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Paris Township Portage County 9174 Newton Falls Rd Ravenna, Ohio 44266

To the Board of Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to a February 2, 2005 interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

September 28, 2006

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### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Paris Township Portage County 9174 Newton Falls Rd Ravenna, Oh 44266

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Paris Township, Portage County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Revisions to GAAP would require the Township to reformat its financial statement presentation and make other changes effective for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004. Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present for 2005 and 2004, the revisions require presenting entity wide statements and also to present its larger (i.e. major) funds separately for 2005 and 2004. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to the new GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require governments to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to reformat its statements. Since this Township does not use GAAP to measure financial statement amounts, the following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Paris Township Portage County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of Paris Township, Portage County, as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The aforementioned revision to generally accepted accounting principles also requires the Township to include Management's Discussion and Analysis for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004. The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2006, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

September 28, 2006

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

|  |           | Governmental Fund Types |                 |                     |                                |
|--|-----------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
|  | General   | Special<br>Revenue      | Debt<br>Service | Capital<br>Projects | Totals<br>(Memorandum<br>Only) |
| Cash Receipts:   |           |                         |                 |                     |                                |
| Local Taxes  | \$28,451  | \$77,164                | \$24,897        | \$39,181            | \$169,693                      |
| Intergovernmental  | 83,808    | 93,767                  | 0               | 21,145              | 198,720                        |
| Charges for Services   | 0         | 6,451                   | 0               | 0                   | 6,451                          |
| Licenses, Permits, and Fees  | 7,010     | 6,550                   | 0               | 0                   | 13,560                         |
| Earnings on Investments  | 8,281     | 2,577                   | 0               | 0                   | 10,858                         |
| Other Revenue  | 18,870    | 5,559                   | 0               | 0                   | 24,429                         |
| Total Cash Receipts  | 146,420   | 192,068                 | 24,897          | 60,326              | 423,711                        |
| Cash Disbursements:  |           |                         |                 |                     |                                |
| Current:   |           |                         |                 |                     |                                |
| General Government   | 103,651   | 2,758                   | 0               | 0                   | 106,409                        |
| Public Safety  | 16,263    | 25,550                  | 0               | 0                   | 41,813                         |
| Public Works   | 1,608     | 176,045                 | 0               | 0                   | 177,653                        |
| Health   | 0         | 10,419                  | 0               | 0                   | 10,419                         |
| Redemption of Principal  | 0         | 10,000                  | 23,333          | 26,850              | 60,183                         |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges  | 0         | 0                       | 1,576           | 2,494               | 4,070                          |
| Capital Outlay   | 31,368    | 0                       | 0               | 7,494               | 38,862                         |
| Total Cash Disbursements   | 152,890   | 224,772                 | 24,909          | 36,838              | 439,409                        |
| Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements  | (6,470)   | (32,704)                | (12)            | 23,488              | (15,698)                       |
| Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements |           |                         |                 |                     |                                |
| and Other Financing Disbursements  | (6,470)   | (32,704)                | (12)            | 23,488              | (15,698)                       |
| Fund Cash Balances, January 1  | 148,795   | 181,639                 | 40              | 9,872               | 340,346                        |
| Fund Cash Balances, December 31  | \$142,325 | \$148,935               | \$28            | \$33,360            | \$324,648                      |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

|  | Governmental Fund Types |                    |                 |                     |                                |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
|  | General                 | Special<br>Revenue | Debt<br>Service | Capital<br>Projects | Totals<br>(Memorandum<br>Only) |
| Cash Receipts:   |                         |                    |                 |                     |                                |
| Local Taxes  | \$27,467                | \$77,498           | \$25,679        | \$40,427            | \$171,071                      |
| Intergovernmental  | 59,564                  | 92,411             | 0               | 8,907               | 160,882                        |
| Charges for Services   | 0                       | 17,115             | 0               | 0                   | 17,115                         |
| Licenses, Permits, and Fees  | 7,713                   | 7,000              | 0               | 0                   | 14,713                         |
| Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties  | 0                       | 0                  | 0               | 0                   | 0                              |
| Earnings on Investments  | 2,317                   | 775                | 0               | 0                   | 3,092                          |
| Other Revenue  | 52,621                  | 8,274              | 0               | 0                   | 60,895                         |
| Total Cash Receipts  | 149,682                 | 203,073            | 25,679          | 49,334              | 427,768                        |
| Cash Disbursements:  |                         |                    |                 |                     |                                |
| Current:   |                         |                    |                 |                     |                                |
| General Government   | 108,318                 | 8,128              | 0               | 0                   | 116,446                        |
| Public Safety  | 12,782                  | 20,115             | 0               | 0                   | 32,897                         |
| Public Works   | 1,396                   | 130,159            | 0               | 0                   | 131,555                        |
| Health   | 0                       | 9,966              | 0               | 0                   | 9,966                          |
| Conservation - Recreation  | 500                     | 0                  | 0               | 0                   | 500                            |
| Debt Service:  |                         |                    |                 |                     |                                |
| Redemption of Principal  | 0                       | 0                  | 23,333          | 36,000              | 59,333                         |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges  | 0                       | 0                  | 2,306           | 5,022               | 7,328                          |
| Capital Outlay   | 8,672                   | 0                  | 0               | 26,911              | 35,583                         |
| Total Cash Disbursements   | 131,668                 | 168,368            | 25,639          | 67,933              | 393,608                        |
| Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements  | 18,014                  | 34,705             | 40              | (18,599)            | 34,160                         |
| Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements |                         |                    |                 |                     |                                |
| and Other Financing Disbursements  | 18,014                  | 34,705             | 40              | (18,599)            | 34,160                         |
| Fund Cash Balances, January 1  | 130,781                 | 146,934            | 0               | 28,471              | 306,186                        |
| Fund Cash Balances, December 31  | \$148,795               | \$181,639          | \$40            | \$9,872             | \$340,346                      |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Paris Township, Portage County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

### **B.** Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

#### C. Cash and Investments

The Township's investments consisted solely of an interest bearing checking account.

### D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Road and Bridge Fund - This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

#### 3. Debt Service Funds

These funds account for resources the Township accumulates to pay bond and note debt. The Township had the following significant Debt Service Fund:

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax money for payment of a loan for a Fire Truck purchased in 2003.

### 4. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for receipts restricted to acquiring or constructing major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Township had the following significant capital project fund:

<u>Road Garage Fund</u> – This fund is used to make payments on a noted used to construct a building for the Township's road equipment.

### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year

A summary of 2005 and 2004 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

### F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

### 2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a cash and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31, 2005 and 2004 was \$324,649 and \$340,346 respectively.

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending 2005 and 2004 follows:

| 2005 | Budgeted | vs Actual  | Receints  |
|------|----------|------------|-----------|
| 2000 | Duductou | vo. Actual | INCOCIDIO |

|                  | Budgeted  | Actual    |          |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Fund Type        | Receipts  | Receipts  | Variance |
| General          | \$114,918 | \$146,420 | \$31,502 |
| Special Revenue  | 157,154   | 192,068   | 34,914   |
| Debt Service     | 24,897    | 24,897    | 0        |
| Capital Projects | 57,750    | 60,326    | 2,576    |
| Total            | \$354,719 | \$423,711 | \$68,992 |

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

|                  | Appropriation | Budgetary    |           |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| Fund Type        | Authority     | Expenditures | Variance  |
| General          | \$263,711     | \$152,890    | \$110,822 |
| Special Revenue  | 338,794       | 224,772      | 114,022   |
| Debt Service     | 24,937        | 24,910       | 27        |
| Capital Projects | 67,623        | 36,837       | 30,785    |
| Total            | \$695,065     | \$439,409    | \$255,656 |
|                  |               |              |           |

### 2004 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

|                  | Budgeted  | Actual    | _        |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Fund Type        | Receipts  | Receipts  | Variance |
| General          | \$105,277 | \$149,682 | \$44,405 |
| Special Revenue  | 159,034   | 203,073   | 44,039   |
| Debt Service     | 25,679    | 25,679    | 0        |
| Capital Projects | 44,333    | 49,334    | 5,001    |
| Total            | \$334,323 | \$427,768 | \$93,445 |

### 2004 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

|                  | Appropriation | Budgetary    |           |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| Fund Type        | Authority     | Expenditures | Variance  |
| General          | \$272,505     | \$131,668    | \$140,837 |
| Special Revenue  | 305,968       | 168,368      | 137,600   |
| Debt Service     | 25,679        | 25,639       | 40        |
| Capital Projects | 72,805        | 67,933       | 4,872     |
| Total            | \$676,957     | \$393,608    | \$283,349 |
|                  |               |              |           |

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

### 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopt rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### 5. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2005 was as follows:

|                      | Principal | Interest Rate |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Note for Road Garage | \$36,000  | 5%            |
| Note for Fire Truck  | 23,334    | 3.35%         |
| Total                | \$59,334  |               |

The Road Garage Note was issued in 2001 for \$180,000 for the construction of a Township garage. Repayments are being made annually over the period of 5 years. Payments are \$36,000 principal plus interest. The notes are collateralized solely by the Township's taxing authority.

The Fire Truck Note was issued in 2003 for \$70,000 to finance the purchase of a Fire Pumper Truck to be used within the Township. The note will be repaid in annual installments of \$23,333 principal plus interest over 3 years. The notes are collateralized by tax revenues levied and collected annually under the Special Revenue, Fire Levy Fund.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

|                    | Fire Truck | Road Garage |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|
|                    | Loan       | Loan        |
| December 31, 2006: | \$24,115   | \$37,674    |

### 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Most of the Township's employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. However, two Trustees and the Fiscal Officer elected to contribute to social security in lieu of PERS. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes these plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2005 and 2004, OPERS members contributed 8.5 percent of their gross salaries. The Township contributed an amount equaling 13.55 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2005.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Government belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member townships pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

### Casualty Coverage

OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Townships can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$12,000,000 with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

### **Property Coverage**

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence. APEEP's Guarantee Fund was responsible for losses and loss adjustment expenses exceeding operating contributions.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stoploss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable value. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2005 was \$1,682,589.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA. They must provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contribution, minus the subsequent year's premium. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all property and casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the withdrawal.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004** (Continued)

#### 7. **RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)**

#### Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2005 and 2004.

| Casualty Coverage | <u>2005</u>         | <u>2004</u>         |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Assets            | \$30,485,638        | \$28,132,620        |
| Liabilities       | (12,344,576)        | (11,086,379)        |
| Retained earnings | <u>\$18,141,062</u> | <u>\$17,046,241</u> |
|                   |                     |                     |
| Property Coverage | <u>2005</u>         | <u>2004</u>         |
| Assets            | \$9,177,796         | \$7,588,343         |
| Liabilities       | (1,406,031)         | (543,176)           |
| Retained earnings | \$7,771,765         | \$7,045,167         |

The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.3 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member townships in the future, as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. OTARMA will collect these amounts in future annual premium billings when OTARMA's related liabilities are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims is approximately \$16,790.

#### 8. **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Township Fiscal Officer's husband and brother-in-law are part-time road employees at the Township, and also own a construction business (Shaulis Contracting) that does business with the Township. During 2005 and 2004, Shaulis Contracting installed a septic tank, fitness track, both contracts received under competitive bidding procedures, and renovated the Township Community Center.

Shaulis Contracting receives a form 1099 for the non-employee payments and each employee receives a W-2 for the employee wages. The Township disbursed \$13,145.43 in 2005 and \$36,683.39 in 2004 to Shaulis Contracting.



## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Paris Township Portage County (9174 Newton Falls Road Ravenna, OH 44266

### To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the Paris Township (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2006, wherein we noted the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted that the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. Government Auditing Standards considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and, as requested, operates UAN. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the Township's management dated September 28, 2006, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2005-001. In a separate letter to the Township's management dated September 28, 2006, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

Paris Township
Portage County
Independent Accountant's Report on Internal Control Over
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We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the Board of Trustees. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

September 28, 2006

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2005

### FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2005-001**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41 (D), states no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money are to be made unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D) (1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

- 1. Then and Now Certificate: If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made "then" at the time that he is completing his certification "now", sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the taxing authority can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The taxing authority has 30 days from the receipt of such certificate to approve payment by resolution or ordinance. If approval is not made within 30 days, there is no legal liability on the part of the subdivision or taxing district.
  - Amounts of less than \$100 for counties, or less than \$3,000 (\$1,000 prior to April 7, 2003) for other political subdivisions, may be paid by the fiscal officer without such affirmation of the taxing authority upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the taxing authority
- 2. <u>Blanket Certificate</u> Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. (Prior to September 26, 2003, blanket certificates were limited to \$5,000 and three months.) The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. <u>Super Blanket Certificate</u> The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Township did not always certify funds were available at the time of the commitment, 52 out of 101 transactions tested were not properly certified. The majority of these transactions were for utilities or other recurring expenditures, and although the Township did use blanket certificates, the beginning of the billing cycle preceded the date of the certification. Incurring obligations prior to the fiscal officer's certification could result in the Township spending more than appropriated. The Township did not meet any of the exceptions stated above.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval.

Paris Township Portage County Schedule of Findings Page 2 of 2

### FINDING NUMBER 2005-001 (Continued)

To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the fiscal officer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the Township certify purchases to which section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The fiscal officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied.

Clients Response: None



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### **PARIS TOWNSHIP**

### **PORTAGE COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

**CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 9, 2006**