Audited Financial Statements

June 30, 2006



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Coshocton County Career Center 23640 Airport Road Coshocton, Ohio 43812

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Coshocton County Career Center, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Coshocton County Career Center is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 12, 2007



COSHOCTON COUNTY CAREER CENTER COSHOCTON COUNTY

JUNE 30, 2006

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December 6, 2006

To the Board of Education Coshocton County Career Center Coshocton, OH 43812

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coshocton County Career Center (the "Career Center"), Coshocton County, Ohio as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Career Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Career Center's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coshocton County Career Center, Coshocton County, Ohio as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated December 6, 2006, on our consideration of the Career Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Coshocton County Career Center Independent Auditor's Report December 6, 2006 Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Coshocton County Career Center's (the "Career Center") financial performance provides an overall review of the Career Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Career Center's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Career Center's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$3,381,770 in revenue or 86.7 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions accounted for \$517,682 or 13.3 percent of total revenues of \$3,899,452.
- Total program expenses were \$3,570,920.
- In total, net assets increased \$328,532.
- Outstanding debt decreased from \$452,688 to \$405,188 during 2006.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Coshocton County Career Center as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Career Center, presenting both an aggregate view of the Career Center's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Career Center's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Coshocton County Career Center, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Reporting the Career Center as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Career Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Career Center as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2006?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Career Center's *net assets* and *changes in those assets*. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Career Center as a whole, the *financial position* of the Career Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Career Center's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, Governmental Activities include the Career Center's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and non instructional services, ie, food service operations.

Reporting the Career Center's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the Career Center's major funds begins on page 12. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Career Center's major funds. The Career Center uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Career Center's most significant funds. The Career Center's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the Career Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Career Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Reporting the Career Center's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Career Center acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The Career Center's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities on page 20. These activities are excluded from the Career Center's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the Career Center to finance its operations.

The Career Center as a Whole

Recall the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the Career Center as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Career Center's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005:

(Table 1) Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2006	2005
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 2,071,517	\$ 1,734,852
Capital Assets	1,210,164	1,288,148
Total Assets	3,281,681	3,023,000
Liabilities		
Long-Term Liabilities	620,871	649,402
Other Liabilities	1,815,084	1,856,404
Total Liabilities	2,435,955	2,505,806
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital		
Assets Net of Debt	877,664	908,148
Restricted	94,137	86,937
Unrestricted	(126,075)	(477,891)
Total Net Assets	\$ 845,726	\$ 517,194

Total net assets increased by \$328,532. A decrease of \$77,984 in total capital assets reflects depreciation exceeding additional purchases. Total liabilities decreased by \$69,851, which was primarily a result of a decrease in claims payable and long-term liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. The Career Center has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement No. 34, revenue and expense comparisons. This table presents two fiscal years in side-by-side comparison. This will enable the reader to draw further conclusions about the Career Center's financial status and possibly project future problems.

(Table 2) Change in Net Assets Governmental Activities

Revenues	2006 2005		2005
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 136,901	\$	163,992
Operating Grants	380,781		347,721
General Revenue			
Property Taxes	1,388,030		1,365,550
Grants and Entitlements	1,960,084		1,783,533
Other	33,656		29,124
Total Revenues	3,899,452		3,689,920
Program Expenses			
Instruction	2,117,804		2,257,691
Support Services	1,306,392		1,346,121
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	117,018		107,329
Extracurricular Activities	13,387		16,560
Interest and Fiscal Charges	16,319		28,879
Total Program Expenses	3,570,920		3,756,580
Change in Net Assets	328,532		(66,660)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	517,194		583,854
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 845,726	\$	517,194

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources fund the Career Center's governmental activities with intergovernmental revenue in the form of operating grants and unrestricted grants and entitlements being the largest contributor. Intergovernmental revenue generated \$2,340,865 in 2006. Property tax levies, which generated \$1,388,030, are also a large revenue generator. With the combination of taxes and intergovernmental funding over 100 percent of expenses in governmental activities, the Career Center monitors both of these revenue sources very closely for fluctuations.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

(Table 3)
Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Instruction	\$ 2,117,804	\$ 2,257,691	\$ (1,791,407)	\$ (1,898,831)
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	443,356	423,678	(386,362)	(394,917)
Board of Education, Administration				
Fiscal, Business and Central	479,202	526,899	(473,398)	(511,204)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	375,356	395,411	(370,398)	(392,201)
Pupil Transportation	8,478	133	(8,478)	(133)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	117,018	107,329	6,511	(2,142)
Extracurricular Activities	13,387	16,560	(13,387)	(16,560)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	16,319	28,879	(16,319)	(28,879)
Total	\$ 3,570,920	\$ 3,756,580	\$ (3,053,238)	\$ (3,244,867)

Instruction and student support services comprise 71.7 percent of governmental program expenses. Other support services such as board of education, administration, fiscal and business were 13.4 percent of governmental program expenses. Fiscal expenses include payments to the County Auditor for administrative fees and other administrative services provided to the Career Center. Interest and fiscal charges were .5 percent. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bonds. Pupil transportation and the operation and maintenance of facilities accounts for 10.7 percent of governmental program expenses. Operation of non-instructional services, consisting primarily of food service operations, comprises 3.3 percent of governmental program expenses. Extracurricular activities comprise .4 percent of total expenses.

The dependence upon tax revenues and general revenue entitlements from the State for governmental activities is apparent. Program revenues only account for 14.5 percent of program expenses. Program revenues include charges for services and grants and contributions that are program specific. The community is the second largest area of support for the Career Center students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

The Career Center's Funds

Information about the Career Center's major funds starts on page 11. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$4,019,800 and expenditures of \$3,927,778. The net change in governmental fund balance for the year totaled \$92,022.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Career Center's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue was \$3,737,753 representing a \$191,919 increase from the original budget estimate of \$3,545,834. Final appropriations of \$3,656,879 are \$106,180 higher than original budget appropriations. The general fund unencumbered cash balance at the end of the fiscal year was \$101,775.

During the course of fiscal year 2006, the Career Center made modifications to the general fund budget. The Career Center uses site-based budgeting and budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2006, the Career Center had \$1,210,164 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment. See note 8 for additional details. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2006 balances compared with 2005.

(Table 4) Capital Assets at June 30 Governmental Activities

	2006		2005
Land	\$	28,429	\$ 28,429
Land improvements		2,873	3,103
Buildings and improvements		1,128,606	1,181,436
Furniture and Equipment		50,256	75,180
Totals	\$	1,210,164	\$ 1,288,148

All capital assets, except land, are reported net of depreciation. The \$77,984 decrease in capital assets was attributable to depreciation expense exceeding additional purchases.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Senate Bill 345 requires the Career Center to set aside \$155.07 per pupil of certain general fund revenues in each of two areas, one for the purchase of textbooks and materials related to instruction and the other for capital outlay. For fiscal year 2006, this amounted to \$37,753 for each set aside. The Career Center has qualifying disbursements or offsets exceeding these requirements for both set asides.

Debt

At June 30, 2006, the Career Center had \$405,188 in outstanding debt with \$54,229 due within one year. See note 14 for additional details. Table 5 summarizes bonds outstanding.

(Table 5) Outstanding Debt, at June 30

	2006	2005		
Installment Loan H.B. 264 Loan	\$ 72,688 332,500	\$	72,688 380,000	
Total	\$ 405,188	\$	452,688	

Current Issues

The Career Center anticipates a slow, steady growth in enrollment, as has happened during the last three years. The Career Center is continually investigating new vocational programs to offer. As labor market information becomes available and future trends are analyzed, the Coshocton Career Center offers newer, cutting edge programs to benefit students, thus increasing enrollment and generating increased foundation funding for the Career Center.

Contacting the Career Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Career Center's finances and to show the Career Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Brenda Neff, Treasurer of Coshocton County Career Center, 23640 Airport Road, Coshocton, OH 43812.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	Government Activities	al
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 429	9,887
Cash and Cash Equivalents With Fiscal Agent	27	1,418
Receivables:		
Taxes	1,34:	3,899
Accounts		2,935
Intergovernmental		7,160
Inventory Held For Resale		3,775
Materials and Supplies Inventory		2,443
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		8,429
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	1,18	1,735
Total Assets	3,28	1,681
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	4	4,809
Accrued Wages and Benefits	384	4,727
Intergovernmental Payable	50	6,911
Deferred Revenue	1,213	3,883
Accrued Vacation Leave Payable	:	8,203
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	20	0,029
Accrued Interest Payable	:	5,716
Claims Payable	120	0,806
Long Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year	54	4,229
Due in More Than One Year	560	6,642
Total Liabilities	2,43:	5,955
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	87′	7,664
Restricted for:		
Capital Projects		9,454
Other Purposes		4,683
Unrestricted	(120	6,075)
Total Net Assets	\$ 84:	5,726

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

				Program 1	Revenu	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Expenses	5	narges for Services nd Sales	G G	Operating rants and ntributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$	478,829	\$	43,275	\$	0	\$ (435,554)
Special		56,515		0		202,947	146,432
Vocational		1,582,460		29,078		51,097	(1,502,285)
Support Services:							
Pupils		211,698		0		36,065	(175,633)
Instructional Staff		231,658		85		20,844	(210,729)
Board of Education		36,857		0		0	(36,857)
Administration		214,811		219		585	(214,007)
Fiscal		197,643		0		5,000	(192,643)
Business		29,891		0		0	(29,891)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		375,356		4,958		0	(370,398)
Pupil Transportation		8,478		0		0	(8,478)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		115 505		59,286		64 242	7.024
Food Service Operations Community Services		115,595 1,423		39,280		64,243 0	7,934 (1,423)
Extracurricular Activities		13,387		0		0	(13,387)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		16,319		0		0	(16,319)
interest and i iscar charges		10,317	-				 (10,317)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,570,920	\$	136,901	\$	380,781	 (3,053,238)
	Prope Gen	ral Revenues erty Taxes Levied eral Purposes	d for:				1,325,595
		t Service				_	62,435
		s and Entitleme	nts not l	Restricted to S	Specific	e Programs	1,960,084
		ment Earnings					12,675
		ellaneous					 20,981
	Total	General Reveni	ıes				 3,381,770
	Chan	ge in Net Assets					328,532
	Net A	ssets Beginning	of Year				 517,194
	Net A	ssets End of Yea	ır				\$ 845,726

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

		General	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	162,495	\$	267,392	\$	429,887
Receivables:		1 250 015		-1.001		4.040.000
Taxes		1,278,915		64,984		1,343,899
Accounts		2,795		140		2,935
Interfund		19,384		0		19,384
Intergovernmental		0		7,160		7,160
Inventory Held For Resale		0		3,775		3,775
Materials and Supplies Inventory		12,443		0		12,443
Advances to Other Funds	_	292,051		1,087		293,138
Total Assets	\$	1,768,083	\$	344,538	\$	2,112,621
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	4,437	\$	372	\$	4,809
Accrued Wages and Benefits		364,983	·	19,744	·	384,727
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		20,029		0		20,029
Interfund Payable		0		19,384		19,384
Intergovernmental Payable		50,779		6,132		56,911
Advances from Other Funds		0		293,138		293,138
Deferred Revenue		1,218,657		61,975		1,280,632
Total Liabilities		1,658,885		400,745		2,059,630
Fund Balances						
Reserved for Encumbrances		56,323		3,856		60,179
Reserved for Property Taxes		60,258		3,009		63,267
Undesignated, Unreserved Reported in:						
General Fund		(7,383)		0		(7,383)
Special Revenue Funds		0		(133,682)		(133,682)
Debt Service Fund		0		62,610		62,610
Capital Projects Funds		0		8,000		8,000
Total Fund Balances		109,198		(56,207)		52,991
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,768,083	\$	344,538	\$	2,112,621

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2006

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 52,991
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		1,210,164
Delinquent property taxes are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		66,749
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		150,612
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in the governmental funds, and interest expenditure		130,012
is reported when due.		(5,716)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
H.B. 264 Loan	\$ (332,500)	
Installment Loan	(72,688)	
Vacation Leave Payable	(8,203)	
Compensated Absences	 (215,683)	
Total		(629,074)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 845,726

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	 General	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 1,326,852	\$	62,506	\$	1,389,358	
Intergovernmental	2,143,509		356,226		2,499,735	
Investment Income	12,675		0		12,675	
Tuition and Fees	0		15,844		15,844	
Rentals	4,958		0		4,958	
Charges for Services	12,694		59,286		71,980	
Contributions and Donations	0		3,425		3,425	
Miscellaneous	 21,429		396		21,825	
Total Revenues	 3,522,117		497,683		4,019,800	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	498,803		7,843		506,646	
Special	0		62,824		62,824	
Vocational	1,657,898		62,197		1,720,095	
Support Services:						
Pupils	203,203		33,590		236,793	
Instructional Staff	223,792		17,277		241,069	
Board of Education	36,857		0		36,857	
Administration	237,595		390		237,985	
Fiscal	210,648		4,107		214,755	
Business	40,422		0		40,422	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	413,140		2,520		415,660	
Pupil Transportation	8,478		0		8,478	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:						
Food Servce Operations	0		127,867		127,867	
Community Services	1,423		0		1,423	
Extracurricular Activities	13,387		0		13,387	
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	0		47,500		47,500	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 0		16,017		16,017	
Total Expenditures	 3,545,646		382,132		3,927,778	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (23,529)		115,551		92,022	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(23,529)		115,551		92,022	
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	 132,727		(171,758)		(39,031)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 109,198	\$	(56,207)	\$	52,991	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 92,022
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation	\$ 21,732 (99,716)	
Total		(77,984)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Grants Delinquent Property Taxes	(119,020) (1,328)	
Total		(120,348)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		47,500
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in the governmental funds, and interest expenditure is reported when due.		(302)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use the current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Vacation Payable Compensated Absences	(1,158) (18,969)	
Total		(20,127)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		407,771
		.,,
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 328,532

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgetee	Budgeted Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,360,180	\$ 1,325,800	\$ 1,325,845	\$ 45
Intergovernmental	1,939,330	2,154,953	2,143,509	(11,444)
Investment Income	11,468	9,000	12,675	3,675
Rentals	4,685	3,000	5,178	2,178
Charges for Services	11,485	16,000	12,694	(3,306)
Contributions and Donations	0	1,000	0	(1,000)
Miscellaneous	18,686	18,000	20,654	2,654
Total Revenues	3,345,834	3,527,753	3,520,555	(7,198)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	489,439	497,431	497,432	(1)
Vocational	1,663,773	1,691,976	1,690,943	1,033
Support Services:				
Pupils	181,125	184,752	184,083	669
Instructional Staff	221,330	225,783	224,944	839
Board of Education	44,812	48,583	45,544	3,039
Administration	238,450	245,100	242,344	2,756
Fiscal	201,950	212,317	205,248	7,069 23
Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant	46,540 439,711	47,323 448,832	47,300 446,892	1,940
Pupil Transportation	9,000	9,648	9,147	501
Central	118	300	120	180
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	110	300	120	180
Food Service Operations	858	810	809	1
Extracurricular Activities	13,593	14,140	13,878	262
Total Expenditures	3,550,699	3,626,995	3,608,684	18,311
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(204,865)	(99,242)	(88,129)	11,113
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	200,000	210.000	101.200	(20.720)
Advances In	200,000	210,000	181,280	(28,720)
Advances Out	0	(29,384)	(29,384)	0
Transfers Out	0	(500)	(500)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	200,000	180,116	151,396	(28,720)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,865)	80,874	63,267	(17,607)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	5,388	5,388	5,388	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	33,120	33,120	33,120	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 33,643	\$ 119,382	\$ 101,775	\$ (17,607)

Statement of Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Fund
June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	\$ 271,418	
Liabilities Claims Payable	 120,806	
Net Assets Unrestricted	\$ 150,612	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$	795,824
Operating Expenses		74.710
Fringe Benefits Purchased Services		74,718 27,888
Claims		288,004
Cidinis		200,001
Total Operating Expenses		390,610
Operating Income		405,214
Non Operating Payanus		
Non-Operating Revenues Interest		2,557
Change in Net Assets		407,771
Net Assets (Deficit) Beginning of Year		(257,159)
Net Assets End of Year	\$	150,612

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash Received from Interfund Services Cash Payments for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Claims	\$	795,824 (102,606) (303,176)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		390,042
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities Advances to Other Funds		(171,280)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest on Investments		2,557
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		221,319
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		50,099
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	271,418
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$	405,214
Adjustments: Decrease in Claims Payable		(15,172)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	390,042

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2006

		agency
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,719
Liabilities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Accounts Payable Due to Students	\$	2,000 10,719
Total Liabilities	\$	12,719

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Coshocton County Career Center (Career Center) was established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Career Center is a school district as defined by Section 3311.18 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Career Center operates under a Board of Education, consisting of five members appointed by participating school districts. Average daily membership on October 1, 2006, was 269. The Career Center employs 28 certificated and 16 non-certificated employees.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to insure that the basic financial statements of the Career Center are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Career Center. For the Coshocton County Career Center, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the Career Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Career Center is financially accountable. The Career Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Career Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Career Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Career Center is legally entitled to, or can otherwise access, the organization's resources; the Career Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provides financial support to, the organization; or the Career Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Career Center in that the Career Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The Career Center has no component units.

The Career Center is involved with Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Services Association (OME-RESA), which is defined as a jointly governed organization. Additional information concerning the jointly governed organization is presented in Note 15.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Career Center have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Career Center also applied Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its internal service fund unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the Career Center's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Career Center's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Career Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is also eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Career Center at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Career Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Career Center, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Career Center.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the Career Center segregates transactions related to certain Career Center functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Career Center at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The Career Center uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Career Center are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the Career Center's major governmental fund:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Career Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the Career Center account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds focus on the determination of changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The Career Center's only proprietary fund is an internal service fund.

Internal Service Fund – The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Career Center on a cost reimbursement basis. The Career Center's internal service fund accounts for the operation of the Career Center's self-insurance program for employee medical benefits.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Career Center under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are, therefore, not available to support the Career Center's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Career Center's only fiduciary funds are agency funds, which account for student advance placement testing and student activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Career Center are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenditures) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Career Center finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund activity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – **Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Career Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Career Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Career Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Career Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees, and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2006, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Budgetary modifications at this level require a resolution of the Board of Education. The treasurer has been given the authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Career Center Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the Career Center is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Career Center records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents". The Career Center participates in the OME-RESA insurance consortium for self-insurance. These monies are held separate from the Career Center's central bank account and are reflected in the financial statement as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents".

During fiscal year 2006, investments were limited to STAROhio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule2a4 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2006.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$12,675, which includes \$8,735 assigned from other Career Center funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Career Center are reported as cash equivalents.

G. Inventory

Inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method, which means that the costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when consumed.

Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

H. Capital Assets

All capital assets of the Career Center are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Career Center has a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. The Career Center does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives	
Land Improvements	20 Years	
Buildings and Improvements	10-50 Years	
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 Years	
Vehicles	8 Years	

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". Long-term interfund loans (advances) are classified as "advances from other funds" and "advances to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the Career Center's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which the employee who has accumulated unpaid leave is paid.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements and all payables, accrued liabilities and long term obligations from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Career Center or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include instructional activities and grants.

The Career Center applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The Career Center reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations or expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation, in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances and property taxes.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute.

N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Career Center, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2006.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. New Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the Career Center has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries, GASB Statement No. 46, Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation, and Statement No. 47, Accounting for Termination Benefits.

Statement No. 42 establishes accounting and financial standards for impairment of capital assets and clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

Statement No. 46 establishes that any amount of the primary government's net assets at the end of the reporting period restricted by enabling legislation should be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. At June 30, 2006, none of the Career Center's net assets were restricted by enabling legislation.

Statement No. 47 provides guidance to governmental employers for measuring, recognizing, and reporting liabilities and expenses/expenditures related to *all* termination benefits without limitation as to the period of time during which the benefits are offered.

The implementation of these GASB statements did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 3: FUND DEFICITS

Fund balances at June 30, 2006 included the following individual fund deficits:

Other Governmental Funds:

Food Service	\$(38,462)
Uniform Supplies	(5,990)
Adult Education	(184,015)
Career Development	(3,330)

The deficits in these funds resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 4: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the Career Center is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) rather than when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditure (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 4: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement on a fund type basis for the general fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$	(23,529)
Net Adjustments for Revenue Accruals		(1,562)
Advances In		181,280
Net Adjustments for Expenditure Accruals		(2,817)
Advances Out		(29,384)
Adjustment for Encumbrances		(60,721)
Budget Basis	\$	63.267
Dudget Dasis	Ψ	03,207

NOTE 5: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statues classify monies held by the Career Center into three categories.

Active monies are public deposits necessary to meet the demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Career Center treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 5: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and any other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).
- 7. Certain bankers acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the purchase date in any amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests noted in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Career Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

According to State law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the Career Center's name. During 2006, the Career Center and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 5: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Career Center's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Career Center.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the Career Center's deposits was \$159,052, which includes \$310 cash on hand. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures," as of June 30, 2006, \$42,326 of the Career Center's bank balance of \$142,326 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above, while \$100,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Funds Held by Fiscal Agent

The Career Center participates in the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency School Employees Insurance Consortium for employee benefits. The Career Center has \$271,418, representing internal service fund pooled cash and cash equivalents. All benefit deposits are made to the Consortium's depository account. Collateral is held by a qualified third-party trustee in the name of the Consortium.

Investments

As of June 30, 2006, the Career Center had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities								
	Fair	6 Months	6 Months 7 to 12		19 to 24					
Investment Type	Value	or Less	Months	Months	Months					
STAROhio	\$ 283,554	\$ 283,554	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0					

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the Career Center's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less for investments with a fixed interest rate, and two years or less for investments with a variable interest rate.

Credit Risk. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAROhio an AAA rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Career Center places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At June 30, 2006, 100 percent of the Career Center's investments were in STAROhio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 6: PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the Career Center's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the Career Center in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 became a lien December 31, 2004, were levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2006 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the value as of December 31, 2005. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the Career Center prior to June 30.

The Career Center receives property taxes from Coshocton, Guernsey, Licking, Muskingum and Tuscarawas Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the Career Center their portions of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2006, are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2006, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the delayed personal property tax and the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006, was \$60,258 in the general fund and \$3,009 in the bond retirement debt service fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005 was \$59,251 in the general fund and \$2,966 in the bond retirement debt service fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 6: PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

	2005 Second-Hal	f Collections	2006 First-Half Collections				
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent			
Agricultural/Residential	\$ 364,336,540	58%	\$ 371,982,520	59%			
Commercial/Industrial	99,810,530	16%	99,112,890	16%			
Tangible Personal Property	164,571,099	26%	151,023,590	24%			
Public Utility/Minerals	645,280	0%	4,467,680	1%			
Total Assessed Value	\$ 629,363,449	100%	\$ 626,586,680	100%			
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed value	\$ 2.50		\$ 2.50				

NOTE 7: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2006 consisted of taxes, accounts (rent, student fees and tuition), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of the State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 8: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2005		Additions		Deletions		Balance 6/30/2006	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	28,429	\$	0	\$	0	\$	28,429
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Land Improvements		319,230		0		0		319,230
Building and Improvements		3,573,734		3,500		0		3,577,234
Furniture and Equipment		694,059		18,232	0			712,291
Vehicles		99,441		0		0		99,441
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		4,686,464	21,732			0		4,708,196
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Land Improvements		(316,127)		(230)		0		(316,357)
Building and Improvements		(2,392,298)		(80,079)		0		(2,472,377)
Furniture and Equipment		(618,879)		(19,407)		0		(638,286)
Vehicles		(99,441)		0		0		(99,441)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,426,745)		(99,716) *		0		(3,526,461)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net		1,259,719		(77,984)		0		1,181,735
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,288,148	\$	(77,984)	\$	0	\$	1,210,164

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 27,291
Vocational	62,088
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	7,077
Administration	631
Business	2,242
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	137
Operation on Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operations	250
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 99,716

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Insurance

The Career Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Career Center has a comprehensive property and casualty policy with a deductible of \$1,000 per incident on property and equipment. The Career Center's comprehensive property and casualty policy aggregate limit is approximately \$250,000,000 (subject to scheduled limits). There is a separate policy covering boiler and machinery with a limit of \$50,000,000 and a \$2,500 deductible. The Career Center's vehicle insurance policy limit is \$1,000,000 with a \$1,000 auto physical damage deductible. All board members, administrators, and employees are covered under a Career Center liability policy. Additionally, the Career Center carries a \$3,000,000 blanket umbrella policy. The limits of this coverage are \$5,000,000 in aggregate per occurrence. Settlement claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Fidelity Bond

The board president and superintendent have a \$20,000 position bond. The treasurer is covered under a surety bond in the amount of \$60,000. In addition, the Career Center is covered by an umbrella policy in the amount of \$2,000,000.

C. Workers' Compensation

The Career Center pays the State Workers' Compensation System, an insurance purchasing pool, a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. The Career Center is a member of the Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. on behalf of the Ohio Association of School Business Officials, an insurance purchasing pool. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

D. Employee Health Insurance

The Career Center is self-insured for its medical, visions and dental insurance programs. Premiums are paid into the self-insurance fund and are available to pay claims and administrative costs. The Career Center is a member of the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) Self-Insurance Plan, a claims servicing pool, consisting of fifty members, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the Career Center's behalf. A stop-loss insurance contract with a private insurance carrier covers specific liability claims in excess of \$50,000. The claims liability at June 30, 2006, was estimated by the third party administrator to be \$120,806. This based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in the fund's claim liability for 2005 and 2006 are listed below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

		Balance						
Beginning			Current		Claims	Balance		
		of Year	Ye	Year Claims		Payments		d of Year
		_						
2005	\$	129,259	\$	351,059	\$	344,340	\$	135,978
2006	\$	135,978	\$	288,004	\$	303,176	\$	120,806

NOTE 10: OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. All employees earn three days of personal leave per year. This may not be accumulated. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Vacation days must be used within a year, unless Board approval is obtained. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 215 days for all personnel. Upon completion of ten or more years of service to the School District, state, or other political subdivision, and retirement from the profession, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit up to a maximum of 54 days for certified employees and 50 days for classified employees.

B. Life Insurance

The Career Center provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to employees through Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Association Health Benefits Plan. Coverage is provided for all certified and classified employees depending on salary, ranging from \$20,000 to \$75,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 11: PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The Career Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under forms and publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Career Center is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the Career Center's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The Career Center's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$73,939, \$64,094 and \$66,753, respectively. The Career Center has contributed 100 percent for each fiscal year.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Career Center participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 11: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Career Center was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Career Center's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$242,719, \$230,695 and \$206,104, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for each fiscal year.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2006, one member of the Board of Education has elected social security. The Career Center's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Career Center provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All Retirees of the DC or Combined Plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds in included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the Career Center, this amount equaled \$17,337 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), the balance in the fund was \$3.3 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$254,780,000 and STRS had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 12: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.43 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .92 percent from fiscal year 2005. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay has been established as \$27,400. The surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employee's SERS salary. For the Career Center, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, during the 2006 fiscal year equaled \$26,903.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. Net health care costs for the year ending June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178,221.113. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses, the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. At June 30, 2005, the value of the health care fund was \$267.5 million, which is approximately 168 percent of next year's projected net health care costs of \$158,776,151. SERS has 58,123 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 13: INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2006, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Interfund Receivable		terfund ayable	 lvances to her Funds	Advances from Other Funds		
General	\$ 19,384	\$	0	\$ 292,051	\$	0	
Other Governmental:							
Trust	0		0	1,087		0	
Uniform Supplies	0		0	0		6,316	
Food Service	0		10,000	0		30,989	
Adult Education	0		9,384	0		177,269	
Enhancements	0		0	0		4,511	
Career Development	0		0	0		1,316	
Vocational Education							
Professional Development	0		0	0		72,737	
	\$ 19,384	\$	19,384	\$ 293,138	\$	293,138	

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances are expected to be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 14: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the Career Center's long-term obligations during the fiscal year 2006 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/2005		Additions		Deductions		Principal Outstanding 6/30/2006		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
H.B. 264 Loan, 4.5%, maturing 2013	\$	380,000	\$	0	\$	(47,500)	\$	332,500	\$	47,500
Installment Loan, 4.5%, maturing 2014		72,688		0		0		72,688		6,729
Compensated Absences		196,714		38,998		(20,029)		215,683		0
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$	649,402	\$	38,998	\$	(67,529)	\$	620,871	\$	54,229

During fiscal year 2003, the Career Center entered into a loan for a House Bill 264 project that consists of various repairs and upgrades to the school building to become more energy efficient. The total amount financed for the project was \$475,000. As in prior years, the loan will be paid from property tax revenue in the bond retirement debt service fund.

In fiscal year 1999, the Career Center entered into an agreement with the Coshocton County Commissioners to amortize \$100,000 worth of water and sewer line tap-in and other fees over a ten-year period. These amortized costs will mature in fiscal year 2014. The present value of \$100,000 over 10 years at an incremental borrowing rate of 4.5 percent amounts to \$77,381. Construction was completed in June 2003 and the first payment was due in fiscal year 2005. There was no payment made in fiscal year 2006 due to the timing of annual payments. The loan will be paid from foundation revenue in the general fund.

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which has been the practice in prior years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 14: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	H.B. 264 Loan		Installme	ent Loan	Total			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2007	\$ 47,500	\$ 14,963	\$ 6,729	\$ 3,271	\$ 54,229	\$ 18,234		
2008	47,500	12,825	7,032	2,968	54,532	15,793		
2009	47,500	10,688	7,348	2,651	54,848	13,339		
2010	47,500	8,550	7,679	2,321	55,179	10,871		
2011	47,500	3,384	8,025	1,975	55,525	5,359		
2012-2014	95,000	3,384	35,875	4,125	130,875	7,509		
	\$ 332,500	\$ 53,794	\$ 72,688	\$ 17,311	\$ 405,188	\$ 71,105		

NOTE 15: JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Association (OME-RESA) OME-RESA is a jointly governed organization comprised of 52 schools, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to state statute. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions for member Career Centers. Each of the governments of these Career Centers support OME-RESA based on a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The OME-RESA assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating Career Center and a representative from the fiscal agent. OME-RESA is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership of the OME-RESA assembly. The board of directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least an assembly member from each county from which participating Career Centers are located. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Jefferson County Education Services Center, which serves as fiscal agent, located in Steubenville, Ohio.

NOTE 16: CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Career Center received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the Career Center at June 30, 2006.

B. Litigation

The Career Center is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the Career Center.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 17: SET-ASIDES

The Career Center is required by State Statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>T</u>	extbooks_	Im	Capital provements
Set-aside Reserve Balances as of June 30, 2005 Set-aside Carryforward from Prior Year	\$	0 (464,764)	\$	0 (396,065)
Current Year Set-aside Requirement Current Year Qualifying Disbursements		37,753 (129,723)		37,753 (84,321)
Totals	\$	(556,734)	\$	(442,633)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$	(556,734)	\$	(396,065)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2006	\$	0	\$	0

The Career Center had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the textbooks set-aside amount below zero. This amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. The Career Center also had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital acquisition set-aside amount below zero. A portion of this amount (\$396,065) may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements for future years.



December 6, 2006

To the Board of Education Coshocton County Career Center Coshocton, OH 43812

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coshocton County Career Center (the "Career Center") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Career Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Career Center's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weakneses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Career Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing* Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated December 6, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, and the Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Rea & Associates, Inc.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

COSHOCTON COUNTY CAREER CENTER

COSHOCTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 30, 2007