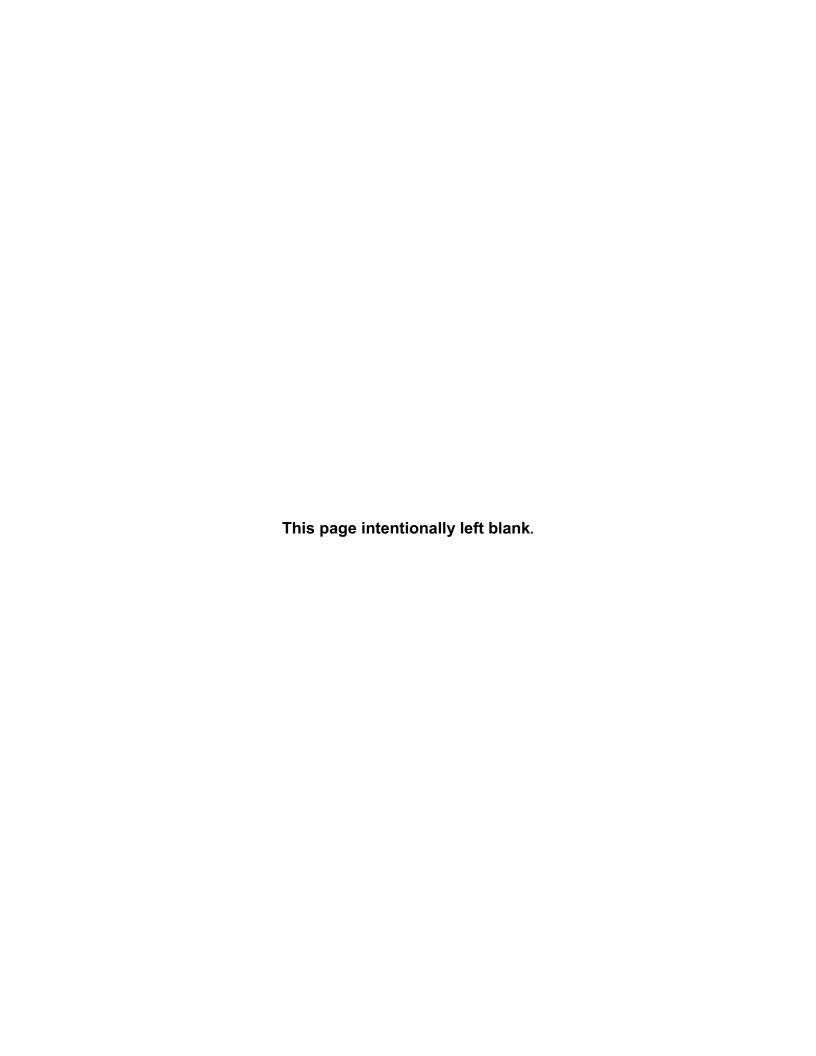




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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Northwest Local School District Stark County 104 West Market Street Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2006, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us Northwest Local School District Stark County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

April 26, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the Northwest Local School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$292,294 which represents a 8.00% increase from 2004.
- General revenues accounted for \$18,299,999 in revenue or 89.06% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,248,456 or 10.94% of total revenues of \$20,548,455.
- The District had \$20,256,161 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,248,456 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$18,299,999 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District has three major governmental funds. They are the general fund, debt service fund and building fund. The general fund had \$16,261,610 in revenues and \$16,932,616 in expenditures. During fiscal 2005, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$658,806 from \$1,572,226 to \$913,420.
- The debt service fund had \$1,685,465 in revenues and \$1,554,843 in expenditures. During fiscal 2005, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$130,622 from \$400,499 to \$531,121.
- The building fund had \$266,018 in revenues and \$6,958,595 in expenditures. During fiscal 2005, the building fund's fund balance decreased \$6,692,577 from \$20,407,286 to \$13,714,709.

Using these Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, debt service fund and building fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2005?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all non-fiduciary assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities, include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, debt service fund and building fund all other governmental funds are considered non-major.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for students. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets on page 20. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21-48 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2005 and 2004.

	Net A	ssets
	Governmental Activities2005	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 27,274,693	\$ 33,539,706
Capital assets	11,811,960	5,118,392
Total assets	39,086,653	38,658,098
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	10,769,469	10,201,223
Long-term liabilities	24,369,456	24,801,441
Total liabilities	35,138,925	35,002,664
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	2,970,394	2,598,149
Restricted	1,070,408	1,475,957
Unrestricted (deficit)	(93,074)	(418,672)
Total net assets	\$ 3,947,728	\$ 3,655,434

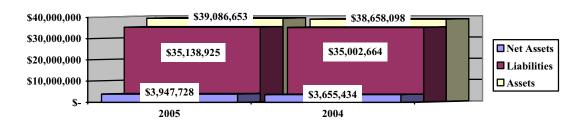
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2005, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,947,728. Of this total, \$1,070,408 is restricted in use leaving the District with an unrestricted net assets deficit of \$93,074.

At year-end, capital assets represented 30.22% of total assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2005, were \$2,970,394. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,070,408 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets is a deficit of \$93,074.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities2005	Governmental Activities 2004	
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,126,022	\$ 1,072,304	
Operating grants and contributions	1,122,434	1,048,457	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	7,975,694	6,629,358	
Grants and entitlements	9,598,001	9,776,766	
Investment earnings	602,097	275,880	
Miscellaneous	124,207	28,271	
Total revenues	20,548,455	18,831,036	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities2005	Governmental Activities 2004	
Expenses			
Program expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$ 8,899,428	\$ 9,027,213	
Special	2,210,209	1,897,378	
Vocational	269,661	261,556	
Other	83,862	82,274	
Support services:			
Pupil	936,043	827,581	
Instructional staff	220,091	235,513	
Board of education	65,966	49,958	
Administration	1,595,687	1,536,092	
Fiscal	359,177	369,656	
Operations and maintenance	1,592,098	2,164,731	
Pupil transportation	1,113,888	887,200	
Central	527,923	452,101	
Operations of non-instructional services	167,066	50,116	
Extracurricular activities	466,354	334,394	
Intergovernmental	-	103,720	
Food service operations	669,323	638,391	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,079,385	1,067,760	
Total expenses	20,256,161	19,985,634	
Change in net assets	292,294	(1,154,598)	
Net assets at beginning of year	3,655,434	4,810,032	
Net assets at end of year	\$ 3,947,728	\$ 3,655,434	

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$292,294. Total governmental expenses of \$20,256,161 were offset by program revenues of \$2,248,456 and general revenues of \$18,299,999. Program revenues supported 11.10% of the total governmental expenses.

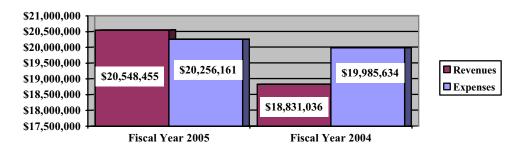
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 85.52% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$11,463,160 or 56.59% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2005.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

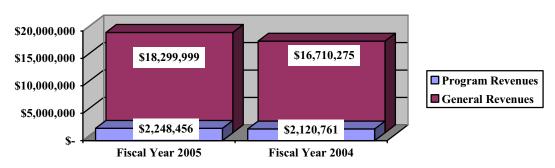
	Total Cost of Services 2005	Net Cost of Services 2005	Total Cost of Services 2004	Net Cost of Services 2004	
Program expenses					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 8,899,428	\$ 8,379,208	\$ 9,027,213	\$ 8,419,137	
Special	2,210,209	1,814,788	1,897,378	1,659,459	
Vocational	269,661	269,661	261,556	261,556	
Other	83,862	83,862	82,274	82,274	
Support services:					
Pupil	936,043	721,660	827,581	639,752	
Instructional staff	220,091	215,443	235,513	233,601	
Board of education	65,966	65,966	49,958	49,958	
Administration	1,595,687	1,595,687	1,536,092	1,536,092	
Fiscal	359,177	359,177	369,656	369,656	
Operations and maintenance	1,592,098	1,586,174	2,164,731	2,144,778	
Pupil transportation	1,113,888	1,113,888	887,200	887,012	
Central	527,923	386,307	452,101	306,305	
Operations of non-instructional services	167,066	40,083	50,116	17,577	
Extracurricular activities	466,354	297,990	334,394	174,751	
Intergovernmental	-	-	103,720	(3,145)	
Food service operations	669,323	17,566	638,391	446,009	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,079,385	1,060,245	1,067,760	640,101	
Total	\$ 20,256,161	\$ 18,007,705	\$ 19,985,634	\$ 17,864,873	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 92.01% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 89.15%. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$15,840,521 which is lower than last year's total of \$22,947,638. The June 30, 2004 fund balances have been restated as described in Note 3.A. to the basic financial statements. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2005 and 2004.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2005	Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2004	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$ 913,420	\$ 1,572,226	\$ (658,806)
Debt service	531,121	400,499	130,622
Building	13,714,709	20,407,286	(6,692,577)
Other Governmental	681,271	567,627	113,644
Total	\$ 15,840,521	\$ 22,947,638	<u>\$(7,107,117)</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

General Fund

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

		Restated		
	2005	2004	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 6,293,254	\$ 5,936,178	\$ 357,076	6.02 %
Tuition	322,329	291,281	31,048	10.66 %
Earnings on investments	134,547	38,836	95,711	246.45 %
Intergovernmental	9,383,240	9,678,384	(295,144)	(3.05) %
Other revenues	128,240	77,506	50,734	65.46 %
Total	\$ 16,261,610	\$ 16,022,185	\$ 239,425	1.49 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 10,758,256	\$ 10,719,383	\$ 38,873	0.36 %
Support services	5,791,757	5,515,618	276,139	5.01 %
Operation of non-instructional services	19,467	13,188	6,279	47.61 %
Extracurricular activities	288,531	261,347	27,184	10.40 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	724	-	724	100.00 %
Debt service	73,881	17,782	56,099	315.48 %
Total	\$ 16,932,616	\$ 16,527,318	\$ 405,298	2.45 %

Debt Service Fund

The District's debt service fund balance increased \$130,622. The debt service fund had revenues of \$1,685,465 and expenditures of \$1,554,843. The primary revenue source was from taxes which was \$1,486,710 in fiscal year 2005. During fiscal year 2005, the debt service fund made \$600,000 in principal payments and \$933,365 in interest payments.

Building Fund

The District's building fund balance decreased \$6,692,577. The building fund's only significant revenue source was earnings on investments which amounted to \$265,840 in fiscal year 2005. Total expenditures in the building fund were \$6,958,595 in fiscal year 2005.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2005, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues were \$16,011,642, which was lower than the original budgeted revenues estimate of \$16,015,942. Actual revenues for fiscal 2005 were \$16,223,795. This represents a \$212,153 increase from final budgeted revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

General fund final appropriations (appropriated expenditures) were \$17,687,456, which was the same as the original budgeted appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2005 totaled \$17,137,820, which was \$549,636 less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2005, the District had \$11,811,960 invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress (CIP). This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2005 balances compared to 2004:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	2005	2004	
Land	\$ 133,138	\$ 133,138	
Buildings and improvements	7,990,447	1,661,795	
Furniture and equipment	446,724	316,247	
Vehicles	468,414	574,969	
Construction in progress	2,773,237	2,432,243	
Total	\$ 11,811,960	\$ 5,118,392	

Total additions to capital assets for 2005 were \$7,161,050 and total disposals were \$152,665 (net of accumulated depreciation). The overall increase in capital assets of \$6,693,568 is primarily due to the construction in progress activity for the new elementary and high school additions within the District in fiscal 2005. Depreciation expense for fiscal 2005 was \$314,817.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2005, the District had \$22,852,022 in general obligation bonds. This total includes \$472,501 in unamortized premium on the bond issue. Of this total, \$640,000 is due within one year and \$22,212,022 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and lease obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2004
General obligation bonds (includes unamortized premium)	\$ 22,852,022	\$ 23,320,741
Capital lease obligation	_	88,000
Total	\$ 22,852,022	\$ 23,408,741

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has continued to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and community. The District is always presented with challenges and opportunities. National events economically affect the District and the surrounding area, the District is still reviewing and analyzing the impact this has on the personal property tax base and collections.

The District has a good financial base for operations. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor the revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast.

As the preceding information shows, the District heavily depends on its property taxpayers. Our communities' support was recently measured by the passing of a \$23 million bond issue in May of 2002. The support of this issue demonstrates the strong belief of parents and community members that their schools are one of the highest priorities and one of the most important public institutions in their community.

Several significant legislative and judicial actions have occurred that will have a major impact on our School District. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." The State has not yet developed a school-funding plan that has been deemed acceptable by the Court, and ultimate resolution still seems to be some time in the future. There is concern that the State may not have the ability to fully fund the previously approved subsidies for primary and secondary education in the State budget. Changes to the State's school foundation funding formula did not bode well for additional revenue, and in fact, caused a decline in foundation funding for 2005. In spite of this, the District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence. The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to garner adequate resources to support the educational program.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Dan Levengood, Treasurer, Northwest Local School District, 104 West Market Street, Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,587,395
Cash with fiscal agent	94,259
Receivables:	
Taxes	7,919,800
Accounts	21
Intergovernmental	83,571
Accrued interest	244,471
Prepayments	41,684
Materials and supplies inventory	27,964
Unamortized bond issue costs	275,528
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in process	2,906,375
Depreciable capital assets, net	8,905,585
Total capital assets, net	11,811,960
•	
Total assets	39,086,653
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	59,039
Contracts payable	711,319
Retainage payable	113,242
Accrued wages and benefits	2,075,943
Pension obligation payable	439,850
Intergovernmental payable	61,984
Deferred revenue	7,231,878
Accrued interest payable	76,214
Long-term liabilities:	,
Due within one year	784,227
Due within more than one year	23,585,229
2 40 (114111 11610 11411 6110 year 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Total liabilities	35,138,925
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt	2,970,394
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	404,085
Debt service	487,027
Locally funded programs	1,737
State funded programs	52,384
Federally funded programs	25,646
Student activities	55,135
Other purposes	44,394
Unrestricted (deficit)	(93,074)
_ ,	
Total net assets	\$ 3,947,728

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	- Expenses			Риодиом	Davanu			Net (Expense) Revenue and
			5	arges for Services nd Sales	Gram Revenues Operating Grants Grants and Contributions		Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	8,899,428	\$	353,503	\$	166,717	\$	(8,379,208)
Special		2,210,209		-		395,421		(1,814,788)
Vocational		269,661		-		-		(269,661)
Other		83,862		-		-		(83,862)
Support services:		225242				244202		(=0.4.550)
Pupil		936,043		-		214,383		(721,660)
Instructional staff		220,091		-		4,648		(215,443)
Board of education		65,966		-		-		(65,966)
Administration		1,595,687		-		-		(1,595,687)
Fiscal		359,177		5.024		-		(359,177)
Operations and maintenance		1,592,098		5,924		-		(1,586,174)
Pupil transportation		1,113,888		-		-		(1,113,888)
Central		527,923		141,616		=		(386,307)
Operation of non-instructional		167.066				126,002		(40.002)
services		167,066		160.264		126,983		(40,083)
Extracurricular activities		466,354		168,364		105 142		(297,990)
Food service operations		669,323		456,615		195,142		(17,566)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,079,385				19,140		(1,060,245)
Total governmental activities	\$	20,256,161	\$	1,126,022	\$	1,122,434		(18,007,705)
	Prope Ge De Ca	eral Revenues: erty taxes levied feneral purposes. ebt service apital projects ints and entitleme						6,314,548 1,490,568 170,578
		specific program						9,598,001
		estment earnings						602,097
		scellaneous						124,207
	Total	general revenues						18,299,999
	Chan	ge in net assets .						292,294
	Net a	ssets at beginnin	g of year					3,655,434
	Net a	ssets at end of y	ear				\$	3,947,728

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

		General		Debt Service		Building	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:			-							
Equity in pooled cash										
and cash equivalents	\$	2,855,007	\$	427,974	\$	14,445,011	\$	815,009	\$	18,543,001
Cash with fiscal agent		-		-		94,259		-		94,259
Receivables:										
Taxes		6,280,556		1,472,279		-		166,965		7,919,800
Accounts		21		-		-		-		21
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		83,571		83,571
Accrued interest		244,471		-		-		-		244,471
Due from other funds		2,589		-		-		-		2,589
Prepayments		41,684		-		-		-		41,684
Materials and supplies inventory		14,543		-		-		13,421		27,964
Restricted assets:										
Equity in pooled cash										
and cash equivalents		44,394		-		-		-		44,394
Total assats	\$	9,483,265	\$	1,900,253	\$	14,539,270	\$	1,078,966	\$	27,001,754
Total assets	—	9,463,203	<u> </u>	1,900,233	—	14,339,270	—	1,078,900	—	27,001,734
Tiskiid										
Liabilities:	ø	46.750	ø		ø		ø	12 200	ø	50.020
Accounts payable	\$	46,759	\$	-	\$	711 210	\$	12,280	\$	59,039
Contracts payable		-		-		711,319		-		711,319
Retainage payable		-		-		113,242		2 590		113,242
Accrued wages and benefits		1,896,308		-		-		2,589 179,635		2,589 2,075,943
Compensated absences payable		1,890,308		-		-		179,033		101,400
Pension obligation payable		410,047		-		-		29,803		439,850
Intergovernmental payable		57,197		-		-		4,787		61,984
Deferred revenue		6,058,134		1,369,132		-		168,601		7,595,867
Deferred revenue		0,038,134		1,309,132	_			100,001		7,393,807
Total liabilities		8,569,845		1,369,132	_	824,561		397,695		11,161,233
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for encumbrances		510,760		_		2,174,442		86,986		2,772,188
Reserved for school bus purchases		44,394		_		-		-		44,394
Reserved for materials and		,								,
supplies inventory		14,543		_		_		13,421		27,964
Reserved for debt service		-		427,974		-		-		427,974
Reserved for property tax unavailable										
for appropriation		411,096		103,147		-		8,242		522,485
Reserved for prepayments		41,684		-		-		-		41,684
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:										
General fund		(109,057)		-		-		-		(109,057)
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		239,908		239,908
Capital projects funds						11,540,267		332,714		11,872,981
Total fund balances		913,420		531,121		13,714,709		681,271		15,840,521
	_				_					
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,483,265	\$	1,900,253	\$	14,539,270	\$	1,078,966	\$	27,001,754

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2005

Total governmental fund balances			\$ 15,840,521
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			11,811,960
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes	\$	165,437	
Accrued interest Intergovernmental	Ψ	188,674 9,878	
Total			363,989
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.			(472,501)
Unamortized bond issue costs are not recognized in the funds.			275,528
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(76,214)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
General obligation bonds		(22,379,521)	
Compensated absences		(1,416,034)	
Total			 (23,795,555)
Net assets of governmental activities			\$ 3,947,728

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	General	Debt Service	Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 6,293,254	\$ 1,486,710	\$ -	\$ 170,163	\$ 7,950,127
Tuition	322,329	-	-	-	322,329
Earnings on investments	134,547	9,626	265,840	10,081	420,094
Extracurricular	1,207	-	-	262,673	263,880
Classroom materials and fees	31,174	-	-	-	31,174
Charges for services	-	-	-	453,988	453,988
Other local revenues	95,859	-	178	80,194	176,231
Other revenue	-	-	-	2,000	2,000
Intergovernmental - State	9,383,240	189,129	-	228,354	9,800,723
Intergovernmental - Federal				907,834	907,834
Total revenue	16,261,610	1,685,465	266,018	2,115,287	20,328,380
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	8,603,520	-	-	167,908	8,771,428
Special	1,804,167	-	-	387,021	2,191,188
Vocational	266,707	-	-	-	266,707
Other	83,862	-	-	-	83,862
Support Services:					
Pupil	712,159	-	-	203,908	916,067
Instructional staff	215,646	-	-	2,440	218,086
Board of education	65,966	-	-	-	65,966
Administration	1,596,443	-	-	-	1,596,443
Fiscal	335,357	21,478	-	2,724	359,559
Operations and maintenance	1,502,662	-	-	117,363	1,620,025
Pupil transportation	984,874	-	-	3,250	988,124
Central	378,650	-	-	145,093	523,743
Operation of non-instructional services	19,467	-	-	147,224	166,691
Extracurricular activities	288,531	-	-	152,871	441,402
Facilities acquisition and construction	724	-	6,958,595	-	6,959,319
Food service operations	-	-	-	654,594	654,594
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	68,860	600,000	-	19,140	688,000
Interest and fiscal charges	5,021	933,365			938,386
Total expenditures	16,932,616	1,554,843	6,958,595	2,003,536	27,449,590
Net change in fund balances	(671,006)	130,622	(6,692,577)	111,751	(7,121,210)
Fund balance					
at beginning of year (restated)	1,572,226	400,499	20,407,286	567,627	22,947,638
Increase in reserve for inventory	12,200			1,893	14,093
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 913,420	\$ 531,121	\$ 13,714,709	\$ 681,271	\$ 15,840,521

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(7,121,210)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation expense in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 7,161,050 (314,817)	<u> </u>	6,846,233
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			(152,665)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Accrued interest Total	 25,567 9,878 184,630	_	220,075
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is expensed when due.			
Accrued interest Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Total	 1,566 (150,632)	<u>.</u>	(149,066)
Premiums on bond issuances are recognized as revenues in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the bonds on the statement of activities.			19,351
Bond issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the bonds on the statement of activities.			(11,284)
Principal payments on bonds and capital lease obligations are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			688,000
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased, however, on the statement of activities, they are reported as expenditures when consumed.			14,093
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds.			(61,233)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	292,294

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	C)riginal		Final	Actual		legative)
Revenues:							<u> </u>
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$	5,943,076	\$	5,941,480	\$ 6,310,244	\$	368,764
Tuition		270,073		270,000	322,329		52,329
Earnings on investments		42,011		42,000	79,267		37,267
Extracurricular		1,300		1,300	1,207		(93)
Classroom materials and fees		27,407		27,400	31,174		3,774
Other local revenues		26,007		26,000	96,334		70,334
Intergovernmental - state		9,706,068		9,703,462	9,383,240		(320,222)
Total revenue		16,015,942		16,011,642	16,223,795		212,153
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		8,974,658		8,974,658	8,721,807		252,851
Special		2,023,324		2,023,324	1,927,369		95,955
Vocational		268,358		268,358	259,677		8,681
Other		94,993		94,993	91,720		3,273
Support Services:							
Pupil		705,565		705,565	680,974		24,591
Instructional staff		224,906		224,906	214,145		10,761
Board of education		82,443		82,443	64,503		17,940
Administration		1,613,971		1,613,971	1,565,488		48,483
Fiscal		347,870		347,870	330,083		17,787
Operations and maintenance		1,540,906		1,540,906	1,502,713		38,193
Pupil transportation		1,103,672		1,103,672	1,087,817		15,855
Central		386,555		386,555	382,840		3,715
Operation of non-instructional services		22,477		22,477	19,467		3,010
Extracurricular activities		297,758		297,758	 289,217		8,541
Total expenditures		17,687,456		17,687,456	17,137,820		549,636
Net change in fund balance		(1,671,514)		(1,675,814)	(914,025)		761,789
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,968,506		2,968,506	2,968,506		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		283,188		283,188	283,188		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,580,180	\$	1,575,880	\$ 2,337,669	\$	761,789

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	 Agency
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash	
and cash equivalents	\$ 81,025
Total assets	\$ 81,025
Liabilities:	
Due to students	\$ 81,025
Total liabilities	\$ 81,025

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Northwest Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District is governed by a five-member board of education (the Board) elected by its citizens, which is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 218th largest by total enrollment among the 614 public and community school districts in the State. The District employs 109 non-certified and 179 certified employees to provide services to approximately 2,395 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups. The District operates three elementary schools, one middle school, and a high school.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC)

SPARCC is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State Statutes made up of public school districts and county boards of education from Stark, Portage, and Carroll Counties. The primary function of SPARCC is to provide data processing services to its member districts with an emphasis being placed on accounting, inventory control and payroll services. Other areas of service provided by SPARCC include student scheduling, registration, grade reporting, and test scoring. Each member district pays an annual fee for the services provided by SPARCC.

SPARCC is governed by a board of directors comprised of each Superintendent within the Consortium. The Stark County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent of the Consortium and receives funding from the State Department of Education. Each district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of SPARCC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of directors. The continued existence of SPARCC is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exits. Financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium, 2100 38th Street NW, Canton, Ohio 44709.

Stark County Joint Vocational School (JVS)

The JVS is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a seven member Board, consisting of one representative from each of the six participating district's boards, one board member that rotates from each participating district, and has its own budgeting and taxing authority. The JVS provides vocational education programs to students of the District. The Financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark County Joint Vocational School, 6805 Richville Drive, S.W., Massillon, Ohio 44646.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Risk Sharing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan (the "Consortium") is a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services.

Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The group is comprised of the treasurers of the member schools who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member school.

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the District by grouping with other members of the group. The injury claim histories of all participating members are used to calculate a common rate for the group. An annual fee is paid to Comp Management, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member annually based on its payroll percent of the group.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and note principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund is used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to the District's bond issue. Expenditures recorded here represent the costs of acquiring and improving capital facilities, including real property.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; (b) food service operations; and (c) grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District does not have any trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control has been established at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the general fund's budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased tax rates). By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Stark County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commissions' certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts from the certificate of amended resources that was in effect at the time the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, at the fund level for all funds, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2005, investments were limited to federal agency securities, nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2005. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2005.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earning are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2005 amounted to \$134,547, which includes \$20,292 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains its capitalization threshold at \$3,500. Books, records, movies, and other learning aids kept at the District Library are not included for reporting purposes. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	5 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 8 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and by those employees who are expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with 10 years service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, prepayments, materials and supplies inventory, debt service, property taxes unavailable for appropriation, and school bus purchases. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved on the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by state statute to be set-aside for State monies received for school bus purchases. See Note 18. for additional information regarding set-asides.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Interfund activities between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities. The District did not have any interfund activity during fiscal 2005.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2005.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2005, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>" and GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, "<u>Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers</u>".

GASB Statement No. 40 establishes and modified disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk) and interest rate risk. This statement also establishes and modified disclosure requirements for custodial credit risk on deposits.

GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 addresses the amount that should be recognized as expenditure/expense and as a liability each period by employers participating in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 40 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District, however additional note disclosure can be found in Note 4. The implementation of GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 had the following effect on the fund balances of the major and non-major funds of the District as they were previously reported as of June 30, 2004:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

	<u>General</u>	Debt Service	Building	Nonmajor	Total
Fund Balances, June 30, 2004 GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2	\$ 1,710,763 (138,537)	-	\$ 20,407,286	(00 400)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Restated Fund Balance, June 30, 2004	\$ 1,572,226	\$ 400,499	\$ 20,407,286	\$ 567,627	\$ 22,947,638

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2005 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Summer Intervention	\$ 803
Title I	10,363
Reducing Class Size	4,899
Miscellanous Federal Grant Fund	2,589

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The Miscellaneous Federal Grant special revenue fund did not comply with State law which does not allow for a negative cash balance at year-end (See Note 5.B.). All other funds complied.

C. Compliance

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.10, the District had a negative cash balance in a certain fund. For GAAP purposes, this negative cash balance has been reported as a fund liability of the respective fund. See Note 5 for further detail.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$3,000 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

B. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District has money held in accounts by other agents. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2005 was \$94,259 and is not included in "Deposits with Financial Institutions" below.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2005, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,115,801. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2005, \$2,172,644 of the District's bank balance of \$2,372,644 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$200,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2005, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities					
		Balance at	6	months or	7 to 12	13 to 18		
Investment type	_	Fair Value	less		months	months		
STAR Ohio	\$	1,091,110	\$	1,091,110	\$ -	\$ -		
FHLMC		6,178,364		4,215,398	488,186	1,474,780		
FHLB		5,318,074		2,735,605	2,582,469	-		
FNMA		3,962,071		1,252,540	2,709,531			
	\$	16,549,619	\$	9,294,653	\$ 5,780,186	\$ 1,474,780		

The weighted average maturity of investments is .46 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments, except for STAR Ohio, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2005:

Investment type	_F	air Value_	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$	1,091,110	6.59
FHLMC		6,178,364	37.34
FNMA		3,962,071	23.94
FHLB		5,318,074	32.13
	\$	16,549,619	100.00

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2005:

Cash and Investments per footnote		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	2,115,801
Investments		16,549,619
Cash on hand		3,000
Total	\$	18,668,420
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets	<u>.</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	18,587,395
Agency funds		81,025
Total	\$	18,668,420

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

At June 30, 2005, the Miscellaneous Federal Grant fund had a negative cash balance. This fund overdraft of the internal investment pool has been reported as a fund liability.

	Due from	Due to		
	Other Funds	Other Funds		
General Fund	\$ 2,589	\$ -		
Federal Grant fund	_	2,589		
Total	\$ 2,589	\$ 2,589		

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 became a lien December 31, 2003, were levied after April 1, 2004 and are collected in 2005 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2005 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Summit, Stark, and Wayne Counties. The Fiscal Officer/County Auditor periodically advances to the District the portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Fiscal Officer/County Auditor by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005 was \$411,096 in the general fund, \$103,147 in the debt service fund and \$8,242 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. The amount that was available as advance at June 30, 2004 was \$428,086 in the general fund, \$113,016 in the debt service fund and \$8,507 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2005 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

	2004 Second				2005 First		
		Half Collecti	ons		ions		
	_	Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential							
and Other Real Estate	\$	224,457,590	92.42	\$	224,457,590	92.42	
Public Utility Personal		7,781,190	3.20		7,781,190	3.20	
Tangible Personal Property		10,646,917	4.38		10,646,917	4.38	
Total	\$	242,885,697	100.00	<u>\$</u>	242,885,697	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:							
Operations		\$52.60			\$52.60		
Permanent improvements		3.00			3.00		
Debt Service		7.00			7.00		

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2005 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities

Taxes	\$ 7,919,800
Accounts	21
Intergovernmental	83,571
Accrued interest	244,471
Total	\$ 8,247,863

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 8 - LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

The District leases the following equipment under noncancelable operating leases: copier machines, 60-month leases, administrative building, 36-month leases. These leases are operating in nature and require minimum monthly rental payments. The equipment under the operating leases are not financed under a lease-purchase type arrangement.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under the above operating leases as of June 30, 2005:

June 30	<u>Amount</u>	_
2006	\$ 11,31	2
2007	5,64	7
Total	\$ 16,95	9

Rental expenses amounted to \$44,792 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a prior year, the District entered into a capitalized lease agreement for the acquisition of computers and printers, servers and networking equipment.

These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. At inception, the leases were accounted for as capital outlay expenditure and other financing source in the general fund. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements and as a reduction of the lease liability in the government-wide financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. During the fiscal year, the District paid off the capital lease by making \$88,000 in principal payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2004	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2005
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 133,138	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 133,138
Construction in progress	2,432,243	491,288	(150,294)	2,773,237
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,565,381	491,288	(150,294)	2,906,375
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	5,322,405	6,422,715	-	11,745,120
Furniture and equipment	1,375,078	215,807	(3,795)	1,587,090
Vehicles	1,598,488	31,240	(77,213)	1,552,515
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,295,971	6,669,762	(81,008)	14,884,725
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(3,660,610)	(94,063)	-	(3,754,673)
Furniture and equipment	(1,058,831)	(82,959)	1,424	(1,140,366)
Vehicles	(1,023,519)	(137,795)	77,213	(1,084,101)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,742,960)	(314,817)	78,637	(5,979,140)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,118,392	\$ 6,846,233	\$ (152,665)	<u>\$ 11,811,960</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction:</u>	
Regular	\$ 119,097
Special	5,659
Vocational	686
Support Services:	
Pupil	517
Instructional staff	1,437
Administration	4,589
Fiscal	756
Operations and maintenance	18,473
Pupil transportation	124,657
Central	3,689
Extracurricular activities	24,952
Food service operations	 10,305
Total depreciation expense	\$ 314,817

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2004	Additions	Deletions	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2005	Amount Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds:					
Series 2002, Improvement Current Interest Bonds 12/01/29 maturity	\$ 21,540,000	\$ -	\$ (600,000)	\$ 20,940,000	\$ 640,000
Series 2002, Improvement Capital Appreciation Bonds 11.372% (average effective) 12/01/06 to 12/01/08 maturity	1,069,986	-	-	1,069,986	-
Series 2002, Improvement Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted interest	218,903	150,632		369,535	
Total, general obligation bonds	22,828,889	150,632	(600,000)	22,379,521	640,000
Other Obligations:					
Capital lease obligations	88,000	-	(88,000)	-	-
Compensated absences	1,392,700	271,236	(146,502)	1,517,434	144,227
Total, other obligations	1,480,700	271,236	(234,502)	1,517,434	144,227
Total, all governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 24,309,589	\$ 421,868	<u>\$ (834,502)</u>	23,896,955	\$ 784,227
Add: Unamortized premium on bond	472,501				
Total reported on the statement of net	\$ 24,369,456				

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

Series 2002 School Improvement General Obligation Bonds

During fiscal 2003, the voters of the District authorized the issuance of \$22,999,986 in general obligation bonds, for the purpose of constructing, furnishing and equipping a new elementary school and an addition to the high school and renovating, constructing, furnishing, equipping and otherwise improving school facilities and acquiring and improving their sites. These bonds will be retired from proceeds of a 7.0 mill bonded debt tax levy. The proceeds of the bond issuance were used to retire the previously issued bond anticipation notes described above.

These bonds represent the amount of the construction project that the District itself was required to finance, in accordance with the terms and conditions of a facilities grant from the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). Under the terms of the agreement, the District will pay all of the initial construction costs and the OSFC will reimburse the District upon qualification to participate in the OSFC program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The Series 2002 school improvement general obligation bond issue is comprised of both current interest serial and term bonds, par value \$21,930,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$1,890,000. The capital appreciation bonds mature on each December 1, 2006 through 2008 (effective interest 11.372%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value (as of issue date) reported in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2005 was \$20,940,000. Total accreted interest of \$369,535 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2005. The current interest bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2012 are subject to early redemption at the sole option of the District, at the following redemption prices, plus accrued interest:

Redemption Dates Redemption Price

December 1, 2012 and thereafter

100% of par

Mandatory sinking fund requirements for the current interest term bonds occur on December 1, 2020 and 2021 and on December 1, in each of the years 2023 through 2028. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2005 are as follows:

	Current Interest							Ca	apital	Apprecia	tion	
Fiscal Year		Ger	General Obligation Bonds					General Obligation Bonds				ds
Ending June 30	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	_	Principal	<u>_In</u>	terest	_	Total
2006	\$	640,000	\$	914,565	\$	1,554,565	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=
2007		-		901,765		901,765		630,000		-		630,000
2008		-		901,765		901,765		630,000		-		630,000
2009		-		901,765		901,765		630,000		-		630,000
2010		630,000		889,165		1,519,165		-		-		-
2011 - 2015		3,505,000		4,090,039		7,595,039		-		-		-
2016 - 2020		4,215,000		3,342,185		7,557,185		-		-		-
2021 - 2025		5,280,000		2,246,906		7,526,906		-		-		-
2026 - 2030	_	6,670,000	_	821,275	_	7,491,275	_	<u> </u>				
Total	\$	20,940,000	\$	15,009,430	\$	35,949,430	\$	1,890,000	\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,890,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Administrative and 260 day employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, classified employees are entitled to one-third of unused sick leave for the first 120 days of unused sick leave and one-tenth of unused sick leave in excess of 120 days. Upon retirement, certified employees are entitled to one-third of unused sick leave for the first 120 days of unused sick leave and one-tenth of unused sick leave in excess of 120 days. Certified severance has a maximum of 56 days.

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Stark County Council of Governments Health Benefits Program. Coverage in the amount of \$50,000 is provided for all certified and classified employees.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2005, the District maintained comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are 90% coinsured.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Employee Health Benefits

The District has contracted with Stark County Schools Council of Governments (a shared risk pool) (Note 2) to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. The District's Board of Education pays the 95% of the cost of a monthly premium for certified employees and 90% of the cost of a monthly premium for classified employees. For fiscal year 2005, the District cost paid for premium for medical and dental was \$619.96 for family coverage and \$255.20 for single coverage, per month.

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all District claims would be paid without regard to the District's account balance. The Directors have the right to hold monies for an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the GRP.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performances is compared to the overall savings percent of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "Equity Pooling Fund" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$321,304, \$311,063 and \$297,881, respectively; 41.67% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$187,404 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal years 2005 and 2004, 13% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employee contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$1,242,988, \$1,231,792, and \$1,184,907, respectively; 83.34% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$207,068 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal 2005 were \$5,663 made by the District and \$23,232 made by plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS. As of June 30, 2005, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid to those Board members.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

STRS retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2005, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$88,785 during fiscal 2005.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.1 billion at June 30, 2004 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$268.739 million and STRS had 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

After the allocation of basic benefits, the remainder of the employers 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For fiscal year 2005, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.43% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2005, the minimum pay has been established at \$27,400. However, the surcharge is capped at 2% of each employees' SERS salaries. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses, before premium deduction. Gross expenses for health care at June 30, 2004 (the latest information available) were \$223.444 million and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004, (the latest information available) SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million and SERS had approximately 62,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$123,209 during the 2005 fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>Ge</u>	neral Fund	
Budget basis	\$	(914,025)	
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		37,815	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(353,115)	
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	558,319	
GAAP basis	\$	(671,006)	

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 17 – CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to legal proceedings that would have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

C. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The Districts is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Instructional Materials	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2004	\$ (59,861)	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	342,517	342,517
Qualifying disbursements	(425,592)	(462,547)
Total	<u>\$ (142,936)</u>	\$ (120,030)
Balance carried forward to FY 2006	\$ (142,891)	\$ -

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the capital acquisition reserve, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year. The amount of qualifying disbursements exceeding the set-aside requirement in the instructional materials reserve may be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted by State statute for school bus purchases.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2005 follows:

Amount restricted for school bus purchases \$ 44,394

Total restricted assets \$ 44,394

NOTE 19 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2005 the District had the following contractual commitments outstanding related to the renovation and construction of school facilities. A summary of the primary contractual commitments follows:

	Total	Amount	Remaining Commitment
Project/Vendor	Contract	Paid	June 30, 2005
Knoch Construction	\$ 7,430,660	\$ 2,875,647	\$ 4,555,013
Moser Construction	2,149,970	45,023	2,104,947
Eurocase	156,070	155,710	360
Fire Protection	251,470	-	251,470
Wood Electric	721,322	716,081	5,241
Acy Communications	281,576	19,421	262,155
Comfort Control	380,117	· -	380,117
Beaver Excavating	334,945	295,472	39,473
Kent's Excavating Service	651,177	635,035	16,142
C.T. Taylor	745,547	28,450	717,097
Shafer Roofing	520,000	· -	520,000
Schmid Mechanical	2,553,093	62,400	2,490,693
Hilscher Clarke Electric	1,899,125	22,775	1,876,350
Custom Fabricators	342,000	_	342,000
Total	\$ 18,417,072	\$ 4,856,014	\$ 13,561,058

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FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Child Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Program	N/A	10.550		\$26,075		\$26,075
National School Lunch Program	049908	10.555	\$137,827		\$137,827	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster			137,827	26,075	137,827	26,075
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	049908-6B-SF-05 049908-6B-SF-04	84.027	406,969		342,610 33,224	
Total Special Education Cluster			406,969		375,834	
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)	049908-C1-S1-05 049908-C1-S1-04	84.010	153,468 530		148,728 14,155	
Total Grants to Local Educational Agencies			153,998		162,883	
Drug-Free Schools Grant	049908-DR-S1-05 049908-DR-S1-04	84.186	8,312		4,863 652	
Total Drug-Free Schools Grant			8,312		5,515	
Title VI - Education Consolidation Improvement Act	049908-C2-S1-05 049908-C2-S1-04	84.298	17,481		11,291 1,335	
Total Title VI-Education Consolidation Improvement Act			17,481		12,626	
Technology Literacy Challenge Grant Fund	049908-TJ-S1-05 049908-TJ-S1-04	84.318	8,410		7,975 436	
Total Technology Literacy Challenge Grant Fund			8,410		8,411	
Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grant	049908-TR-S1-05	84.367	72,071		71,301	
Total U.S. Department of Education			667,241		636,570	
Total			\$805,068	\$26,075	\$774,397	\$26,075

The accompanying notes to this Schedule are an integral part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Northwest Local School District Stark County 104 West Market Street Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with management's assertions in the financial statements. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2005-001.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered material weaknesses. However, we do not believe the reportable condition described above is a material weakness. In a separate letter to the District's management dated April 26, 2006, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting which we did not deem reportable conditions.

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Northwest Local School District Stark County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the District's management dated April 26, 2006, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomeny

April 26, 2006



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Northwest Local School District Stark County 104 West Market Street Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Northwest Local School District
Stark County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomeny

April 26, 2006

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2005

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster CFDA #84.027 and #84.173 Child Nutrition Cluster CFDA#10.550 and #10.555
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Northwest Local School District Stark County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2005-001

Reportable Condition

Posting Estimated Resources and Appropriations to Accounting System

The Treasurer posted estimated receipts to the accounting system for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Permanent Improvement Fund, the Building Fund and the Cafeteria Fund only. Those amounts were not updated for amendments approved by the Budget Commission during the year and did not reconcile to the Final Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources by amounts ranging up to approximately \$57,000. In addition, appropriations posted to the accounting system did not reconcile to the Final Annual Appropriations approved by the Board by amounts ranging up to approximately \$4,600,000. These conditions could have prevented the Board of Education and the Treasurer from properly evaluating, on an on-going basis, the status of anticipated District financial resources and appropriations.

Estimated receipts should be posted to the accounting system for all funds as they appear on the Amended Official Certificate of Estimated Resources. Budgeted appropriations should be posted from the approved Annual Appropriation Measures. In addition, the Treasurer should periodically review the accounting system to ensure estimated receipt and appropriation amounts are posted accurately and timely. This will help ensure the Board of Education and the Treasurer can effectively monitor and assess, on an on-going basis, results of estimated versus actual receipt and expenditure activity.

A similar matter was reported in the management letter of the 2004 audit.

Officials' Response and Corrective Action Plan: In response to Finding Number 2005-001 "Posting Estimated Resources and Appropriations to Accounting System" included in the Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, the Treasurer acknowledged the errors made. He has instituted a corrective action plan based on his conversations with the Auditor of State's Office and also recommendations from the Fiscal Team at the Stark County Educational Service Center. Appropriate checks and balances have been established to ensure that this problem does not occur in the future.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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NORTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 27, 2006