



# BARNESVILLE HUTTON MEMORIAL LIBRARY BELMONT COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements – December 31, 2008:	
Statement of Net Assets – Modified Cash Basis	9
Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis	10
Governmental Financial Statements:	
Statement of Modified Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	11
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Modified Cash Basis Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursement, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis – General Fund	13
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis – Hutton Fund	14
Government-Wide Financial Statements – December 31, 2007:	
Statement of Net Assets – Modified Cash Basis	15
Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis	16
Governmental Financial Statements:	
Statement of Modified Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	17
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Modified Cash Basis Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	18
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursement, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis – General Fund	19
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis – Hutton Fund	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	31

This page intentionally left blank.



<u>Mary Taylor, CPA</u>

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County 308 East Main Street Barnesville, Ohio 43713

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library, Belmont County, Ohio (the Library), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Library's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2C, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the modified cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library, Belmont County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Hutton Fund, thereof for the years then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 1 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2009, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701-2157 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

March 26, 2009

#### Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library's (the Library) financial performance provides an overall review of the Library's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, within the limitations of the Library's modified cash basis of accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Library's financial performance.

# **Highlights**

Key highlights for 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

In 2008, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$123,334, or 14 percent. In 2007, net assets of governmental activities increased \$40,362, or 5 percent.

The Library's general receipts are primarily intergovernmental and State Library and Local Government Support Fund (LLGSF). In 2008 and 2007, these receipts represent 89.9% and 90.9%, respectively, of the total revenue received for governmental activities during the years.

# Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Library's modified cash basis of accounting.

#### **Report Components**

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the cash activities of the Library as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Library as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

#### Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Library has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Library's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

# **Reporting the Library as a Whole**

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities reflect how the Library did financially during 2008 and 2007, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The Statement of Net Assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Library at year end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Library's general receipts.

These statements report the Library's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Library's financial health. Over time, these increases or decreases in the Library's cash position are one indicator of whether the Library's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Library's financial condition, you should consider other non-financial factors as well, such as the reliance of non-local financial resources for operation and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue source such as LLGSF.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Library presents a single type of activity, governmental activities. All of the Library's programs and basic services are reported here, including library services, purchased and contract services, library materials and information, and capital outlay. The Library and Local Government Support Fund finances most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

# Reporting the Library's Most Significant Funds

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the Library's major funds – not the Library as a whole. The Library establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Library are all governmental.

Governmental Funds – All of the Library's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Library's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Library's programs. The Library's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The Library's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Hutton Fund and Building Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

# The Library as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Library's net assets for 2008 compared to 2007 and 2007 compared to 2006 on a modified cash basis:

# (Table 1)

# Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	2008	2007	2006	
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$341,719	\$465,053	\$424,691	
Investments	443,626	443,626	443,626	
Total Assets	785,345	908,679	868,317	
-				
Net Assets				
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	264,597	371,391	336,391	
Other Purposes	462,178	457,004	457,403	
Unrestricted	58,570	80,284	74,523	
Total Net Assets	\$785,345	\$908,679	\$868,317	

As mentioned previously, in 2008, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$123,334, or 14 percent. In 2007, net assets of governmental activities increased by \$40,362, or 5 percent. The primary reasons contributing to the increase in net assets in 2007 is that the Library kept expenditures at a minimum due to the Library and Local Government Support Fund funding being frozen at 2004 fiscal year level. The reason contributing to the decrease in net assets in 2008 is due to the change in LLGSF funding and that the Library purchased property and started renovation for a meeting room facility.

#### Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 Unaudited

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets on a modified cash basis in 2008 compared to 2007 and 2007 compared to 2006:

# (Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Receipts:			
Program Receipts:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$17,714	\$19,224	\$19,230
Total Program Receipts	17,714	19,224	19,230
General Receipts:			
Intergovernmental	505,365	513,656	513,655
Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions	14,068	3,589	4,970
Interest	24,987	28,400	26,410
Miscellaneous	188_	234	2,784
Total General Receipts	544,608	545,879	547,819
Total Receipts	562,322	565,103	567,049
Disbursements: Current: Library Services:			
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	354,500	334,291	327,404
Purchased and Contractual Services	77,173	87,232	79,289
Library Materials and Information	96,341	92,633	108,843
Other	1,545	2,091	2,290
Capital Outlay	156,097	8,494	40,554
Total Disbursements	685,656	524,741	558,380
Increase in Net Assets	(123,334)	40,362	8,669
Net Assets, January 1	908,679	868,317	859,648
Net Assets, December 31	785,345	\$908,679	\$868,317

Program receipts represent only 3 percent of total receipts in 2008 and 2007 and are primarily comprised of patron fines and fees.

General receipts represent 97 percent of the Library's total receipts in 2008 and 2007 and 97 percent in 2006, of which intergovernmental receipts make up 92.8%, 94.1%, and 93.8%, in 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. Since these monies are provided by the State, it can be seen how any decreases in this funding source could have a substantial impact on the services the Library provides.

Disbursements for the Library represent the overhead costs of running the Library and the support services provided for library services and other Library activities.

#### **Governmental Activities**

If you look at the Statement of Activities on pages 10 and 16, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Library. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for salaries and fringe benefits, purchased and contractual services, and library materials and information, which account for 77.0 and 98.0 percent of all governmental disbursements, for 2008 and 2007, respectively. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the services. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

Governmental Activities						
	Total Cost of Services 2008	Net Cost of Services 2008	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006
Library Services:						
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	\$354,500	\$343,380	\$334,291	\$322,136	\$327,404	\$315,245
Purchased and Contractual Services	77,173	74,880	87,232	84,289	79,289	76,345
Library Materials and Information	96,341	92,105	92,633	88,592	108,843	104,801
Other	1,545	1,480	2,091	2,006	2,290	2,205
Capital Outlay	156,097	156,097	8,494	8,494	40,554	40,554
Total Expenses	\$685,656	\$667,942	\$524,741	\$505,517	\$558,380	\$539,150

# (Table 3)

The dependence upon intergovernmental receipts is apparent as over 73.7, 97.9, and 92.0 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts for 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

#### The Library's Funds

In 2008, the General Fund receipts of \$534,598, and disbursements of \$556,313, the Hutton Fund had receipts of \$17,374 and disbursements of \$12,200 and the Building Fund had receipts of \$35,350 and disbursements of \$142,143.

In 2007, the General Fund receipts of \$549,566, and disbursements of \$543,805, the Hutton Fund had receipts of \$15,537 and disbursements of \$15,936 and the Building Fund had receipts of \$35,000 and disbursements of \$0.

# **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Library's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Library's most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

In 2008, final disbursements were budgeted at \$613,357 while actual disbursements were \$578,768. Final receipts were budgeted at \$533,073 while actual receipts were \$534,598. In 2007, final disbursements were budgeted at \$618,503 while actual disbursements were \$589,011. Final receipts were budgeted at \$526,723 while actual receipts were \$549,566.

# **Capital Assets**

The Library does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure.

#### **Current Issues**

As the preceding information shows, the Library depends heavily on the intergovernmental monies. With the Library and Local Government Support Fund being frozen at the 2004 level until June 30, 2008, the Library has decreased disbursements in many areas of the budget and moved capital disbursements to the Capital Project Funds as needed.

The Library will be challenged to continue to maintain the current level of services and programs due to the fairly stagnant receipts and ordinary inflation. The Board and Library administration must maintain careful financial planning and wise fiscal management in order to provide services as needed and balance the budget annually.

# Contacting the Library's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Library's finances and to reflect the Library's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Brenda G. Brown, Fiscal Officer, Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library, 308 East Main Street, Barnesville, Ohio 43713, or email at brownbr@oplin.org.

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County, Ohio

# Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2008

	Governmental Activities
Assets	<b>#044 740</b>
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$341,719 443,626
invesiments	443,020
Total Assets	\$785,345
Net Assets	
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	\$264,597
Other Purposes	462,178
Unrestricted	58,570
Total Net Assets	\$785,345

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County, Ohio

Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Program Cash Receipts	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities Current:			
Library Services: Salaries and Fringe Benefits Purchased and Contractual Services Library Materials and Information	\$354,500 77,173 96,341	\$11,120 2,293 4,236	(\$343,380) (74,880) (92,105)
Other Capital Outlay	1,545 156,097	65 0	(1,480) (156,097)
Total Governmental Activities	\$685,656	\$17,714	(667,942)
	General Receipts		505.005
	Intergovernmenta	I and Contributions	505,365
	Interest		14,068 24,987
	Miscellaneous		188
	Total General Red	ceipts	544,608
	Change in Net As	sets	(123,334)
	Net Assets Begin	ning of Year	908,679
	Net Assets End of	f Year	\$785,345

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont, Ohio

# Statement of Modified Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2008

				Total
		Hutton	Building	Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$58,569	\$18,552	\$264,598	\$341,719
Investments	0	443,626	0	443,626
Total Assets	\$58,569	\$462,178	\$264,598	\$785,345
Fund Balances				
Reserved:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$22,456	\$479	\$192,825	\$215,760
Unreserved:				
Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:				
General Fund	36,113			36,113
Special Revenue Funds		461,699		461,699
Capital Projects Funds			71,773	71,773
Total Fund Balances	\$58,569	\$462,178	\$264,598	\$785,345

## Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont, Ohio

# Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Modified Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

				Total
		Hutton	Building	Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Receipts				
Intergovernmental	\$505,365			\$505,365
Patron Fines and Fees	17,714			17,714
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	3,718		\$10,350	14,068
Earnings on Investments	7,613	\$17,374		24,987
Miscellaneous	188			188
Total Receipts	534,598	17,374	10,350	562,322
Disbursements				
Current:				
Library Services:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	354,500			354,500
Purchased and Contractual Services	76,041	1,133		77,174
Library Materials and Information	85,273	11,067		96,340
Other	1,545			1,545
Capital Outlay	13,954		142,143	156,097
Total Disbursements	531,313	12,200	142,143	685,656
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	3,285	5,174	(131,793)	(123,334)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			25,000	25,000
Transfers Out	(25,000)			(25,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(25,000)	0	25,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(21,715)	5,174	(106,793)	(123,334)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	80,284	457,004	371,391	908,679
Fund Balances End of Year	\$58,569	\$462,178	\$264,598	\$785,345

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Intergovernmental	\$491,773	\$491,773	\$505,365	\$13,592
Patron Fines and Fees	20,000	20,000	17,714	(2,286)
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	8,000	8,000	3,718	(4,282)
Earnings on Investments	13,000	13,000	7,613	(5,387)
Miscellaneous	300	300	188	(112)
Total receipts	533,073	533,073	534,598	1,525
Disbursements				
Current:				
Library Services:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	359,006	360,406	357,131	3,275
Purchased and Contractual Services	102,088	101,488	88,458	13,030
Library Materials and Information	115,259	105,859	92,039	13,820
Other	21,045	4,644	1,785	2,859
Capital Outlay	15,960	15,960	14,355	1,605
Total Disbursements	613,358	588,357	553,768	34,589
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(80,285)	(55,284)	(19,170)	36,114
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out		(25,000)	(25,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(25,000)	(25,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(80,285)	(80,284)	(44,170)	36,114
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	35,078	35,078	35,078	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	45,206	45,206	45,206	0
Fund Balance End of Year	(\$1)	\$0	\$36,114	\$36,114

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis Hutton Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Total receipts	15,000	15,000	17,374	2,374
Disbursements				
Current:				
Library Services:				
Purchased and Contractual Services	4,313	4,313	1,493	2,820
Library Materials and Information	15,215	15,215	11,186	4,029
Capital Outlay	8,850	8,850	0	8,850
Contingency	443,626	443,626	0	443,626
Total Disbursements	472,004	472,004	12,679	459,325
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(457,004)	(457,004)	4,695	461,699
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	454,477	454,477	454,477	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,528	2,528	2,528	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1	\$1	\$461,700	\$461,699

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County, Ohio

# Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$465,053
Investments	443,626
Total Assets	\$908,679
Net Assets	
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	\$371,391
Other Purposes	457,004
Unrestricted	80,284
Total Net Assets	\$908,679

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County, Ohio

Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Program Cash Receipts	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities Current:			
Library Services: Salaries and Fringe Benefits Purchased and Contractual Services Library Materials and Information Other Capital Outlay	\$334,291 87,232 92,633 2,091 8,494	\$12,155 2,943 4,041 85 0	(\$322,136) (84,289) (88,592) (2,006) (8,494)
Total Governmental Activities	\$524,741	\$19,224	(505,517)
	General Receipts Intergovernmental Unrestricted Gifts Interest Miscellaneous	l	513,656 3,589 28,400 234
	Total General Rec	ceipts	545,879
	Change in Net As	sets	40,362
	Net Assets Begini	ning of Year	868,317
	Net Assets End of	f Year	\$908,679

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont, Ohio

# Statement of Modified Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2007

				Total
		Hutton	Building	Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$80,284	\$13,378	\$371,391	\$465,053
Investments		443,626		443,626
Total Assets	\$80,284	\$457,004	\$371,391	\$908,679
Fund Balances				
Reserved:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$45,206	\$2,528		\$47,734
Unreserved:				
Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:				
General Fund	35,078			35,078
Special Revenue Funds		454,476		454,476
Capital Projects Funds			371,391	371,391
Total Fund Balances	\$80,284	\$457,004	\$371,391	\$908,679

## Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont, Ohio

# Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Modified Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Hutton	Building	Total Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Receipts	<b>\$</b> 540.050			<b>#540.050</b>
Intergovernmental Patron Fines and Fees	\$513,656			\$513,656
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	19,224			19,224
Earnings on Investments	3,589	¢15 507		3,589
Miscellaneous	12,863 234	\$15,537		28,400 234
Mischartous	234			234
Total Receipts	549,566	15,537	\$0	565,103
Disbursements				
Current:				
Library Services:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	334,291			334,291
Purchased and Contractual Services	83,235	3,997		87,232
Library Materials and Information	80,694	11,939		92,633
Other	2,091			2,091
Capital Outlay	8,494			8,494
Total Disbursements	508,805	15,936	0	524,741
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	40,761	(399)	0	40,362
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			35,000	35,000
Transfers Out	(35,000)			(35,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(35,000)	0	35,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,761	(399)	35,000	40,362
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	74,523	457,403	336,391	868,317
Fund Balances End of Year	\$80,284	\$457,004	\$371,391	\$908,679

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts	<b>• -</b> . <b>-</b> .			<b>*</b>
Intergovernmental	\$487,973	\$487,973	\$513,656	\$25,683
Patron Fines and Fees	19,500	19,500	19,224	(276)
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	9,000	9,000	3,589	(5,411)
Earnings on Investments	10,000	10,000	12,863	2,863
Miscellaneous	250	250	234	(16)
Total Receipts	526,723	526,723	549,566	22,843
Disbursements				
Current:				
Library Services:				
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	336,980	345,080	341,291	3,789
Purchased and Contractual Services	86,359	108,159	96,123	12,036
Library Materials and Information	127,268	108,467	97,653	10,814
Other	43,897	4,797	2,091	2,706
Capital Outlay	24,000	17,000	16,853	147
Total Disbursements	618,504	583,503	554,011	29,492
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(91,781)	(56,780)	(4,445)	52,335
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In Transfers Out		(25,000)	(25,000)	0
Transfers Out		(35,000)	(35,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(35,000)	(35,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(91,781)	(91,780)	(39,445)	52,335
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	43,371	43,371	43,371	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	31,152	31,152	31,152	0
Fund Balance End of Year	(\$17,258)	(\$17,257)	\$35,078	\$52,335

# Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis Hutton Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts				
Total receipts	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$15,537	\$3,537
Disbursements				
Current:				
Library Services:				
Purchased and Contractual Services	9,402	9,402	4,310	5,092
Library Materials and Information	16,375	16,375	14,153	2,222
Capital Outlay				
Contingency		<u> </u>		
Total Disbursements	25,777	25,777	18,463	7,314
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(13,777)	(13,777)	(2,926)	10,851
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	454,719	454,719	454,719	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,684	2,684	2,684	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$443,626	\$443,626	\$454,477	\$10,851

### Note 1 - Description of the Library and Reporting Entity

The Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library (the Library), was organized as a school district public library in 1924 under the laws of the State of Ohio. The Library has its own Board of Trustees of seven members who are appointed by the Barnesville Exempted Village School District Board of Education. Appointments are for seven-year terms and members serve without compensation. Under Ohio statutes, the Library is a body politic and corporate capable of suing and being sued, contracting, acquiring, holding, possessing, and disposing of real property, and of exercising such other powers and privileges conferred upon it by law. The Library also determines and operates under its own budget. Control and management of the Library is governed by sections 3375.33 to 3375.39 of the Ohio Revised Code with the administration of the day-to-day operations of the Library being the responsibility of the Director and financial accountability being solely that of the Clerk-Treasurer.

The Library is fiscally independent of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District Board of Education, although the Board of Education serves in a ministerial capacity as the taxing authority for the Library. The determination to request approval of a tax levy, the role and purpose(s) of the levy, are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Library Trustees. Once those decisions are made, the Board of Education must put the levy on the ballot. There is no potential for the Library to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Barnesville Exempted Village School District Board of Education.

Under the provisions of Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Library is considered to be a related organization of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Library is financially accountable. The Library is financially accountable for an organization if the Library appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Library is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Library is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Library is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Library is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Library is also financially accountable for any organizations for which the Library approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Library, are accessible to the Library and are significant in amount to the Library. The Library has no component units.

The Library's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Library is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, the basic financial statements of the Library have been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. This *modified* cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board

(GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the *modified* cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the *modified* cash basis of

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. The most significant of the Library's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Basis of Presentation

The Library's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Library as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental receipts, patron fines and fee, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net assets presents the cash and investment balances of the governmental activities of the Library at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Library's governmental activities activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Library is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type activity is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the Library's general receipts.

#### Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Library segregates transactions related to certain Library functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Library at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The Library has no nonmajor funds.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The Library uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The Library's funds are all classified as governmental.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions. Monies are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The following are the Library's major governmental funds:

# <u>Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Library for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Hutton Fund</u> – This fund receives dividends from the stock of the Hutton family estate to be used for the benefit of the Library's patrons.

<u>Building Fund</u> – This fund receives an operating transfer from the General Fund and donations to be used for various library renovations or expansion projects.

# C. Basis of Accounting

The Library's basic financial statements are prepared using the *modified* cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Library's financial records and reported in the basic financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Library are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this *modified* cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be appropriated. The appropriations resolution is the Trustee's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Trustees. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, function level for all funds. Budgetary modifications at the legal level of control may only be made by resolution of the Board of Library Trustees.

For control purposes, the Library estimates cash receipts for the year. These estimated receipts, together with the unencumbered carry-over balances from the prior year, set a limit on the amount the Trustees may appropriate. The estimated receipts may be revised during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Clerk Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts of estimated resources at the time final appropriations were enacted by the Trustees.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations should not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Trustees during the year.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Library is pooled. Monies for all funds, except for Hutton Memorial Fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

maintained through the Library's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

During 2008 and 2007, investments were limited to donated stock. These investments are recorded at fair value when donated. For the period January 1, 2007 to December 31, 2008, no investments were purchased or sold, therefore all investments are still carried at cost (original purchase price).

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2008 and 2007 amounted to \$7,613 and \$12,863, respectively.

#### F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets represent monies restricted for Library renovations or expansion projects.

#### G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Library reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These inventory and prepaid items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These capital assets are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### I. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Library's modified cash basis of accounting.

# J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Library recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### K. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources associated with the Hutton fund. The Statement of Net Assets reports \$726,775 and \$828,395 of restricted net assets for governmental activities for the years ended 2008 and 2007, respectively, of which no monies are restricted by enabling legislation.

The Library's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### L. Fund Balance Reserves

The Library reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

#### M. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds (and after non-operating receipts/disbursements in proprietary funds). Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

#### Note 3 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis presented for the General Fund and Hutton Fund prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the *modified* cash basis are outstanding year end encumbrances which are treated as disbursements (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (*modified* cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to:

	<u>2008</u>	
General Fund		\$22,456
Hutton Fund		479
Building Fund		192,825
	2007	
General Fund		\$45,206
Hutton Fund		2,528
Building Fund		0

#### Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Library are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Library treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Library treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Library can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

# Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Library, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

# **Deposits**

The Library has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Library or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

#### Investments

The Library received a donation of stock through the Hutton estate. This stock was recorded on the books at fair value on the date donated. The financial institution maintains records identifying the Library as owner of these securities. The carrying value of the donated common stock as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 was \$443,626 and the fair value of the donated common stock as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 was \$451,294 and \$664,199, respectively.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The donated common stock are exposed to custodial credit risk as they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Library's name. The Library has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements in ORC 135.14(M)(2) which states, "Payment for investments shall be made only upon the delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee."

# Note 5 – Grants-in-aid and Tax Receipts

The primary source of revenue for Ohio public libraries is the Library and Local Government Support Fund (LLGSF). The LLGSF is 5.7% of the State personal income tax. It is currently frozen at 2004 fiscal year level until June 2008 at which time the funding became the Public Library Fund (PLF). The PLF funding is 2.22% of total tax revenue of State of Ohio. The LLGSF is allocated to each county based on the county's prior year LLGSF revenues and its population. The County Budget Commission allocates these funds to the Library based on its needs such as for construction of new library buildings, improvements, operation, maintenance or other expenses. The Budget Commission cannot reduce its allocation of these funds to the Library based on any additional revenues the Library receives. The Library receives 19% of the counties allocation.

#### Note 6 – Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2008 and 2007, the Library contracted with Steele Insurance Associates, Inc. for various types of insurance coverage as follows:

#### Note 6 – Risk Management (Continued)

•	Commercial Property Coverage	\$2,452,712
•	Commercial General Liability Coverage	\$2,000,000
•	Commercial Crime Coverage	\$1,000,000
٠	Commercial Inland Marine Coverage	\$1,036,000
•	Commercial Auto Coverage	\$1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Library pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

The Library contracts annually with The Health Plan for employees' health insurance. The Library and most employees share in the cost of the monthly premiums paid.

# Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

# A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The Library participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan. While members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement (generally sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and township police) and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For the year ended December 31, 2007, members in state and local classifications contributed 9.5% of covered payroll. For the year ended December 31, 2008, members in state and local classifications contributed 10.0% of covered payroll.

# Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The Library's contribution rate for 2007 was 13.85 percent and for 2008 was 14.0 percent. For the period January 1 through June 30, a portion of the Library's contribution equal to 5 percent of covered payroll was allocated to fund the post-employment health care plan; for the period July 1 through December 31, 2007 this amount was increased to 6 percent. For 2008, 7 percent of the Library's contribution was allocated to fund the post-employment health care plan. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined. State statute sets a maximum contribution rate for the Library of 14 percent for 2007 and 2008.

#### Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

# Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – OPERS maintains a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan for qualifying members of both the traditional and combined pension plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care. The plan includes a medical plan, a prescription drug program and Medicare Part b premium reimbursement.

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional and combined plans must have ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The post-employment health care plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401 (h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment health care through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2007, local government employers contributed 13.85 percent of covered payroll . In 2008, local government employers contributed 14.0 percent of covered payroll. Each year, the OPERS retirement board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding post-employment health care benefits. The amount of the employer contributions which was allocated to fund post-employment health care was 5.00 percent of covered payroll from January 1 through June 30, 2007, 6.00 percent from July 1 to December 31, 2007, and 7.00 percent of covered payroll from January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008.

The retirement board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits by the retiree or the retiree's surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment health care plan.

#### Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

On September 9, 2004 the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan which was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of, January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

# Note 9 – Interfund Transfers

In 2008 and 2007, the General Fund transferred \$25,000 and \$35,000, respectively, to the Building Fund for the purchase and maintenance of various items throughout the Library.



<u>Mary Taylor, CPA</u> Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County 308 East Main Street Barnesville, Ohio 43713

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library, Belmont County, Ohio (the Library), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2009, wherein we noted the Library followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Library's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Library's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Library's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library Belmont County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

March 26, 2009





# **BARNESVILLE HUTTON MEMORIAL LIBRARY**

**BELMONT COUNTY** 

**CLERK'S CERTIFICATION** 

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED MAY 7, 2009

> 88 E. Broad St. / Fourth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-4514 (800) 282-0370 Fax: (614) 466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us