#### AUDIT REPORT

**JANUARY 1, 2006 – DECEMBER 31, 2007** 

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. 37 South Seventh Street Zanesville, Ohio 43701



## Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Hopewell Township 4692 Hopewell Indian Road Glenford, Ohio 43739

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of Hopewell Township, Perry County, prepared by Wolfe, Wilson & Phillips, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Hopewell Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 2, 2008



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#### WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. 37 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Hopewell Township Perry County 4692 Hopewell Indian Road Glenford, Ohio 43739

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of Hopewell Township, Perry County as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, which collectively comprised the Township's basic financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the Township has prepared these financial statements and notes using the cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position-cash basis of the governmental activities, major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hopewell Township, Perry County, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the respective changes in financial position-cash basis and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Gas Tax Fund and Fire District Fund, thereof for the years then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated April 4, 2008, on our consideration of Hopewell Township's internal control structure over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Government Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio April 4, 2008

This discussion and analysis of the Hopewell Township's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Township's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

#### **Highlights**

Key highlights for 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

The Township's general receipts are primarily Real Estate and property taxes for governmental activities for the year. Tax receipts for 2007 and 2006 changed very little changed compared to 2005 as development within the Township has stayed about the same.

In 2007 and 2006, the Township again sealed most of the Township roads with oil and gravel. This project is completed each year. The Township has two full time employees for the maintenance of the roads.

A new tornado siren was installed in 2006 after several years without one.

The new fire engine arrived in 2006, as well as a new breathing air compressor and a washer and dryer for the fire department.

A website for the Township was set up in 2006.

In 2007, the Township acquired additional land to possibly be used for a new fire station.

In 2007, the fire department purchased a new radio system with UHF and low-band for better contact with the county.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting.

#### **Report Components**

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole. The statement of cash basis assets and fund balances, and the statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in fund cash balances, present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

#### Reporting the Government as a Whole

The statements of net assets and statements of activities for 2007 and 2006 reflect how the Township did financially within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The statement of net assets present the cash balances of the governmental activities of the Township at year-end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the programs services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General cash receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws form the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Township's tax base, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and real estate taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we divide the government into governmental activities. All of the Township's basic services are reported here, including road maintenance. Real estate and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

#### **Reporting the Government's Most Significant Funds**

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose.

Governmental Funds - All of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds for 2007 are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund and the Fire District Fund. In 2006 the major funds are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund and the Fire District Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements. There are no reconciliations between the two reports as the township reports on the cash basis.

#### The Government as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets for 2007 compared to 2006 and 2005 on the cash basis:

#### Table 1 NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities								
		2007		2006		2005			
Assets		_	' <u>-</u>	_		_			
Cash	\$	465,219	\$	511,496	\$	465,227			
Total Assets	\$	465,219	\$	511,496	\$	465,227			
		_		_		_			
Net Assets									
Restricted for:									
Permanent Fund:									
Expendable	\$	290	\$	257	\$	-			
Non-Expendable		1,000		1,000		-			
Other Purposes		337,103		289,796		220,001			
Unrestricted		126,826		220,443		243,226			
Total Net Assets	\$	465,219	\$	511,496	\$	465,227			

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2007 and 2006 and 2005:

Table 2 CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities								
	2007	2006	2005						
Receipts:									
Program Receipts:									
Charges for Services	\$ 200,109	\$ 205,475	\$ 204,682						
Operating Grants	112,646	100,634	90,686						
Total Program Receipts	312,755	306,109	295,368						
General Receipts;									
Property and Other Tax	183,291	179,819	210,422						
Other Taxes	5,684	=	12,728						
Grants and Entitlements									
not Restricted	97,617	37,197	39,155						
Loan Proceeds	-	260,395	-						
Sale of Fixed Assets	-	5,794	-						
Interest	5,404	3,012	3,637						
Miscellaneous	6,648	19,966	3,187						
Total General Receipts	298,644	506,183	269,129						
Total Receipts	611,399	812,292	564,497						
Disbursements:									
General Government	114,170	117,245	151,899						
Public Safety	120,307	109,505	156,665						
Public Works	325,087	243,330	162,465						
Health	-	21	-						
Capital Outlay	48,450	279,414	112,621						
Debt Service:									
Principal	33,097	11,320	10,631						
Interest	16,565	5,188	5,878						
Total Disbursements	657,676	766,023	600,159						
Increase/(Decrease)									
In Net Assets	(46,277)	46,269	(35,662)						
Net Assets, January 1	511,496	465,227	500,889						
Net Assets, December 31	\$ 465,219	\$ 511,496	\$ 465,227						

Program receipts represent 51%, 38% and 52% of total receipts for 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively. They are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as motor vehicle license and gas tax money.

General receipts represent 49%, 62% and 48% of the Township's total receipts for 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Local taxes represent 63%, 36% and 83% of the general receipts. Grants and entitlements make up the balance of general receipts. Other receipts are insignificant and somewhat unpredictable receipt sources.

Disbursements for general government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities.

#### The Government's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$611,399 and \$812,292 for 2007 and 2006 and disbursements of \$657,676 and \$766,023 for 2007 and 2006, respectively.

#### **Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2007 and 2006, the Township made amendments to its appropriation budget and receipts budget to reflect changing circumstances. For 2007 and 2006, actual receipts were greater than budgeted receipts.

Final budgeted disbursements for 2007 and 2006 were \$434,112 and \$455,041, respectively. Actual disbursements for 2007 and 2006 were \$327,671 and \$259,191, respectively. The Township kept spending close to budgeted amounts.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

The Township does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure in the accompanying financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements.

#### **Debt**

As of December 31, 2007, the Township has outstanding debt in the amount of \$295,922 with \$34,858 due within one year. The loans were used to purchase a tanker truck and fire truck for Township use. Payments are made annually.

#### **Contacting the Government's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Marian DeRolph, Fiscal Officer, 4692 Hopewell Indian Road, Glenford, Ohio 43739.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2007

	Governmen Activitie				
ASSETS:		_			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	465,219			
Total Assets	\$	465,219			
NET ASSETS:					
Restricted for:					
Permanent Fund: for improvements					
Expendable	\$	290			
NonExpendable		1,000			
Other Purposes		337,103			
Unrestricted		126,826			
Total Net Assets	\$	465,219			

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Disl	Cash oursements	for	Charges Services nd Sales	$\mathbf{G}$	perating rants and ntributions	Re C	Net bursements) ceipts and hanges in (et Assets
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	114,170	\$	156,789	\$	-	\$	42,619
Public Safety		120,307		42,330		-		(77,977)
Public Works		325,087		-		105,743		(219,344)
Other		<u>-</u>		990		6,903		7,893
Capital Outlay		48,450		-		-		(48,450)
Debt Service:								
Principal		33,097		_		_		(33,097)
Interest		16,565						(16,565)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	657,676	\$	200,109	\$	112,646	\$	(344,921)
			Prop	e <b>ral Receip</b> perty Taxes I	Levied	for:		
				eneral Purpo	ses		\$	183,291
				er Taxes				5,684
				nts and Entities estricted to S				97,617
			Inte		pecific	Tiograms		5,404
				cellaneous				6,648
			1,110	001141100415				5,6.6
			Tota	al General Re	eceipts			298,644
			Cha	nge in Net A	ssets			(46,277)
			Net	Assets Begin	nning	of Year		511,496
			Net	Assets End	of Yea	ır	\$	465,219

#### STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2007

	 General	_	Sasoline Tax	Fire District	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and cash Equivalents	\$ 126,826	\$	123,337	\$ 164,012	\$	51,044	\$	465,219
Total Assets	\$ 126,826	\$	123,337	\$ 164,012	\$	51,044	\$	465,219
Fund Balances:								
Unreserved: General Fund	\$ 126,826	\$	-	\$ _	\$	_	\$	126,826
Special Revenue Permanent Fund	-		123,337	164,012		49,754 1,290		337,103 1,290
	 	Φ.		 164.012				
Total Fund Balances	\$ 126,826	\$	123,337	\$ 164,012	\$	51,044	\$	465,219

## STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2007

	 General	 Gasoline Tax		Fire District	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
CASH RECEIPTS								
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 35,849	\$ -	\$	114,641	\$	32,801	\$	183,291
Charges for Services	-	-		42,330		-		42,330
Licenses, Permits and Fees	161,214	-		-		-		161,214
Intergovernmental	30,139	92,437		21,578		67,462		211,616
Interest	5,404	750		-		146		6,300
Other	 1,448	 		5,200				6,648
<b>Total Receipts</b>	 234,054	 93,187		183,749		100,409		611,399
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:								
Current:								
General Government	114,170	-		-		-		114,170
Public Safety	-	-		120,307		-		120,307
Public Works	213,501	72,433		-		39,153		325,087
Capital Outlay	-	-		-		48,450		48,450
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement	_	-		33,097		-		33,097
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 	 	_	16,565				16,565
<b>Total Disbursements</b>	 327,671	 72,433		169,969		87,603		657,676
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(93,617)	20,754		13,780		12,806		(46,277)
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 220,443	 102,583		150,232		38,238		511,496
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 126,826	\$ 123,337	\$	164,012	\$	51,044	\$	465,219

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
CASH RECEIPTS	8			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 27,512	\$ 27,512	\$ 35,849	\$ 8,337
Licenses, Permits and Fees	161,000	161,000	161,214	214
Intergovernmental	21,300	21,300	30,139	8,839
Interest	3,000	3,000	5,404	2,404
Other	1,300	1,300	1,448	148
Total Receipts	214,112	214,112	234,054	19,942
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:				
Current:				
General Government	171,112	171,112	114,170	56,942
Public Works	257,000	257,000	213,501	43,499
Health	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Capital Outlay	5,000	5,000		5,000
Total Disbursements	434,112	434,112	327,671	106,441
<b>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</b>	(220,000)	(220,000)	(93,617)	126,383
<b>Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year</b>	220,443	220,443	220,443	
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 443	\$ 443	\$ 126,826	\$ 126,383

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GASOLINE TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Budgeted	Amou	ints		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)		
CASH RECEIPTS							
Intergovernmental	\$ 69,500	\$	69,500	\$ 92,437	\$	22,937	
Interest	 500		500	 750		250	
<b>Total Receipts</b>	70,000		70,000	93,187		23,187	
CASH DISBURSEMENTS: Current:							
Public Works	 142,146		142,146	 72,433		69,713	
<b>Total Disbursements</b>	 142,146		142,146	72,433		69,713	
<b>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</b>	(72,146)		(72,146)	20,754		92,900	
<b>Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year</b>	 102,583		102,583	 102,583			
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 30,437	\$	30,437	\$ 123,337	\$	92,900	

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS FIRE DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
CASH RECEIPTS						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 114,641	\$ 14,641		
Charges for Services	40,000	40,000	42,330	2,330		
Intergovernmental	9,500	9,500	21,578	12,078		
Other			5,200	5,200		
<b>Total Receipts</b>	149,500	149,500	183,749	34,249		
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:						
Current:						
Public Safety	216,537	216,537	120,307	96,230		
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	33,097	33,097	33,097	-		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	16,565	16,565	16,565			
Total Disbursements	266,199	266,199	169,969	96,230		
<b>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</b>	(116,699)	(116,699)	13,780	130,479		
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year	150,232	150,232	150,232			
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 33,533	\$ 33,533	\$ 164,012	\$ 130,479		

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2006

	Governmenta Activities				
ASSETS:		_			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	511,496			
Total Assets	\$	511,496			
NET ASSETS:					
Restricted for:					
Permanent Fund: for improvements					
Expendable	\$	257			
NonExpendable		1,000			
Other Purposes		289,796			
Unrestricted		220,443			
Total Net Assets	\$	511,496			

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Disl	<b>Cash</b> oursements	for	Charges Services and Sales	Gı	Operating Grants and Contributions		Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets	
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>						_			
General Government	\$	117,245	\$	162,817	\$	-	\$	45,572	
Public Safety		109,505		40,993		-		(68,512)	
Public Works		243,330		-		99,433		(143,897)	
Health		21		300		-		279	
Other		-		1,365		1,201		2,566	
Capital Outlay		279,414		-		_		(279,414)	
Debt Service:									
Principal		11,320		_		-		(11,320)	
Interest		5,188		_		-		(5,188)	
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	766,023	\$	205,475	\$	100,634	\$	(459,914)	
			General Receipts: Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes Grants and Entitlements not					179,819	
				stricted to S	pecific	Programs		37,197	
				n Proceeds				260,395	
			Sale	of Fixed As	sets			5,794	
			Inter					3,012	
			Miso	cellaneous				19,966	
			Total General Receipts			506,183			
			Change in Net Assets					46,269	
			Net	Assets Begi	nning	of Year		465,227	
			Net	Assets End	of Yea	ır	\$	511,496	

#### STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2006

		General	_	Gasoline Tax		Fire District	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and cash Equivalents	\$	220,443	\$	102,583	\$	150,232	\$	38,238	\$	511,496
Total Assets	\$	220,443	\$	102,583	\$	150,232	\$	38,238	\$	511,496
Fund Balances:										
Unreserved: General Fund	\$	220,443	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	220,443
Special Revenue	Ψ	-	Ψ	102,583	Ψ	150,232	Ψ	36,981	Ψ	289,796
Permanent Fund								1,257		1,257
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$	220,443	\$	102,583	\$	150,232	\$	38,238	\$	511,496

## STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2006

	(	General		Gasoline Tax		Fire District		Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
CASH RECEIPTS	¢.	24 107	Φ.		¢.	112 240	¢.	20.450	¢.	170.010
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	34,127	\$	-	\$	113,240	\$	32,452	\$	179,819
Charges for Services		169.002		-		40,993		-		40,993
Licenses, Permits and Fees		168,992		- 06.201		10.010		15 212		168,992
Intergovernmental		21,250		86,201		10,010		15,213		132,674
Interest		3,012		557		2.250		90		3,659
Other		4,027		5,511		2,250		8,178		19,966
<b>Total Receipts</b>		231,408		92,269		166,493		55,933		546,103
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:										
Current:										
General Government		116,759		-		-		486		117,245
Public Safety		2,053		-		107,452		-		109,505
Public Works		139,168		54,638		-		49,524		243,330
Health		21		-		-		-		21
Capital Outlay		660		-		272,228		6,526		279,414
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		-		-		11,320		-		11,320
Interest and Fiscal Charges					_	5,188				5,188
Total Disbursements		258,661		54,638		396,188		56,536		766,023
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(27,253)		37,631		(229,695)		(603)		(219,920)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Loan Proceeds		_		_		260,395		_		260,395
Sale of Fixed Assets		_		_		5,794		_		5,794
Advances In		5,000		-		-		-		5,000
Advances Out		· -		-		-		(5,000)		(5,000)
Transfers In		_		-		530		-		530
Transfers Out		(530)								(530)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		4,470		<u>-</u>		266,719		(5,000)		266,189
Net Change in Fund Balances		(22,783)		37,631		37,024		(5,603)		46,269
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year		243,226		64,952		113,208		43,841		465,227
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$	220,443	\$	102,583	\$	150,232	\$	38,238	\$	511,496

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
CASH RECEIPTS					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 27,500	\$ 27,500	\$ 34,127	\$ 6,627	
Licenses, Permits and Fees	157,800	157,800	168,992	11,192	
Intergovernmental	24,165	24,165	21,250	(2,915)	
Interest	3,300	3,300	3,012	(288)	
Other	750	750	4,027	3,277	
Total Receipts	213,515	213,515	231,408	17,893	
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:					
Current:					
General Government	221,710	217,597	116,759	100,838	
Public Safety	-	2,114	2,053	61	
Public Works	187,500	189,500	139,168	50,332	
Health	-	300	21	279	
Capital Outlay	45,000	45,000	660	44,340	
<b>Total Disbursements</b>	454,210	454,511	258,661	195,850	
<b>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</b>	(240,695)	(240,996)	(27,253)	213,743	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Advances In	5,000	5,000	5,000	-	
Transfers Out	(530)	(530)	(530)		
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	4,470	4,470	4,470		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(236,225)	(236,526)	(22,783)	213,743	
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year	243,226	243,226	243,226		
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 7,001	\$ 6,700	\$ 220,443	\$ 213,743	

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GASOLINE TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
CACH DECEMBER	Original			Final	Actual		(Negative)	
CASH RECEIPTS Intergovernmental Interest	\$	51,750 300	\$	51,750 300	\$	86,201 557	\$	34,451 257
Other		20		5,531		5,511		(20)
Total Receipts		52,070		57,581		92,269		34,688
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:								
Current: Public Works		117,022		117,022		54,638		62,384
Total Disbursements		117,022		117,022		54,638		62,384
<b>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</b>		(64,952)		(59,441)		37,631		97,072
<b>Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year</b>		64,952		64,952		64,952		
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$		\$	5,511	\$	102,583	\$	97,072

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS FIRE DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	 Budgeted	Amou	ınts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
CASH RECEIPTS							
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$	113,240	\$	13,240
Charges for Services	39,000		39,000		40,993		1,993
Intergovernmental	10,470		10,470		10,010		(460)
Other	 				2,250		2,250
<b>Total Receipts</b>	149,470		149,470		166,493		17,023
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:							
Current:							
Public Safety	212,700		212,700		107,452		105,248
Capital Outlay	34,000		294,395		272,228		22,167
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	11,320		11,320		11,320		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 5,188		5,188		5,188		
<b>Total Disbursements</b>	 263,208		523,603		396,188		127,415
<b>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</b>	(113,738)		(374,133)		(229,695)		144,438
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Loan Proceeds	-		260,395		260,395		-
Sale of Fixed Assets	-		-		5,794		5,794
Transfers In	 530		530		530		
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	 530		260,925		266,719		5,794
Net Change in Fund Balances	(113,208)		(113,208)		37,024		150,232
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year	113,208		113,208		113,208		
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$ -	\$	-	\$	150,232	\$	150,232

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Township of Hopewell, Perry County, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three member Board of Trustees and a publicly elected Fiscal Officer.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that were included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading.

#### **Primary Government**

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services.

#### **Component Units**

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Township is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Township is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Township in that the Township approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Township, are accessible to the Township and are significant in amount to the Township.

Hopewell Township has no component units.

#### Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations and Public Entity Risk Pools

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Under the cash basis of accounting, the Township does not report assets for equity interest in joint ventures.

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 5 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. This organization is: Public Entity Risk Pool: Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA).

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are more of the Township's accounting policies.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities or the Township that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or service. The Township has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets present the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Township at year-end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the programs goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Fund Accounting**

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are divided into one category: governmental.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's major governmental funds for 2007 are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund and Fire District Fund. The Township's major governmental funds for 2006 are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund and Fire District Fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The Gasoline Tax Fund is used for Trustee's salary and for the maintenance and up keep of roads and bridges. The Fire District Fund is used to account for resources received from property tax money for fire and emergency services provided to the Township residents. The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note. There were no modifications having substantial support.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Budgetary Process**

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated (except certain agency funds). The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and set limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported in the original budget on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

#### **Cash and Investments**

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is deposited into an interest bearing checking account, which earns .50 percent interest and two certificates of deposit, which earn 5.02 and 4.26 percent interest, respectively. In 2007 and 2006, interest credited to the General Fund was \$5,404 and \$3,012, respectively.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Cash and cash equivalents are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Amounts restricted for other purposes represents special revenue funds restricted to a specific use.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Inventory and Prepaid Items**

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Accumulated Leave**

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

#### **Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans**

The Township recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Note 6, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither another financing source nor capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include gasoline tax receipts used for the upkeep of Township roads and bridges, road and bridge property taxes used for the upkeep of Township roads and bridges, and road district property taxes used for the upkeep of Township roads.

#### **Capital Assets**

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Fund Balance Reserve**

The Township may reserve any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. The Township has no reserves as of December 31, 2007 and 2006. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as cash receipts in the seller funds and as cash disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. In the government-wide statements, transfers within governmental activities are eliminated.

#### 3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparisons of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). There were no outstanding encumbrances at year-end for 2007 and 2006.

#### 4. DEPOSITS

Monies held by the Township are classified by State into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Township has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 4. DEPOSITS (Continued)

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuance of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligation of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligation described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Protection of the Township's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by collateral pledged to the Township by the financial institution, or by a collateral pool established by the financial institution, to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution. The Commodore Bank and National City Bank are the financial institutions for Hopewell Township.

The Township did not have any undeposited cash on hand for 2007 and 2006.

#### **Deposits:**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are the possession of an outside party. At year ended December 31, 2007, \$327,636 of the Township's bank balance of \$477,636 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Township's name. At year ended December 31, 2006, \$365,958 of the Township's bank balance of \$515,958 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Township's name.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 4. DEPOSITS (Continued)

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

#### 5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio Townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

#### Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006, OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

#### Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members total insurable value. If the stop-loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2006 was \$1,901,127.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 5. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2006 and 2005, the latest information available.

Casualty Coverage	2006	2005
Assets	\$ 32,031,312	\$ 30,485,638
Liabilities	(11,443,952)	(12,344,576)
Retained Earnings	\$ 20,587,360	\$ 18,141,062
Property Coverage	2006	2005
Assets	\$ 10,010,963	\$ 9,177,796
Liabilities	(676,709)	(1,450,031)
Retained Earnings	\$ 9,334,254	\$ 7,771,765
Retained Earnings  Property Coverage Assets Liabilities	\$ 20,587,360 2006 \$ 10,010,963 (676,709)	\$ 18,141,062 2005 \$ 9,177,796 (1,450,031)

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 958 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$34,128. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph.

Based on discussion with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership. The Townships contributions to OTARMA for the past three years are as follows:

Contributions to OTARMA									
2005	\$ 15,273								
2006	\$ 18,596								
2007	\$ 17,064								

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 5. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they give written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

#### 6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, the members in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 9.5 and 9.0, percent, respectively, of their annual covered salaries. The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2007 and 2006 was 13.85 percent and 13.70 percent, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$15,435, \$14,460, and \$13,741, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2007, 2006 and 2005. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2007 were \$15,435 made by the Township and \$10,587 made by the plan members.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Post Employment Benefits**

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health car coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State Statute. The portion of employer contributions in 2007, for all employers, allocated to health care was 5.0 percent From January 1, 2007 through June 30, 2007, and 6.0 percent from July 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as December 31, 2006, include a rate of return on investments of 6.5 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .5 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase between .50 percent and 5 percent annually for the next eight years and 4 percent annually after nine years.

All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12 percent corridor.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 362,130. Actual employer contributions for 2007 and 2006 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$5,015 and \$4,750, respectively. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2006, (the latest information available) were \$12.0 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$30.7 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 7. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Real property tax receipts received in 2007 represent the collection of 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2007 were levied after October 1, 2006, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstance, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located in the Township.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2007, was \$9.70 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2007 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	
Residential	\$ 21,028,130
Agriculture	9,879,340
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	840,330
Public Utility Property	
Real	15,080
Personal	1,191,930
Tangible Personal Property	149,850
Total Assessed Value	\$ 33,104,660

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8. DEBT

Long -term debt of the Township as of December 31, 2007 were as follows:

	F	Balance					]	Balance	Aı	mount Due
	Ja	inuary 1		December 31			Within			
		2006	A	dditions	ns Deductions		2007		One Year	
Tanker Lease	\$	79,944	\$		\$	23,375	\$	56,569	\$	12,837
Fire Truck Lease		-		260,395		21,042		239,353		22,021
Totals	\$	79,944	\$	260,395	\$	44,417	\$	295,922	\$	34,858

The Township entered into a lease agreement for the purchase of a tanker truck. The lesser maintains a security interest in the tanker truck as collateral.

The Township entered into a lease agreement for the purchase of a fire truck. The lesser maintains a security interest in the fire truck as collateral.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	Tanker	Lease	Fire Truck Lease			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2008	\$ 12,837	\$ 3,671	\$ 22,021	\$ 11,133		
2009	13,671	2,838	23,045	10,109		
2010	14,558	1,951	24,117	9,037		
2011	15,503	1,006	25,239	7,915		
2012	-	-	26,412	6,741		
2013-2016	-	-	118,519	14,095		
Totals	\$ 56,569	\$ 9,466	\$ 239,353	\$ 59,030		

#### 9. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39, in 2006 the Township had funds that were appropriated more than estimated resources.

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D), in 2006 the Township had fiscal certificates dated after invoices.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 10. TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for 2006:

Fund	Tra	ansfer In	Tra	Transfer Out		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	530		
Fire District Fund		530		-		
Totals	\$	530	\$	530		

Transfers are used to move revenues from funds that statute or budget requires to collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed; and to transfer capital assets.

#### WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. 37 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Hopewell Township Perry County 4692 Hopewell Indian Road Glenford, Ohio 43739

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hopewell Township, Perry County, Ohio, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated April 4, 2008, wherein we noted the Township followed the cash basis of accounting, a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Hopewell Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Township's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Township's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purposes described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above. We noted certain matters that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated April 4, 2008.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page Two

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hopewell Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standard*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of Hopewell Township in a separate letter dated April 4, 2008.

This report is intended for the information of the Township's management, fiscal officer, and Auditor of State, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio April 4, 2008



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### **HOPEWELL TOWNSHIP**

#### **PERRY COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 12, 2008