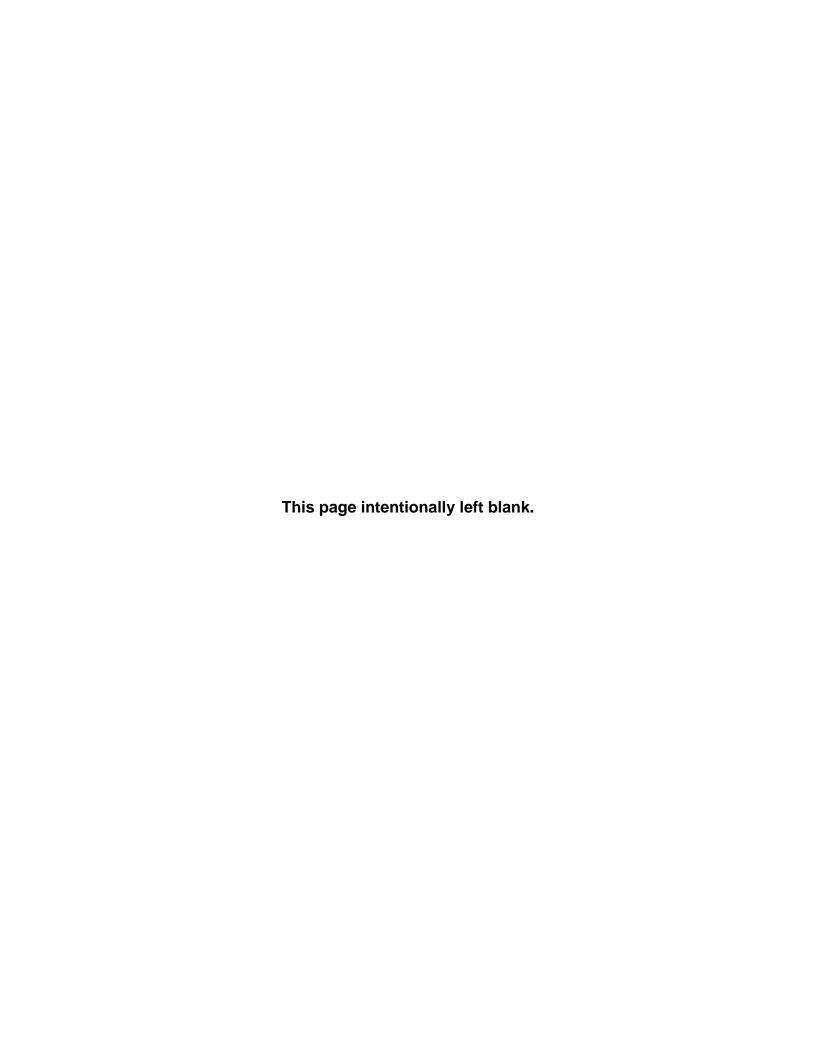




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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Center Township Wood County 15605 Carter Road Bowling Green, Ohio 43402-9377

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Center Township, Wood County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the modified cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Center Township Wood County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Center Township, Wood County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Gasoline Tax, Road and Bridge, Special Levy - Fire Funds thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 1 describes.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Township revised its financial presentation comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments.*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2007, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 8, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

This discussion and analysis of Center Township's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2005, within the limitations of the Township's modified cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$25,227, or 6.8 percent, from the prior year.
- The Township's general receipts are primarily taxes and intergovernmental revenues. These receipts represent 47.3 percent and 45.7 percent, respectively, of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Intergovernmental receipts for 2005 increased significantly compared to 2004 due to Estate tax monies received by the Township in 2005. The Dunbridge Road Corridor Agreement was revised in 2004, with an agreed payment of \$35,000 to be received annually by the Township, rather than the previous amount, which was based on a percentage.
- Roadwork that was done in 2005 totaled \$159,109. The Township paid \$18,620 in 2005 on a loan for a dump truck purchased in 2003, which has a remaining balance of \$15,587 for 2006. A payment of \$25,000 was made to the Wood County Engineer for an unbilled Issue II project with a beginning balance of \$69,277. The balance at fiscal year end is \$44,277, to be paid over the next two years, with \$25,000 to be paid in 2006 and the balance to be paid in 2007.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Township as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Township did financially during 2005, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Township's property tax base, the condition of the Township's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities show only governmental activities. The Township's basic services are reported here, including fire and roads. Property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose.

All of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, and the Special Levy – Fire Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004 on a modified cash basis:

(Table 1) **Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities			
	2005	2004		
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$347,173	\$372,400		
Total Assets	\$347,173	\$372,400		
Net Assets				
Restricted for:				
Other Purposes	\$136,192	\$149,888		
Unrestricted	210,981	222,512		
Total Net Assets	\$347,173	\$372,400		

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$25,227 or 6.8 percent during 2005. The primary reasons contributing to the decreases in cash balances are as follows:

- Road projects were \$114,402 in 2004 and \$159,109 in 2005.
- The Township made its first Issue II payment to the County Engineer, totaling \$25,000.

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2005. Since the Township did not prepare financial statements in this format for 2004, a comparative analysis of Township-wide data has not been presented. In future years, when prior year information is available, a comparative analysis will be presented.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

(Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

Receipts: Program Receipts: Charges for Services and Sales \$9,275 Operating Grants and Contributions 94,996 Total Program Receipts 104,271 General Receipts: 198,048 Property and Other Local Taxes 198,048 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 96,490 Interest 8,046 Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400 Net Assets, December 31st \$347,173		Governmental Activities 2005
Charges for Services and Sales \$9,275 Operating Grants and Contributions 94,996 Total Program Receipts 104,271 General Receipts: 198,048 Property and Other Local Taxes 198,048 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 596,490 Interest 8,046 Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Receipts:	
Operating Grants and Contributions 94,996 Total Program Receipts 104,271 General Receipts: 198,048 Property and Other Local Taxes 198,048 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 96,490 Interest 8,046 Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Program Receipts:	
Total Program Receipts 104,271 General Receipts: 198,048 Property and Other Local Taxes 198,048 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 96,490 Interest 8,046 Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: Seneral Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	•	· ·
General Receipts: 198,048 Property and Other Local Taxes 198,048 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 96,490 Interest 8,046 Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	. •	
Property and Other Local Taxes 198,048 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 96,490 Interest 8,046 Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	·	104,271
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 96,490 Interest 8,046 Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	•	
to Specific Programs 96,490 Interest 8,046 Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: 29,623 General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400		198,048
Interest 8,046 Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: Seneral Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted	
Miscellaneous 12,134 Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: 29,623 General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400		•
Total General Receipts 314,718 Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: 29,623 General Government 29,623 Public Safety 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Interest	8,046
Total Receipts 418,989 Disbursements: 29,622 General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Miscellaneous	12,134
Disbursements: 126,082 General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Total General Receipts	314,718
General Government 126,082 Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Total Receipts	418,989
Public Safety 29,623 Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Disbursements:	
Public Works 249,898 Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	General Government	126,082
Health 7,580 Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Public Safety	29,623
Capital Outlay 12,413 Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Public Works	249,898
Debt Service 18,620 Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Health	7,580
Total Disbursements 444,216 Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Capital Outlay	12,413
Decrease in Net Assets (25,227) Net Assets, January 1st 372,400	Debt Service	18,620
Net Assets, January 1st372,400	Total Disbursements	444,216
Net Assets, January 1st 372,400		
	Decrease in Net Assets	(25,227)
Net Assets, December 31st \$347,173	Net Assets, January 1st	
	Net Assets, December 31st	\$347,173

Program receipts represent 25 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as motor vehicle license and gas tax money.

General receipts represent 75 percent of the Township's total receipts, and of this amount, approximately 63 percent are local taxes. State and federal grants and entitlements make up the balance of the Township's general receipts (31 percent). Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities. These include the costs of trustees, and the Fiscal Officer, as well as internal services such as payroll and purchasing.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Public Safety is the costs of fire protection; Public Works is the costs of maintaining the roads; Health Services is the health department and the costs of maintaining cemeteries; Capital Outlay is the cost of purchasing equipment to maintain the roadways and for fire protection services; and Debt Service is the cost of paying a loan for a dump truck purchased in 2003.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for public works and general government, which account for 56 and 28 percent of all governmental disbursements, respectively. The next two columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

(Table 3) Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services
	2005	2005
General Government	\$126,082	\$120,837
Public Safety	29,623	23,623
Public Works	249,898	156,872
Health	7,580	7,580
Capital Outlay	12,413	12,413
Debt Service	18,620	18,620
Total Expenses	\$444,216	\$339,945

The dependence upon property tax receipts is apparent as over 50 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

The Township's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$418,989 and disbursements of \$444,216. The greatest change within governmental funds occurred within the General Fund. The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$11,531 as the result of increased costs for salaries and benefits as well as increased payments for road projects.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

During 2005, the Township amended its General Fund budget, as well as the budget of several other funds to reflect changing circumstances. There was no change between final budgeted receipts and original budgeted receipts.

Final budgeted disbursements did not fluctuate from original budgeted disbursements. Final disbursements were budgeted at \$350,544 while actual disbursements were \$216,396. The Township kept spending well within budgeted amounts to lessen the reducing of fund balance. The result was a decrease in fund balance of \$11,531 for 2005.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Township does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure.

Debt

At December 31, 2005, the Township's outstanding debt included \$15,587 in a loan issued for the purchase of a dump truck. For further information regarding the Township's debt, refer to Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The challenge for all Townships is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on local taxes and have very little industry to support the tax base.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Janice Sarver, Fiscal Officer, Center Township, Wood County, 15605 Carter Road, Bowling Green, Ohio 43402-9377.

Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$347,173
Total Assets	\$347,173
Net Assets	
Restricted for: Other Purposes	136,192
Unrestricted	210,981
Total Net Assets	\$347,173

Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Program Cas	Program Cash Receipts		
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety Public Works Health Capital Outlay Debt Service	\$126,082 29,623 249,898 7,580 12,413 18,620	\$5,245 1,000 3,030	5,000 89,996	(\$120,837) (23,623) (156,872) (7,580) (12,413) (18,620)	
Total Governmental Activities	444,216	9,275	94,996	(339,945)	
		General Receipts Property Taxes: General Road & Bridge Maintenance Fire Other Taxes Grants and Entitlements not Restr Interest Miscellaneous	ricted to Specific Programs	60,914 68,791 33,343 35,000 96,490 8,046 12,134	
		Total General Receipts		314,718	
		Change in Net Assets		(25,227)	
		Net Assets Beginning of Year		372,400	
		Net Assets End of Year		\$347,173	

Statement of Modified Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2005

	General	Gasoline Tax	Road and Bridge	Special Levy Fire	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	General	Tax	Bridge	FIIE	Fullus	Fullus
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$210,981	\$25,621	\$10,710	\$82,079	\$17,782	\$347,173
Total Assets	\$210,981	\$25,621	\$10,710	\$82,079	\$17,782	\$347,173
Fund Balances						
Unreserved:						
Undesignated, Reported in:						
General Fund	210,981					210,981
Special Revenue Funds		25,621	10,710	82,079	17,782	136,192
Total Fund Balances	\$210,981	\$25,621	\$10,710	\$82,079	\$17,782	\$347,173

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Modified-Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	General	Gasoline Tax	Road and Bridge	Special Levy Fire	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$60,914		\$68,791	\$33,343		\$163,048
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	35,000					35,000
Charges for Services	1,000					1,000
Licenses, Permits and Fees	4,095	70.540	7 440	0.457	40.404	4,095
Intergovernmental	85,584	70,512 1,315	7,449	8,457	19,484	191,486
Interest	8,046 10,226	1,315 576	1,614	868	1,715	11,076 13,284
Other	10,220	376	1,014	000		13,204
Total Receipts	204,865	72,403	77,854	42,668	21,199	418,989
Disbursements						
Current:						
General Government	126,082					126,082
Public Safety	511			29,112		29,623
Public Works	77,223	71,349	80,452		20,874	249,898
Health	7,580			44.470	4.005	7,580
Capital Outlay				11,178	1,235	12,413
Debt Service:	4,819	4,743	5,320		2,448	17,330
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	181	4,743 178	839		2,446 92	1,290
Interest and Fiscal Charges	101	170	039		92	1,290
Total Disbursements	216,396	76,270	86,611	40,290	24,649	444,216
Net Change in Fund Balances	(11,531)	(3,867)	(8,757)	2,378	(3,450)	(25,227)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	222,512	29,488	19,467	79,701	21,232	372,400
Fund Balances End of Year	\$210,981	\$25,621	\$10,710	\$82,079	\$17,782	\$347,173

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$78,867	\$78,867	\$95,914	\$17,047
Charges for Services	2,000	2,000	1,000	(1,000)
Licenses, Permits and Fees	1,250	1,250	4,095	2,845
Intergovernmental	89,650	89,650	85,584	(4,066)
Interest	2,500	2,500	8,046	5,546
Other	4,500	4,500	10,226	5,726
Total receipts	178,767	178,767	204,865	26,098
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	213,983	211,483	126,082	85,401
Public Safety	511	511	511	
Public Works	82,870	85,370	77,223	8,147
Health	8,580	8,580	7,580	1,000
Capital Outlay	44,600	44,600	5,000	39,600
Total Disbursements	350,544	350,544	216,396	134,148
Net Change in Fund Balance	(171,777)	(171,777)	(11,531)	160,246
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	222,512	222,512	222,512	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$50,735	\$50,735	\$210,981	\$160,246

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Gasoline Tax Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Receipts					
Intergovernmental	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$70,512	\$10,512	
Interest	250	250	1,315	1,065	
Other			576	576	
Total receipts	60,250	60,250	72,403	12,153	
Disbursements Current:					
Public Works	84,738	84,738	71,349	13,389	
Debt Service:	,	,	•	,	
Principal Retirement	4,744	4,744	4,743	1	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	178	178	178		
Total Disbursements	89,660	89,660	76,270	13,390	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(29,410)	(29,410)	(3,867)	25,543	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	29,488	29,488	29,488		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$78	\$78	\$25,621	\$25,543	

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Road and Bridge Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$63,250	\$63,250	\$68,791	\$5,541
Intergovernmental	7,000	7,000	7,449	449
Other	4,612	4,612	1,614	(2,998)
Total receipts	74,862	74,862	77,854	2,992
Disbursements				
Current:				
Public Works	87,500	87,500	80,452	7,048
Capital Outlay	1,457	1,457		1,457
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	5,320	5,320	5,320	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	839	839	839	
Total Disbursements	95,116	95,116	86,611	8,505
Net Change in Fund Balance	(20,254)	(20,254)	(8,757)	11,497
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	19,467	19,467	19,467	
Fund Balance End of Year	(\$787)	(\$787)	\$10,710	\$11,497

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Special Levy Fire Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Receipts			_		
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$32,613	\$32,613	\$33,343	\$730	
Intergovernmental	3,000	8,000	8,457	457	
Other	1,050	1,050	868	(182)	
Total receipts	36,663	41,663	42,668	1,005	
Disbursements Current:					
Public Safety	68,700	68,700	29,112	39,588	
Capital Outlay	16,877	16,877	11,178	5,699	
Supriar Sunay	10,011	10,011	11,170	0,000	
Total Disbursements	85,577	85,577	40,290	45,287	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(48,914)	(43,914)	2,378	46,292	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	79,701	79,701	79,701		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$30,787	\$35,787	\$82,079	\$46,292	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY

Center Township, Wood County, Ohio (the Township), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that were included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, maintenance of Township roads and bridges, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection.

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 8 to the financial statements provides additional information for this pool.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Township is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Township is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Township in that the Township approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Township, are accessible to the Township and are significant in amount to the Township.

Based on these criteria, the Township has no component units.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Township that are governmental. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. Funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The Township only has governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Gasoline Tax Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund, and the Special Levy – Fire Fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The Gasoline Tax Fund is used for operating supplies, repair and maintenance of roads and equipment. The Road and Bridge Fund is used for road resurfacing and bridge repair. The Special Levy – Fire Fund is used for equipment maintenance, fire runs and training for firefighters, gear, and supplies.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for intergovernmental revenues and investment income whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Clerk. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificated of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments. Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During 2005, the Township invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio is recorded at share value as reported by the State of Ohio.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2005 was \$8,046.

F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There are no restricted assets.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Township reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's modified cash basis of accounting.

K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 9 and 10, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

L. Long-Term Obligations

The Township's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither other financing source nor capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

M. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for road and bridge construction and maintenance.

The Township's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The Township reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods.

O. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/disbursements in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND EQUITY

Last year the Township reported fund financial statements by fund type using the regulatory basis of accounting as prescribed by the State Auditor's Office. This year the Township has implemented the *modified* cash basis of accounting described in Note 2. The fund financial statements now present each major fund in a separate column with nonmajor funds aggregated and presented in a single column, rather than a column for each fund type. There were no adjustments to beginning fund balances since the basis of accounting has not changed.

NOTE 4 - COMPLIANCE

The Township did not properly certify certain Township disbursements.

NOTE 5 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund, gasoline tax fund, road and bridge fund, and the special levy-fire fund are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the modified cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (modified cash basis). There were no outstanding encumbrances at year end.

NOTE 6 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

 United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (CONTINUED)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$122,367 of the Township's bank balance of \$222,367 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Township's name.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Investments

As of December 31, 2005, the Township had the following investment:

	Carrying			
	Value		Maturity	
Not Subject to Categorization:				
STAR Ohio	\$	138,994	35.3 days	

Interest rate risk arises because the fair value of investments changes as interest rates change. The Township has no investment policy dealing with interest rate risk.

STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Real property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2004 became a lien on December 31, 2003, were levied after October 1, 2004, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2005 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the true value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the first payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAXES – (CONTINUED)

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$5.80 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	
Residential	\$19,086,110
Agriculture	5,847,730
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	1,654,350
Public Utility Property	
Real	17,340
Personal	2,184,020
Tangible Personal Property	2,294,123
Total Assessed Value	\$31,083,673

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member townships pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Townships can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$12,000,000 with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence. APEEP's Guarantee Fund was responsible for losses and loss adjustment expenses exceeding operating contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (CONTINUED)

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provide aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable value. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2005 was \$1,682,589.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA. They must provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contribution, minus the subsequent year's premium. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all property and casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the withdrawal.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2005 and 2004:

Casualty Coverage	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Assets	\$30,485,638	\$28,132,620
Liabilities	(12,344,576)	(11,086,379)
Retained earnings	<u>\$18,141,062</u>	\$17,046,241
Property Coverage	<u>2005</u>	2004
Assets	\$9,177,796	\$7,588,343
Liabilities	(1,406,031)	(543,176)
Retained earnings	<u>\$7,771,765</u>	\$7,045,167

The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.3 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member townships in the future, as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. OTARMA will collect these amounts in future annual premium billings when OTARMA's related liabilities are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims is approximately \$14,470.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the members of all three plans were required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2005 was 9.55 percent. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional plan for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003, were \$18,756, \$16,588, and \$15,700 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2005, 2004, and 2003.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2005 local government employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.00 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (CONTINUED)

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2003, include a rate of return on investments of 8.00 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases.

Health care premiums were assumed to increase between 1.00 and 6.00 percent annually for the next eight years and 4.00 percent annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 369,885. Actual employer contributions for 2004, which were used to fund postemployment benefits, were \$210,421. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2003, (the latest information available) were \$10.5 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$26.9 billion and \$16.4 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs.

NOTE 11 - DEBT

The Township's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	Interest	Balance December 31,			Balance December 31,	Due Within
_	Rate	2004	Additions	Reductions	2005	One Year
Governmental Activities	_					_
Truck Loan	3.80%	\$32,917		\$17,330	\$15,587	\$15,587
2003 Issue (Original Amount						
\$49,375)						
Issue II Repayment	0%	69,277		25,000	44,277	25,000
County Engineer (Original Amount \$69,277)						
Total Governmental Activities		\$102,194	\$0	\$42,330	\$59,864	\$40,587

The truck loan from Huntington National Bank was used to purchase a new dump truck and plowing equipment for Township road maintenance. The note is collateralized by the Township's full faith and credit. The Issue II repayment stems from an amount due to the County for road work performed; this will be paid from an appropriate fund out of the Public Works line item.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - DEBT - (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the Township's future annual debt service requirements:

			Issue II
	Truck	Repayment	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal
2006	\$15,587	\$635	\$25,000
2008			19,277
Totals	\$15,587	\$635	\$44,277

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Township electorate passed a 1.2 mill tax levy on the November 7, 2006, ballot for the purpose of fire department operating expenses and purchasing fire apparatus.

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Center Township Wood County 15605 Carter Road Bowling Green, Ohio 43402-9377

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Center Township, Wood County, (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2007, in which we disclosed the Township prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting. We also noted that the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and, as requested, operates UAN. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. In a separate letter to the Township's management dated January 8, 2007, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Center Township Wood County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2005-001.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Trustees. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 8, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005

1. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2005-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D) (1) states that no subdivision shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer of the subdivision. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet such a commitment has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. Every such contract made without such a certificate shall be void and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

Then and Now Certificate: If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by resolution or ordinance.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without such affirmation of the taxing authority upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the taxing authority.

Blanket Certificate: Fiscal Officers may prepare "blanket" certificates not exceeding amounts as approved by the Board of Trustees via Ordinance or Resolution, or running beyond the current year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.

Super Blanket Certificate: The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

For thirty-three percent of the expenditures tested, prior certification was not obtained nor was a then and now certificate utilized. Certification is not only required by Ohio law but is a key control in the disbursements process to help assure purchase commitments receive prior approval, and to help reduce the possibility of Township funds being over expended or exceeding budgetary spending limitations as set by the Trustees.

Center Township Wood County Schedule of Findings Page 2

To improve controls over disbursements, we recommend all Township non-payroll disbursements receive prior certification of the Fiscal Officer. When that is not possible, a then and now certificate should be executed.

Client's Response: After review of the finding addressed above, the Client has elected to not respond to the finding.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2004-001	ORC § 5705.41(D) (1) requires prior certification of expenditures.	No	Repeated as finding 2005-001.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CENTER TOWNSHIP

WOOD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 30, 2007