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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Harrison Township Knox County 8540 Millersburg Road Gambier, Ohio 43022

To the Board of Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your Township to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

June 27, 2007

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Harrison Township Knox County 8540 Millersburg Road Gambier, Ohio 43022

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Harrison Township, Knox County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Township's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require townships to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

88 E. Broad St. / Tenth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-3402 (800) 443-9275 Fax: (614) 728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Harrison Township Knox County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of Harrison Township, Knox County, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2007 on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 27, 2007

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Governmental Fund Types			Totals		
		_		Special	(Me	emorandum
Ocal Bassints	<u>G</u>	eneral	R	evenue		Only)
Cash Receipts:	\$	16 201	\$	10.061	\$	26.262
Property and Other Local Taxes	Ф	16,301 1,700	Ф	10,061 660	Ф	26,362
Licenses, Permits, and Fees		21,182				2,360
Intergovernmental		•		110,785		131,967
Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous		1,178		466		1,644
Miscellaneous		2,489		363		2,852
Total Cash Receipts		42,850		122,335		165,185
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
General Government		28,601		14,129		42,730
Public Safety		-		116		116
Public Works		1,758		72,222		73,980
Health		1,477		-		1,477
Capital Outlay		500		35,000		35,500
Debt Service:						
Redemption of Principal		-		4,026		4,026
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges				1,474		1,474
Total Cash Disbursements		32,336		126,967		159,303
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		10,514		(4,632)		5,882
Other Financing Receipts:						
Sale of Notes		-		20,000		20,000
Other Financing Sources		177		-		177
Total Other Financing Receipts		177		20,000		20,177
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing						
Receipts Over Cash Disbursements		10,691		15,368		26,059
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		5,128		58,583		63,711
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	15,819	\$	73,951	\$	89,770

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Governmental Fund Types			nd Types	Totals	
				Special	(Me	morandum
		Seneral	R	levenue		Only)
Cash Receipts:						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	16,133	\$	9,172	\$	25,305
Licenses, Permits, and Fees		1,300		-		1,300
Intergovernmental		24,693		91,464		116,157
Earnings on Investments		399		140		539
Miscellaneous		382		795		1,177
Total Cash Receipts		42,907		101,571		144,478
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
General Government		38,407		1,132		39,539
Public Works		9,951		73,411		83,362
Health		1,130		-		1,130
Other		-		1,500		1,500
Debt Service:						
Redemption of Principal		5,000		8,194		13,194
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		1,672		597		2,269
Total Cash Disbursements		56,160		84,834		140,994
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		(13,253)		16,737		3,484
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		18,381		41,846		60,227
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	5,128	\$	58,583	\$	63,711

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Harrison Township, Knox County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance and cemetery maintenance.

The Township participates in the Eastern Knox County Joint Fire District, a jointly governed organization. Note 9 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Cash

The Township maintains an interest earning checking account.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash that is restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2006 and 2005 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

2. Equity in Pooled Cash

The Township maintains a cash pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	2006	2005
Demand deposits	\$89,770	\$63,711

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 follows:

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	В	udgeted		Actual		
Fund Type	F	Receipts	F	Receipts	V	ariance
General	\$	37,993	\$	43,027	\$	5,034
Special Revenue		81,441		142,335		60,894
Total	\$	119,434	\$	185,362	\$	65,928

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$45,122	\$32,336	\$12,786
Special Revenue	137,569	126,967	10,602
Total	\$182,691	\$159,303	\$23,388

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$49,220	\$42,907	(\$6,313)
Special Revenue	79,961	101,571	21,610
Total	\$129,181	\$144,478	\$15,297

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$68,003	\$56,160	\$11,843
Special Revenue	121,403	84,834	36,569
Total	\$189,406	\$140,994	\$48,412

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

4. Property Tax (Continued)

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2006 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Building Note	\$23,000	5.25%
Backhoe Note	20,000	6.50%
Total	\$43,000	

In 2003, the Township issued Notes to finance the construction of a new building. The note is secured by the building. In 2006, the Township issued Notes to finance the purchase of a used backhoe to be used for Township road maintenance. The note is secured by the backhoe. In 2005, the Township completely paid off all debt related to a dump truck.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Building Note	Backhoe Note
2007	\$5,122	\$4,813
2008	5,122	4,813
2009	5,122	4,813
2010	5,122	4,813
2011	5,122	4,813
2012	5,122	0
Total	\$30,732	\$24,065

6. Retirement System

The Township's employees belong the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan benefits, which include post retirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2006 and 2005, OPERS members contributed 9 and 8.5%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 13.7 and 13.55%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2006.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

7. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006 OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (for claims prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (for claims on or after January 1, 2006) as noted above.

Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stoploss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2006 was \$1,901,127.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

7. Risk Management (Continued)

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2006 and 2005.

Casualty Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$32,031,312	\$30,485,638
Liabilities	(11,443,952)	(12,344,576)
Retained earnings	<u>\$20,587,360</u>	<u>\$18,141,062</u>

Property Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$10,010,963	\$9,177,796
Liabilities	(676,709)	(1,406,031)
Retained earnings	<u>\$9,334,254</u>	<u>\$7,771,765</u>

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 958 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$7,140. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contributions to OTARMA	
2004	\$3,316
2005	\$3,443
2006	\$3,570

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

7. Risk Management (Continued)

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they give written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

8. Jointly Governed Organization

The Eastern Knox County Joint Fire District (The District) is a jointly governed organization pursuant to Ohio Revised Code section 505.371. The District was formed in 2001 and consists of Brown, Butler, Harrison, Howard, Jefferson and Union Townships and the Villages of Brinkhaven and Danville. The Board consists of a trustee from each township and village and an at large member appointed by the vote of the District Board. Revenues are generated from a five mill operating levy. In 2003, Harrison Township transferred the remaining balance in the Fire Fund to the District.

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Harrison Township Knox County 8540 Millersburg Road Gambier, Ohio 43022

To the Township Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of Harrison Township, Knox County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2007, wherein we noted the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a significant deficiency.

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Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
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A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider the following deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting: 2006-001.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. However, we believe finding number 2006-001 is also a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2006-002 and 2006-003.

We also noted certain noncompliance or an other matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated June 27, 2007.

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Township's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and the Township Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 27, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2006-001

Financial Statement Presentation - Material Weakness

A monitoring system should be in place to prevent or detect material misstatements for the accurate presentation of the Township's financial statements.

The Fiscal Officer did not always accurately post receipts and disbursements to the Township's accounting system. The following posting errors were noted:

- License, Permits and Fees were posted as miscellaneous receipts and to incorrect funds.
- Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax (PMVL) Fund receipts were posted to incorrect funds.
- Homestead and Rollback receipts were not always posted to correct funds.
- Issuance of notes for the backhoe and related capital outlay expenditures were not recorded.
- Principal and Interest payments were posted as capital outlay expenditures.
- Principal and Interest payments were posted as public work expenditures.
- Payments for cemetery expenses were posted to the Gasoline Tax and PMVL Funds, which is contrary to the legally established purposes for which the funds were created.
- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Fund not created to account for grant funding in accordance with AOS Audit Bulletin 98-013.

Not posting receipts and disbursements accurately to the ledgers resulted in the financial statements requiring numerous audit adjustments and reclassification entries, as well as inaccurate accounting records making it difficult for the Board of Trustees to effectively manage and budget for the Township's activities.

We recommend the Township's Fiscal Officer take steps to ensure the accurate posting of all transactions to the ledgers. Cash receipts and disbursements should be posted in accordance with procedures and posting guidelines established in the Uniform Accounting Network line item descriptions and AOS Bulletins. By exercising accuracy in recording financial activity, the Township can reduce posting errors and increase the reliability of the financial data throughout the year.

The Township's financial statements have been adjusted to accurately reflect the proper receipt and disbursement line item classifications.

Official's Response:

The Fiscal Officer agrees with the information in the finding and has made the necessary adjustments to the financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2006-002

Noncompliance Finding

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10 states that all revenue that is derived from a special levy is to be credited to a special fund for the purpose for which the levy is made. Additionally, section (D) states that all revenue derived from a source other than the general property tax, for which the law does not prescribe use for a particular purpose, shall be paid into the general fund.

Year Description		General Fund		Motor Vehicle License Fund		Gasoline Tax Fund		Road & Bridge Fund		Permissive Motor Vehicle License Fund	
Per	mestead and Rollback missive License Taxes	\$	(509)			\$	(2,835)	\$	509	\$	2,835
Mot	ing Fees or Vehicle Tax ess Payment for Debt		500 (2,209)	\$	742		(500) (742) 2,209				
	Effect on Fund Balance	\$	(2,218)	\$	742	\$	(1,868)	\$	509	\$	2,835
	nestead and Rollback	\$	(1,138)			Φ.	(704)	\$	1,138	•	704
	missive License Taxes Effect on Fund Balance	\$	(1,138)	\$	-	\$	(791) (791)	\$	1,138	\$	791 791

As noted in Finding 2006-001, the Township Fiscal Officer misposted the above receipts and expenditures to the noted funds. These errors lead to inaccurate financial records and the inaccurate reporting of the financial activity of each of the respective funds.

We recommend the Township's Fiscal Officer take steps to ensure the accurate posting of all transactions to the ledgers in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10.

The Township has posted the necessary adjustments to their accounting system and financial statements to the above noted funds.

Official's Response:

The Fiscal Officer agrees with the information in the finding and has made the necessary adjustments to the financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2006-003

Noncompliance Citation

Expenditure of Gasoline Tax and Permissive Motor Vehicle License (PMVL) Revenues

Article XII, § 5a of the Ohio Constitution states that no monies derived from fees, excises, or license taxes relating to registration, operation, or use of vehicles on public highway, or to fuels used for propelling such vehicles, shall be expended for other than costs of administering such laws, statutory refunds and adjustments provided therein, payment of highway obligations, costs for construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair of public highways and bridges and other statutory highway purposes, expense of state enforcement of traffic laws, and expenditures authorized for hospitalization of indigent persons injured in motor vehicle accidents on the public highways.

Ohio Rev. Code § 5735.27 (A)(5)(d) provides in part that gasoline tax receipts may be expended by a township only for the purposes of planning, constructing, maintaining, widening, and reconstructing the public roads and highways within the township.

During fiscal year 2005 the Township expended \$590 of gasoline tax revenue and \$200 of PMVL revenue to pay non-employee compensation for services related to cemetery lawn mowing. During 2006 the Township expended \$560 of gasoline tax revenue to pay non-employee compensation for services related to cemetery lawn mowing.

The use of the Township's gasoline excise tax and PMVL funds to pay the costs associated with lawn mowing services of a cemetery are not permissible expenditures of the Gasoline Tax and PMVL Funds.

As noted in Finding Numbers 2006-001 and 2006-002, we recommend the Township's Fiscal Officer take steps to ensure the accurate posting of all transactions to the ledgers. In addition, we recommend the Board of Trustees and Township Fiscal Officer review Ohio Rev. Code § 5735.27 for allowable expenditures that can be made from these funds.

The Township has posted the necessary adjustments to their accounting system and financial statements to reimburse the Gasoline Tax and PMVL Funds.

Official's Response:

The Fiscal Officer agrees with the information in the finding and has made the necessary adjustments to the financial statements.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

HARRISON TOWNSHIP

KNOX COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 11, 2007