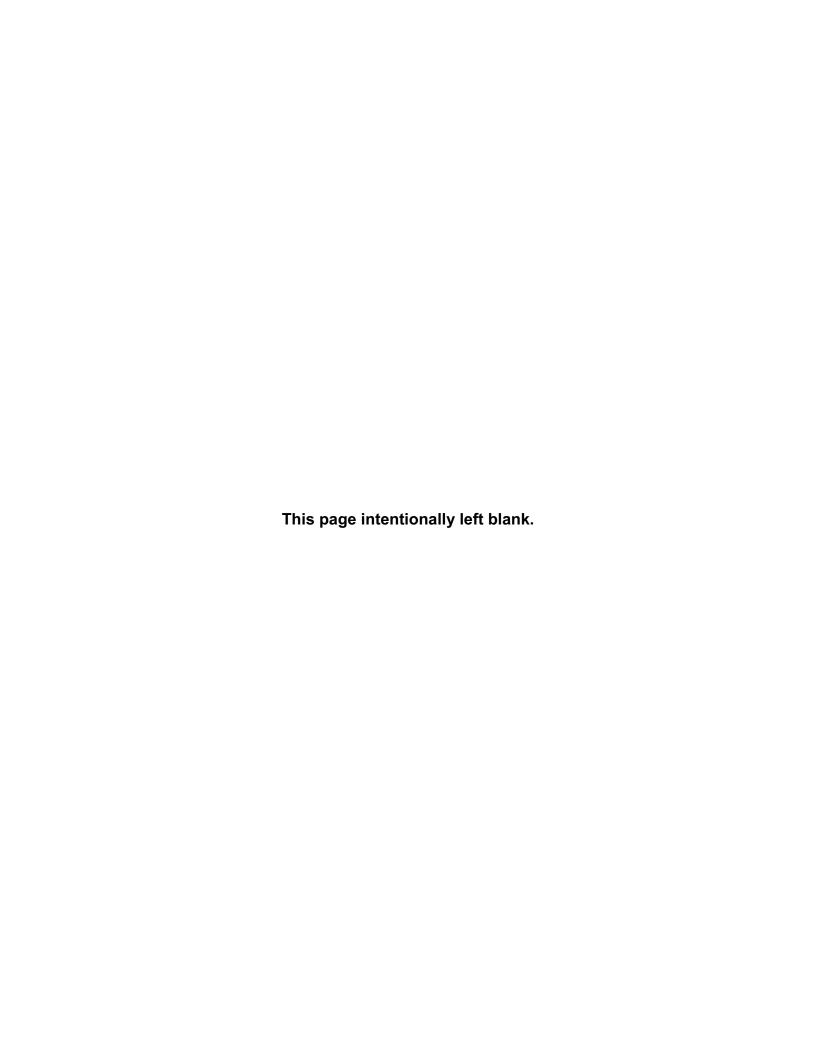




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## Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Rush Township Tuscarawas County 10306 Kennedy Hill Road, SE Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683

#### To the Board of Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

September 27, 2007

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## Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Rush Township Tuscarawas County 10306 Kennedy Hill Road, SE Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683

#### To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Rush Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Township's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require townships to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702-1509 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 Rush Township Tuscarawas County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of September 27, 2007, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of Rush Township, Tuscarawas County, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2007, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

September 27, 2007

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$27,743	\$29,579		\$57,322
Intergovernmental	41,545	98,429		139,974
Earnings on Investments	227	458		685
Miscellaneous	11,391	5,188		16,579
Total Cash Receipts	80,906	133,654		214,560
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
General Government	84,062	44		84,106
Public Safety	2,689	1,280		3,969
Public Works	4,800	126,038		130,838
Health	3,052			3,052
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal	3,967	19,855		23,822
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	965	6,130		7,095
Total Cash Disbursements	99,535	153,347		252,882
Total Cash Receipts Under Cash Disbursements	(18,629)	(19,693)		(38,322)
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):				
Other Debt Proceeds	35,000			35,000
Other Financing Uses	(4,000)			(4,000)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	31,000			31,000
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements				
and Other Financing Disbursements	12,371	(19,693)		(7,322)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	9,702	63,648	\$59	73,409
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$22,073	\$43,955	\$59	\$66,087

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$26,388	\$28,049		\$54,437
Integovernmental	41,345	126,574		167,919
Earnings on Investments	94	184		278
Miscellaneous	346	828		1,174
Total Cash Receipts	68,173	155,635		223,808
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
General Government	71,830	457		72,287
Public Safety	1,033	2,497		3,530
Public Works	4,000	104,008		108,008
Health	3,168			3,168
Capital Outlay			\$16,450	16,450
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal	3,967	21,035		25,002
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	1,127	6,957		8,084
Total Cash Disbursements	85,125	134,954	16,450	236,529
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	(16,952)	20,681	(16,450)	(12,721)
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):				
Transfers-In	17,992			17,992
Transfers-Out		(17,992)		(17,992)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	17,992	(17,992)	0	0
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing				
Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	1.040	2.690	(16.450)	(40.704)
and Other Financing Disbursements	1,040	2,689	(16,450)	(12,721)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	8,662	60,959	16,509	86,130
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$9,702	\$63,648	\$59	\$73,409
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$0	\$4,981	\$0	\$4,981

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Description of the Entity

Rush Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the Township) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly-elected, three-member Board of Trustees. The Township provides general governmental services, including road and bridge maintenance, fire protection and cemetery maintenance. The Township contracts with Smith Ambulance for emergency medical services.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

#### C. Cash

The Township has no investments.

#### D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

 $\underline{\text{Gasoline Tax Fund}} \text{ - This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay for constructing,} \\ \text{maintaining, and repairing Township roads.}$ 

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Fund Accounting

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

<u>Fire District Fund</u> – This fund receives monies from other entities for fire protection and is used to account for ambulance and fire levy receipts used to provide fire, rescue ad emergency medical services for Township Residents

<u>FEMA Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency for costs incurred by the Township in preparing for, mitigating against, responding to, and recovering from natural and man-made disaster.

#### 3. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for receipts restricted to acquiring or constructing major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Township had the following significant capital project funds

<u>Bond Fund</u> – This fund receives road use money from businesses for moving heavy equipment on township roads. This money is then used for road construction.

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made.

A summary of 2006 and 2005 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### 2. Equity in Pooled Cash

The Township maintains a cash pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2006	2005
Demand deposits	\$66,087	\$73,409

**Deposits**: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. Contrary to Ohio Revised Code 135.18, the Township did not have sufficient collateral to cover depository balances at certain times during the year.

#### 3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 follows:

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual	Receipts
Rudgeted	Actu

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$110,740	\$115,906	\$5,166
Special Revenue	100,526	133,654	33,128
Total	\$211,266	\$249,560	\$38,294

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$70,984	\$103,535	(\$32,551)
Special Revenue	163,497	153,347	10,150
Capital Projects	59	0	59
Total	\$234,540	\$256,882	(\$22,342)

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

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	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$63,608	\$86,165	\$22,557	
Special Revenue	136,395	155,635	19,240	
Total	\$200,003	\$241,800	\$41,797	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

#### 3. Budgetary Activity (Continued)

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

nry	Budgetary	Appropriation	
ıres Variance	Expenditures	Authority	Fund Type
125 (\$11,536)	\$85,125	\$73,589	General
927 404	157,927	158,331	Special Revenue
450 59	16,450	16,509	Capital Projects
502 (\$11,073)	\$259,502	\$248,429	Total

Contrary to Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D), the Township did not certify the availability of funds for certain expenditures during 2005 and 2006.

Contrary to Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B), Township expenditures exceeded appropriations.

#### 4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### 5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2006 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Fire Truck Loan	\$45,350	6.60-6.9%
Land Loan	19,835	4%
Fire Tanker Loan	35,000	4.40%
Ash Bin Loan	35,098	4.52-7.92%
Total	\$135,283	

The loans were issued to finance the purchase of a new fire truck, land, fire tanker, and an ash bin. The loans will be secured by the property financed.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

#### 5. Debt (Continued)

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Fire Truck		Fire Tanker	
Year ending December 31:	Loan	Land Loan	Loan	Ash Bin Loan
2007	\$6,778	\$4,128	\$5,223	\$6,205
2008	13,140	4,128	5,223	6,392
2009	14,031	4,128	5,223	6,707
2010	14,840	4,128	5,223	7,045
2011	0	4,128	5,223	7,407
2012-2013	0	0	10,446	7,794
Total	\$48,789	\$20,640	\$36,561	\$41,550

#### 6. Retirement Systems

The Township contributes to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code Prescribes retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2006 and 2005, OPERS members contributed 9 and 8.5%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 13.7 and 13.55%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2006.

#### 7. Risk Management

#### **Risk Pool Membership**

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

#### 7. Risk Management (Continued)

#### Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006 OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (for claims prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (for claims on or after January 1, 2006) as noted above.

#### **Property Coverage**

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stoploss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2006 was \$1,901,127.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

#### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2006 and 2005.

Casualty Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$32,031,312	\$30,485,638
Liabilities	(11,443,952)	(12,344,576)
Retained earnings	<u>\$20,587,360</u>	<u>\$18,141,062</u>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

#### 7. Risk Management (Continued)

Property Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	
Assets	\$10,010,963	\$9,177,796	
Liabilities	(676,709)	(1,406,031)	
Retained earnings	<u>\$9,334,254</u>	<u>\$7,771,765</u>	

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 958 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$21,422. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

#### **Contributions to OTARMA**

2004	\$10,674	
2005	10,616	
2006	10,711	

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they give written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

#### 8. Jointly Governed Organizations

The Township is associated with the Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission, (the Commission) as a Jointly Governed Organization. The Commission is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State. The commission is jointly governed among Tuscarawas County municipalities and townships. Each member's control overt the operation of the Commission is limited to its representation on the board. The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations, and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economical and Governmental characteristics, functions and services of the county. The Township contributed \$98 in both 2006 and 2005 to the Regional Planning Commission.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

#### 9. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2005, consisted of the following:

**Transfers Out** 

<u>Transfers In</u> <u>FEMA Fund</u>

General Fund \$17,992

The transfer from the FEMA Fund to the General Fund was to return money the General Fund originally paid in accordance with Auditor of State Bulletin 98-013.



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Rush Township Tuscarawas County 10306 Kennedy Hill Road, SE Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of Rush Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2007 wherein we noted the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and, as requested, operates UAN. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

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Page 2

We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting: 2006-001 through 2006-003.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above we believe Finding 2006-003 is also a material weakness.

We also noted certain internal control matters that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated September 27, 2007.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2006-001 and 2006-002.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated September 27, 2007.

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. We did not audit the Township's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

September 27, 2007

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

### FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-001**

#### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D) provides in part, that no subdivision or taxing unit shall make any contract or order any expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer of the subdivision that the amount required to meet the same has been lawfully appropriated for such purpose and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. Every such contract made without such a certificate shall be null and void and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" Certificate – If the Fiscal Officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the Fiscal Officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal Officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

Rush Township Tuscarawas County Schedule of Findings Page 2

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-001 (Continued)**

During 2006 and 2005, 28% and 33% respectively, of the expenditures tested were not certified by the Fiscal Officer prior to incurring the commitment and none of the exceptions noted above were utilized.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statue but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Township Fiscal Officer certify the funds are or will be available prior to the obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the Township certify purchases to which section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Township Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Township Fiscal Officer should post approved purchases commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

Officials' Response: Will use "Then and Now" blanket certificates and Super Blanket Certificates.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-002**

#### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) requires that no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, expenditures plus outstanding encumbrances exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control within the following:

<u>2006</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund:			
OPERS	\$3,000	\$4,812	(\$1,182)
Other Expenses	5,800	19,103	(13,303)
Other Financing Uses	0	34,684	(34,684)
<u>2005</u>			
Fire District Fund:			
Other Expenses	0	800	(800)
FEMA Fund:			
Repairs and Maintenance	33,643	38,354	(4,711)

Rush Township Tuscarawas County Schedule of Findings Page 3

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-002 (Continued)**

In addition, as the result of audit adjustments expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund for 2005. In addition, appropriations posted to the Township's Appropriation Ledgers did not always agree to the Township's actual Annual Appropriation Measure plus supplemental appropriations. The Fiscal Officer should frequently compare actual expenditures plus outstanding encumbrances to appropriations at the object level to avoid overspending. In addition, the Fiscal Officer should periodically review the Township's Appropriations Ledger to ensure appropriation amounts are posted accurately and timely.

Officials' Response: Will watch funds closely on monthly basis.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-003**

#### **Material Weakness**

Approximately 17 disbursement lines items and four receipt items were not properly classified by the Fiscal Officer and required reclassification and/or adjustment. Items requiring reclassification and adjustment included intergovernmental receipts, miscellaneous receipts, redemption of principal, interest and fiscal charges, and cemetery mowing disbursements.

The Fiscal Officer should review the account code classifications in the UAN system and the "Ohio Township Handbook" chart of accounts and post receipts and disbursements to the proper line item account codes and fund. This will help ensure receipts and disbursements are properly reflected in the financial statements. In addition, fairly presented financial reports and financial statements provide the Township Trustees with the ability to analyze information in a consistent manner which aids in making informed financial decisions regarding Township operations.

Officials' Response: Will watch line items more closely and put in proper accounts.

### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Number	Summary	Corrected?	
2004-001	ORC 5705.41(D), failure to certify funds.	No	See Finding 2006-001



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### **RUSH TOWNSHIP**

#### **TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 20, 2007