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# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

LaGrange Township Lorain County 353 South Center Street PO Box 565 LaGrange, Ohio 44050

#### To the Board of Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

October 16, 2007

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# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

LaGrange Township Lorain County 353 South Center Street PO Box 565 LaGrange, Ohio 44050

#### To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of LaGrange Township, Lorain County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

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Revisions to GAAP would require the Township to reformat its financial statement presentation and make other changes effective for the years ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004. Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present for 2005 and 2004, the revisions require presenting entity wide statements and also to present its larger (i.e. major) funds separately for 2005 and 2004. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to the new GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require Townships to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to reformat its statements. Since this Township does not use GAAP to measure financial statement amounts, the following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the year ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, or its changes in financial position for the year then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of LaGrange Township, Lorain County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The aforementioned revision to generally accepted accounting principles also requires the Township to include Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004. The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2007, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

October 16, 2007

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Governmental Fund Types			Fiduciary Fund		
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Agency	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:						
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$164,538	\$448,012	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$612,550
Charges for Services	0	67,130	0	0	0	67,130
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	17,393	13,930	0	0	0	31,323
Intergovernmental	121,221	175,133	0	24,212	0	320,566
Earnings on Investments	19,599	1,054	0	2,855	0	23,508
Miscellaneous	3,774	21,803	0	0	0	25,577
Total Cash Receipts	326,525	727,062	0	27,067	0	1,080,654
Cash Disbursements: Current:						
General Government	205,812	1,000	0	0	0	206,812
Public Safety	0	234,341	0	0	0	234,341
Public Works	34,438	211,059	0	0	0	245,497
Health	0	41,657	0	0	0	41,657
Conservation-Recreation	0	62,310	0	0	0	62,310
Capital Outlay	29,174	108,520	0	24,212	0	161,906
Debt Service:						
Redemption of Principal	0	0	33,737	0	0	33,737
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	0	0	11,937	0	0	11,937
Total Cash Disbursements	269,424	658,887	45,674	24,212	0	998,197
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	57,101	68,175	(45,674)	2,855	0	82,457
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)						
Transfers In	0	38,820	45,837	67,130	0	151,787
Transfers Out	(84,657)	(67,130)	0	0	0	(151,787)
Other Financing Uses	(3,900)	0	0	0	0	(3,900)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	(88,557)	(28,310)	45,837	67,130	0	(3,900)
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing						
Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements						
And Other Financing Disbursements	(31,456)	39,865	163	69,985	0	78,557
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, 2005	216,189	434,358	0	119,496	376	770,419
Fund Cash Balances, December 31, 2005	184,733	474,223	163	189,481	376	848,976

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Governmental Fund Types			Fiduciary Fund		
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Agency	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:						
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$159,749	\$396,041	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$555,790
Charges for Services	0	88,083	0	0	0	88,083
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	12,862	18,933	0	0	383	32,178
Intergovernmental	129,199	161,912	0	52,659	0	343,770
Earnings on Investments	2,752	264	0	589	0	3,605
Miscellaneous	3,147	24,324	0	0	0	27,471
Total Cash Receipts	307,709	689,557	0	53,248	383	1,050,897
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
General Government	184,746	5,677	0	0	0	190,423
Public Safety	0	248,968	0	0	0	248,968
Public Works	9,998	238,691	0	0	0	248,689
Health	0	37,291	0	0	0	37,291
Conservation-Recreation	0	37,928	0	0	0	37,928
Capital Outlay	38,612	0	0	52,658	75	91,345
Debt Service:		_		_	_	
Redemption of Principal	0	0	32,223	0	0	32,223
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	0	0	13,450	0	0	13,450
Total Cash Disbursements	233,356	568,555	45,673	52,658	75	900,317
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	74,353	121,002	(45,673)	590	308	150,580
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)						
Transfers In	0	26,047	45,673	56,490	0	128,210
Transfers Out	(71,720)	(56,490)	0	0	0	(128,210)
Other Financing Uses	(367)	0	0	0	0	(367)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	(72,087)	(30,443)	45,673	56,490	0	(367)
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing						
Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements						
And Other Financing Disbursements	2,266	90,559	0	57,080	308	150,213
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, 2004	213,923	343,799	0	62,416	68	620,206
Fund Cash Balances, December 31, 2004	216,189	434,358	0	119,496	376	770,419

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the LaGrange Township, Lorain County, Ohio, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides general governmental services including road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection, and emergency medical services. The Township's police protection is provided by the Lorain County Sheriff.

LaGrange Township and the Village of LaGrange formed a joint park and recreation board pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 755.14(B) which is a joint venture. The LaGrange Community Park is governed by five members who are residents of either the Village or the Township. A chairperson is appointed for a term of one year on an alternating basis by the Township and the Village. The other Board members are appointed by the Township and the Village proportionately. The Board exercises all powers to equip, operate, and maintain parks, playgrounds, playfields, gymnasiums, public baths, swimming pools, and recreation centers. The participants retain an ongoing financial interest and responsibility. The Township appointed a voting majority of the members in fiscal year 2003 and may dissolve the Board at any time, upon one year written notice to the Village. Financial information may be obtained by contacting Debbie Zarbaugh, Clerk-Treasurer, 355 South Center Street, LaGrange, Ohio 44050.

LaGrange Township and the Village of LaGrange formed a joint community improvement corporation in 2005 pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 1724 which is a joint venture. The LaGrange Community Improvement Corporation is governed by a Board of Directors which consists of three to five members. The Village and Township are entitled to appoint two members with the fifth member being appointed by a majority vote of the other Board members. At any point in time at least 40% of the Board members must be elected officials of the Village or Township. The Corporation was formed for the purpose of advancing, encouraging, and promoting the industrial, economic, commercial and civic development of 38.96 acres of property jointly owned by LaGrange Township and the Village of LaGrange.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

#### C. Cash and Investments

The Township did not own investments during 2005 or 2004.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant special revenue funds:

Road and Bridge Fund – This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Fire/EMS Levy Fund – This fund receives property tax and state money to maintain the Township's voluntary fire efforts and to facilitate the efficiency of the Township's ambulance services.

#### 3. Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate resources for the payment of Township debt.

#### 4. Capital Project Fund

This fund accounts for receipts restricted to acquiring or constructing major capital projects. The Township had the following significant capital project fund:

Issue II Grant Fund – This fund is used for permanent improvements to the Township.

#### 5. Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary funds include agency funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Township disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other government. The Township's agency fund accounts for the three percent assessment of permit fees to the Board of Building Standards.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, department, and division and within each the amount appropriated for personal services, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law during 2005 and 2004.

A summary of 2005 and 2004 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### F. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

#### 2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The Township maintains a cash pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

2005	2004
\$161,317	\$372,542
687,659	397,877
\$848,976	\$770,419
	\$161,317 687,659

**Deposits:** Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004 follows:

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

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	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$260,970	\$326,525	\$65,555
Special Revenue	695,018	765,882	70,864
Debt Service	47,380	45,837	(1,543)
Capital Projects	206,500	94,197	(112,303)
Agency	2,060	0	(2,060)
Total	\$1,211,928	\$1,232,441	\$20,513

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$476,524	\$357,981	\$118,543
Special Revenue	1,129,944	726,017	403,927
Debt Service	47,380	45,674	1,706
Capital Projects	220,886	24,212	196,674
Agency	2,000	0	2,000
Total	\$1,876,734	\$1,153,884	\$722,850

2004 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$298,795	\$307,709	\$8,914
Special Revenue	662,394	715,604	53,210
Debt Service	50,340	45,673	(4,667)
Capital Projects	175,000	109,738	(65,262)
Agency	2,000	383	(1,617)
Total	\$1,188,529	\$1,179,107	(\$9,422)

2004 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$419,500	\$305,443	\$114,057
Special Revenue	846,792	625,045	221,747
Debt Service	50,340	45,673	4,667
Capital Projects	100,000	52,658	47,342
Agency	2,000	75	1,925
Total	\$1,418,632	\$1,028,894	\$389,738

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

#### 3. **BUDGETARY ACTIVITY (Continued)**

The Township did not always certify the availability and encumber funds, prior to making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money, in either year under audit, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D).

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B)(D) the Township had one fund at December 31, 2005 and one fund at December 31, 2004 where expenditures exceeded appropriations.

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted the rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State, pay as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### 5. **DEBT**

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Park Land Note	\$237,539	4.54%
Total	\$237,539	

Outstanding notes are payable from the proceeds of general property taxes levied against individual property owners.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

#### 5. DEBT (Continued)

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Park Land
	Note
Year Ending December 31:	
2006	\$45,674
2007	45,673
2008	45,674
2009	45,673
2010	45,674
2011	45,673
	274,041

#### 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Township's certified Fire Fighters belong to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). Other employees belong to the Ohio Public Employee Retirement System (OPERS). OP&F and OPERS are cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes these plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2005 and 2004, members of OP&F participants contributed 10% of their wages. The Township contributed an amount equal to 24% of their wages to OP&F. OPERS members contributed 8.5% of their gross salaries. The Township contributed an amount equal to 13.55% of participants' gross salaries for 2005 and 2004. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2005.

Effective August 3, 1992, any new part-time Township firefighters are no longer covered by OPERS and must contribute to social security. The Township's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member townships pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### Casualty Coverage

OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Townships can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$12,000,000 with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

#### **Property Coverage**

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence. APEEP's Guarantee Fund was responsible for losses and loss adjustment expenses exceeding operating contributions.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable value. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2005 was \$1,682,589.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

#### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2005 and 2004.

Casualty Coverage	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Assets	\$30,485,638	\$28,132,620
Liabilities	(12,344,576)	(11,086,379)
Retained earnings	<u>\$18,141,062</u>	<u>\$17,046,241</u>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Property Coverage	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Assets	\$9,177,796	\$7,588,343
Liabilities	(1,406,031)	<u>(543,176)</u>
Retained earnings	<u>\$7,771,765</u>	<u>\$7,045,167</u>

The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.3 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member townships in the future, as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$70,670. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Township Contributions to OTARMA		
2003		\$33,384
2004		\$35,198
2005		\$35,335

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA. They must provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the withdrawal.



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

LaGrange Township Lorain County 353 South Center Street P.O. Box 565 LaGrange, Ohio 44050

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of LaGrange Township, Lorain County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2007, wherein we noted the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Township used the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Township's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with management's assertions in the financial statements. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2005-003.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered material weaknesses. However, we do not believe the reportable condition described above is a material weakness. In a separate letter to the Township's management dated October 16, 2007, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting which we did not deem reportable conditions.

 $Lausche \ Building \ / \ 615 \ Superior \ Ave., \ NW \ / \ Twelfth \ Floor \ / \ Cleveland, OH \ 44113-1801$   $Telephone: \ (216) \ 787-3665 \qquad (800) \ 626-2297 \qquad Fax: \ (216) \ 787-3361$ 

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2005-001 and 2005-002. In a separate letter to the Township's management dated October 16, 2007, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and the Board of Trustees. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

October 16, 2007

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

### FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2005-001**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

#### **Encumbrance of Funds**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. Further, contracts and orders for expenditures lacking prior certification shall be null and void.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The <u>main</u> exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Board can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Board has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Board.

- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- **3. Super Blanket Certificate** The Board may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

Forty-Three percent (30 out of 69) of the expenditures tested were not certified by the fiscal officer at the time the commitment was incurred and there was no evidence the Board followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2005-001 (Continued)**

#### **Encumbrance of Funds (Continued)**

#### 3. Super Blanket Certificate (Continued)

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Board's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend the Clerk-Treasurer certify the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Board. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the Board certify purchases to which Section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The fiscal officer should sign the certification at the time the Board incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The fiscal officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation. The fiscal officer should deny payment for any expenditure without prior certification.

#### Official's Response:

Blanket certificates or regular purchase orders are opened and signed at the first regular meeting of the year for all accounts used on a regular basis. During the later part of the year if purchases go over the original amount, or if unexpected purchases are made, the blanket purchase order or regular purchase order is completed at the same time payment for the invoice is created and both are signed, or denied, at the next regular meeting. Checks for payment of invoices are not signed or payment made without an open and approved blanket purchase order or regular purchase order. As always, it is not uncommon for the fiscal officer to be the last to know about a purchase. To deny a payment for any expenditure without prior approval would cause numerous payments to be made past the due date of the invoice and many times result in additional finance charges to the Township.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2005-002**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

#### **Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations**

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing unit from making an expenditure or encumbrance unless it has been properly appropriated. Budgetary expenditures as enacted by the Board may not exceed appropriations at the legal level of control for all funds. The Board's legal level of control is fund level for all other funds. The Township had the following violation at December 31, 2004:

Motor Vehicle License Tax	Appropriations	Expenditures	<u>Variance</u>				
	\$7,898	\$10,000	(\$2,102)				
The Township had the following violation at December 31, 2005:							
Community Park	Appropriations	Expenditures	<u>Variance</u>				
	\$53,653	\$62,311	(\$8,658)				

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004 (Continued)

#### FINDING NUMBER 2005-002 (Continued)

#### **Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations (Continued)**

We recommend the Township verify that all expenditures and encumbrances have proper appropriation authority prior to expending funds or certifying encumbrances and compare appropriations to expenditures and encumbrances in all funds which are legally required to be budgeted, at the legal level of control.

Official's Response:

No comment.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2005-003**

#### **Ambulance Billing**

The Township contracts with LifeCare Ambulance, Inc. for ambulance billing. LifeCare Ambulance does not provide a SAS 70 for these purposes. We completed alternative procedures to gain assurances over ambulance billings and receipts.

During our testing of ambulance billings and receipts, we noted the Township did not formally approve a rate for patients to be billed for services provided. During the audit period, the rate billed to patients was \$550 per run, plus \$5.50 per mile. Per discussion with LifeCare, the rate was updated again in 2006, but there is no indication of this in the Township's minutes.

We recommend the Township formally approve ambulance billing rates.

During our testing of ambulance billings, we noted 14 out of 60 ambulance runs/billings were not charged at the correct rate. Of these 14 items, two were never billed, nine were billed at more than the informally accepted rate, and three were billed under the informally accepted rate.

The Township was unaware of these errors because they are not provided any reports that show the amounts billed each month. The Township does receive one report a month which shows the amount collected on behalf of the patient. Reports are not provided that show a reconciliation of amounts charged, collected, and written off for the whole Township or per patient.

We recommend the Township receive, review, and approve the following reports from LifeCare. The first report should show the amounts billed on behalf of the Township for each month. This report should be reconciled with the Township's monthly ambulance run reports. If there are any discrepancies or questions the Township should notify LifeCare. The second report should show the amount collected on behalf of the patient for the Township and the amount to be written off per patient. If an amount is written off a reason for the write-off should be provided and approved by the Township. These reports should be formally approved as an indication that they have been reviewed and are accurate.

#### Official's Response:

Rates were approved verbally to Life Care by a trustee and never brought up at a meeting. Reports of amounts billed are not received by the Township, just a report of a person billed and the amount collected.

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2003-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) Expenditures Exceed Appropriations	No	Not corrected; See finding 2005-002
2003-002	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) Encumbrance of Funds	No	Not corrected; See finding 2005-001
2003-003	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.09(F) Issue II Project Accounting	Yes	Corrective Action Taken; The Township now books Issue II projects
2003-004	Timely Depositing – Recommendation to Deposit in a timely manner	Yes	Receipts are with the fiscal officer within 3 days of receipt
2003-005	Cash Management – Several discrepancies noted	Yes	No issues noted with the Township's bank reconciliation



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### **LAGRANGE TOWNSHIP**

#### **LORAIN COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 15, 2007