Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2003

With

Independent Auditors' Report



Board of Trustees Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board, Hamilton County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Butty Montgomery

February 25, 2004

Auditor of State



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Trustees of the Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board ("HCCMHB"), of the County of Hamilton, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the HCCMHB's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the HCCMHB's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the HCCMHB are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only that portion of the financial reporting entity of the County of Hamilton, Ohio that is attributable to the transactions of the HCCMHB.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the HCCMHB as of June 30, 2003 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 2 to the basic financial statements, the HCCMHB adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments; Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus; Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures; Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units; and GASB Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurements of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements, as of July 1, 2002.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2004 on our consideration of the HCCMHB's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary information on pages 3 through 11 and pages 30 through 31, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Clark, Schrefer, Hackett of Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio January 23, 2004



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hccmhb.org

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The Mission of the Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board is to develop and manage a system of quality mental health services responsive to individual and family needs and differences

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

This discussion and analysis provides key information from management highlighting the overall financial performance of the Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board (HCCMHB) for the year ended June 30, 2003. This is meant to be an easily readable summary of the most important financial information regarding the accompanying financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the HCCMHB's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Major financial highlights for fiscal year (FY) 2003 are listed below:

- ✓ The Total net assets of the HCCMHB at year-end were \$22.1 million. Of this amount, \$15.6 million may be used to meet the HCCMHB's ongoing obligations to consumers and creditors.
- ✓ The HCCMHB, as a single purpose entity, had \$80.9 million in Program expenses related to the provision of Community Mental Health services. \$23.3 million of the Program expenses were funded by Program revenues comprised of operating grants and contributions restricted to specific programs. Medicaid (\$20.6 million) was the primary Program revenue source. General revenues of \$56.5 million, primarily comprised of Levy (\$31.8 million) and State (\$22.0 million) resources, were also used to fund Program expenses.
- ✓ The General Fund balance was reduced from \$18.6 million at June 30, 2002 to \$14.9 million at June 30, 2003, a 19.9% decrease. The General fund balance at June 30, 2003 equals approximately 2.2 months of Program expenses.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the HCCMHB's basic financial statements. The HCCMHB's financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the HCCMHB's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets – This presents information on all of the HCCMHB's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the HCCMHB is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities — This presents information showing how the HCCMHB's net assets changed during the most recent FY. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future FYs (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Expenses – As a single purpose government, the HCCMHB's expenses are for the provision of community mental health services. These expenses include Agency Provider Contracts, HCCMHB Salaries, Benefits, Taxes and Operating Expenses, Depreciation, and the Ohio Department of Mental Health (ODMH) Direct Payments.

Program Revenues – These revenues include Medicaid, State and Federal Grants, Title XX and the ODMH Direct Payments.

General Revenue – These revenues include, the Mental Health Levy, State, Other Match, Capital & Rental Income and Miscellaneous.

Fund Financial Statements The accounts of the HCCMHB are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

HCCMHB
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2003
Unaudited

Governmental Fund Types - Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the HCCMHB's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for government activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The HCCMHB accounts for its activities using two individual funds. Both funds are considered major funds and thus, are reported in separate columns in the governmental fund financial statements. These statements provide detailed information about the individual major funds, unlike the government-wide financial statements, which report on the HCCMHB as a whole. The following are the HCCMHB's major funds:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the HCCMHB for any purpose relating to the operations of the community-wide mental health systems.

Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to understanding the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information concerning the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund budgets.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A. Net assets at year-end

The following table presents a condensed summary of the HCCMHB's overall financial position at June 30, 2003:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 63,350,666
Capital assets	11,864,899
Total assets	<u>75,215,565</u>
Long –term liabilities outstanding	6,008,793
Other liabilities	47,115,359
Total liabilities	53,124,152
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,484,040
Unrestricted	15,607,373
Total net assets	\$ 22,091,413

A portion (15.8%) of Total Assets reflects HCCMHB's investment in capital assets of \$11.9 million. The majority of these capital assets are four-unit apartment buildings used to provide housing for the Severely Mentally Disabled Adult population. A significant portion (70.6%) of Total Net Assets is Unrestricted (\$15.6 million) giving the HCCMHB the flexibility required to meet the ongoing service needs of Hamilton County consumers and its obligations to creditors.

Because this is the first year to report all activities using the accrual basis of accounting, a comparison to the prior year is not possible. In future years, this section will explain the differences between the current and prior year assets, liabilities, and changes in net assets.

B. Governmental Activities during FY 2003

The following table presents a condensed summary of the HCCMHB's activities during FY 2003 and the resulting change in net assets:

Governmental

	Activities
Revenues:	
Program Revenues:	
Operating grants and contributions restricted	
to specific programs:	
Medicaid	\$ 20,598,600
State and federal grants	1,366,784
Title XX	714,567
ODMH direct payments	621,003
Total program revenue	23,300,954
General Revenues:	
Mental Health Levy	31,780,076
Grants and contributions not restricted	
to specific programs:	
State	22,028,938
Other match	2,020,666
Capital and rental income	138,733
Miscellaneous	505,897
Total general revenues	<u>56,474,310</u>
Total Revenues:	79,775,264
Program Expenses:	
Community Mental Health:	
Agency provider contracts	76,445,390
Salaries, benefits and taxes	2,717,847
Operating expenses	823,341
Depreciation	314,864
ODMH direct payments	621,003
Total program expenses	80,922,445
Decrease in net assets	(1,147,181)
Net assets, beginning of year	23,238,594
Net assets, end of the year	\$ 22,091,413

Of the total Governmental Activities revenues of \$79.8 million, \$56.5 million (70.8%) is General Revenue and \$23.3 million (29.2%) is Program Revenue. Levy Revenue is 56.3% (\$31.8 million) of the General Revenues and 39.8% of the Total Revenues. State Revenues from the ODMH are 39.0% of General Revenues and the total of all State and Federal Revenues (\$23.4 million) is 29.3% of Total Revenues. Medicaid is \$20.6 million or 88.4% of Program Revenue and 25.8% of Total Revenues. Levy (39.8%), State and Federal (29.3%) and Medicaid (25.8%) make up 94.9% or \$75.8 million of the HCCMHB's Total Revenues. Agency provider contracts expenses (\$76.4 million) are 94.5% of total Program Expenses.

As previously mentioned, because this is the first year to report all activities using the accrual basis of accounting, a comparison to the prior year is not possible. However, in future years, this section will explain the differences between the current and prior year revenues and expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental funds

The focus of the HCCMHB's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the HCCMHB's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the HCCMHB's net resources available for spending at the end of FY 2003. The HCCMHB has two governmental funds, both of which are major funds: General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. All assets of the HCCMHB are included in these two funds.

General Fund. The fund balance at June 30, 2003 was \$14.9 million, including \$13.4 million of unreserved General funds. The primary reasons for the \$3.7 million decrease in the fund balance were; the HCCMHB current year budgeted deficit of \$2.2 million, not selling the Madison Road property (\$900,000) or drawing down the ODMH capital funds (\$350,000) committed for the 2340 Auburn property renovation. The sale of the Madison Road property and drawing down the ODMH capital funds are scheduled in FY 2004.

Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Revenues from the Special Revenue Fund are used before General Fund resources for qualifying expenditures. Thus, since qualifying expenditures exceed Special Revenue Fund revenues, the Special Revenue Fund has no fund balance. The only assets in the Special Revenue Fund are receivables Due From Other Governments (\$9.0 million.) These receivables are for Medicaid Federal Financial Participation (FFP) payments made by the HCCMHB for agency Medicaid claims and billed to the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (ODJFS) for reimbursement. At fiscal year-end, the ODJFS had not reimbursed the HCCMHB for these claims.

GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The schedule comparing the HCCMHB's original and final budgets and actual results are included in the required supplementary information. During FY 2003, the HCCMHB amended its General and Special Revenue Fund budget with Hamilton County as changes occurred in the HCCMHB's revenues and expenditures. A variance analysis between the original and final budgets and those budgets versus actual revenues and expenditures is as follows:

- ✓ The General and Special Revenue Fund revenues variance between the Final Budget and the Original Budget was a favorable \$269,955. This was primarily due to the favorable variances in Medicaid (\$427,764), Other match (\$274,533) and the ODMH direct payments (\$63,777) revenues partially off set by the unfavorable variance in State General and Special Revenue funds of \$496,119.
- ✓ The Actual General and Special Revenue Fund revenues had a favorable variance of \$258,099 (0.3%) versus the Final Budget. The favorable variance is the result of the increase in Medicaid revenue of \$2.0 million partially off set by the unfavorable Capital and rental income of \$1.2 million and Other match revenue of \$288,783.
- ✓ Actual Medicaid Revenue had a favorable variance of 10.8% or \$2.0 million versus the Final Budgeted Medicaid Revenue. This was an 11.7% or \$2.2 million favorable variance versus the Medicaid Revenue earned in FY 2002.
- ✓ The General and Special Revenue Fund expenditures in the Final Budget were increased by \$886,955 (1.1%) versus than the Original Budget. The unfavorable variance was the result of additional agency budgeted expenditures primarily related to a new Medicaid-only service provider (\$702,000).
- ✓ Actual General and Special Revenue Fund expenditures were \$1.8 million (2.2%) unfavorable versus the Final Budget and \$2.7 million (3.4%) unfavorable versus the Original Budget. The unfavorable variance was caused by a higher volume of Medicaid claims submitted by the agencies.
- ✓ Actual Agency provider contracts expenditures were an unfavorable \$1.8 million (2.4%) versus the Final Budget. Actual Agency provider contracts expenditures increased by 11.1% or \$7.4 million over FY 2002. The \$7.4 million increase versus FY 2002 Agency provider contracts expenditures was caused by; the budgeted general increase for the agencies (\$2.2 million), Medicaid (\$2.2 million), children's services through the Creative Connections/Hamilton Choices partnership (\$1.4 million) new programs (\$1.1 million), and a new agency (\$702,000).
- ✓ The favorable variance of \$160,016 or 5.6% in Salaries, benefits and taxes was caused by the HCCMHB having an actual average headcount of 41.5 FTEs versus a budget FTE headcount of 44.
- ✓ The Operating expenditures favorable variance of \$179,381 or 22.5% is attributed to conservative spending for consulting services.
- ✓ Actual Salaries benefits and taxes and Operating expenses were 4.0% of total expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. At June 30, 2003, the HCCMHB had \$11.9 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and equipment. See Note 5 to the financial statements for more detail.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Land	\$ 1,713,676
Construction in progress	31,301
Buildings	10,031,924
Furniture and equipment	<u>87,998</u>
Total	\$ <u>11,864,899.</u>

Major capital asset events during FY 2003 included:

- ✓ The renovation of the 2340 Auburn property for \$1.4 million
- ✓ The demolition of 2328 Auburn property and repaving as a parking lot for \$71,230
- ✓ The sale of 1627 Anita Place, a four-unit residential apartment building, for \$108,000,
- ✓ The purchase of the following assets:
 - o 515 Woodlawn Avenue, a four-unit apartment building, for \$136,391,
 - o The telephone system for 2340 Auburn Avenue for \$22,301,
 - o Miscellaneous office and computer equipment for \$21,117.

The increase in capital assets is offset by the recognition of depreciation expense of \$314,864 in FY 2003.

Debt

A summary of long-term obligations is located in Note #9.

The primary long term debt of the HCCMHB is the mortgage payable obligation. The mortgage payable of the HCCMHB consists of loan contracts made with the ODMH for the purchase and improvement of various properties in the County for use in providing mental health services.

HCCMHB Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The State allocation from the ODMH is a major area of economic concern. The State of Ohio continues to experience shortfalls in tax revenue collections. There is also a statewide effort to end the additional 1% sales tax increase earlier than specified in the legislation. These two factors could have a significant impact on the HCCMHB's State allocation from the ODMH during the FY 2004/2005 State of Ohio biennium.

Other Economic Factors:

- The ODMH raised the State Hospital per-diem from \$353 to \$441 or 25% in FY 2004. It now costs \$161,000 a year to keep someone in one of the State Hospitals. Despite reducing the number of State Hospital beds it buys per day from 98 to 94, the HCCMHB saw its FY 2004 allocation from the ODMH reduced by \$1.7 million dollars to cover the increase in the per-diem. This allocation reduction by the ODMH caused a direct reduction of the mental health services available to Hamilton County residents.
- The ODMH is projecting a \$10 to \$20 increase in the State Hospital per-diem for FY 2005. If this increase becomes a reality, the HCCMHB's ODMH allocation will be reduced by an estimated \$193,000 to \$386,000, further eroding mental health service availability for the residents of Hamilton County.

REQUESTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, consumers, and creditors with a general overview of the HCCMHB's finances and to show the HCCMHB's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information about the HCCMHB, contact Patrick Tribbe, President/CEO at 2350 Auburn Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio 45219.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2003

ASSETS:		
Equity in pooled investments with County Treasurer	\$	19,139,254
Levy receivable		33,801,870
Due from other governments		9,016,092
Prepaid contract services		277,026
Long-term receivables from contract agencies		1,116,424
Non-depreciable capital assets		1,744,977
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		10,119,922
Total assets		75,215,565
LIABILITIES:		
Contracts payable		13,647,266
Accrued other		467,490
Deferred revenue		33,000,603
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		404,173
Due in more than one year		5,604,620
Total liabilities		53,124,152
Total Indomines		
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		6,484,040
Unrestricted		15,607,373
Total net assets	\$	22,091,413
Total fiel assets	7	

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2003

Program expenses:		
Community Mental Health:	•	m< 44 7 000
Agency provider contracts	\$	76,445,390
Salaries, benefits and taxes		2,717,847
Operating expenses		823,341
Depreciation		314,864
ODMH direct payments	_	621,003
Total program expenses	_	80,922,445
Program revenues:		
Operating grants and contributions restricted		
to specific programs:		
Medicaid		20,598,600
State and federal grants		1,366,784
Title XX		714,567
ODMH direct payments	_	621,003
Total program revenues	_	23,300,954
Net program expenses	_	57,621,491
General revenues:		
Mental health levy		31,780,076
Grants and contributions not restricted		
to specific programs:		
State		22,028,938
Other match		2,020,666
Capital and rental income		138,733
Miscellaneous	-	505,897
Total general revenues	-	56,474,310
Decrease in net assets		(1,147,181)
Net assets, beginning of year	-	23,238,594
Net assets, end of year	\$	22,091,413

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2003

June 30, 2003	•			
				Total
		Camanal	Special	Governmental Funds
		General	Revenue	<u> </u>
ASSETS		10.100.051		10 120 054
Equity in pooled cash with County Treasurer	\$	19,139,254	-	19,139,254
Levy receivable		33,801,870	0.016.002	33,801,870
Due from other governments		-	9,016,092	9,016,092 277,026
Prepaid contract services		277,026 4,422,275	-	4,422,275
Interfund receivable		1,116,424	-	1,116,424
Long-term receivables from contract agencies			9,016,092	67,772,941
Total assets		58,756,849	9,010,092	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Contracts payable	\$	9,750,872	3,896,394	13,647,266
Accrued other		327,197	140,293	467,490
Deferred revenue		33,801,870	557,130	34,359,000
Interfund payable		-	4,422,275	4,422,275
Total liabilities		43,879,939	9,016,092	52,896,031
Fund balances:				
Unreserved, reported in:				
General fund		13,422,735	-	13,422,735
Reserved for encumbrances		60,725	-	60,725
Reserved for prepaid contract services		277,026	-	277,026
Reserved for long-term receivables		1,116,424	-	1,116,424
Total fund balances		14,876,910	-	14,876,910
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	58,756,849	9,016,092	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	of ne	et assets are dif	ferent because	e:
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-				
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.				1,358,397
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial therefore are not reported in the funds.	reso	urces and		11,864,899
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and	d pav	able in the		
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	r)			
Mortgage payable	\$	5,380,859		
Compensated absences		627,934		
Total				(6,008,793)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities			\$	22,091,413
*			•	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2003

	General	Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Mental health levy	\$ 30,978,809	-	30,978,809
Intergovernmental:			
State grants		22,758,820	22,758,820
Medicaid	-	20,598,600	20,598,600
Title XX		714,567	714,567
Federal grants	-	1,824	1,824
Other revenues:			
Capital and rental income	-	138,733	138,733
Other match	-	2,020,666	2,020,666
Miscellaneous	_	457,302	457,302
ODMH direct payments	-	621,003	621,003
Total revenues	30,978,809	47,311,515	78,290,324
Expenditures:			
Agency provider contracts	29,754,878	46,690,512	76,445,390
ODMH direct payments	-	621,003	621,003
Salaries, benefits and taxes	2,680,890	-	2,680,890
Operating expenses	616,530	-	616,530
Capital outlay	1,663,070	-	1,663,070
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	184,622		184,622
Forgiveness by ODMH	(184,622)	-	(184,622)
Total expenditures	34,715,368	47,311,515	82,026,883
Change in fund balance	(3,736,559)	-	(3,736,559)
Fund balance, beginning of year	18,613,469	100	18,613,469
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 14,876,910	-	14,876,910

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

June 30, 2003

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(3,736,559)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		1,300,318
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statem activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives depreciation expense.	nent	
Capital outlay		1,456,259
Depreciation expense		(314,864)
Repayment of mortgage principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds,		
but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		184,622
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absence		
do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	i -	(36,957)

\$

(1,147,181)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board (the "HCCMHB") operates as an administrative arm of the County of Hamilton, Ohio (the "County") government, but has its own policy making Board of Trustees. The HCCMHB acts as an umbrella agency that has responsibility for a community-wide mental health system that is accessible to those in need of or desiring mental health services and who do not have the financial means to purchase this care from the private health care market. The HCCMHB plans, funds, coordinates, monitors, and evaluates a network of services, which are provided through contract agencies to Hamilton County residents, both children and adults, who need and seek care for mental or emotional illness.

B. Fund Accounting

The HCCMHB uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the HCCMHB are governmental funds.

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the HCCMHB's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the HCCMHB for any purpose relating to the operations of the community-wide mental health systems.

Special Revenue Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specified revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements — The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the HCCMHB as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the HCCMHB that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The HCCMHB has no business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, which differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the HCCMHB's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the HCCMHB, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the HCCMHB.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the HCCMHB. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present sources and uses of current financial resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the governmental funds. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year. The available period for the HCCMHB is sixty days after fiscal year end.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decrease in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Revenues – **Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the HCCMHB receives value without directly giving value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes were levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the HCCMHB must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the HCCMHB on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue - Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2003 which are intended to finance fiscal year 2004 operations and delinquent property taxes whose availability is indeterminable, have been recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

E. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The HCCMHB prepares an annual budget for internal use for all governmental types covering the period July 1 through June 30. This budget is prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, which for the purposes of this report approximates the GAAP basis of accounting, in conjunction with the HCCMHB's internal financial statements.

The HCCMHB is also required by Ohio law to adopt an annual calendar year budget under the direction of the County Administrator. This budgetary process begins six months prior to the calendar year for which the budget is to be adopted with the HCCMHB certifying the proposed tax budget to the County Auditor by July 20. By April 1, the County Commissioners must adopt an annual appropriation resolution. Modifications were made to the original budget during the year. These changes were approved by the Board of County Commissioners throughout the year as allowed by state statute. The budgeted figures included in the financial statements reflect the adjusted totals.

The encumbrance budgetary system of accounting is required by Ohio law. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances for subsequent year expenditures. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Hamilton County Treasurer acts as custodian of funds for the HCCMHB. Cash of the HCCMHB is shown on the balance sheet as equity in pooled investments with the County Treasurer and includes cash, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less, stated at cost. State statute authorizes the County Treasurer to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The HCCMHB defines capital assets as those with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair values as of the date received. The HCCMHB does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2003

H. Interfund Transactions

On the fund financial statements, the General Fund has a receivable of \$4,422,275 that consists of amounts due from the Special Revenue Fund. During the course of normal operations, the HCCMHB will, as necessary, transfer cash between funds to meet current obligations.

I. Compensated Absences

The HCCMHB maintains a liability for unpaid vacation, sick and compensatory time relating to the payment of the obligation when earned by the employee. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, a liability is recorded only for the portion of unpaid compensated absences that has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

J. Fund Balance Reserves

The HCCMHB records reservations for portions of fund equity that are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity that is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances, prepaid contract services and long-term receivables.

K. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the HCCMHB or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The HCCMHB applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2003, the HCCMHB implemented the following:

- GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments
- GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus
- GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Disclosures
- GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units
- GASB Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurements of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the HCCMHB's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column.

The beginning net asset amount for governmental programs reflects the change in fund balance at June 30, 2002 caused by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting as noted above, as well as the restatement for compensated absences associated with the implementation of GASB Interpretation No. 6:

Fund balance – governmental funds – June 30, 2002	\$ 18,193,151
GASB Statement No. 34 adjustments:	
Capital assets	10,781,583
Long-term liabilities	(6,156,458)
Compensated absences restatement	420,318
Governmental activities net assets – June 30, 2002	\$ <u>23,238,594</u>

For the governmental fund financial statements, the following shows the effect of restatement on beginning governmental fund balances:

Fund balance – governmental funds – June 30, 2002	\$ 18,193,151
Compensated absences restatement	<u>420,318</u>
Restated fund balance governmental funds – June 30, 2002	\$ <u>18,613,469</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

3. POOLING OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes require the classification of monies held by the County into three categories. Category 1 consists of "active" monies, those monies are required to be kept in a "cash or near cash" status for immediate use by the County. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" monies, those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" monies, those monies which are not needed for immediate use but will be needed before the end of the current period of designations. Interim monies may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- 1. Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal agency;
- 3. Repurchase agreements in the securities enumerated above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the state of Ohio; and
- 5. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

Public depositories must give collateral for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities the face value of which is at least 110% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be collateralized by the specific government securities upon which repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require that collateral for public deposits and investments be maintained in the name of the County.

During 2003, the County monitored its compliance with the provisions of these statutes pertaining to the types of investments held and institutions in which deposits were made as well as collateral requirements. The County will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statutes in the future pertaining to public deposits and investments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against real, public utility and tangible property. The assessed value upon which the 2003 tax collection was based as follows:

Real Property - 2002 Valuation	
Residential/Agricultural	\$ 11,388,561,720
Commercial/Industrial/Public Utilities	4,700,136,060
Public Utilities	743,825,280

Tangible Personal Property - 2003 Valuation General

1,712,460,490

Total Valuation \$ <u>18,544,983,550</u>

Real Property taxes are levied each October on the assessed values of the preceding January 1st, the lien date. Assessed values are established the preceding year by the County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. A revaluation of real property is required to be completed no less than every six years, with a statistical update every third year. The most recent revaluation was a full physical revaluation in 1999 for taxes collected in 2000. Public Utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land improvements at true value, which is, in general, net book value. Tangible personal property is assessed at 25% of true value except for inventories, which are assessed at 25% of average value. In 2003, each business was eligible to receive a ten thousand dollar exemption in assessed value, which was reimbursed by the state.

The County Auditor periodically remits to the taxing districts their portions of the taxes collected. The final settlements of real and public utility property taxes are made in April and September and tangible taxes in July and November for the first and second halves of the year, respectively. Collections of the taxes and remittance of them to the taxing districts are accounted for in agency funds of the County. The County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the HCCMHB. The County Auditor periodically remits to the HCCMHB its portion of the taxes collected.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2003 was as follows:

		Balance <u>7/1/02</u>	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance <u>6/30/03</u>
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	1,676,953	51,216	14,493	1,713,676
Construction in progress	Ψ	393,045	31,301	393,045	31,301
Total not being depreciated		2,069,998	82,517	407,538	1,744,977
Capital assets being depreciated: Building and building					
Improvements		10,468,039	1,716,615	61,897	12,122,757
Furniture and fixtures		94,694	50,172		144,866
Total being depreciated		10,562,733	<u>1,766,787</u>	61,897	12,267,623
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Building and building		1 032 060	076 104	10 211	2 000 922
improvements Furniture and fixtures		1,832,960 18,188	276,184 38,680	18,311	2,090,833 56,868
Total accumulated depreciation		1,851,148	314,864	18,311	2,147,701
-					
Capital assets, net	\$	<u>10,781,583</u>	<u>1,534,440</u>	<u>451,124</u>	<u>11,864,899</u>

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

All employees of the HCCMHB participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS). PERS is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code provides the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions.

The plan issues a separate, publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to PERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215, or by calling (614) 466-2085.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions, which represent the actuarially determined contribution rates. The employee contribution rate in 2002 was 8.5%. A temporary employer contribution rate rollback was instituted for calendar year 2000. The HCCMHB was required to contribute 10.84% of covered payroll for employees in 2000 and 13.55% for 2002 and 2003. The HCCMHB's required contributions to PERS for the years ending June 30, 2003, 2002, 2001 were approximately \$267,000, \$203,000, and \$253,000. All of the required contributions were paid within the respective fiscal years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

7. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postemployment health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit and to primary survivor recipients of such retirees. Health care coverage for disability recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2003 employer contribution rate was 13.55% of covered payroll for employees of which 5.0% was the portion used to fund health care.

The OPEB are advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The principal assumptions and calculations were based on the latest actuarial review as of December 31, 2001. An entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

All investments are carried at fair value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach, assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The investment assumption rate for 2001 was 8.00%. An annual increase of 4.00% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.00% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.50% to 6.3%. Health care costs were assumed to increase 4.00% annually.

At December 31, 2001 (latest information available), the actuarial value of the Retirement System's net assets available for OPEB was \$11.6 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$16.4 billion and \$4.8 billion, respectively. At December 31, 2001, the number of active contributing participants was 402,041. The HCCMHB's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2003 used to fund OPEB were approximately \$98,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

8. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employees earn vacation at differing rates based upon length of service. An employee may accumulate no more vacation leave than the amount earned in one and a half years of service, at the applicable rate. Upon separation from the HCCMHB, an employee (or estate) is paid for his or her accumulated unused vacation leave balance. Sick time not taken by a HCCMHB Employee may be accumulated until retirement. Upon retirement from the HCCMHB an eligible employee may receive one half of sick leave accrued while employed at the HCCMHB up to a maximum of 675 hours. Monetary compensation is at employee's hourly rate of compensation at the time of retirement or separation.

As of June 30, 2003, the HCCMHB's liability for compensated absences was \$627,934.

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the HCCMHB's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2003 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 7/1/02	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Principal Outstanding 6/30/03	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities Mortgage payable Compensated absences	\$ 5,565,481 590,977	<u>36,957</u>	184,622	5,380,859 627,934	184,622 219,551
Total long-term obligations	\$ <u>6,156,458</u>	<u>36,957</u>	<u>184,622</u>	6,008,793	<u>404,173</u>

The mortgage payable of the HCCMHB consist of loan contracts made with the Ohio Department of Mental Health (ODMH), for the purchase of and improvement to various properties in the County for use in providing mental health services. The loan contracts between the HCCMHB and ODMH provide that the property must be used to provide mental health services for a specified period of time.

The terms of the contract are essentially equivalent to a mortgage on the property, with the HCCMHB being obligated to provide mental health services for a period of 40 years from the inception of the contract.

Should the HCCMHB discontinue mental health services at a particular facility, the balance of the contract would become due immediately. The balance due is reduced on a month-by-month basis over the term of the contract as a forgiveness of debt, as long as the facility is used for mental health services. No interest is charged on these obligations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

Annual commitments under the mortgage payable, assuming no forgiveness by ODMH, as of June 30, 2003, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>
2004	\$ 184,622
2005	184,622
2006	184,622
2007	184,622
2008	184,622
2009 and thereafter	4,457,749
Total	\$ <u>5,380,859</u>

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

As a component unit of the County, the HCCMHB is covered by the County for various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage. The County purchases commercial insurance to cover losses due to theft of, damage to or destruction of assets and purchases general liability insurance for specific operations and professional liability insurance for certain operations. All other risks of loss are self-insured by the County. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The County is self-insured for court judgments resulting from tort and general liability claims of County officials and employees.

In 1990, the County began to account for and finance its risk of loss due to workers' compensation claims and established an internal service fund entitled "Workers' Compensation Reserve". The County reimburses the Bureau of Ohio Workers' Compensation for injured workers' claims. All departments of the County, including the HCCMHB, participate in the program and make payments to the internal service fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a long-term liability for future claims.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

Teal Ended June 30, 2003

11. LEASES WITH CONTRACTUAL AGENCIES

As of June 30, 2003, the HCCMHB leases 56 scattered-site housing facilities to Excel Development Company, a non-profit organization responsible for renting the units to the mentally disabled of the County. These leases contain terms of 20 years contingent upon Excel fulfilling the agreed upon programmatic and reporting responsibilities as required by the HCCMHB. Annual lease payments to the HCCMHB are at the reduced rate of \$1 per year, per unit. The aggregate value of these leased housing facilities at June 30, 2003 is approximately \$5,768,000.

In addition, the HCCMHB owns three housing facilities that are leased to various community social service agencies under operating leases. The agencies are required, by the lease agreement, to provide mental health services to County residents; if such services cease, the lease agreement is terminated.

Minimum rentals receivable under existing leases as of June 30, 2003, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Operating Leases			
2004	\$ 127,347			
2005	35,352			
2006	35,352			
2007	35,352			
2008	35,352			
Total	\$ <u>268,755</u>			

12. CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The HCCMHB has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the respective grantor agencies. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the HCCMHB believes these disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

As part of the financial reporting entity of the County of Hamilton, Ohio, the HCCMHB is included in the financial statements of the County. The annual audit of the County is performed in accordance with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Thus, since the HCCMHB is included in the scope of the County audit, the HCCMHB has elected to not have its separate audit performed in accordance with the audit requirement noted above.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2003

Litigation

The HCCMHB is party to legal proceedings and is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the HCCMHB.

13. RELATED PARTIES

The County provides various administrative functions for the HCCMHB such as payroll, research and budgeting. Included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types as operating expense for 2003, is approximately \$77,240 of fees paid for these services.

14. STATE DIRECT PAYMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the Ohio Department of Mental Health made direct payments to providers totaling \$621,003 for contracts entered into by the HCCMHB. These payments have been recorded as intergovernmental revenue with a corresponding contract expense.



Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund and Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2003

	_	General Fund				
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget	
Revenues:						
Mental health levy	\$	30,314,186	30,314,186	30,978,809	664,623	
Intergovernmental:						
State grants		-	-	-		
Medicaid		-	-	-	-	
Title XX		-	-	-	-	
Federal grants		-	-	-	-	
ODMH direct payments		-	-	-	-	
Other revenues:						
Capital and rental income		-		-	•	
Other match		-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous				-	-	
Total revenues		30,314,186	30,314,186	30,978,809	664,623	
Expenditures:						
Agency provider contracts		26,956,464	27,573,464	29,754,878	(2,181,414)	
ODMH direct payments		-	440	-	-	
Salaries, benefits and taxes		2,840,906	2,840,906	2,680,890	160,016	
Operating expenses		795,911	795,911	616,530	179,381	
Capital outlay		1,295,260	1,295,260	1,663,070	(367,810)	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-	-	184,622	(184,622)	
Forgiveness by ODMH				(184,622)	184,622	
Total expenditures		31,888,541	32,505,541	34,715,368	(2,209,827)	
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures		(1,574,355)	(2,191,355)	(3,736,559)	(1,545,204)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		18,613,469	18,613,469	18,613,469	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	17,039,114	16,422,114	14,876,910	(1,545,204)	

Special Revenue Fund			Totals (Memorandum Only)				
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget
-	-	-	-	30,314,186	30,314,186	30,978,809	664,623
23,941,891	23,445,772	22,758,820	(686,952)	23,941,891	23,445,772	22,758,820	(686,952)
18,169,487	18,597,251	20,598,600	2,001,349	18,169,487	18,597,251	20,598,600	2,001,349
751,000	751,000	714,567	(36,433)	751,000	751,000	714,567	(36,433)
-	-	1,824	1,824	-	-	1,824	1,824
557,226	621,003	621,003	-	557,226	621,003	621,003	-
1,343,763	1,343,763	138,733	(1,205,030)	1,343,763	1,343,763	138,733	(1,205,030)
2,034,916	2,309,449	2,020,666	(288,783)	2,034,916	2,309,449	2,020,666	(288,783)
649,801	649,801	457,302	(192,499)	649,801	649,801	457,302	(192,499)
47,448,084	47,718,039	47,311,515	(406,524)	77,762,270	78,032,225	78,290,324	258,099
46,890,858	47,097,036	46,690,512	406,524	73,847,322	74,670,500	76,445,390	(1,774,890)
557,226	621,003	621,003	-	557,226	621,003	621,003	-
-	-	**	-	2,840,906	2,840,906	2,680,890	160,016
-	48	-	-	795,911	795,911	616,530	179,381
-	-	-	-	1,295,260	1,295,260	1,663,070	(367,810)
-	-	-	-	-	-	184,622	(184,622)
-		***************************************	**	-	***	(184,622)	184,622
47,448,084	47,718,039	47,311,515	406,524	79,336,625	80,223,580	82,026,883	(1,803,303)
				(1.584.255)	(0.101.255)	(2.772 (7.72)	(1.545.004)
-	w	-	-	(1,574,355)	(2,191,355)	(3,736,559)	(1,545,204)
-			-				***
-	-	••	-	(1,574,355)	(2,191,355)	(3,736,559)	(1,545,204)



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of the Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board:

We have audited the financial statements of Hamilton County Community Mental Health Board ("HCCMHB") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2004 wherein we noted that the HCCMHB implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 34, 37, 38 and 39 as well as Governmental Accounting Standards Board Interpretation 6. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether HCCMHB's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Clark, Schefer, Hachett of Co.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered HCCMHB's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operations that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of management and the Board of Trustees, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Cincinnati, Ohio January 23, 2004



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HAMILTON COUNTY COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH BOARD HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 9, 2004