BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

GARY GHIZZONI, TREASURER



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Trumbull Career & Technical Center 528 Educational Highway Warren, OH 44483

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Trumbull Career & Technical Center, Trumbull County, prepared by Julian and Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Trumbull Career & Technical Center is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

December 27, 2007

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Trumbull Career and Technical Center 528 Educational Highway Warren, Ohio 44483

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, Trumbull County (the "Center") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Center's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 19, 2007, on our consideration of the Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report Trumbull Career and Technical Center Page Two

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Trumbull Career and Technical Center's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Sube the

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 19, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The management's discussion and analysis of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center (the "Center") financial performance provides an overall review of the Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Center's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Center's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased \$860,981. Net assets of governmental activities increased \$872,842, which represents a 8.24% increase from 2005. Net assets of business-type activities decreased \$11,861 from 2005, which represents a 13.10% decrease from 2005.
- General revenues of the governmental activities accounted for \$12,659,664 in revenue or 88.50% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,644,384 or 11.50% of total revenues of \$14,304,048.
- The Center had \$13,181,864 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1,644,384 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$12,659,664 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The Center had \$2,197,295 in expenses related to business-type activities; \$1,889,461 of these expenses were offset by program specific charge for services and grants and contributions which were not adequate to support these programs which was the reason for the transfer from the general fund.
- The Center's major governmental funds are the general fund and construction fund. The general fund had \$12,581,608 in revenues and \$12,224,114 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$357,494 from \$7,602,970 to \$7,960,464.
- The construction fund had revenues of \$27,966 and received \$6,298,420 in proceeds from the issuance of the OASBO lease purchase agreement and expended \$5,637,432. The ending fund balance was \$688,954.

Reporting the Center as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Center as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2006?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

These two statements report the Center's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Center as a whole, the *financial position* of the Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Center's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Center is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the Center's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, food service operations and vision self-insurance.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on charges for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Center's adult education program is reported as business activities.

The Center's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 15-17 of this report.

Reporting the Center's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the Center's major governmental fund begins on page 9 and the analysis of the Center's major enterprise fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Center's major funds. The Center uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Center's most significant funds. The Center's major governmental funds are the general fund and construction fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-22 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The Center maintains proprietary funds. The Center maintains one enterprise fund that accounts for the Center's adult education operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Center's various functions. The Center's internal service fund accounts for self-insurance of the Center's vision benefits. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-26 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Reporting the Center's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Center is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The Center also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. All of the Center's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets on pages 27 and 28. These activities are excluded from the Center's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the Center to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmentwide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 29-58 of this report.

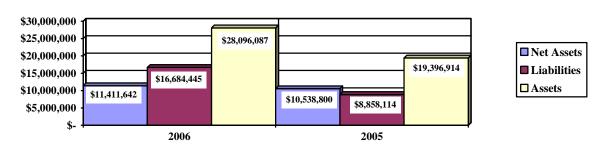
The Center as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the Center as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Center's net assets for 2006 and 2005.

Net Assets

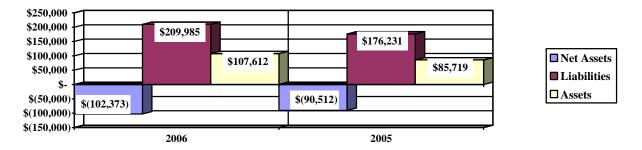
		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		ss-Type vities	Total		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Assets							
Current assets	\$ 20,164,437	\$ 17,016,288	\$ 62,292	\$ 18,105	\$ 20,226,729	\$ 17,034,393	
Capital assets, net	7,931,650	2,380,626	45,320	67,614	7,976,970	2,448,240	
Total assets	28,096,087	19,396,914	107,612	85,719	28,203,699	19,482,633	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities	9,100,551	7,337,015	33,303	14,967	9,133,854	7,351,982	
Long-term liabilities	7,583,894	1,521,099	176,682	161,264	7,760,576	1,682,363	
Total liabilities	16,684,445	8,858,114	209,985	176,231	16,894,430	9,034,345	
<u>Net Assets</u>							
Invested in capital							
assets, net of related debt	1,750,230	2,380,626	45,320	67,614	1,795,550	2,448,240	
Restricted	1,780,934	950,489	-	-	1,780,934	950,489	
Unrestricted (deficit)	7,880,478	7,207,685	(147,693)	(158,126)	7,732,785	7,049,559	
Total net assets	\$ 11,411,642	\$ 10,538,800	\$ (102,373)	<u>\$ (90,512)</u>	\$ 11,309,269	\$ 10,448,288	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006



Governmental - Net Assets

Business-Type - Net Assets



The table below shows the changes in net assets for governmental activities and business-type activities for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

Change in Net Assets	
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	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business Activit	• •	Total		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
<u>Revenues</u>							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services and sales	\$ 579,633	\$ 442,379	\$ 796,716	\$ 1,594,195	\$ 1,376,349	\$ 2,036,574	
Operating grants and contributions	1,064,751	1,061,147	1,092,745	222,932	2,157,496	1,284,079	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	5,751,980	5,624,645	-	-	5,751,980	5,624,645	
Grants and entitlements	6,215,088	5,919,032	-	-	6,215,088	5,919,032	
Investment earnings	638,773	159,315	-	-	638,773	159,315	
Other	53,823	53,562	46,631	-	100,454	53,562	
Total revenues	14,304,048	13,260,080	1,936,092	1,817,127	16,240,140	15,077,207	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Governi Activ	mental vities	Busines Activ	ss-Type vities	Total	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
<u>Expenses</u>						
Program expenses:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 1,325,232	\$ 1,116,113	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,325,232	\$ 1,116,113
Vocational	5,738,473	5,038,060	-	-	5,738,473	5,038,060
Adult/continuing	89,368	83,617	-	-	89,368	83,617
Support services:						
Pupil	1,118,135	1,285,706	-	-	1,118,135	1,285,706
Instructional staff	434,067	300,078	-	-	434,067	300,078
Board of Education	55,128	50,509	-	-	55,128	50,509
Administration	1,465,871	1,652,445	-	-	1,465,871	1,652,445
Fiscal	491,934	549,478	-	-	491,934	549,478
Business	65,793	57,552	-	-	65,793	57,552
Operations and maintenance	1,457,300	1,332,119	-	-	1,457,300	1,332,119
Pupil transportation	140,937	66,971	-	-	140,937	66,971
Central	155,277	152,434	-	-	155,277	152,434
Operation of						
non-instructional services:						
Non-instructional services	4,089	33,148	-	-	4,089	33,148
Food service operations	293,030	244,986	-	-	293,030	244,986
Extracurricular activities	91,391	23,596	-	-	91,391	23,596
Interest and fiscal charges	255,839	25,327	-	-	255,839	25,327
Adult education			2,197,295	2,006,215	2,197,295	2,006,215
Total expenses	13,181,864	12,012,139	2,197,295	2,006,215	15,379,159	14,018,354
Transfers	(249,342)		249,342			
Changes in net assets	872,842	1,247,941	(11,861)	(189,088)	860,981	1,058,853
Net assets at beginning of year	10,538,800	9,290,859	(90,512)	98,576	10,448,288	9,389,435
Net assets at end of year	\$ 11,411,642	\$10,538,800	\$ (102,373)	\$ (90,512)	\$ 11,309,269	\$ 10,448,288

Governmental Activities

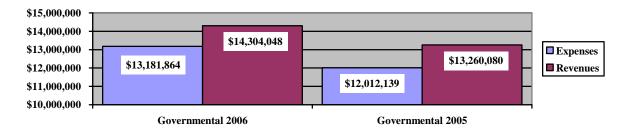
Net assets of the Center's governmental activities increased \$872,842. Total governmental expenses of \$13,181,864 were offset by program revenues of \$1,644,384 and general revenues of \$12,659,664. Program revenues supported 12.47% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 83.66% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The graph below presents the Center's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2006 and 2005. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

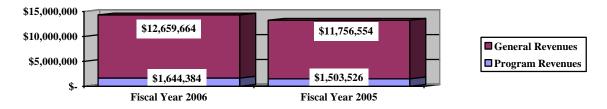
	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006	Total Cost of Services 2005	Net Cost of Services 2005
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 1,325,232	\$ 1,325,232	\$ 1,116,113	\$ 1,116,113
Vocational	5,738,473	4,816,217	5,038,060	4,341,472
Adult/continuing	89,368	16,954	83,617	(1,387)
Support services:				
Pupil	1,118,135	1,015,272	1,285,706	1,068,298
Instructional staff	434,067	342,492	300,078	215,433
Board of Education	55,128	55,128	50,509	50,509
Administration	1,465,871	1,460,184	1,652,445	1,646,576
Fiscal	491,934	491,934	549,478	543,016
Business	65,793	65,793	57,552	57,552
Operations and maintenance	1,457,300	1,457,300	1,332,119	1,330,616
Pupil transportation	140,937	140,937	66,971	66,971
Central	155,277	22,382	152,434	6,822
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Non-instructional services	4,089	4,089	33,148	33,148
Food service operations	293,030	(23,664)	244,986	(15,449)
Extracurricular activities	91,391	91,391	23,596	23,596
Interest and fiscal charges	255,839	255,839	25,327	25,327
Total expenses	\$13,181,864	\$ 11,537,480	\$12,012,139	\$ 10,508,613

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2006 for governmental activities is apparent, was 86.09% of 2006 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. All governmental activities, general revenue support were 87.52% in 2006. The Center's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for Center's students.

The graph below presents the Center's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



Business-Type Activities

The adult education program provides the business-type activities. This program had revenues of \$1,936,092 and expenses of \$2,197,295 for fiscal year 2006. During fiscal year 2006, the adult education program received transfers of \$249,342. The Center's business activities receive no support from tax revenues.

The Center's Funds

The Center's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 18) reported a combined fund balance of \$9,660,167, which is \$1,518,773 more than last year's total of \$8,141,394. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2006 and 2005.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2006	Fund Balance June 30, 2005	Increase
General Construction Other Governmental	\$ 7,960,464 688,954 1,010,749	\$ 7,602,970 - 538,424	\$ 357,494 688,954 472,325
Total	<u>\$ 9,660,167</u>	<u>\$ 8,141,394</u>	<u>\$ 1,518,773</u>

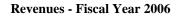
General Fund

The Center's general fund's fund balance increased by \$357,494, due to an increase in tax and intergovernmental revenues which were offset by more transfers out to other funds compared to 2005. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

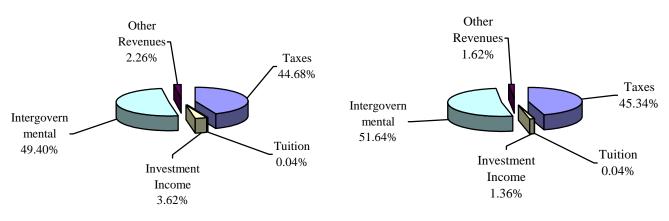
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Revenues	_	2006 Amount	 2005 Amount	Increase/ Decrease)	Percentag Change	
Taxes	\$	5,620,963	\$ 5,197,039	\$ 423,924	8.16	%
Tuition		4,548	4,120	428	10.39	%
Interest earnings		455,449	155,372	300,077	193.13	%
Intergovernmental		6,215,088	5,919,032	296,056	5.00	%
Other revenues		285,560	 185,360	 100,200	54.06	%
Total	\$	12,581,608	\$ 11,460,923	\$ 1,120,685	9.78	%

Tax revenue increased over the prior year. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$296,056 or 5.0% from the prior year. This increase is attributed to an increase in the number of grants the Center received in 2006. The most significant increase occurred interest earnings which is due to increases in interest rates by the Federal Reserve Bank during the year and an increase in the amount of cash invested. Other revenue increased significantly due to a worker's compensation refund which was not received in fiscal year 2005.



Revenues - Fiscal Year 2005

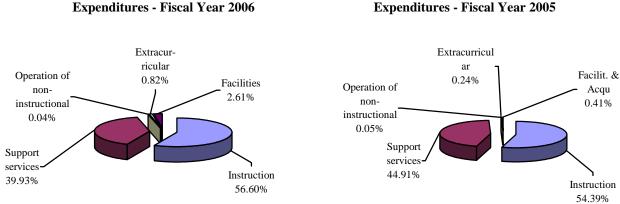


The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2006 Amount	2005 Amount	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 6,288,600	\$ 5,452,538	\$ 836,062	15.33 %
Support services	4,436,420	4,501,112	(64,692)	(1.44) %
Operation of non-instructional services	4,089	4,799	(710)	(14.79) %
Extracurricular activities	91,458	23,596	67,862	287.60 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	290,482	40,788	249,694	612.18 %
Total	\$ 11,111,049	\$ 10,022,833	\$ 1,088,216	10.86 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The most significant increase was in the area of instruction. Though not the largest percentage, it is the largest increase by dollar amount. This increase is primarily due to the Center taking over the Gordon James Career Center in Lordstown and providing more services. The increase in facilities acquisition and construction during 2006 is due to the bus garage addition that was completed.



Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2006

Construction Fund

The Center's construction fund's fund balance increased by \$688,954, due to interest earnings and the receipt of OASBO lease purchase funds for the addition and renovation of the career center building. The fund received \$6,298,420 in funds from the OASBO lease, earned \$27,966 in interest and expended \$5,637,432, for a fund balance of \$688,954. The renovations will be completed during fiscal year 2007, and the portion expended during fiscal year 2006 appears as construction-in-progress in the Center's capital assets at June 30, 2006.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Center's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2006, the Center amended its general fund budget numerous times. The Center uses sitebased budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$12,804,404, which was higher than original budget estimates of \$11,872,218. Actual budget basis revenues and other financing sources of \$12,897,317 were \$92,913 higher than the final budget.

General fund original appropriations (expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$11,706,379 were increased to \$12,558,791 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2006 totaled \$12,440,582, which was \$118,209 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

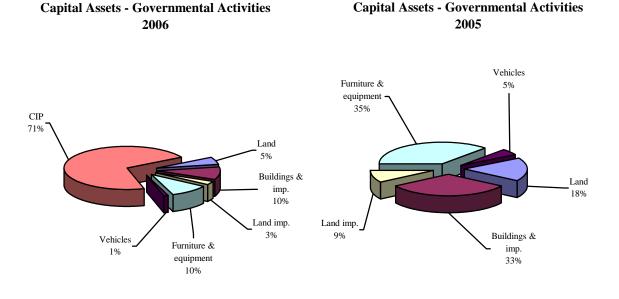
At the end of fiscal 2006, the Center had \$7,976,970 invested in land, construction-in-progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Of this total, \$7,931,650 was reported in governmental activities and \$45,320 was reported in business-type activities. The following table shows fiscal 2006 balances compared to 2005:

(Net of Depreciation)						
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Land	\$ 432,770	\$ 432,770	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 432,770	\$ 432,770
Construction-in-progress	5,637,432	-	-	-	5,637,432	-
Land improvements	208,291	226,130	-	-	208,291	226,130
Building and improvements	762,389	786,728	-	-	762,389	786,728
Furniture and equipment	795,140	820,154	45,320	67,614	840,460	887,768
Vehicles	95,628	114,844			95,628	114,844
Total	\$ 7,931,650	\$ 2,380,626	\$ 45,320	\$ 67,614	\$ 7,976,970	\$ 2,448,240

Capital Assets at June 30

The significant increase in capital assets was due to the construction of the addition and renovation of the career center. This project was funded by an OASBO lease purchase agreement and was not completed during this fiscal year. It will be completed during fiscal year 2007. The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental activities capital assets by category for 2006 and 2005.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the Center's capital assets.

Debt Administration

During fiscal year 2006, the Center issued an OASBO lease-purchase agreement, the only debt outstanding in 2006. The following table summarizes the lease purchase agreement outstanding. There was no debt outstanding in fiscal year 2005.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2006
OASBO Lease Purchase Agreement	\$ 6,181,420
Total	\$ 6,181,420

At June 30, 2006 the Center's overall legal debt margin was \$283,580,583 with an unvoted debt margin of \$3,150,895.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the Center's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activity

Overall the Center is strong financially. The Center relies heavily upon grants, state foundation and property taxes. The finances are stable for fiscal years 2007 through fiscal year 2010 due to the passage of a 2.4 mill renewal levy on the ballot in November of 2004 that will expire in January of 2016. The 2.4 mills represent approximately 36% of the total revenue the Center receives yearly.

The challenge for the Center's management is to continue to provide the resources necessary to meet student needs and to be able to stay within the five-year forecast. The five-year forecast is utilized by management in order to effectively manage the Center's resources to their fullest.

Since the Center relies on the state for approximately 51% of the general operating revenues, one of the challenges is that of state funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating unconstitutional education system, one that was neither adequate or equitable. Since 1997, the state has directed its tax revenue growth toward school district with little tax property wealth. Due to the courts recent results concerning the "DeRolph IV" Case in 2002 and the implementation of house Bill 66 in 2006, the Center is unable to determine what effect, if any, the future holds for change in state funding and its financial implications.

All of the Center's financial abilities will be needed to meet the financial challenges of the future.

During fiscal year 2007, a new 44,000 spare foot addition to the current career center building was completed. The project cost was \$6,426,000, which was financed over 27 years. As of the end of fiscal year 2006 this project was reported as construction-in-progress.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Contacting the Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Center's finances and to show the Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Gary Ghizzoni, Treasurer, Trumbull Career and Technical Center, 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	 Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	 Total
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,127,400	\$	13,069	\$ 10,140,469
Cash with escrow agent	1,752,189		-	1,752,189
Cash in segregated accounts	94,384		-	94,384
Receivables:				
Taxes	7,794,644		-	7,794,644
Accounts	43,626		39,548	83,174
Intergovernmental	211,990		48,021	260,011
Accrued interest	66,332		-	66,332
Internal balances	46,882		(46,882)	-
Prepayments.	20,967		8,536	29,503
Materials and supplies inventory	6,023		-	6,023
Capital assets:	,			,
Land and construction-in-progress	6,070,202		-	6,070,202
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,861,448		45,320	1,906,768
Total capital assets, net	 7,931,650		45,320	 7,976,970
	 7,751,050		45,520	 1,910,910
Total assets.	 28,096,087	. <u> </u>	107,612	 28,203,699
T 1.1.11/1				
Liabilities:	012 (77		10.004	224 (51
Accounts payable.	213,667		10,984	224,651
Contracts payable.	1,021,448		-	1,021,448
Retainage payable.	94,384		-	94,384
Accrued wages and benefits	1,117,394		13,882	1,131,276
Pension obligation payable	171,736		6,614	178,350
Intergovernmental payable	20,003		1,823	21,826
Deferred revenue	6,459,782		-	6,459,782
Claims payable	2,137		-	2,137
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	255,545		17,720	273,265
Due in more than one year	 7,328,349		158,962	 7,487,311
Total liabilities	 16,684,445		209,985	 16,894,430
Not Accord				
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net	1 750 220		15 220	1 705 550
of related debt.	1,750,230		45,320	1,795,550
Restricted for:	4 400 0 47			4 400 0 4
Capital projects	1,609,047		-	1,609,047
State funded programs	141		-	141
Federally funded programs	120,458		-	120,458
Other purposes	51,288		-	51,288
Unrestricted (deficit)	 7,880,478		(147,693)	 7,732,785
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 11,411,642	\$	(102,373)	\$ 11,309,269

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

			Program Revenues					
		Charges for			Operating Grants			
~	Expenses		Servi	ces and Sales	and Co	ntributions		
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	1,325,232	\$	-	\$	-		
Vocational		5,738,473		364,067		558,189		
Adult/Continuing		89,368		-		72,414		
Support services:								
Pupil		1,118,135		-		102,863		
Instructional staff		434,067		-		91,575		
Board of education		55,128		-		-		
Administration.		1,465,871		-		5,687		
Fiscal		491,934		-		-		
Business		65,793		-		-		
Operations and maintenance		1,457,300		-		-		
Pupil transportation.		140,937		-		-		
Central		155,277		14,503		118,392		
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Non-instructional services		4,089		-		-		
Food service operations		293,030		201,063		115,631		
Extracurricular activities		91,391		-		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		255,839		-		-		
Total governmental activities		13,181,864		579,633		1,064,751		
Business-type activities:								
Adult education		2,197,295		796,716		1,092,745		
Total business-type activities		2,197,295		796,716		1,092,745		
Totals	\$	15,379,159	\$	1,376,349	\$	2,157,496		

General Revenues:

Property taxes levied for: General fund
Grants and entitlements not restricted
to specific programs
Investment earnings
Miscellaneous
Total general revenues
Transfers
Total general revenues and transfers
Change in net assets
Net assets (deficit) at beginning of year
Net assets (deficit) at end of year

_	overnmental	nges in Net Assets siness-Type	
G	Activities	Activities	Total
\$	(1,325,232)	\$ -	\$ (1,325,232)
	(4,816,217)	-	(4,816,217)
	(16,954)	-	(16,954)
	(1,015,272)	-	(1,015,272)
	(342,492)	-	(342,492)
	(55,128)	-	(55,128)
	(1,460,184)	-	(1,460,184)
	(491,934)	-	(491,934)
	(65,793)	-	(65,793)
	(1,457,300)	-	(1,457,300)
	(140,937)	-	(140,937)
	(22,382)	-	(22,382)
	(4,089)	-	(4,089)
	23,664	-	23,664
	(91,391)	-	(91,391
	(255,839)	 -	 (255,839
	(11,537,480)	 -	 (11,537,480)
	-	 (307,834)	 (307,834)
	-	 (307,834)	 (307,834
	(11,537,480)	 (307,834)	 (11,845,314)
	5,751,980	-	5,751,980
	6,215,088	-	6,215,088
	638,773	-	638,773
	53,823	 46,631	 100,454
	12,659,664	 46,631	 12,706,295
	(249,342)	 249,342	 -
	12,410,322	 295,973	 12,706,295
	872,842	(11,861)	860,981
	10,538,800	 (90,512)	 10,448,288

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	General		General Construction		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:		General				I unus		I unus
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	8,923,036	\$	50,974	\$	1,140,582	\$	10,114,592
Cash with escrow agent		-		1,752,189		-		1,752,189
Cash in segregated accounts		-		94,384		-		94,384
Receivables:								
Taxes		7,794,644		-		-		7,794,644
Accounts		43,626		-		-		43,626
Intergovernmental		-		-		211,990		211,990
Accrued interest		66,332		-		-		66,332
Interfund loans		124,957		-		-		124,957
Due from other funds		28,226		-		-		28,226
Prepayments		19,614		-		1,353		20,967
Materials and supplies inventory				-		6,023		6,023
						0,020		0,020
Total assets	\$	17,000,435	\$	1,897,547	\$	1,359,948	\$	20,257,930
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	28,579	\$	172,761	\$	12,327	\$	213,667
Contracts payable	Ψ	20,577	Ψ	941,448	Ψ	80,000	Ψ	1,021,448
Retainage payable		_		94,384		-		94,384
Accrued wages and benefits		1,043,542				73.852		1,117,394
Pension obligation payable.		1,045,542				14,895		171,736
Intergovernmental payable		19,170				833		20,003
Interfund loans payable.		19,170				78,277		78,277
Due to other funds		-		-		27,280		27,280
		7 701 820		-				
Deferred revenue		7,791,839		-		61,735		7,853,574
Total liabilities		9,039,971		1,208,593		349,199		10,597,763
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		100,401		39,142		66,422		205,965
Reserved for materials and								
supplies inventory.		-		-		6,023		6,023
Reserved for property tax unavailable								
for appropriation		41,226		-		-		41,226
Reserved for prepayments		19,614		-		1,353		20,967
Unreserved/undesignated reported in:								
General fund.		7,799,223		-		-		7,799,223
Special revenue funds		-		-		32,077		32,077
Capital projects funds		-		649,812		904,874		1,554,686
Total fund balances	_	7,960,464	_	688,954	_	1,010,749	_	9,660,167
	*	17.000.405		1 007 515		1.050.040	<u></u>	00.055.000
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	17,000,435	\$	1,897,547	\$	1,359,948	\$	20,257,930

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2006

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 9,660,167
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		7,931,650
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes	\$ 1,293,636	
Earnings on investments	38,421	
Intergovernmental revenue	 61,735	
Total		1,393,792
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of vision insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		9,927
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	(1,402,474)	
OASBO lease purchase	 (6,181,420)	
Total		 (7,583,894)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 11,411,642

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Revenues: S 5.620,963 S S S 5.620,963 Taxes - - 201,063 <th></th> <th>General</th> <th>Construction</th> <th>Other Governmental Funds</th> <th>Total Governmental Funds</th>		General	Construction	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	Revenues:				
	From local sources:				
Charges for services	Taxes	\$ 5,620,9	63 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,620,963
Earnings on investments. 455,449 27,966 123,449 606,864 Extracurricular. - - 127,782 127,782 Other local revenues. 285,560 - 860 286,420 Intergovernmental - State 6,215,088 104,326 6,319,414 Intergovernmental - State - - 976,924 976,924 Total revenues. 12,581,608 27,966 1,548,907 14,158,481 Expenditures: - - - 1,308,276 - - 1,308,276 - - 1,308,376 - - 1,308,276 - - 1,308,376 - - 88,578 88,578 58,570 21,728 507,921 Adult Continuing - - 88,578 509,907 575,921 Adult Continuing - - 88,578 58,570 - 54,650 - 54,650 - 54,650 - 54,650 - 54,650 - 64,710 117,071 - 497,721 - - 497,721 - - 62,793 - 65,793	Tuition	4,5	48 -	-	4,548
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Charges for services			201,063	201,063
Classroom naterials and fees. - - 127,782 127,782 Other local revenues. 285,560 - 860 286,420 Intergovernmental - State 6,215,088 - 194,326 6,319,414 Intergovernmental - Federal. - - 976,924 976,924 Total revenues. 12,581,608 27,966 1,548,907 14,158,481 Expenditures: - - 1,308,276 - 1,308,276 Curront: - - 598,897 5,579,221 Adult/Continuing. - 88,578 88,578 Suppont Services: - - 88,578 1071,728 11,71728 Instructional staff - - 54,650 - - 54,650 Board of education - 497,721 - 497,721 - 497,721 Business. - - 289,179 280,179 5579,33 - 65,793 Operation and maintenance. 964,026 10,006 674,092 117,041 - 117,041 - 117,041 - 117,041		455,4	49 27,966	123,449	606,864
Other local revenues. 285,560 - 860 286,420 Intergovernmental - State - - 976,924 976,924 Total revenues. 12,581,608 27,966 1,548,907 14,158,481 Expenditures: - - 976,924 976,924 Current: Instruction: - - - 14,158,481 Support Services: - <t< td=""><td>Extracurricular</td><td></td><td></td><td>14,503</td><td>14,503</td></t<>	Extracurricular			14,503	14,503
Intergovernmental - Roteral. 6.215,088 - 104,326 6.319,414 Intergovernmental - Federal. - 976,924 976,924 976,924 Total revenues. 12,581,608 27,966 1,548,907 14,158,481 Expenditures: - - 976,924 976,924 Current: -				127,782	127,782
Intergovernmental - Federal. - - 976.924 976.924 Total revenues. 12.581,608 27.966 1,548.907 14,158.481 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: - - 1.308.276 - - 1.308.276 Vocational. 4.980.324 - 598,897 5.579.221 Adult/Continuing . - - 88.578 88.578 Support Services: - - 88.578 88.578 88.578 Pupil. 903,469 - 168.259 1,071.728 Instructional staff 346,664 - 87,105 433.769 Board of education 54,650 - - 497.721 Business - 65,793 - 67.93 Operations and maintenance 964.026 - 10.066 974.029 Upil transportation - 117.041 - - 117.041 Central. - - 289.179 289.179 289.179 289.179	Other local revenues	285,5	- 60	860	286,420
Total revenues. 12,581,608 27,966 1,548,907 14,158,481 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular 1,308,276 - - 1,308,276 Vocational. 4,980,324 - 598,897 5,579,221 Adult/Continuing. - - 88,578 88,578 Support Services: 903,469 - 168,259 1,071,728 Instructional staff . 903,466 - 87,105 433,769 Board of education 54,650 - - 54,650 Operations and maintenance. 964,026 - 10,066 974,092 Pupil transportation 117,041 - - 117,041 Central . . . 289,179 289,179 Parities acquisition and construction Pupil transportation Pupil transportation 		6,215,0	- 88		
Expenditures:	Intergovernmental - Federal			976,924	976,924
Current: Instruction: 1,308,276 - 1,308,276 Regular . . 598,897 5,579,221 Adult/Continuing . . . 88,578 88,578 Support Services: 88,578 88,578 Pupil. .	Total revenues.	12,581,6	08 27,966	1,548,907	14,158,481
Instruction: 1,308,276 - - 1,308,276 Nocational. 4,980,324 - 598,875 5579,221 Adult/Continuing. - - 88,578 88,578 Support Services: - - 88,578 88,578 Pupil. - 903,469 - 168,259 1.071,728 Instructional staff - 54,650 - - 54,650 Administration. 1,450,642 - 4,937 1,455,579 - 65,793 - - 65,793 - - 65,793 - - 65,793 - - 65,793 - - 117,041 - 117,041 - 117,041 - 117,041 - 117,041 - 4,089 - - 4,089 - - 4,089 - - 4,089 - - 4,089 - - 4,089 - - 4,089 - - 4,089 -	Expenditures:				
Regular 1,308,276 - 1,308,276 Vocational 4,980,324 - 598,897 5,579,221 Adult/Continuing - 88,578 88,578 88,578 Support Services: - - 88,578 88,578 Pupil . 903,469 - 168,259 1,071,728 Board of education 54,650 - - 54,650 Administration 1,450,642 - 497,721 - 497,721 Business 65,793 - 65,793 - 65,793 Operations and maintenance 964,026 10,066 974,092 Pupil transportation 117,041 - 117,041 Central - 289,179 289,179 Pash - - 249,179 289,179 Extracurricular activities - - 91,458 - - Prior and fiscal charges - - 225,839 255,839 255,839 Toola service: - - 117,000 117,000 117,000 <	Current:				
Vocational. 4,980,324 588,578 588,578 Support Services: 903,469 168,259 1,071,728 Pupil. 903,469 168,259 1,071,728 Instructional staff 346,664 87,105 433,769 Board of education 54,650 54,650 54,650 Administration 1,450,642 4,937 1,455,579 Fiscal 497,721 - 497,721 Business 65,793 - 65,793 Operation and maintenance 964,026 10,066 974,092 Pupil transportation 117,041 - 117,041 Central. 117,041 - 4,089 Food service operations and maintenance 91,458 - 91,458 Service operations - 289,179 289,179 289,179 Debt service: 91,458 - 91,458 - 91,458 Facilities acquisition and construction 290,482 5,637,432 201,582 6,129,496 Debt service: - 117,000 117,000 117,000 Interest and fisc					
Adult/Continuing - - 88,578 88,578 Support Services: - - - 88,578 88,578 Pupil. -		1,308,2	76 -	-	
Support Services: Pupil. 903,469 - 168,259 1,071,728 Instructional staff 346,664 - 87,105 433,769 Board of education 54,650 - - 54,650 Administration 1,450,642 - 4,937 1,455,579 Fiscal 497,721 - - 497,721 Business 65,793 - - 65,793 Operations and maintenance. 964,026 - 10,066 974,092 Pupil transportation 117,041 - - 117,041 Central - 36,414 - 118,863 155,277 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 4,089 - - 4,089 Non-instructional service operations - - 289,179 289,179 289,179 Extracurricular activities 91,458 - - 91,458 Facilities acquisition and construction 290,482 5,637,432 201,582 6,129,496 Debt service: - - 117,000		4,980,3	- 24		
Pupil. 903,469 - 168,259 1,071,728 Instructional staff 346,664 - 87,105 433,769 Board of education 54,650 - - 54,650 Administration 1,450,642 - 4,937 1,455,579 Fiscal 497,721 - - 65,793 Operations and maintenance 964,026 - 10,066 974,092 Pupil transportation 117,041 - - 117,041 Central 36,414 - 118,863 155,277 Operation of non-instructional services - - 4,089 Non-instructional services 91,458 - - 91,458 Facilities acquisition and construction 290,482 5,637,432 201,582 6,129,496 Debt service: - - 117,000 117,000 117,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 255,839 255,839 255,839 Total expenditures 1,470,559 (5,609,466) (391,398) (4,530,305) Other financing sources (uses):	-			88,578	88,578
Instructional staff					
Board of education 54,650 - - 54,650 Administration 1,450,642 - 4,937 1,455,579 Fiscal 497,721 - - 497,721 Business - 65,793 - - 65,793 Operations and maintenance 964,026 - 10,066 974,092 Pupil transportation 117,041 - - 117,041 Central - 68,144 - 118,863 155,277 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 289,179 289,179 Departuric add services - - 289,179 289,179 289,179 Extracurricular activities 91,458 - - 91,458 Facilities acquisition and construction 290,482 5,637,432 201,582 6,129,496 Debt service: - - 117,000 117,000 117,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 255,839 255,839 Total expenditures 1,470,559 (5,609,466) (391,398) (4,530,305) <t< td=""><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		,			
Administration $1,450,642$ - $4,937$ $1,455,579$ Fiscal $497,721$ $497,721$ Business $65,793$ $65,793$ Operations and maintenance $964,026$ - $10,066$ $974,092$ Pupil transportation $117,041$ $117,041$ Central. $36,414$ - $118,863$ $155,277$ Operation of non-instructional services:. $4,089$ $4,089$ Non-instructional services91,45891,458Facilities acquisition and construction $290,482$ $5,637,432$ $201,582$ $6,129,496$ Debt service:117,000 $117,000$ Interest and fiscal charges255,839255,839Total expenditures1,470,559 $(5,609,466)$ $(391,398)$ $(4,530,305)$ Other financing sources (uses):863,723863,723Transfers in $6,298,420$ - $6,298,420$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,113,065)$ $6,298,420$ $6,637,23$ $6,049,078$ Net change in fund balances $357,494$ $688,954$ $472,325$ $1,518,773$ Fund balances at beginning of year $7,602,970$ $ 538,424$ $8,141,394$,		87,105	,
Fiscal 497,721 - - 497,721 Business 65,793 - - 65,793 Operations and maintenance. 964,026 - 10,066 974,092 Pupil transportation 117,041 - - 117,041 Central. 36,414 - 118,863 155,277 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 4,089 Non-instructional services 91,458 - - 91,458 Facilities acquisition and construction 290,482 5,637,432 201,582 6,129,496 Debt service: - - 117,000 117,000 117,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 255,839 255,839 255,839 Total expenditures 1,470,559 (5,609,466) (391,398) (4,530,305) Other financing sources (uses): - - 863,723 863,723 Transfers (out) - - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 Total expenditures - - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></td<>				-	
Business $65,793$ $65,793$ Operations and maintenance. $964,026$ $10,066$ $974,092$ Pupil transportation $117,041$ - $117,041$ Central. $117,041$ - $117,041$ Central. $36,414$ - $118,863$ Operation of non-instructional services: $4,089$ - $4,089$ Non-instructional services $4,089$ - $4,089$ Food service operations $ 289,179$ $289,179$ Extracurricular activities. $91,458$ - $-$ Facilities acquisition and construction $290,482$ $5,637,432$ $201,582$ Debt service: $ 117,000$ $117,000$ Interest and fiscal charges $ 255,839$ $255,839$ Total expenditures $11,110,49$ $5,637,432$ $1,940,305$ $18,688,786$ Excess of revenues $1,470,559$ $(5,609,466)$ $(391,398)$ $(4,530,305)$ Other financing sources (uses): $ 863,723$ $863,723$ Transfers (out) $(1,113,065)$ $ (1,113,065)$ $-$ Issuance of lease purchase $ 6,298,420$ $ 6,298,420$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,113,065)$ $6,298,420$ $6,298,420$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,113,065)$ $6,298,420$ $6,298,420$ Total other financing sources (uses) $357,494$ $688,954$ $472,325$ $1,518,773$ Fund balances at beginning of year <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4,937</td><td></td></t<>				4,937	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				-	
Pupil transportation117,041117,041Central. $36,414$ 118,863155,277Operation of non-instructional services: $4,089$ Non-instructional services. $4,089$ Pool service operations. $91,458$ Structional services: $91,458$ Pacific acquisition and construction $290,482$ $5,637,432$ $201,582$ Debt service: $91,458$ Principal retirement117,000Interest and fiscal charges-255,839255,839Total expenditures.11,470,559(5,609,466)(391,398)(4,530,305)Other financing sources (uses):863,723863,723Transfers in863,7236,298,420-6,298,420Total other financing sources (uses).(1,113,065)6,298,420-6,298,420Total other financing sources (uses).(1,113,065)6,298,4206,298,4206,298,420Total other financing sources (uses).(1,113,065)6,298,4206,298,4206,298,420Net change in fund balances357,494688,954472,3251,518,773Fund balances at beginning of year7,602,970-538,4248,141,394		,		-	
Central. $36,414$ - $118,863$ $155,277$ Operation of non-instructional services: $4,089$ - - $4,089$ Food service operations - - $289,179$ $289,179$ $289,179$ Extracurricular activities. 91,458 - - 91,458 - 91,458 Facilities acquisition and construction $290,482$ $5,637,432$ $201,582$ $6,129,496$ Debt service: - - 117,000 117,000 117,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 255,839 255,839 Total expenditures 11,111,049 $5,637,432$ 1,940,305 18,688,786 Excess of revenues - - 863,723 863,723 over (under) expenditures 1,470,559 (5,609,466) (391,398) (4,530,305) Other financing sources (uses): - - 6,298,420 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses) - - 6,298,420 6,298,420 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses) - 357,494 688,954 472,325 </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10,066</td> <td></td>	-			10,066	
Operation of non-instructional services: 4,089 - 4,089 Food service operations - 289,179 289,179 Extracurricular activities 91,458 - 91,458 Facilities acquisition and construction 290,482 5,637,432 201,582 6,129,496 Debt service: - - 117,000 117,000 117,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 255,839 255,839 Total expenditures 11,111,049 5,637,432 1,940,305 18,688,786 Excess of revenues - - 863,723 863,723 over (under) expenditures 1,470,559 (5,609,466) (391,398) (4,530,305) Other financing sources (uses): - - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 Transfers in - - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses) - (1,113,065) - (1,113,065) 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses) - 357,494 688,954 472,325 1,518,773 Fund balances at beginning of year				-	
Non-instructional services $4,089$ $4,089$ Food service operations $289,179$ $289,179$ Extracurricular activities91,458 $91,458$ Facilities acquisition and construction $290,482$ $5,637,432$ $201,582$ $6,129,496$ Debt service: $117,000$ $117,000$ Interest and fiscal charges $255,839$ $255,839$ Total expenditures $255,839$ $255,839$ Total expenditures11,111,049 $5,637,432$ $1,940,305$ $18,688,786$ Excess of revenues $863,723$ $863,723$ over (under) expenditures1,470,559 $(5,609,466)$ $(391,398)$ $(4,530,305)$ Other financing sources (uses): $6,298,420$ - $6,298,420$ Transfers in $6,298,420$ - $6,298,420$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,113,065)$ $6,298,420$ $6,63,723$ $6,049,078$ Net change in fund balances $357,494$ $688,954$ $472,325$ $1,518,773$ Fund balances at beginning of year $7,602,970$ - $538,424$ $8,141,394$		36,4	- 14	118,863	155,277
Food service operations289,179289,179Extracurricular activities91,458-91,458Facilities acquisition and construction290,482 $5,637,432$ 201,582 $6,129,496$ Debt service:117,000117,000Interest and fiscal charges255,839255,839Total expenditures11,111,049 $5,637,432$ 1,940,30518,688,786Excess of revenues0ver (under) expenditures1,470,559 $(5,609,466)$ $(391,398)$ $(4,530,305)$ Other financing sources (uses):863,723863,723Transfers in6,298,420-6,298,420Total other financing sources (uses)6,298,420-6,298,420Total other financing sources (uses)Net change in fund balancesFund balances at beginning of year	1	4.0	90		4.090
Extracurricular activities. $91,458$ $91,458$ Facilities acquisition and construction $290,482$ $5,637,432$ $201,582$ $6,129,496$ Debt service: $117,000$ $117,000$ Interest and fiscal charges $255,839$ $255,839$ Total expenditures11,111,049 $5,637,432$ $1,940,305$ $18,688,786$ Excess of revenues0ver (under) expenditures. $1,470,559$ $(5,609,466)$ $(391,398)$ $(4,530,305)$ Other financing sources (uses):863,723863,723Transfers in $6,298,420$ - $6,298,420$ Total other financing sources (uses). $(1,113,065)$ $6,298,420$ - $6,298,420$ Total other financing sources (uses). $(1,113,065)$ $6,298,420$ $6,049,078$ Net change in fund balances $357,494$ $688,954$ $472,325$ $1,518,773$ Fund balances at beginning of year $7,602,970$ - $538,424$ $8,141,394$		4,0	- 69	-	,
Facilities acquisition and construction290,482 $5,637,432$ 201,582 $6,129,496$ Debt service:Principal retirement117,000Interest and fiscal charges255,839255,839Total expenditures11,111,049 $5,637,432$ 1,940,30518,688,786Excess of revenues0ver (under) expenditures1,470,559 $(5,609,466)$ $(391,398)$ $(4,530,305)$ Other financing sources (uses):863,723863,723Transfers in863,723863,723Total other financing sources (uses)(1,113,065)-(1,113,065)Issuance of lease purchase-6,298,4206,298,420Total other financing sources (uses)(1,113,065)6,298,4206,049,078Net change in fund balances357,494688,954472,3251,518,773Fund balances at beginning of year7,602,970-538,4248,141,394	1	01.4		289,179	
Debt service:Principal retirement117,000Interest and fiscal charges-255,839Total expenditures11,111,0495,637,4321,940,305Total expenditures11,111,0495,637,4321,940,305Excess of revenues0ver (under) expenditures1,470,559 $(5,609,466)$ $(391,398)$ Other financing sources (uses):863,723Transfers in863,723863,723Transfers (out) $(1,113,065)$ $(1,113,065)$ Issuance of lease purchase-6,298,420-6,298,420Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,113,065)$ 6,298,4206,6049,078Net change in fund balances357,494688,954472,3251,518,773Fund balances at beginning of year7,602,970-538,4248,141,394		,		201 592	
Interest and fiscal charges-255,839255,839Total expenditures11,111,049 $5,637,432$ $1,940,305$ $18,688,786$ Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures1,470,559 $(5,609,466)$ $(391,398)$ $(4,530,305)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in $863,723$ $863,723$ Transfers (out)(1,113,065) $(1,113,065)$ Issuance of lease purchase- $6,298,420$ - $6,298,420$ Total other financing sources (uses)(1,113,065) $6,298,420$ $863,723$ $6,049,078$ Net change in fund balances $357,494$ $688,954$ $472,325$ $1,518,773$ Fund balances at beginning of year $7,602,970$ - $538,424$ $8,141,394$	-	290,4	82 5,057,452	201,382	0,129,490
Total expenditures11,111,049 $5,637,432$ $1,940,305$ $18,688,786$ Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures $1,470,559$ $(5,609,466)$ $(391,398)$ $(4,530,305)$ Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in $ 863,723$ $863,723$ Transfers (out) $(1,113,065)$ $ (1,113,065)$ Issuance of lease purchase $ 6,298,420$ $ 6,298,420$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(1,113,065)$ $6,298,420$ $ 6,298,420$ Net change in fund balances $357,494$ $688,954$ $472,325$ $1,518,773$ Fund balances at beginning of year $7,602,970$ $ 538,424$ $8,141,394$,	
Excess of revenues 1,470,559 (5,609,466) (391,398) (4,530,305) Other financing sources (uses): - - 863,723 863,723 Transfers in. - - 863,723 863,723 Transfers (out) . . - 6,298,420 Issuance of lease purchase. - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances 357,494 688,954 472,325 1,518,773 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,602,970 - 538,424 8,141,394	Interest and fiscal charges			255,839	255,839
over (under) expenditures. 1,470,559 (5,609,466) (391,398) (4,530,305) Other financing sources (uses): - - 863,723 863,723 Transfers in. - - 863,723 863,723 Transfers (out) (1,113,065) - - (1,113,065) Issuance of lease purchase. - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,113,065) 6,298,420 863,723 6,049,078 Net change in fund balances 357,494 688,954 472,325 1,518,773 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,602,970 - 538,424 8,141,394	Total expenditures	11,111,0	49 5,637,432	1,940,305	18,688,786
Other financing sources (uses): - - 863,723 863,723 Transfers in. - - 863,723 863,723 Transfers (out) . (1,113,065) - - (1,113,065) Issuance of lease purchase. - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,113,065) 6,298,420 863,723 6,049,078 Net change in fund balances 357,494 688,954 472,325 1,518,773 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,602,970 - 538,424 8,141,394	Excess of revenues				
Transfers in. - - 863,723 863,723 Transfers (out). (1,113,065) - (1,113,065) - (1,113,065) Issuance of lease purchase. - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses). (1,113,065) 6,298,420 863,723 6,049,078 Net change in fund balances . 357,494 688,954 472,325 1,518,773 Fund balances at beginning of year . 7,602,970 - 538,424 8,141,394	over (under) expenditures	1,470,5	59 (5,609,466)	(391,398)	(4,530,305)
Transfers (out) (1,113,065) - - (1,113,065) Issuance of lease purchase. - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,113,065) 6,298,420 863,723 6,049,078 Net change in fund balances 357,494 688,954 472,325 1,518,773 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,602,970 - 538,424 8,141,394					
Issuance of lease purchase. - 6,298,420 - 6,298,420 Total other financing sources (uses). (1,113,065) 6,298,420 863,723 6,049,078 Net change in fund balances . 357,494 688,954 472,325 1,518,773 Fund balances at beginning of year . 7,602,970 - 538,424 8,141,394	Transfers in			863,723	863,723
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,113,065) 6,298,420 863,723 6,049,078 Net change in fund balances 357,494 688,954 472,325 1,518,773 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,602,970 - 538,424 8,141,394		(1,113,0	- 65)	-	(1,113,065)
Net change in fund balances 357,494 688,954 472,325 1,518,773 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,602,970 - 538,424 8,141,394	•			-	
Fund balances at beginning of year 7,602,970 - 538,424 8,141,394	Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,113,0	65) 6,298,420	863,723	6,049,078
	Net change in fund balances	357,4	94 688,954	472,325	1,518,773
Fund balances at end of year. \$ 7,960,464 \$ 688,954 \$ 1,010,749 \$ 9,660,167	Fund balances at beginning of year	7,602,9	70 -	538,424	8,141,394
	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 7,960,4	64 \$ 688,954	\$ 1,010,749	\$ 9,660,167

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,518,773
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 5,745,503 (191,514)	
Total		5,553,989
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(2,965)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes Accrued interest Intergovernmental	131,017 31,909 (17,359)	
Total		145,567
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement net assets.		117,000
The issuance of lease purchase agreement is recorded as revenue in the funds, however, on the statement of activities, this is not reported as revenues as it increases liabilities on the statement of net assets.		(6,298,420)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(171,029)
Internal service fund for vision self- insurance is not reported in the expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds are allocated among the governmental activities, net of internal balance.		9.927
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 872,842

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Origina	1		Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues:	8							8 /
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$ 5,183	,639	\$	5,602,646	\$	5,602,646	\$	-
Tuition	4	,208		4,548		4,548		-
Earnings on investments	395	,338		427,294		427,294		-
Other local revenues	198	,414		214,452		289,417		74,965
Intergovernmental - Intermediate		427		461		461		-
Intergovernmental - State	5,750	,277		6,215,088		6,215,088		-
Total revenues	11,532	,303		12,464,489		12,539,454		74,965
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular	1,178	,810		1,275,129		1,273,057		2,072
Vocational	4,601	,295		4,977,259		5,026,381		(49,122)
Support Services:								
Pupil		,092		898,999		892,944		6,055
Instructional staff		,696		353,390		325,608		27,782
Board of education		,038		62,780		57,188		5,592
Administration	1,416			1,532,016		1,515,713		16,303
Fiscal		,998		539,770		513,967		25,803
Business		,894		72,360		65,735		6,625
Operations and maintenance		,106		1,028,819		970,462		58,357
Pupil transportation		,644		122,930		117,125		5,805
Central.		,835		36,600		36,414		186
Operation of non-instructional services		,764		6,235		3,832		2,403
Extracurricular activities		,359		88,007		83,899		4,108
Facility acquisition and construction		,540		290,482		290,482		-
Total expenditures	10,432	,364		11,284,776		11,172,807		111,969
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	1,099	,939		1,179,713		1,366,647		186,934
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditure	52	,200		52,200		53,886		1,686
Transfers in		-		-		15,853		15,853
Transfers (out)	(1,144			(1,144,015)		(1,139,919)		4,096
Advances in		,715		287,715		288,124		409
Advances (out)		,000)		(130,000)		(127,856)		2,144
Total other financing sources (uses)	(934	,100)		(934,100)		(909,912)		24,188
Net change in fund balance	165	,839		245,613		456,735		211,122
Fund balance at beginning of year	8,317	,643		8,317,643		8,317,643		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	58	,471	_	58,471	_	58,471		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 8,541	,953	\$	8,621,727	\$	8,832,849	\$	211,122

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Adult Education		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,069	\$	12,808	
Receivables:	ψ	15,007	Ψ	12,000	
Accounts		39,548		-	
Intergovernmenal		48,021		-	
Prepayments		8,536		-	
Total current assets		109,174		12,808	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net		45,320		-	
Total assets		154,494	12,808		
Liabilities: Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		10,984		-	
Accrued wages and benefits		13,882		-	
Compensated absences		17,720		-	
Pension obligation payable.		6,614		-	
Interfund loan payable		46,680		-	
Intergovernmental payable		1,823		-	
Due to other funds		946		2,137	
Total current liabilities		98,649		2,137	
		70,047		2,137	
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences		158,962		_	
		· · · ·			
Total liabilities		257,611		2,137	
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets		45,320		-	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(148,437)		10,671	
Total net assets		(103,117)	\$	10,671	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.		744			
Net change in net assets of business-type activities	\$	(102,373)			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Adult Education	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating revenues:		
Tuition and fees.	\$ 796,716	\$ -
Sales/charges for services	-	22,656
Other	46,631	
Total operating revenues	843,347	22,656
Operating expenses:		
Personal services.	1,440,136	-
Purchased services	379,183	720
Materials and supplies	320,299	-
Claims	-	11,265
Depreciation	17,683	-
Other	33,652	
Total operating expenses	2,190,953	11,985
Operating income/(loss)	(1,347,606)	10,671
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses):		
Loss on sale of capital assets	(7,086)	-
Grants and subsidies	1,092,745	-
Total nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	1,085,659	
Income/(loss) before transfers	(261,947)	10,671
Transfers	249,342	
Change in net assets	(12,605)	10,671
Net assets at beginning of year	(90,512)	
Net assets at end of year	\$ (103,117)	\$ 10,671
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal		
service fund activities related to enterprise funds.	744	
Net change in net assets of business-type activities	\$ (11,861)	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Adult Education	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from tuition and fees	\$ 814,209	\$-		
Cash received from sales/charges for services	-	22,656		
Cash received from other operations.	46,631	-		
Cash payments for personal services.	(1,421,342)	-		
Cash payments for contractual services	(375,605)	(720)		
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(313,362)	-		
Cash payments for claims	-	(9,128)		
Cash payments for other expenses	(33,532)	-		
Net cash provided by/(used in)				
operating activities	(1,283,001)	12,808		
operating activities in the transmission of the	(1,200,001)	12,000		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Cash received from grants and subsidies	1,051,430	-		
Cash received from transfers in	249,342	-		
Cash received from interfund loans	46,680	-		
Cash used in repayment of interfund loans	(74,006)	-		
Net cash provided by noncapital				
financing activities	1,273,446			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition of capital assets	(2,475)	-		
Net cash used in capital and related				
financing activities	(2,475)			
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(12,030)	12,808		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	25,099	-		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 13,069	\$ 12,808		
· · · ·				

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Reconciliation of operating income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:	1	isiness-Type Activities - Adult Education	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating income/(loss)	\$	(1,347,606)	\$	10,671	
Adjustments: Depreciation		17,683		-	
Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in accounts receivable		24,199 (6,706) (4,451) 9,443 4,219 1,700 15,418 2,974		- - - - - -	
Increase in due to other funds		126		2,137	
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	\$	(1,283,001)	\$	12,808	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

Private-Purpo Trust		-		
	Scholarship		Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,864	\$	74,158
Total assets		32,864	\$	74,158
Liabilities:				
Due to students		-	\$	74,158
Total liabilities			\$	74,158
Net Assets:				
Held in trust for scholarships		32,864		
Total net assets	\$	32,864		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship		
Additions:			
Interest	\$	567	
Gifts and contributions		2,300	
Total additions.		2,867	
Deductions:			
Scholarships awarded		3,036	
Change in net assets		(169)	
Net assets at beginning of year		33,033	
Net assets at end of year	\$	32,864	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CENTER

The Trumbull County Joint Vocational School District was formed on June 30, 1970 and subsequently became the Trumbull Career and Technical Center (the "Center") on July 1, 2000. The Center is a body politic and corporate established under Section 3311.18 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose of exercising the right and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Center includes fourteen local school districts: Bloomfield-Mespo Local, Bristol Local, Brookfield Local, Champion Local, Joseph Badger Local, LaBrae Local, Lakeview Local, Liberty Local, Lordstown Local, Maplewood Local, Mathews Local, McDonald Local, Southington Local, Weathersfield Local, and one representative each from Warren City, Girard City, Newton Falls Exempted Village, Niles City, and Hubbard Exempted Village.

The Center has been supported by a 2.4 mill 10 year renewal operating levy and by funds from the State of Ohio Joint Vocational School Foundation Program.

The Center provides job training leading to employment upon graduation from high school. The Center fosters cooperative relationships with business and industry, professional organizations, participating school districts, and other interested, concerned groups and organizations to consider, plan and implement education programs designed to meet the common needs and interests of students.

Board Resolution No. 02-63 states that the Center shall operate under a nineteen-member Board of Education consisting of 1 member from each member school's board of education, and initially (January 1, 2003) each board member shall serve one, two, and three year terms, and thereafter, successors to these members shall serve for successive two year terms so that no more than five members are appointed each year. The Center provides educational services as authorized and mandated by state or federal agencies. The Center employs 40 non-certified and 112 certified employees to provide services to approximately 818 students.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Center also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District has the option to also apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The District has elected not to apply these FASB Statements and Interpretations. The Center's significant accounting policies are described below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the Center are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Center. For the Center, this includes general operations, foods service, community services, adult education and student related activities of the Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Center is financially accountable. The Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) the Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Center in that the Center approves the debt, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Center has no component units. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the Center (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the Center:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

North East Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among twenty-eight school districts and two educational service centers. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board, which consists of ten members; the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts, and a principal and a treasurer (non-voting members who must be employed by a participating school district, or fiscal agent of NEOMIN). The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. A complete set of separate financial statements may be obtained from the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The Center participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

Trumbull County Schools Insurance Consortium Association

The Trumbull County Schools Insurance Consortium Association (the "Consortium") is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County School Districts. The consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating School District (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises controls over the operations of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services and remitted to the fiscal agent Trumbull County Educational Service Center. The fiscal agent will then remit the charges for services to Watson Wyatt Worldwide in Cleveland, Ohio, an agent of Medical Mutual, who acts in the capacity of a third-party administrator (TPA) for claims processing.

B. Fund Accounting

The Center uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain center activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the Center's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Construction Fund</u> - This fund used to account for monies received and expended in connection with the renovation and construction of the Center's buildings.

Other governmental funds of the Center are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds; (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (c) food service operations.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Center's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the Center's proprietary funds:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Center has one enterprise fund to account for adult education programs. This fund is considered a major enterprise fund.

<u>Internal Service</u> Fund - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the Center accounts for a self-insurance program which provides vision benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Center under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Center's own programs. The Center's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency funds are used to account for Pell grants and student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Center that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Center and for each function or program of the Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Center. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Center.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Center. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Center finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Center's internal service fund is charges for sales and services. The principal operating revenues of the Center's enterprise funds are charges for sales and services for adult education. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and claims expenses. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2006, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The Center is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2006 is as follow:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the Center must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the Center Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Center Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2006.
- 4. By July 1, the Annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year). Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated, increased or decreased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal 2006.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On fund financial statements, encumbrances outstanding at year end (not already recorded in accounts payable) are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Center is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Center's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2006, investments were limited to no-load money market mutual fund, federal agency securities and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

The Center has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2006. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investment in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2006.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 2006 amounted to \$455,449 which includes \$63,396 assigned from other Center funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net assets, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Center are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Center's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when received. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method on the fund financial statements and the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Center maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand dollars. The Center does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction-in-progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities		
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives		
Land improvements	15 - 20 years	N/A		
Building improvements	20 - 40 years	N/A		
Furniture/equipment	5 - 20 years	5 - 20 years		
Vehicles	8 years	N/A		

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables" and "due to/due from". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the Center consist of vacation leave and sick leave are a severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Center and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least five years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2006, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and future retirement obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The Center reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, and property taxes unavailable for appropriation. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Center applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include amounts that are restricted in use by state statute. See Note 17 for details.

Q. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the Center, these revenues are tuition for adult education classes and sales and charges for services for a self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2006.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2006, the Center has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries</u>", GASB Statement No. 46, "<u>Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation</u>", and GASB Statement No. 47, "<u>Accounting for Termination Benefits</u>".

GASB Statement No. 42 amends GASB Statement No. 34 and establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets and accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

GASB Statement No. 46 defines enabling legislation and specifies how net assets should be reported in the financial statements when there are changes in such legislation. The Statement also requires governments to disclose in the notes to the financial statements the amount of net assets restricted by enabling legislation.

GASB Statement No. 47 establishes accounting standards for termination benefits.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 42, GASB Statement No. 46 and GASB Statement No. 47 did not have an effect on the fund balances/net assets of the Center as previously reported at June 30, 2005.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Assets

Fund balances/net assets at June 30, 2006 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit
Major Fund	
Adult Education	\$ 103,117
Nonmajor Funds	
Uniform School Supplies	26,675
Management Information Systems	2,635
Supplemental Equipment	2,997
Safe Schools Helpline	672
Adult Basic Education	84
Title VI	497

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Center into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Center treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the Center had \$500 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the Center as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

B. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At fiscal year-end, the Center had \$94,384 on deposit in construction retainage accounts. These depository balances were covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The retainage accounts are not part of the internal cash pool reported on the financial statements as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" and are not included in "Deposits with Financial Institutions" below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$1,752,189 in cash and cash equivalents held by US Bank in relation to the lease-purchase agreement discussed in Note 10.A. This amount is included on the financial statements as "Cash with Escrow Agent". These monies are invested in U.S. Government money market mutual funds which are unclassified investments under GASB Statement No. 3 as they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

D. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2006, the carrying amount of all the Center's deposits was \$1,470,302. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2006, \$1,294,151 of the Center's bank balance of \$1,543,871 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$249,720 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Center's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Center.

E. Investments

As of June 30, 2006, the Center had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities						
			6	6 months or 7 to 12				13 to 18	
Investment type	Fa	air Value		less	_	months	_	months	
Money Market	\$	48,193	\$	48,193	\$	-	\$	-	
STAR Ohio		2,839,496		2,839,496		-		-	
FHLMC		2,030,335		1,286,455		743,880		-	
FHLB		2,227,810		546,777		1,481,783		199,250	
FNMA		1,630,855		1,057,075		573,780		-	
	\$	8,776,689	\$	5,777,996	\$	2,799,443	\$	199,250	

The weighted average maturity of investments is .33 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the Center's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The Center's investments, except for STAR Ohio, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio a AAAm money market rating.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Center places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Center at June 30, 2006:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
Money Market	\$ 48,193	0.55
STAR Ohio	2,839,496	32.35
FHLMC	2,030,335	23.13
FNMA	1,630,855	18.58
FHLB	2,227,810	25.39
	\$ 8,776,689	100.00

F. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2006:

Cash and Investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,470,302
Investments	8,776,689
Cash with escrow agent	1,752,189
Cash in segregated accounts	94,384
Cash on hand	 500
Total	\$ 12,094,064
Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 11,973,973
Business type activities	13,069
Private-purpose trust funds	32,864
Agency funds	 74,158
Total	\$ 12,094,064

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2006, as reported on the fund statement:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Adult Education Fund	\$ 78,277 46,680
Total interfund loans	Adult Education Fund	<u>46,680</u> \$ 124,957
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – (Continued)

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. Interfund loans between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund loans between governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as a component of "internal balances" on the government-wide statements.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

	_	Amount
Transfers from general fund to:		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	863,723
Adult Education		249,342
Total transfers in/out	\$	1,113,065

Amount

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financials. Transfers between governmental funds and the enterprise funds are reported on the government-wide statement of activities.

All transfers made during the fiscal year 2006 were made in accordance with Ohio Revise Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

C. Due to/from other funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2006, as reported on the fund statement:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
General Fund General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Adult Education Fund	\$ 27,280 946			
Total due to/from other funds		\$ 28,226			

The primary purpose of the amount due to the general fund from the nonmajor governmental funds and the adult education fund are the amounts due for the accumulation of workers' compensation. Amounts due to/from between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Amounts due to/from between governmental funds and the enterprise funds are reported as a component of "internal balances on the governmental-wide statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the Center's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the Center in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 became a lien January 1, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2006 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the value as of January 1, 2005. In prior years, tangible personal property assessments were twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out – the assessment percentage for property including inventory for 2006 is 18.75%. This will be reduced to 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the Center due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the Center will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The Center receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically makes advances to the Center its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2006, are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available as an advance can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2006 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$41,226 in the general fund which has been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005 was \$22,909 in the general fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

	2005 Se Half Coll	H	t .ons		
	Amount	Percent	An	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential					
and Other Real Estate	\$ 2,401,803,87	0 83.99	\$ 2,70	1,300,440	85.73
Public Utility Personal	139,272,70	0 4.87	13	0,901,820	4.15
Tangible Personal Property	318,592,92	0 11.14	31	8,693,103	10.12
Total	\$ 2,859,669,49	0 100.00	\$ 3,15	0,895,363	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 2.4	0	\$	2.40	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2006 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities	
Taxes - current and delinquent	\$ 7,794,644
Accounts	43,626
Intergovernmental	211,990
Accrued interest	 66,332
Total governmental receivables	\$ 8,116,592
Business-Type Activities	
Accounts	\$ 39,548
Intergovernmental	 48,021
Total business-type receivables	\$ 87,569

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance	Balance		
	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2006		
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 432,770	\$ -	\$-	\$ 432,770
Construction-in-progress		5,637,432		5,637,432
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	432,770	5,637,432		6,070,202
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	617,004	15,844	-	632,848
Building/improvements	12,880,251	-	-	12,880,251
Furniture/equipment	2,500,259	92,227	(83,342)	2,509,144
Vehicles	226,787			226,787
Total capital assets, being depreciated	16,224,301	108,071	(83,342)	16,249,030
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(390,874)	(33,683)	-	(424,557)
Building/improvements	(12,093,523)	(24,339)	-	(12,117,862)
Furniture/equipment	(1,680,105)	(114,276)	80,377	(1,714,004)
Vehicles	(111,943)	(19,216)		(131,159)
Total accumulated depreciated	(14,276,445)	(191,514)	80,377	(14,387,582)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,380,626	\$ 5,553,989	\$ (2,965)	\$ 7,931,650

The construction-in-progress represents costs incurred to date on the Center's building addition/renovation project financed through the OASBO lease-purchase program (see Note 10.A.).

	Balance <u>June 30, 2005</u> Addition		Additions	Deductions		Balance ne 30, 2006	
Business-Type Activities							
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Furniture/equipment	\$	742,803	\$	2,475	\$	(26,433)	\$ 718,845
Less: accumulated depreciation							
Furniture/equipment		(675,189)		(17,683)		19,347	 (673,525)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	67,614	\$	(15,208)	\$	(7,086)	\$ 45,320

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS – (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 1,792
Vocational	143,281
Adult education	790
Support Services:	
Pupil	528
Board of education	478
Administration	4,767
Fiscal	1,373
Operations and maintenance	13,782
Pupil transportation	23,896
Food service operations	 827
Total depreciation expense	\$ 191,514

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASE

On May 9, 2002, the Center (the "Lessee") entered into an operating lease with the Lordstown Local School District (the "Lessor") for the Gordan D. James Building which the Center wishes to utilize for purposes of carrying on adult education programs. The term of the lease commences July 1, 2002 and terminates June 30, 2006. The Center agrees to pay compensation to the Lessor as follows:

- 1. One-third of the actual cost of the Lessor's total fire, theft, property, and casualty insurance; and
- 2. 100% of the Lessor's cost of electricity, natural gas, water, sewer service, and garbage service at the leased premises for the prior year; and
- 3. The actual cost of the Lessor's telephone and copier costs as well as alarm service and postage meter costs attributed to the premises.
- 4. 20% of the actual salary of the support services manager.

The compensation payments set forth above shall increase 10% during the second year, 20% during the third year and 30% during the fourth year. The compensation adjustment will be made annually on July 1. The total estimated payments to be made by the Center during the term of the lease are \$705,254. During the current fiscal year payments totaling \$199,311 were made on the lease.

The Center entered into two 60-month photocopy machines lease and maintenance agreements with COMDOC, one for \$4,355 a month - commencing on October 25, 2001 and another for \$2,945 a month - commencing on April 1, 2004.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASES – (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Amount
2007	\$ 52,760
2008	35,340
2009	 29,450
Total - present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 117,550

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2006, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance June 30, 2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2006	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated absences payable	\$ 1,521,099	\$ 303,986	\$ (422,611)	\$ 1,402,474	\$ 123,545
OASBO Lease-Purchase		6,298,420	(117,000)	6,181,420	132,000
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 1,521,099</u>	\$ 6,602,406	<u>\$ (539,611)</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 255,545</u>
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated absences	\$ 161,264	\$ 28,416	\$ (12,998)	\$ 176,682	\$ 17,720
Total business-type long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 161,264</u>	\$ 28,416	<u>\$ (12,998)</u>	<u>\$ 176,682</u>	<u>\$ 17,720</u>

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid which, for the Center, is primarily the

<u>OASBO Lease-Purchase Agreement</u>: During fiscal 2006, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement with the Ohio Association of School Business Officials' (OASBO) Expanded Asset Pooled Financing Program to finance the cost of the construction of an addition to the career center. US Bank has been designated as trustee for the agreement. The source of revenue to fund principal and interest payments is general operating revenue of the Center. The annual payments will be payable from the debt service fund. At June 30, 2006, the District had outstanding borrowings of \$6,181,420. The permissible borrowings under the lease-purchase agreement are \$6,426,000. The future minimum lease payments for the permissible borrowing lease-purchase agreement are disclosed below (exclusive of the \$117,000 principal payment made in fiscal year 2006).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Capital assets consisting of construction-in-progress have been recorded in the amount of \$5,637,432. A corresponding liability is recorded in the statement of net assets in the amount of \$6,181,420.

The following is a schedule of future payments required under the OASBO lease-purchase agreement:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2007	\$ 132,000	\$ 419,026	\$ 551,026
2008	138,000	289,392	427,392
2009	144,000	282,927	426,927
2010	151,000	276,180	427,180
2011	158,000	269,106	427,106
2012 - 2016	902,000	1,227,753	2,129,753
2017 - 2021	1,127,000	996,310	2,123,310
2022 - 2026	1,404,000	707,435	2,111,435
2027 - 2031	1,753,000	347,346	2,100,346
2032	 400,000	 18,740	 418,740
Total	\$ 6,309,000	\$ 4,834,215	\$ 11,143,215

In conjunction with the lease-purchase agreement, the Center entered into an escrow agreement with US Bank whereby US Bank acts as escrow agent for the funds received under the lease-purchase agreement. Under the escrow agreement, the Center authorizes and directs US Bank to make disbursements to pay the project costs from the amount deposited. The escrow agreement terminates upon termination of the lease-purchase agreement. At June 30, 2006, the funds held by the escrow agent are reported as "Cash with Escrow Agent" on the financial statements.

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the Center shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the Center. The code further provides that unvoted indebtness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the Center.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2006 are a voted debt margin of \$283,580,583 and an unvoted debt margin of \$3,150,895.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

Sick Leave:

Each employee is entitled to fifteen (15) days sick leave with pay each year under contract and accrues sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth (1 1/4) days for each calendar month under contract. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum based upon negotiated agreements. Severance pay is based upon the per diem rate paid the employee at the time of the employee's retirement from the Center. An employee with five (5) or more years of service in the Center who elects to retire from active service shall receive 1/3 of the value of his/her accrued and unused sick leave to a maximum of sixty days (65). In addition, employees with thirteen (13) or more years of service in the Center shall receive an added sum equal to 1/8 of the accrued and unused sick leave in excess of sixty (65) days (1/3 of 195 days).

Vacation Leave:

Classified employees earn ten (10) to twenty (20) days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Unused vacation shall be cumulative to a maximum of ten (10) days. Each full time administrator who is required to work twelve (12) months per year is entitled, after service of one calendar year, to twenty (20) working days per year of vacation leave.

B. Life Insurance

The Center provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to its employees. Coverage is \$50,000 for all certified, classified and administrative staff; the level of coverage for the Superintendent and Treasurer is \$100,000 each.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Center has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through commercial carriers.

General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$2,000,000 of each occurrence and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate. In addition, the Center maintains a \$1,000,000 umbrella liability policy.

The Center maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents in the amount \$34,173,152. The Center maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$2,000,000 for any one accident or loss.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

B. Employee Health and Dental Insurance

The Center has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits through a consortium of school districts known as the Trumbull County Schools Insurance Consortium Association. The Consortium purchases stop loss coverage of \$125,000 through the General American Life Insurance Company, and the pool covers the excess. A third party administrator, Medical Mutual, through its agent, Watson, Wyatt Worldwide located in Cleveland, Ohio, reviews and pays claims for the Consortium. The Center pays premiums to the Consortium based upon board policy and the negotiated agreements; the premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary of the employee.

Dental coverage is provided by Coresource and prescription drug coverage is provided through Medical Mutual. Premiums for coverage are on a composite basis. The Center also offers a health maintenance plan to its employees through Medical Mutual.

During fiscal year 2006, the District established an Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its self-insurance vision program. Fiscal year 2006 was the first year claims were submitted under this new program. Under this program, the Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$2,500 for each individual covered. The Center purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund and for all other risks of loss. All funds of the Center participate in the program and make payments to the Risk Management Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay claims and actual amounts needed to pay fixed costs (premiums for stop-loss coverage and medical conversion and administrative fees and services).

The claims liability of \$2,137 reported in the basic financial statements at June 30, 2006, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "<u>Risk Financing Omnibus</u>", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claim. Claims activity for the current year is as follows:

Fiscal	Beginning	Current	Claims	Ending
Year	Balance	Year Claims	Payments	Balance
2006	\$ -	\$ 11,265	\$ (9,128)	\$ 2,137

C. Workers' Compensation Plan

The Center participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), a public entity risk pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. Participants of the Plan are placed in tiers according to their loss history. Participants with low loss histories are rewarded with greater savings than participants with higher loss histories. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for its Plan tier rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Center is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current Center rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the Center's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Center's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$177,357, \$167,815, and \$138,302, respectively; 100% has been contributed for fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Center participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Center was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The Center's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$869,666, \$792,143, and \$761,298, respectively; 100% has been contributed for fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal 2006 were \$4,243 made by the Center and \$17,667 made by plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/ STRS. As of June 30, 2006, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Center's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS

The Center provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

STRS retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the Center, this amount equaled \$66,897 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$254.780 million and STRS had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. Premiums may be reduced for retirees whose household income falls below the poverty level.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.42 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of 0.01 percent from fiscal year 2005. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2006 fiscal year, Center paid \$89,145 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178.221 million. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178.221 million. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) for payment of health care benefits of \$267.5 million, which is about 168 percent of next years projected net health care costs of \$158.776 million. On the basis of actuarial projections, the allocated contributions will be insufficient in the long term, to provide for a health care reserve equal to at least 150 percent of estimated annual net claim costs. SERS has 58,123 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral Fund
Budget basis	\$	456,735
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		42,154
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(45,502)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(203,153)
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	107,260
GAAP basis	\$	357,494

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Center receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Center. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Center.

B. Litigation

The Center is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The Center management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the Center.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The Center is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>	BWC <u>Refunds</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2005	\$ (632,585)	\$ (1,161,125)	\$ 49,002
Current year set-aside requirement	125,822	125,822	-
Current year offsets	-	(500,000)	-
Elimination of reserve	-	-	(49,002)
Qualifying disbursements	(122,723)	(4,523,223)	
Total	\$ (629,486)	\$ (6,058,526)	<u>\$</u> -
Balance carried forward to FY 2007	\$ (629,486)	<u>\$ (5,558,526)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The Center had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero, these extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years, but GAAP prohibits showing negative reserves on the financial statements. Therefore, negative amounts are not presented on the financial statements.

Effective April 10, 2001, Amended Senate Bill 345 amended ORC Section 5705.29(H), eliminating the requirement for the Center to establish and maintain a budget stabilization reserve. As of June 30, 2002, the Center's Board passed a resolution to maintain the budget stabilization reserve. During fiscal year 2006, the Center passed a resolution to use the funds in the budget stabilization reserve.

NOTE 18 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2006, the Center had that following contractual commitments outstanding for the building addition/renovation project:

Vendor	Amount Outstanding	
Kreidler Construction	\$	182,678
Valley Electrical Consolidated		332,688
Hivety Construction Co, Inc.		354,470
Western Reserve Mechanical		18,181
S.A. Comunals Co, Inc.		24,664
Totals	\$	912,681

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

TRUMBULL CAREER AND TECHNICAL CENTER SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS		(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE						
OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
Nutrition Cluster:	10.550	N7/A	¢	¢ 0.196	s -	\$ 9.186
(A),(D) Food Donation (A),(C) School Breakfast Program	10.550	N/A 051631-05PU-2005	\$ - 894	\$ 9,186	\$ 894	\$ 9,180
(A),(C) School Breakfast Program	10.553	051631-05PU-2006	14,618		14,618	
(A),(C) National School Lunch Program	10.555	051631-LLP4-2005	18,272		18,272	
(A),(C) National School Lunch Program	10.555	051631-LLP4-2006	58,494		58,494	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture and Nutrition Cluster			92,278	9,186	92,278	9,186
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
DIRECT PROGRAMS:						
Student Finanical Assistance Cluster:						
(E) Federal Family Education Loans	84.032	N/A	440,907		440,906	
(E) Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A	319,979		319,979	
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			760,886		760,885	
PASSED THROUGH THE						
OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
Adult Education-State Grant Program	84.002	051631-AB-S1-2004	10.000		10,000	
Adult Education-State Grant Program	84.002	051631-AB-S1-2005	69,669		19,755	
Adult Education-State Grant Program	84.002	051631-AB-S1-2006	51,049		113,015	
Total Adult Education-State Grant Program			130,718		142,770	
Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048	051631-20-A0-2005	28,000		14,760	
Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048	051631-20-C1-2005	38,918		122,189	
Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048	051631-20-C1-2006	479,833		480,205	
Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048 84.048	051631-20-C2-2005 051631-20-C2-2006	5,125 59,498		73,836	
Total Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States	04.040	031031-20-C2-2000	611,374		690,990	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities-State Grants	84.186	051631-DR-S1-2005	568		-	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities-State Grants Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities	84.186	051631-DR-S1-2006	1,964		1,964	
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities			2,332		1,904	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	051631-C2-S1-2005	354		-	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	051631-C2-S1-2006	1,336		1,833	
Total State Grants for Innovative Programs			1,690		1,833	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	051631-TR-S1-2005	429		138	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	051631-TR-S1-2006	4,233		4,233	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			4,662		4,371	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,511,862		1,602,813	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,604,140	\$ 9,186	\$ 1,695,091	\$ 9,186

Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs. This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis. The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices. Included as part of "Student Finanical Assistance Cluster" in determining major programs.

(A) (B) (C) (D) (E)



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Trumbull Career and Technical Center 528 Educational Highway Warren, Ohio 44483

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated October 19, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Trumbull Career and Technical Center's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Board of Education Trumbull Career and Technical Center

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Trumbull Career and Technical Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted a certain matter that we have reported to the management of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center in a separate letter dated October 19, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Education of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, federal awarding agencies and pass through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Sube the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 19, 2007



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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133*

Board of Education Trumbull Career and Technical Center 528 Educational Highway Warren, Ohio 44483

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The Trumbull Career and Technical Center's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Trumbull Career and Technical Center's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Trumbull Career and Technical Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Trumbull Career and Technical Center's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Trumbull Career and Technical Center complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

Board of Education Trumbull Career and Technical Center

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Trumbull Career and Technical Center's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. We noted certain matters that we have reported to the management of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center in a separate letter dated October 19, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the Board of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Sube the

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 19, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2006

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS						
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified					
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No					
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No					
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs Compliance Opinion	Unqualified					
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No					
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program:	Student Financial Assistance Cluster: Federal Family Education Loans - CFDA #84.032 and Federal Pell Grant Program - CFDA #84.063					
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others					
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes					

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2006

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2006

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	Fully <u>Corrected</u> ?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
2005-TCTC-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 in part requires that the total appropriation from each fund should not exceed estimated resources.	Yes	N/A





TRUMBULL CAREER AND TECHNICAL CENTER

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JANUARY 10, 2008

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