#### GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

# **BRENDA SCHWAMBERGER, TREASURER**



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

Board of Education Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District Plymouth, Ohio

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District, Richland County, prepared by Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomeny

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

December 22, 2003

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Groups	2 - 3
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund	4
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types	5 - 6
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings - All Proprietary Fund Types	7
Combined Statement of Cash Flows - All Proprietary Fund Types	8
Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements	9 - 50
Supplemental Data Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards	51
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	2 - 53
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With <i>OMB Circular A-133</i>	4 - 55
Schedule of Findings OMB Circular A-133 § .505 50	6 - 57

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# TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

1445 Worthington Woods Boulevard Suite B Worthington, Ohio 43085 TELEPHONE 614.846.1899 FACSIMILE 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District 365 Sandusky St. Plymouth, Ohio 44865

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District, Richland County, Ohio (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District, Richland County, as of June 30, 2003, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2003 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. December 2, 2003

#### PLYMOUTH-SHILOH LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RICHLAND COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET

ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

JUNE 30, 2003

	Governmental Fund Types							
	General	-	ecial venue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	General		venue				110jeets	
ASSETS:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	918,265	\$	304,863	\$	162,406	\$	596,313	
Investments	-		-		-		1,942,471	
Property taxes - current & delinquent	1,494,713		24,008		213,026		_	
Accounts	-		113				-	
Accrued interest	-		-		-		5,188	
Interfund loan receivable	9,600		-		-		-	
Advances to other funds	10,033		-		-		-	
Due from other governments	-		72,854		-		56,756	
Materials and supplies inventory	44,047		-		-		-	
Prepayments	37,797		-		-		-	
Restricted assets:	50.205							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	50,385		-		-		-	
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation where applicable).	_		_		_		_	
OTHER DEBITS:	-		-		-		-	
Amount available in debt service fund	-		-		-		-	
Amount to be provided for retirement of								
general long-term obligations	-				-		-	
Total assets and other debits	2,564,840	\$	401,838	\$	375,432	\$	2,600,728	
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	24,951	\$	2,490	\$	-	\$	950	
Accrued wages and benefits	614,652		66,325		-		-	
Compensated absences payable	13,640		1,871		-		-	
Early retirement incentive payable	-		-		-		-	
Pension obligation payable	96,348		9,376		-		-	
Interfund loan payable   Advances from other funds.	-		9,600		-		-	
Deferred revenue	1,206,978		35,360		- 199,769		5,188	
Due to other governments.	37,707		5,727		-		5,188	
Due to students	-		-		-		-	
General obligation bonds payable.	-		-		-		-	
Energy conservation notes payable	90,490		-		-		-	
Capital leases payable			_		-		-	
Total liabilities	2,084,766		130,749		199,769		6,138	
EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS:								
Investment in general fixed assets	-		-		-		-	
Contributed capital	-		-		-		-	
Retained earnings: unreserved	-		-		-		-	
Fund balances:	100 216		(2.592				402.070	
Reserved for encumbrances	180,216		62,582		-		493,879	
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory	44,047 37,797		-		-		-	
Reserved for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation.	83,587		1,523		12,199		-	
Reserved for BWC refunds	50,385						-	
Reserved for advances.	10,033		-		-		-	
Unreserved-undesignated	74,009	_	206,984		163,464		2,100,711	
Total equity and other credits	480,074		271,089		175,663		2,594,590	
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	2,564,840	<u>\$</u>	401,838	\$	375,432	\$	2,600,728	

	Proprietary	Fund Typ	es		duciary nd Types	Account Groups					
			nternal		rust and		General Fixed	General Long-Term		(N	Total Iemorandum
E	Interprise		Service	Agency			Assets	0	Obligations		Only)
<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>		¢		<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>		¢	
\$	153,319	\$	21,148	\$	29,552	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,185,866 1,942,471
	-		-		-		-		-		1,731,747
	555		-		99		-		-		767
	-		-		-		-		-		5,188
	-		-		-		-		-		9,600
	-		-		-		-		-		10,033 129,610
	8,549		-		-		-		-		52,596
	356		-		-		-		-		38,153
	550		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		50,385
	282,438		-		-		16,906,672		-		17,189,110
	-		-		-		-		175,663		175,663
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		2,090,502		2,090,502
\$	445,217	\$	21,148	\$	29,651	\$	16,906,672	\$	2,266,165	\$	25,611,691
\$	5,258	\$	-	\$	55	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,704
	31,855		-		-		-		-		712,832
	15,670		-		-		-		310,800		341,981
	-		-		-		-		129,671		129,671
	21,580		-		-		-		57,451		184,755
	-		-		10,033		-		-		9,600 10,033
	-		-		10,033		-		-		1,447,295
	753		-		-		-		-		44,187
	-		-		16,494		-		-		16,494
	-		-		-		-		1,670,000		1,670,000
	-		-		-		-		-		90,490
	-				-		-		98,243		98,243
	75,116				26,582		<u> </u>		2,266,165		4,789,285
	-		-		-		16,906,672		-		16,906,672
	174,754		-		-		-		-		174,754
	195,347		21,148		-		-		-		216,495
	-		-		500		-		-		737,177
	-		-		-		-		-		44,047
	-		-		-		-		-		37,797
	-		-		-		-		-		97,309
	-		-		-		-		-		50,385
	-		-		2 560		-		-		10,033
	370,101		21,148		2,569 3,069		16,906,672		<u>-</u>		2,547,737 20,822,406
	445,217		21,148				16,906,672		2,266,165		25,611,691

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#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

		Governme	ntal Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	T-4-1
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)
Revenues:						
From local sources:				<u>^</u>	<u>^</u>	• • • • • • • • • •
Taxes.	\$ 1,834,422	\$ 22,913	\$ 151,129	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,008,464
Tuition	252,211	-	-	-	-	252,211
Earnings on investments	30,608	(2.579	-	55,429	-	86,037
Extracurricular	- 36,149	62,578 89,969	-	-	3,180	62,578 129,298
Intergovernmental - State	4,639,802	89,909	20,904	732,528	5,180	5,476,910
Intergovernmental - Federal	1,265	794,708	20,704	152,526		795,973
	1,205	//4,/00				
Total revenues.	6,794,457	1,053,844	172,033	787,957	3,180	8,811,471
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular.	3,006,625	475,395	-	34,481	-	3,516,501
Special	591,723	56,521	-	-	-	648,244
Vocational	174,305	-	-	-	-	174,305
Other	188,310	-	-	-	-	188,310
Pupil	350,208	-	-	-	-	350,208
Instructional staff	291,130	130,716	-	8,444	2,397	432,687
Board of Education.	24,997	-	-	-	-	24,997
Administration	799,430	141,131	-	-	-	940,561
Fiscal.	193,428	10,319	3,306	4,857	-	211,910
Business	8,887		-	-	-	8,887
Operations and maintenance	619,868	46,827	-	-	-	666,695
Pupil transportation	395,186	36,624	-	-	-	431,810
Central	19,383	10,213	-	-	-	29,596
Community services.	-	21,294	-	-	-	21,294
Extracurricular activities	130,974 32,008	123,822	-	2,993,993	-	254,796 3,026,001
Debt service:	52,008	-	-	2,993,993	-	5,020,001
Principal retirement	24,872	_	35,000		_	59,872
Interest and fiscal charges	14,006	_	103,129		_	117,135
	14,000		105,125			
Total expenditures	6,865,340	1,052,862	141,435	3,041,775	2,397	11,103,809
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(70,883)	982	30,598	(2,253,818)	783	(2,292,338)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	-	33,032	-	-	-	33,032
Operating transfers out	(33,032)	-	-	-	-	(33,032)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	42,115					42,115
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,083	33,032	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	42,115
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing (uses) .	(61,800)	34,014	30,598	(2,253,818)	783	(2,250,223)
Fund balances, July 1	542,637	237,075	145,065	4,848,408	2,286	5,775,471
Decrease in reserve for inventory	(763)		-		-	(763)
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 480,074	\$ 271,089	\$ 175,663	\$ 2,594,590	\$ 3,069	\$ 3,524,485
1 and outdites, suite 50	φ +00,07+	φ 2/1,009	<u> </u>	φ 2,574,570	φ <u>5,00</u>	φ 5,52π,π05

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	General			Special Revenue				
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$ 1,803,016	\$ 1,769,629	\$ (33,387)	\$ 22,387	\$ 22,273	\$ (114)		
Tuition	50,955	252,211	201,256	-	-	-		
Earnings on investments.	40,806	30,608	(10,198)	-	-	-		
Extracurricular.	-	-	-	60,650	62,578	1,928		
Other local revenues	29,700	39,108	9,408	67,000	89,710	22,710		
Intergovernmental - State	4,437,859	4,639,802	201,943	80,014	83,676	3,662		
Intergovernmental - Federal	1,850	1,265	(585)	778,983	735,681	(43,302)		
Total revenues.	6,364,186	6,732,623	368,437	1,009,034	993,918	(15,116)		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular	3,101,206	3,100,250	956	544,986	483,975	61,011		
Special	579,740	613,841	(34,101)	69,300	55,325	13,975		
Vocational.	191,054	179,827	11,227	-	-	-		
Other	33,250	193,810	(160,560)	-	-	-		
Support services:								
Pupil	380,029	375,135	4,894	-	-	-		
Instructional staff	362,337	298,008	64,329	145,694	149,900	(4,206)		
Board of Education	28,436	20,828	7,608	-	-	-		
Administration	853,617	803,233	50,384	151,620	148,163	3,457		
Fiscal	209,026	194,474	14,552	10,444	10,313	131		
Business	15,260	16,108	(848)	-	-	-		
Operations and maintenance	752,277	673,482	78,795	73,426	68,194	5,232		
Pupil transportation	383,967	396,200	(12,233)	44,258	40,389	3,869		
Central.	21,200	20,059	1,141	10,948	10,807	141		
Community services	-	-	-	22,440	22,440	-		
Extracurricular activities	150,827	131,107	19,720	125,521	125,237	284		
Facilities acquisition & construction	38,170	30,000	8,170	-	-	-		
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-		-		
Total expenditures	7,100,396	7,046,362	54,034	1,198,637	1,114,743	83,894		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(736,210)	(313,739)	422,471	(189,603)	(120,825)	68,778		
	(750,210)			(10),000)	(120,025)			
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances in	5,000	5,000	-	-	9,600	9,600		
Advances out.	(30,162)	(9,600)	20,562	(1,140)	(5,000)	(3,860)		
Operating transfers in	-	_	-	27,300	33,032	5,732		
Operating transfers out.	(31,000)	(33,032)	(2,032)	-	-	-		
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	3,000	42,115	39,115	-	-	-		
Refund of prior year expenditures	-	21,268	21,268	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(53,162)	25,751	78,913	26,160	37,632	11,472		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and								
other financing sources over (under)	/	/=						
expenditures and other financing (uses)	(789,372)	(287,988)	501,384	(163,443)	(83,193)	80,250		
Fundhalanaa Jula 1	005 065	005 0CF		277 271	277 271			
Fund balances, July 1	895,065	895,065	-	277,271	277,271	-		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	148,793	148,793	-	41,514	41,514	-		
Fund balances, June 30	<u>\$ 254,486</u>	<u>\$ 755,870</u>	<u>\$ 501,384</u>	<u>\$ 155,342</u>	\$ 235,592	\$ 80,250		

		D	ebt Service				Capital Project	s		Total (Memorandum only)			
Revised Budget			Actual	Fa	ariance: avorable favorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	1	Variance: Favorable nfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Fav	riance: vorable vorable)
\$ 208,0	088	\$	204,663	\$	(3,425)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,033,491	\$ 1,996,565	\$	(36,926)
	-		-		-	-	-		-	50,955	252,211		201,256
	-		-		-	72,000	78,328		6,328	112,806	108,936		(3,870)
	-		-		-	-	-		-	60,650 96,700	62,578 128,818		1,928 32,118
17,2	248		20,904		3,656	739,500	734,361		(5,139)	5,274,621 780,833	5,478,743 736,946		204,122 (43,887)
225,3	336		225,567		231	811,500	812,689		1,189	8,410,056	8,764,797		354,741
	-		-		-	42,578	35,072		7,506	3,688,770	3,619,297		69,473
	-		-		-	-	-		-	649,040	669,166		(20,126)
	-		-		-	-	-		-	191,054	179,827		11,227
	-		-		-	-	-		-	33,250	193,810	(	(160,560)
	_		-		-	-	-		-	380,029	375,135		4,894
	-		-		-	1,370	8,445		(7,075)	509,401	456,353		53,048
	-		-		-	-	-		-	28,436	20,828		7,608
	-		-		-	-	-		-	1,005,237	951,396		53,841
4,0	075		3,290		785	6,000	4,857		1,143	229,545	212,934		16,611
	-		-		-	-	-		-	15,260	16,108		(848)
	-		-		-	-	-		-	825,703	741,676		84,027
	-		-		-	-	-		-	428,225	436,589		(8,364)
	-		-		-	-	-		-	32,148	30,866		1,282
	-		-		-	-	-		-	22,440 276,348	22,440 256,344		20,004
	-		-		-	4,555,492	4,555,991		(499)	4,593,662	4,585,991		20,004 7,671
84,3	273		84,322		1	_	_		_	84,323	84,322		1
111,1			111,142		2	-	-		-	111,144	111,142		2
199,5			198,754		788	4,605,440	4,604,365		1,075	13,104,015	12,964,224		139,791
25,7	794		26,813		1,019	(3,793,940)	(3,791,676)		2,264	(4,693,959)	(4,199,427)		494,532
	_		_		_	-	_		_	5,000	14,600		9,600
	-		-		-	-	-		-	(31,302)	(14,600)		16,702
	-		-		-	-	-		-	27,300	33,032		5,732
	-		-		-	-	-		-	(31,000)	(33,032)		(2,032)
	-		-		-	-	-		-	3,000	42,115		39,115
	-		-		-				-		21,268		21,268
			<u> </u>		-				-	(27,002)	63,383		90,385
25,7	794		26,813		1,019	(3,793,940)	(3,791,676)		2,264	(4,720,961)	(4,136,044)		584,917
135,5	593		135,593		-	2,202,781	2,202,781		-	3,510,710	3,510,710		-
	-	<u>_</u>	-	-	-	3,629,867	3,629,867		-	3,820,174	3,820,174		-
<u>\$ 161,3</u>	587	\$	162,406	\$	1,019	\$ 2,038,708	\$ 2,040,972	\$	2,264	\$ 2,609,923	\$ 3,194,840	\$	584,917

#### PLYMOUTH-SHILOH LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RICHLAND COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

		Proprietary			
	E	nterprise	 nternal ervice	( -	Total morandum Only)
Operating revenues:					
Tuition and fees	\$	9,265	\$ -	\$	9,265
Sales/charges for services		203,184	-		203,184
Other operating revenues.		9,631	 13,246		22,877
Total operating revenues		222,080	 13,246		235,326
Operating expenses:					
Personal services		255,357	-		255,357
Contract services		15,150	-		15,150
Materials and supplies		174,688	-		174,688
Depreciation		10,203	-		10,203
Other		4,522	 12,113		16,635
Total operating expenses		459,920	 12,113		472,033
Operating income (loss)		(237,840)	 1,133		(236,707)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Grants and subsidies		197,417	-		197,417
Federal commodities		29,664	-		29,664
Interest revenue.		1,331	-		1,331
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		(13,875)	 -		(13,875)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		214,537	 		214,537
Net income (loss) before capital contributions .		(23,303)	1,133		(22,170)
Capital contributions		201,221	 		201,221
Net income		177,918	1,133		179,051
Retained earnings, July 1		17,429	 20,015		37,444
Retained earnings, June 30	<u>\$</u>	195,347	\$ 21,148	\$	216,495

#### PLYMOUTH-SHILOH LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RICHLAND COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Proprietary Fund Types					
	E	nterprise		Internal Service	(M	Total emorandum Only)
Cash flows from operating activities:     Cash received from tuition and fees.     Cash received from sales/service charges.     Cash received from other operations     Cash payments for personal services     Cash payments for contract services     Cash payments for materials and supplies.     Cash payments for other expenses	\$	10,417 203,184 9,972 (245,250) (13,109) (147,074) (604)	\$	13,246	\$	10,417 203,184 23,218 (245,250) (13,109) (147,074) (12,717)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(182,464)		1,133		(181,331)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from grants and subsidies		197,417		<u>-</u>		197,417
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		197,417				197,417
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received		1,331		<u>-</u>		1,331
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,331				1,331
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		16,284		1,133		17,417
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year.		137,035		20,015		157,050
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	153,319	\$	21,148	\$	174,467
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(237,840)	\$	1,133	\$	(236,707)
Depreciation		10,203		-		10,203
Federal donated commodities		29,664		-		29,664
Decrease in materials and supplies inventory      Decrease in accounts receivable      Decrease in prepayments.      Increase in accounts payable.      Increase in accrued wages and benefits      Increase in compensated absences payable.      Increase in pension obligation payable.      Decrease in due to other governments      Decrease in deferred revenue		$1,655 \\ 1,493 \\ 2,472 \\ 5,232 \\ 4,026 \\ 1,405 \\ 4,909 \\ (233) \\ (5,450)$				$1,655 \\ 1,493 \\ 2,472 \\ 5,232 \\ 4,026 \\ 1,405 \\ 4,909 \\ (233) \\ (5,450)$
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(182,464)	\$	1,133	\$	(181,331)

Non-cash transactions: The District received \$201,221 in capital contributions which were recorded as fixed assets within the lunchroom fund.

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#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by its charter and further mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the district's 4 instructional/support facilities staffed by 50 classified and 83 certificated full-time teaching personnel, who provide services to 959 students and other community members. The District ranks as the 511<sup>th</sup> by enrollment among 740 public and community school districts in the state, and 8<sup>th</sup> largest in Richland County.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The general purpose financial statements (GPFS) of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989 to its proprietary activities unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>". A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes for the organization. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

The following organizations are described due to their relationship with the District:

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS:

#### Heartland Council of Governments (the "COG")

The COG (formally known as North Central Ohio Computer Cooperative) is a jointly governed organization among 15 school districts and 1 county educational service center. The COG was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic technology to administrative and instructional functions. Each member district supports the COG based on a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. The COG is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the members school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the District does not have any equity interest in the COG. Financial information can be obtained from the treasurer for the Pioneer Career and Technology Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, Ohio 44875-0309.

#### Pioneer Career and Technology Center (PCTC)

The PCTC is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Treasurer of the Pioneer Career and Technology Center at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, OH 44875.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL:

<u>Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan</u> The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established in Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. Refer to Note 14 for further information on this group rating plan.

#### **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of the State of Ohio.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's proprietary fund types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These include an expendable trust fund and an agency fund. The expendable trust fund is accounted for in the same manner as governmental funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency fund is presented on a budget basis, with note disclosure identifying items, which, in other fund types, would be subject to accrual (see Note 3.B.).

#### ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of general nature, the following account groups are used.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary or trust funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for all governmental and expendable trust funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is 60 days after the June 30 year-end. Revenues accrued at the end of the fiscal year include taxes (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year), interest, intergovernmental grants (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year) and accounts (student fees and tuition).

Current property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2003, and which are intended to finance fiscal 2004 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) are recognized as revenue.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the recognition of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied and the resources are available. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying exchange occurred and the resources are available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the fiscal year is reported in the operating statement as an expense and a like amount is reported as donated commodities revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from nonexchange transactions, such as grants, entitlements and donations, is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. The proprietary funds receive no revenue from property or income taxes.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### **D.** Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2003, is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Richland County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to March 15, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding fiscal year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2003.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation measure to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level, the District has presented budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the fiscal year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the fiscal year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2003.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 18 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting and Note 15 discloses encumbrances outstanding for the enterprise funds at fiscal year-end.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2003, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. government money market mutual funds, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2003.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Food Service enterprise fund receives interest earnings based upon federal mandate. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2003, amounted to \$30,608, which includes \$11,637 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### F. Inventory

Inventories for all governmental funds are valued at cost (first-in/first-out method). The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories at year-end are reported as assets of the respective fund, which are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets.

Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, food service paper and janitorial supplies and are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased. Donated food is valued at the fair market value at the date donated.

#### G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

#### 1. <u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u>

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$500. Books, records, movies and other learning aids kept at the District's library are also included for reporting purposes. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the general fixed assets account group. The District has not included infrastructure in the general fixed assets account group.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### 2. Proprietary Funds

Equipment reflected in these funds are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Life (years)</u> 5 - 12

Asset	
Furniture and equipment	

#### H. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for</u> <u>Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off <u>or</u> other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 or greater with at least 10 years of service and all employees with at least 20 years of service, regardless of their age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

Accumulated vacation and severance of governmental fund type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Vacation and sick leave for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

#### I. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants, or contributions from developers, customers, or other funds. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings (accumulated deficit) at year-end. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, capital contributions are recorded as revenue and a component of revenue at year-end. There is \$201,221 in capital contributions received by the enterprise funds during fiscal 2003. Contributed capital in the enterprise funds at June 30, 2003, is \$174,754.

#### J. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following fiscal year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a government fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term obligations account group.

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### K. Fund Equity

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity, which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds, and advances. The reserve for property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriations under state statute. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

#### L. Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds during the normal course of operations may occur. The most significant may include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with the exception of agency funds, which do not show transfers of resources as operating transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses.
- 3. Short-term interfund loans and accrued interfund reimbursements and accrued operating transfers are reflected as "interfund loans receivable or payable". The District had short-term interfund loans receivable and payable at June 30, 2003.
- 4. Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next fiscal year are termed "advances" and are shown as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet for those funds that report advances to other funds as assets because they are not spendable, available resources. The District had long-term advances receivable and payable at June 30, 2003.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

An analysis of interfund transactions is presented in Note 5.

#### M. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use by state statute. Fund balance reserves have also been established. See Note 21 for details.

#### N. Estimates

The preparation of the GPFS in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the GPFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **O.** Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

#### P. Other Local Revenues

Other local revenues in the expendable trust fund consist primarily of vending machine receipts. Other operating revenues in the enterprise fund consists primarily of the sale of farm crops. Other local revenues in the special revenue fund type consist largely of reimbursements and donations.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### Q. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the GPFS are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with GAAP. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE**

#### A. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2003 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Fund Deficits
Special Revenue Funds	
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid	\$1,192
Title VI-B	1,411

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund provides transfers for deficit balances; however, transfers are made when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur. These funds complied with state statue which does not allow for a negative fund balance at year-end.

The deficit fund balances in the Title VI-B and Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid special revenue funds are caused by the application of GAAP, namely in the reporting of a liability for accrued wages, interfund loans or amounts due to other governments attributable to the fiscal year. This deficit balance will be eliminated by anticipated future intergovernmental revenues or other subsidies not recognized and recorded at June 30.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)**

#### **B.** Agency Fund

The following is an accrual for the agency fund, which, if in another fund type, would be recognized on the combined balance sheet:

ASSETS	
Prepaids	\$ 120
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts payable	1,117
Due to other governments	145

#### NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity In Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents". Statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

*Cash on Hand:* At fiscal year-end, the District had \$205 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the combined balance sheet of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

*Deposits:* At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$(44,665) and the bank balance was \$127,454. A liability was not recorded for the negative carrying amount of deposits because there was no actual overdraft, due to the "zero-balance" nature of the District's bank accounts. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

#### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposits in excess of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of the State of Ohio and its municipalities, and obligations of the other states. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to a bank other than the institution in which the deposit is made. Written custodial agreements are required.

*Investments:* Investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of holding risk assumed by the entity at fiscal year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or securities held by the District. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty or by its trust department, but not in the District's name. Investments in STAR Ohio and U.S. government money market mutual funds are unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category 2	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Federal agency securities Investment in STAR Ohio U.S. Government money	\$1,942,471	\$1,942,471 2,265,792	\$1,942,471 2,265,792
market mutual fund		14,919	14,919
Total investments	<u>\$1,942,471</u>	<u>\$4,223,182</u>	<u>\$4,223,182</u>

The Federal agency securities have maturities ranging from July 2003 to December 2006.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "<u>Reporting Cash Flows</u> of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting".

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A reconciliation between the classifications of equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet (per GASB Statement No. 9) and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/ Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9 Investments of the cash management pool:	\$ 2,236,251	\$1,942,471
Investment in STAR Ohio U.S. Government money	(2,265,792)	2,265,792
market mutual fund Cash on hand	(14,919) (205)	14,919
GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$ (44,665</u> )	<u>\$4,223,182</u>

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** The following is a summarized breakdown of the District's operating transfers for fiscal year 2003:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$33,032
Special Revenue Funds District Managed Student Activity Severance	12,319 20,713	- 
Total	<u>\$33,032</u>	<u>\$33,032</u>

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)**

**B.** Interfund balances at June 30, 2003, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivable	
General Fund	\$9,600	\$ -
Special Revenue Funds		
Title VI	-	600
Improving Teacher Quality	-	4,000
Miscellaneous Federal Grants		5,000
Total	<u>\$9,600</u>	<u>\$9,600</u>

C. Interfund balances at June 30, 2003 consist of the following long-term advances:

	Advances to Other Funds	Advances from Other Funds
General Fund	\$10,033	\$ -
Agency Fund Student Managed Activity	<u> </u>	10,033
Total	<u>\$10,033</u>	<u>\$10,033</u>

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by state law at 35% of appraised market value.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at varying rates of true value.

Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current fiscal year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value. The assessed value upon which the 2002 taxes were collected was \$53,163,270. Agricultural/residential and public utility/minerals real estate represented 82.70% of \$43,965,770 of this total; commercial & industrial real estate represented 5.49% or \$2,919,510 of this total; public utility tangible represented 8.57% or \$4,556,980 of this total and general tangible property represented 3.24% or \$1,721,010. The voted general tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, was \$32.20 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for operations and \$3.80 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for debt service.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20.

The District receives property taxes from Richland, Huron and Crawford Counties. The respective County Treasurers collect property taxes on behalf of the District. The respective County Auditors periodically remit to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes, which became measurable as of June 30, 2003. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue. A total of \$97,309 was available to the District as an advance at June 30 and is recognized as revenue.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue, but not received by the district prior to June 30, 2003, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited, by law, from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 7 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX**

The voters of the District passed a 1% school district income tax at the May 8, 1990, election and became effective January 1, 1991. This tax is effective indefinitely. School district income tax revenue received by the general fund during fiscal year 2003 was \$610,336.

#### **NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2003, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, interfund loans, long term advances, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements (to the extent eligibility requirements were met by fiscal year-end). Intergovernmental receivables have been reported as "Due From Other Governments" on the combined balance sheet. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the items of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund	
Taxes - current and delinquent	\$1,494,713
Interfund loans	9,600
Advances to other funds	10,033
Special Revenue Funds	
Taxes - current and delinquent	24,008
Accounts	113
Due from other governments	72,854
Debt Service Fund	
Taxes - current and delinquent	213,026
Capital Projects Funds	
Due from other governments	56,756
Accrued interest	5,188
Enterprise Funds	
Accounts	555
Expendable Trust Fund	
Accounts	99

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 9 - FIXED ASSETS**

A summary of the changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 1, 2002	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2003
Land/improvements	\$ 77,490	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 77,490
Buildings/improvements	2,755,274	10,437,876	-	13,193,150
Furniture/equipment	1,925,155	496,388	(245,777)	2,175,766
Vehicles	588,551	54,408	(59,479)	583,480
Textbooks and library books	876,786	-	-	876,786
Construction in progress	10,262,175	<u> </u>	(10,262,175)	
Total	<u>\$16,485,431</u>	<u>\$10,988,672</u>	<u>\$(10,567,431</u> )	<u>\$16,906,672</u>

A summary of the proprietary fixed assets at June 30, 2003, follows:

Furniture and equipment	\$ 415,559
Less: accumulated depreciation	(133,121)
Net fixed assets	<u>\$ 282,438</u>

#### NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In the prior fiscal year, the District entered into a capitalized lease for the acquisition of computers and monitors.

Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "<u>Accounting for Leases</u>", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. At inception, the leases were accounted for as a capital outlay expenditure and other financing source in the general fund. General fixed assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group in the amount of \$123,115, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. A corresponding liability was recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. There were \$24,872 in principal payments made during the 2003 fiscal year.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2003.

Fiscal year Ending June 30	Computers and Monitors
2004	\$ 46,296
2005	46,296
2006	15,432
Total future minimum lease payments	108,024
Less: amount representing interest	<u>(9,781</u> )
Present value of future minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 98,243</u>

General Long-Term Obligations

#### **NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** During fiscal year 2000, the District issued \$1,761,000 in general obligation bonds to provide long-term financing for the renovation of the elementary school and the construction of a new middle school/ high school building. These bonds bear an annual interest rate of 5.0% and mature in fiscal year 2024.

Payments of principal and interest relating to this liability is recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund. The unmatured obligation at fiscal year-end is accounted for in the general long-term debt account group.

The following is a description of the District's general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2003.

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Outstanding July 1, 2002	Issued in 2003	Retired in 2003	Outstanding June 30, 2003
General obligation bond payable -			<u>, -,</u>			<u> </u>
Facilities Building	5.0%	12/01/23	<u>\$1,705,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$(35,000</u> )	<u>\$1,670,000</u>
			\$1,705,000	\$-	\$(35,000)	\$1,670,000

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

**B.** The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds:

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Principal on Bond	Interest on Bond	Total
2004	\$ 55,000	\$ 100,770	\$ 155,770
2005	50,000	97,975	147,975
2006	50,000	95,288	145,288
2007	55,000	92,439	147,439
2008	55,000	89,428	144,428
2009 - 2013	335,000	395,005	730,005
2014 - 2018	450,000	269,120	719,120
2019 - 2024	620,000	100,315	720,315
Total	<u>\$1,670,000</u>	<u>\$1,240,340</u>	<u>\$2,910,340</u>

**C.** During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Compensated absences, the early retirement incentive and the pension obligation payable are presented net of actual increases and decreases because of the impracticality of determining these values. Compensated absences, the pension obligation, and the early retirement incentive will be paid from the fund in which the employee was paid.

	Balance July 1, 2002	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2003
Capital lease payable	\$ 123,115	\$ -	\$ (24,872)	\$ 98,243
Compensated absences	293,176	88,157	(70,533)	310,800
Early retirement incentive	108,958	20,713	-	129,671
Pension obligation payable	56,794	57,451	(56,794)	57,451
General obligation bonds payable	1,705,000		(35,000)	1,670,000
Total	<u>\$2,287,043</u>	<u>\$166,321</u>	<u>\$(187,199)</u>	<u>\$2,266,165</u>

The liability for employees accepting the early retirement incentive plan have been reported as "Early Retirement Incentive Payable" on the combined balance sheet. See Note 13.B. for details on the plan.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

#### **D.** Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2003, are a voted debt margin of \$3,290,357 (including available funds of \$175,663) and an unvoted debt margin of \$53,163.

#### **NOTE 12 - NOTES PAYABLE**

A summary of the energy conservation note transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, follows:

General Fund:	Principal Outstanding July 1, 2002	<u>Reductions</u>	Principal Outstanding June 30, 2003
Energy Conservation Note - 5.25% Energy Conservation Note - 5.80%	\$ 16,313 123,499	\$ (8,157) _(41,165)	\$ 8,156 <u>82,334</u>
Total	<u>\$139,812</u>	<u>\$(49,322</u> )	<u>\$90,490</u>

The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the energy conservation notes:

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2004 2005	\$49,323 <u>41,167</u>	\$5,199 <u>2,392</u>	\$54,522 <u>43,559</u>
Total	<u>\$90,490</u>	<u>\$7,591</u>	<u>\$98,081</u>

The District has issued energy conservation notes to provide for energy improvements to various District buildings. The primary source of repayment of these notes is through energy savings as a result of the improvements.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 12 - NOTES PAYABLE - (Continued)**

Payments of principal and interest relating to this liability are recorded in the general fund. The unmatured obligation at fiscal year-end is accounted for in the general fund, the fund, which received the proceeds.

## **NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 25 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Administrators who are contracted to work 260 days in a year are given 15 to 20 days of vacation per year by contract. Any unused vacation days at the end of the contract are forfeited. The only exception is the Superintendent who can accumulate vacation for up to 3 years at the end of his contract, and the Treasurer who can accumulate vacation for up to 2 years at the end of her contract. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Administrators, teachers, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate as follows: for 199 days or less, accumulated payment is made for 25% of sick leave balance; for over 199 days, payment is made for 27% of sick leave balance to a maximum of 76 days. Payment of severance shall be paid at time of retirement after all requirements of eligibility have been met.

Calamity days are paid for certified, cooks, and bus driver employees. Up to five days per year are provided under this benefit.

Personal leave days are available to all employees at the rate of three days annually. Any unused personal days are converted to sick days.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)**

#### **B.** Early Retirement Incentive

The District provides an early retirement incentive plan (ERIP) for State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) employees who are fifty years old by his or her retirement date or the termination of the ERIP and are eligible for retirement under STRS criteria. Under the ERIP, the District will purchase up to two years of retirement service credit in lieu of severance. The ERIP is in effect from June 30, 2001 through May 31, 2002, and from June 1, 2002 through May 31, 2003. Employees enrolled in the ERIP had to notify the District by February 15, 2001, stating his or her intention to retire beginning June 1, 2001 through May 31, 2003. The number of years purchased for any eligible STRS member may not exceed one-fifth of the individual's accumulated service credit prior to the purchase, or a total of two years, whichever is less.

Any STRS member who elects to retire under the ERIP will receive his or her cash payment in lieu of severance based upon the following:

- 1. Fifty percent payment will be made within thirty days of the thirty-sixth month after the effective date of retirement.
- 2. Fifty percent payment will be made within thirty days of the forty-eighth month after the effective date of retirement.

As of June 30, 2003, eight employees elected to participate in the ERIP. The liability for employees accepting the ERIP is presented as "Early Retirement Incentive Payable" on the combined balance sheet.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### A. Property, Fleet, and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2003, the District contracted with a commercial insurer for building and personal property coverage in the blanket amount of \$22,724,203, 90% coinsurance, replacement cost endorsement and a \$1,000 deductible.

Vehicles are covered by a policy, which provides for a \$500 deductible for comprehensive and a \$500 deductible for collision. Vehicle liability has a \$2,000,000 combined single limit of liability. The District maintains coverage of \$1,000,000 for uninsured/underinsured motorists.

The general liability coverage involves a \$2,000,000 single occurrence limit and \$4,000,000 general aggregate limit with no deductible. An umbrella liability coverage is provided above the previously stated base liability coverages for general and fleet liability in the amount of \$5,000,000 with no deductible.

#### **B.** Employee Dishonesty Bonds

The District carries employee dishonesty bonds for the Treasurer, Superintendent, and Board President in the amount of \$25,000. An employee blanket dishonesty bond in the amount of \$25,000 is provided to cover all other employees of the District.

## C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his/her designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The worker's compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### D. Employee Group Life, Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all regular contracted employees through Sun Life in the amount of \$20,000; the Superintendent's coverage is in the amount of \$50,000.

The District has elected to provide a comprehensive medical benefits package to the employees through a fully-insured program. Employees are offered a choice of two packages that provide a comprehensive medical plan. The medical plan and prescription drug card are administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio located in Cleveland, Ohio.

The District provides dental coverage for its employees on a fully-insured basis through Medical Mutual of Ohio. The total monthly premium is \$19.96 for single and \$53.89 for family coverage. This premium includes the employee portion, which is paid by the District. Like the medical premium, this amount is also capped by negotiated union contracts and cannot be raised, except through negotiated agreement.

The District also provides vision coverage for its employees on a fully-insured basis through Reliance Standard. The total monthly premium is \$9.12 for single coverage and \$20.20 for family coverage. This premium includes the employee portion, which is paid by the District. This amount is also capped by negotiated union contracts and cannot be raised, except through negotiated agreement.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

The above employee portions of premiums for medical, dental and vision insurance are for full-time employees. Current part-time employees already enrolled in the plan may pay pro-rated premiums for coverage; however, new staff must be full-time to be eligible for coverage.

#### **NOTE 15 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

The District maintains three enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service, uniform school supplies and farm operations. The table below reflects, in a summarized format, the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

	Food Service	Uniform School Supplies	Farm <u>Rotary</u>	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 196,797	\$ 386	\$24,897	\$ 222,080
Operating expenses before depreciation	419,946	353	29,418	449,717
Depreciation	9,846	-	357	10,203
Operating income/(loss)	(232,995)	33	(4,878)	(237,840)
Grants and subsidies	196,758	-	659	197,417
Capital contributions	201,221	-	-	201,221
Federal commodities	29,664	-	-	29,664
Loss on disposal of assets	(13,875)	-	-	(13,875)
Net income/(loss)	182,104	33	(4,219)	177,918
Net working capital	85,521	1,992	27,824	115,337
Total assets	406,185	1,992	37,040	445,217
Total liabilities	70,018	-	5,098	75,116
Contributed capital	174,754	-	-	174,754
Retained earnings	161,413	1,992	31,942	195,347
Encumbrances at 6/30/03	300	1,611	13,068	14,979

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State Statute Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2003, 8.17% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2002, 5.46% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$147,955, \$151,715, and \$128,058, respectively; 41.46% has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100% for the fiscal years 2002 and 2001. \$86,604 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2003, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

#### **B.** State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2003, 13% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2002, 9.5% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employee contributions. The District's required contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$463,143, \$426,940, and \$436,838, respectively; 82.71% has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100% for the fiscal years 2002 and 2001. \$80,048, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2003, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### **NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$33,082 during fiscal 2003.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve fund was \$3.011 billion at June 30, 2002 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$354.697 million and STRS had 105,300 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 5.83% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2003, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2002 (the latest information available) were \$182.947 million and the target level was \$274.4 million. At June 30, 2002, (the latest information available) SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$335.2 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$77,158 during the 2003 fiscal year.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 18 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance is done on a GAAP basis, the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds (GAAP basis).

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 18 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)**

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the fiscal year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

#### Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses)

Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
Budget basis	\$(287,988)	\$(83,193)	\$ 26,813	\$(3,791,676)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	61,834	59,926	(53,534)	(24,732)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(31,758)	(7,390)	57,319	1,067,761
Net adjustment for other financing sources/(uses)	(16,668)	(4,600)	-	-
Encumbrances (budget basis)	212,780	69,271		494,829
GAAP basis	<u>\$ (61,800</u> )	<u>\$ 34,014</u>	<u>\$ 30,598</u>	<u>\$(2,253,818)</u>

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

## **NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2003.

#### **B.** Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings.

#### C. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "... the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient ...". The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

#### **NOTE 20 - GROUP PURCHASING POOL**

The District is a member of the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC) purchasing group. The following items are purchased through this group discount program; custodial products, food service products, audio visual bulbs, and certain paper products. The MEC also provides a Self-Help Gas Program where members save significant amounts on natural gas purchases.

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### **NOTE 21 - STATUTORY RESERVES**

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the reserve activity was as follows:

	<u>Textbooks</u>	Capital Acquisition	BWC <u>Refunds</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2002	\$ (64,353)	\$(1,638,088)	\$50,385
Current fiscal year set-aside requirement	134,978	134,978	-
Qualifying disbursements	(238,251)	(152,287)	
Total	<u>\$(167,626</u> )	<u>\$(1,655,397</u> )	<u>\$50,385</u>
Cash balance qualifying carry forward to FY 2004	<u>\$(167,626</u> )	<u>\$(1,638,088</u> )	<u>\$50,385</u>

Monies representing BWC refunds that were received prior to April 10, 2001, have been shown as a restricted asset and reserved fund balance in the general fund since allowable expenditures are restricted by state statute. The District is still required by state law to maintain the textbook reserve and capital acquisition reserve.

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for both the textbooks and capital acquisition reserves, these extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amounts are therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year. The qualifying disbursements within the capital maintenance reserve cannot be used as an additional reduction against the set-aside carry forward.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2003, follows:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds	<u>\$50,385</u>
Total restricted assets	<u>\$50,385</u>

## NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

#### NOTE 22 - LAND LEASE AGREEMENT

In fiscal 2001, the District entered into a lease agreement for the use of 148.5 acres of land from the Muller-Hauss-Van Aken Farms L.P. The term of the lease is for a period of fifty years commencing on May 2, 2001, and ending on April 30, 2051, unless otherwise terminated or extended as permitted by the agreement. There is a clause allowing for an additional fifty year extension after April 30, 2051 if agreed upon by both parties. The District shall pay Muller-Hauss-Van Aken Farms L.P. \$29,700 annually on this lease. Muller-Hauss-Von Aken Farms L.P. retains title to the property.

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

## PLYMOUTH-SHILOH LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

SUB (	RAL GRANTOR/ GRANTOR/ GRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(D) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(D) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASS	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
(A),(B (A),(C (A),(C (A),(C	utrition Cluster:     )   Food Distribution     )   School Breakfast Program     )   School Breakfast Program     )   National School Lunch     )   National School Lunch	10.550 10.553 10.553 10.555 10.555	N/A 049460-05-PU-2002 049460-05-PU-2003 049460-LL-P4-2002 049460-LL-P4-2003	\$ 8,290 39,759 21,686 114,515	\$ 29,664	\$ 8,290 39,759 21,686 114,515	\$ 29,664
Т	otal U.S. Department of Agriculture and Nutrition Cluster			184,250	29,664	184,250	29,664
	EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ED THROUGH THE						
	Twenty-First Century Community Learning Center	84.287	S287A001064	337,918		328,802	
	ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
	Title I -Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I -Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I	84.010 84.010	049460-C1-S1-2002 049460-C1-S1-2003	3,632 210,639 214,271		46,432 179,129 225,561	
	Title VI-B - Special Education: Grants to States Title VI-B - Special Education: Grants to States Total Title VI-B	84.027 84.027	049460-6B-SF-2002-P 049460-6B-SF-2003-P	1,440 98,425 99,865		13,540 89,600 103,140	
(E)	Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A	1,265		1,265	
	Safe and Drug-Free Schools Grants	84.186	049460-DR-S1-2003	6,882		6,882	
	Eisenhower Professional Development Grant	84.281	049460-MS-S1-2002	736		5,301	
	Title VI - Innovative Education Program Strategies Title VI - Innovative Education Program Strategies Title VI - Innovative Education Program Strategies <b>Total Title VI</b>	84.298 84.298 84.298	049460-C2-S1-2001 049460-C2-S1-2002 049460-C2-S1-2003	1,226 4,794 6,020		82 5,191 5,338 10,611	
	Education Technology	84.318	049460-TJ-S1-2003	1,833		4,386	
	Title VI-R - Class Size Reduction	84.340	049460-CR-S1-2002			8,671	
	Assistive Technology Infusion Project Assistive Technology Infusion Project Total Assistive Technology Infusion Project	84.352A 84.352A	049460-AT-S3-2002 049460-AT-S4-2003	10,184 4,380 14,564		10,184	
	Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	049460-TR-S1-2003	53,592		50,578	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			736,946		755,381	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,259,114	\$ 29,664	\$ 1,268,433	\$ 29,664

(A) Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.
(B) The Food Distribution Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.
(C) Commingled with sate and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.
(D) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.
(E) These funds were passed through the Pioneer Career and Technology Center.

# TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

1445 Worthington Woods Boulevard Suite B Worthington, Ohio 43085 TELEPHONE 614.846.1899 FACSIMILE 614.846.2799

## Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District 365 Sandusky Street Plymouth, Ohio 44865

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District, Richland County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Board of Education Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. December 2, 2003

## TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

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## Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133*

Board of Education Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District 365 Sandusky Street Plymouth, Ohio 44865

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District, Richland County, Ohio, with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *OMB Circular A-133*, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and *OMB Circular A-133* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

Board of Education Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District

In our opinion, Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education of Plymouth-Shiloh Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. December 2, 2003

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

## 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	<i>Type of Financial Statement</i> <i>Opinion</i>	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	<i>Type of Major Programs'</i> <i>Compliance Opinion</i>	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

## 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (Continued)

(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program:	Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers, CFDA #84.287
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

## 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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## PLYMOUTH-SHILOH LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

## **RICHLAND COUNTY**

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JANUARY 8, 2004