AUDIT REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. 37 South Seventh Street Zanesville, Ohio 43701



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

Board of Education Penn Township, Morgan County 460 W. Shrivers Rd. Stockport, OH 43787

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of Penn Township, Morgan County, prepared by Wolfe, Wilson & Phillips, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Penn Township, Morgan County is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomery

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

May 23, 2006

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Title	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management Discussion and Analysis	2
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Nets Assets Year Ended December 31, 2005	7
Statement of Activities Year ended December 31, 2005	8
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds	
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances, Year Ended December 31, 2005	9
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balance	
Year Ended December 31, 2005.	10
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances-	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund, Year Ended December 31, 2005	11
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances-	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - Gas Tax Fund, Year Ended December 31, 2005	12
Notes to the Financial Statements	13
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control	
Over Financial Reporting based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	21
Schedule of Findings	22
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	23

WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. 37 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Penn Township Morgan County 460 W. Shrivers Road Stockport, Ohio 43787

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of Penn Township, Morgan County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprised the Township's basic financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the Township has prepared these financial statements and notes using the cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position-cash basis of the governmental activities, major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of Penn Township, Morgan County, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position-cash basis and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Gas Tax Fund, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 27, 2006, on our consideration of Penn Township's internal control structure over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Government Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio March 27, 2006

This discussion and analysis of the Penn Township's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2005, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Township's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

<u>Highlights</u>

Key highlights for 2005 are as follows:

The Township's general receipts are primarily Real Estate and property taxes for governmental activities for the year. Tax receipts for 2005 changed very little compared compared to 2004 as development within the Township has slowed.

In 2005, the Township purchased equipment in the amount of \$6,517.

In 2005, the Township received \$20,919, respectively, from FEMA for storm disasters.

In 2005, Long term debt at First National Bank was paid off.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole. The statement of cash basis assets and fund balances, and the statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in fund cash balances, present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Government as a Whole

The statements of net assets and statements of activities for 2005 reflect how the Township did financially within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The statement of net assets present the cash balances of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the programs services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General cash receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws form the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Township's tax base, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and real estate taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we divide the government into governmental activities. All of the Township's basic services are reported here, including road maintenance. Real estate and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Reporting the Government's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose.

Governmental Funds - All of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds for 2005 are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements. There are no reconciliations between the two reports as the township reports on the cash basis.

The Government as a Whole

Table 1

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets for 2005 on the cash basis:

	NI	ET ASSETS
		Governmental
		Activities
		2005
Assets		
Cash	\$	122,429
Total Assets		122,429
Net Assets		
Restricted for:		
Other Purposes		115,459
Unrestricted		6,970
Total Net Assets	\$	122,429

Since this is the first year the Township has reported on this method, there are no comparisons to 2004.

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2005

D	Governmental Activities 2005	
Receipts:		
Program Receipts:	¢	
Charges for Services	\$ -	
Operating Grants	109,659	
Capital Grants	-	
Total Program Receipts	109,659	
General Receipts;	20.451	
Property and Other Tax	30,471	
Grants and Entitlements		
not Restricted	10,165	
Interest	1,595	
Miscellaneous	3,800	
Total General Receipts	46,031	
Total Receipts	155,690	
Disbursements:		
General Government	17,181	
Public Safety	10,267	
Public Works	59,977	
Health	12,730	
Capital Outlay	6,517	
Debt Service	17,169	
Interest	2,670	
Total Disbursements	126,511	
Total Disoursements	120,311	
Increase/(Decrease)		
In Net Assets	29,179	
Net Assets, January 1	93,250	
Net Assets, December 31	\$ 122,429	_

Table 2CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Since this is the first year reporting under this method, there is no comparison to 2004.

Program receipts represent 70% of total receipts for 2005. They are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as motor vehicle license and gas tax money.

General receipts represent 30% of the Township's total receipts for 2005. Local taxes represent 66% of the general receipts. Grants and entitlements make up the balance of general receipts. Other receipts are insignificant and somewhat unpredictable receipt sources.

Disbursements for general government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities.

The Government's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$155,690 for 2005 and disbursements of \$126,511 for 2005. There were no significant changes from 2004.

Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2005, the Township made amendments to its appropriation budget and receipts budget to reflect changing circumstances. For 2005, actual receipts were greater than budgeted receipts.

Final budgeted disbursements for 2005 were \$215,262. Actual disbursements for 2005 were \$126,511. The Township kept spending close to budgeted amounts.

Debt

As of December 31, 2005, the Township had outstanding debt of \$43,922, with \$15,902 due within one year. The debt is a promissory note used to purchase a grader for Township use.

Contacting the Government's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Michelle Downing, Fiscal Officer, 460 W. Shrivers Road, Stockport, Ohio 43787.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities			
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	122,429		
Total Assets	\$	122,429		
NET ASSETS:				
Restricted for: Other Purposes		115,459		
Unrestricted		6,970		
Total Net Assets	\$	122,429		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Dist	Cash Disbursements		ges for vices Sales	Gi	perating ants and atributions	a	Grants nd butions	Rec Ch	Net oursements) ceipts and nanges in et Assets
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	17,181	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(17,181)
Public Safety		10,267		-		-		-		(10,267)
Public Works		59,977		-		109,659		-		49,682
Health		12,730		-		-		-		(12,730)
Capital Outlay		6,517		-		-		-		(6,517)
Debt Service		17,169		-		-		-		(17,169)
Interest Expense		2,670		-		-		-		(2,670)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	126,511	\$	-	\$	109,659	\$	-	\$	(16,852)

General Receipts: Property Taxes Levied fo

Net Assets End of Year	\$ 122,429
Net Assets Beginning of Year	 93,250
Change in Net Assets	29,179
Total General Receipts	 46,031
Miscellaneous	 3,800
Interest	1,595
Restricted to Specific Programs	10,165
Grants and Entitlements not	,
General Purposes	30,471
Property Taxes Levied for:	

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2005

	General		Gas <u>General Tax</u>		Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and cash Equivalents	\$	6,970	\$	81,657	\$	33,802	\$	122,429	
Total Assets	\$	6,970	\$	81,657	\$	33,802	\$	122,429	
Fund Balances: Unreserved:									
General Fund Special Revenue Fund		6,970		- 81,657		33,802		6,970 115,459	
Total Fund Balances	\$	6,970	\$	81,657	\$	33,802	\$	122,429	

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2005

	General		Gasoline General Tax		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
CASH RECEIPTS								
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	8,153	\$	-	\$	16,946	\$	25,099
Intergovernmental		12,227		100,400		12,569		125,196
Interest		738		705		152		1,595
Other		3,400		-		400		3,800
Total Receipts		24,518		101,105		30,067		155,690
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:								
Current:								
General Government		17,181		-		-		17,181
Public Safety		-		-		10,267		10,267
Public Works		1,484		39,764		18,729		59,977
Health		2,885		-		9,845		12,730
Debt Service								
Principal Retirement		-		17,169		-		17,169
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		2,670		-		2,670
Capital Outlay		-		6,517		-		6,517
Total Disbursements		21,550		66,120		38,841		126,511
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		2,968		34,985		(8,774)		29,179
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year		4,002		46,672		42,576		93,250
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$	6,970	\$	81,657	\$	33,802	\$	122,429

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted	Amou	ints			Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	0	riginal		Final	A	Actual	-	egative)
CASH RECEIPTS								
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	11,200	\$	11,200	\$	8,153	\$	(3,047)
Intergovernmental		14,511		14,511		12,227		(2,284)
Interest		500		500		738		238
Other		700		700		3,400		2,700
Total Receipts		26,911		26,911		24,518		(2,393)
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:								
Current:								
General Government		28,769		29,269		17,181		12,088
Public Works		2,000		2,000		1,484		516
Health		4,200		4,200		2,885		1,315
Capital Outlay				-		-		-
Total Disbursements		34,969		35,469		21,550		13,919
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(8,058)		(8,558)		2,968		11,526
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year		4,002		4,002		4,002		
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$	(4,056)	\$	(4,556)	\$	6,970	\$	11,526

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GAS TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
CASH RECEIPTS					
Intergovernmental	\$ 67,000	\$ 67,000	\$ 100,400	\$ 33,400	
Interest	600	600	705	105	
Other	100	100		(100)	
Total Receipts	67,700	67,700	101,105	33,405	
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:					
Current:					
Public Works	78,422	78,422	39,764	38,658	
Debt Service - Principal	17,200	17,200	17,169	31	
Debt Service - Interest	2,700	2,700	2,670	30	
Capital Outlay	10,000	10,000	6,517	3,483	
Total Disbursements	108,322	108,322	66,120	42,202	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(40,622)	(40,622)	34,985	75,607	
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year	46,672	46,672	46,672		
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 6,050	\$ 6,050	\$ 81,657	\$ 75,607	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Township of Penn, Morgan County, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly-elected three member Board of Trustees and a publicly elected Fiscal Officer.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that were included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection. The Township contracts with the Village of Pennsville and M&M Fire Department to provide fire services and emergency medical services.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are more of the Township's accounting policies.

Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities or the Township that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or service. The Township has no business-type activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net assets present the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the programs goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are divided into one category: governmental.

Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's major governmental funds are General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The Gasoline Tax Fund is used for Trustee's salary and for the maintenance and up keep of roads. The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note. There were no modifications having substantial support.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated (except certain agency funds). The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and set limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported in the original budget on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is deposited into a checking account which earns 1.40 percent interest. In 2005, interest credited to the General Fund was \$738.

Restricted Assets

Cash and cash equivalents are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Amounts restricted for other purposes represents special revenue funds restricted to a specific use.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

3. CHANGE IN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND EQUITY

Last audit period the Township reported fund financial statements by fund type using the regulatory basis of accounting as prescribed by the State Auditor's Office. This audit period the Township has implemented the cash basis of accounting. The fund financial statements now present each major fund in a separate column with nonmajor funds aggregated and presented in a single column, rather than a column for each fund type. There was no restatement of fund equity due to this change.

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparisons of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). There were no outstanding encumbrances at year end for 2005.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. **DEPOSITS**

Monies held by the Township are classified by State into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, including negotiable order of withdrawl (NOW) accounts.

Protection of the Township's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by collateral pledged to the Township by the financial institution, or by a collateral pool established by the financial institution, to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution. The Citizens National Bank of McConnelsville is the financial institution for Penn Township.

Deposits:

At year ended December 31, 2005, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$122,429 and the bank balance was \$128,154. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$28,154 was collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's public entity deposit pool and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Township to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Real property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstance, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located in the Township.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must be file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$5.50 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Real Property	
Residential	\$ 5,830,620
Agriculture	-
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	55,310
Public Utility Property	
Real	-
Personal	916,310
Tangible Personal Property	112,200
Total Assessed Value	\$ 6,914,440

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2005 the Township contracted with the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio Townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements, and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles. Coverage provided by OTARMA is as follows:

Legal Liability	\$2,000,000 Per Occurrence
Automobile Liability	\$2,000,000 Per Occurrence
Wrongful Acts	\$2,000,000 Per Occurrence
Automobile Damage	\$56,994 Total Insured Liability
Property	\$358,126 Total Insured Liability

There were no significant reductions in coverage from prior years and claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is based on accident history and administrative costs.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2004, the latest information available.

Casualty Coverage	2004	2003
Assets	\$ 30,687,203	\$ 27,792,223
Liabilities	(13,640,962)	(11,791,300)
Retained Earnings	\$ 17,046,241	\$ 16,000,923
Property Coverage	2004	2003
Assets	\$ 7,799,073	\$ 6,791,060
Liabilities	(753,906)	(750,956)
Retained Earnings	\$ 7,045,167	\$ 6,040,104

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the years ended December 31, 2005, the members in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2005 was 13.55 percent. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$8,698, \$8,858, and \$9,384, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2005, 2004 and 2003. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2005 were \$8,698 made by the Township and \$5,453 made by the plan members.

Post Employment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health car coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State Statute. The 2005 local government contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll, 4 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as December 31, 2004, include a rate of return on investments of 8 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .5 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase between 1 percent and 6 percent annually for the next eight years and 4 percent annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 369,885. Actual employer contributions for 2005 which were used to fund postemployment benefits was \$210,421. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2004, (the latest information available) were \$10.5 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$26.9 billion and \$16.4 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2005, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2008. The HCPP restructures OPERS's health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs.

9. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Principa	I Interest rate	
Grader Kansas State Bank	\$ 43,92	4.25%	

A promissory note was issued for the purchase of a grader to be used for Township road maintenance. This note is collateralized by the grader. Payments are made annually.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ended		
December 31	Grader	
2006	\$ 15,902	
2007	15,902	
2008	15,902	
Total	\$ 47,706	

WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. 37 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.

Penn Township Morgan County 460 W. Shrivers Road Stockport, Ohio 43787

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Penn Township as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2006, wherein we noted the Township followed the cash basis of accounting, a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Penn Township's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated March 27, 2006.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Penn Township's combined financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2005-01. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of Penn Township in a separate letter dated March 27, 2006.

This report is intended for the information of the Board of Trustees, and the Auditor of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio March 27, 2006

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2005-01

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) states in part that no subdivision shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of fiscal officer of the subdivision. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet such a commitment has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

Prior certification was not obtained for 75% in 2005 of the expenditures tested.

The Fiscal Officer should certify funds before each payment is made through the issuance of a regular, blanket, or super blanket purchase order. Blanket certificates should be issued for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of council against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. A super blanket purchase order can be completed for any amount for expenditures and contracts from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund for most recurring or reasonable predictable operating expenditures. This is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket may be outstanding at one particular time for a particular line item appropriation account.

Also, as an alternative, the Township can issue then and now certificates for expenses up to \$3,000. Then and now certificates allow the Fiscal Officer to certify that both at the time the expenditure was made and at the time that the certification is completed, sufficient funds are available. These certificates can be certified by the Fiscal Officer without subsequent authorization from the Trustees. However, then and now certificates issued by the Fiscal Officer over \$3,000 must be authorized by the Trustees within thirty days after payment.

Client Response: We agree with finding and will try to improve in the future.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Finding Number	e	Fully Corrected	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2004-01	ORC 5705.41(D) Invoice dated prior to fiscal certification		Not Corrected: Cited in current report as finding 2005-01.



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370 Facsimile 614-466-4490

PENN TOWNSHIP

MORGAN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbrtt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JUNE 06, 2006