



MEDINA COUNTY GENERAL HEALTH DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY

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Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Medina County General Health District Medina County 4800 Ledgewood Drive Medina. Ohio 44256

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Medina County General Health District, Medina County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Medina County General Health District, Medina County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, the District revised its financial presentation comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2008, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702-1509 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 Medina County General Health District Medina County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* requires presenting a federal awards expenditure schedule. The schedule is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

March 25, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Medina County General Health District's financial performance provides an overall review of the Health District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2007, within the limitations of the Health District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Health District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Health District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year 2007 are as follows:

- Net assets decreased \$225,692, or 7.4 percent from 2006. The decrease was due mainly to reduced charges for services in the Environmental Division, and an increase in the Capital Outlay expenditures for a new roof for the Health District's building.
- Program specific receipts in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions comprise \$2,788,324 of the Health District's receipts, making up almost 48.4 percent of all the dollars coming into the District. General receipts in the form of property taxes and unrestricted grants make up the other 51.6 percent.
- The Health District had \$\$5,982,806 in disbursements during 2007. The Health District expanded its Emergency Preparedness operations and the Dental Clinic Operations during the year.
- The Health District installed a new roof on its building.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Health District's cash basis of accounting.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Health District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions on a cash basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis, and Statement of Activities – Cash Basis provide information about the activities of the whole Health District, presenting both an aggregate view of the Health District's finances, and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Health District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements, and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Health District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Health District's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Health District as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Health District did financially during 2007, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis presents the cash balances of the governmental activities of the Health District at year end. The Statement of Activities – Cash Basis compares disbursements with program receipts for each governmental activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Health District's general receipts.

These statements report the Health District's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Health District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Health District's cash position is one indicator of whether the Health District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Health District's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well, such as the Health District's property tax base, the condition of the Health District's capital assets, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth.

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis, and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis present governmental activities, which include all the Health District's services. The Health District has no business-type activities.

Reporting the Health District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Health District's major fund – not the Health District as a whole. The Health District establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. All of the operating funds of the Health District are governmental.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

Governmental Funds - The Health District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Health District's governmental operations and the health services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Health District's health programs.

The Health District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Health District's major governmental fund is the General Fund. The programs reported in the governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

The Health District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Health District's net assets for 2007 compared to 2006 on a cash basis:

TABLE 1Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	Change	
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$2,841,531	\$3,067,223	(\$225,692)	
Net Assets Restricted for special purposes	\$792,181	\$966,304	(\$174,123)	
Unrestricted	2,049,350	2,100,919	(51,569)	
Total Net Assets	\$2,841,531	\$3,067,223	(\$225,692)	

As mentioned previously, net assets decreased \$225,692. The decrease is due primarily to a reduction in fees for services, and the new roof installation on the Health District's building during 2007.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

Table 2 reflects the change in net assets in 2007, and provides a comparison to 2006 amounts:

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006	Change 2006 to 2007
Cash Receipts:		_	
Program cash receipts			
Charges for services	\$1,693,262	\$1,883,091	(\$189,829)
Operating grants and contributions	1,095,062	794,299	300,763
Total Program Cash Receipts	2,788,324	2,677,390	110,934
General cash receipts			
Property and other local taxes	2,578,454	2,556,027	22,427
Grants and entitlements	304,320	298,904	5,416
Miscellaneous	86,016	126,231	(40,215)
Total General Cash Receipts	2,968,790	2,981,162	(12,372)
Total Cash Receipts	5,757,114	5,658,552	98,562
Cash Disbursements:			
Public Health Nursing	1,969,674	1,800,207	169,467
Public Health Dental	504,570	434,554	70,016
Environmental Health	1,280,042	1,236,157	43,885
WIC	331,988	276,453	55,535
Health Promotion	222,473	154,135	68,338
Capital Outlay	435,997	26,277	409,720
Debt Service	301,833	304,333	(2,500)
Administration	936,229	869,507	66,722
Total Cash Disbursements	5,982,806	5,101,623	881,183
Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash			
disbursements	(225,692)	556,929	(782,621)
Net Assets, Beginning of the Year	3,067,223	2,510,294	556,929
Net Assets, End of the Year	\$2,841,531	\$3,067,223	(\$225,692)

In 2007, 51.6 percent of the Health District's total receipts were from general receipts, consisting mainly of property taxes levied for general health district purposes. Program receipts accounted for 48.4 percent of the Health District's total receipts in year 2007. These receipts consist primarily of charges for services for birth and death certificates, food service licenses, vending, campgrounds, trailer parks, swimming pools and spas, septic and water system permits, dental and nursing services, and state and federal operating grants and donations.

The 2007 disbursements for health promotions include an addition of two staff members for the Health District's Emergency Preparedness Operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

The 2007 disbursements in the dental clinic include increased dentist time resulting in increased productivity for the use of the dental operatories.

In 2007 the Capital Outlay fund paid for a new roof on the Health District's 32,000 square foot building.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Health District. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for Nursing, Environmental, and Administration which includes Vital Statistics, which account for 33 percent, 21.4 percent, and 15.7 percent of all governmental disbursements, respectively.

The next two columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service, and grants received by the Health District, that must be used to provide a specific service. The net cost column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers and state subsidies. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost for both the current and prior years is presented in Table 3.

Table 3

	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006
Governmental Activities				
Public Health Nursing	\$1,969,674	\$1,063,775	\$1,800,207	\$989,886
Public Health Dental	504,570	19,634	434,554	(85,164)
Environmental Health	1,280,042	476,645	1,236,157	289,140
WIC	331,988	(31,824)	276,453	48,411
Health Promotion	222,473	159,066	154,135	138,462
Capital Outlay	435,997	435,997	26,277	26,277
Debt Service	301,833	301,833	304,333	304,333
Administration	936,229	769,356	869,507	712,883
Total Governmental Activities	\$5,982,806	\$3,194,482	\$5,101,623	\$2,424,228

The Health District has tried to limit its total dependence upon property taxes and local subsidies by actively pursuing Federal grants, and charging rates for services that are closely related to costs. Only 50.4 percent of the Health District costs are supported through property taxes, unrestricted grants and other general receipts.

Most of the environmental health programs are self-supporting through charges for services, while the dental services were funded through charges for services and operating grants in roughly equal amounts. While not entirely self-supporting, health promotion and emergency planning costs were primarily funded by local intergovernmental grants and a federal grant. The WIC program is self-supported with federal grants.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

The Health District's Funds

As noted earlier, the Health District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

The focus of the Health District's governmental funds is to provide information on receipts, disbursements, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Health District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Health District's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of 2007, the Health District's governmental funds reported total ending fund balances of \$2,841,531. \$2,705,969 of the total is an unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending. The remainder \$135,562 of the fund balance is reserved to indicate it is not available for new spending.

While the bulk of the governmental fund balances are not reserved in the governmental fund statements, they lead to restricted net assets on the Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis due to their being restricted for use for a particular purpose mandated by the source of the resources such as the state and federal governments.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Health District. At the end of 2007, unreserved fund balance in the general fund was \$1,947,258. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total general fund disbursements. Unreserved fund balance represents 51.3 percent of the total general fund disbursements.

Receipts exceeded disbursements in the general fund by \$577,226 in 2007. Charges for services including licenses, and permit fees account for 25.6 percent of receipts in the general fund. Intergovernmental receipts consist of payments from other local agencies for services rendered by the Health District. Nursing and Environmental Health account for the majority of disbursements in the general fund.

The District's non-major funds include, the Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) special revenue fund which accounts for federal grant monies for the WIC program. WIC is a program for pregnant women, women who recently had a baby, breastfeeding moms, infants and children up to age five. WIC provides nutrition education and support, breastfeeding education and support, referrals to healthcare, immunization screenings and referrals, and supplemental foods. At the end of 2007, the WIC fund balance was \$8,960.

Another non-major fund, the Bioterrorism Grant special revenue fund accounts for federal grant monies for public health infrastructure and emergency planning efforts. The program is responsible for developing the Health District's emergency operation plan and all supporting documents, and training and exercise programs. Planning and preparedness are collaborative efforts done on a local level with the involvement of key partners in the Health District as well as regional partners. At the end of 2007, the fund balance was \$4,720.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Health District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of 2007, the Health District amended its appropriations several times, and the budgetary statement reflects both the original and final appropriated amounts. There were no significant changes between the original and the final estimated receipts.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

Debt Administration

The County of Medina issued Health District Facility Bonds, Series 1999, for a principal amount of \$2,300,000, with varying interest rates between 4.90 percent and 5.375 percent to acquire the land and building which presently houses the operations of the Health District. The bonds were issued with a term of ten (10) years. At the end of 2007, the loan principal balance was \$560,000 with interest of \$43,379, and the final payment scheduled for December 1, 2009.

Contacting the Health District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and providers with a general overview of the Health District's finances and to reflect the Health District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Craig A. Holcomb, Director for Business & Fiscal Affairs, 330-723-9511.

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Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,841,531
Net Assets Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	\$346,046
Debt Service	303,703
Other Purposes	142,432
Unrestricted	2,049,350
Total Net Assets	\$2,841,531

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Program	Receipts	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets
			Operating	and changes in receive
		Charges	Grants and	Governmental
	Disbursements	for Services	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities				
Public Health Nursing	\$1,969,674	\$320,050	\$585,849	(\$1,063,775)
Public Health Dental	504,570	402,942	81,994	(19,634)
Environmental Health	1,280,042	803,397		(476,645)
WIC	331,988		363,812	31,824
Health Promotion	222,473		63,407	(159,066)
Capital Outlay	435,997			(435,997)
Debt Service	301,833			(301,833)
Administration	936,229	166,873		(769,356)
Total Governmental Activities	\$5,982,806	\$1,693,262	\$1,095,062	(\$3,194,482)
		General Receipts		
		Property Taxes Levied	l for:	
		General Health Distr	ict Purposes	2,578,454
		Grants and Entitlemen	ts not Restricted to	
		Specific Programs		304,320
		Miscellaneous		86,016
		Total General Receipts	S	2,968,790
		Change in Net Assets		(225,692)
		Net Assets Beginning	of Year	3,067,223
		Net Assets End of Yea	ar	\$2,841,531

Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2007

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,049,350	\$792,181	\$2,841,531
Fund Balances			
Reserved:			
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$101,692	\$33,870	\$135,562
Unreserved:			
Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:			
General Fund	1,947,658		1,947,658
Special Revenue Funds		426,159	426,159
Capital Projects Funds		332,152	332,152
Total Fund Balances	\$2,049,350	\$792,181	\$2,841,531

Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash Receipts			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$2,578,454	#040.050	\$2,578,454
Intergovernmental	589,324	\$810,058	1,399,382
Charges for Services Miscellaneous	1,117,755 86,016	575,507	1,693,262 86,016
Miscellarieous	80,010		00,010
Total Cash Receipts	4,371,549	1,385,565	5,757,114
Cash Disbursements			
Public Health Nursing	1,593,989	375,685	1,969,674
Public Health Dental	378,353	126,217	504,570
Environmental Health	663,279	616,763	1,280,042
WIC		331,988	331,988
Health Promotion	222,473		222,473
Capital Outlay		435,997	435,997
Debt Service		301,833	301,833
Administration	936,229		936,229
Total Cash Disbursements	3,794,323	2,188,483	5,982,806
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	577,226	(802,918)	(225,692)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In		698,795	698,795
Transfers Out	(698,795)	,	(698,795)
Advances In	70,000		70,000
Advances Out		(70,000)	(70,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(628,795)	628,795	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(51,569)	(174,123)	(225,692)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,100,919	966,304	3,067,223
Fund Balances End of Year	\$2,049,350	\$792,181	\$2,841,531

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounto		Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted of Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Cash Receipts			, totaai	(regaine)
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$2,492,119	\$2,492,119	\$2,578,454	\$86,335
Intergovernmental	531,800	531,800	589,324	57,524
Charges for Services	1,242,000	1,242,000	1,117,755	(124,245)
Gifts and Contributions	1,200	1,200		(1,200)
Miscellaneous	80,000	80,000	86,016	6,016
Total Cash Receipts	4,347,119	4,347,119	4,371,549	24,430
Cash Disbursements Current:				
Current.				
Public Health Nursing	1,640,850	1,669,265	1,623,048	46,217
Public Health Dental	397,990	446,190	393,373	52,817
Environmental Health	876,424	776,309	672,239	104,070
Health Promotion	163,970	251,470	227,601	23,869
Administration	1,041,172	1,036,672	979,754	56,918
Total Cash Disbursements	4,120,406	4,179,906	3,896,015	283,891
Excess of Cash Receipts Over Cash Disbursements	226,713	167,213	475,534	308,321
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers Out	(600,000)	(700,000)	(698,795)	1,205
Advances In			70,000	70,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(600,000)	(700,000)	(628,795)	71,205
Net Change in Fund Balances	(373,287)	(532,787)	(153,261)	379,526
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	256,412	256,412	256,412	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,844,507	1,844,507	1,844,507	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,727,632	\$1,568,132	\$1,947,658	\$379,526

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

A seven-member appointed Board of Health governs the Health District. Two members are appointed by the District Advisory Council on behalf of the Townships, one member is appointed by the District Advisory Council as a medical representative, one member is appointed by the Licensing Council that represents vendors who are inspected or certified by the District, and one member each is appointed by the Cities of Brunswick, Medina, and Wadsworth. The Board appoints a health commissioner and all employees of the Health District.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements of the Health District are not misleading.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Health District. The Health District's services include certification of birth and death records, communicable disease investigations, immunization clinics, inspections, public health nursing services, the issuance of health-related licenses and permits, and emergency response planning.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Health District is financially accountable. The Health District is financially accountable for an organization if the Health District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Health District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Health District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or the Health District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Health District, are accessible to the Health District and are significant in amount to the Health District. The Health District has no component units.

The Health District's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the Health District is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the Health District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Health District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Health District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the Health District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The Health District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the cash and cash equivalent balances of the governmental activities of the Health District at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the Health District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Health District is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the Health District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the Health District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Health District segregates transactions related to certain Health District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Health District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The Health District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. All the funds of the Health District are presented as governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which the governmental functions of the Health District are financed. The following is the Health District's major governmental fund:

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Health District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the Health District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Health District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the Health District's own programs. The Health District did not have any trust funds in 2007. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to account for assets held by the Health District. The Health District did not have any agency funds in 2007.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Health District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Health District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Health District are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and their related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Health may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board of Health's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board of Health. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Health at the object level for all funds.

ORC Section 5705.28(C)(1) requires the Health District to file an estimate of contemplated revenue and expenses with the municipalities and townships within the Health District by about June 1 (forty-five days prior to July 15). The county auditor cannot allocate property taxes from the municipalities and townships within the district if the filing has not been made.

ORC Section 3709.28 establishes budgetary requirements for the Health District, which are similar to ORC Chapter 5705 budgetary requirements. On or about the first Monday of April the Health District must adopt an itemized appropriation measure. The appropriation measure, together with an itemized estimate of revenues to be collected during the next fiscal year, shall be certified to the county budget commission. Subject to estimated resources, the Board of Health may, by resolution, transfer appropriations from one appropriation item to another, reduce or increase any item, create new items, and make additional appropriations or reduce the total appropriation. Such appropriation modifications shall be certified to the county budget commission for approval.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources in effect when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board of Health.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budget reflect the first appropriation resolution that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amount reported as the final budgeted amounts represents the final appropriations passed by the Board of Health during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

The County Treasurer is the custodian for the Health District's cash and investments. The County's cash and investment pool holds the Health District's cash and investments, which are reported at the County Treasurer's carrying amount. Deposits and investments disclosures for the County as a whole may be obtained from the Medina County Treasurer, John Burke, 144 North Broadway, Medina, Ohio.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Health District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Health District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Health District's cash basis of accounting.

K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Health District recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Long-Term Obligations

The Health District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

M. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes primarily include amounts restricted for state and federal grants.

The Health District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

There are no net assets restricted by enabling legislation.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The Health District reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

O. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

P. Estimates

The cash basis of accounting used by the Health District requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 3 - Change in Basis of Accounting and Restatement of Fund Equity

Last year the Health District reported fund financial statements by fund type using the regulatory basis of accounting as prescribed by the State Auditor's Office. This year the Health District has implemented the cash basis of accounting described in note 2. The fund financial statements now present each major fund in a separate column with nonmajor funds aggregated and presented in a single column, rather than a column for each fund type.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to:

General Fund

\$101,692

Note 5 - Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Health District. Real property tax receipts received in 2007 represent the collection of 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2007 were levied after October 1, 2006, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2007 represent the collection of 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2007 became a lien on December 31, 2005, were levied after October 1, 2006, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2007 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2007 were levied after October 1, 2006, on the true value as of December 31, 2006. In prior years, tangible personal property was assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory for 2007 is 12.5 percent. This will be reduced to 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all Health District operations for the year ended December 31, 2007, was \$1 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2006 (2007) property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	
Residential	\$3,291,992,420
Agricultural	233,736,200
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	699,943,690
Tangible Personal Property	
Business	237,945,855
Public Utility	486,510
Total Assessed Value	\$4,464,104,675

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Health District is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Health District insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Health District belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006 PEP retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. PEP pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with PEP.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (for claims prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (for claims on or after January 1, 2006) as noted above.

Property Coverage

Through 2004, PEP retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2006 was \$1,901,127.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 6 - Risk Management (continued)

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2006 and 2005 (the latest information available):

Casualty Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$30,997,868	\$29,719,675
Liabilities	(15,875,741)	(15,994,168)
Retained earnings	<u>\$15,122,127</u>	<u>\$13,725,507</u>
Property Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$5,125,326	\$4,443,332
Liabilities	<u>(863,163)</u>	(1,068,245)
Retained earnings	<u>\$4,262,163</u>	<u>\$3,375,087</u>

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively (the latest information available), casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$14.4 million and \$14.3 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$14.4 million and \$14.3 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 447 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Health District's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$68,856. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Health District terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

Contributions to PEP

2005	\$27,646
2006	\$24,003
2007	\$34,428

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Health District participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 9.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Health District's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2007 was approximately 9.2 percent. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Health District's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$243,330, \$246,862 and \$102,354 respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for 2007, 2006 and 2005. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2007 and 2006 are available upon request.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statue. The 2007 and 2006 local government The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statue. The 2007 local government employer contribution rates was 13.85 percent of covered payroll. For 2007, the percent of covered payroll used to fund health care was 5 percent for January 1, 2007 to June 30, 2007 and 6 percent for July 1, 2007 to December 31, 2007.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Benefits are advance-funded using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2005, include a rate of return on investments of 6.50 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care costs were assumed to increase between .50 and 6.00 percent annually for the next nine years and 4.00 percent annually after nine years.

All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12 percent corridor.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 369,214. The number of active contributing participants for both plans used in the December 31, 2005, actuarial valuation was 358,804. Actual employer contributions for 2007 which was used to fund post employment benefits was \$160,277. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2005, (the latest information available) were \$11.1 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$31.3 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004 the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. To improve the solvency of the Health Care Fund, OPERS created a separate investment pool for health care assets. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, and January 1, 2007, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

Note 9 – Bonds Payable

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2007 was as follows:

	Outstanding 1/1/2007	Additions	<u>Payments</u>	Outstanding 12/31/2007
General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds County of Medina, Ohio Health District Facility Bonds, Series 1999, interest rates				
range from 4.900% to 5.375%	\$820,000	\$0	\$260,000	\$560,000

Outstanding general obligation limited tax bonds were issued by Medina County for the purchase of the Health District facility.

Amortization of the Health District's debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Facility Bonds
Year ending December 31:	Series 1999
2008	\$303,702
2009	299,677
	\$603,379

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 10 - Interfund Transfers

During 2007 the following transfers were made:

Transfers from the General Fund to: Other Governmental Fund

\$698,795

Transfers represent the allocation of unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Health District are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

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MEDINA COUNTY GENERAL HEALTH DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through Ohio Department of Health			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children	5210011CL-07 05210011WA0108	10.557	\$244,966 87,021
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	0021001111110100		331,987
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through Ohio Department of Health			
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	52-1-001-1-EH-06 52-1-001-1-EH-07 521-001-1-MC-07 5210011MC0108	93.994	6,994 45,000 55,214 50,358
Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States			157,566
Immunization Grants	52-1-001-2-AZ-07	93.268	36,600
Passed through Ohio Department of Health Center for Disease Control and Prevention			
Investigation Technical Assistance	5210012BI-07 05210012PI0108	93.283	172,708 30,727
Total Investigation Technical Assistance			203,435
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			397,601
Total			\$729,588

The accompanying note to this schedule is an integral part of this schedule.

MEDINA COUNTY GENERAL HEALTH DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY

NOTE TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Medina County General Health District Medina County 4800 Ledgewood Drive Medina, Ohio 44256

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Medina County General Health District, Medina County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2008, wherein, we noted the District follows the cash basis of accounting. We also noted the District revised its financial presentation comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 34. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Medina County General Health District
Medina County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Health, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 25, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Medina County General Health District Medina County 4800 Ledgewood Drive Medina, Ohio 44256

To the Members of the Board:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Medina County General Health District, Medina County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2007. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Medina County General Health District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702-1509 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us Medina County General Health District
Medina County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Health, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 25, 2008

MEDINA COUNTY GENERAL HEALTH DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Investigation Technical Assistance CFDA #93.283	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

MEDINA COUNTY GENERAL HEALTH DISTRICT

MEDINA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 6, 2008