Ross County

Single Audit

July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2003

# BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661 www.harrscherer.com



Board of Education Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Chillicothe, Ohio

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center, Ross County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomeny

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

January 21, 2004



# Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Assets of Governmental Activities	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – General Fund	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – Adult Education	17
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	18
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	19
Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures	39
Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures	40
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	41
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	43
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs OMB Circular §.505	45



# BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, Inc.

# **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.harrscherer.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center (the School District), Ross County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and major special revenue fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2003, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Members of the Board Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, and GASB Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. December 19, 2003

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center (the School District) discussion and analysis of the annual financial reports provides a review of the financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, issued June, 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A. However, because this is the first year of implementing the new reporting model, certain necessary comparative information of the previous year was not available. Subsequent reports will include the comparative information.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School District's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2003 by \$3,416,573.
- The School District's net assets of governmental activities decreased \$313,392 which represents a 8 percent decrease from 2002.
- General revenues accounted for \$12,441,700 in revenue or 75 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,093,019 or 25 percent of total revenues of \$16,534,719.
- The School District had \$16,848,111 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4,093,019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants, or contributions.
- The School District has two major funds; the General Fund and the Adult Education Fund. The General Fund had \$12,683,071 in revenues and \$12,614,437 in expenditures. The General Fund's balance increased by \$68,634. The Adult Education Fund had revenues of \$2,080,139 and expenditures of \$2,412,048 resulting in a \$331,909 decrease in fund balance.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand the Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the School District's financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole and present a long-term view of the School District's finances. Major Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

#### REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The analysis of the School District as a whole begins with the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These Statements provide information that will help the reader to determine whether the School District is financially improving or declining as a result of the year's financial activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes to those assets. This change informs the reader whether the School District's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the user of these financial statements needs to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the District's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the School District's tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, the condition of capital assets, and required educational programs.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District has only one kind of activity.

 Governmental Activities. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of capital assets, pupil transportation, and extracurricular activities.

# REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The analysis of the School District's funds begins on page 7. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds – not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Treasurer with approval from the Board to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the School District is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center's only major funds are the General Fund and Adult Education Fund.

Governmental Funds. Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

## THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

As stated previously, the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2003 compared to 2002.

Table 1 Net Assets

	2003	2002
Assets:		
Current Assets	\$7,891,238	\$8,965,913
Capital Assets, Net	2,420,141	2,546,863
Total Assets	10,311,379	11,512,776
Liabilities:		
Current and Other Liabilities	5,491,344	6,091,415
Long-Term Liabilities	1,403,462	1,691,396
Long Term Emonates	1,103,102	1,071,570
Total Liabilities	6,894,806	7,782,811
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,922,045	1,821,037
Unrestricted	1,494,528	1,908,928
Total Net Assets	\$2.416.572	\$2.720.065
TOTAL INCLASSES	\$3,416,573	\$3,729,965

Total net assets of the District as a whole decreased \$313,392.

# Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center Chillicothe, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Since this is the first year the School District has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement No. 34, revenue and expense comparison to fiscal year 2002 are not available.

# Table 2 Change in Net Assets

The state of the s	2003
Revenues	
Program Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$1,409,882
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,683,137
Total Program Revenues	4,093,019
General Revenues:	2 - 1 1 2 2 2
Property Taxes	3,714,202
Grants and Entitlements	8,482,546
Investment Earnings	107,478
Other	137,474
Total General Revenues	12,441,700
Total Revenues	16,534,719
D 5	
Program Expenses	
Instruction	224 727
Regular	801,505
Special	260
Vocational	10,327,613
Adult/Continuing	145,195
Support Services	
Pupils	1,624,283
Instructional Staff	1,303,766
Board of Education	32,397
Administration	521,720
Fiscal	390,897
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	925,329
Pupil Transportation	16,533
Central	81,816
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	626,767
Extracurricular Activities	13,029
Interest & Fiscal Charges	37,001
Total Expenses	16,848,111
•	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	3,729,965
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(313,392)
Net Assets at End of Year	\$3,416,573
	, ,

#### **Governmental Activities**

Grants and entitlements comprised 51 percent of revenue for governmental activities of the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center for fiscal year 2003 and represents the largest source of revenue.

Property taxes comprised 22 percent of revenue for governmental activities during 2003.

As indicated by governmental program expenses, total instruction is emphasized. Total instruction comprised 67 percent of governmental program expenses with support services and other expenses comprising 33 percent of governmental expenses. The Board of Education relies on taxes to support increased student achievement within the school district.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted grants & entitlements. Comparisons to 2002 have not been made since they are not available.

Table 3
Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	20	003
	Total Cost	Net Cost of
	of Services	Services
Instruction	\$11,274,573	\$(9,073,288)
Support Services	4,896,741	(3,536,348)
Operation of Non-instructional Services	626,767	(95,909)
Extracurricular Activities	13,029	(12,906)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	37,001	(36,641)
Total Expenses	\$16,848,111	\$(12,755,092)

#### THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Information about the School District's major governmental funds begins on page 12. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$16,490,405 and expenditures of \$16,861,058. There was no significant change in fund balances relative to the prior year.

# **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The School District's budget is adopted on a fund basis. Before the budget is adopted, the Board of Education reviews the detailed work papers of each object within the General Fund and then adopts the budget on a fund basis. The General Fund was the most significant budgeted fund.

During 2003, there were several revisions to the General Fund budget. In part, these revisions decreased appropriations by \$1,525,141. The Treasurer has been given the authority by the Board of Education to make line item adjustments within the budget. The General fund's ending unobligated cash balances were \$230,491 below the final budgeted amount.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2003, the School District had \$2,420,141 invested in land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows the fiscal year 2003 balances compared to 2002.

# Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

#### Governmental Activities

	2003	2002
Land	\$191,116	\$191,116
Buildings and Improvements	1,156,743	1,289,836
Furniture and Equipment	1,046,828	1,036,422
Vehicles	25,454	29,489
Totals	\$2,420,141	\$2,546,863

Changes in capital assets from the prior year resulted from additions, deletions and depreciation. The most significant capital asset addition was the purchase of a several computers.

#### **Debt**

At June 30, 2003, the School District had \$340,000 in bonds outstanding with \$165,000 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes the bonds outstanding:

# Table 5 Outstanding Debt at Year End

#### Governmental Activities

	2003	2002
1994 Energy Conservation Bonds	<u>\$340,000</u>	\$495,000

The Energy Conservation Bonds were issued May 15, 1994 in the amount of \$1,360,000. The unvoted general obligation notes were issued for the purpose of implementing energy conservation measures for the school district. The final payment is due in fiscal year 2005.

At June 30, 2003 the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$152,958,184 with an unvoted debt margin of \$1,699,535.

#### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the School District's financial and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ben Vanhorn, Treasurer, Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center, 895 Crouse Chapel Road, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

# Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

		vernmental Activities
ASSETS:	1	
Current Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,970,152
Materials and Supplies Inventory		12,650
Accrued Interest Receivable		7,819
Accounts Receivable		29,205
Intergovernmental Receivable		55,311
Taxes Receivable		3,816,101
Noncurrent Assets:		
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		191,116
Depreciable Capital Assets, net		2,229,025
Total Assets	\$	10,311,379
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	165,293
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,110,352
Intergovernmental Payable		535,276
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		41,410
Deferred Revenue		3,462,787
Claims Payable		176,226
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		262,070
Due in More Than One Year		1,141,392
Total Liabilities		6,894,806
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		1,922,045
Unrestricted		1,494,528
Total Net Assets	\$	3,416,573

#### Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

**Program Revenues** Charges for **Operating Grants** Services and Sales and Contributions **Total Expenses** Governmental Activities: Instruction: Regular 801,505 8,598 \$ 1,897 (791,010)357,703 357,447 Special 260 662,020 Vocational 10,327,613 1,045,935 (8,619,658) Adult/Continuing 145,195 44,595 80,533 (20,067)Support Services: Pupils 1,624,283 298,654 528,184 (797,445)Instructional Staff 1,303,766 131,090 221,304 (951,372) Board of Education 32,397 (32,302)95 39,802 64,991 Administration 521,720 (416,927)9,876 Fiscal 390,897 8,981 (372,040)Operation and Maintenance of Plant 925,329 9.215 1.003 (915,111)**Pupil Transportation** 16,533 4,150 7,494 (4,889)Central 81,816 12,917 22,637 (46, 262)Operation of Non-Instructional Services 626,767 189,278 341,580 (95,909) Extracurricular Activities 13,029 0 123 (12,906)Interest and Fiscal Charges 37,001 360 0 (36,641) Total Governmental Activities \$ 16,848,111 1,409,882 \$ 2,683,137 (12,755,092) **General Revenues:** Property Taxes Levied for: 3,714,202 General Purposes Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs 8,482,546 Investment Earnings 107,478 Miscellaneous 137,474 Total General Revenues 12,441,700 Change in Net Assets (313,392)Net Assets Beginning of Year - (See Note 3) 3,729,965 Net Assets End of Year \$3,416,573

# Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

	Ger	neral Fund	Ed	Adult lucation Fund	Gove	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS:								
Current Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,698,637	\$	62,222	\$	209,293	\$	3,970,152
Materials and Supplies Inventory		8,072		-		4,578		12,650
Accrued Interest Receivable		7,819		-		-		7,819
Accounts Receivable		-		29,205		-		29,205
Interfund Receivable		631,585		-		55,311		631,585 55,311
Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable		3,631,551		-		184,550		3,816,101
Taxes Receivable		3,031,331				104,330		3,810,101
Total Assets	\$	7,977,664	\$	91,427	\$	453,732	\$	8,522,823
LIABILITIES:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	79,720	\$	58,860	\$	26,713	\$	165,293
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,004,339		63,208		42,805		1,110,352
Interfund Payable		-		480,711		150,874		631,585
Intergovernmental Payable		355,818		34,288		7,108		397,214
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		41,410		-		-		41,410
Deferred Revenue		3,344,886		-		184,550		3,529,436
Claims Payable		176,226						176,226
Total Liabilities		5,002,399		637,067		412,050		6,051,516
FUND BALANCES:								
Reserved:								
Reserved for Encumbrances		81,930		26,991		58,352		167,273
Reserved for Inventory		46,270		-		-		46,270
Reserved for Property Taxes		286,665		-		-		286,665
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:		2.560.400						2.560.400
General Fund		2,560,400		(572 (21)		(15.047)		2,560,400
Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds		-		(572,631)		(15,847) (823)		(588,478) (823)
Capital Flojects rulids		<del>-</del>		<del></del>		(623)	-	(823)
Total Fund Balances		2,975,265		(545,640)		41,682		2,471,307
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,977,664	\$	91,427	\$	453,732	\$	8,522,823

# Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2003

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 2,471,307
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,420,141
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	CC CAD	
Taxes	66,649	
Total		66,649
Intergovernmental payable includes contractually required pension contributions not expected to be paid with expendable available		
financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds		(138,062)
Long-Term Liabilities, including bonds, capital lease obligations, long-term portion of compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences	(905,366)	
Capital Lease Obligations	(158,096)	
Energy Conservation Notes	(340,000)	
Total		(1,403,462)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 3,416,573

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Pickaway-Ross County J.V.S. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	General Fund	Adult Education Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 3,486,426	\$ -	\$ 183,462	\$ 3,669,888
Intergovernmental	8,840,249	945,458	1,362,978	11,148,685
Interest	107,478	-	-	107,478
Tuition and Fees	85,178	383,549	-	468,727
Rent	8,296	-	-	8,296
Gifts and Donations	550	-	17,000	17,550
Customer Sales and Services	36,992	740,406	163,755	941,153
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	4,038	-	-	4,038
Miscellaneous	113,864	10,726		124,590
Total Revenues	12,683,071	2,080,139	1,727,195	16,490,405
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	744,268	3,404	-	747,672
Special	260	-	-	260
Vocational	8,742,734	1,558,706	296,350	10,597,790
Adult/Continuing	-	-	142,962	142,962
Support Services:	600 677	605.226	200 140	1.514.160
Pupils	609,677	695,336	209,149	1,514,162
Instructional Staff	817,381	153,556	228,306	1,199,243
Board of Education Administration	32,381	485	116 140	32,381
Administration Fiscal	341,365 342,802	483 561	116,140 12,416	457,990 355,779
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		301	1,800	833,781
Pupil Transportation	831,981	-	12,314	12,314
Central	40,348	-	30,135	70,483
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	13,340	-	601,538	614,878
Extracurricular Activities	13,029	-	-	13,029
Debt Service:	13,027	_	_	13,027
Principal	72,730	_	155,000	227,730
Interest	12,141	_	28,463	40,604
inclose	12,111		20,103	10,001
Total Expenditures	12,614,437	2,412,048	1,834,573	16,861,058
Net Change in Fund Balances	68,634	(331,909)	(107,378)	(370,653)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year				
Restated (See note 3)	2,906,631	(213,731)	149,060	2,841,960
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 2,975,265	\$ (545,640)	\$ 41,682	\$ 2,471,307

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (370,653)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.  Capital Asset Additions  Current Year Depreciation  Total	258,966 (363,127)	(104,161)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of fixed assets.		
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Total	(22,561)	(22,561)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Taxes  Total	44,315	44,315
Repayment of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.		155,000
Repayment of capital leases obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.		72,730
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Decrease in Compensated Absences Increase in Intergovernmental Payable	60,204 (148,266)	
Total		 (88,062)
Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ (313,392)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negative)
Revenues & Other Sources Total Revenues Advances In	\$ 12,780,887	\$ 12,604,794 	\$ 12,604,794 962,278	\$ - 962,278
Total Revenues & Other Sources	12,780,887	12,604,794	13,567,072	962,278
Expenditures, Transfers & Other Uses Expenditures & Transfers Advances Out	14,247,255	12,722,114	12,722,114 1,192,769	(1,192,769)
Total Expenditures & Other Uses	14,247,255	12,722,114	13,914,883	(1,192,769)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,466,368)	(117,320)	(347,811)	(230,491)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	3,607,750	3,607,750	3,607,750	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	103,358	103,358	103,358	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 2,244,740	\$ 3,593,788	\$ 3,363,297	\$ (230,491)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Adult Education Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues & Other Sources Total Revenues Advances In	\$ 3,650,000	\$2,700,835	\$2,220,126 480,709	\$ (480,709) 480,709
Total Revenues & Other Sources	3,650,000	2,700,835	2,700,835	-
Expenditures, Transfers & Other Uses Expenditures Advances Out	3,367,415	2,423,021	2,423,021 277,500	(277,500)
Total Expenditures & Other Uses	3,367,415	2,423,021	2,700,521	(277,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances	282,585	277,814	314	(277,500)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	5,597	5,597	5,597	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	4,521	4,521	4,521	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 292,703	\$ 287,932	\$ 10,432	\$ (277,500)

# Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Statement of Fiduciary Assets & Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2003

	Ageno	ey Fund
ASSETS: Current Assets: Equity in Papeled Cook and Cook Equivalents	¢	22 242
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u> </u>	32,242
Total Assets	\$	32,242
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
Undistributed Monies	\$	32,242
Total Liabilities	\$	32,242

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center (the "School District") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board form of government consisting of eleven representatives from the various elected City and County School Boards within Pickaway and Ross Counties. The School District possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The School District exposes students to job training leading to employment upon graduation from high school.

The School District was established in 1970 through the cooperation of all school districts involved. The School District serves an area of approximately 1,090 square miles. It is located in Ross County, and includes the school districts within Ross and Pickaway Counties. It is staffed by 38 non-certificated employees, 140 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 11 administrative employees who provide services to 1,134 students and other community members. The School District currently operates 2 instructional buildings.

#### Reporting Entity:

The School District is a jointly governed organization, legally separate from other organizations. The Board of Education of the School District is not directly elected, although no other school district appoints a voting majority of the Board. None of the school districts that appoint Board members are financially accountable for the School District.

A reporting entity is comprised of the jointly governed organization, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The jointly governed organization consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the District.

- ► Ross-Pike Educational Service District
- ► Cities of Chillicothe and Circleville
- Participating Local/City School Districts
- Pickaway ESC

The School District is associated with five organizations, three of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as a claims servicing pool, and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association, Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow, Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center, Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, respectively. These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18 to the general purpose financial statements.

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The School District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific School District's functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the School District's major governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

#### **Adult Education**

The Adult Education Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to the provision of credit and noncredit classes to the community.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, debt service, and capital projects, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the School District at yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### **Measurement Focus**

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets.

The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

## **Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. (See Note 7.) Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fee and rentals.

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2003, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2004 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt and capital lease obligations, which is recorded when due, (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, personal leave and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees, (3) the costs related to the workers compensation retrospective rating program are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period the costs were incurred. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, other than the agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2003.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the School District for all funds in the normal course of operations for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to a commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. On the fund financial statements encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on the government-wide financial statements. Encumbrances are reported as part of expenditures/expenses on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in the budgetary statements.

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash received by the School District is deposited into one of several bank accounts with individual fund balance integrity maintained. Balances of all funds are maintained in these accounts or are temporarily used to purchase certificates of deposit or investments. All investment earnings accrue to the General Fund except those specifically related to those funds deemed appropriate according to Board of Education policy. Interest earned amounted to \$107,478 all of which was recorded in the General Fund.

The School District records all its investments at fair value. For presentation on the balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents. The School District has invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds, Fifth Third Bank's Liquid Asset Management Account and repurchase agreements during fiscal year 2003. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2003.

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are reported as cash equivalents.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Inventory**

On government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2003, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives	
Building and Improvements	30-40 years	
Improvements other than buildings	10-20 years	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5-20 years	
Vehicles	5 years	

#### Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables" and "Interfund Payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation and personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate its employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive severance benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The School District records an accrual for sick leave for all employees with ten years or more of service. The accrual amount is based upon accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's severance policy.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Compensated Absences (Continued)**

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities, that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### **Fund Balance Reserves**

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity, which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, inventory and property tax revenue reserved by the Board for future year's appropriations. The reserve for property tax represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The unreserved, undesignated portions of fund equity reflected for Governmental Funds are available for use within the specific purpose of those funds.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### 3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

Changes in Accounting Principles For fiscal year 2003, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments", GASB Statement No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments: Omnibus", GASB Statement No.38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", and GASB Interpretation No.6, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements." At June 30, 2002, there was no effect on fund balances as a result of implementing GASB Statements 37 and 38.

GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the School District's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column.

The government-wide financial statements split the School District's programs between business-type activities, if any, and governmental activities. The beginning net asset amount for governmental activities reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2002, caused by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

**Restatement of Fund Balance** The implementation of Interpretation No.6, fund reclassifications and accounting errors had the following effects on fund balance of the major and nonmajor funds of the School District as they were previously reported. The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is also presented.

•	Adult			
	General	Education	Nonmajor	Total
				_
Fund Balances, June 30, 2002	\$3,427,577	(\$221,033)	(\$448,380)	\$2,758,164
Intergovernmental Payable	20,293	7,302	13,887	41,482
Fund Reclassification	(583,553)	0	583,553	0
Accounting Errors	3,501	0	0	3,501
Interpretation 6	38,813	0	0	38,813
Adjusted Fund Balances, June 30, 2002	\$2,906,631	(213,731)	\$149,060	\$2,841,960
GASB 34 Adjustments				888,005
Governmental Activities Net Assets, June 30, 2002				\$3,729,965

#### **NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTABILITY**

At June 30, 2003, the Food Service, ECIA Chapter # 2, Vocational Education Perkins Grant, Adult Education, Post Secondary Vocational Education, Career Development, and Adult Basic Education Special Revenue Funds and the Bond Retirement Debt Service fund had deficit fund balances/retained earnings of \$58,397, \$112, \$80,576, \$540,123, \$7,977, \$5,741, \$5,101 and \$5,516, respectively, which were created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

#### NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Internal Service Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the proprietary fund type (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances In and Advances Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General fund:

#### Net Change in Fund Balance

	General	Adult Ed
GAAP Basis	\$68,634	(\$331,909)
Adjustments:		
Revenue Accruals	(77,788)	150,713
Expenditure Accruals	155,815	30,095
Advances	(230,491)	203,209
Transfers	(150,000)	-
Encumbrances	(113,981)	(51,794)
Budget Basis	(\$347,811)	314

#### NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

#### **NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation(FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$750 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the School District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

#### **NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

Deposits: At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$3,012,875 and the bank balance was \$4,142,050. Of the bank balance, \$211,316 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,930,734 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments: The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investments in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, is an unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category 3	Fair Value
Repurchase Agreement	\$609,188	\$609,188
STAR Ohio	0	379,581
Total Investments	\$609,188	\$988,769

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments	
GASB Statement No. 9	\$4,002,394	\$ 0	
Cash on Hand	(750)	0	
Investments:			
Repurchase Agreement	(609,188)	609,188	
STAR Ohio	(379,581)	379,581	
GASB Statement No. 3	\$3,012,875	\$988,769	

#### **NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calendar 2003 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar 2002 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2003 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for calendar 2003 taxes.

2002 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2003, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2003, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

#### **NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)**

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2003 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2002, are levied after April 1, 2003 and are collected in 2004 with real property taxes.

2002 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2002, on the value as of December 31, 2002. Collections are made in 2002. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2003 taxes were collected are:

	2002 Second- Half Collections		2003 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Amount Percent		Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$1,267,627,190	76.20%	\$1,309,022,840	77.02%
Public Utility	116,133,180	6.98%	123,194,490	7.25%
Tangible Personal Property	279,898,632	16.82%	267,318,050	15.73%
Total Assessed Value	\$1,663,659,002	100.00%	\$1,699,535,380	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of Assessed valuation	\$3.20		\$3.20	

The School District receives property taxes from Pickaway, Ross and Hocking Counties. The county auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2003, are available to finance fiscal year 2004 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2003. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2003, was \$286,665 in the General Fund.

#### **NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2003, consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services, tuition and student fees), interest, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

#### NOTE 8 – RECEIVABLES (Continued)

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Fund Type/Fund Name	<u>Amounts</u>
Governmental Activities:	
State Grants	50,000
Food Service	5,311
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$55,311

#### NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, was as follows:

	Ending Balance 06/30/02	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 06/30/03
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$191,116	0	0	\$191,116
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	191,116	0	0	191,116
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	5,311,523	0	0	5,311,523
Furniture and Equipment	3,440,689	258,966	(361,886)	3,337,769
Vehicles	132,650	0	0	132,650
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	8,884,862	258,966	(361,886)	8,781,942
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(4,021,687)	(133,093)	0	(4,154,780)
Furniture and Equipment	(2,404,267)	(225,999)	339,325	(2,290,941)
Vehicles	(103,161)	(4,035)	0	(107,196)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,529,115)	(363,127)	339,325	(6,552,917)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,355,747	(104,161)	(22,561)	2,229,025
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$2,546,863	\$(104,161)	\$(22,561)	\$2,420,141

<sup>\*</sup>Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Vocational	\$315,891
Adult/Continuing	680
Support Services:	
Pupil	23,303
Instructional Staff	3,334
Administration	4,935
Fiscal & Business	1,309
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	9,273
Pupil Transportation	3,085
Central	846
Non-Instructional Services	471
Total Depreciation Expense	\$363,127

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2003, the School District contracted with Indiana Insurance for fleet, liability, and property insurance and boiler and machinery coverage.

Coverages provided by these companies are as follows:

Building and Contents (\$5,000 deductible)	\$16,811,985
Boiler and Machinery (\$5,000 deductible)	20,000,000
Automobile Liability (\$100 deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$100 deductible)	1,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability (Aggregate)	500,000
General Liability (\$100 deductible)	
Per occurrence	2,000,000
Aggregate	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant change in coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2003, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through self-insurance accounted for within the General Fund. The School District is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of fourteen school districts within Ross and Pickaway Counties, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The medical claims liability of \$176,226 reported in the general fund at June 30, 2003 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in claims activity for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year
2001	\$222,305	\$1,461,439	\$1,244,421	\$439,323
2002	439,323	1,355,265	1,423,492	371,096
2003	371,096	1,087,560	1,634,882	176,226

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### **School Employees Retirement System**

The Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code establishes benefits. SERS issues a publicly available, stand alone report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary and the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the school district's contributions is used to fund pension obligations, with the remainder being used to fund healthcare benefits; for fiscal year 2003, 5.46% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by SERS's Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$211,043, \$59,136, and \$197,642, respectively; 100% has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100% for the fiscal years 2002 and 2001.

#### **State Teachers Retirement System**

The Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code establishes benefits. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771 or by calling (614)227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefits (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2003 plan members were required to contribute 9.3% of their annual covered salary and the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center was required to contribute 14%; 13% was the portion allocated to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$1,232,973, \$807,361, and \$606,423, respectively; 100% has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2002 and 2001.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2003, four members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of the coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$355,203 for fiscal year 2003.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2002, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.011 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2002, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$354,697,000 and STRS had 105,300 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 5.83% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2003, the minimum pay was established at \$14,500. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2003 fiscal year equaled \$143,298.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, were \$204,930,737 and the target level was \$307.4 million. At June 30, 2003, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$303.6 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

#### **NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 285 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the first 120 days of accrued, but unused sick leave credit, plus one-tenth of days 121 through 285, to a maximum of 46 and one-half days for all employees.

#### **B.** Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through the Guardian Life Insurance Company.

#### **C.** Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

#### NOTE 14 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During previous fiscal years, the School District entered into capitalized leases for equipment, furniture and fixtures, and copiers. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, *Accounting for Leases*, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

The capital asset acquired by the lease has been capitalized in the statement of net assets for governmental activities in the amount of \$593,091. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded on the statement of net assets for governmental activities. Principal payments in fiscal year 2003 totaled \$72,730.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2003:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal & Interest
2004	\$60,887
2005	37,990
2006	37,990
2007	37,990
Total	174,857
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(16,761)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$158,096

#### **NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Long-term debt and other obligations at June 30, 2003 and the related transactions for the year then ended are summarized below:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/02	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/03	Amount Due Within One Year
1994 Energy Conservation Bonds 5.75%	\$495,000	0	155,000	340,000	\$165,000
Capital Leases	230,826	0	72,730	158,096	53,309
Compensated Absences	965,570	905,366	965,570	905,366	43,761
Total Long Term Obligations	\$1,691,396	905,366	1,193,300	1,403,462	\$262,070

*Energy Conservation Bonds* - On May 15, 1994, Pickaway-Ross Joint Vocational School District issued \$1,360,000 in unvoted general obligation bonds for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the School District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The bonds were issued for a ten year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2005. The debt will be retired from the debt service fund.

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$152,958,184 with an energy conservation debt margin of \$152,618,184 and an unvoted debt margin of \$1,699,535 at June 30, 2003.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt, including notes outstanding at June 30, 2003, are as follows:

Fiscal year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2004	\$165,000	\$19,550	\$184,550
2005	175,000	10,063	185,063
Totals	\$340,000	\$29,613	\$369,613

#### **NOTE 16 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

As of June 30, 2003, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
Fund Type/Fund	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$631,585	\$0
Special Revenue Funds:		
Food Service	0	58,815
Adult Education	0	480,711
Career Development	0	6.375
Post Secondary Vocational Ed.	0	19,716
Vocational Education	0	64.356
ECIA Chapter 2	0_	1,612
Total Special Revenue	0	631,585
Total All Funds	\$631,585	\$631,585

#### NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Vinton, Jackson and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each of the eight participating counties, two school treasurers, and a representative for the fiscal agent. SCOCA is not accumulating significant financial resources nor is it experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. The School District paid SCOCA \$72,147 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow - The School District is a member of the Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow (the "Council"). The Council is a regional council of governments consisting of twelve city, local, and joint vocational school districts, two educational service centers and the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus for the purpose of promoting the use of advanced telecommunications and technology to provide enhanced educational opportunities to the communities of Ross and Pickaway Counties. The Council is operated under the direction of a Board of Directors consisting of one representative (the superintendent or another person appointed by the board of education) of each of the members. To obtain financial information, write to the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus, who acts as fiscal agent, at 571 West Fifth Street, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

The Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center - The Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center (Pilasco-Ross) is a special education service center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly-governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding, and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents.

Pilasco-Ross is governed by a board composed of superintendents of participating schools, parents of children with disabilities, representatives of charted nonpublic schools, representatives of county boards of MR/DD, Shawnee State University, and the Southeast Regional Professional Development Center whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District's Superintendent is a member of the Pilasco-Ross Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the fiscal agent, Jim Tordiff, Treasurer, at Dawson-Bryant Local School District, 222 Lane Street, Coal Grove, Ohio 45638.

#### NOTE 18 - CLAIMS SERVICING AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium - The School District is a member of the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium"), a claims servicing pool consisting of fourteen school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area. Medical/surgical, dental, vision, or life insurance is administered through a third party administrator, Professional Risk Management Co., depending on which coverages the individual member district chooses. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by a Council consisting of one representative for each participating school. The participating school districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs of administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the Westfall Local School District, Scott Glandon who serves as Treasurer, at 19463 Pherson Pike, Williamsport, Ohio 43164.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### **NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in restricted cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital

acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisitions	Totals
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2002	\$0	\$0	\$0
Current year set-aside requirement	298,894	298,894	597,788
Prior Year Carryover	(90,896)	(318,541)	(409,437)
Qualifying disbursements	(380,379)	(401,151)	(781,530)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Years	(\$172,381)	(\$420,798)	(\$593,179)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2003	\$0	\$0	\$0

The School District had offset and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero in the Textbooks and Capital Acquisition Reserves. These extra amounts may be carried forward and used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

#### NOTE 20 - SCHOOL FUNDING COURT DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations

#### **NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2003.

#### Pickaway-Ross Joint Vocational School District Ross County

#### Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	Pass Through Entity	Federal CFDA		In-Kind		In-Kind
Program Title	Number	Number	Receipts		Disbursements	Disbursements
Tropium Title	rumoer	Tiumoor	песегра	receipus	Discussinents	Bisoursements
United States Department of Agriculture						
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
Nutrition Cluster:						
Food Distribution Program	NA	10.550	:	50 \$5,590	\$0	\$5,590
National School Lunch Program	051433 LLP4	10.555	41,7	73	0 41,773	0
<b>Total United States Department of Agriculture</b>			41,7	73 5,59	0 41,773	5,590
United States Department of Education						
Direct from the Federal Agency						
Student Financial Aid Cluster						
Federal Family Education Loans	N	84.032	189,1	93	0 189,193	0
Federal Pell Grant Program	N	84.063	188,6	72	0 188,672	0
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			377,8	65	0 377,865	0
Passed through Ohio Department of Education						
Vocational Education: Basic Grants to State	015433-2O	84.048	509,4	71	0 458,540	0
Passed through the State Bureau of Vocational Rehab						
Special Education-Persons with Disabilities	NA	84.078	58,9	20	0 58,920	0
Passed through Ohio Department of Education						
Title II-A Consolidated	051433-TRS1	84.367	6,2	87	0 5,486	0
Adult and Community Education	051433-ABS1	84.002	121,2	48	0 121,248	0
Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants	051433-MSS1	84.281	1,2	01	0 1,201	0
Innovative Education Program Strategy	051433-C2S1	84.298	7,7	83	0 8,773	0
Safe & Drug Free Schools and Communities: State Grants	051433-DRS1	84.186	2,4	11	0 2,679	0
<b>Total United States Department of Education</b>			1,085,1	86	0 1,034,712	0
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$1,126,93	9 \$5,590	\$1,076,485	\$5,590

Legend:

NA = Not Available

N = Direct Assistance

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures.

#### Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures June 30, 2003

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

#### NOTE A - - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the Center-s federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### NOTE B - - FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2003, the Center had no significant food commodities in inventory.

#### NOTE C - - GUARANTEED STUDENT LOANS

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the dollar amount of the guaranteed student loans disbursed.

#### BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, Inc.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.harrscherer.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2003, in which we indicated the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement numbers 34, 37, 38, and Interpretation 6. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulation, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Members of the Board
Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON
AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT
AUDITING STANDARDS
Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. December 19, 2003

#### BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, Inc.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.harrscherer.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Members of the Board Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center (the School District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2003. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2003.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit we considered the internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Members of the Board
Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulation, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. December 19, 2003

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

# PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER & TECHNICAL CENTER ROSS COUNTY JUNE 30, 2003

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR-S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs= Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	84.048 Vocational Education – Basic Grants to States
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

#### PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER & TECHNICAL CENTER ROSS COUNTY JUNE 30, 2003

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

Finding Number

Pass-Through Agency

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS	
Finding Number	None
CFDA Title and Number	
Federal Award Number/Year	
Federal Agency	



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

# PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNICAL CENTER ROSS COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

**CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 3, 2004**