BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

A. MICHAEL BICHSEL, TREASURER



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Canton Local School District 4526 Ridge Avenue SE Canton, Ohio 44707

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Canton Local School District, Stark County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Canton Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

December 19, 2007

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Canton Local School District 4526 Ridge Avenue, SE Canton, Ohio 44707

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canton Local School District, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Canton Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Canton Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canton Local School District, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2007, on our consideration of Canton Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Independent Auditor's Report Canton Local School District Page Two

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Canton Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Sube the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 21, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The management's discussion and analysis of the Canton Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,990,545 which represents a 48.51% decrease from 2006.
- General revenues accounted for \$19,074,765 in revenue or 82.42% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,068,521 or 17.58% of total revenues of \$23,143,286.
- The District had \$25,133,831 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4,068,521 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants and contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$19,074,765 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The District restated fund balances as described in Note 3.A to the financial statements. The general fund had \$21,396,214 in revenues and \$21,726,010 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal 2007, the general fund's fund deficit balance increased \$329,796 from \$2,164,152 to \$2,493,948.

Using These Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Canton Local School District itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate community school district's for which the District is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units, Aspire Academy and Canton Local Digital Academy, are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 21 and 22. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23-56 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2007 and 2006.

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 13,472,848	\$ 15,729,454
Capital assets	5,565,363	5,968,531
Total assets	19,038,211	21,697,985
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	13,565,218	14,084,012
Long-term liabilities	3,359,906	3,510,341
Total liabilities	16,925,124	17,594,353
<u>Net Assets</u>		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	4,660,683	4,814,542
Restricted	531,616	648,573
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,079,212)	(1,359,483)
Total net assets	\$ 2,113,087	\$ 4,103,632

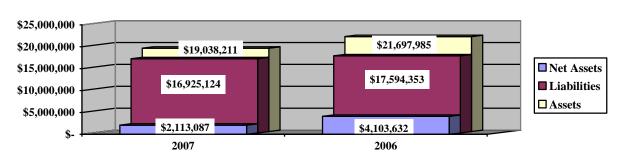
Net Assets

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2007, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,113,087. Of this total, \$531,616 is restricted in use.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

At year-end, capital assets represented 29.23% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2007, were \$4,660,683. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$531,616, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance is a deficit of unrestricted net assets.



Governmental Activities

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
<u>Revenues</u>		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,595,484	\$ 1,507,086
Operating grants and contributions	2,458,643	1,693,119
Capital grants and contributions	14,394	-
General revenues:		
Property taxes	9,432,412	10,870,889
Grants and entitlements	9,250,313	8,505,745
Investment earnings	235,711	122,760
Miscellaneous	156,329	164,148
Total revenues	\$ 23,143,286	\$ 22,863,747

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 9,089,206	\$ 9,551,324
Special	2,169,729	2,698,621
Vocational	1,902,338	1,709,199
Other	1,489,053	17,728
Support services:		
Pupil	1,363,749	1,336,226
Instructional staff	1,190,771	1,174,432
Board of education	24,361	19,376
Administration	1,717,239	1,561,267
Fiscal	260,101	252,843
Business	315,747	339,746
Operations and maintenance	2,305,602	2,136,635
Pupil transportation	1,020,936	1,028,083
Central	427,699	354,771
Operations of non-instructional services	40,983	71,909
Food service operations	972,954	1,077,938
Extracurricular activities	693,176	558,586
Interest and fiscal charges	150,187	6,042
Total expenses	25,133,831	23,894,726
Change in net assets	(1,990,545)	(1,030,979)
Net assets at beginning of year	4,103,632	5,134,611
Net assets at end of year	\$ 2,113,087	\$ 4,103,632

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$1,990,545. Total governmental expenses of \$25,133,831 were offset by program revenues of \$4,068,521 and general revenues of \$19,074,765. Program revenues supported 16.19% of the total governmental expenses.

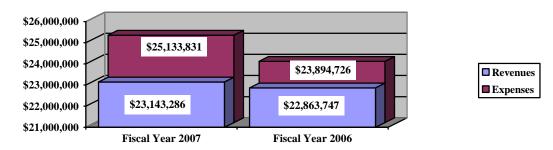
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 80.73% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$14,650,326 or 58.29% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

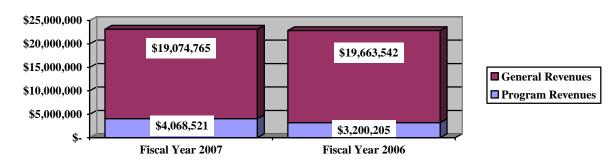
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2007		Net Cost of Services 2007		Total Cost of Services 2006		Net Cost of Services 2006	
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	9,089,206	\$	8,602,966	\$	9,551,324	\$	8,851,695
Special		2,169,729		1,157,596		2,698,621		2,189,001
Vocational		1,902,338		1,105,869		1,709,199		1,584,046
Other		1,489,053		1,329,847		17,728		(7,455)
Support services:								
Pupil		1,363,749		1,126,723		1,336,226		1,088,914
Instructional staff		1,190,771		1,146,155		1,174,432		1,082,740
Board of education		24,361		24,361		19,376		19,376
Administration		1,717,239		1,597,473		1,561,267		1,430,626
Fiscal		260,101		260,101		252,843		252,843
Business		315,747		315,747		339,746		339,746
Operations and maintenance		2,305,602		2,297,735		2,136,635		2,109,835
Pupil transportation		1,020,936		979,306		1,028,083		1,024,113
Central		427,699		403,286		354,771		328,087
Operations of non-instructional services		40,983		12,736		71,909		(103,375)
Food service operations		972,954		(34,594)		1,077,938		32,824
Extracurricular activities		693,176		589,816		558,586		465,463
Interest and fiscal charges		150,187		150,187		6,042		6,042
Total expenses	\$	25,133,831	\$	21,065,310	\$	23,894,726	\$	20,694,521

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 83.25% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 83.81%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund deficit balance of \$2,090,544, which is a decrease in fund balance from last year's deficit total of \$1,594,037. The District restated fund balances as described in Note 3.A to the financial statements. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	Fund Balance (Deficit)	Restated Fund Balance (Deficit)	
	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2006	(Decrease)
General Other Governmental	\$(2,493,948) 403,404	\$ (2,164,152) 570,115	\$ (329,796) (166,711)
Total	<u>\$(2,090,544)</u>	\$(1,594,037)	<u>\$ (496,507)</u>

General Fund

The District's general fund deficit fund balance increased \$329,796 from a restated deficit balance of \$2,164,152 to a deficit balance of \$2,493,948. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund. In fiscal year 2006, the District entered into a capitalized lease for computer equipment, in the amount of \$1,062,355. The District did not enter into any new leases in fiscal year 2007, so there were no capital outlay expenditures. This lease also resulted in an increase in debt service expenditures in 2007. Investment income increased due to an increase in interest rates. Tuition revenue increased in part due to a new vocational education agreement with Perry Local School District and also due to changes in the fee calculations for vocational education. Instructional and support service increases were primarily due to negotiated step increases in salaries. Extracurricular expenditures increased due to a change in the accounting for the athletic director's salary.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	2007	2006	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 10,264,140	\$ 10,990,899	\$ (726,759)	(6.61) %
Tuition	471,377	277,571	193,806	69.82 %
Earnings on investments	235,711	115,586	120,125	103.93 %
Intergovernmental	9,943,044	8,479,113	1,463,931	17.27 %
Other revenues	481,942	344,104	137,838	40.06 %
Total	\$ 21,396,214	\$ 20,207,273	\$ 1,188,941	5.88 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 13,128,703	\$ 12,837,249	\$ 291,454	2.27 %
Support services	7,946,247	7,567,590	378,657	5.00 %
Operation of non-instructional	4,496	-	4,496	100.00 %
Extracurricular activities	530,018	436,953	93,065	21.30 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	575	(575)	(100.00) %
Capital outlay	-	1,062,355	(1,062,355)	(100.00) %
Debt service	111,348	25,107	86,241	343.49 %
Total	\$ 21,720,812	\$ 21,929,829	<u>\$ (209,017)</u>	(0.95) %

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2007, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$22,286,411, which was higher than the original budgeted revenues estimate of \$20,966,906. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2007 were \$22,291,127 which was \$4,716 higher than final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (expenditures and other financing uses) of \$21,914,475 were increased to \$22,769,016 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2007 totaled \$22,728,189, which was \$40,827 less than the final budgeted appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2007, the District had \$5,565,363 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2007 balances compared to 2006:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities		
	2007	2006	
Land	\$ 577,182	\$ 577,182	
Land improvements	371,763	395,672	
Building and improvements	2,957,055	3,172,982	
Furniture and equipment	1,166,684	1,252,022	
Vehicles	492,679	570,673	
Total	\$ 5,565,363	\$ 5,968,531	

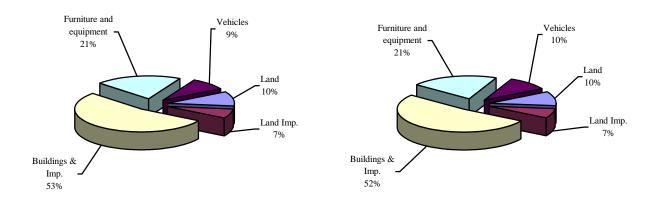
Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$403,168 is due to depreciation expense of \$497,068 exceeding capital outlays of \$93,900 in the fiscal year.

The graphs below present the District's capital assets for fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2006.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2007

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2006



See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2007, the District had no bonded debt obligations outstanding. The District's only debt administration relates to a capital lease obligation. During fiscal 2007, the District made capital lease principal payments of \$249,309. The remaining capital lease obligation at June 30, 2007 was \$904,680.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Current Financial Related Activities

The voters of the Canton Local School District approved a temporary levy renewal with an increase on May 2, 2006. Increased tax collections started in January, 2007. The term of the levy is for five years. Funds are to be used for operational costs, building maintenance and repairs, and equipment replacement. Nine tenths of a mill (approximately \$260,000 annually) is dedicated to the purchase of new classroom technology and related equipment.

Even with the increased property tax revenue, the District continues to struggle to meet the needs of its students and still reach mandated targets for test results and achievement.

The District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. A. Michael Bichsel, Treasurer, Canton Local School District, 4526 Ridge Avenue SE, Canton, OH 44707.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Primary Government	Compo	Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Canton Local Digital Academy	Aspire Academy			
Assets:	¢ 007.40	ст ф	¢			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 997,60		\$ - 728			
Cash and cash equivalents		- 34,998	128			
Taxes	12,039,31	0 -	-			
	27,04		-			
Intergovernmental	151,21		80			
Loans.	225,03		-			
Accrued interest.	1,62		-			
Prepayments	18,10		742			
Inventory held for resale	12,90		-			
Capital assets:	,					
Land	577,18		-			
Depreciable capital assets, net	4,988,18		5,599			
Capital assets, net	5,565,36		5,599			
Total assets.	19,038,21	1 58,510	7,149			
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable.	51,16		-			
Accrued wages and benefits	2,704,51		-			
Pension obligation payable.	680,29		-			
Intergovernmental payable	100,15		-			
Unearned revenue	10,029,08		-			
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year.	616,16		-			
Due in more than one year	2,743,73	8 -				
Total liabilities	16,925,12	4 59,531				
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net		_				
of related debt.	4,660,68	- 3	5,599			
Restricted for:	202.14	0				
Capital projects	302,14		-			
Locally funded programs.	36,35		-			
State funded programs.	2,62		-			
Federally funded programs. Student activities.	10,41		80			
	2,48 56,73		-			
Public school support	,		-			
Other purposes	120,83 (3,079,21		- 1,470			
	(3,079,21	2) (21,037)	1,470			
Total net assets	\$ 2,113,08	.7 \$ (1,021)	\$ 7,149			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

			Program Revenues						
		Expenses		charges for Services and Sales	G	Operating Frants and ntributions	Gi	Capital rants and ntributions	
Governmental activities:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	9,089,206	\$	308,433	\$	177,807	\$	-	
Special		2,169,729		110,476		901,657		-	
Vocational		1,902,338		452,542		343,927		-	
Other		1,489,053		3,401		155,805		-	
Support services:									
Pupil		1,363,749		-		237,026		-	
Instructional staff		1,190,771		-		44,616		-	
Board of education		24,361		-		-		-	
Administration.		1,717,239		56,109		63,657		-	
Fiscal		260,101		-		-		-	
Business		315,747		-		-		-	
Operations and maintenance		2,305,602		7,867		-		-	
Pupil transportation.		1,020,936		-		27,236		14,394	
Central		427,699		-		24,413		-	
Operation of non-instructional									
services		40,983		25,094		3,153		-	
Food service operations		972,954		528,202		479,346		-	
Extracurricular activities		693,176		103,360		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		150,187		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities	\$	25,133,831	\$	1,595,484	\$	2,458,643	\$	14,394	
Component Units:									
Canton Local Digital Academy	\$	367,984	\$	13,473	\$	30,778	\$	-	
Aspire Academy.	Ŷ	270,071	Ψ	-	Ψ	4,492	Ψ	-	
Total component units	\$	638,055	\$	13,473	\$	35,270	\$		

General Revenues:

Property taxes levied for:
General purposes
Capital outlay
Grants and entitlements not restricted
to specific programs
Investment earnings
Miscellaneous
Total general revenues
Change in net assets
Net assets (deficit) at beginning of year
Net assets (deficit) at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets							
G	Primary Component overnment Units						
Governmental Activities			nton Local Digital Academy		Aspire Academy		
\$	(8,602,966) (1,157,596) (1,105,869) (1,329,847)	\$	- - -	\$	- - -		
	$(1,126,723) \\ (1,146,155) \\ (24,361) \\ (1,597,473) \\ (260,101) \\ (315,747) \\ (2,297,735) \\ (979,306) \\ (403,286) \\ (12,736) \\ 34,594 \\ (589,816) \\ (150,187) \\ (150,187) \\ (12,736) \\ (150,187) \\ (11,120,187) \\ (11,1$				- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		
	(21,065,310)		(323,733) (323,733)		- (265,579) (265,579)		
	9,018,270 414,142 9,250,313 235,711 156,329		- - 189,470 -		- - 297,830 -		
	19,074,765 (1,990,545) 4,103,632		189,470 (134,263) 133,242		297,830 32,251 (25,102)		
\$	2,113,087	\$	(1,021)	\$	7,149		

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

		General	Go	Other wernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	236,692	\$	654,685	\$	891,377
Receivables:						
Taxes		11,435,562		603,748		12,039,310
Accounts		22,291		4,756		27,047
Intergovernmental		-		151,210		151,210
Loans		225,038		-		225,038
Accrued interest.		1,626		-		1,626
Interfund loans		161,549		-		161,549
Prepayments		18,108		-		18,108
Inventory held for resale		-		12,902		12,902
Restricted assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents		106,230		-		106,230
Total assets	\$	12,207,096	\$	1,427,301	\$	13,634,397
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	24,027	\$	27,139	\$	51,166
Accrued wages and benefits	Ŷ	2,593,232	Ŷ	111,287	Ψ	2,704,519
Compensated absences payable		224,754				224,754
Pension obligation payable.		627,984		52,310		680,294
Intergovernmental payable.		93,017		7,142		100,159
Interfund loan payable				161,549		161,549
Early retirement incentive payable.		8,098		-		8,098
		9,516,762		512,318		10,029,080
Deferred revenue.		1,613,170		152,152		1,765,322
Total liabilities		14,701,044		1,023,897		15,724,941
Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances		262,849		90,267		353,116
Reserved for prepayments		18,108		90,207		18,108
Reserved for inventory		18,108		12,902		12,902
Reserved for property tax unavailable		-		12,902		12,902
		305,630		20,190		325,820
for appropriation		,		20,190		
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:		106,230		-		106,230
General fund		(2, 106, 765)				(2, 196, 765)
		(3,186,765)		100 005		(3,186,765)
Special revenue funds.		-		128,225		128,225
Capital projects funds.		-		151,820		151,820
Total fund balances (deficit)		(2,493,948)		403,404		(2,090,544)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	12,207,096	\$	1,427,301	\$	13,634,397

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2007

Total governmental fund balances (deficit)		\$ (2,090,544)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		5,565,363
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 1,684,410 80,912	
Total		1,765,322
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated absences Capital lease obligations	 (2,222,374) (904,680)	
Total		 (3,127,054)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 2,113,087

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/(DEFICIT) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Tuition. 471,377 - Earnings on investments. 235,711 16,089 Charges for services. - 528,202 Extracurricular. - 162,229 Classroom materials and fees 374 58,251 Other local revenues. 481,568 108,991 Intergovernmental - state . 9,938,485 313,397 10, Intergovernmental - federal. 4,559 1,392,687 1, Total revenue . 21,396,214 2,991,028 24, Expenditures: . 21,396,214 2,991,028 24, Current: . . 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other . 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other . 1,111,173 246,031 1, Nupport Services: Pupil . . 1,105,986 61,995 1, Board of education Pupil resportation <th>ental</th>	ental
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
Tuition. 471,377 - Earnings on investments. 235,711 16,089 Charges for services. - 528,202 Extracurricular. - 162,929 Classroom materials and fees 374 58,251 Other local revenues. 481,568 108,991 Intergovernmental - state 9,938,485 313,397 10, Intergovernmental - federal. 4,559 1,392,687 1, Total revenue 21,396,214 2,991,028 24, Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular. 8,614,016 268,919 8, Special. 1,752,706 456,202 2, Vocational. 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other 1,145,194 171,411 1, 1, Support Services: 9 9, Pupil. 1,111,173 246,031 1, 1, 1,159,159 118,957 1, Administration. 1,593,159 118,957 1, 1, 1,990,159 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation of non-instructional services <	
Earnings on investments. 235,711 16,089 Charges for services - 528,202 Extracurricular. - 162,929 Classroom materials and fees 374 58,251 Other local revenues. 481,568 108,991 Intergovernmental - state 9,938,485 313,397 10, Intergovernmental - federal. 4,559 1,392,687 1, Total revenue 21,396,214 2,991,028 24, Expenditures: 2 2,991,028 24, Current: Instruction: Regular . 8,614,016 268,919 8, Special. 1,752,706 456,202 2, 2, Vocational. 1,145,194 111,11,11 1, Support Services: 1,111,173 246,031 1, 1, 1,159,986 61,995 1, Pupil. 1,105,986 61,995 1, 1,169,987 1, 1,169,957 1, Administration. 1,593,159 118,957 1, 1, 1,593,159 1,9957 1, Pupil transportation of non-instructional services	74,622
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	71,377
Extracurricular. - 162,929 Classroom materials and fees 374 58,251 Other local revenues. 481,568 108,991 Intergovernmental - state 9,938,485 313,397 10, Intergovernmental - federal. 4,559 1,392,687 1, Total revenue. 21,396,214 2,991,028 24, Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8,614,016 268,919 8, Coursent: 1,752,706 456,202 2, Vocational. 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other . 1,145,194 171,411 1, 1, 1,111,173 246,031 1, Support Services: 1,111,173 246,031 1, 1, 1,115,986 61,995 1, Board of education 24,361 - <td< td=""><td>51,800</td></td<>	51,800
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	28,202
Other local revenues. 481,568 108,991 Intergovernmental - state 9,938,485 313,397 10, Intergovernmental - federal. 4,559 1,392,687 1, Total revenue 21,396,214 2,991,028 24, Expenditures: Current: 1 1 1 Instruction: 8,614,016 268,919 8, Special. 1,752,706 456,202 2, Vocational. 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other 1,145,194 171,411 1, Support Services: 1 1,115,798 61,995 1, Pupil. 1,105,986 61,995 1, 1, Administration. 1,593,159 118,957 1, 1, Business 315,747 - 0 0 2, 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - 955,323 2, Cutrati - 953,018 113,238 2,	62,929
Intergovernmental - state 9,938,485 $313,397$ 10, Intergovernmental - federal $4,559$ $1,392,687$ 1, Total revenue $21,396,214$ $2,991,028$ $24,$ Expenditures: $21,396,214$ $2,991,028$ $24,$ Current: Instruction: $8,614,016$ $268,919$ $8,$ Special. $1,752,706$ $456,202$ $2,$ Vocational. $1,616,787$ $237,349$ $1,$ Other $1,145,194$ $171,411$ $1,$ Support Services: $24,361$ $-$ Pupil. $24,361$ $ -$ Administration. $1,593,159$ $118,957$ $1,$ Business $315,747$ $ -$ Operations and maintenance $2,223,143$ $53,750$ $2,$ Pupil transportation $960,059$ $ 955,323$ Extracurricular activities $530,018$ $113,238$ $76,074$ Operation of non-instructional services $ 955,323$ $75,239$ Extracurricular activities $530,018$	58,625
Intergovernmental - federal. 4.559 1,392,687 1, Total revenue 21,396,214 2,991,028 24, Expenditures: 21,396,214 2,991,028 24, Current: Instruction: 8,614,016 268,919 8, Regular . 8,614,016 268,919 8, 9, Special. 1,752,706 456,202 2, Vocational. 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other 1,145,194 171,411 1, Support Services: 1 1,105,986 61,995 1, Pupil. 1,105,986 61,995 1, 1,105,986 61,995 1, Administration. 1,593,159 118,957 1, 1,18,957 1, Fiscal 23,971 - - 2,223,143 53,750 2, Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, - - Operation of non-instructional services. 4,496 28,842 - - - Pupil transportation - 955,323 - -	90,559
Total revenue $21,396,214$ $2,991,028$ $24,$ Expenditures: Current: Instruction: $8,614,016$ $268,919$ $8,$ Special $1,752,706$ $456,202$ $2,$ $Vocational. 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other 1,145,194 171,411 1, 1,145,194 171,411 1, Support Services: 1,111,173 246,031 1, 1,105,986 61,995 1, Board of education 24,361 43,611 43,611 - Business 2,223,143 53,750 2, 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 955,323 24,361 - Business 358,648 66,698 96,074 20,074 20,074 22,509 226,800 113,238 74,132,132,133,132,133,133,133,133,133,133$	51,882
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular	97,246
Current: Instruction: Regular	87,242
Instruction: 8,614,016 268,919 8, Special. 1,752,706 456,202 2, Vocational. 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other 1,145,194 171,411 1, Support Services: 1,111,173 246,031 1, Pupil. 1,115,986 61,995 1, Board of education 24,361 - - Administration. 1,593,159 118,957 1, Fiscal 253,971 - - Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central. 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services. 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - - Extracurricular activities. 530,018 113,238 - - Pacifities acquisition and construction . - 96,074 - - Debt service: - - 96,074 - - <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
Regular 8,614,016 268,919 8, Special 1,752,706 456,202 2, Vocational. 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other 1,145,194 171,411 1, Support Services: 1,111,173 246,031 1, Pupil. 1,1105,986 61,995 1, Board of education 24,361 - - Administration. 1,593,159 118,957 1, Business 315,747 - - Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - - Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 - - Facilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 - 96,074 Debt service: - - 96,074 - - 96,074 Debt service: - - 96,074 <td></td>	
Special. $1,752,706$ $456,202$ $2,$ Vocational. $1,616,787$ $237,349$ $1,$ Other $1,145,194$ $171,411$ $1,$ Support Services: $1,111,173$ $246,031$ $1,$ Pupil. $1,105,986$ $61,995$ $1,$ Board of education $24,361$ $-$ Administration. $1,593,159$ $118,957$ $1,$ Business $253,971$ $ -$ Operations and maintenance. $2,223,143$ $53,750$ $2,$ Pupil transportation $960,059$ $ -$ Operation of non-instructional services. $4,496$ $28,842$ $-$ Food service operations . $ 955,323$ $-$ Extracurricular activities. $530,018$ $113,238$ $-$ Facilities acquisition and construction $ 960,074$ $-$ Debt service: $ 960,074$ $ 960,074$ Total expenditures $21,720,812$ $3,162,937$ $24,$	
Vocational. 1,616,787 237,349 1, Other 1,145,194 171,411 1, Support Services: 1,111,173 246,031 1, Pupil. 1,111,173 246,031 1, Instructional staff 24,361 - - Administration. 1,593,159 118,957 1, Business 253,971 - - Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central. 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 - Facilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 - Debt service: - 922,509 226,800 - Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 - - Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 - Total expendit	82,935
Other 1,145,194 171,411 1, Support Services: 1,111,173 246,031 1, Instructional staff 1,105,986 61,995 1, Board of education 24,361 - - Administration 1,593,159 118,957 1, Fiscal 253,971 - - Business 315,747 - - Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central. 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 - Facilities acquisition and construction - 960,074 - Debt service: - 960,074 - - Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 - - Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 - - Total	08,908
Support Services: 1,111,173 246,031 1, Instructional staff 1,105,986 61,995 1, Board of education 24,361 - Administration 1,593,159 118,957 1, Administration 2,53,971 - - Business 315,747 - - Operations and maintenance 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central. 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - - Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 - - Pacilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 - - Debt service: - 22,509 226,800 - - Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 - - - Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 - - 24, Total expendi	54,136
Pupil. 1,111,173 246,031 1, Instructional staff 1,105,986 61,995 1, Board of education 24,361 - Administration. 1,593,159 118,957 1, Administration. 253,971 - - Business 315,747 - - Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central. 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - - Extracurricular activities - 96,074 - - Debt service: - 96,074 - - - Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 - - - Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 - - - Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24, - -	16,605
Instructional staff	
Board of education 24,361 - Administration 1,593,159 118,957 1, Fiscal 253,971 - - Business 315,747 - - Operations and maintenance 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - - Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 - - 96,074 Debt service: - 96,074 - 96,074 -	57,204
Administration. 1,593,159 118,957 1, Fiscal 253,971 - - Business 315,747 - - Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central. 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 - Facilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 - Debt service: - 96,074 - - Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 - - Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 - - Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	67,981
Fiscal 253,971 - Business 315,747 - Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central. 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - - Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 - - 96,074 Debt service: - 96,074 - 96,074 - - 96,074 Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24, - - 24,	24,361
Business 315,747 - Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central. 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 - Facilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 - Debt service: - 960,074 - - Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 - - Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 - - Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	12,116
Operations and maintenance. 2,223,143 53,750 2, Pupil transportation 960,059 - - Central. 358,648 66,698 - Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 - Food service operations - 955,323 - Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 Facilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 Debt service: - 96,074 Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	53,971
Pupil transportation 960,059 - Central. 358,648 66,698 Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 Food service operations - 955,323 Extracurricular activities. 530,018 113,238 Facilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 Debt service: - 96,074 Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	15,747
Central. 358,648 66,698 Operation of non-instructional services 4,496 28,842 Food service operations - 955,323 Extracurricular activities. 530,018 113,238 Facilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 Debt service: - 96,074 Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	76,893
Operation of non-instructional services	60,059
Food service operations - 955,323 Extracurricular activities 530,018 113,238 Facilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 Debt service: - 96,074 Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	25,346
Extracurricular activities. 530,018 113,238 Facilities acquisition and construction - 96,074 Debt service: - 22,509 226,800 Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 Total expenditures	33,338
Facilities acquisition and construction96,074Debt service:22,509Principal retirement	55,323
Debt service: 22,509 226,800 Principal retirement 88,839 61,348 Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	43,256
Principal retirement 22,509 226,800 Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	96,074
Interest and fiscal charges 88,839 61,348 Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	49,309
Total expenditures 21,720,812 3,162,937 24,	50,187
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	83,749
	<u> </u>
	96,507)
	90,307)
Other financing sources (uses):	
Transfers in	5,198
Transfers out (5,198)	(5,198)
Total other financing sources (uses)(5,198)5,198	-
-	96,507)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year (restated)(2,164,152)570,115(1,	94,037)
	90,544)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(496,507)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciated expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 93,900 (497,068)		
Total			(403,168)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Taxes Intergovernmental Total	 (1,242,210) (1,746)	-	(1,243,956)
Repayment of capital lease obligation principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			249,309
Some expenses reported on the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and early retirement incentives, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(96,223)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(1,990,545)
5 8			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	8,249,256	\$	8,504,259	\$	8,504,259	\$	-
Tuition		520,398		536,385		536,485		100
Earnings on investments.		227,066		233,369		234,085		716
Classroom materials and fees		363		374		374		-
Other local revenues.		450,043		460,055		463,955		3,900
Intergovernmental - state		9,640,476		9,938,485		9,938,485		-
Intergovernmental - federal.		4,422		4,559		4,559		-
Total revenue		19,092,024		19,677,486		19,682,202		4,716
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		8,753,921		9,095,275		9,090,333		4,942
Special		1,950,398		2,026,453		2,145,097		(118,644)
Vocational.		1,606,045		1,668,672		1,668,672		-
Other		882,353		916,760		910,982		5,778
Support Services:								
Pupil		1,133,223		1,177,412		1,177,412		-
Instructional staff		1,108,045		1,151,252		1,125,534		25,718
Board of education		24,755		25,720		25,720		-
Administration.		1,597,687		1,659,988		1,657,555		2,433
Fiscal		253,758		263,653		264,137		(484)
Business		299,627		311,311		311,565		(254)
Operations and maintenance		2,123,114		2,205,903		2,234,072		(28,169)
Pupil transportation		881,811		916,197		956,785		(40,588)
Central		381,899		396,780		388,777		8,003
Operation of non-instructional services		4,328		4,497		4,497		-
Extracurricular activities.		503,118		522,747		522,560		187
Total expenditures		21,504,082		22,342,620		22,483,698		(141,078)
Excess of revenues under								
expenditures.		(2,412,058)		(2,665,134)		(2,801,496)		(136,362)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditure		93,563		96.455		96,455		-
Sale of assets.		12,798		13,194		13,194		-
Sale of notes.		1,780,947		1,836,000		1,836,000		-
Transfers out		(5,003)		(5,198)		(5,198)		-
Advances in.		643,387		663,276		663,276		-
Advances out		(405,390)		(421,198)		(239,293)		181,905
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,120,302		2,182,529		2,364,434		181,905
Net change in fund balance		(291,756)		(482,605)		(437,062)		45,543
Fund balance at beginning of year (restated).		332,452		332,452		332,452		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated (restated)		310,475		310,475		310,475		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	351,171	\$	160,322	\$	205,865	\$	45,543
	-			,	-			- ,

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Priva	ate-Purpose Trust	
	Sc	holarship	 Agency
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	104,645	\$ 125,852
Receivables:			
Accounts		-	 615,674
Total assets		104,645	\$ 741,526
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable.	\$	-	\$ 9,294
Due to other governments		-	461,695
Loans		-	225,038
Due to students		-	 45,499
Total liabilities			\$ 741,526
Net Assets:			
Held in trust for scholarships		104,645	
Total net assets	\$	104,645	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Priva	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Sc	holarship		
Additions:				
Interest	\$	5,604		
Gifts and contributions		17,614		
Total additions		23,218		
Deductions:				
Scholarships awarded		16,230		
Change in net assets		6,988		
Net assets at beginning of year		97,657		
Net assets at end of year	\$	104,645		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Canton Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District is governed by a five-member board of education (the Board) elected by its citizens, which is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 192nd largest by total enrollment among the 876 public school districts and community schools in the State. The District employs 121 non-certified and 198 certified employees to provide services to approximately 2,508 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups. The District is located in Canton Township, Stark County, Ohio and serves an area of approximately 25 square miles. The District operates three elementary schools, one middle school, and a high school.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, vocational programs, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has two component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Five R's Academy

The Five R's Academy is a legally separate, conversion community school, served by a Board of Directors, The Five R's Academy provides students within the District a program using the latest research in Social/Emotional learning to deliver a high quality individualized curriculum. The Board of Directors consists of The Board of Education's Superintendent and two other licensed administrators, other than the Superintendent. The superintendent of the District serves as the chief administrative officer of the Five R's Academy and the District's treasurer serves as the Five R's Academy chief financial officer. Based on the significant services provided by the District to the Five R's Academy, the purpose of servicing the students within the District, and the relationship between the Board of Education of the District and the Board of Directors of the Five R's Academy is reflected as a component unit of the District. Due to the financial activity of the Five R's Academy in relation to the Canton Local School District being immaterial, the financial statements of the Five R's Academy have not been presented, but will be presented in fiscal year 2008 if material.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The Canton Local Digital Academy

The Canton Local Digital Academy (the "Digital Academy") is a legally separate, non-profit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 3314.03. The Digital Academy is a new conversion school that addresses the needs of students who desire a program of online instruction in an independent environment that does not include the most ancillary components of a more traditional education. The Digital Academy is governed by a five member Board of Directors. The District appoints three of the five Board of Directors. The Digital Academy Board of Directors may adopt budgets, hire and fire employees, and receive funding from the Ohio Department of Education. The District is able to impose its will upon the operations for the Digital Academy, therefore, the financial activity of the Digital Academy are presented as a discretely presented component unit of the District. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Digital Academy at 4526 Ridge Ave. SE, Canton, Ohio 44707.

Aspire Academy

The Aspire Academy (the "Academy") is a legally separate, non-profit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 3314.03. The Academy is a new conversion school that is designed for middle school students who have a desire for, and whose education can be optimized by, a program that includes a focus on rigor, relevance, relationships, respect, and responsibility built into an interdisciplinary hands-on collaborative approach to education. The Academy is governed by a five member Board of Directors. The District appoints three of the five Board of Directors. The Academy Board of Directors may adopt budgets, hire and fire employees, and receive funding from the Ohio Department of Education. The District is able to impose its will upon the operations for the Academy, therefore, the financial activity of the Academy are presented as a discretely presented component unit of the District. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Academy at 4526 Ridge Ave. SE, Canton, Ohio 44707.

Information in the following notes to the basic financial statements is applicable to the primary government. Information relative to the component units can be found in Note 20 and Note 21 to these basic financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC)

SPARCC is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State Statutes made up of public school districts and county boards of education from Stark, Portage, and Carroll Counties. The primary function of SPARCC is to provide data processing services to its member districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, inventory control and payroll services. Other areas of service provided by SPARCC include student scheduling, registration, grade reporting, and test scoring. Each member district pays an annual fee for the services provided by SPARCC.

SPARCC is governed by a board of directors comprised of each Superintendent within the Consortium. The Stark County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent of the Consortium and receives funding from the State Department of Education. Each district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of SPARCC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of directors. The continued existence of SPARCC is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. Financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium, 2100 38th Street NW, Canton, Ohio 44709.

R.G. Drage Career Center

The R.G. Drage Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a seven member Board, consisting of one representative from each of the six participating district's boards, one board member that rotates from each participating district, and has its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained by writing the R.G. Drage Career Center, 6805 Richville Drive, S.W., Massillon, Ohio 44646.

Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council (SCTIRC)

SCTIRC is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. SCTIRC has 24 members, consisting of three members appointed by the County Commissioners, four members appointed by municipal corporations, ten members appointed by township trustees, one member from the county auditor's office and six members appointed by boards of education located within the enterprise zones of Stark County. The SCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the council can make written recommendations to the legislative authority that approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this Council. The continued existence of the SCTIRC is not dependent upon the District's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Risk Sharing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan is a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The group is comprised of the treasurers of the members who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member.

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the District by the group with other members of the group. The injury claim history of all participating members are used to calculate a common rate for the group. An annual fee is paid to Comp Management, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member annually based on its payroll percent of the group.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; (b) for food service operations; (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (d) the accumulation of resources for the repayment of general obligation debt.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for a scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student and community activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexhange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2007 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control has been established at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the general fund's budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased tax rates). By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Stark County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commissions' certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts from the certificate of estimated resources that was in effect at the time the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, at the fund level for all funds, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the legal level of control. Any revisions that alter the level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, one supplemental appropriation was legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments were limited to overnight repurchase agreements and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2007. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earning are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$235,711, which includes \$151,675 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method which means that the cost of inventory items are recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when consumed.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for its general capital assets. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	50 years
Buildings and improvements	50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	15 - 20 years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets. Receivables and payables resulting from loans from governmental funds to the agency fund are classified as "loans receivable/payable."

J. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by state statute to be set-aside for state monies received for school bus purchases. See Note 18 for additional information regarding set-asides.

K. Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the "termination payment method". The termination payment method accrues a liability that is based entirely on an estimate of the amount of accumulated sick leave that will be paid as a termination benefit. The estimate is based on past experience. This estimate (ratio) is then applied to employee's sick leave balances and current wages at fiscal year-end.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments have been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, prepayments, supplies inventory, property taxes unavailable for appropriation and school bus purchases. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under State statute.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted by State statute for school bus purchases.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved on the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Vocational Education

The District has entered into a career technical education agreement with the Sandy Valley Local School District, Perry Local School District and the Osnaburg Local School District to provide career technical education programs for students of the three participating districts. The District is the principal agency for the programs and is responsible for the physical facilities of the programs. For fiscal year 2007, in accordance with the agreement, the District was to receive a service charge equal to \$55,393 from the Sandy Valley Local School District, \$28,192 for the Perry Local School District and \$31,869 from the Osnaburg Local School District related to providing these programs. Actual service charges are reduced by all State aid received by the District for Sandy Valley Local School District, Perry Local School District and Osnaburg Local School District students attending the District for these programs.

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Interfund activity between governmental funds is eliminated in the statement of activities.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2007.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Restatement of Fund Balance

The District has reclassified a fund previously reported as a nonmajor special revenue to be included as a part of the General fund to properly reflect its intended purpose per the Auditor of State Bulletin 2006-06. The fund reclassification had the following effect on fund balances as previously reported:

				Total
	General Fund	Other	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Fund balance (deficit) at June 30, 2006	\$(2,314,683)	\$	720,646	\$ (1,594,037)
Fund reclassification	150,531		(150,531)	
Restated fund balance (deficit) at June 30, 2006	<u>\$(2,164,152)</u>	\$	570,115	<u>\$ (1,594,037)</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund - The general fund unencumbered fund balance and prior year encumbrances appropriated at the beginning of the year has been restated from \$183,269 to \$332,452 due to a fund reclassification to properly reflect its intended purpose in accordance with Auditor of State Bulletin 006-06.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2007 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit
Major Fund	
General Fund	\$ 2,493,948
Non Major Governmental Funds	
Uniform Supplies	4,940
Entry Year Grant	7,277
Poverty Based Assistance	5,306
Miscellaneous State Grants	37,522
Title VI-B	48,589
Vocational Education	430
Title I	29,396

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$356 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$(26,407), exclusive of the \$230,000 repurchase agreement included in investments below. A liability was not recorded for the negative carrying amount of deposits because there was no actual overdraft, due to the "zero-balance" nature of the District's bank accounts. The negative carrying amount of deposits is primarily due to the sweeping of money into overnight repurchase agreements, which are reported as "investments". Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2007, \$55,372 of the District's bank balance of \$164,649 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$109,277 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities 6 months or
Investment type	Fair Value	less
Repurchase Agreement STAR Ohio	\$ 230,000 	\$ 230,000 1,024,155
	\$1,254,155	\$ 1,254,155

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's \$230,000 investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2007:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
Repurchase Agreement	\$ 230,000	18.34
STAR Ohio	1,024,155	81.66
	\$ 1,254,155	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2007:

Cash and Investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ (26,407)
Investments	1,254,155
Cash on hand	356
Total	\$ 1,228,104
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 997,607
Private-purpose trust funds	104,645
Agency funds	 125,852
Total	\$ 1,228,104

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2007, as reported on the fund statement:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 161,549

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2007 are reported on the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental funds from: General Fund \$ 5,198

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

C. Loans between governmental funds and agency funds are reported a "loans receivable/payable" on the financial statements. The District had the following loans outstanding at fiscal year-end:

Loan From	<u>Loan To</u>	Amount
General	Agency	\$ 225,038

This loan is expected to be repaid in the subsequent year as resources become available in the agency fund.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien December 31, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. For 2006, tangible personal property was assessed at 18.75% for property including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2007-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Stark County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District the portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County Auditor by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$305,630 in the general fund and \$20,190 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount that was available as advance at June 30, 2006 was \$467,990 in the general fund and \$17,490 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Second Half Collections		2007 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$225,090,540	67.90	\$ 254,643,600	74.42
Public Utility Personal	36,218,090	10.93	36,790,140	10.75
Tangible Personal Property	70,201,068	21.17	50,715,058	14.83
Total	\$331,509,698	100.00	\$ 342,148,798	100.00
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:				
Operations	\$45.20		\$48.20	
Permanent improvements	\$1.00		\$1.90	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Property taxes	\$ 12,309,310
Accounts	27,047
Intergovernmental	151,210
Accured Interest	1,626
Total	\$ 12,489,193

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During a prior fiscal year, the District entered into capitalized lease agreements for the acquisition of computer equipment, fitness equipment and a steam boiler.

These leases meet the criteria of capital leases as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. At inception, the leases were accounted for as a capital outlay expenditure and other financing source in the general fund. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements and as a reduction of the lease liability in the government-wide financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the statement of net assets in the amount of \$1,449,256 which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2007 was \$473,622, leaving a current book value of \$975,634. A corresponding liability was recorded in the statement of net assets. Principal payments in the 2007 fiscal year totaled \$249,309. This amount is reflected as debt service principal retirement in the general fund and the Permanent Improvement Capital Project fund (other nonmajor governmental funds).

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007.

Year Ending June 30	<u>Equipment</u>
2008	\$ 277,466
2009	262,673
2010	247,886
2011	245,617
Total minimum lease payment	1,033,642
Less: amount representing interest	(128,962)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 904,680

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/06	Additions	Deductions	06/30/07
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 577,182	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 577,182
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	577,182			577,182
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,223,527	-	-	1,223,527
Buildings and improvements	12,013,973	-	-	12,013,973
Furniture and equipment	2,473,311	93,900	-	2,567,211
Vehicles	1,627,389			1,627,389
Total capital assets, being depreciated	17,338,200	93,900		17,432,100
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(827,855)	(23,909)	-	(851,764)
Buildings and improvements	(8,840,991)	(215,927)	-	(9,056,918)
Furniture and equipment	(1,221,289)	(179,238)	-	(1,400,527)
Vehicles	(1,056,716)	(77,994)		(1,134,710)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,946,851)	(497,068)		(12,443,919)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,968,531	\$ (403,168)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 5,565,363

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 245,005
Special	3,169
Vocational	62,301
Support Services:	
Pupil	3,008
Instructional staff	5,232
Administration	4,054
Operations and maintenance	39,383
Pupil transportation	96,626
Central	1,038
Operation of non-instructional	7,645
Extracurricular activities	24,343
Food service operations	5,264
Total depreciation expense	\$ 497,068

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2007, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance			Balance	Due in
	07/01/06	Increase	Decrease	06/30/07	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 2,352,188	\$ 320,977	\$ (226,037)	\$ 2,447,128	\$ 381,799
Early retirement incentive	4,164	8,098	(4,164)	8,098	8,098
Capital lease obligations	1,153,989		(249,309)	904,680	226,271
Total	\$ 3,510,341	\$ 329,075	\$ (479,510)	\$ 3,359,906	\$ 616,168

The capital lease obligation will be paid from the General fund and the Permanent Improvement Nonmajor Governmental fund. Compensated absences and the early retirement incentive will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, primarily the general fund and food service nonmajor governmental fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530, which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the in the District's legal margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2007, are a voted debt margin of \$25,984,698 and an unvoted debt margin of \$288,719.

NOTE 11 - NOTES PAYABLE

On July 3, 2006, the District issued tax anticipation notes for the purpose of cash flow borrowing. Activity for this tax anticipation note has been reported in the general fund, which received the proceeds upon issuance. These notes are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. The District retired these notes during fiscal year 2007. The following is a description of the notes payable activity during fiscal year 2007:

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance June 30, 2006	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2007
Tax anticipation notes	4.75%	6/29/07	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 1,836,000	<u>\$ (1,836,000)</u>	<u>\$ </u>

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, payment is made to certified and classified employees for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit up to a maximum 64 and 65 days, respectively.

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Stark County Council of Governments Health Benefits Program. Coverage in the amount of \$50,000 is provided for all certified and classified employees.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)

C. Special Termination Benefit Payable

The District approved an Early Retirement Incentive Plan (ERIP), which runs from July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2007. Participation is open to all classified employees. Employees retiring from the District shall receive twenty days at their regular rate, payable the January following the employee's retirement. As of June 30, 2007, a total of \$8,098 is the liability for this ERIP for employees who took advantage of the ERIP as of fiscal year-end. The final payments will be made in fiscal 2008.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2007, the District contracted with Indiana Insurance Company for education liability, commercial auto coverage, property, general and excess liability insurance. The Indiana Insurance Company also covers boiler and machinery, inland marine, audio/visual equipment, and musical instruments. Coverages under these policies are as follows:

Company	Type of Coverage	Coverage Amount
Indiana Insurance	Commercial Property	\$77,981,700
	Computers and Equipment	814,406
	Musical Instruments	310,413
	Commercial Auto - Garage Operations	2,000,000
	Non Auto - Garage Operations	1,000,000
	Uninsured Motorists Bodily Injury	50,000
	Uninsured Motorist Property Damage	7,500
	General Liability, in aggregate	5,000,000
	General Liability, per occurrence	5,000,000
	Fire Damage	100,000
	Medical Expense	15,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Employee Health Benefits

The District has contracted with Stark County Schools Council of Governments (a shared risk pool) (Note 2) to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. The District's Board of Education pays the entire cost of a monthly premium. For fiscal year 2007, the District cost for paid premium for medical and dental was \$997 for family coverage and \$410 for single coverage, per month.

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all District claims would be paid without regard to the District's account balance. The Directors have the right to hold monies for an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the GRP.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performances is compared to the overall savings percent of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "Equity Pooling Fund" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$360,552, \$318,127, and \$325,852, respectively; 50.84% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$177,245 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account.

Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal years 2006 and 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$1,506,486, \$1,352,470, and \$1,365,335, respectively; 83.84% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$243,494 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal 2007 were \$12,063 made by the District and \$26,860 made by plan members.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$115,884 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$282.743 million and STRS Ohio had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .10 percent from fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. Total surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2007 fiscal year, District paid \$174,004 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158.751 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had 59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ (437,062)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	1,714,012
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	471,070
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(2,369,632)
Adjustment for encumbrances	291,816
GAAP basis	\$ (329,796)

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to legal proceedings that would have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by state statute.

	Textbooks/ Instructional Materials	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2006	\$ (607,891)	\$ (922,212)
Current year set-aside requirement	387,676	387,676
Current year offsets	-	(407,782)
Qualifying disbursements	(357,580)	(489,278)
Total	\$ (577,795)	<u>\$ (1,431,596)</u>
Balance carried forward to FY 2008	<u>\$ (577,795)</u>	<u>\$ (922,212)</u>

The amount of qualifying disbursements exceeding the set-aside requirement in the textbooks reserve may be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. In addition, the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements that reduced the capital acquisition set-aside amount below zero. The current year offset in the Capital Acquisition set-aside may not be carried forward to offset future year's requirements and the excess qualifying disbursements may not be carried forward to future years.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted by state statute for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2007 follows:

Amount restricted for school bus purchases

\$ 106,230

NOTE 19 - SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 29, 2007, the District entered into a contract with Comfort Control Group, Inc. for the purpose of performing an Energy Conservation project. The total contract is for \$823,468.

In November, 2007, the District received a House Bill 264 note in the amount of \$850,000 due in 15 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 20 - CANTON LOCAL DIGITAL ACADEMY

The Canton Local Digital Academy (the "Digital Academy") is a discretely presented component unit of the Canton Local School District (the "District"). The District is the Sponsor of the Digital Academy. The Digital Academy issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Canton Local Digital Academy, 4526 Ridge Avenue, Canton, Ohio 44707.

A. Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Digital Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Digital Academy also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989, provided those pronouncements do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Digital Academy has elected not to apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989. The Digital Academy's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation - Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the statement of net assets. The difference between total assets and liabilities are defined as net assets. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Budgetary Process - Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the Digital Academy's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the Digital Academy and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract; however, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.

Cash - All monies received by the Digital Academy are deposited in a demand deposit account.

Net Assets - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 20 - CANTON LOCAL DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

Intergovernmental Revenue - The Digital Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Program through the Ohio Department of Education. Revenue from this program is recognized as operating revenue in the accounting period in which they are earned, essentially the same as the fiscal year.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility includes timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Digital Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Digital Academy on a reimbursement basis. Federal and state grants for the fiscal year 2007 received by the Digital Academy was \$30,778.

Prepayments - Certain payments to vendors reflected the costs applicable to future accounting periods and were recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. These items were reported as assets on the statement of net assets using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts was recorded at the time of the purchase and the expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Operating Revenues and Expenses - Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Digital Academy. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Digital Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

B. Deposits

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the Digital Academy's deposits was \$34,998. The entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

C. Receivables

At June 30, 2007, receivables consisted of intergovernmental revenues which are considered collectible within one year and presented on the statement of net assets in the amount of \$22,999.

D. Risk Management

The Digital Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to contracted personnel; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2007, the Digital Academy was named on the Sponsor's policy for property and general liability insurance. The Digital Academy provides employee bond coverage through Leonard Insurance Services in the following amounts: Treasurer \$50,000 and Board of Directors \$20,000.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 20 - CANTON LOCAL DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

E. Service Agreement

The Community School Sponsorship Contract (the "Contract") between the Digital Academy and Canton Local School District outlined the specific payments to be made by the Digital Academy to Canton Local School District during fiscal year 2007. The Contract stated that the two parties agreed to pay mutually agreed upon amounts, including fees for any services provided to the Digital Academy by Canton Local School District. The following payments were made in fiscal year 2007 from the Digital Academy to Canton Local School District:

Educational services

\$359,173

Additionally, the Contract allows, based on mutual agreement, for the payment of \$150 per student per year from the Digital Academy to the sponsor, in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 3314.08.

F. Contingencies

Grants - The Digital Academy received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Digital Academy at June 30, 2007.

Litigation - A lawsuit entitled *Beverly Blount-Hill, et al. v. State of Ohio, et al., Case #: 3:04CV197* was filed in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of Ohio, Western Division in October 2004. The suit alleges that the funding provisions of the Ohio Community Schools Act, O.R.C. Section 3314, violate both the Ohio and Federal constitutions. If the funding scheme is determined to be unconstitutional, it could have financial ramifications for all community/charter schools. The case is currently pending, and the effect of this suit, if any, on the Digital Academy cannot presently be determined.

NOTE 21 - ASPIRE ACADEMY

The Aspire Academy (the "Academy") is a discretely presented component unit of the Canton Local School District (the "District"). The District is the Sponsor of the Academy. The Academy issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Aspire Academy, 4526 Ridge Avenue, Canton, Ohio 44707.

A. Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989, provided those pronouncements do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Academy has elected not to apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989. The Academy's significant accounting policies are described below.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 21 - ASPIRE ACADEMY - (Continued)

Basis of Presentation - Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the statement of net assets. The difference between total assets and liabilities are defined as net assets. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Budgetary Process - Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the Academy's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract; however, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.

Cash - All monies received by the Academy are deposited in a demand deposit account.

Net Assets - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Intergovernmental Revenue - The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Program through the Ohio Department of Education. Revenue from this program is recognized as operating revenue in the accounting period in which they are earned, essentially the same as the fiscal year.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility includes timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis federal and state grants for the fiscal year 2007 received by the Academy was \$4,492.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 21 - ASPIRE ACADEMY - (Continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation - All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The Academy does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Furniture and equipment is depreciated over five years.

Operating Revenues and Expenses - Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Academy. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

Prepayments - Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net assets using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

B. Deposits

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the Academy's deposits and the bank balance was \$728. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

C. Receivables

At June 30, 2007, receivables consisted of intergovernmental revenues which are considered collectible within one year and presented on the statement of net assets in the amount of \$80.

D. Risk Management

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to contracted personnel; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2007, the Academy was named on the Sponsor's policy for property and general liability insurance. The Academy provides employee bond coverage through Leonard Insurance Services in the following amounts: Treasurer \$50,000 and Board of Directors \$20,000.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in the past two years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 21 - ASPIRE ACADEMY - (Continued)

E. Service Agreement

The Community School Sponsorship Contract (the "Contract") between the Academy and the Canton Local School District (as Sponsor) outlined the specific payments to be made by the Academy to the Sponsor for the fiscal year 2007. The Contract stated that the two parties agreed to pay mutually agreed upon amounts, including fees for any services provided to the Academy by the Sponsor. The following payments were made for the fiscal year 2007 from the Academy to the Sponsor:

Educational services

\$262,469

Additionally, the Contract allows, based on mutual agreement, for the payment of \$150 per student per year from the Academy to the Sponsor, in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 3314.08.

F. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year 2007, was as follows:

	 lance at 1, 2006	Addit	tions	<u>Disp</u>	<u>osals</u>	 lance at 30, 2007
Furniture and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 7,999 (800)	\$ (1,	- 600)	\$	-	\$ 7,999 (2,400)
Capital assets, net	\$ 7,199	\$ (1,	600)	\$	-	\$ 5,599

G. Contingencies

Grants - The Academy received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2007.

Litigation - A lawsuit entitled *Beverly Blount-Hill, et al. v. State of Ohio, et al., Case #: 3:04CV197* was filed in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of Ohio, Western Division in October 2004. The suit alleges that the funding provisions of the Ohio Community Schools Act, O.R.C. Section 3314, violate both the Ohio and Federal constitutions. If the funding scheme is determined to be unconstitutional, it could have financial ramifications for all community/charter schools. The case is currently pending, and the effect of this suit, if any, on the Academy cannot presently be determined.

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

CANTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(D) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(D) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
(B) Food Donation	10.550	N/A	s -	\$ 38,510	s -	\$ 38,510
Nutrition Cluster:						
 (Λ) (C) School Breakfast Program (Λ) (C) School Breakfast Program 	10.553 10.553	049833-05PU-2006 049833-05PU-2007	21,922		21,922	
Totul School Breakfast Program			81.000		81,000	
(A) (C) National School Lunch Program (A) (C) National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	049833-LLP4-2006 049833-LLP4-2007	87,571 233,153		87,571 233,153	
Total National School Lunch Program			320.724		320.724	
Total Nutrition Cluster			401,724		401,724	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			401,724	38,510	401,724	38,510
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		049833-CISI-2006 049833-CISI-2007	40,955 161,816		40,281 190,345	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			202,771		230,626	
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	049833-6BPB-2006	4,376		5,373	
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States	84.027 84.027	049833-6BSD-2006 049833-6BSF-2006	24,923 42,408		24,304 42,432	
Special Education Grants to States	84,027	049833-6BSF-2007	451,038		497,796	
Total Special Education Grants to States			522,745		569,905	
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	84.048 84.048	049833-20C1-2006 049833-20C1-2007	3,382 143,431		3,817 159,844	
Total Vocational Education Basic Grants to States			146.813		163,661	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	84,186 84,186	049833-DRS1-2006 049833-DRS1-2007	3,928 3,874		4,438	
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants			7,802		7.851	
State Grants for Innovative Programs State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298 84.298	049833-C2S1-2006 049833-C2S1-2007	3.251 3.791		2.253 3,685	
Total State Grants for Innovative Programs			7,042		5,938	
Education Technology State Grants Education Technology State Grants	84.318 84.318	049833-TJ\$1-2006 049833-TJ\$1-2007	398 873			
Total Education Technology State Grants			1,273		641	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84,367 84,367	049833-TRS1-2006 049833-TRS1-2007	34,974 13,733		27,330 106,647	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grant			148,707		133,977	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,037,151		1.112.599	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES						
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	N/A	4.559		4,559	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			4,559		4,559	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,443,434			

(A) Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

(B) The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.

(C) Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.

(D) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

Note 1: The Canton Local School District has excluded federal financial assistance reported for its component units, the Canton Local Digital Academy and the Aspire Academy. ,



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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Canton Local School District 4526 Ridge Avenue, SE Canton, Ohio 44707

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canton Local School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Canton Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Canton Local School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Canton Local School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Canton Local School District's internal control Local School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Canton Local School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Canton Local School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Canton Local School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Canton Local School District's internal control.

Board of Education Canton Local School District

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Canton Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of Canton Local School District in a separate letter dated November 21, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of Canton Local School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Sube the

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 21, 2007



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133*

Board of Education Canton Local School District 4526 Ridge Avenue, SE Canton, Ohio 44707

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Canton Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Canton Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Canton Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Canton Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

Canton Local School District's basic financial statements include the operations of Canton Local Digital Academy and Aspire Academy, component units of Canton Local School District. Canton Local Digital Academy received \$8,168 and expended \$13,130 in federal awards during fiscal year 2007 that are not included in the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards for Canton Local School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Aspire Academy received \$3,751 and expended \$3,751 in federal awards during fiscal year 2007 that are not included in the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards for Canton Local School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Aspire Academy received \$3,751 and expended \$3,751 in federal awards during fiscal year 2007 that are not included in the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards for Canton Local School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Our audit of federal awards, described below, did not include the operations of Canton Local Digital Academy and Aspire Academy. These component units expended less than \$500,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and thus was not required to have an audit of their Federal Awards in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Canton Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Canton Local School District's compliances.

Board of Education Canton Local School District

In our opinion, Canton Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Canton Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Canton Local School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Canton Local School District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in Canton Local School District's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Canton Local School District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Canton Local School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by Canton Local School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of management and Board of Education of Canton Local School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Sube the?

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 21, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS							
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified						
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No						
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No						
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No						
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No						
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No						
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified						
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No						
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Special Education – Grants to States CFDA #84.027						
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others						
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes						

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
2006-CLSD-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) requires that no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money are to be made unless there is a certificate of the fiscal officer that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances.		N/A





CANTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

STARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JANUARY 3, 2008

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