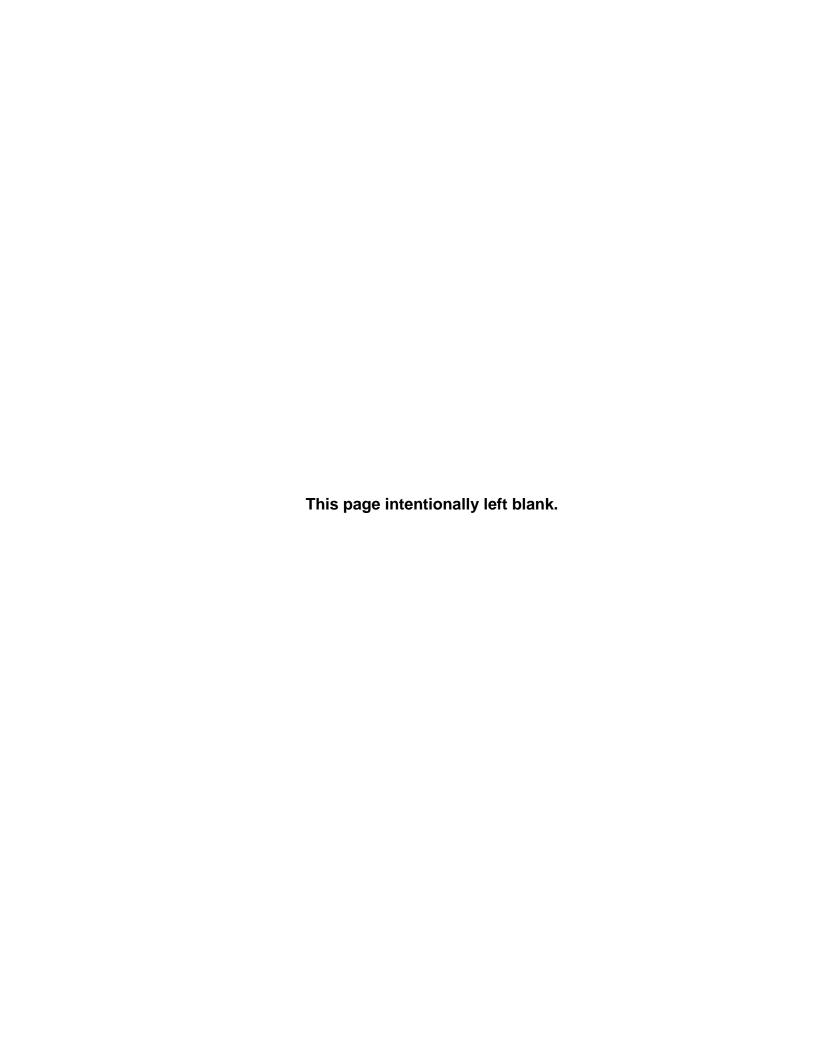




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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bellevue Public Library Huron County 224 East Main Street Bellevue, Ohio 44811-1409

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bellevue Public Library, Huron County, Ohio (the Library), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Library's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the modified cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bellevue Public Library, Huron County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2004, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 1 describes.

For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Library revised its financial presentation comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Bellevue Public Library Huron County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2006, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

October 10, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 UNAUDITED

This discussion and analysis of the Bellevue Public Library (the Library) financial performance provides an overall review of the Library's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2004, within the limitations of the Library's modified cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Library's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2004 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$4,625 or .8 percent, a minor change from the prior year.
- The Library's general receipts are primarily property taxes and State Library and Local Support Funds (LLGSF). These receipts represent respectively 18% and 77% of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Property taxes and LLGSF receipts for 2004 changed very little compared to 2003 as development within the Library has slowed.
- The Library had no debt in 2004 or prior years. A 2003 parking lot construction project was over 95% complete by January 1, 2004. Any residual funds encumbered for the project were placed in an escrow account during calendar year 2003 and are not reflected in the 2004 financial statements. The project was paid from accumulated funds.
- The Library has a .8-mill operating levy approved by the taxpayers in 2000. The levy expires in December 2005 and generates approximately \$163,000 per year.
- State revenues for public libraries have remained unchanged for the past 3 years.
- The Library has not experienced any major changes in staffing levels over the past few years. Salaries have been increasing at the normal cost of living percentage rate.
- There are no other significant financial issues affecting the Library in 2004.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Library's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the cash activities of the Library as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Library as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Library has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Library's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Government as a Whole

The attached statements reflect the Library's financial position during 2004, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The Statement of Net Assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental type activities of the Library at year end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by patrons for the Library's materials and services, and contributions are donations from citizens and businesses. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how the governmental function draws from the Library's general receipts.

The Statements of Cash Receipts and Disbursements report the Library's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, these changes are one way to measure the Library's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Library's cash position is one indicator of whether the Library's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Library's financial condition, one should also consider other non-financial factors as well such as the Library's property tax base, the condition of the Library's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Library's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes and LLGSF revenues.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Library has one type of activity.

Governmental Activities – All of the Library's basic services are reported here including general library services. These services are funded primarily by property taxes and LLGSF revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Reporting the Library's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Library's major funds – not the Library as a whole. The Library establishes separate funds to better manage its activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose.

Governmental Funds - All of the Library's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Library's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Library's programs. The Library's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Library's only major governmental fund is the General Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

The Library as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Library's net assets for 2004 compared to 2003 on a modified cash basis:

(Table 1) Net Assets

	2004		2003
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivilents	\$591,518	\$	586,893
Total Assets	591,518		586,893
Net Assets			
Restricted for:			
Capital Outlay	175		175
Other Purposes	4,034		3,893
Unrestricted	587,309		582,825
Total Net Assets	591,518		586,893

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2004. Since the Library did not prepare financial statements in this format for 2003, a comparative analysis of government-wide data has not been p0resented. In future years, when prior year information is available, a comparative analysis will be presented.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 UNAUDITED (Continued)

(Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

Receipts: 926,313 Charges for Services \$26,313 General Receipts: 163,741 Property Taxes 163,741 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 693,107 Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions 14,295 Earnings on Investments 4,403 Miscellaneous 1,962 Total General Receipts 877,508 Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements: 2 Library Services 834,412 Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893 Net Assets, December 31 \$591,518		Governmental Activities 2004
Charges for Services \$26,313 General Receipts: 163,741 Property Taxes 163,741 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 693,107 Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions 14,295 Earnings on Investments 4,403 Miscellaneous 1,962 Total General Receipts 877,508 Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements: 2 Library Services 834,412 Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Receipts:	
General Receipts: 163,741 Property Taxes 163,741 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 693,107 Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions 14,295 Earnings on Investments 4,403 Miscellaneous 1,962 Total General Receipts 877,508 Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements: 2 Library Services 834,412 Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Program Receipts:	
Property Taxes 163,741 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 693,107 Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions 14,295 Earnings on Investments 4,403 Miscellaneous 1,962 Total General Receipts 877,508 Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements: Library Services Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	g .	\$26,313
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 693,107 Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions 14,295 Earnings on Investments 4,403 Miscellaneous 1,962 Total General Receipts 877,508 Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements: Library Services Library Services 834,412 Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	General Receipts:	
Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions 14,295 Earnings on Investments 4,403 Miscellaneous 1,962 Total General Receipts 877,508 Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements: Library Services Library Services 834,412 Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Property Taxes	163,741
Earnings on Investments 4,403 Miscellaneous 1,962 Total General Receipts 877,508 Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements: Library Services Library Services 834,412 Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted	693,107
Miscellaneous 1,962 Total General Receipts 877,508 Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements: \$34,412 Library Services 834,412 Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions	14,295
Total General Receipts 877,508 Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements:	Earnings on Investments	4,403
Total Receipts 903,821 Disbursements:	Miscellaneous	1,962
Disbursements: 834,412 Library Services 834,412 Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Total General Receipts	877,508
Library Services 834,412 Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Total Receipts	903,821
Capital Outlay 64,784 Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Disbursements:	
Total Disbursements 899,196 Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Library Services	834,412
Increase in Net Assets 4,625 Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Capital Outlay	64,784
Net Assets, January 1 586,893	Total Disbursements	899,196
	Increase in Net Assets	4,625
Net Assets, December 31 \$591,518	Net Assets, January 1	586,893
	Net Assets, December 31	\$591,518

Program receipts represent 2.9 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of patron fines and fees.

General receipts represent 97.1 percent of the Library's total receipts, and of this amount over 77 percent is LLGSF subsidy. Property taxes make up the majority of the balance of the Library's general receipts (18 percent). Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Disbursement for Library Services represent the overhead costs of running the Library and the support services provided for other Library activities. These include the general costs of running the Library. Disbursements for Capital Outlay represent costs to demolish a building and expand the parking lot for the Library.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Library. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for library services which account for \$834,412 or 92.8 percent of all governmental disbursements. The next column of the Statement entitled Program Revenues identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

(Table 3)

Governme	ental Activities	
	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services
	2004	2004
Library Services	\$834,412	\$808,099
Capital Outlay	64,784	64,784
Total Expenses	\$899.196	\$872.883

The dependence upon LLGSF is apparent as over 77 percent of the governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

The Library's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$903,821 and disbursements of \$899,196. The fund balance of the governmental funds increased \$4,625.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Library's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The Bellevue Public Library Board of Trustees adopted a permanent appropriations measure in December 2003 for calendar year 2004.

During 2004, final estimated receipts were unchanged from original budgeted receipts. Actual receipts were \$136,140 lower than estimated due to LLGSF received was less than anticipated.

Final disbursements were budgeted at \$1,249,256 while actual disbursements were \$903,541. The Library kept spending lower than budgeted amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Library does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Debt

At December 31, 2004, the Library had no outstanding debt.

Current Issues

The challenge for all governments is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on state funding and the local tax revenues. In the Fall of 2004, the Finance Committee of the Board of Trustees reviewed financial projections and recommended placing a 1-mill levy on the ballot in 2005. The Library Board of Trustees voted to place a one-mill property tax levy on the May 2005 ballot. With the passage of the levy, the Library is in a solid financial position through 2010.

Contacting the Government's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Bellevue Public Library's finances and to reflect the Library's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Mary Schultz, Clerk-Treasurer, Bellevue Public Library, 224 E. Main St., Bellevue, Ohio 44811-1409.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31,2004

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$591,518
Total Assets	\$591,518
Net Assets: Restricted for: Capital Projects Other Purposes Unrestricted Total Net Assets	\$175 4,034 587,309 \$591,518

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Program Revenues	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General government:			
Library Services Capital Outlay	\$834,412 64,784	\$26,313	(\$808,099) (64,784)
Total Governmental Activition	es \$899,196	\$26,313	(\$872,883)
	General Receipts: Property Taxes Levied for General	eral Purposes	\$163,741
	Unrestricted Gifts and Contribu	•	14,295
	Grants and Entitlements not Re	estricted to Specific Programs	693,107
	Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous		4,403 1,962
	Total General Receipts		877,508
	Change in Net Assets		4,625
	Net Assets Beginning of Yea	r	586,893
	Net Assets End of Year		\$591,518

STATEMENT OF MODIFIED CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2004

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$587,309	\$4,209	\$591,518
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for encumbrances Undesignated, Unreserved, Reported in:	4,345		4,345
General Fund	582,964		582,964
Capital Projects Fund		175	175
Other Purposes		4,034	4,034
Total Fund Balances	\$587,309	\$4,209	\$591,518

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN MODIFIED - CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	<u>Funds</u>	Funds
Receipts:			
Property Taxes	\$163,741		\$163,741
Library and Local Government Support	693,107		693,107
Patron, Fines and Fees	26,313		26,313
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	14,195	\$100	14,295
Investment Income	4,362	41	4,403
Miscellaneous	1,962		1,962
Total Receipts	903,680	141	903,821
Disbursements: General government:			
Library Services	834,412		834,412
Capital Outlay	64,784		64,784
Total Disbursements	899,196		899,196
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	4,484	141	4,625
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	582,825	4,068	586,893
Fund Balances End of Year	\$587,309	\$4,209	\$591,518

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Property Taxes	\$160,576	\$160,576	\$163,741	\$3,165
Library and Local Government Support	842,844	842,844	693,107	(149,737)
Patron, Fines and Fees	25,400	25,400	26,313	913
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	6,000	6,000	14,195	8,195
Earnings on Investments	3,000	3,000	4,362	1,362
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	1,962	(38)
Total Receipts	1,039,820	1,039,820	903,680	(136,140)
Disbursements Current:				
Library Services	971,104	971,104	834,412	136,692
Capital Outlay	278,152	278,152	69,129	209,023
Total Disbursements	1,249,256	1,249,256	903,541	345,715
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(209,436)	(209,436)	139	209,575
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	510,968	510,968	510,968	
i unu balance beginiling or real	310,300	310,300	510,800	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	71,857	71,857	71,857	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$373,389	\$373,389	\$582,964	\$209,575

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE LIBRARY AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Bellevue Public Library was organized as a school district public library in 1891 under the laws of the State of Ohio. The Library has its own Board of Trustees of seven members who are appointed by the Bellevue City School District Board of Education. Appointments are for seven-year terms and members serve without compensation. Under Ohio statutes, the Library is a body politic and corporate capable of suing and being sued, contracting, acquiring, holding, possessing, and disposing of real property, and of exercising such other powers and privileges conferred upon it by law. The Library also determines and operates under its own budget. Control and management of the Library is governed by sections 3375.33 to 3375.39 of the Ohio Revised Code with the administration of the day-to-day operations of the Library being the responsibility of the Director and financial accountability being solely that of the Clerk-Treasurer.

The Library is fiscally independent of the Board of Education, although the Board of Education serves in a ministerial capacity as the taxing authority for the Library. The determination to request approval of a tax levy, the role and purpose(s) of the levy, are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Library Trustees. Once those decisions are made, the Board of Education must put the levy on the ballot. There is no potential for the Library to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Board of Education.

Under the provisions of Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Library is considered to be a related organization of the Bellevue City School District.

The Library's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Library is financially accountable.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, the financial statements of the Bellevue Public Library have been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. The most significant of the Library's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Library's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Library as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues.

A Statement of Net Assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Library at year end. The Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Library's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Library is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type activity is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the Library's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Library segregates transactions related to certain Library functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Library at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Library uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The Library's funds are classified as governmental.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions. Monies are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The following is the Library's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Library for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

The other governmental funds account for capital projects and other purposes.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Library's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Library's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be appropriated. The appropriations resolution is the Trustee's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Trustees. The legal level of control has been established at the fund and character or major category of the object code level for all funds. Budgetary modifications at the legal level of control may only be made by resolution of the Board of Library Trustees.

For control purposes, the Library estimates revenues to be received during the year. These estimated revenues, together with the unencumbered carry-over balances from the prior year, set a limit on the amount the Trustees may appropriate. The estimated revenues may be revised during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Clerk Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources at the time final appropriations were enacted by the Trustees.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations should not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Trustees during the year.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Library is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Library's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

During 2004, investments were limited to STAR Ohio and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. The certificates of deposits and STAR Ohio investments are recorded at current value.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2004.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2004 amounted to \$4,362. No portion of that amount was assigned from other Library funds.

F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets represent monies held for capital improvements or endowments.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Library reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Library's modified cash basis of accounting.

J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Library recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 8 and 9, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

K. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Library's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Last year the Library reported fund financial statements by fund type using the regulatory basis of accounting as prescribed by the State Auditor's Office. This year the Library has implemented the modified cash basis of accounting described in note 2. The fund financial statements now present each major fund in a separate column with nonmajor funds aggregated and presented in a single column, rather than a column for each fund type.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis for the general fund presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the modified cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (modified cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$4,345 for the General fund.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Library into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the Library treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Library treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Library has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Protection of the Library's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Library, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At year end, the Library had \$232 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the balance sheet of the Library as part of "Cash and Cash Equivalents".

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (CONTINUED)

At year end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits was \$301,513 and the bank balance was \$339,176. Of the bank balance \$203,934 was covered by federal depository and \$135,242 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Library to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The Library's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Library at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Library or its agent in the Library's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Library's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Library's name. STAR Ohio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

 2004

 STAR Ohio
 \$289,773

NOTE 6 – GRANTS-IN-AID AND TAX RECEIPTS

The primary source of revenue for Ohio public libraries is the State Library and Local Government Support Fund (LLGSF). The State allocates LLGSF to each county based on the county's prior intangibles tax of LLGSF revenues, and its population. The County Budget Commission allocates these funds to the Library based on its needs such as for the construction of new library buildings, improvements, operation, maintenance, or other expenses. The Budget Commission cannot reduce its allocation of these funds to the Library based on of any additional revenues the Library receives.

The electorate of the Bellevue Public Library passed a .8 mill tax levy in 1995. This five-year levy was subsequently renewed in 2000 and expires as of December 31, 2005. The property tax generates approximately \$163,000 per year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the Bellevue City School District. Property tax revenue received during 2004 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2003 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2004 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for 2004 taxes.

2004 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2004, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2004 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2005.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2004 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2003, are levied after October 1, 2004, and are collected in 2005 with real property taxes.

2004 tangible personal property taxes are levied after October 1, 2003, on the value as of December 31, 2003. Collections are made in 2004. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent of true value for inventories.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Continued)

NOTE 6 – GRANTS-IN-AID AND TAX RECEIPTS – (CONTINUED)

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, the payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established. Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30; with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all Library operations for the year ended December 31, 2004, was \$.80 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2004 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	
Residential/Agricultural	\$174,266,720
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	29,825,400
Public Utility Property	
Real	2,450,530
Personal	13,357,080
Tangible Personal Property	44,747,415
Total Assessed Value	\$264,647,145

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2004, the Library contracted with several companies for various types of insurance coverage as follows:

Company	Type of Coverage	Coverage
Indiana Insurance Co.	Commercial Property	\$2,315,000
	General Liability	1,000,000
	Commercial Crime	50,000
	Umbrella	1,000,000
	Vehicle	500,000
	Errors and Omissions	
France & Associates	Library Officials	1,000,000/3,000,000
Westfield Cos.	Fidelity Bond	20,000

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Library pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

The Library offers coverage for employee health or liability insurance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The Library participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2004, the members of all three plans were required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Library's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2004 was 13.55 percent. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Library's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2004, 2003, and 2002, were \$56,054, \$59,801, and \$52,723 respectively; the full amount has been contributed for 2004, 2003, and 2002.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2004 local government employer contribution rate was 9.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.00 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2003, include a rate of return on investments of 8.00 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 1.00 and 6.00 percent annually for the next eight years and 4.00 percent annually after eight years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (CONTINUED)

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 369,885. Actual employer contributions for 2004 which were used to fund postemployment benefits was \$16,547. The actual contribution and actuarial required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS' net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2004 was \$10.8. The actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs.

NOTE 10 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In November 2004 the Library Board of Trustees voted to place a 1.0 mill levy on the May 2005 ballot. The levy will replace the .8 mill five-year levy that will expire in Dec. 2005 and add .2 mills additional tax revenue. The levy passed.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bellevue Public Library Huron County 224 East Main Street Bellevue, Ohio 44811-1409

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bellevue Public Library, Huron County (the Library) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2006, wherein we noted the Library prepared its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484

www.auditor.state.oh.us

Bellevue Public Library Huron County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management and the Board of Trustees. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery

Betty Montgomery

Auditor of State

October 10, 2006



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

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800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

BELLEVUE PUBLIC LIBRARY HURON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 9, 2006