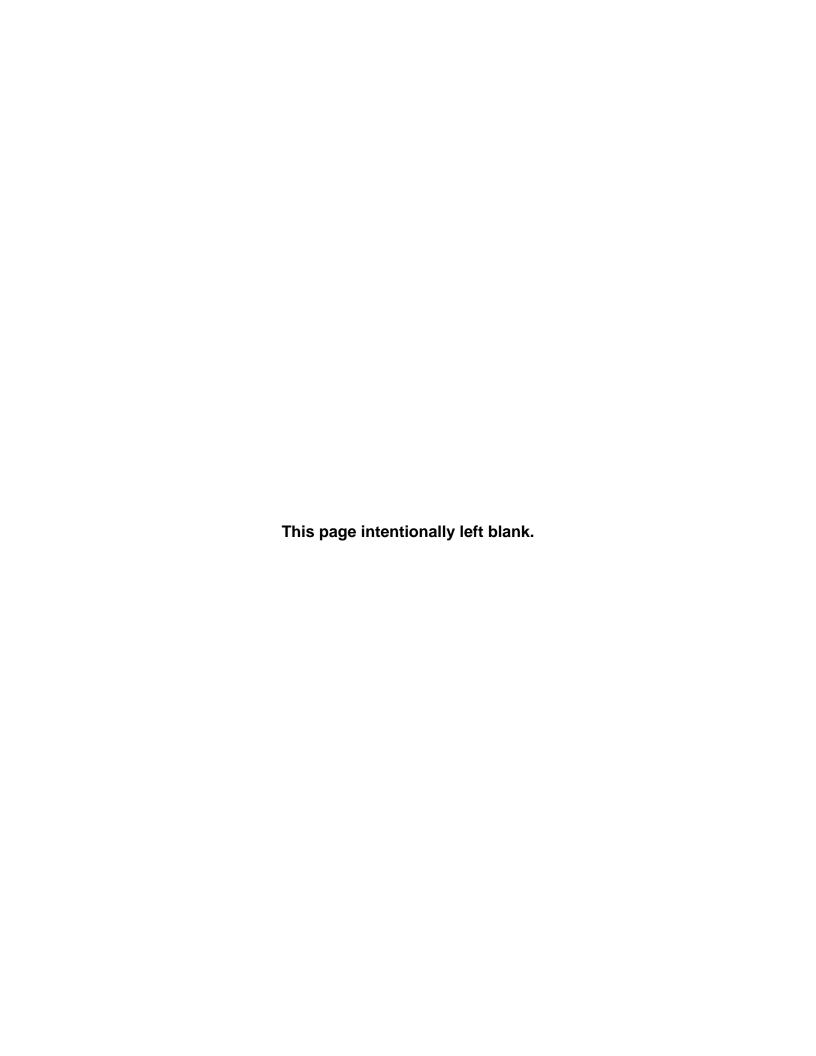




# FRANKLIN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT WARREN COUNTY

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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Franklin City School District Warren County 150 East Sixth Street Franklin, Ohio 45005

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Franklin City School District, Warren County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Franklin City School District, Warren County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 20, the School District was placed in fiscal caution effective February 15, 2005. On December 27, 2005, the School District was released from fiscal caution.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 17, 2006, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Corporate Centre of Blue Ash / 11117 Kenwood Rd. / Blue Ash, OH 45242 Telephone: (513) 361-8550 (800) 368-7419 Fax: (513) 361-8577

Franklin City School District Warren County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Betty Montgomery

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule of federal awards expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

July 17, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The discussion and analysis of Franklin City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased \$2,261,396 which represents a 52 percent increase from 2004.
- General revenues accounted for \$21,763,306 in revenue or 85 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions and interest and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$3,828,337 or 15 percent of total revenues of \$25,591,643.
- Total assets of governmental activities increased by \$2,465,784, primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents and property taxes receivable. Capital assets decreased \$266,266 as depreciation expense was higher than current year acquisitions.
- The School District had \$23,330,247 in expenses; only \$3,828,337 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes and entitlements) of \$21,763,306 provided for these programs.
- The General Fund had \$21,438,643 in revenues and \$19,521,436 in expenditures. The General Fund's balance increased \$1,944,323 from 2004.

#### Using this Generally Accepted Accounting Principles Report (GAAP)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Franklin City School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Franklin City School District, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **Reporting the School District as a Whole**

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2005?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the School District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities. The School District does not have any business-type activities.

#### **Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major fund begins on page 9. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major fund. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant fund. The School District's major governmental fund is the General Fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

(or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

#### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004:

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	
	2004	2005
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$12,481,429	\$15,213,479
Capital Assets	11,087,827	10,821,561
Total Assets	23,569,256	26,035,040
Liabilities		
Long-Term Liabilities	6,070,852	5,751,760
Other Liabilities	13,164,974	13,688,454
Total Liabilities	19,235,826	19,440,214
Net Assets		
- 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2		
Invested in Capital		
Assets, Net of Debt	9,307,839	9,301,573
Restricted	981,159	1,362,270
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(5,955,568)	(4,069,017)
Total Net Assets	\$4,333,430	\$6,594,826

An increase in cash and cash equivalents and property taxes receivable contributed to total assets increasing for fiscal year 2005. Capital assets decreased as a result of the yearly depreciation for the assets. Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day activities without constraints established by grants or legal requirements, of the School District increased by \$1,886,551. Restricted net assets increased due to the School District restrictions for capital improvement set asides and bus purchase reserves.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2004 and 2005.

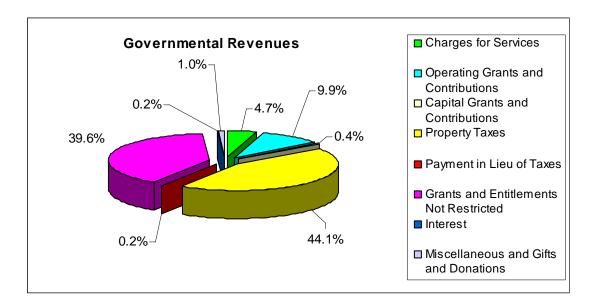
Table 2 Change in Net Assets

	Government	Percentage	
	2004	2005	Change
Revenues			_
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$1,145,676	\$1,194,214	4.24%
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,654,460	2,538,436	53.43
Capital Grants and Contributions	15,530	95,687	516.14
Total Program Revenues	2,815,666	3,828,337	35.97
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	9,378,634	11,284,001	20.32
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted	10,270,534	10,125,115	(1.42)
Other	213,179	354,190	66.15
Total General Revenues	19,862,347	21,763,306	9.57
Total Revenues	22,678,013	25,591,643	12.85
Program Expenses			
Instruction	14,246,580	13,422,754	(5.78)
Support Services:			
Pupils and Instructional Staff	2,151,299	2,252,221	4.69
Board of Education, Administration,			
Fiscal and Business	2,563,007	2,878,230	12.30
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,110,267	1,921,963	(8.92)
Pupil Transportation	815,163	685,803	(15.87)
Central	230,737	257,182	11.46
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,040,612	1,204,921	15.79
Extracurricular Activities	572,001	546,930	(4.38)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	205,804	160,243	(22.14)
Total Expenses	23,935,470	23,330,247	(2.53)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(1,257,457)	2,261,396	279.84
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	5,590,887	4,333,430	22.49
Net Assets, End of Year	\$4,333,430	\$6,594,826	(52.18)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **Governmental Activities**

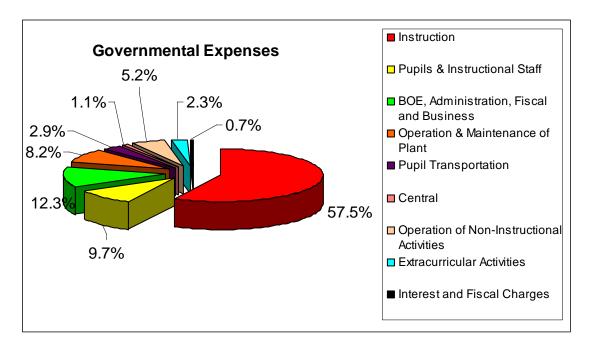
The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for the School District operations. Property taxes made up 44.1 percent of revenues for governmental activities for the Franklin City School District for fiscal year 2005. Operating grants and contributions increased 53.43 percent during fiscal year 2005 as a result of monies being passed through for Bishop Fenwick High School, a parochial school. Fiscal year 2005 was the first year that this occurred. Capital grants and contributions increase of 516.14 percent is attributed to receiving \$25,935 in Schoolnet revenue during fiscal year 2005 and receiving additional revenue for the purchase of a handicapped bus. Other general revenues increase was primarily the result of a refund of \$204,173 from the County Auditor for fees charged for the collection of taxes.



As a result of numerous cuts made during fiscal year 2005, total expenses decreased 2.53 percent. This along with an increase of revenues of 12.85 percent, enabled the School District to increase fund balance by 52 percent. Spending cuts made during fiscal year 2005 included the elimination of spending on library, media and technology, a reduction of staff development funds except those funded by grants, suspending the transportation of 9-12 grade student busing while modifying 7-8 student pick up points, instituting pay to play athletics, and the elimination of various positions including an administrative secretary, communications director, and instructional positions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Instruction comprises 57.5 percent of district expenses. Support services expenses make up 34.3 percent of the expenses.



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Total and Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of
	Services 2004	Services 2004	Services 2005	Services 2005
Instruction	\$14,246,580	(\$12,886,682)	\$13,422,754	(\$12,085,629)
Support Services:				
Pupils and Instructional Staff	2,151,299	(1,919,138)	2,252,221	(1,875,218)
Board of Education, Administration,				
Fiscal and Business	2,563,007	(2,556,568)	2,878,230	(2,728,183)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,110,267	(2,062,325)	1,921,963	(1,873,981)
Pupil Transportation	815,163	(799,633)	685,803	(616,051)
Central	230,737	(206,737)	257,182	(232,315)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,040,612	(117,795)	1,204,921	83,310
Extracurricular Activities	572,001	(365,122)	546,930	(13,600)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	205,804	(205,804)	160,243	(160,243)
Total Expenses	\$23,935,470	(\$21,119,804)	\$23,330,247	(\$19,501,910)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil.

Pupils and instructional staff include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to pupils.

Board of education, administration, fiscal and business includes expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the district.

Operation and maintenance of plant activities involve keeping the school grounds, buildings, and equipment in an effective working condition.

Central includes expenses related to planning, research, development and evaluation of support services, as well as the reporting of this information internally and to the public.

Pupil transportation includes activities involved with the conveyance of students to and from school, as well as to and from school activities, as provided by state law.

Operation of non-instructional services includes the preparation, delivery, and servicing of lunches, snacks and other incidental meals to students and school staff in connection with school activities.

Extracurricular activities includes expenses related to student activities provided by the School District which are designed to provide opportunities for pupils to participate in school events, public events, or a combination of these for the purposes of motivation, enjoyment and skill improvement.

Interest and fiscal charges involves the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the School District.

The dependence upon tax revenues is apparent. Over 90 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues; for all activities general revenue support is 84 percent. The community, as a whole, is the primary support for the Franklin City School District.

#### The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major fund starts on page 15. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$25,409,903 and expenditures of \$23,404,257. The net change in fund balance for the year was significant in the General Fund which had an increase of \$1,944,323. This is first year after three consecutive years of decreasing over \$600,000 that the General Fund has experience an increase in fund balance. During fiscal year 2005, the School District implemented a number of spending cuts which enabled revenues to exceed expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2005, the School District amended its General Fund budget numerous times, which resulted in appropriations increasing a mere \$48,475. The School District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. Prior to fiscal year-end, the School District passed appropriations to match expenditures plus encumbrances.

For the General Fund, the final budget basis revenue estimate was \$21,011,230. The original budgeted estimate was \$20,100,330. Increases were due to unanticipated increases in property tax revenue and intergovernmental revenue. The estimate for interest revenue also increased due to higher balances available for investment.

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2005, the School District had \$10,821,561 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles.

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2005 balances compared to 2004.

	Governmental Activities	
	2004	2005
Land	\$409,574	\$409,574
Land Improvements	1,052,181	1,052,181
Buildings and Improvements	11,266,236	11,266,236
Furniture/Fixtures/Equipment	2,968,058	3,028,425
Vehicles	1,225,999	1,252,999
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(5,834,221)	(6,187,854)
	\$11,087,827	\$10,821,561

Overall capital assets decreased \$266,266 from fiscal year 2004 to fiscal year 2005. Increases in capital assets consisted of the installation of an intercom system in a number of school buildings, the installation of a flexi roll mat and the purchase of a handicapped bus. However, these increases were offset by depreciation expense for the fiscal year. For more information on capital assets, see Note 8 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2005, the School District only had outstanding debt in the amount \$4,314,988. This debt includes the library bond debt in the amount \$2,795,000 that was approved by voters in November 2001. At June 30, 2005, the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$36,708,033 and the unvoted debt margin was \$415,617.

For more information on the School District's debt, see Note 13 of the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **Current Financial Issues and Concerns**

The Franklin Board of Education, Administration and staff are committed to improving the financial condition of our School District.

The School District voters currently pay residential real estate taxes at the 20 mill floor. In 1996, voters approved a 5.9 operating levy. That levy has devalued to collect the minimum rate of 20 mills. This is attributed to roll back factors under House Bill 920, which literally eliminates inflation from real property valuations.

Twice during fiscal year 2003, the School District voters failed to pass a bond issue that was placed on the ballot. The bond issue was listed on the ballot for 2.84 mills to add classrooms to each of the School District's six elementary buildings, the junior high and the high school.

During fiscal year 2004, the School District experienced the same results when trying to get a levy approved by the voters. On August 3, 2003, the voters failed to pass a 2.84 mill for construction, additions, repairs and renovations. On March 2, 2004, the voters failed to pass a 1.73 mill for construction, additions, repairs and renovations and an additional 5.7 mills continuing current operating levy.

The Board then placed a continuing 9.79 mills levy on the August 3, 2004, ballot. After a narrow defeat of less than 25 votes, the Board placed the same continuing 9.79 mills on the November 2, 2004 ballot. This levy also failed.

During the same time period that the School District has tried to pass operating levies, the School District has also asked voters to approve bond issues. One bond issue was for the construction, addition, and renovations to the stadium. The second bond issue was to renovate, rehabilitate, and add to the schools. The voters have repeatedly voted against these bond issues.

As a result of the failure of the various levies, the School District reevaluated its current resources to minimize the effect on the student's education. The School District made a number of cuts including the elimination of spending on library, media and technology, a reduction of staff development funds except those funded by grants, suspending the transportation of 9-12 grade student busing while modifying 7-8 grade students pick up points, instituting pay to play athletics, and the elimination of various positions including an administrative secretary, communications director, and instructional positions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

On August 2, 2005, the voters of the School District passed a 9.79 mill, 5 year emergency operating levy. The levy is anticipated to generate approximately \$4,068,895. As a result of the passage of this levy, along with expenditure cuts, the School District was removed from fiscal caution on December 27, 2005.

Externally, the State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997, to be operating an unconstitutional system of school funding, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth. The legislators and government officials continue to negotiate the plan for improvement of the financing of public schools in the State of Ohio.

In comparison to other school districts in the state, the School District would not be considered a school district suffering with low wealth. This wealth factor used by the state is the result of dividing the total value of buildings, land, inventory, and equipment used for production by the student enrollment. Therefore, the School District has not anticipated any meaningful growth in State revenue. The concern is that, to meet the requirements of the court, the State may require redistribution of commercial and industrial property tax. With 18 percent of the School District's wealth coming from business and industry, this could have a significant negative impact on the School District's residential taxpayers.

These scenarios require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

In conclusion, the Franklin City School District continues to be committed to improving our financial condition. Prior to the passage of the August 2005 levy, the School District voters last approved an operating levy in 1995. A conservative approach to spending allowed many years to pass without requesting additional money from taxpayers.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Jana Bellamy, Treasurer at Franklin City School District, 150 E. Sixth Street, Franklin, OH 45005 or email Jbellamy@franklin-city.k12.oh.us.

# Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,710,153
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,782
Accounts Receivable	49,872
Intergovernmental Receivable	399,170
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	14,516
Prepaid Items	397,274
Property Taxes Receivable	11,640,712
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	10,411,987
Land	409,574
Total Assets	26,035,040
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	109,302
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	2,053,675
Intergovernmental Payable	794,382
Deferred Revenue	10,716,826
Accrued Interest Payable	14,269
Long Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	474,609
Due In More Than One Year	5,277,151
Total Liabilities	19,440,214
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	9,301,573
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	870,523
Capital Projects	83,812
Other Purposes	122,839
Set-asides	271,302
Bus purchases	13,794
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(4,069,017)
Total Net Assets	\$6,594,826

Statement of Activities

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

		PROGRAM REVENUES		
			OPERATING GRANTS	
		CHARGES FOR	CONTRIBUTIONS	
	EXPENSES	SERVICES AND SALES	AND INTEREST	
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$10,419,564	\$372,434	\$270,797	
Special	2,555,451	0	667,959	
Vocational	447,739	0	0	
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,074,283	0	178,077	
Instructional Staff	1,177,938	0	198,926	
Board of Education	24,625	0	0	
Administration	2,082,567	0	150,047	
Fiscal	607,072	0	0	
Business	163,966	0	0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,921,963	46,107	1,875	
Pupil Transportation	685,803	0	0	
Central	257,182	0	24,867	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,204,921	570,047	718,184	
Extracurricular Activities	546,930	205,626	327,704	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	160,243	0	0	
Total Governmental Activities	\$23,330,247	\$1,194,214	\$2,538,436	

General Revenues:

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Debt Service

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to

Specific Programs

Payment in Lieu of Taxes

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE
PROGRAM REVENUES	AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
	TOTAL
CAPITAL GRANTS	GOVERNMENTAL
AND CONTRIBUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
\$25,935	(\$9,750,398)
0	(1,887,492)
0	(447,739)
0	(896,206)
0	(979,012)
0	(24,625)
0	(1,932,520)
0	(607,072)
0	(163,966)
0	(1,873,981)
69,752	(616,051)
0	(232,315)
0	83,310
0	(13,600)
0	(160,243)
\$95,687	(19,501,910)
	10,700,324
	583,677
	363,077
	10,125,115
	63,473
	45,147
	245,570
	21,763,306
	2,261,396
	4,333,430
	\$6,594,826

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

	GENERAL	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$1,083,791	\$1,341,266	\$2,425,057
Property and Other Taxes	11,094,553	546,159	11,640,712
Accounts	43,989	5,883	49,872
Accrued Interest	1,782	0	1,782
Intergovernmental	279,022	120,148	399,170
Interfund	26,612	0	26,612
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	0	14,516	14,516
Prepaid Items	397,274	0	397,274
Restricted Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	285,096	0	285,096
Total Assets	\$13,212,119	\$2,027,972	\$15,240,091
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$65,121 1,872,627	\$44,181	\$109,302
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Intergovernmental Payable	1,872,637 700,348	181,038 94,034	2,053,675 794,382
Interfund Payable	700,348	26,612	26,612
Deferred Revenue	10,720,200	520,386	11,240,586
Total Liabilities	13,358,306	866,251	14,224,557
Fund Balances			
Reserved for Encumbrances	142,149	95,137	237,286
Reserved for Property Taxes	420,124	31,509	451,633
Reserved for Capital Improvements	271,302	0	271,302
Reserved for Bus Purchases	13,794	0	13,794
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:			
General Fund (Deficit)	(993,556)	0	(993,556)
Special Revenue Funds	0	128,811	128,811
Debt Service Funds	0	822,452	822,452
Capital Projects Funds	0	83,812	83,812
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	(146,187)	1,161,721	1,015,534
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$13,212,119	\$2,027,972	\$15,240,091

Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2005

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$1,015,534
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:	
Land 409,574	
Land Improvements 1,052,181	
Building and Improvements 11,266,236	
Furniture and Equipment 3,028,425	
Vehicles 1,252,999	
Accumulated Depreciation (6,187,854)	10,821,561
Total Capital Assets	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Property Taxes 472,253	
Tuition and Fees and Rentals 43,989	
Interest 1,782	
Intergovernmental Grants 5,736	523,760
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:	
General Obligation Bonds (4,314,988)	
Accrued Interest on Loans (14,269)	
Compensated Absences (1,436,772)	(5,766,029)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$6,594,826

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

		OTHER GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL
	GENERAL	FUNDS	FUNDS
_			
Revenues:	Φ10.524.011	Ф571 071	¢11 107 002
Property and Other Taxes	\$10,534,011	\$571,071	\$11,105,082
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	63,473	0	63,473
Tuition and Fees	289,700	0	289,700
Interest	44,164	5,157	49,321
Intergovernmental	10,146,037	2,293,776	12,439,813
Extracurricular Activities	0	176,275	176,275
Charges for Services	12,290	581,348	593,638
Gifts and Donations	0	325,583	325,583
Rent	45,807	0	45,807
Miscellaneous	303,161	18,050	321,211
Total Revenues	21,438,643	3,971,260	25,409,903
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	9,980,650	301,497	10,282,147
Special	1,798,831	724,368	2,523,199
Vocational	454,821	724,308	454,821
Support Services:	434,621	U	434,621
• •	974 241	100 506	1.062.027
Pupils	874,341	188,596	1,062,937
Instructional Staff	958,861	216,381	1,175,242
Board of Education	24,418	0	24,418
Administration	1,889,231	163,632	2,052,863
Fiscal	596,687	9,319	606,006
Business	163,451	0	163,451
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,844,143	17,950	1,862,093
Pupil Transportation	707,337	0	707,337
Central	218,697	34,885	253,582
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	1,189,094	1,189,094
Extracurricular Activities	9,968	544,383	554,351
Debt Service:	_		
Principal Retirement	0	315,000	315,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	177,716	177,716
Total Expenditures	19,521,436	3,882,821	23,404,257
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,917,207	88,439	2,005,646
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	27,106	70,684	97,790
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	10	3,701	3,711
Transfers Out	0	(97,790)	(97,790)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	27,116	(23,405)	3,711
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,944,323	65,034	2,009,357
Fund Balances (Deficit) at			
Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3)	(2,090,510)	1,096,687	(993,823)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$146,187)	\$1,161,721	\$1,015,534

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$2,009,357
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital Outlay	125,780	
Depreciation Expense	(384,281)	
Excess of Capital Outlay over Depreciation Expense		(258,501)
The proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds. However, the cost of the capital assets is removed from the capital assets account on the statement of net assets and is offset against the proceeds from the sale of capital assets resulting in a loss on disposal of capital assets on the statement of activities.		
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		(7,765)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term. liabilities in the statement of net assets. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of:  General Obligation Bonds Principal Payments		315,000
Some revenues that will not be collected for several months after the School District's fiscal year-end are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds.		
Property Taxes	178,919	
Tuition and Fees and Rentals	13,153	
Interest	(2,053)	
Intergovernmental Grants	(8,279)	101 = 10
		181,740
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Net Decrease in Accrued Interest	17,473	
Decrease in Compensated Absences	4,092	
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	 - =	21,565 \$2,261,396

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non - GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$9,858,000	\$10,349,641	\$10,349,641	\$0
Tuition and Fees	317,749	289,700	289,700	0
Interest	9,651	44,164	44,164	0
Intergovernmental	9,836,302	10,209,574	10,209,574	0
Charges for Services	4,527	12,290	12,290	0
Rent	25,000	45,807	45,807	0
Miscellaneous	49,101	60,054	60,054	0
Total Revenues	20,100,330	21,011,230	21,011,230	0
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	10,438,016	10,090,145	10,090,145	0
Special	1,799,497	2,170,521	2,170,521	0
Vocational	487,350	476,263	476,263	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	852,322	869,787	869,787	0
Instructional Staff	905,842	941,524	941,524	0
Board of Education	29,251	34,260	34,260	0
Administration	1,858,862	1,920,152	1,920,152	0
Fiscal	599,520	565,766	565,766	0
Business	160,693	161,382	161,382	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,820,801	1,814,732	1,814,732	0
Pupil Transportation	801,496	721,930	721,930	0
Central	226,327	213,610	213,610	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,000	0	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	17,956	19,314	19,314	0
Total Expenditures	19,998,933	19,999,386	19,999,386	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	101,397	1,011,844	1,011,844	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	0	27,106	27,106	0
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	10	10	0
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	30,000	77,485	77,485	0
Advances In	75,173	136,316	136,316	0
Advances Out	(75,173)	(123,195)	(123,195)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	30,000	117,722	117,722	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	131,397	1,129,566	1,129,566	0
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	8,935	8,935	8,935	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	29,480	29,480	29,480	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$169,812	\$1,167,981	\$1,167,981	\$0

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2005

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST	
	SCHOLARSHIP	AGENCY
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and		
Cash Equivalents	\$23,529	\$52,654
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Students Total Liabilities	119 0 119	\$0 52,654 \$52,654
Net Assets: Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$23,410	

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST	
	SCHOLARSHIP	
Additions:		
Gifts and Contributions	\$24,250	
Miscellaneous	407	
Total Additions	24,657	
Deductions: Scholarships Awarded	25,279	
Change in Net Assets	(622)	
Net Assets Beginning of Year	24,032	
Net Assets End of Year	\$23,410	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Franklin City School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally elected five-member board and provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by state federal agencies. The Board controls the School District's eight instructional facilities, staffed by 71 non-certified personnel and 183 full-time teaching personnel and administrative employees providing education to approximately 2,992 students.

The School District is located in Franklin, Ohio and serves an area of approximately 36 square miles. The School District operates six elementary schools (K-6), one junior high school (7-8), and one high school (9-12).

#### **Reporting Entity:**

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Franklin City School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District. The following activities are also included within the reporting entity:

Parochial Schools – Within the School District boundaries, Bishop Fenwick High School is operated as a private Catholic school. Current State legislation provides funding to parochial and private schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial and private charter schools. This program is reflected as a governmental activity for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District would be financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations and one insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA), the Warren County Career Center, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC), the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA), and the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), respectively. These organizations are presented in Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below. These policies conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governmental units prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the School District's accounting principles are described below.

# A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide financial statements usually distinguish between those activities that are governmental and those that are business-type. The School District, however, has no activities which are reported as business-type.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### **B.** Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The School District divides its funds into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

#### Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the School District's major governmental fund:

*General Fund* - The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only fiduciary funds are a private purpose trust fund and an agency fund. The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for college scholarship programs for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The student managed activities agency fund accounts for those student activity programs, which have student participation in the activity and have students involved in the management of the program. This fund typically includes those student activities, which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer, and faculty advisor.

#### C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement on net assets. The statement of activities accounts for increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

# **D.** Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, billings for charges for services, student fees, payments in lieu of taxes and grants.

#### Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

## E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements. During fiscal year 2005, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), and repurchase agreements. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2005.

The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2005 amounted to \$44,164, which includes \$20,444 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they were purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

# F. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables" and "Interfund Payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **G.** Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of purchased food held for resale.

#### H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2005, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

#### I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted on the governmental funds balance sheet when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund include amounts required by State statute to be set aside for capital improvements and unexpended revenues restricted for the purchase of school buses.

# J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except for land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	40 years
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	99 years
Furniture/Fixtures/Equipment	5-40 years
Vehicles	10-20 years

#### **K.** Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified employees after ten years of current service with the School District and for certified employees and administrators after ten years of service.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

#### L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. General obligation bonds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include activities for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### N. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund balance, which are legally segregated for specific future use or do not represent available expendable resources available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, property taxes, capital improvements and bus purchases.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute.

#### O. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and are eliminated on the statement of activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## **Q.** Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate that was issued during fiscal year 2005. Prior to fiscal year-end, the School District requested and received an amended certificate of estimated resources that reflected actual revenue for the fiscal year in the General Fund and which was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year. Prior to fiscal year-end, the School District passed an amended appropriation resolution which matched appropriations to expenditures plus encumbrances.

#### **NOTE 3 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES**

During fiscal year 2005, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures." This statement addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. The implementation of this statement had no effect on net assets/fund balances. The disclosures required by this statement can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE 3 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

During fiscal year 2005, the School District also implemented GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, "Accounting for Employers' Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension and OPEB Plans." This Bulletin required contractually required pension liabilities be shown in the fund financial statements. In prior years, the School District recorded a portion of the liability on the government-wide statements. The implementation of this bulletin reduced fund balance in the General Fund \$167,693 from (\$1,922,817) to (\$2,090,510) and reduced fund balance in the other governmental funds \$47,584 from \$1,144,271 to \$1,096,687.

#### **NOTE 4 - BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

	General
GAAP Basis	\$1,944,323
Revenue Accruals	(349,927)
Expenditure Accruals	114,997
Advances	13,121
Prepaid Items	(392,042)
Encumbrances	(200,906)
Budget Basis	\$1,129,566

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited.

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the School District's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third parties of the financial institution.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was (\$61,168) and the bank balance was \$656,121. \$389,743 of the School District's deposits was insured by federal depository insurance. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2005, \$266,378 of the School District's bank balance of \$656,121 was exposed to custodial risk and was uninsured and collateralized with deposits held by the pledging institution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

#### Investments

At June 30, 2005, the School District had the following investments.

	Average	
Investments	Maturity	Fair Value
Repurchase Agreement	< than 1 year	\$1,083,443
Star Ohio	22 days	1,764,061
		\$2,847,504

*Interest Rate Risk* - The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

Credit Risk – State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices. The School District's investment in STAR Ohio is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk - The School District's investment in a repurchase agreement is exposed to credit risk due to the underlying securities are held by the investment's counterparty or its trust department or agent, not in the School District's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District places no limits on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the School District's investments are in the following:

Investments	Percent
Repurchase Agreement	38%
STAR Ohio	62%

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES** (continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 became a lien December 31, 2003, were levied after April 1, 2004, and are collected in 2005 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2005 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Warren County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes, which are measurable as of June 30, 2005, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue. On a accrual basis, collectable property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is deferred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES** (continued)

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005, was \$420,124 in the general fund and \$31,509 in the bond retirement debt service fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2004, was \$235,754 in the general fund and \$17,682 in the bond retirement debt service fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

	2004 Second- Half Collections  Amount Percent		2005 Fin Half Collect		
			Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$304,822,260	76.60%	\$315,880,080	76.00%	
Public Utility Personal	17,769,560	4.46%	21,092,290	5.08%	
Tangible Personal Property	75,351,510	18.94%	78,645,060	18.92%	
Total	\$397,943,330	100.00%	\$415,617,430	100.00%	
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation	\$54.58		\$54.58		

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2005, consisted of property taxes, accounts (rent, billings for user charged services, and student fees), interfund, interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full and will be received within one year. A summary of intergovernmental receivables follow:

Intergovernmental Receivable	Amounts
Governmental Activities:	
State Foundation Adjustment	\$9,140
Special Education, Part B IDEA	37,532
Improving Teacher Quality, Title II-A	34,268
Title I	32,037
Innovative Programs, Title V	12,887
Safe and Drug Free Schools, Title IV-A	1,485
Early Childhood Special Education, IDEA	1,606
Warren County Auditor	204,173
CAFS	5,344
City of Springboro - Income Tax Abatement	60,365
Miscellaneous	333
Total Governmental Activities	\$399,170

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2004	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2005
<b>Governmental Assets</b>				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$409,574	\$0	\$0	\$409,574
Capital Assets, being depreciated				
Land Improvements	1,052,181			1,052,181
Building and Improvements	11,266,236			11,266,236
Furniture/Equipment/Fixtures	2,968,058	68,780	(8,413)	3,028,425
Vehicles	1,225,999	57,000	(30,000)	1,252,999
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	16,512,474	125,780	(38,413)	16,599,841
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(304,270)	(26,304)	0	(330,574)
Building and Improvements	(3,687,216)	(114,082)	0	(3,801,298)
Furniture/Equipment/Fixtures	(1,228,375)	(181,471)	648	(1,409,198)
Vehicles	(614,360)	(62,424)	30,000	(646,784)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,834,221)	(384,281)	30,648	(6,187,854)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	10,678,253	(258,501)	(7,765)	10,411,987
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$11,087,827	(\$258,501)	(\$7,765)	\$10,821,561

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS** (continued)

\* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$187,415
Special	5,476
Vocational	2,540
Support Services:	
Pupils	4,789
Instructional Staff	9,146
Board of Education	207
Administration	4,818
Fiscal	621
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	108,862
Transportation	38,676
Central	3,600
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	12,551
Extracurricular Activities	5,580
Total	\$384,281

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2005, the School District contracted with Indiana Insurance through Shera Insurance Agency for its insurance. Building/contents and boiler and machinery insurance has a \$54,519,005 limit. There is a \$5,000 deductible with this coverage.

General liability has a \$1 million single and \$2 million aggregate limit. Sexual misconduct has a \$1 million single and \$1 million aggregate limit. Errors and omission liability limit is \$1 million single and \$1 million aggregate. The deductible is \$2,500. The District's vehicles are covered by Indiana Insurance with a liability limit of \$1 million and uninsured motorist or underinsured limit of \$1 million. The deductible varies depending on each vehicle.

The District carries performance bonds in the amount of \$20,000 for both the superintendent and board president. These bonds are held by the Traveler's Casualty and Surety Company of America. Ohio Casualty Insurance Company maintains a \$20,000 public official bond for the Treasurer. Indiana National Insurance Group holds a \$25,000 blanket bond for all other employees with a \$1,000 deductible.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

#### **Workers' Compensation**

For fiscal year 2005, the School District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 15). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as on experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Intergrated Comp, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$295,332, \$297,720 and \$269,095 respectively; 43 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2004 and 2003.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### **B.** State Teachers Retirement System

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090 or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB plan.

Contributions to the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits - Benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into member's accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio's public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offered by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. Effective April 11, 2005, a reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$1,374,265, \$1,500,802, and \$1,517,159 respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2004 and 2003.

#### **NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to the Revised Code (R.C.), the State Teachers Retirement Board (the Board) has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

The R.C. grants authority to STRS Ohio to provide health care coverage to eligible benefit recipients, spouses and dependents. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed and the cost of the coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, and June 20, 2004, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$105,713 for fiscal year 2005.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** (continued)

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005, the balance in the Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2005, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$254,780,000 and STRS Ohio had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.43 percent of covered payroll, a decrease from 4.91 percent in fiscal year 2004. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2005, the minimum pay was established at \$27,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2005 fiscal year equaled \$136,137.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. Net health care costs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 were \$178,221,113. At June 30, 2005, the value of the health care fund was \$267.5 million, which is about 168% of next year's projected health care costs of \$158,776,151. On the basis of actuarial projections, the allocated contributions will be insufficient, in the long term, to provide for a health care reserve equal to at least 150% of estimated annual net claim costs. SERS has 58,123 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators do not earn vacation time, with the exception of the Superintendent, Asst. Superintendent, Curriculum Coordinator and Treasurer.

Teachers, Administrators, and employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 221 days. Upon retirement, employees are paid 25% of their unused sick leave up to a maximum of 56 days.

#### **B.** Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through The Great American Reserve Insurance Company.

The District provides comprehensive medical/surgical (including major medical) coverage through private carriers to most employees. Employees have the option of enrolling in a traditional medical plan with Anthem Community Mutual Insurance Company, a health maintenance plan with the United Health Care Corporation or in Anthem Community Choice, an in network/out of network provider plan. The District and employees share in the monthly premiums.

#### **C. Deferred Compensation**

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2005 were as follows:

	Amount			Amount	Amount
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	6/30/2004	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2005	One Year
Governmental Activities					
School Improvement Refunding					
1997 3.75 to 5.2%	\$1,779,988	\$0	(\$260,000)	\$1,519,988	\$270,000
Library Bond					
2001 3.45 to 5.9%	2,850,000	0	(55,000)	2,795,000	55,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	4,629,988	0	(315,000)	4,314,988	325,000
Compensated Absences	1,440,864	147,117	(151,209)	1,436,772	149,609
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$6,070,852	\$147,117	(\$466,209)	\$5,751,760	\$474,609

In 1997, the School District issued general obligations bonds in the amount of \$3,174,989 for the purpose of refunding school improvement bonds. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the School District. The bonds will mature in June, 2015.

On November 11, 2000, voters approved a Franklin Public Library bond issue for .72 mills. The bond issue raised \$3,000,000 at an average 5.3185% interest for the purpose of constructing a new public library building. The bonds are current interest bonds and are dated April 1, 2001. Interest on the bonds is payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing December 1, 2001. The bonds mature on December 1 of each year with the final maturity in 2030.

The school improvement refunding bonds and library bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund, Lunchroom Fund, IDEA-B Fund, DPIA Fund, Reading Intervention Fund, and the Title I Fund.

The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$36,708,033 with an unvoted debt margin of \$415,617 at June 30, 2005.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS** (continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$325,000	\$164,306	\$489,306
2007	335,000	150,211	485,211
2008	208,821	277,941	486,762
2009	203,216	280,920	484,136
2010	196,160	285,165	481,325
2011-2015	926,790	1,482,538	2,409,329
2016-2020	475,000	508,874	983,874
2021-2025	635,000	350,193	985,193
2025-2030	820,000	159,900	979,900
2031	190,000	4,940	194,940
Total	\$4,314,988	\$3,664,988	\$7,979,975

#### NOTE 14 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA)

The District is a participant in the Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA), which is an information technology center which provides on-line computerized services to the member school districts. SWOCA provides services to the member school districts within the boundaries of Butler, Hamilton, Preble, and Warren Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The governing board of SWOCA consists of one representative from each of the participating members plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The School District paid SWOCA \$86,714 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from K. Michael Crumley, Executive Director of SWOCA at 3607 Hamilton-Middletown Road, Hamilton, Ohio 45011.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE 14 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

#### Warren County Career Center

The Warren County Career Center, a jointly governed organization, is a district political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a seven-member Board which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Board is appointed by Franklin, Kings, Lebanon, Little Miami, Springboro and Waynesville School Districts, one from each of the six districts and a seventh member from one of those districts in a rotation schedule. Accordingly, the Warren County Career Center is not part of the District and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity. During fiscal year 2005, the School District paid \$980 to the Warren County Career Center. Financial information can be obtained from Karen R. Royer, Treasurer, at 3525 N. St. Rt. 48, Lebanon, OH 45036.

#### Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC), a purchasing council made up of 123 school districts in 18 counties. The purpose of the council is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. Payments to SOEPC are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2005, the School District paid \$1,526 to SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Vandalia, OH 45377.

#### Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association

The Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA) is a not-for-profit corporation formed under section 1702.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. The purpose of the corporation is to serve the educational needs of the area through television programming for the advancement of educational programs. The Board of Trustees is comprised of twenty-three representatives of SOITA member schools or institutions. Twenty-one representatives are elected from with the counties by the qualified members within the counties, i.e. Auglaize, Brown, Butler, Champaign, Clark, Clermont, Clinton, Darke, Fayette, Greene, Hamilton, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Montgomery, Preble, Shelby, and Warren. Montgomery, Greene and Butler Counties shall elect two representatives per area. All others shall elect one representative per area.

All superintendents except for those from educational service centers vote on the representatives after the nomination committee nominates individuals to run. One at-large non-public representative shall be elected by the non-public school SOITA members as the State assigned SOITA service area representative. One at-large higher education representative shall be elected by higher education SOITA members from within the State assigned SOITA service area.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE 14 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOITA. Upon dissolution, the net assets shall be distributed to the federal government, or to a state or local government, for a public purpose. Payments to SOITA are made from the general fund. During fiscal year 2005, the School District paid \$4,766 to SOITA. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, Dave Gibson, who serves as Director, at 150 East Sixth Street, Franklin, Ohio 45005.

#### **NOTE 15 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL**

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Education Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven member Executive Committee consisting of the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson, a representative from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center and eight other members elected by majority vote of all member school districts. The Chief Administrator of GRP serves as the coordinator of the program. Each fiscal year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2005.

#### **B.** Litigation

The School District is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE 17 - ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2005, the General Fund, Lunchroom, Other Grants, Entry Year Grant, DPIA, Reading Intervention and Title VI-R special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$146,187, \$73,378, \$2,250, \$57, \$8,144, \$6,335, and \$3,796, respectively, which were created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur. The School District continues to monitor the General Fund deficit fund balance. The voters of the School District approved a 9.79 mill 5 year operating levy on August 2, 2005. The revenue generated from this levy will help eliminate the General Fund deficit.

#### NOTE 18 – SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and instructional materials and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	
	and	
	Instructional	Capital
	Material	Acquistions
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2004	(\$208,043)	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	435,418	435,418
Qualifying Disbursements	(354,309)	(164,116)
Current Year Offsets	0	0
Totals	(\$126,934)	\$271,302
Set-aside Balances Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	(\$126,934)	\$0
Set-aside Reserve Balances as of June 30, 2005	\$0	\$271,302

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the textbooks and instructional materials amount below zero. These extra amounts of disbursements may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements in future fiscal years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE 19 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

As of June 30, 2005, the General Fund had interfund receivables of \$26,612 and the other governmental funds had interfund payables of \$26,612. The loans were the result of a time lag between the dates that reimbursable expenditures occurred, and the revenue to re-pay the funds was available.

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, consisted of the following:

	Transfer From				
	Other				
Transfer To	General Fund	Governmental	Total		
Other Governmental	\$27,106	\$70,684	\$97,790		

The transfers were made to transfer General Fund Pepsi money and Pay-to-Participate revenue to the District Managed Student Activities Fund.

#### **NOTE 20 – FISCAL CAUTION**

On February 15, 2005, the Ohio Department of Education placed the School District in fiscal caution due to potential deficits. Without revenue enhancements and/or expenditure reductions, the School District was facing a potential deficit situation. While the School District was in fiscal caution, the School District received monthly monitoring by the Department of Education. In August 2005, the School District passed an operating levy. (See Note 22.) On December 27, 2005, the School District was released from fiscal caution.

#### **NOTE 21 – CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS**

At June 30, 2005, the School District had the following contractual commitments:

	Original	Amount	Remaining
Purpose	Amount	Expended	at 6/30/05
e sound system	\$6,992	\$0	\$6,992
yearbook	21,000	15,920	5,080
oom materials	5,909	0	5,909
oom materials	6,090	0	6,090
nce	65,976	0	65,976
oom materials	21,799	0	21,799
ork services	7,607	0	7,607
ic equipment	5,500	0	5,500
=	\$140,873	\$15,920	\$124,953
	Purpose ee sound system yearbook oom materials oom materials oom materials ork services ic equipment	Purpose Amount te sound system yearbook 21,000 oom materials 5,909 oom materials 6,090 oom materials 21,799 ork services 7,607 ic equipment 5,500	Purpose         Amount         Expended           ce sound system         \$6,992         \$0           yearbook         21,000         15,920           oom materials         5,909         0           oom materials         6,090         0           oom materials         21,799         0           ork services         7,607         0           ic equipment         5,500         0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE 22 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 2, 2005, the voters of the School District passed a 9.79 mill, 5 year emergency operating levy. The levy is anticipated to generate approximately \$4,068,895.

On December 29, 2005, the School District was named a defendant in a complaint filed in the Court of Common Pleas in Warren County. In the complaint, the plaintiff alleges that the Board of Education illegally terminated the plaintiff from employment with the School District, defamed the plaintiff's character and inflicted emotional distress. At this time, an estimate on possible loss cannot be made.

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### FRANKLIN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT WARREN COUNTY

### FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURE SCHEDULE FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Nutrition Cluster:						
Food Distribution Program		10.550	-	\$ 113,921	-	\$ 113,921
National School Breakfast Program	05PU-2005 05PU-2004	10.553	\$ 34,997 12,010	-	\$ 34,997 12,010	-
Total National School Breakfast Program	031 0-2004		47,007		47,007	
National School Lunch Program	LLP4-2005 LLP4-2004	10.555	194,364 59,149	-	194,364 59,149	-
Total National School Lunch Program			253,513		253,513	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			300,520	113,921	300,520	113,921
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)	C1S1-2005	84.010	461,894	-	424,735	-
,	C1S1-2004		(8,462)		58,593	
Total Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)			453,432	-	483,328	-
Special Education Cluster: Special Education: Grants to States						
(IDEA Part B)	6BSF-2005	84.027	542,782	-	566,314	-
	6BSF-2004		36,836	-	94,478	-
Total Special Education: Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	6BSD-2004-P		<u>0</u> 579,618	-	19,493 680,285	-
Special Education: Preschool Grant	PGS1-2005	84.173	5,676	-	4,982	-
Total Special Education: Preschool Grant	PGS1-2004		5,676		1,007 5,989	
Total Special Education Cluster			585,294	-	686,274	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities	DRS1-2005	84.186	15,328	-	15,625	-
Total Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities	DRS1-2004		2,841 18,169	-	6,233 21,858	-
Innovative Education Program Strategy	C2S1-2005	84.298	9,091	-	6,380	-
Total Innovative Education Program Strategy	C2S1-2004		5,250 14,341		8,587 14,967	-
Title II-D: Technology Literacy Challenge Fund	TJS1-2005	84.318	11,998	-	11,998	-
Title II-A: Improving Teacher Quality	TRS1-2005	84.367	137,848	-	150,957	-
Total Title II-A: Improving Teacher Quality	TRS1-2004		1,205 139,053		12,403 163,360	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,222,287		1,381,785	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities:						
Community Alternative Funding System - Title XIX Medicaid	NA	93.778	29,074	-	29,074	-
Total Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities			29,074		29,074	
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			29,074		29,074	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMEN Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety:	IT ASSISTANCE					
Public Assistance Grant Program	FEMA-3198-EM-165U39MF	97.036	1,838	-	1,838	-
Total Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety			1,838		1,838	
Total U.S. Department of Federal Emergency Management Assist	ance		1,838		1,838	
Total			\$ 1,553,719	\$ 113,921	\$ 1,713,217	\$ 113,921

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

### FRANKLIN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT WARREN COUNTY

### NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURE SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

#### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditure Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

Program regulations do not require the School District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

#### **NOTE C - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require that the School District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The School District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.

#### **NOTE D - NEGATIVE RECEIPTS**

Each project completed approved activities within the time frames allotted by the Ohio Department of Education (ODE). At the conclusion of the grant period, all unexpended funds were returned to ODE for refund to the United States Department of Education (USDOE) and all undrawn funds were forfeited to USDOE as unused.



## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Franklin City School District Warren County 150 East Sixth Street Franklin, Ohio 45005

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Franklin City School District, Warren County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 17, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the School District's management dated July 17, 2006, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the School District's management dated July 17, 2006, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

Corporate Centre of Blue Ash / 11117 Kenwood Rd. / Blue Ash, OH 45242 Telephone: (513) 361-8550 (800) 368-7419 Fax: (513) 361-8577 www.auditor.state.oh.us

Franklin City School District Warren County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

July 17, 2006

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Franklin City School District Warren County 150 East Sixth Street Franklin, Ohio 45005

To the Board of Education:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Franklin City School District, Warren County, Ohio (the School District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the School District's major federal program. The School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Franklin City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

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Franklin City School District
Warren County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

July 17, 2006

### FRANKLIN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT WARREN COUNTY

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2005

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)       Type of Financial Statement Opinion       Unqualified         (d)(1)(ii)       Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?       No         (d)(1)(ii)       Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?       No
conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?  (d)(1)(ii) Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial
weakness conditions reported at the financial
(d)(1)(iii) Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?
(d)(1)(iv)  Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?
(d)(1)(iv)  Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?  No
(d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under § .510? No
(d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list):  Title I:  CFDA #84.010  Improving Teacher Quality:  CFDA #84.367
(d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix) Low Risk Auditee? Yes

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3.	<b>FINDINGS AND</b>	QUESTIONED	<b>COSTS FOR</b>	<b>FEDERAL</b>	AWARDS
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None.



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# FRANKLIN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT WARREN COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 10, 2006