BERLIN-MILAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

ERIE COUNTY, OHIO

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS} \\ \textbf{(AUDITED)} \end{array}$

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005



Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District 140 South Main Street Milan, Ohio 44846

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Berlin-Milan Local School District, Erie County, prepared by Julian and Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Berlin-Milan Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomery

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

January 19, 2006



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District 140 South Main Street Milan, Ohio 44846-9770

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berlin-Milan Local School District, Erie County, (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Berlin-Milan Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berlin-Milan Local School District, Erie County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the District implemented GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, "Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2005, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Independent Auditor's Report Berlin-Milan Local School District Page Two

Julian & Sube, Ehre!

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 23, 2005

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the Berlin Milan Local School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$257,214 which represents a 4.57% decrease from 2004.
- General revenues accounted for \$13,015,003 in revenue or 86.91% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,960,711 or 13.09% of total revenues of \$14,975,714.
- The District had \$15,232,928 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1,960,711 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$13,015,003 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$12,861,537 in revenues and other financing sources and \$13,056,374 in expenditures. During fiscal 2005, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$190,048 from \$1,721,699 to \$1,531,651.
- The District's permanent improvement fund had \$734,958 in revenues and \$290,041 in expenditures. During fiscal 2005, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance increased \$444,917 from \$191,802 to \$636,719.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and permanent improvement fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2005?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 20. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21-44 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2005 and 2004.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 10,289,217	\$ 10,456,104
Capital assets	3,472,647	3,677,071
Total assets	13,761,864	14,133,175
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	7,572,521	7,707,939
Long-term liabilities	816,805	795,484
Total liabilities	8,389,326	8,503,423
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	3,294,426	3,444,484
Restricted	885,388	329,668
Unrestricted	1,192,724	1,855,600
Total net assets	\$ 5,372,538	\$ 5,629,752

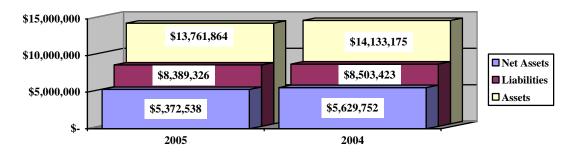
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2005, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,372,538. At year-end, unrestricted net assets were \$1,192,724.

At year-end, capital assets represented 25.23% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets invested, net of related debt at June 30, 2005, were \$3,294,426. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$885,388, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$1,192,724 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2005 and 2004.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 775,853	\$ 771,861		
Operating grants and contributions	1,069,765	946,498		
Capital grants and contributions	115,093	7,124		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	6,311,471	6,774,002		
Grants and entitlements	6,587,046	6,633,566		
Investment earnings	86,667	44,992		
Other	29,819	23,391		
Total revenues	14,975,714	15,201,434		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	6,889,303	7,096,615
Special	1,966,939	1,909,117
Vocational	95,635	90,432
Other	295,624	254,799
Support services:		
Pupil	855,993	849,751
Instructional staff	368,573	591,753
Board of education	45,493	27,283
Administration	1,173,133	1,289,772
Fiscal	310,319	299,758
Operations and maintenance	1,222,671	1,225,975
Pupil transportation	739,657	729,368
Central	141,652	134,799
Operations of non-instructional services	16,900	1,198
Food service operations	564,995	544,836
Extracurricular activities	536,231	691,922
Interest and fiscal charges	9,810	43,102
Total expenses	15,232,928	15,780,480
Change in net assets	(257,214)	(579,046)
Net assets at beginning of year	5,629,752	6,208,798
Net assets at end of year	\$ 5,372,538	\$ 5,629,752

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$257,214. Total governmental expenses of \$15,232,928 were offset by program revenues of \$1,960,711 and general revenues of \$13,015,003. Program revenues supported 12.87% of the total governmental expenses.

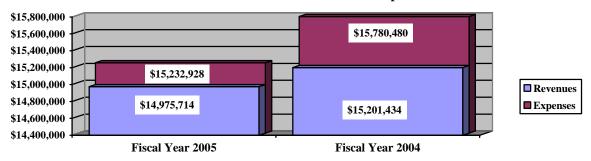
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 86.13% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$9,247,501 or 60.71% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2005.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

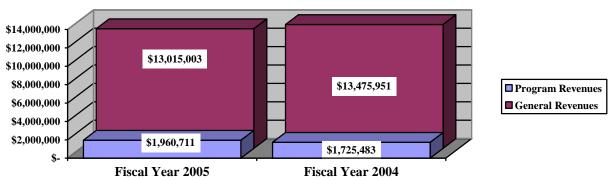
	Total Cost of Services 2005	Net Cost of Services 2005	Total Cost of Services 2004	Net Cost of Services 2004		
Program expenses						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 6,889,303	\$ 6,540,074	\$ 7,096,615	\$ 6,767,318		
Special	1,966,939	1,602,473	1,909,117	1,607,471		
Vocational	95,635	95,635	90,432	90,432		
Other	295,624	295,624	254,799	254,799		
Support services:						
Pupil	855,993	575,417	849,751	771,275		
Instructional staff	368,573	317,235	591,753	379,576		
Board of education	45,493	45,493	27,283	27,283		
Administration	1,173,133	1,160,285	1,289,772	1,272,550		
Fiscal	310,319	304,739	299,758	293,199		
Operations and maintenance	1,222,671	1,121,963	1,225,975	1,218,851		
Pupil transportation	739,657	737,972	729,368	729,368		
Central	141,652	141,652	134,799	134,799		
Operations of non-instructional services	16,900	16,900	1,198	(122)		
Food service operations	564,995	8,273	544,836	12,985		
Extracurricular activities	536,231	298,672	691,922	452,111		
Interest and fiscal charges	9,810	9,810	43,102	43,102		
Total expenses	\$ 15,232,928	\$ 13,272,217	\$ 15,780,480	\$ 14,054,997		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 92.28% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 87.13%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$2,392,005, which is higher than last year's total of \$2,088,631. The June 30, 2004 fund balances have been restated as described in Note 3.A. to the basic financial statements. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2005 and 2004.

	Restated							
	Fund Balance	Fund Balance						
	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2004	Decrease					
General	\$ 1,531,651	\$ 1,721,699	\$ (190,048)					
Permanent Improvement	636,719	191,802	444,917					
Other Governmental	223,635	175,130	48,505					
Total	\$ 2,392,005	\$ 2,088,631	\$ 303,374					

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$190,048. The decrease in fund balance can be attributed to decreasing expenditures still being more than increased revenues. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

	Restated					
	2005	2004	Percentage			
	_ Amoun	t Amount	<u>Change</u>			
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 6,040,	\$ 5,838,997	3.46 %			
Tuition	57,	953 57,475	0.83 %			
Earnings on investments	84,	338 44,404	89.93 %			
Intergovernmental	6,587,	046 6,560,122	0.41 %			
Other revenues	77,	630 66,118	17.41 %			
Total	\$ 12,847,	<u>\$ 12,567,116</u>	2.23 %			
Expenditures						
Instruction	\$ 8,476,	\$ 8,393,854	0.99 %			
Support services	4,165,	970 4,711,680	(11.58) %			
Extracurricular activities	348,	851 410,531	(15.02) %			
Facilities acquisition and construction		- 29,432	(100.00) %			
Debt service	64,	832 15,966	306.06 %			
Total	\$ 13,056,	<u>\$ 13,561,463</u>	(3.72) %			

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2005, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$12,586,674, which approximates the original budgeted revenues estimate of \$12,807,932. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2005 was \$12,793,798. This represents a \$207,124 increase over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$12,932,630 were increased to \$13,243,695 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2005 totaled \$13,193,068, which was \$50,627 less than the final budget appropriations.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The District's permanent improvement fund balance increased \$444,917. The increase in fund balance can be primarily attributed to decreasing expenditures, especially in the areas of facilities acquisition and construction and regular instruction, while revenues remained relatively unchanged.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2005, the District had \$3,472,647 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The following table shows fiscal 2005 balances compared to 2004:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	Governmental Activities				
	2005	2004				
Land	\$ 469,195	\$ 469,195				
Land improvements	145,395	85,008				
Building and improvements	2,055,486	2,114,676				
Furniture and equipment	366,191	461,365				
Vehicles	436,380	546,827				
Total	\$ 3,472,647	\$ 3,677,071				

Total additions to capital assets for 2005 were \$137,863 and total disposals were \$32,544 (net of accumulated depreciation). The District recorded \$309,743 in depreciation expense for fiscal 2005.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2005, the District had \$178,221 in energy conservation notes outstanding. Of this total, \$56,812 is due within one year and \$121,409 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the notes outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2005			Governmental Activities 2004		
Energy conservation notes	\$	178,221		\$	232,587	
Total	\$	178,221		\$	232,587	

The energy conservation notes were received in 1998. These notes are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2008 and bear an interest rate of 4.50%. Payment of principal and interest on the energy conservation note is being made from the general fund.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Current Financial Related Activities

Consistent with many school districts in Ohio, Berlin-Milan Local Schools is faced with the difficult challenges of maintaining the highest standards of education to our students and services to our community, while striving to remain financially solvent. The District relies heavily upon real estate taxes, personal property taxes, and state finding as sources of revenue.

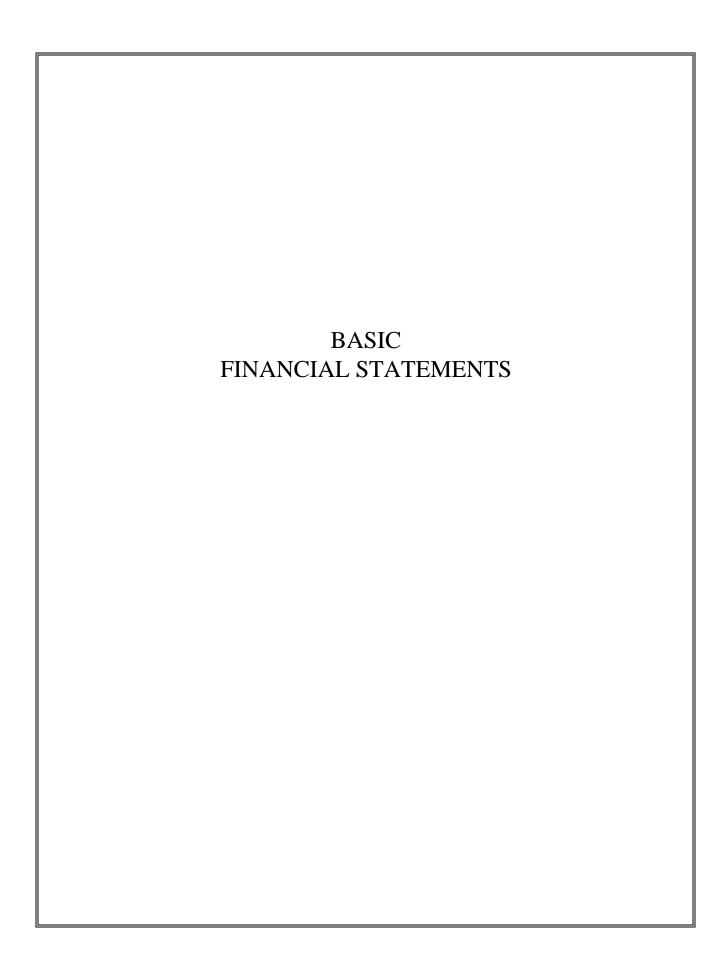
The District does not anticipate a significant growth in State revenue in the foreseeable future. With the recent elimination of the tangible personal property tax over the next four years, the concern is that this funding change will have a negative financial impact on the District and ultimately the District's residential taxpayers.

The District currently has an adequate cash balance to meet operating expenses through fiscal year 2008, thanks to the recent passage (May 2005) of a 3.9 mil Emergency Levy that will generate \$875,000 each year for five years. However, in fiscal year 2005 operating expenses exceeded operating revenue and that trend is projected to continue over the District's five-year forecast. The Board and Administration will continue to monitor these projections, updating them with pertinent information as it becomes available, and utilize these projections in the decision making process.

The Berlin-Milan community values the education its students receive and takes pride in its schools. The Board, Administration, and Staff are committed to working with the community in order to maintain a safe, effective, and efficient school system.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives and to provide a general overview of the district's finances to our community, creditors, and investors. For additional information about this report please contact Mrs. Nicole Spriggs, Treasurer, Berlin - Milan Local School District, 140 S. Main Street, Milan, Ohio 44846



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	3,636,385		
Taxes		6,516,252		
Accounts		11,899		
Intergovernmental		76,999		
Accrued interest		7,788		
Prepayments		7,937		
Materials and supplies inventory		31,957		
Capital assets:				
Land		469,195		
Depreciable capital assets, net		3,003,452		
Capital assets, net		3,472,647		
Total assets		13,761,864		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		131,002		
Accrued wages and benefits		1,486,303		
Pension obligation payable		326,508		
Intergovernmental payable		29,519		
Deferred revenue		5,599,013		
Accrued interest payable		176		
Long-term liabilities:		201 505		
Due within one year		201,585		
Due in more than one year		615,220		
Total liabilities		8,389,326		
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		3,294,426		
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		657,622		
Locally funded programs		14,903		
State funded programs		28,480		
Federally funded programs		70,660		
Student activities		37,919		
Other purposes		75,804		
Unrestricted		1,192,724		
Total net assets	\$	5,372,538		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

					Prog	ram Revenues			R (t (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	1	Expenses	S	narges for Services nd Sales	G	Operating Frants and Intributions	Gr	Capital rants and natributions	Go	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:		-		ard Starts						11017100
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	6,889,303	\$	156,946	\$	177,898	\$	14,385	\$	(6,540,074)
Special		1,966,939		-		364,466		_		(1,602,473)
Vocational		95,635		-		-		_		(95,635)
Other		295,624		-		-		_		(295,624)
Support services:										
Pupil		855,993		-		280,576		_		(575,417)
Instructional staff		368,573		15,443		35,895		_		(317,235)
Board of education		45,493		-		_		_		(45,493)
Administration		1,173,133		2,758		10,090		_		(1,160,285)
Fiscal		310,319		-		5,580		_		(304,739)
Operations and maintenance		1,222,671		_		_		100,708		(1,121,963)
Pupil transportation		739,657		_		1,685		_		(737,972)
Central		141,652		-		-		-		(141,652)
non-instructional services		16,900		_		_		_		(16,900)
Food service operations		564,995		363,147		193,575		_		(8,273)
Extracurricular activities		536,231		237,559		-		_		(298,672)
Interest and fiscal charges		9,810		237,337		_		_		(9,810)
	Φ.	<u> </u>	Φ.	555.052	Φ.	1.040.545	Φ.	115.002		
Total governmental activities	\$	15,232,928	\$	775,853	\$	1,069,765	\$	115,093		(13,272,217)
				eral Revenue operty taxes le		ır:				
										5,683,719
										627,752
				ants and entitl						,
										6,587,046
										86,667
					_					29,819
			10	tai general rev	enues					13,015,003
			Char	nge in net asse	ts					(257,214)
			Net	assets at begi	nning (of year				5,629,752
			Net :	assets at end	of year	•			\$	5,372,538

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	General		Permanent Improvement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	2,546,159	\$	600,826	\$	413,596	\$	3,560,581
Receivables:								
Taxes		5,880,375		635,877		-		6,516,252
Accounts		10,879		-		1,020		11,899
Intergovernmental		-		_		76,999		76,999
Accrued interest		7,788		-		· -		7,788
Interfund loans		2,620		_		_		2,620
Prepayments		7,911		_		26		7,937
Materials and supplies inventory		11,078		_		20,879		31,957
Restricted assets:		11,070				20,077		51,557
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents		75,804						75,804
and cash equivalents		75,804		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _		75,804
Total assets	\$	8,542,614	\$	1,236,703	\$	512,520	\$	10,291,837
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	41,265	\$	43,057	\$	46,680	\$	131,002
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ	1,366,674	Ψ	-	Ψ	119,629	Ψ	1,486,303
Compensated absences payable		53,079		_		-		53,079
Pension obligation payable		272,789		_		53,719		326,508
Intergovernmental payable		26,898		_		2,621		29,519
Interfund loans payable		20,070		_		2,620		2,620
Deferred revenue		5,250,258		556.927		63,616		5,870,801
Deferred revenue		3,230,238		330,921		05,010		3,870,801
Total liabilities		7,010,963		599,984		288,885		7,899,832
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		62,037		74,475		104,525		241,037
Reserved for materials and								
supplies inventory		11,078		-		20,879		31,957
Reserved for prepayments		7,911		-		26		7,937
Reserved for property tax unavailable								
for appropriation		631,175		78,950		-		710,125
Reserved for school bus purchases		75,804		_		_		75,804
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:		,						,
General fund		743,646		_		_		743,646
Special revenue funds		-		_		98,084		98,084
Capital projects funds		-		483,294		121		483,415
Total fund balances		1,531,651		626 710		222 625		2 202 005
Total fullu varances		1,331,031		636,719		223,635		2,392,005
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,542,614	\$	1,236,703	\$	512,520	\$	10,291,837

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2005

Total governmental fund balances			\$ 2,392,005
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			3,472,647
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-			
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.			
Taxes	\$	207,114	
Intergovernmental revenue		62,051	
Accounts receivable		1,565	
Accrued interest	-	1,058	
Total			271,788
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current			
period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Compensated absences		(585,505)	
Energy conservation notes payable		(178,221)	
Accrued interest payable		(176)	
Total			 (763,902)
Net assets of governmental activities			\$ 5,372,538

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	General	Permanent Improvement		Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:							
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$ 6,040,859	\$	650,874	\$	- \$	6,691,733	
Tuition	57,953		-	55,15	4	113,107	
Charges for services	-		-	363,14	7	363,147	
Earnings on investments	84,338		-	1,27	1	85,609	
Extracurricular	15,590		-	220,40	4	235,994	
Classroom materials and fees	45,540		_		-	45,540	
Other local revenues	16,500		-	29,81	9	46,319	
Intergovernmental - intermediate	· -		-	18,90	8	18,908	
Intergovernmental - state	6,587,046		84,084	234,00		6,905,138	
Intergovernmental - federal	· -		-	858,79	7	858,797	
Total revenues	12,847,826		734,958	1,781,50		15,364,292	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	6,516,522		75,603	230,62	7	6,822,752	
Special	1,571,357			377,63		1,948,989	
Vocational.	93,218		_	377,03	_	93,218	
Other	295,624		_		_	295,624	
Support services:	2,3,02					293,021	
Pupil	579,977		10,189	269,60	1	859,767	
Instructional staff	263,633		46,208	44,08		353,925	
Board of education	45,493		-	,	_	45,493	
Administration	1,156,033		_	11,39	6	1,167,429	
Fiscal	279,742		13,117	5,56		298,428	
Operations and maintenance	1,050,473		-	2,2 0	_	1,050,473	
Pupil transportation	648,967		_	1,90	0	650,867	
Central	141,652		_	,	_	141,652	
Food service operations	-		_	564,22	2	564,222	
Extracurricular activities	348,851		_	223,20		572,053	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		144,924	-, -	_	144,924	
Debt service:			,			,	
Principal retirement	54,366		-		-	54,366	
Interest and fiscal charges	10,466		-		-	10,466	
Total expenditures	 13,056,374		290,041	1,728,23	3	15,074,648	
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	 (208,548)		444,917	53,27	<u>5</u>	289,644	
Other financing sources:							
Sale of capital assets	13,711		_		-	13,711	
Total other financing sources	13,711		-			13,711	
Net change in fund balances	(194,837)		444,917	53,27	5	303,355	
Fund balances							
at beginning of year (restated)	1,721,699		191,802	175,13	0	2,088,631	
Increase (decrease)							
in reserve for inventory	 4,789			(4,770		19	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,531,651	\$	636,719	\$ 223,63	5 \$	2,392,005	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	303,355
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.			
Capital asset additions \$	137,863		
Current year depreciation	(309,743)	-	
Total			(171,880)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving			
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			(32,544)
			, , ,
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.			19
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental Interest	(380,262) (10,939) 1,058		
Extracurricular Total	1,565	-	(388,578)
Repayment of note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the			54.266
statement of net assets.			54,366
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.			656
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial			(22,609)
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(22,608)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(257,214)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		legative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	5,806,326	\$	5,706,021	\$	5,818,295	\$	112,274
Tuition		42,180		41,451		72,892		31,441
Earnings on investments		76,318		75,000		76,287		1,287
Extracurricular		12,720		12,500		15,590		3,090
Classroom materials and fees		41,212		40,500		45,279		4,779
Other local revenues		18,316		18,000		15,255		(2,745)
Intergovernmental - State		6,660,040		6,544,987		6,587,046		42,059
Total revenue		12,657,112		12,438,459		12,630,644		192,185
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		6,327,602		6,479,933		6,554,340		(74,407)
Special		1,589,092		1,627,348		1,586,580		40,768
Vocational		92,136		94,354		93,885		469
Other		251,740		257,800		295,624		(37,824)
Support services:								
Pupil		656,008		671,801		613,207		58,594
Instructional staff		308,630		316,060		264,418		51,642
Board of education		28,347		29,030		36,642		(7,612)
Administration		1,185,263		1,213,797		1,178,466		35,331
Fiscal		282,289		289,085		281,328		7,757
Operations and maintenance		968,960		992,010		1,074,179		(82,169)
Pupil transportation		643,716 134,892		659,213 138,140		647,880 138,363		11,333
Extracurricular activities		384,388		393,642		360,704		(223) 32,938
		11,147		11,415		300,704		11,415
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		11,147		11,413		-		11,413
Principal retirement		57,375		58,756		54,366		4,390
Interest and fiscal charges		11,045		11,311		10,466		845
Total expenditures		12,932,630		13,243,695		13,190,448	-	53,247
-		7 7		-, -,		- 7 7		
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(275,518)		(805,236)		(559,804)		245,432
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditure		_		_		1,228		1,228
Advances in		150,820		148,215		148,215		-
Advances (out)				-		(2,620)		(2,620)
Sale of capital assets		_		-		13,711		13,711
Total other financing sources (uses)		150,820		148,215		160,534		12,319
<u>-</u>								
Net change in fund balance		(124,698)		(657,021)		(399,270)		257,751
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,783,169		2,783,169		2,783,169		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		143,442		143,442		143,442		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,801,913	\$	2,269,590	\$	2,527,341	\$	257,751
		_,,/,		_,,,		_,,_,		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2005

	Agency	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and cash equivalents	\$	73,179
Receivables:		
Taxes		150,095
Prepayments		750
Total assets	\$	224,024
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	5,314
Due to other governments		150,095
Due to students	-	68,615
Total liabilities	\$	224,024

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Berlin-Milan Local School District (the "District") is located in Erie County and encompasses the Villages of Milan and Berlin Heights and portions of surrounding townships.

The District was established through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts and is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the school district is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District ranks as the 311th largest by enrollment among the 614 public and community school districts in the state, and the 4th largest in Erie County. It currently operates 2 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 76 non-certified and 124 certified employees to provide services to 1,832 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' government board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise have access to the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Bay Area Council of Governments (BACG)

The BACG is a jointly governed organization. Members of the BACG consist of 26 school districts representing 7 counties (Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Erie, Huron, Wood, and Crawford). The BACG was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through the council of governments are natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the District is an administrative charge if they participate in purchasing through the BACG. The Board of Directors of the BACG consist of 1 elected representative of each county, the superintendent of the fiscal agent and 2 non-voting members (administrator and fiscal agent). Members of the Board serve two-year terms, which are staggered. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Erie-Ottawa County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

EHOVE Career Center

The vocational school district is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The school accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school, however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District.

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA)

NOECA is a jointly governed organization among 41 school districts. The joint venture was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions of member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NOECA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months' financial contributions. NOECA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Erie-Ottawa County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Milan Public Library

The Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio governed by a board of trustees. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires, and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. In 1997 the District passed a tax renewal of .8 mills on behalf of the Library.

The District also participates in two insurance group purchasing pools, described in Note 10.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, construction, or improving of permanent improvement.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District does not have trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexhange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donation. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers; comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Erie County Budget Commission for tax rate determination. The Erie County Commissioners waived this requirement for fiscal 2005.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2005.
- 4. By July 1, the annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission, and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation total.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2005. All amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the original and final appropriations plus all modifications legally enacted by the Board.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2005, investments were limited to federal agency securities and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2005.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earning are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2005 amounted to \$84,338, which includes \$17,867 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method on the government-wide statements and the purchase method on the fund financial statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. During fiscal year 2005, the District maintained a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental
Activities
Estimated Lives
10 - 50 years
25 - 50 years
5 - 20 years
6 - 8 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net Assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2005, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 or greater with at least 10 years of service regardless of their age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2005, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The restriction for other purposes consists of monies restricted for bus purchases (See Note 15).

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved in the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by state statute for bus purchases. See Note 15 for details.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2005.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2005, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>" and GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, "<u>Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers</u>".

GASB Statement No. 40 establishes and modified disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk) and interest rate risk. This statement also establishes and modified disclosure requirements for custodial credit risk on deposits.

GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 addresses the amount that should be recognized as expenditure/expense and as a liability each period by employers participating in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans.

During the previous year, the Permanent Improvement fund was classified as a nonmajor fund with a fund balance of \$191,802; however, this fund is reported as a major fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 40 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District, however additional note disclosure can be found in Note 4. The implementation of GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 had the following effect on the fund balances of the major and non-major funds of the District as they were previously reported as of June 30, 2004:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

	Permanent							
		General	<u>Im</u>	provement	N	<u>lonmajor</u>		Total
Fund Balances, June 30, 2004 GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2	\$	1,832,448 (110,749)	\$	191,802	\$	197,703 (22,573)	\$	2,221,953 (133,322)
Restated Fund Balances, June 30, 2004	\$	1,721,699	\$	191,802	\$	175,130	\$	2,088,631

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2005 included the following individual fund deficits:

	<u>D</u>	eficit
Nonmajor Funds		
Chapter I	\$	8,327
Entry Year Programs		2
Preschool Grant for the Handicapped		1,968

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances results from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$1,000 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2005, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$413,197. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2005, \$404,680 of the District's bank balance of \$604,680 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$200,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2005, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturity		
			6 months or	
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value		less	
STAR Ohio	\$ 2,296,722	\$	2,296,722	
FHLMC	499,220		499,220	
FHLB	499,425		499,425	
	\$ 3,295,367	\$	3,295,367	

The weighted average maturity of investments is .02 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments, except for the repurchase agreement as discussed above and STAR Ohio, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2005:

<u>Investment type</u>	Ī	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$	2,296,722	69.70%
FHLMC		499,220	15.15%
FHLB		499,425	15.15%
	\$	3,295,367	100.00%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2005:

Cash and Investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 413,197
Investments	3,295,367
Cash on hand	 1,000
Total	\$ 3,709,564
Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 3,636,385
Agency funds	73,179
Total	\$ 3,709,564

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2005 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	An	nount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	2,620

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2005 are reported on the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 became a lien December 31, 2003, were levied after April 1, 2004 and are collected in 2005 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2005 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Erie and Huron Counties. The County Auditors periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2005 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005 was \$631,175 in the general fund, and \$78,950 in the permanent improvement fund. This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2004 was \$408,611 in the general fund and \$52,706 in the permanent improvement fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

	2004 Seco Half Collect		2005 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 182,918,270	82.88	\$ 186,813,170	83.39	
Public utility personal	14,380,320	6.52	13,779,810	6.15	
Tangible personal property	23,390,765	10.60	23,427,885	10.46	
Total	\$ 220,689,355	100.00	\$ 224,020,865	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$62.05		\$62.05		

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2005 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the items of receivables reported on the Statement of Net Assets follows:

Governmental Activities

Taxes	\$ 6,516,252
Accounts	11,899
Intergovernmental	76,999
Accrued Interest	7,788
Total	\$ 6,612,938

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within subsequent years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2004	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2005
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 469,195	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 469,195
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	469,195			469,195
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	674,299	65,000	-	739,299
Buildings and improvements	5,306,860	37,569	-	5,344,429
Furniture and equipment	1,990,186	25,230	(268,701)	1,746,715
Vehicles	1,333,139	10,064	(62,339)	1,280,864
Total capital assets, being depreciated	9,304,484	137,863	(331,040)	9,111,307
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(589,291)	(4,613)	-	(593,904)
Buildings and improvements	(3,192,184)	(96,759)	-	(3,288,943)
Furniture and equipment	(1,528,821)	(93,972)	242,269	(1,380,524)
Vehicles	(786,312)	(114,399)	56,227	(844,484)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,096,608)	(309,743)	298,496	(6,107,855)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,677,071	<u>\$ (171,880)</u>	\$ (32,544)	\$ 3,472,647

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 113,448
Special	4,037
Vocational	1,760
Support Services:	
Pupil	1,369
Instructional staff	13,614
Administration	3,454
Fiscal	2,153
Operations and maintenance	30,826
Pupil transportation	93,177
Food service operations	16,727
Extracurricular activities	29,178
Total depreciation expense	\$ 309,743

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The general obligation bonds are voted issues for school building improvement projects. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the District for which its full faith, credit, and resources are pledged. These bonds are payable from a .85 (average) mill tax levied on all taxable property in the District. Payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the general and debt service funds.

During a prior fiscal year, the District issued unvoted long-term "energy conservation" notes, under authority of H.B. 264. Energy conservation notes outstanding are general obligations of the District, for which the District's full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to these notes are recorded as expenditures in the general and debt service funds; however, unlike general obligation bonds, Ohio statute allows for the issuance of these notes without voter approval, and the subsequent repayment of the notes from operating revenues.

B. The following is a description of the District's notes and bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2005:

	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Balance July 1, 2004	Retired in Fiscal 2005	Balance June 30, 2005
Energy conservation notes	4.50%	02/26/98	12/01/07	\$ 232,587	\$ (54,366)	\$ 178,221
Total				\$ 232,587	\$ (54,366)	\$ 178,221

C. The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for energy conservation notes:

Fiscal Year Ending	Energy Conservation <u>Notes</u>
2006	\$ 64,832
2007	64,832
2008	64,832
Total	194,496
Less interest:	(16,275)
Total	\$ 178,221

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. During the fiscal year 2005, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	_	Balance tstanding					Balance itstanding	_	Amounts Due in
	Jul	y 1, 2004	Additions	R	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2005	<u>C</u>	ne Year
Governmental Activities:									
Energy conservation notes	\$	232,587	\$ -	\$	(54,366)	\$	178,221	\$	56,812
Compensated absences		562,897	146,500		(70,813)		638,584	_	144,773
Total long-term obligations, governmental activities	\$	795,484	\$ 146,500	\$	(125,179)	\$	816,805	\$	201,585

E. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2005 are a voted debt margin of \$202,231,878 and an unvoted debt margin of \$2,247,021 and an unvoted energy conservation debt margin of \$20,044,967.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are fully insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from 2004.

The District provides employee health care benefits through membership in the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association, a public entity risk management pool. Monthly payments are made to the Association for health, dental and prescription insurance coverage. The pool agreement provides that the Association will be self-sustaining through member premiums, and the Association will purchase stoploss insurance policies from commercial insurance carriers to cover any yearly claims in excess of 120% of the prior year's aggregate claims. Individual coverage cannot exceed \$1,000,000 for classified employees and \$2,000,000 for certificated/administrative in claims during their lifetime. Financial information can be obtained by writing to Group Healthcare, Greenwood Center, 1616 East Wooster, #20, Bowling Green Ohio 43402.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

For fiscal year 2005, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$261,027, \$288,244, and \$272,205, respectively; 60.44% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$103,266 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal years 2005 and 2004, 13% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employee contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$874,672, \$856,209, and \$799,531, respectively; 82.87% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$149,868 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal 2005 were \$12,052 made by the District and \$16,293 made by plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS have an option to choose Social Security or SERS/STRS. As of June 30, 2005, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2005, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$62,477 during fiscal 2005.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.1 billion at June 30, 2004 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$268.739 million and STRS had 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

For fiscal year 2005, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.43% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2005, the minimum pay has been established at \$27,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses, before premium deduction. Gross expenses for health care at June 30, 2004 (the latest information available) were \$223.444 million and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004, (the latest information available) SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million and SERS had approximately 62,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$95,610 during the 2005 fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral Fund
Budget basis	\$	(399,270)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		217,182
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		39,847
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(146,823)
Adjustment for encumbrances		94,227
GAAP basis	\$	(194,837)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is a party to legal proceedings. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

C. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the reserve activity was as follows:

		Capital
	Textbook	Maintenance
	Reserve	Reserve
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2004	\$ (460,866)	\$ (2,224,335)
Current year set-aside requirement	251,339	251,339
Current year offsets	(79,716)	(535,379)
Qualifying expenditures	(213,271)	(249,581)
Total	\$ (502,514)	\$ (2,757,956)
Balance carried forward to FY 2006	\$ (502,514)	\$ (2,224,335)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

The District had offsets and qualifying expenditures during the year that reduced the capital maintenance and textbook set-asides below zero; the excess textbook amounts may be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years; however, these extra amounts for the capital acquisition set-aside may not be carried forward.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted for school bus purchases. The amount of \$75,804 for school bus reserve is in the general fund on the governmental funds balance sheet at June 30, 2005.

A schedule of the governmental fund restricted assets at June 30, 2005 follows:

Amount restricted for school bus purchases

\$ 75,804



BERLIN-MILAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

SUB (RAL GRANTOR/ SRANTOR/ SRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(E) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(E) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASS	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ED THROUGH THE I DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
N	utrition Cluster:						
(A),(E	Food Donation National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program	10.550 10.555 10.555	N/A 046789-LL-P4-2004 046789-LL-P4-2005	\$ - 29,158 83,575	\$ 62,452	\$ - 29,158 83,575	\$ 62,452
T	otal U.S. Department of Agriculture and Nutrition Cluster			112,733	62,452	112,733	62,452
PASS	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
	Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I	84.010 84.010	046789-C1-S1-2004 046789-C1-S1-2005	8,145 203,760 211,905		42,945 168,849 211,794	
$\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{l}}$	pecial Education Cluster:						
(B) (B)	Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Grants to States Total Special Education - Grants to States	84.027 84.027	046789-6B-SF-2004 046789-6B-SF-2005	143,376 354,003 497,379		17,551 301,525 319,076	
(B)	Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	046789-PG-S1-2005	19,156		21,067	
	Total Special Education Cluster			516,535		340,143	
	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186 84.186	046789-DR-S1-2004 046789-DR-S1-2005	382 8,043 8,425		2,129 7,271 9,400	
	State Grants for Innovative Programs State Grants for Innovative Programs Total State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298 84.298	046789-C2-S1-2004 046789-C2-S1-2005	7,200 7,200		6,442 6,456	
	Education Technology State Grants Education Technology State Grants Total Education Technology State Grants	84.318 84.318	046789-TJ-S1-2004 046789-TJ-S1-2005	1,236 5,436 6,672		1,458 2,037 3,495	
	Grants for Repair and Renovation	84.352A	Project-046789-2	16,624		16,624	
	Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants	84.367	046789-TR-S1-2005	46,579		40,188	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			813,940		628,100	
PASS	DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY ED THROUGH THE DEMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY:						
	Public Assistance Grants	97.036	FEMA-3198.EM-043-03191	1,089		1,089	
	Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			1,089		1,089	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 927,762	\$ 62,452	\$ 741,922	\$ 62,452

 ⁽A) Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.
 (B) Included as part of "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.
 (C) The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.
 (D) Commingled with state and local revoue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.
 (E) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District 140 South Main Street Milan, Ohio 44846-9770

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berlin-Milan Local School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the Berlin-Milan Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2005. As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the District implemented GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, "Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Berlin-Milan Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of Berlin-Milan Local School District in a separate letter dated November 23, 2005.

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Berlin-Milan Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2005-BMLSD-001. We also noted a certain matter that we reported to management of Berlin-Milan Local School District in a separate letter dated November 23, 2005.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the Board of the Berlin-Milan Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube the

November 23, 2005



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333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its
Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance In
Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District 140 South Main Street Milan, Ohio 44846-9770

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Berlin-Milan Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the District implemented GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, "Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The Berlin-Milan Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Berlin-Milan Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Berlin-Milan Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Berlin-Milan Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Berlin-Milan Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District

In our opinion, the Berlin-Milan Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Berlin-Milan Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Berlin-Milan Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to its major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the Board of the Berlin-Milan Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 23, 2005

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2005

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS					
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified			
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No			
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program:	Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies; CFDA #84.010			
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others			
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes			

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2005

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS				
Finding Number 2005-BMLSD-001				

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.412 requires that the Treasurer, Superintendent and President of the Board of Education certify that adequate revenues will be available to maintain all personnel and programs for the current fiscal year and for a number of days in the succeeding fiscal years equal to a number of days instruction was held or is scheduled for the current fiscal year.

It was noted during the audit that the previous District Treasurer, Mr. Don Breon, did not execute a 412 certificate for a negotiated agreement extension and wage increase for the OAPSE Local 350 (Classified) and Secretaries Association employees for fiscal 2005.

Without an executed 412 certificate for these contract extensions and wage increases, the required responsible personnel are not ensuring that funds will exist to cover those payments.

We recommend that the District provide to its auditors properly executed certificates and appropriate supporting documentation for each of the contracts addressed above.

Client Response: The current District Treasurer, Superintendent and President provided its auditors with properly signed 412 certificates and supporting documentation prior to the release of this report.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDING OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2005

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	Fully <u>Corrected</u> ?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2004-BMLSD-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 states that the total appropriation from each fund should not exceed the total estimated revenue as certified by the county budget commission.	Yes	N/A
2004-BMLSD-002	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41 (B) outlines the requirements that no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.	Yes	N/A



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

BERLIN – MILAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ERIE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 9, 2006