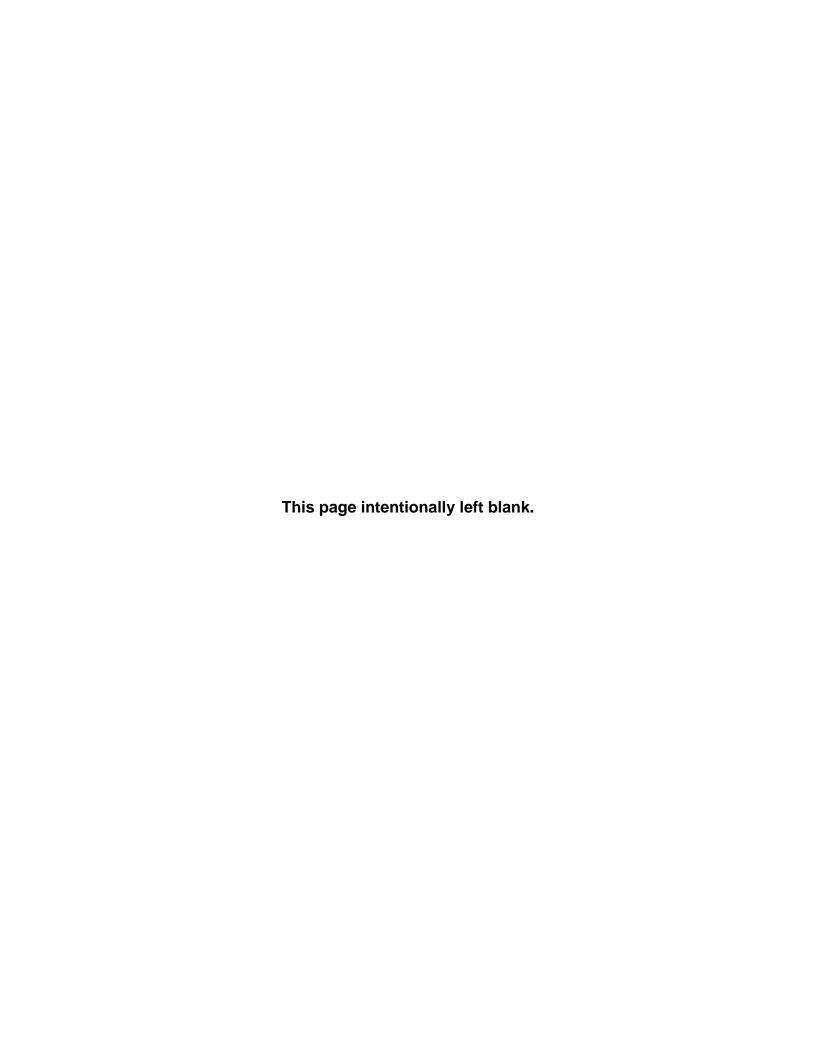




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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Edgerton Local School District Williams County 111 East River Street Edgerton, Ohio 43517-9623

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Edgerton Local School District, Williams County, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Edgerton Local School District, Williams County, Ohio, as of June 30 2004, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended June 30 2004, the District implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* and changed its policy regarding capital asset capitalization.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484

www.auditor.state.oh.us

Edgerton Local School District Williams County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 24, 2005, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. It does not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

March 24, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

The discussion and analysis of Edgerton Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2004 are as follows:

- In total, net assets decreased \$620,258.
- General revenues accounted for \$5,679,262, or 89 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of operating grants and contributions accounted for \$721,884 or 11 percent of total revenues of \$6,401,146.
- The District's major funds included the General Fund, the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and the Building Fund. The General Fund had \$4,858,549 in revenues and \$5,275,281 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's balance decreased \$416,732 from the prior fiscal year. The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund had \$600,025 in revenues and other financing sources and \$779,511 in expenditures and other financing uses. The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund's balance decreased \$179,486 from the prior fiscal year. The Building Fund had \$138,151 in revenues and \$7,222,371 in expenditures. The Building Fund's balance decreased \$7,084,220 from the prior fiscal year.
- > The revenue generated from the Debt Service Fund is used to pay for the current portion of bonded debt.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds, with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column.

For the District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund. The General Fund, the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and the Building Fund are the three major funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the District did financially during fiscal year 2004. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to which is used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current fiscal years' revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the District as a whole has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the District discloses a single type of activity:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> - All of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues, school district income taxes, and from intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. While the District uses many funds to account for its multitude of financial transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and the Building Fund. While the District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions, these are the most significant.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues,

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to help make this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal year 2004. A comparative analysis is not provided because this is the first year for government-wide financial statements using the full accrual basis of accounting. An analysis will be provided in future years when prior year information is available.

Table 1 Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2004	
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 7,008	,132
Capital Assets, Net	9,728	,032
Total Assets	16,736	,164
Liabilities:		
Current and Other Liabilities	3,296	,852
Long-Term Liabilities	9,579	,991
Total Liabilities	12,876	,843
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	602	,011
Restricted	1,450	,842
Unrestricted	1,806	,468
Total	\$ 3,859	,321

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2004. This is the first year of implementation for GASB 34. Comparative figures are not available for fiscal year 2003. A comparative analysis will be provided in future years when prior year information is available.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Table 2 Change in Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2004
Revenues:	
Program Revenues:	
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 399,254
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	305,305
Capital Grants and Contributions	 17,325
Total Program Revenues	721,884
General Revenues:	
Property Taxes	2,212,145
Income Taxes	620,875
Grants and Entitlements	2,562,644
Interest	171,313
Miscellaneous	 112,285
Total General Revenues	5,679,262
Total Revenues	6,401,146
Expenses:	
Instruction	2,799,754
Support Services:	
Pupils	257,910
Instructional Staff	347,851
Board of Education	30,906
Administration	610,910
Fiscal	290,854
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	559,569
Pupil Transportation	262,154
Central	48,151
Non-Instructional	303,571
Extracurricular Activities	244,164
Capital Outlay	759,481
Interest and Fiscal Charges	506,129
Total Expenses	 7,021,404
Decrease in Net Assets	\$ (620,258)

Governmental Activities

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements. Comparisons to 2003 have not been presented since they are not available.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Table 3
Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities							
	Total Cost of Net Cost o						
	Services	Services					
	2004	2004					
Instruction	\$ 2,799,754	\$ 2,477,298					
Support Services:							
Pupils	257,910	165,428					
Instructional Staff	347,851	343,438					
Board of Education	30,906	30,906					
Administration	610,910	610,910					
Fiscal	290,854	290,854					
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	559,569	559,569					
Pupil Transportation	262,154	262,154					
Central	48,151	39,151					
Non-Instructional	303,571	95,508					
Extracurricular Activities	244,164	158,694					
Capital Outlay	759,481	759,481					
Interest and Fiscal Charges	506,129	506,129					
Total Expenses	\$ 7,021,404	\$ 6,299,520					

The dependence upon tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements for governmental activities is apparent. Over 88 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, support from general revenues is 90 percent. The remaining 10 percent are derived from tuition and fees, specific grants, and donations.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and the Building Fund. Total governmental funds had revenues of \$6,387,783 and expenditures of \$14,116,965.

The General Fund's net negative decrease of \$416,732 from the prior year was primarily attributed to a decrease in property and income tax while salary and benefit expenditures increased. The Bond Retirement Fund's net negative decrease of \$179,486 from the prior year was attributed to an increase in principal and interest charges and a decrease in premium on sale of bond revenue. The Building Fund's net negative change of \$7,084,220 from the prior year was due to an increase in the new high school building's construction costs while there was a decrease in revenues since the District's bond proceeds were received in 2003.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2004, the District amended its General Fund budget as needed.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Final expenditures were budgeted at \$7,209,829 while actual expenditures were \$5,237,226. The \$1,972,603 difference is primarily due to a conservative "worst case scenario" approach. The District over-appropriates in case significant, unexpected expenditures arise during the fiscal year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2004, the District had \$9,728,032 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for governmental activities.

As of June 30, 2004, the District still had \$795,042 in contractual commitments on its new high school.

For further information regarding the District's capital assets, see notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At June 30, 2004, the District had \$9,158,634 in school improvement general obligation bonds for building improvements. The bonds were issued for a twenty-eight year period, with final maturity on December 1, 2030.

The District had \$80,000 in energy conservation bonds. The bonds were issued for a ten-year period, with final maturity on September 1, 2005.

The District had \$21,032 in asbestos removal notes. The notes were issued for a seventeen-year period, with final maturity on November 30, 2008.

The bonds and notes are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

At June 30, 2004, the District's overall legal debt margin was (\$3,037,193), with an un-voted debt margin of \$68,016.

For further information regarding the District's debt, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The District is holding its own in the state of a declining economy and uncertainty in State funding. Edgerton is a small rural community of 2,500 people in Northwest Ohio. It has a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a contributing influence on the economy.

The District is currently operating in the first year of the state biennium budget. 53.7 percent of District revenue sources are from local funds, 42 percent from state funds and the remaining 3.7 percent is from federal funds. The total expenditure per pupil was calculated at \$6,973.

Future finances are not without challenges as our community changes and state funding is revised. Some of these challenges are in the future of state funding for schools in light of the DeRolph court case and the long term effects of public utility deregulation, as well as the reduction of personal property for business inventory.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Margie Rinkel, Treasurer, Edgerton Local School District, 111 E. River Street, Edgerton, Ohio 43517-9623.

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Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,087,145
Cash Held With Escrow Agents	327,272
Materials and Supplies Inventory	209,921
Accrued Interest Receivable	462
Intergovernmental Receivable	4,686
Taxes Receivable	2,117,748
Income Taxes Receivable	260,898
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	7,836,754
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	1,891,278
Total Assets	16,736,164
I fall-lifeta	
Liabilities	F 700
Accounts Payable	5,762
Accrued Wages and Benefits	440,855 415,374
Contracts Payable	327,272
Retainage Payable Intergovernmental Payable	129,088
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	45,706
Deferred Revenue	1,932,795
Long-Term Liabilities:	1,932,793
Due Within One Year	250,000
Due in More Than One Year	9,329,991
Total Liabilities	12,876,843
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	602,011
Restricted for Debt Service	178,381
Restricted for Capital Outlay	1,203,970
Restricted for Other Purposes	68,491
Unrestricted	1,806,468
Total Net Assets	\$ 3,859,321
i otal i vot ziggotg	Ψ 3,039,321

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	1	Expenses	
Governmental Activities:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$	2,149,365	
Special		375,282	
Vocational		113,191	
Other		161,916	
Support Services:			
Pupils		257,910	
Instructional Staff		347,851	
Board of Education		30,906	
Administration		610,910	
Fiscal		290,854	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		559,569	
Pupil Transportation		262,154	
Central		48,151	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		303,571	
Extracurricular Activities		244,164	
Capital Outlay		759,481	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		506,129	
Totals	\$	7,021,404	

		Progra	am Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Cł	narges for		perating	Cap	ital Grants	7.000.0
	rvices and		rants and		and	Governmental
	Sales		ntributions	Cor	ntributions	Activities
\$	165,483	\$	54,269 85,379	\$	17,325	\$ (1,912,288) (289,903) (113,191) (161,916)
			92,482 4,413			(165,428) (343,438) (30,906)
						(50,900) (610,910) (290,854) (559,569) (262,154)
			9,000			(39,151)
	148,301		59,762			(95,508)
	85,470		00,102			(158,694)
	22, 11 2					(759,481)
						(506,129)
\$	399,254	\$	305,305	\$	17,325	(6,299,520)
Ta	eral Revenues xes:					
	roperty Taxes,			•		1,591,231
	roperty Taxes,		•	-		77,331
	roperty Taxes,	Levied f	or Debt Service	9		543,583
	ncome Taxes	monto n	at Pastriated to	Specific	Drograma	620,875
	ants and Entitle restment Earnir		oi Resilicieu ii	Specific	Piograms	2,562,644 171,313
	scellaneous	iys				112,285
IVII	scenarieous					112,203
Total General Revenues					5,679,262	
Cha	nge in Net Asse	ets				(620,258)
Net A	Assets Beginnir	ng of Yea	ar (See Note 3))		4,479,579
Net .	Assets End of \	<i>lear</i>				\$ 3,859,321

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

	Ge	eneral Fund
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,264,428
Cash Held with Escrow Agents Materials and Supplies Inventory		188,875
Accrued Interest Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable		462
Taxes Receivable		1,521,996
Income Taxes Receivable		260,898
Total Assets	\$	4,236,659
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	5,762
Accrued Wages and Benefits		419,020
Contracts Payable Retainage Payable		
Intergovernmental Payable		75,797
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		45,706
Deferred Revenue		1,476,060
Total Liabilities		2,022,345
Fund Balances		
Reserved for:		
Encumbrances		38,157
Inventory Property Taxes		188,875 86,169
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:		80,109
General Fund		1,901,113
Special Revenue Funds		
Debt Service Funds		
Capital Projects Funds Total Fund Balances		2 24 4 24 4
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,214,314 4,236,659
rotal Elabilities and Fund Dalances	Ψ	7,200,009

	Bond				Other		Total	
R	etirement		Building		Governmental		Governmental	
	Fund		Fund			Funds	Funds	
			_			_		_
\$	146,809	\$	1,568,288	;	\$	107,620	\$	4,087,145
			327,272					327,272
						21,046		209,921
								462
						4,686		4,686
	476,954					118,798		2,117,748
								260,898
\$	623,763	\$	1,895,560		\$	252,150	\$	7,008,132
		-						
							\$	5,762
				;	\$	21,835		440,855
		\$	415,374					415,374
			327,272					327,272
						1,761		77,558
								45,706
\$	456,776					112,805		2,045,641
	456,776	' <u>'</u>	742,646			136,401		3,358,168
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · ·
			1,458,178			24,341		1,520,676
						21,046		209,921
	20,178					5,993		112,340
								1,901,113
						46,615		46,615
	146,809							146,809
			(305,264)			17,754		(287,510)
	166,987		1,152,914			115,749		3,649,964
\$	623,763	\$	1,895,560	_;	\$	252,150	\$	7,008,132
	·			_			_	

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Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2004

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	3,649,964
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		9,728,032
Taxes Receivable that do not provide financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental fund.		112,846
Intergovernmental payable includes contractually required pension contributions not expected to be paid with available expendable resources, and therefore, not reported in the funds.		(51,530)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds: General Obligation Bonds Payable (9,259,666) Compensated Absences Payable (320,325)		(9,579,991)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	3,859,321
Not Associa of Covernmental Activities	Ψ	0,000,021

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Davis and the second se	Ge	eneral Fund
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	1,582,773
Income Tax	Ψ	580,642
Intergovernmental		2,419,386
Interest		30,235
Tuition and Fees		142,757
Extracurricular Activities		•
Customer Sales and Services		
Miscellaneous		102,756
Total Revenues		4,858,549
Expenditures		
Current:		
Instruction:		
Regular		2,238,129
Special		311,529
Vocational		137,978
Other		161,916
Support Services:		407 474
Pupils		167,471
Instructional Staff		357,348
Board of Education		30,906
Administration Fiscal		577,249 260,525
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		536,346
Pupil Transportation		262,407
Central		39,151
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		55,151
Extracurricular Activities		156,826
Capital Outlay		100,020
Debt Service:		
Principal		
Interest		
Issuance Costs		
Total Expenditures		5,237,781
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(379,232)
Other Financing Sources and Uses		
Transfers In		,
Transfers Out		(37,500)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		(37,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(416,732)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year (See Note 3)		2,631,046
Fund Balance at End of Year		
i unu Dalance al Enu di Teal	\$	2,214,314

Bond Retirement Fund		Building Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	541,954		\$ 76,788	\$ 2,201,515		
				580,642		
	50,397	400.454	415,491	2,885,274		
	2,674	\$ 138,151	253	171,313		
			22,726 85,470	165,483 85,470		
			148,301	148,301		
			9,529	112,285		
	595,025	138,151	758,558	6,350,283		
			0.4.00.4	0.000.400		
			94,331	2,332,460		
			92,871	404,400 137,978		
				161,916		
			91,982	259,453		
			4,913	362,261		
				30,906		
	40.000		7,990	585,239		
	12,028		2,982 2,047	275,535 538,393		
			2,047	262,407		
			9,000	48,151		
			292,933	292,933		
			86,837	243,663		
		7,222,371	153,916	7,376,287		
	390,000			390,000		
	372,483			372,483		
	5,000			5,000		
	779,511	7,222,371	839,802	14,079,465		
-	(184,486)	(7,084,220)	(81,244)	(7,729,182)		
	5,000		32,500	37,500 (37,500)		
	5,000		32,500			
	(179,486)	(7,084,220)	(48,744)	(7,729,182)		
	346,473	8,237,134	164,493	11,379,146		
\$	166,987	\$ 1,152,914	\$ 115,749	\$ 3,649,964		

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (7,729,182)	
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current year. Capital Outlay - Depreciable Capital Assets	7,162,754	
Depreciation	(435,682)	6,727,072
Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds: Income Taxes Delinquent Property Taxes	40,233 10,630	
		50,863
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statements of activities.		395,000
Interest charges reported on the statement of activities, that do no require the use of current financial resources, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(133,646)
Some expenses reported on the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and intergovernmental payable representing contractually required pension contributions, do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Intergovernmental Payable Compensated Absences Payable	(12,026) 81,661	
Compensated Absences Fayable	01,001	69,635
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ (620,258)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Comparison General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over(Under)
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$1,548,751	\$1,548,751	\$1,578,299	\$29,548
Income Tax	625,000	625,000	583,120	(41,880)
Intergovernmental	2,287,935	2,287,935	2,420,415	132,480
Interest	40,000	40,000	30,551	(9,449)
Tuition and Fees	61,651	61,651	142,757	81,106
Miscellaneous	80,000	80,000	125,985	45,985
Total Revenues	4,643,337	4,643,337	4,881,127	237,790
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,486,472	2,517,973	2,228,978	288,995
Special	99,555	346,555	310,319	36,236
Vocational	71,100	142,400	139,384	3,016
Other	29,000	162,000	161,916	84
Support Services:	450,000	407.000	470.050	04.700
Pupils	159,963	197,638	172,852	24,786
Instructional Staff Board of Education	303,194 28,547	527,919 38,597	348,423	179,496
Administration	517,350	574,100	32,086 547,529	6,511 26,571
Fiscal	215,500	240,500	236,939	3,561
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	497,699	547,499	536,483	11,016
Pupil Transportation	231,367	315,451	278,127	37,324
Central	18,000	39,200	39,151	49
Extracurricular Activities	72,125	174,645	156,539	18,106
Total Expenditures	4,729,872	5,824,477	5,188,726	635,751
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(86,535)	(1,181,140)	(307,599)	873,541
Other Financing Sources and Uses				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures			561	561
Advances In			10,000	10,000
Transfers Out	(2,469,456)	(1,374,352)	(37,500)	1,336,852
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(500)	(1,000)	(1,000)	
Advances Out	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(2,479,956)	(1,385,352)	(37,939)	1,347,413
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,566,491)	(2,566,492)	(345,538)	2,220,954
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,520,957	2,520,957	2,520,957	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	45,533	45,533	45,533	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (1)	\$ (2)	\$ 2,220,952	\$ 2,220,954

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2004

	Age	ency Fund
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	26,019
Total Assets		26,019
Liabilities		
Undistributed Monies		26,019
Total Liabilities	\$	26,019

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Edgerton Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. Edgerton Local School District is a local school district as defined by § 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board oversees the operations of the District's three instructional/support facilities staffed by 34 noncertified and 53 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 688 students and other community members.

The Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. This includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units.

The District is associated with seven organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations and group purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, the Northern Buckeye Education Council, the Four County Career Center, the Northwest Ohio Education Council, the Northern Buckeye Education Council's Employee Insurance Benefits Program, the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The General Fund, the Bond Retirement Fund, and the Building Fund are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - The Bond Retirement Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The Building Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the construction of a new high school.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary funds of the District consist of Agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's Agency funds account for various student-managed activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) of total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, investment earnings, tuition, and student fees.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2004, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2005 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund, function, object level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents' on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2004, investments were limited to STAR Ohio.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2004. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2004.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2004 amounted to \$30,235, which included \$28,531 from other funds.

For presentation of the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure when purchased.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold is \$500. The District changed its capital asset policy to only capitalize assets whose individual value exceeds \$500. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated
Description	Lives
Land Improvements	15 - 30 years
Buildings and Building Improvements	30 - 50 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years
Equipment	10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental activities, which are presented as internal balances.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventory, and property taxes.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute.

O. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business type activities are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net assets. The only interfund balances which remain on the government-wide statement of net assets are those between governmental and business-type activities. These amounts are reflected as "Internal Balances."

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Pass-Through Grants

The Handicapped Preschool special revenue fund is a pass-through grant in which the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center is the primary recipient. In accordance with GASB Statement 24 "Accounting and Financial Reporting or Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance" the secondary recipients should report monies spent on their behalf by the primary recipient as revenue and operating expenses.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2004.

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2004, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments;" GASB No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements for State

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

and Local Governments: Omnibus," GASB No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," and GASB Interpretation No. 6, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements." At June 30, 2003, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of implementing GASB Statements 37 and 38.

GASB Statement No. 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the District's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

On the government-wide financial statements, the beginning net asset amount for governmental programs reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2003, caused by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

GASB Statement No. 37 makes clarifications regarding escheat property and modifies several provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, including Management's Discussion and Analysis. GASB Statement No. 38 modifies, establishes, and rescinds certain financial statement disclosure requirements.

GASB Interpretation No. 6 clarifies the application of standards for modified accrual recognition of certain liabilities and expenditures in areas where differences have arisen, or potentially could arise, in interpretation and practice. The District restated the fund liability of compensated absences that had not matured during fiscal year 2003.

The District changed its capital asset policy to only capitalize assets whose individual value exceeds \$500.

B. Restatement of Fund Balance

The restatements for fund classifications, GASB Statement No. 34, and GASB Interpretation No. 6 had the following effects on fund balance of the major and nonmajor funds of the District as they were previously reported.

The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is also presented.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

	General	R	Bond etirement Fund		Building Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Activities
Fund Balance June 30, 2003 GASB Statement 34 Adjustment	\$ 2,625,969	\$	346,473	\$	8,237,134	\$ 149,077	\$	11,358,653
Change in Fund Structure - Enterprise Interpretation 6 Adjustments:						5,205		5,205
Compensated Absences Payable	5,077			_		 10,211		15,288
Adjusted Fund Balance	\$ 2,631,046	\$	346,473	\$	8,237,134	\$ 164,493		11,379,146
GASB 34 Adjustments: Deferred Revenue Capital Assets Long-Term Liabilities								61,983 3,000,960 (9,962,510)
Governmental Activities Net Assets at June	30, 2003						\$	4,479,579
							Bu	usiness-Type Activity
The restatement of the business activity:								
Fund Balance June 30, 2003					\$24,619			
GASB Statement 34 Adjustment								
Change in Fund Structure - Enterprise					(24,619)			
Business Activities Adjusted Net Assets at June 30, 2003								

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and fund financial statements are the following:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Net Change in Fund Balance Major Governmental Fund

Major Governmentari unu				
		General		
GAAP Basis	\$	(416,732)		
Increase (Decrease) Due To:				
Revenue Accruals:				
Accrued FY 2003, Received In Cash FY 2004		330,435		
Accrued FY 2004, Not Yet Received in Cash		(307,296)		
Expenditure Accruals:				
Accrued FY 2003, Paid in Cash FY 2004		(265,880)		
Accrued FY 2004, Not Yet Paid in Cash		357,410		
Encumbrances Outstanding at Year End (Budget Basis)		(43,475)		
Budget Basis	\$	(345,538)		

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawal on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of any securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and to be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio), and
- Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time.
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interest rated in either of the two highest rated classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse purchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$100 in undeposited cash on hand which is included in the balance sheet of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

A. Deposits

At the year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,910,336 and the bank balance was \$2,142,031. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$200,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance; and
- 2. \$1,760,205 was collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution in the name of the District.
- 3. \$181,826 was not collateralized by securities specifically pledged or pooled by the financial institution in the name of the District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

B. Investments

The District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at the year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured and registered, or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investments as of June 30, 2004 were as follows:

	Carrying Value	Fair Value
STAR Ohio	\$ 2,530,000	\$ 2,530,000

The State Treasurer's Investment Pool (STAR Ohio) is not a categorized investment because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents			
		Deposits	Ir	vestments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$	4,113,164	\$	-
Less Cash Held with Escrow Agents		327,272		-
Cash on Hand		(100)		-
Investments:				
STAR Ohio		(2,530,000)		2,530,000
GASB Statement No. 3	\$	1,910,336	\$	2,530,000

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2004 represent the collection of calendar year 2003 taxes. Real property taxes for 2004 were levied after April 1, 2003, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2003, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes for 2004 were levied after April 1, 2003, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2002, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2004 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2004 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes for 2004 were levied after April 1, 2003, on the value as of December 31, 2002. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The District receives property taxes from Williams and Defiance Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2004, are available to finance fiscal year 2004 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes, which were measurable as of June 30, 2004 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2004 operations. For the governmental fund financial statements, the receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2004, was \$86,169 in the General Fund, \$20,178 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$5,993 in the Capital Projects Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2003, was \$81,695 in the General Fund, \$18,451 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$5,597 in the Capital Projects Fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2004 taxes were collected are:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

	2003 Second-			2004 First-		
		Half Collec	lections Half Collectio		ctions	
	Α	mount	Percent	Α	mount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$ 45	5,357,390	65%	\$ 46	5,082,370	68%
Industrial/Commercial	6	5,653,130	9%	6	5,724,830	10%
Public Utility	4	1,933,850	7%	4	,579,970	7%
Tangible Personal	12	2,985,390	19%	10	,628,844	15%
Total Assessed Value	\$ 69	9,929,760	100%	\$ 68	3,016,014	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of						
assessed valuation	\$	53.90		\$	53.90	

7. INCOME TAX

In 1991, the voters of the Edgerton Local School District passed a 1 percent school income tax on wages earned by residents of the District. The taxes are collected by the State Department of Taxation in the same manner as the state income tax. In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, the District recorded income tax revenue of \$580,642 in the General Fund, of which \$260,898 is recorded as a receivable at June 30, 2004.

8. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2004, consisted of property tax, income taxes, intergovernmental, and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	A	Amount	
Governmental Activities			
Food Service	\$	4,686	
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$	4,686	

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

	Balance at 06/30/03	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 06/30/04
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 76,781			\$ 76,781
Construction in Progress	886,120	\$ 6,873,853		7,759,973
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	962,901	6,873,853		7,836,754
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	572,647	4,388		577,035
Buildings and Building Improvements	3,363,897			3,363,897
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	1,373,652	228,762		1,602,414
Vehicles	671,595	55,750		727,345
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	5,981,791	288,900		6,270,691
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	54,992	7,605		62,597
Buildings and Building Improvements	2,653,247	267,780		2,921,027
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	825,972	117,900		943,872
Vehicles	409,520	42,397		451,917
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,943,731	435,682		4,379,413
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	2,038,060	(146,782)		1,891,278
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,000,961	\$ 6,727,071		\$ 9,728,032

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 130,332
Special	125
Vocational	1,821
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	654
Administration	6,969
Fiscal	2,452
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	33,990
Noninstructional Services	2,291
Capital Outlay	257,048
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 435,682

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

As described in Note 3A, the District restated Capital Assets (at cost) at the beginning of the year due to a change in its capitalization policy as follows:

Balance at June 30, 2003	\$ 7,472,258
Restatement	(527,566)
Balance, Restated	\$ 6,944,692

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program

The District participates in the Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program (the Program), a public entity insurance purchasing pool which consists of school districts within Northwest Ohio. The District pays annual premiums into the program for comprehensive insurance coverage including liability, real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are fully insured. The Program has an agreement with Marsh USA for administrative services and Cambridge Integrated Services, Inc. for claims processing.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Employee Insurance Benefits Program (the Program), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of school districts within Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams Counties and other eligible governmental entities. The District pays monthly premiums to the Northern Buckeye Education Council for the benefits offered to its employees, which include health, dental, and life insurance plans. Northern Buckeye Education Council is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement for the Program provides for additional assessments to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from the Program, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

C. Workers' Compensation Group Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate.

Participation in the Plan is limited to educational entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment, or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

11. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statue per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2003, 8.17 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30,2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$78,632,\$40,445, and \$39,096, respectively; 55 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2004 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2003 and 2002. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2004 is \$54,372.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771 or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

permanently select the DC or Combined plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2003, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 13.0 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30,2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$331,941, \$235,598, and \$237,935, respectively; 84 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2004 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2003 and 2002. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2004 is \$55,844.

12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) provides access to health care coverage to retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan and their dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to the Revised Code, the State Teachers Retirement Board (the board) has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care costs in the form of monthly premium.

The Revised Code grants authority to STRS Ohio to provide health care coverage to eligible benefit recipients, spouses, and dependents. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed and the cost of the coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently at 14 percent of covered payroll.

The Retirement Board allocates employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund from which health care benefits are paid. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to Health Care Stabilization Fund. Effective July 1, 2004, 1 percent of covered payroll will be allocated to the fund. The balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.1 billion on June 30, 2004.

For the year ended June 30, 2004, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$268,739,000. There were 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, disability, and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those apply.

After the allocation for the basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. At June 30, 2004, the allocation rate is 4.91 percent. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal 2004, the minimum pay has been established as \$25,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2004 were \$223,443,805 and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004, the Retirement System's net assets available for payment of health care benefits were \$300.8 million.

The number of participants currently receiving health care benefits is approximately 62,000.

For fiscal year 2004, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, was \$25,534.

13. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees earn vacation at rates specified under State of Ohio law and based on credited service. Clerical, Technical, and Maintenance and Operation employees with one or more years of service are entitled to vacation ranging from 10 to 26 days. Employees with less than one year of service also accrue vacation, according to the Ohio Revised Code, not to exceed 10 days. Employees are permitted to carry over vacation leave earned in the current year into the next year.

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rata basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee retiring with five to nineteen years of service to the District is limited to 25 percent of the accumulated sick leave. Employees retiring with twenty or more years of service to the District are paid 30 percent of their accumulated sick leave. The amount of accumulated sick leave for all employees is limited to 220 days with a maximum of 197 days for retirement purposes.

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2004, the following changes occurred in obligations reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

	Balance at 06/30/03		Α	dditions	D	eductions	Balance at 06/30/04	 ue Within ne Year
Energy Conservation Bonds	\$ 120,000)			\$	40,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 40,000
General Obligation Bonds	8,845,000)				350,000	8,495,000	205,000
General Obligation Capital								
Appreciation Bonds	529,988	3	\$	133,646			663,634	
EPA Asbestos Notes	26,032	2				5,000	21,032	 5,000
Total Long-Term Bonds and Notes	9,521,020)		133,646		395,000	9,259,666	250,000
Pension Obligation	39,504	1				39,504		
Compensated Absences	401,986	3_		320,325		401,986	320,325	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 9,962,510)	\$	453,971	\$	836,490	\$ 9,579,991	\$ 250,000

Debt outstanding at June 30, 2004 consisted of School Energy Conservation Bonds totaling \$80,000, an Asbestos Abatement Note totaling \$21,032, and School Improvement Bonds totaling \$9,158,634 (interest rates were 5 percent for the energy conservation bonds, the note was free of interest, and the interest rates for the school improvement f bonds were 2 percent to 4.6 percent). The bonds were issued in August 1996 and will mature in September 2005. The note was issued in June 1991 and will mature in November 2008. The school improvement bonds were issued in September 2002 and will mature December 2030.

School Improvement Bonds - 2002

The District issued \$9,374,988 in voted general obligation bonds for constructing, improving, and making additions to school buildings and related site development. The bonds were issued on September 18, 2002. The bond issue included current interest, term, and capital appreciation bonds in the amount of \$4,770,000, \$4,075,000, and \$529,988, respectively. The bonds will be retired with a voted property tax levy from the Debt Service Fund.

The Term Bonds maturing on December 1, 2027 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. The mandatory sinking fund redemption is to occur on December 1, 2023, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption according to the following schedule:

Redemption Date	Principal Amount
(December 1)	to be Redeemed
2023	\$ 430,000
2024	450,000
2025	470,000
2026	495.000

Unless otherwise called for redemption, the remaining \$520,000 principal amount of the bonds due December 31, 2027 is to be paid at stated maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

The Term Bonds maturing on December 1, 2030 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. The mandatory sinking fund redemption is to occur on December 1, 2028, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption according to the following schedule:

Redemption Date	Principal Amour		
(December 1)	to be Redeemed	ł	
2028	\$ 545,000		
2029	570,000		

Unless otherwise called for redemption, the remaining \$355,000 principal amount of the bonds due December 1, 2030 is to be paid at stated maturity.

The Current Interest Bonds maturing on December 1, 2012 and thereafter are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part on any date in inverse order of maturity, by lot within the maturity, at the option of the District on or after December 1, 2012 at the redemption price of 100 percent.

If fewer than all of the outstanding Current Interest Bonds of a single maturity are called for redemption, the selection of Current Interest Bonds to be redeemed, or portion thereof in amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, shall be made by lot by the Paying Agent and Registrar in any manner which the Paying Agent or Registrar may determine.

The Capital Appreciation Bonds will mature in fiscal years 2007 through 2011. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$240,000 for fiscal year 2007 and \$270,000 for the remaining fiscal years. Capital Appreciation Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Total expenditures for interest for the above debt for the period ended June 30, 2004 was \$372,483.

The scheduled payments of principal and interest on debt outstanding at June 30, 2004 are as follows:

Fiscal year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2005	\$ 250,000	\$ 364,983	\$ 614,983
2006	270,000	357,383	627,383
2007	161,181	439,201	600,382
2008	158,289	472,093	630,382
2009	135,006	491,408	626,414
2010-2014	1,060,190	2,058,473	3,118,663
2015-2019	1,610,000	1,494,150	3,104,150
2020-2024	1,970,000	1,127,555	3,097,555
2025-2029	2,480,000	623,986	3,103,986
2030-2031	1,165,000	76,599	1,241,599
Total	\$ 9,259,666	\$ 7,505,831	\$ 16,765,497

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

15. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition.

			(Capital
	Textbooks		Acquisition	
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2003	\$	(275,620)		
Current Year Set-aside Requirement		90,247	\$	90,247
Current Year Offsets				(46, 143)
Qualifying Disbursements		(258,272)		(44,104)
Total	\$	(443,645)		
Balance Carried Forward to FY 2005	\$	(443,645)		

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts for textbooks to below zero. The negative amounts may be used to offset future year textbook set-aside requirements.

16. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA). NWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. All payments made by the District for services received are made to the Northern Buckeye Education Council. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

B. Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among various educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the four counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. The District paid \$57,731 for services received through NBEC. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Crystal Meyer, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

C. Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the educational service centers from the counties of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams; one representative from each of the city school districts; one representative from each of the exempted village school districts; and one additional representative from Fulton County educational service center. The Four County Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. No payments were made by the District to the Four County Career Center. To obtain financial information write to the Four County Career Center, Lois Knuth, who serves as Treasurer, at Route 1, Box 245A, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

D. Northwest Ohio Education Council

The Northwest Ohio Education Council (NWOEC) was established to foster cooperation among various school districts within Ohio that participate in the Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program (NOEC Program). NWOEC is organized under Chapter 167.01 of the Ohio Revised Code as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its members and by policies adopted by the member school districts. NWOEC members consist of the school districts' superintendents. To obtain financial information write to Frank McKain, MARSH USA, One Seagate Center, Suite 1860, Toledo, Ohio 43604.

17. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

A. NBEC Employee Insurance Benefits Program

Northern Buckeye Education Council Employee Insurance Benefits Program (the Pool) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams counties. The Pool is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. The District paid \$591,726 for these services to NBEC in fiscal year 2004. Financial information can be obtained from Northern Buckeye Education Council, Crystal Meyer, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

B. NBEC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under § 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (WCGRP) was established through the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) as an insurance purchasing pool. The WCGRP is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and the participating members of the WCGRP. The Executive Director of the NBEC coordinates the management and administration of the program. Each year, the participating members pay an enrollment fee to the WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program. The District paid \$589 for these services to NBEC in fiscal year 2004.

C. Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program

The District participates in the Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program (NOEC Program) which is an insurance purchasing pool. The NOEC Program is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by § 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northwest Ohio Education Council (NWOEC) is a Council of Governments created pursuant to Chapter

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

167.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. The NOEC Program is a non-profit organization to its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the NOEC Program to provide for a formalized, joint insurance program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs, and other administrative services. The NOEC Program's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Insurance Committee created by the governing board of the NWOEC. The NOEC Program has an agreement with Marsh USA for administrative services and Cambridge Integrated Services, Inc. for claims processing. The District paid \$38,646 for these services to NOEC in fiscal year 2004

18. SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...." The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

19. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2004, the General Fund transferred \$37,500 to Other Nonmajor Governmental funds. This transfer was made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

20. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2004.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the District as defendant.

21. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2004, the District had the following contractual purchase commitments:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

Company	 Amount Remaining	
Schnippel Construction	\$ 268,684	
A. Hattersley and Sons	102,910	
Woolace Electric	27,955	
Stonecreek Interior Systems	10,542	
Dayton Fire Protection	5,125	
Bushong Restaurant Equipment	6,070	
Data Cabling Solutions	3,175	
School Specialties	42,272	
Farnham Equipment	18,200	
Innovative Office Solutions	86,869	
Elements IV Interiors	73,311	
Thalmer Electronics	39,940	
Microman, Inc	109,989	
Total	\$ 795,042	

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Edgerton Local School District Williams County 111 East River Street Edgerton, Ohio 43517-9623

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Edgerton Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2005. We noted that the District implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statement and Management Letter Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments and modified its capitalization policy for capital assets. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the District's management dated March 24, 2005, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Edgerton Local School District
Williams County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
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objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the District's management dated March 24, 2005, we reported other matters of noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the Board of Education. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

March 24, 2005



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Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

EDGERTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WILLIAMS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 12, 2005