prior year information is available, a comparative analysis of government-wide data will be presented.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities
	2003
Revenues	
Program Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$412,778
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	2,961,908
Capital Grants and Contributions	88,491
Total Program Revenues	3,463,177
General Revenues	
Property Taxes	2,701,810
Grants and Entitlements	8,341,924
Investment Earnings	85,994
Contributions and Donations	891
Miscellaneous	148,559
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	68,150
Total General Revenues	11,347,328
Total Revenues	14,810,505
Program Expenses	
Instruction:	
Regular	6,266,159
Special	2,060,346
Vocational	286,886
Adult/Continuing	4,631
Support Services:	
Pupils	650,596
Instructional Staff	1,087,079
Board of Education	351,075
Administration	1,059,020
Fiscal	344,326
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	769,905
Pupil Transportation	633,620
Central	93,043
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	98,290
Food Service Operations	267,942
Extracurricular Activities	270,899
Interest and Fiscal Charges	168,808
Total Expenses	14,412,625
Increase in Net Assets	\$397,880

Over the past several years, the School District has remained in good financial position. The School District added several staff members to accommodate the new school facilities and additional instructional programs. The combined salaries and benefits as well as supplies have increased the expenses. The expenses for the Wellston City School District have increased without the offset of an increase in revenues. The cash balance carryover has declined as the School District has implemented these new programs and opened the new facilities. The School District has also seen a large percentage increase in all types of insurance.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements. Comparisons to 2002 have not been made since they are not available.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services
	2003	2003
Program Expenses		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$6,266,159	\$5,339,333
Special	2,060,346	1,020,051
Vocational	286,886	286,886
Adult/Continuing	4,631	4,631
Support Services:		
Pupils	650,596	542,841
Instructional Staff	1,087,079	746,023
Board of Education	351,075	349,765
Administration	1,059,020	959,165
Fiscal	344,326	336,230
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	769,905	720,328
Pupil Transportation	633,620	534,225
Central	93,043	91,723
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	98,290	51,826
Food Service Operations	267,942	(346,593)
Extracurricular Activities	270,899	144,206
Interest and Fiscal Charges	168,808	168,808
Total	\$14,412,625	\$10,949,448

The dependence upon tax revenues and state subsidies for governmental activities is apparent. 77% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$16,077,425 and expenditures of \$17,372,276.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2003, the School District amended its General Fund budget, but not significantly. The School District uses a modified site-based budgeting technique which is designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, budget basis revenue was \$11,133,611, below original estimates of \$11,717,181. Of this \$583,570 difference, most were due to inflated tax and intergovernmental estimates, based on the County Auditor's Certification and the State's budget reduction.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

The School District's ending unobligated General Fund balance was \$4,439,139.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2003, the School District had \$37,003,184 invested in land, buildings, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and construction in progress. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2003 balances compared to 2002.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	2003 2002		
Land and Land Improvements	\$313,189	\$343,308	
Buildings and Improvements	33,075,357	982,956	
Furniture and Equipment	1,997,258	857,531	
Vehicles	543,264	424,284	
Textbooks	1,074,116	456,963	
Construction in Progress	0	31,399,983	
Totals	\$37,003,184	\$34,465,025	

During fiscal year 1999, voters of the School District passed a bond issue in the amount of \$3,656,000 as a result of the School District being approved for a \$31,072,412 school facilities loan through the State Department of Education for the additions to the elementary school, and the construction of a new middle and high school. For additional information on capital assets, see note 10 to the financial statements.

Debt

At June 30, 2003, the School District had general obligation bonds outstanding of \$3,300,000 and \$10,000 in energy conservation notes. The notes were issued for energy conservation improvements. For additional information on debt, see note 14 to the basic financial statements.

CURRENT ISSUES

As the preceding information shows, the School District depends upon its taxpayers. Although the Wellston School District must tighten spending to better bring expenditures in line with revenues, and carefully watch financial planning until a plan of action can be taken. One of the concerns the School District will be faced with in future fiscal years is the continued decrease in revenue in personal property taxes due to deregulation.

CONTRACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Brenda Hill, Treasurer at Wellston City School District, One East Broadway Street, Wellston, Ohio 45692.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$8,577,632
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	572,729
Property Taxes Receivable	3,066,276
Accounts Receivable	87,417
Intergovernmental Receivable	602,014
Prepaid Items	144,542
Materials and Supplies Inventory	15,622
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	313,189
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	36,689,995
Total Assets	50,069,416
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	79,265
Contracts Payable	659,990
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,136,646
Retainage Payable	563,811
Accrued Interest Payable	10,752
Vacation Benefits Payable	21,005
Deferred Revenue	2,309,960
Intergovernmental Payable	442,295
Long-Term Liabilities:	,
Due within One Year	175,182
Due in More than One Year	3,870,918
Total Liabilities	9,269,824
	· · · · · ·
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	33,693,184
Restricted for:	
Other Purposes	1,785,112
Bus Purchases	397,851
Budget Stabilization	56,688
Debt Service	413,556
Capital Projects	1,206,011
Unrestricted	3,247,190
Total Net Assets	\$40,799,592

Wellston City School District, Ohio Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June, 30, 2003

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
			Operating Grants,	Capital	
	_	Charges for	Contributions	Grants and	Governmental
O	Expenses	Services	and Interest	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction:	00.000.450	000.000	0000 540	00	(#5.000.000)
Regular	\$6,266,159	\$26,308	\$900,518	\$0	(\$5,339,333)
Special	2,060,346	12,722	1,027,573	0	(1,020,051)
Vocational	286,886	0	0	0	(286,886)
Adult/Continuing	4,631	0	0	0	(4,631)
Support Services:					
Pupils	650,596	0	107,755	0	(542,841)
Instructional Staff	1,087,079	162	340,894	0	(746,023)
Board of Education	351,075	0	1,310	0	(349,765)
Administration	1,059,020	8,965	90,890	0	(959,165)
Fiscal	344,326	0	8,096	0	(336,230)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	769,905	5,911	43,666	0	(720,328)
Pupil Transportation	633,620	5,255	5,649	88,491	(534,225)
Central	93,043	0	1,320	0	(91,723)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	98,290	0	46,464	0	(51,826)
Food Service Operations	267,942	235,616	378,919	0	346,593
Extracurricular Activities	270,899	117,839	8,854	0	(144,206)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	168,808	0	0	0	(168,808)
Totals	\$14,412,625	\$412,778	\$2,961,908	\$88,491	(10,949,448)
	General Revenue	es			
	Property Taxes L	evied for:			
	General Puprose				2,117,551
	Capital Outlay				228,038
	Debt Service				310,596
	Other Purposes				45,625
	•	ements not Restri	icted to Specific Progr	ams	8,341,924
	Investment Earnin		to opco 1 10gi	******	85,994
	Contributions and	0			891
	Miscellaneous	Donationo			148,559
	Gain on Sale of C	Capital Assets			68,150
	Total General Re	venues			11,347,328
	Change in Net As	ssets			397,880
	Net Assets at Beg	ginning of Year -	See Note 3		40,401,712
	Net Assets at End	d of Year			\$40,799,592

Wellston City School District, Ohio Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

	General	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,219,913	\$1,300,307	\$2,602,873	\$8,123,093
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0	572,729	0	572,729
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	454,539	0	0	454,539
Taxes	2,370,341	0	695,935	3,066,276
Accounts	87,282	0	135	87,417
Intergovernmental	86,216	252,515	263,283	602,014
Interfund	138,307	0	0	138,307
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	15,622	15,622
Prepaid Items	120,028	0	24,514	144,542
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$7,476,626	\$2,125,551	\$3,602,362	\$13,204,539
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$31,696	\$235	\$47,334	\$79,265
Contracts Payable	28,179	529,881	101,930	659,990
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	933,432	0	203,214	1,136,646
Interfund Payable	0	0	138,307	138,307
Intergovernmental Payable	269,142	0	48,668	317,810
Retainage Payable	0	563,811	0	563,811
Deferred Revenue	2,160,160	252,515	789,125	3,201,800
Total Liabilities	3,422,609	1,346,442	1,328,578	6,097,629
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Encumbrances	219,912	1,132,126	113,604	1,465,642
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	56,688	0	0	56,688
Reserved for Bus Purchases	397,851	0	0	397,851
Reserved for Property Taxes	251,382	0	64,505	315,887
Unreserved, Designated	55,540	0	0	55,540
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:		_		
General Fund	3,072,644	0	0	3,072,644
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	1,662,820	1,662,820
Capital Project Funds (Deficit)	0	(353,017)	94,249	(258,768)
Debt Service Fund	0	0	338,606	338,606
Total Fund Balances	4,054,017	779,109	2,273,784	7,106,910
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$7,476,626	\$2,125,551	\$3,602,362	\$13,204,539

Wellston City School District, Ohio Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2003

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$7,106,910
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		37,003,184
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Property Taxes	440,429	
Grants	448,853	004.040
Miscellaneous Receivables	2,558	891,840
Intergovernmental Payable includes contractually required pension		
contributions which are not expected to be paid with expendable		
available financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(124,485)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
School Construction Bonds	(3,300,000)	
Energy Conservation Loans	(10,000)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(10,752)	
Vacation Benefits Payable	(21,005)	
Sick Leave Benefits Payable	(736,100)	(4,077,857)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$40,799,592

Wellston City School District, Ohio Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Danama	General	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Totals Governmental Funds
Revenues Property Taxes	\$2,180,986	\$0	\$600,538	\$2,781,524
Intergovernmental	8,999,469	1,293,867	2,278,017	12,571,353
Interest	81,861	33,021	11,487	126,369
Charges for Services	0 1,00 1	33,021	270,667	270,667
Tuition and Fees	10,164	0	8,000	18,164
Extracurricular	10,104	0	117,839	117,839
Rent	3,320	0	0	3,320
Gifts and Donations	3,320 891	0	38,509	39,400
Miscellaneous	141,382	0	7,407	148,789
Miscellarieous	141,302	<u> </u>	7,407	140,709
Total Revenues	11,418,073	1,326,888	3,332,464	16,077,425
Expenditures Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	5,370,950	0	627,804	5,998,754
Special	1,331,277	0	491,401	1,822,678
Vocational	250,965	0	0	250,965
Adult/Continuing	4,631	0	0	4,631
Support Services:				
Pupils	526,421	0	103,961	630,382
Instructional Staff	661,253	0	313,886	975,139
Board of Education	350,075	0	1,000	351,075
Administration	945,428	0	97,258	1,042,686
Fiscal	319,857	0	12,335	332,192
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	739,741	0	23,883	763,624
Pupil Transportation	692,146	0	18,993	711,139
Central	87,010	0	1,496	88,506
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	39,820	0	54,252	94,072
Food Service Operations	0	0	653,208	653,208
Extracurricular Activities	131,584	0	113,422	245,006
Capital Outlay	0	2,642,091	428,592	3,070,683
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	0	165,000	165,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	172,536	172,536
Total Expenditures	11,451,158	2,642,091	3,279,027	17,372,276
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(33,085)	(1,315,203)	53,437	(1,294,851)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	68,150	0	0	68,150
Transfers In	0	0	95,426	95,426
Transfers Out	(95,426)	0_	0	(95,426)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(27,276)	0	95,426	68,150
Net Change in Fund Balance	(60,361)	(1,315,203)	148,863	(1,226,701)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 3)	4,114,378	2,094,312	2,124,921	8,333,611
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$4,054,017	\$779,109	\$2,273,784	\$7,106,910

Wellston City School District, Ohio
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(\$1,226,701)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period: Capital Asset Additions Depreciation Expense	4,600,716 (896,135)	3,704,581
The proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the cost of the capital assets is removed from the capital asset account on the statement of net assets and is offset against the proceeds from the sale of capital assets resulting in a gain or loss on disposal of capital assets on the statement of activities. Proceeds from the sale of capital assets Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets	(68,150) (1,098,272)	(1,166,422)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Grants Miscellaneous Receivables Delinquent Taxes	(1,258,218) 2,558 (79,714)	(1,335,374)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		165,000
In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and notes, whereas in governmental funds, interest is expended when due.		3,728
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Intergovernmental Payables Sick Leave Benefits Payable Vacation Benefits Payable	(24,489) 250,474 27,083	253,068
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$397,880

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$2,299,193	\$2,106,823	\$1,999,657	(\$107,166)
Intergovernmental	9,253,623	9,455,485	8,974,546	(480,939)
Interest	84,407	80,612	81,861	1,249
Tuition and Fees	11,503	11,754	11,156	(598)
Rent	3,868	3,950	3,755	(195)
Gits and Donations	919	938	891	(47)
Miscellaneous	63,668	65,059	61,745	(3,314)
Total Revenues	11,717,181	11,724,621	11,133,611	(591,010)
Expenditures Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	6,097,714	5,636,878	5,636,878	0
Special	1,316,078	1,307,711	1,307,711	0
Vocational	272,732	238,683	238,683	0
Adult/Continuing	17,759	4,631	4,631	0
Support Services:	,	,	,	
Pupils	495,377	529,465	529,465	0
Instructional Staff	795,271	660,971	660,971	0
Board of Education	313,928	333,301	333,301	0
Administration	907,845	926,830	926,830	0
Fiscal	332,468	316,886	316,886	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	675,072	751,345	751,345	0
Pupil Transportation	805,462	701,678	701,678	0
Central	93,560	85,966	85,966	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	39,820	39,820	39,820	0
Extracurricular Activities	144,766	124,041	124,041	0
Total Expenditures	12,307,852	11,658,206	11,658,206	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(590,671)	66,415	(524,595)	(591,010)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	68,150	68,150	0
Advances In	0	206,650	166,650	(40,000)
Operating Transfers Out	(99,160)	(95,426)	(95,426)) O
Advances Out	(26,766)	(256,089)	(226,089)	30,000
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(5,951)	(5,951)	(5,951)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(131,877)	(82,666)	(92,666)	(10,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(722,548)	(16,251)	(617,261)	(601,010)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	4,844,987	4,791,337	4,791,337	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	265,063	265,063	265,063	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$4,387,502	\$5,040,149	\$4,439,139	(\$601,010)

Wellston City School District, OhioStatement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Agency Fund June 30, 2003

Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$49,514
Liabilities Due to Students	\$49,514

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Wellston City School District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by state statute and federal guidelines. The School District serves an area of approximately 22 square miles. It is located in Jackson County and includes all of the territory of the City of Wellston, and portions of Coalton Village and Milton Township. It is staffed by 68 classified employees and 131 certified full-time teaching and administrative personnel who provide services to 1,861 students and other community members. The School District currently operates three instructional buildings, one administrative building, a maintenance garage, and a bus garage.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Wellston City School District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool, vocational, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in three jointly governed organizations and an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the Southeast Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium, the Gallia-Jackson-Vinton Joint Vocational School District, the South Eastern Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, which are presented in Notes 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements.

The following activities are included within the reporting entity.

Parochial Schools The Saint Peter and Paul Catholic School operates within the School District boundaries. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. This activity is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary fund.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The funds used by this School District can be classified using two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund The Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund accounts for grant and debt proceeds used for the construction and renovation of the School District's school facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equals liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund, which accounts for student activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities accounts for increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees, and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2003, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2004 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

The School District has a segregated bank account for the retainage monies held separate from the School District's central bank account. This account is presented on the combined balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since they are kept separate from the School District treasury.

During fiscal year 2003, investments were limited to STAROhio. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for at June 30, 2003.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2003 amounted to \$81,861, which includes \$40,267 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented as cash and cash equivalents.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include unexpended revenues restricted for the purchase of buses and amounts required by State statute to be set-aside by the School District for the creation of a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 20 for additional information regarding set-asides.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2003, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expenses is reported in the fiscal year in which the services are consumed.

H. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and donated commodities held for resale.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

I. Capital Assets

All of the School District's capital assets are general capital assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related capital asset. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	50 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	10 years

J. Interfund Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after fifteen years of service.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Long-term loans and bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated on the statement of net assets.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes, bus purchases, and budget stabilization.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents money required to be set-aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Designation of Fund Balance

Designations represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources. The School District has a designation of fund balance on the balance sheet for money set aside for budget stabilization in excess of statutory requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Q. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include activities for food service operations and federal and state grants restricted for specific purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

S. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function and object levels without resolution by the Board.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 3 - Changes in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Fund Balance

Changes in Accounting Principle For fiscal year 2003, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments", GASB Statement No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments: Omnibus", GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", GASB Statement No. 41, "Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Perspective Differences", and GASB Interpretation No. 6 "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements."

GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the School District's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and find financial statements which presents information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column.

The government-wide financial statements split the School District's programs between business-type activities, if any, and governmental activities. The beginning net asset amount for governmental activities reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2002, caused by the reclassification of funds based on the guidance provided in Statement No. 34 and the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

GASB Statement No. 41 allows the presentation of budgetary schedules as required supplementary information based on the fund, organization or program structure that the government uses for its legally adopted budget when significant budgetary perspective differences result in the school district not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the general and each major special revenue fund. This Statement had no effect on the budgetary presentation of the School District for Fiscal Year 2003.

Restatement of Fund Balance It was determined that the Food Service and Uniform School Supply Enterprise Funds should be reclassified as special revenue funds. This restatement and the implementation of Interpretation No. 6 had the following effects on fund balance of the major and nonmajor funds of the School District as they were previously reported. The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is also presented.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	General	Classroom Facilities	Nonmajor	Total
Fund Balances, June 30, 2002	\$4,107,980	\$2,094,312	\$2,007,636	\$8,209,928
Fund Reclassification Intergovernmental Payable Accounts Payable Overstatement Interpretation 6	0 0 0 6,398	0 0 0 0	66,086 15,657 523 35,019	66,086 15,657 523 41,417
Adjusted Fund Balances, June 30, 2002	\$4,114,378	\$2,094,312	\$2,124,921	8,333,611
GASB 34 Adjustments: Capital Assets Pension Obligation Vacation Benefits Payable Accrued Interest Payable Long-Term Liabilities Long-Term (Deferred) Assets				34,465,025 (99,996) (48,088) (14,480) (4,461,574) 2,227,214
Governmental Activities Net Assets, June 30,2002			<u>.</u>	\$40,401,712

	Business-Type Activities
Fund Equity, June 20, 2002 Fund Reclassification	\$102,889 (102,889)
Adjusted Net Assets, June 30, 2002	\$0

Note 4 - Accountability

Fund Deficit

At June 30, 2003, the Handicapped Preschool Special Revenue Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$63 resulting from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	(\$60,361)
Revenue Accruals	(284,462)
Expenditure Accruals	26,846
Prepaid Items:	
Beginning of Year	115,496
End of Year	(120,028)
Advances	(59,439)
Encumbrances	(235,313)
Budget Basis	(\$617,261)

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution. Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held until maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Deposits At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$3,750,730 and the bank balance was \$3,996,692. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$252,357 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$3,744,335 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money have been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counter party's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. STAROhio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Fair
	Value
STAROhio	\$5,449,145

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments and the combined financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

Cach and Cach

	Casii aliu Casii		
	Equivalents/		
	Deposits	Investments	
GASB Statement 9	\$9,199,875	\$0	
STAROhio	(5,449,145)	5,449,145	
GASB Statement 3	\$3,750,730	\$5,449,145	

Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2003 represents collections of calendar year 2002 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2003 were levied after April 1, 2002, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2002, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2003 represents collections of calendar year 2002 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2003 became a lien December 31, 2001, were levied after April 1, 2002 and are collected in 2003 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2003 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2003 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2003 were levied after April 1, 2002, on the value as of December 31, 2002. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Jackson County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2003, are available to finance fiscal year 2003 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2003 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2003, was \$251,382 in the General Fund, \$31,304 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, \$28,458 in the Permanent Improvements Capital Projects Fund, and \$4,743 in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2002, was \$49,377 in the General Fund, \$6,149 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, \$5,590 in the Permanent Improvements Capital Projects Fund, and \$932 in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

Wellston City School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2003 taxes were collected are:

	2002 Second Half Collections		2003 First Half Collections	
Real Property Public Utility Tangible Personal Property Tangible Personal Property	\$70,930,560 7,040,660 19,624,459	72.68% 7.21% 20.11%	\$77,027,580 6,703,110 12,903,138	79.71% 6.94% 13.35%
Total	\$97,595,679	100.00%	\$96,633,828	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation	\$33.3	0	\$27.3	0

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2003, consisted of property taxes, accounts, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected in one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Intergovernmental Receivables	Amounts	
General Fund:		
Community Alternative Funding System	\$63,566	
Miscellaneous	22,650	
Total General Fund	86,216	
Special Revenue Funds:		
School Lunch and Breakfast Program	30,897	
Public Preschool	861	
Title VI-B	33,447	
Title I	156,834	
Innovative Programs	1,302	
Drug Free Schools	2,836	
Handicapped Preschool	2,454	
Title II-A	31,661	
Title VI-B Rural	2,319	
Title II-D Technology	672	
Total Special Revenue Funds	263,283	
Capital Projects Fund:		
Ohio School Facilities Commission Grant	252,515	
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$602,014	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

On December 16, 1998, the School District was awarded \$31,072,412 for the construction of new elementary, middle, and high school under the State's "Classroom Facilities Program." Under this program, the School District entered into an agreement with the State of Ohio in which the State initially paid for a portion of the estimated project costs. Historically, the School District repaid the State. If the School District's adjusted valuation per pupil was less than the state-wide median adjusted valuation per pupil, in lieu of repayment, the School District set-aside the funds that would have been used for repayment to the State for facilities maintenance. As part of the process, the School District must submit a maintenance plan to the Ohio School Facilities Commission every five years until the twenty-three year period expires. Legislation effective September 15, 2000, eliminated any possibility that money received by the School District under this program will need to be repaid. As of the end of fiscal year 2003, the School District had received \$30,819,897 of the amount awarded under this program, \$1,293,867 being that portion received during fiscal year 2003. The remaining amount of \$252,515 is recorded as a receivable and a deferred revenue on the balance sheet.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2003, the School District contracted with Selective Insurance Company of South Carolina for property and general liability insurance. There is a \$1,000 deductible with a one hundred percent blanket, all risk policy for both property and general liability. The School District contracted with Great American Alliance Insurance for boiler and machinery insurance. There is a \$1,000 deductible with a \$48,135,966 limit of liability. The School District contracted with Waugh Insurance for builder's risk insurance. There is a \$5,000 deductible with a \$14,346,968 project limit for the construction of the Middle School, and \$13,208,481 project limit for the construction of the High School.

Professional liability is protected by National Union Fire Insurance of Pittsburgh, PA with a \$1,000,000 aggregate limit with a \$10,000 deductible. Fleet insurance is covered by The Nationwide Insurance Company and holds a \$100 deductible for comprehensive and collision. Automobile liability has a \$2,000,000 combined single limit of liability.

For fiscal year 2003, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 16). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Wellston City School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 10 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, was as follows:

	Balance at 06/30/02	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 06/30/03
Capital Assets:				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated: Land and Land Improvements Construction in Progress	\$343,308 31,399,983	\$9,529 0	\$39,648 31,399,983	\$313,189 0
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	31,743,291	9,529	31,439,631	313,189
Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings and Improvements Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment Vehicles Textbooks	2,762,442 2,409,955 1,192,384 1,284,221	34,191,992 1,621,378 177,800 0	2,465,115 1,447,718 224,640 0	34,489,319 2,583,615 1,145,544 1,284,221
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	7,649,002	35,991,170	4,137,473	39,502,699
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Improvements Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment Vehicles Textbooks	1,779,486 1,552,424 768,100 827,258	604,062 193,656 84,668 13,749	969,586 1,159,723 250,488 630,902	1,413,962 586,357 602,280 210,105
Total Accumulated Depreciation	4,927,268	896,135 *	3,010,699	2,812,704
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	2,721,734	35,095,035	1,126,774	36,689,995
Capital Assets, Net	\$34,465,025	\$35,104,564	\$32,566,405	\$37,003,184

^{*}Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$304,731
Special	110,248
Vocational	18,035
Support Services:	
Pupils	29,561
Instructional Staff	91,115
Administration	65,004
Fiscal	10,821
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	35,678
Pupil Transportation	141,402
Central	3,685
Food Service Operation	82,033
Non-Instructional Services	3,685
Extracurricular Activities	137
Total Depreciation Expense	\$896,135

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2003, 8.17 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2002, 5.46 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001, were \$151,282, \$83,745, and \$45,532, respectively;53.85 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2002 and 2001.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2002, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 9.5 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001, were \$785,944, \$540,696, and \$527,649 respectively; 83.04 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2002 and 2001. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2003 were \$0 made by the School District and \$2,518 made by the plan members.

Note 12 - Postemployment Benefits

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care cost will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$60,457 for fiscal year 2003.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2002, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.011 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2002, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$354,697,000 and STRS had 105,300 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent the premium.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 5.83 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of 2.71 percent from fiscal year 2002. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2003, the minimum pay has been established at \$14,500. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2003 fiscal year equaled \$152,678.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2002, (the latest information available), were \$182,946,777 and the target level was \$274.4 million. At June 30, 2002, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$335.2 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits.

Note 13- Employee Benefits

A. Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to classified and administrative employees in the amount of \$40,000.

Health, dental, and vision insurance is provided by Medical Mutual Insurance. Monthly premiums for this coverage are \$993.29 for family coverage and \$334.32 for single coverage. The School District pays 99% of both family and single coverage premiums.

B. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. At fiscal year end, up to ten vacation days can be carried over for not more that one fiscal year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave accumulation is unlimited. Upon retirement, payment is made to certificated employees at 35 percent up to a maximum of 56 days, and at 30 percent for classified employees up to a maximum of 60 days.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 14 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2003 were as follows:

	Principal			Principal	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	06/30/02	Additions	Deductions	6/30/03	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
1993 5.95% Energy Conservation Note	000 OC#	\$0	¢40,000	£10,000	¢10.000
1992 5.95% Energy	\$20,000	Φ0	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$10,000
Conservation Note	65,000	0	65,000	0	0
1999 3.30%-5.85%					
School Construction					
General Obligation Bonds	3,390,000	0	90,000	3,300,000	100,000
Sick Leave Benefits	986,574	93,917	344,391	736,100	65,182
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$4,461,574	\$93,917	\$509,391	\$4,046,100	\$175,182

The School District issued School Building Improvement General Obligation Bonds for \$3,656,000 as a result of the School District being approved for a \$31,072,412 school facilities loan through the State Department of Education for the additions to the elementary school, and the construction of a new middle and high school. The School District issued the general obligation bonds on June 9, 1999, to provide the local required match for the school facilities loans. As a requirement of the loans, the School District was required to pass a 5.8 mill levy. 5.3 mills will be used to repay the debt issue which provides the matching funds required of the School District as a condition of the State Loan.

On November 11, 1992, and September 1, 1993, the School District issued unvoted general obligation energy conservation notes in the amounts of \$100,000 and \$500,000, respectively. Both notes have an interest rate of 5.95% and was issued for the purpose of installing energy conservation improvements for the School District, under authority of Ohio Revised Code sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. Both notes were issued for a ten year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2004. The 1993 debt will be retired through reductions in energy consumption and cost savings attributed to the installation of the energy conservation improvements. The General Fund allocates tax revenues to the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund to meet current fiscal year obligations.

Wellston City School District was notified by the Ohio School Facilities Commission that they would not be responsible for repaying the \$31,072,412 classroom facilities grant to the State. In lieu of the repayment, the School District must set aside .5 mill of the 5.80 mill levy mentioned above for facilities maintenance. As part of this process, the School District must submit a maintenance plan to the Ohio School Facilities Commission every five years until the twenty-three year period expires. The School District received \$1,293,867 during fiscal year 2003 under this program which was recorded as intergovernmental revenue in the capital projects funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Sick leave benefits will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. These funds include the General Fund, and the Food Service, Uniform School Supply, Public Preschool, Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid, Miscellaneous State Grants, Title VI-B Idea, Title I, and Handicapped Special Revenue Funds.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$5,756,955, with an unvoted debt margin of \$96,634 at June 30, 2003. Principal and interest requirements to retire school facilities bonds outstanding at June 30, 2003, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended

December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2004	\$100,000	\$165,953	\$265,953
2005	100,000	161,878	261,878
2006	105,000	157,623	262,623
2007	115,000	152,916	267,916
2008	120,000	147,745	267,745
2009 - 2013	720,000	644,039	1,364,039
2014 - 2018	995,000	405,292	1,400,292
2019 - 2021	1,045,000	108,125	1,153,125
	\$3,300,000	\$1,943,571	\$5,243,571

Principal and interest requirements to retire energy conservation note outstanding at June 30, 2003, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2004	\$10,000	\$298	\$10,298

Note 15 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Southeast Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium

The Southeast Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium (SEOVEC) is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. SEOVEC provides financial accounting services, educational management information, and cooperative purchasing services to its members. Each member pays a fee annually for services provided by SEOVEC.

SEOVEC is governed by a governing board which is selected by the members. Each member has one vote in all matters, and each member's control over budgeting and financing of SEOVEC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the governing board. SEOVEC operates with its own Treasurer. The continued existence of SEOVEC is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. SEOVEC has no outstanding debt. During fiscal year 2003, the Wellston City School District paid \$20,477 to SEOVEC. To obtain financial information write to the Southeast Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium, Bobbi Weidner, Treasurer, 221 North Columbus Road, Athens, Ohio 45701.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

B. Gallia-Jackson-Vinton Joint Vocational School District

The Gallia-Jackson-Vinton Joint Vocational School District is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of five representatives from the various City and County Boards within Gallia, Jackson, and Vinton Counties. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Gallia-Jackson-Vinton Joint Vocational School District, Donnalyn Smith who serves as Treasurer, P.O. Box 157, Rio Grande, Ohio, 45674.

C. South Eastern Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center

The South Eastern Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a special education regional resource center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents.

The SERRC is governed by a board composed of superintendents of participating schools, parents of children with disabilities, representatives of chartered nonpublic schools, representative of county boards of MR/DD, Ohio University and the Southeast Regional Professional Development Center whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. The Wellston City School District's superintendent is a member of the SERRC Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Bryan Swann, Treasurer, at the Athens-Meigs Educational Service Center, 507 Richland Avenue, Suite 108, Athens, Ohio 45701.

Note 16 - Insurance Purchasing Pool

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP 's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 17 - Interfund Activity

Transfers made during fiscal year 2003 were as follows:

	Transfers-	Transfers-
	In	Out
General Fund	\$0	\$95,426
Special Revenue Funds:		
Food Service	4,758	0
Uniform School Supply	11,226	0
Public School Support	115	0
Auxiliary	5	0
Public Preschool	30	0
Dwight D. Eisenhower	45	0
Title VI-B	83	0
Title I	327	0
Title VI	35	0
Total Special Revenue Funds	16,624	0
Debt Service Fund	77,826	0
Capital Projects Funds:		
Permanent Improvements	963	0
Technology Equity	13	0
Total Capital Projects Funds	976	0
Total All Funds	\$95,426	\$95,426

Note 18 - Contractual Commitments

As of June 30, 2003, the School District had contractual purchase commitments for the completion of construction of the new elementary, middle, and high schools as follows:

		Contract	Amount	Balance at
Project	Fund	Amount	Expended	06/30/03
Elementary School	Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund	\$6,386,572	\$5,895,803	\$490,769
Middle School	Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund	11,735,406	11,583,871	151,535
High School	Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund	16,174,726	15,770,029	404,697
Total		\$34,296,704	\$33,249,703	\$1,047,001

Note 19 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2003.

B. Litigation

The School District is a party to legal proceedings. The School District management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

Note 20 - Set-Aside Calculations

The Wellston City School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior fiscal years, the School District was required to set-aside money for budget stabilization. At June 30, 2003, only the unspent portion of certain workers' compensation refunds continue to be set-aside.

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisitions, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by the State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Improvements	Budget Stabilization
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of as of June 30, 2002	(\$90 G21)	\$0	\$56,688
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	(\$80,621) 245,486	245,486	φ50,000 0
Current Year Offsets	0	(51,133)	
Qualifying Disbursements	(430,988)	(4,600,716)	0
Totals	(\$266,123)	(\$4,406,363)	\$56,688
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward			
to Future Fiscal Years	(\$266,123)	(\$3,300,000)	\$56,688
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2003	\$0	\$0	\$56,688

The School District had qualifying expenditures during the fiscal year that reduced the textbook and capital improvement set-aside amounts below zero. The extra amounts in the textbooks and a portion of the capital improvements set-aside may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. The total reserve balance for the three set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$56,688.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 21 - State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued it latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding decision is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient..."

The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have its future State funding and on its financial operations.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Receipts	Noncash Receipts	Disbursements	Noncash Disbursements
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	_					
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
Nutrition Cluster: Food Donation	10.550	N/A	\$ -	\$ 103,163	\$ -	\$ 40,882
School Breakfast Program	10.553	05-PU-02	19,435		66,365	
Total School Breakfast Program		05-PU-03	46,930 66,365	0	66,365	0
National School Lunch Program	10.555	LL-P4-02	52,732		52,732	
Total National School Lunch Program		LL-P4-03	165,310 218,042	0	165,310 218,042	0
Total Nutrition Cluster			284,407	103,163	284,407	40,882
Total United States Department of Agriculture			284,407	103,163	284,407	40,882
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	C1-S1-01			77,274	
		C1-S1-02 C1-S1-03	58,105 532,908		73,916 339,034	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			591,013	0	490,224	0
Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	6B-SF-02P			50,360	
Total Special Education - Grants to States		6B-SF-03P	187,943 187,943	0	162,865 213,225	0
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	PG-S1-02			2,604	
. Total Special Education Preschool Grants		PG-S1-03	11,158 11,158		11,606 14,210	
Total Special Education Cluster			199,101	0	227,435	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	DR-S1-01			453	
•		DR-S1-02 DR-S1-03	12,580		3,552 9,100	
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants		2	12,580	0	13,105	0
Continuous Improvement Grant	84.276	G2-S1-01	1,000		1,000	
Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants	84.281	MS-S1-01 MS-S1-02	1,193		5,622 1,938	
Total Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants		WIG-G 1-02	1,193	0	7,560	0
Innovative Education Program Strategies	84.298	C2-S1-01 C2-S1-02	6,115		3,087 2,739	
Total Innovative Education Program Strategies		C2-S1-02	11,573 17,688	0	12,116 17,942	
	84.318	TJ-S1-03		U	14,688	U
Education Technology State Grants			14,741			
Comprehensive School Reform Demonstration	84.332	RF-S1-02	30,000		64,285	
Reading Excellence Tutorial	84.338	RN-S2-00	53,650		9,105	
Class Size Reduction	84.340	CR-S1-02			13,166 3,898	
Total Class Size Reduction	04.050.5	AT CO 22	0	0	17,064	0
School Renovation Grants	84.352 A	AT-S3-02	1,536		1,360	
Rural Education Grants	84.358	RU-S1-03	32,702			
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	TR-S1-03	118,208		76,408	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,073,412	0	940,176	0

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Receipts	Noncash Receipts	Disbursements	Noncash Disbursements
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through the Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities Medical Assistance Program	93.778	N/A	153,441		165,816	
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			153,441	0	165,816	0
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY Passed through the Ohio Emergency Management Agency Public Assistance Grants	83.544	DR-1453			2,485	
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			0	0	2,485	0
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$ 1,511,260	\$ 103,163	\$ 1,392,884	\$ 40,882

The Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures are an integral part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the School District's federal awards programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Program regulations do not require the School District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wellston City School District Jackson County 1 East Broadway Street Wellston, Ohio 45692

We have audited the basic financial statements of Wellston City School District, Jackson County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated February 4, 2004, wherein we noted the School District has adopted Governmental Accounting Statements No. 34, 37 and 38 and Interpretation 6. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed certain instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2003-001 and 2003-002. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the School District in a separate letter dated February 4, 2004.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect School District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2003-003.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we do not believe the reportable condition described above is a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the School District in a separate letter dated February 4, 2004.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Wellston City School District Jackson County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Controls Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

February 4, 2004



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Wellston City School District Jackson County 1 East Broadway Street Wellston, Ohio 45692

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Wellston City School District, Jackson County, Ohio (the School District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2003. The School District's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2003.

Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

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Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with
Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and
Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

February 4, 2004

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2003-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 9.38 states that public money must be deposited with the treasurer of the public office *or* to a designated depository on the business day following the day of receipt. Public money collected for other public offices must be deposited by the first business day of the week following the date of collection.

If the amount of daily receipts does not exceed \$1,000 **and** the receipts can be safeguarded, public offices may adopt a policy permitting their officials who receive this money to hold it past the next business day, but the deposit must be made no later than 3 business days after receiving it. Only the Board of Education may adopt the policy. The policy must include provisions and procedures to safeguard the money during the intervening period. If the amount exceeds \$1,000 or a lesser amount cannot be safeguarded, the public official must then deposit the money on the next business day.

The Student Activity Handbook page 16, sections 4.1 and 4.2 states that "the activity advisor/coach is responsible for collecting or supervising the collection of all money collected during that day and depositing it with the Treasurer. This should be completed between 3:00 PM and 3:45 PM with the Treasurer's office and must be done once every 24 hours. No money is to be left in the building unsecured during the day or kept in the building overnight. All receipts must be deposited with the Treasurer's office on a daily basis."

Monies collected from several student activity fundraisers were not deposited to the Treasurer's office within 24 hours. Per review of the Class of 2003 and Class of 2004 records, deposits were not made in a timely manner.

Receipt books for the Hoops Classic recorded receipts throughout September, October, and November; however, no deposits were made for the Hoops Classic until November 19, 2002. Although the last receipt was issued December 9, 2002, deposits continued to be made through January 8, 2003. Also, 17% of the gate receipts tested for regular season games were not deposited timely.

Failure to properly safeguard cash collections increases the risk of loss or theft of public funds.

We recommend all cash collections be deposited to the Treasurer's Office within 24 hours as required by the Revised Code and District Policy or that the Board of Education adopt/revise the policy to define the safeguarding process and procedures so that these receipts, if less than \$1,000 could be held for up to 3 business days.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2003-002

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 149.351(A) states, in pertinent part, that all records which are the property of the public office concerned and shall not be removed, destroyed, mutilated, transferred, or otherwise damaged or disposed of, in whole or in part, except as provided by law or under the rules adopted by the records commissions provided for under section 149.38 to 149.42 of the Ohio Rev. Code.

The Student Activity Handbook, page 15 section 3.5.5 states that activity advisors/coaches must issue receipts for all money received from students.

Per review of Student Activity records, we noted that very few duplicate receipts were issued for the Future Farmers of America student activity. Of those student activities which did utilize duplicate receipts (such as the Class of 2003 and the Class of 2004), many were not maintained for donations and other various fund raisers; many were not pre-numbered, and others, which were pre-numbered did not have books in sequential order or could not be located. We noted several receipts issued that were not dated, or did not have a detailed description as to the purpose of the receipt (i.e. fundraiser description, donation, etc.).

This could allow errors and/or irregularities to occur and remain undetected for an extended period of time, and also allows the opportunity for theft

We recommend the School District require supporting documentation (i.e., pre-numbered duplicate receipts for all money collected, cash accountability forms showing a daily total of money collected) for all fund raising events, in order to ensure that all monies collected have been recorded in the School District's records. In addition, we recommend that all student activity advisors be required to submit their records to the Treasurer's office each year for review.

FINDING NUMBER 2003-003

Reportable Condition

Per review of the Class of 2003 records, we noted purchase receipts from various stores (Wal-Mart, Hamden General Store, Dollar General, etc.) which were not processed through the School District's purchasing system. Per inquiry of the Activity Advisor, cash received by the Class of 2003 Advisor was not deposited to the Treasurer's Office and were held and subsequently expended by the Advisor. Upon further review, these purchases appeared to be related to the Student Activity. However, the Advisor overrode the School District's purchase order process and thus eliminated an important internal control procedure in place over the purchasing process.

We recommend that all monies be deposited to the Treasurer's Office daily with detailed documentation as to the source of the money and that all expenditures follow the purchase order process as required by both the Ohio Revised Code and the School District.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no findings related to federal awards.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) FOR FISCAL THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No <u>Longer</u> <u>Valid; <i>Explain</i></u> :
2002-001	Ohio Rev. Code §135.18 was cited for failure to maintain adequate collateral for depository balances.	Yes	Corrected
2002-002	Ohio Rev. Code §149.351(A) was cited as a result of the non-maintenance of Student Activity records, specifically duplicate receipt books.	No	Partially corrected in some activities, however, noncompliance occurred relating to the following activities: FFA, Class of 2003 and Class of 2004. We have repeated this citation as Finding Number 2003-002
2002-003	Reportable Condition relating to cash collections by the Class of 2003 not being deposited with the Treasurer and being subsequently expended overriding the purchase order requirements of the District.	No	Not corrected. We have reissued the citation as Finding Number 2003-003



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JACKSON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 23, 2004