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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Educational Service Center Greene County 360 East Enon Road Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Educational Service Center, Greene County, (the Service Center), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Service Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Service Center's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Educational Service Center, Greene County, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2008, on our consideration of the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Educational Service Center Greene County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 25, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the Greene County Educational Service Center's financial performance provides an overall review of the Educational Service Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Educational Service Center's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Educational Service Center's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased \$6,662, which represents a 0.6 percent increase from fiscal year 2006.
- General revenues accounted for \$1,804,225 or 14.6 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$10,583,034 or 85.4 percent of total revenues of \$12,387,259.
- The Educational Service Center had \$12,380,597 in expenses; \$10,583,034 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and operating grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily grants and entitlements) of \$1,804,225 provided for the remainder of these costs.
- The General Fund had \$12,001,300 in revenues and \$11,870,121 in expenditures. The General Fund's balance increased \$131,179.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Greene County Educational Service Center as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole Educational Service Center, presenting both an aggregate view of the Educational Service Center's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Educational Service Center's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Reporting the Educational Service Center as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Educational Service Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Educational Service Center as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2007?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Educational Service Center's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Educational Service Center as a whole, the financial position of the Educational Service Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Educational Service Center only reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the Educational Service Center's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, and operation and maintenance of plant.

Reporting the Educational Service Center's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the Educational Service Center's major fund begins on page 13. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Educational Service Center's major fund. The Educational Service Center uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Educational Service Center's most significant fund. The Educational Service Center's major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the Educational Service Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Educational Service Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The Educational Service Center as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the Educational Service Center as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Educational Service Center's net assets for fiscal year 2007 compared to fiscal year 2006.

Table 1

	net Assets		
	2007	2006	Change
Assets:		-	
Current and Other Assets	\$2,863,510	\$2,546,800	\$316,710
Capital Assets	719,548	654,764	64,784
Total Assets	3,583,058	3,201,564	381,494
Liabilities:			
Long-Term Liabilities	937,753	791,807	145,946
Other Liabilities	1,539,882	1,310,996	228,886
Total Liabilities	2,477,635	2,102,803	374,832
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	434,224	321,384	112,840
Restricted	130,981	94,047	36,934
Unrestricted	540,218	683,330	(143,112)
Total Net Assets	\$1,105,423	\$1,098,761	\$6,662

Total net assets of governmental activities increased by \$6,662 due to increases in cash from revenues due to increase in charges for services. The Educational Service Center had an increase in charges for services due to increased rates and increased services. Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day activities without constraints established by grants or legal requirements, of the Educational Service Center decreased by \$143,112, mainly because of the increase in accrued wages and intergovernmental payable due to the three percent base increase for all staff.

Current and other assets increased by \$316,710 primarily due to the increase in cash and cash equivalents from a \$803,369 increase in charges for services from an increase in rates for fiscal year 2007.

Other liabilities increased due to increased accrued wages and intergovernmental payable. This was mainly due to the three percent base pay increase for all staff as well as experience step increases. The Educational Service Center also hired five additional staff during fiscal year 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets

Changes	in Net Assets		
	2007	2006	Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$9,180,109	\$8,376,740	\$803,369
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,402,925	1,235,553	167,372
Total Program Revenues	10,583,034	9,612,293	970,741
General Revenues:			
Grants and Entitlements	1,373,882	1,484,593	(110,711)
Investment Earnings	122,184	87,008	35,176
Miscellaneous	308,159	209,883	98,276
Total General Revenues	1,804,225	1,781,484	22,741
Total Revenues	12,387,259	11,393,777	993,482
Program Evnances			
Program Expenses: Instruction:			
	0.065.404	1 000 404	205 627
Regular Special	2,265,131 3,918,336	1,969,494 3,316,713	295,637
Support Services:	3,910,330	3,310,713	601,623
• •	2 242 407	2 000 562	222 624
Pupils Instructional Staff	3,213,187	2,880,563	332,624
	2,088,286	1,901,797	186,489
Board of Education	31,755	25,405	6,350
Administration	310,971	311,336	(365)
Fiscal	243,710	256,993	(13,283)
Business	43,692	41,322	2,370
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	184,562	182,629	1,933
Central	12,075	10,588	1,487
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	6,454	5,559	895
Intergovernmental	46,767	111,138	(64,371)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,671	18,024	(2,353)
Total Expenses	12,380,597	11,031,561	\$1,349,036
Increase in Net Assets	6,662	362,216	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	1,098,761	736,545	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$1,105,423	\$1,098,761	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Charges for services of \$9,180,109 make up 74.1 percent of total revenues of \$12,387,259. The increase in charges for services was due primarily to an increase in rates.

Instruction comprises 49.9 percent of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses make up 49.5 percent of governmental program expenses. Overall, instruction costs increased by \$897,260 primarily do to a three percent base pay increase for all staff in fiscal year 2007 as well as additional steps for experience qualifications. The Educational Service Center also added staff of one teacher, one mental health therapist, and three additional aides.

Pupils and instructional services increased from the prior fiscal year, because of the three percent increase base pay increase for all staff.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and operating grants and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	001011111101	itai Aotivitios		
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
	2007	2007	2006	2006
Instruction	\$6,183,467	(\$177,151)	\$5,286,207	\$440,540
Support Services	6,128,238	(1,588,320)	5,610,633	(1,781,756)
Operation of Non-				
Instructional Services	6,454	1,466	5,559	21,769
Intergovernmental	46,767	(17,887)	111,138	(81,797)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,671	(15,671)	18,024	(18,024)
Total Expenses	\$12,380,597	(\$1,797,563)	\$11,031,561	(\$1,419,268)

The Educational Service Center's Funds

Information about the Educational Service Center's major fund starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$12,466,874 and expenditures of \$12,299,435. The net change in fund balance for the fiscal year in the General Fund was \$131,179. The Educational Service Center covers its costs by combining State revenue with the revenue it realizes from the local school districts in the county. The intent is to realize a marginal profit. The districts are charged an estimated "cost of services" each month. At fiscal year-end, a reconciliation is performed to determine what a district may still owe or what a district may be owed. Typically, after the estimated amount is established, additional services may be requested. Usually, the revenue to cover these additional expenses is not received until after the reconciliation is performed. On occasion, this revenue is not received until well into the following fiscal year.

The Educational Service Center also has programs that are paid for with tuition charged to the districts using these programs. Expenses are realized in the fiscal year, but tuition invoices at the end of the fiscal year are typically not paid in a timely manner. The increase in the General Fund balance is due to a combination of estimating the "cost of services" more accurately and through a more aggressive accounts receivable program for tuition. Using a more aggressive accounts receivable program enables a realization of more tuition revenue within the required time to be included as revenue for the fiscal year, which contributed to the increase in the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the Educational Service Center had \$719,548 invested in land, land improvements, building and improvements, and furniture and equipment.

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2007 balances compared to fiscal year 2006.

Table 4
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) at June 30,

	2007	2006
Land	\$161,360	\$161,360
Land Improvements	21,476	22,351
Building and Improvements	413,193	401,333
Furniture and Equipment	123,519	69,720
Totals	\$719,548	\$654,764

Overall capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$64,784 from fiscal year 2006 to fiscal year 2007. The primary increase occurred in furniture and equipment to furnish a new modular classroom that was purchased. For more information on capital assets, refer to Note 7 of the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2007, the Educational Service Center had \$285,324 in total outstanding debt for capital leases. Refer to Notes 12 and 13 of the basic financial statements for additional information.

Current Financial Issues and Concerns

The Educational Service Center provides services at the pleasure of the local, city, and exempted village school districts in Greene County. The majority of the services are special education in nature. The services these children are to be provided are mandated by IEP's, Individual Education Plans. The districts are required, by law, to serve these children. The school districts may provide the service through their own personnel, or contract out to have it provided. Most of the districts rely solely on the Educational Service Center to provide these services, while a few provide them with a combination of the Educational Service Center's staff and their own staff. The Educational Service Center has proven that purchasing the services from the Educational Service Center is a cost effective way for the districts to provide the services.

One of the Educational Service Center's major concerns revolves around the loss of State support the districts are realizing. The districts are required to make cuts in their general program to make funding available for these special education services they are required to provide. There is very little fear the districts will stop utilizing the Educational Service Center in providing these services. There is a fear the districts could stop using the Educational Service Center to provide services that they are not required to provide.

The Educational Service Center's Alternative Education programs are, for the most part, elective programs. If financial constraints on the districts become large enough, and they choose not to enroll kids in the programs, the programs will fail to support themselves. If this were to happen, the Educational Service Center would terminate these elective programs. The Alternative Education programs account for about \$970,000 of the Educational Service Center's annual costs and revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Contacting the Educational Service Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Educational Service Center's finances and to show the Educational Service Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Chip Arledge, Treasurer, at Greene County Educational Service Center, 360 East Enon Road, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387 or email at gcb_carledge@mveca.org.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,337,226
Intergovernmental Receivable	518,420
Prepaid Items	7,864
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	161,360
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	558,188
Total Assets	3,583,058
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	35,658
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,097,111
Intergovernmental Payable	407,113
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	109,903
Due in More Than One Year	827,850
Total Liabilities	2,477,635
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	434,224
Restricted for Other Purposes	130,981
Unrestricted	540,218
Total Net Assets	\$1,105,423

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Total Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:		_		
Instruction:				
Regular	\$2,265,131	\$1,971,585	\$84,573	(\$208,973)
Special	3,918,336	2,810,729	1,139,429	31,822
Support Services:				
Pupils	3,213,187	2,307,374	109,154	(796,659)
Instructional Staff	2,088,286	1,531,782	23,100	(533,404)
Board of Education	31,755	20,556		(11,199)
Administration	310,971	211,218	4,079	(95,674)
Fiscal	243,710	156,906		(86,804)
Business	43,692	28,283		(15,409)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	184,562	137,918		(46,644)
Central	12,075	3,548	6,000	(2,527)
Operation of Non-Instructional				
Services	6,454	210	7,710	1,466
Intergovernmental	46,767		28,880	(17,887)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,671			(15,671)
Total Governmental Activities	\$12,380,597	\$9,180,109	\$1,402,925	(1,797,563)
	General Revenues:			
	Grants and Entitlem	nents not Restricted to	Specific Programs	1,373,882
	Investment Earning	S		122,184
	Miscellaneous			308,159
	Total General Reven	nues		1,804,225
	Change in Net Asset	ts		6,662
	Net Assets at Beginr	ning of Year		1,098,761
	Net Assets at End of	Year		\$1,105,423

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

		Other	Total
	General	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets:	<u> </u>	1 41143	- Tunus
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,194,569	\$142,657	\$2,337,226
Intergovernmental Receivable	501,677	16,743	518,420
Prepaid Items	7,864	10,140	7,864
Total Assets	2,704,110	159,400	2,863,510
Liabilities and Fund Balances:			
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	24,398	11,260	35,658
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,086,213	10,898	1,097,111
Intergovernmental Payable	404,619	2,494	407,113
Deferred Revenue	1,473		1,473
Total Liabilities	1,516,703	24,652	1,541,355
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for Encumbrances	20,919	2,017	22,936
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:			
General Fund	1,166,488		1,166,488
Special Revenue Funds		132,731	132,731
Total Fund Balances	1,187,407	134,748	1,322,155
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$2,704,110	\$159,400	\$2,863,510

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2007

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$1,3	322,1	155	5
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Land	\$161,360
Land Improvements	25,344
Building and Improvements	515,826
Furniture and Equipment	231,106
Accumulated Depreciation	(214,088)

719,548

Long-term assets are not available soon enough to pay for the current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

Tuition and Fees 1,473

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:

Compensated Absences	(652,429)
Capital Lease Payable	(285,324)

(937,753)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$1,105,423

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$2,374,367	\$402,440	\$2,776,807
Interest	122,184		122,184
Tuition and Fees	2,066,117	10,501	2,076,618
Charges for Services	7,183,106		7,183,106
Miscellaneous	255,526	52,633	308,159
Total Revenues	12,001,300	465,574	12,466,874
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	2,122,710	86,334	2,209,044
Special	3,684,675	153,593	3,838,268
Support Services:			
Pupils	3,049,303	118,353	3,167,656
Instructional Staff	2,046,815	23,306	2,070,121
Board of Education	31,755		31,755
Administration	322,632	4,058	326,690
Fiscal	241,002		241,002
Business	43,497		43,497
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	213,274		213,274
Central	5,481	6,294	11,775
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		6,454	6,454
Capital Outlay	29,405		29,405
Intergovernmental	15,845	30,922	46,767
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	48,056		48,056
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,671		15,671
Total Expenditures	11,870,121	429,314	12,299,435
Net Change in Fund Balances	131,179	36,260	167,439
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,056,228	98,488	1,154,716
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,187,407	\$134,748	\$1,322,155

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$167,439 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital Outlay \$102,937 Depreciation Expense (38, 153)Excess of Capital Outlay over Depreciation Expense 64,784 Repayment of long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. These amounts consist of: Capital Lease Payments 48,056 Some revenues that will not be collected for several months after the Educational Service Center's fiscal year-end are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred Revenues changed by these amounts: **Tuition and Fees** (15,302)Charges for Services (64,313)(79,615)Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: Increase in Compensated Absences (194,002)

\$6,662

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Greene County Educational Service Center (the "Educational Service Center") is located in Yellow Springs, Ohio. The Educational Service Center supplies supervisory, special education, administrative and other services to the Cedar Cliff, Greeneview, and Sugarcreek Local School Districts, the Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District, and the Beavercreek, Fairborn and Xenia City School Districts. The Educational Service Center furnishes leadership and consulting services designed to strengthen the school districts in areas they are unable to finance or staff independently.

The Greene County Educational Service Center operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The Board members must be a resident of either Cedar Cliff, Greenview, or Sugarcreek Local School Districts. The Educational Service Center has 190 employees, which includes 45 teachers, 39 special education therapists, 43 educational aides, 25 mental health therapists, 25 administrative employees, and 13 administrative support staff that provide services to the local, exempted village, and city school districts.

A. Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Educational Service Center consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Educational Service Center. For the Greene County Educational Service Center, this includes general operations of the Educational Service Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Educational Service Center is financially accountable. The Educational Service Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Educational Service Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Educational Service Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Educational Service Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Educational Service Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Educational Service Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Educational Service Center in that the Educational Service Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The Educational Service Center has no component units.

The Educational Service Center participates in four jointly governed organizations and three insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are discussed in Note 14 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Miami Valley Educational Computer Association Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Miami Valley Special Education Regional Resource Center Greene County Family and Children First Council

Insurance Purchasing Pools:

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers'
Compensation Group Rating Plan
Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan
Ohio School Plan

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Educational Service Center have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Educational Service Center also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the Educational Service Center's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Educational Service Center's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Educational Service Center as a whole. The government-wide statements usually distinguish between those activities that are governmental and those that are business-type. The Educational Service Center, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Educational Service Center at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Educational Service Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Educational Service Center, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Educational Service Center.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

During the fiscal year, the Educational Service Center segregates transactions related to certain Educational Service Center functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Educational Service Center at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting by type. The major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Educational Service Center uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Educational Service Center functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All funds of the Educational Service Center are classified as governmental.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Educational Service Center are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the Educational Service Center's major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the Educational Service Center and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Educational Service Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the Educational Service Center account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

C. Measurement Focus

1. Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Educational Service Center are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net assets.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year, or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Educational Service Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Educational Service Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Educational Service Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Educational Service Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: excess costs and tuition and student fees.

2. Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

3. Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the Educational Service Center is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Educational Service Center's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2007, the Educational Service Center had no investments.

Following Ohio Statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$122,184 which includes \$10,060 assigned from other Educational Service Center funds.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2007, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

G. Capital Assets

The Educational Service Center's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets usually result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Educational Service Center maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand five hundred dollars. The Educational Service Center does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated
	Lives
Land Improvements	15-20 years
Building and Improvements	20-25 years
Furniture and Equipment	10-20 years

H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. The capital lease that will be paid from governmental funds is recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Educational Service Center will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The Educational Service Center records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all eligible employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the Educational Service Center has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the Educational Service Center's termination policy. The Educational Service Center records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of current service with the Educational Service Center.

J. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Educational Service Center or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes represent federal and State grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Educational Service Center applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$130,981 of restricted net assets, none of which are restricted by enabling legislation.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The Educational Service Center reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Pass-Through Grants

The Educational Service Center is the primary recipient of grants which are passed through or spent on behalf of the school districts within the county. When the Educational Service Center has a financial or administrative role in the grants, the grants are reported as revenues and intergovernmental expenditures in the General Fund or the Preschool Grant Fund.

M. Internal Activity

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods form one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repyament from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

3. ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2007, the Alternative School Grant and One Net Public Communication Subsidy Funds had deficit fund balances of \$126 and \$294, respectively. The General Fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the Educational Service Center are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Educational Service Center treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Educational Service Center treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim monies held by the Educational Service Center can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At June 30, 2007, the Educational Service Center had no investments.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Educational Service Center will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year-end, \$2,883,228 of the Educational Service Center's bank balance of \$2,983,228 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

The Educational Service Center has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Educational Service Center or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

5. STATE AND LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDING

The Educational Service Center, under State law, provides supervisory services to the local school districts within its territory. Each city, local, and exempted village school district that entered into an agreement with the Educational Service Center is considered to be provided supervisory services. The cost of the supervisory services is determined by formula under State law. The State Department of Education apportions the costs for all supervisory services among the Educational Service Center's city, local, and exempted village school districts based on each school's total student count. The Department of Education deducts each school district's amount from their State Foundation Program settlements and remits the amount to the Educational Service Center. The Educational Service Center may provide additional supervisory services if the majority of the client school districts agree to the services and the apportionment of the costs to all of the client school districts.

The Educational Service Center also receives funding from the State Department of Education in the amount of \$37 times the average daily membership of the Educational Service Center. Average daily membership includes the total student counts of all local school districts within the Educational Service Center's territory and all of the Educational Service Center's client school districts. This amount is paid from State resources. The State Department of Education also deducts from the State Foundation Program settlement of each of the Education Service Center's local and client school districts an amount equal to \$6.50 times the school district's total student count and remits this amount to the Educational Service Center.

The Educational Service Center may contract with city, exempted village, local, joint vocational, or cooperative education school districts to provide special education and related services or career-technical education services. The individual boards of education pay the costs for these services directly to the Educational Service Center.

6. RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2007, consisted of excess costs and tuition from other school districts. All receivables are considered collectible in full and will be received within one year. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
Governmental Activities:	
Excess Costs	\$501,677
Tuition and Student Fees	16,743
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$518,420

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/06	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/07
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$161,360			\$161,360
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	25,344			25,344
Building and Improvements	481,582	\$34,244		515,826
Furniture and Equipment	162,413	68,693		231,106
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	669,339	102,937		772,276
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(2,993)	(875)		(3,868)
Building and Improvements	(80,249)	(22,384)		(102,633)
Furniture and Equipment	(92,693)	(14,894)		(107,587)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(175,935)	(38,153)	*	(214,088)
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	493,404	64,784		558,188
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$654,764	\$64,784	\$0	\$719,548

^{*}Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	

Regular	\$599
Special	9,488
Support Services:	
Pupils	2,630
Instructional Staff	8,361
Administration	5,179
Fiscal	1,320
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	10,276
Central	300
Total Depreciation Expense	\$38,153

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The Educational Service Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2007, the Educational Service Center contracted with Indiana Insurance Company for property insurance with a \$2,500 deductible and \$4,694,616 as the limit.

The Educational Service Center does not own any vehicles. The vehicles owned by employees who travel are covered under a business policy with the Indiana Insurance Company which has a \$1,000,000 limit on any accident.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

8. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

During fiscal year 2007, the Educational Service Center, along with other school districts in Ohio, participated in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The Educational Service Center pays this annual premium to the OSP (See Note 14). The Educational Service Center contracts for education general liability, employee benefits liability, employer's liability and stop gap, errors and omissions liability, and employment practices with OSP.

Insurance coverage provided includes the following:

Education General Liability:	
Each Occurrence and Sexual Abuse Injury Limit	\$1,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury Limit – Each Offense	1,000,000
Loss of Electronic Data Limit – Each Electronic Data Incident	50,000
Fire Damage Limit – Any One Event	500,000
Medical Expense – Any One Person/Each Accident	10,000
General Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Products – Completed Operations Limit	1,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability:	
Each Offense	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Employer's Liability and Stop Gap:	
Each Occurrence	1,000,000
Disease-Each Employee	1,000,000
Errors and Omissions Liability (\$2,500 deductible):	
Per Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Employment Practices (\$2,500 deductible):	
Each Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has not been a significant reduction in insurance coverage from the last fiscal year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2007, the Educational Service Center participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The plan is intended to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Educational Service Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Integrated Comp Incorporated provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

8. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

C. Medical Benefits

For fiscal year 2007, the Educational Service Center participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan (MBP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The intent of the MBP is to achieve the benefit of reduced health insurance premiums for the Educational Service Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the MBP. The health insurance experience of the participants is calculated and a premium rate is applied to all participants in the MBP. Each participant in the MBP is individually experience rated every two years based on the participant's claims experience. That experience rating is factored into the participant's premium renewal rate. Each participant pays its health insurance premiums to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC). Participation in the MBP is limited to participants that can meet the MBP's selection criteria.

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The Educational Service Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476, or by calling toll-free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Educational Service Center is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current Educational Service Center rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the Educational Service Center's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Educational Service Center's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$269,971, \$246,682, and \$226,295, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for all three fiscal years.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The Educational Service Center participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling toll-free (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Educational Service Center was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Educational Service Center's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005, were \$761,504, \$695,930, and \$675,754, respectively; 83.37 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2007 were \$17,282 made by the Educational Service Center and \$38,451 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2007, one member of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Educational Service Center provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or Combined Plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care cost will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the Educational Service Center, this amount equaled \$58,577 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$282,743,000 and STRS Ohio had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, compared to 3.42 percent of covered payroll for fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at two percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the Educational Service Center, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2007 fiscal year equaled \$134,427.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2006, (the latest information available), were \$158,751,207. At June 30, 2006, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. SERS has 59,492 participants eligible to receive benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

11. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. All twelve month employees earn fifteen to twenty-five days vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Employees may accumulate five vacation days over their yearly maximum allowance at any time during a contract year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to all staff who have any accumulated vacation upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

All regular, full-time employees earn three days of personal leave per fiscal year. Accumulated, unused personal leave is converted to sick leave at fiscal year-end. Accumulated, unused personal leave is not paid to employees upon termination of employment. All regular, part-time staff earn personal leave at a prorated rate based upon the percentage they work compared to full-time.

All regular, full-time teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 260 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, employees with ten or more years of current service with the Educational Service Center receive payment for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 65 days. For those employees with less than 10 years of service, the maximum leave payment is 40 days.

B. Insurance Benefits

The Educational Service Center provides dental insurance, life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Coresource.

C. Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees may elect to participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan or the Ohio Association of School Board Officials (OASBO) Deferred Compensation Plan. The plans were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plans permit deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plans, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

12. CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In fiscal year 2003, the Educational Service Center entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the purchase and renovation of the land and building where the Educational Service Center is housed, instead of continuing to make rental payments. The initial term of the agreement was July 25, 2002, until June 30, 2003, provided that U. S. Bank and/or the Educational Service Center will have the right each year to either renew for an additional one-year renewable term until the end of the lease or pay off the total amount outstanding at that time. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. Principal payments made during fiscal year 2007 totaled \$48,056 in the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

12. CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE (Continued)

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Asset	Accumulated	Net Book
	Value	Depreciation	Value
Land	\$161,360		\$161,360
Building and Improvements	304,349	\$88,578	215,771
Totals	\$465,709	\$88,578	\$377,131

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007.

Year	Amount
2008	\$63,727
2009	63,727
2010	63,727
2011	63,727
2012	63,727
2013	5,311
Total	323,946
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(38,622)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$285,324

13. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2006 Additions		9		Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated Absences Payable	\$458,427	\$250,630	\$ 56,628	\$652,429	\$ 59,373
Capital Lease Obligation	333,380		48,056	285,324	50,530
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Obligations	\$791,807	\$250,630	\$104,684	\$937,753	\$109,903

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund and the Miscellaneous Local Grants Fund. Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

14. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

A. Jointly Governed Organizations

Miami Valley Educational Computer Association - The Educational Service Center is a participant in the Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA) which is a computer consortium. MVECA is an association of public schools within the boundaries of Clark, Clinton, Fayette, Greene and Highland Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts.

The governing board of MVECA consists of five Superintendents and two Treasurers of member school districts, with four of the five Superintendents and both Treasurers elected by a majority vote of all member school districts except the Greene County Career Center. The fifth Superintendent is from the Greene County Career Center. The Educational Service Center paid MVECA \$10,757 for services provided during fiscal year 2007. Financial information can be obtained from Dean Reineke, who serves as Executive Director, at 330 East Enon Road, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council - The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of nearly 100 school districts and educational service centers in 12 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC.

Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. Payments to SOEPC are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2007, the Educational Service Center paid \$2,962 to the SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, OH 45377.

Miami Valley Special Education Regional Resource Center — The Miami Valley Special Educational (MVSERRC) is a jointly governed organization operated by a Governing Board that is composed of superintendents of member school districts in the Miami Valley which comprise sixty percent of the Board, two parents of children with disabilities, one representative of a chartered nonpublic school, one representative of a county board of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities, representatives of universities and students and persons with disabilities. The Educational Service Center participates in the following services of MVSERRC: Identification and Program Development Project, Regional Educational Assessment Programming Project, Instructional Resource Center Project, Early Childhood Services Project, and the Ohio Resource Center for Low Incidence and Severely Handicapped Project. These services are to assist the Educational Service Center in complying with mandates of Public Law 99-457 for educating children with disabilities.

There is no financial commitment made by the School Districts involved in MVSERRC. MVSERRC is not dependent upon the continued participation of the Educational Service Center and the Educational Service Center does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the MVSERRC. The Educational Service Center made no contributions to MVSERRC during fiscal year 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

14. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS (Continued)

Greene County Family and Children First Council - The Greene County Family and Children First Council (Council) is a jointly governed organization created under Ohio Revised Code Section 121.37. The Council is made up of the following members: the Director of the Board of Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health Services that serves Greene County, the Health Commissioner of the Board of Greene County, the Director of the Greene County Department of Human Services, the Executive Director of Greene County's Children Services Board, the Superintendent of Greene County's Board of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities, the Greene County Juvenile Court Judge, the Superintendents of all School Districts and Educational Service Centers within the County, a representative of the largest city in the County, the Chair of the Board of Greene County Commissioners, a representative of the regional office of the Department of Youth Services, a representative of Head Start services in Greene County, a representative of Greene County's Early Intervention Collaborative, and at least three individuals representing families residing in Greene County. When possible, the number of members representing families will be equal to twenty percent of the Council's remaining membership. In fiscal year 2007, the Educational Service Center made no contributions to the Council; however a payable of \$18,708 exists at year-end for services during the fiscal year. Continued existence of the Council is not dependent on the Educational Service Center's continued participation, no equity interest exists, and no debt is outstanding.

B. Insurance Purchasing Pools

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The Educational Service Center participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven member Executive Committee consisting of the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson, a representative from the Darke County Educational Service Center and eight other members elected by majority vote of all member Educational Service Centers. The Chief Administrator of the GRP serves as the coordinator of the program. Each fiscal year, the participating Educational Service Centers pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan - The Educational Service Center participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan (MBP). The MBP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven member committee consisting of various MBP representatives that are elected by the general assembly. Either the superintendent or treasurer from each participating Educational Service Center serves on the general assembly. Each fiscal year, the participating Educational Service Centers pay an enrollment fee to the MBP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Ohio School Plan - The Educational Service Center participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The OSP is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a thirteen member Board of Directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers, as well as Dave Harcum, an independent consultant of Hylant Group, Inc., and a partner of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

15. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Educational Service Center received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Educational Service Center at June 30, 2007.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the Educational Service Center as defendant.

16. NONCOMPLIANCE

The Educational Service Center failed, in various instances, to comply with its required procedure regarding certification of funds prior to disbursement.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$2,272,857	\$2,373,103	\$2,403,245	\$30,142	
Interest	100,000	120,000	131,800	11,800	
Tuition and Fees	1,727,370	1,741,095	1,723,737	(17,358)	
Charges for Services	7,352,682	7,378,182	7,579,100	200,918	
Miscellaneous	187,273	228,286	242,950	14,664	
Total Revenues	11,640,182	11,840,666	12,080,832	240,166	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,205,549	2,217,371	2,083,576	133,795	
Special	3,623,698	3,648,688	3,516,388	132,300	
Support Services:					
Pupils	3,145,000	3,130,538	3,010,144	120,394	
Instructional Staff	2,111,369	2,195,275	2,025,710	169,565	
Board of Education	34,834	40,834	31,658	9,176	
Administration	347,013	353,313	313,533	39,780	
Fiscal	267,346	268,346	247,313	21,033	
Business	46,604	47,604	43,155	4,449	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	270,607	271,483	216,965	54,518	
Central	4,000	4,000	1,978	2,022	
Capital Outlay	117,500	117,500	93,132	24,368	
Total Expenditures	12,173,520	12,294,952	11,583,552	711,400	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(533,338)	(454,286)	497,280	951,566	
Other Financing Uses:					
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(75,907)	(111,507)	(75,906)	35,601	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(609,245)	(565,793)	421,374	987,167	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,692,116	1,692,116	1,692,116		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	46,859	46,859	46,859		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1,129,730	\$1,173,182	\$2,160,349	\$987,167	

See accompanying notes to the supplemental schedule.

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

1. BUDGETARY PROCESS

There are no budgetary requirements for Educational Service Centers identified in the Ohio Revised Code nor does the State Department of Education specify any budgetary guidelines to be followed.

The Educational Service Center's Board budgets for resources estimated to be received during the fiscal year. The estimated revenues may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of the estimated revenues when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of the estimated revenues in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The Educational Service Center's Board adopts an annual appropriations resolution, which is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on the expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The level of control has been established by the Board at the fund/function/object level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function and object level within all funds.

Throughout the fiscal year, appropriations may be amended or supplemented as circumstances warrant. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from the prior fiscal year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

2. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the Educational Service Center is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and actual is presented for the General Fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Unrecorded cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statements.

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance		
	General	
GAAP Basis	\$131,179	
Revenue Accruals	70,242	
Expenditure Accruals	244,883	
Encumbrances	(34,220)	
Unrecorded Cash - FY06	9,290	
Budget Basis	\$421,374	



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Educational Service Center Greene County 360 East Enon Road Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Educational Service Center, Greene County, (the Service Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Service Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Service Center's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Government's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Service Center's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us Educational Service Center Greene County Independent Accountants' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance And Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Service Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2007-001.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Governing Board. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

February 25, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2007

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2007-001

NONCOMPLIANCE FINDING

The Service Center's procedure DJ-R, approved 12/17/1987 requires purchasing disbursements to have a written requisition approved by a supervisor and the Superintendent and authorized by the treasurer on a purchase order.

Testing identified 10 out of 60 (16.67%) items were not certified prior to commitment of the funds and 20 out of 60 (33.33%) items had total purchase order disbursements exceeding the encumbrance amount. To help reduce the possibility of the Educational Service Center's funds exceeding budgetary spending limits, funds should be certified by the fiscal officer and not expended prior to certification

Officials Response:

We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2007

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Number	Summary	Corrected?	
2006-001	Failure to Properly Certify Expenditures.	Not corrected	Finding repeated.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

GREENE COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER

GREENE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 19, 2008