City of Springdale

Hamilton County

Regular Audit

January 1, 2008 Through December 31, 2008

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2008

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, Inc.

528 S. WEST STREET, P.O. Box 687 PIKETON, OHIO 45661

> TELEPHONE (740) 289-4131 FAX (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

City Council City of Springdale 11700 Springfield Pike Springdale, Ohio 45246

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Springdale, Hamilton County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Springdale is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

July 10, 2009



City of Springdale Hamilton County

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of Council and Mayor City of Springdale 11700 Springfield Pike Springdale, Ohio 45246

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of The City of Springdale (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated June 15, 2009, wherein we noted the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 and 50. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the City's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that City's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

The City of Springdale

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and members of the Council. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

June 15, 2009

CITY OF SPRINGDALE

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

			Not Corrected, Partially
			Corrected; Significantly
			Different Corrective
Finding		Fully	Action Taken; or Finding
Number	Finding Summary	Corrected?	No Longer Valid; Explain
2007-001	Material Weakness – Prior period restatement	Yes	

City of Springdale, Ohio

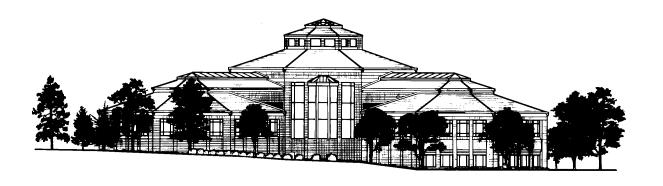


Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008



PREPARED BY:

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

FINANCE OFFICER/ TAX COMMISSIONER **ACCOUNT CLERK II**

ACCOUNT CLERK I

CLERK OF COUNCIL/ FINANCE DIRECTOR

Jeffrey T. Williams

Martha R. Holden Cynthia A. Miller

Kathy McNear



On The Cover

Springdale Town Center

The heart of Springdale has a new look with the Springdale Town Center, located along State Route 4 at West Kemper Road.

In 2004 and 2005, the City purchased certain properties located along Springfield Pike. In early 2006 this property was sold to a developer for construction of a shopping plaza. Construction took place from 2006-2007 and in the spring of 2007 was open for business.

The Town Center is approximately 42,000 square feet and features convenient parking and a wide variety of businesses, including Riley's restaurant, Tri-City Cleaners, Nina's Florist, Karma Beauty Salon, and Domino's Pizza.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City of Springdale

Finance Department

KATHY McNEAR Clerk of Council / Finance Director JEFFREY T. WILLIAMS
Finance Officer / Tax Commissioner

CECIL W. OSBORN City Administrator

June 15, 2009

Honorable Doyle H. Webster, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Springdale City of Springdale, Ohio 11700 Springfield Pike Springdale, Ohio 45246

Dear Mayor Webster, Members of City Council, and Citizens:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Springdale, Ohio, for the year-ended December 31, 2008, is hereby submitted. While there is no legal requirement for the preparation of this report, it represents a commitment by the City to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City of Springdale's activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." GASB Statement No. 34 was developed to make annual financial reports of state and local governments easier to understand and more useful to those who make decisions using government financial information. This report represents and reflects the City's financial operations and condition to the City's residents, its elected officials, management personnel, financial institutions, City bondholders, rating agencies and all other interested parties.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections as follows:

- 1. <u>Introductory Section</u> includes this letter of transmittal, which addresses the organization, accomplishments, and the operational structure of the City; a list of the principal officials and administrative personnel, and the City's organizational table.
- 2. <u>Financial Section</u> includes the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, basic financial statements and notes, which provide an overview of the City's financial position and operating results, and the combining financial statements of nonmajor funds and other schedules that provide detailed information relative to the basic financial statements.

3. <u>Statistical Section</u> – presents social and economic data, financial trend information, and data relative to the fiscal capacity of the City.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found in the Financial Section immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

REPORTING ENTITY

This report presents the financial activity of the City in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources, and is consistent with the new reporting model as promulgated by GASB Statement No. 34.

THE CITY OF SPRINGDALE

The City of Springdale is an Ohio community located in northern Hamilton County, approximately twenty miles from downtown Cincinnati. The City is 5.08 square miles and serves an estimated residential population of 10,130 and an estimated daytime population ranging from 55,000 to 60,000. The City maintains a highly developed commercial and industrial community, as well as stable residential neighborhoods.

The area was settled in the early 1800's and was incorporated as a Village in December, 1959, and became a City in February, 1971. The City is a home rule municipal corporation operating under its own charter, initially adopted on November 3, 1964, and last amended on November of 2000.

The City operates under a non-partisan Council/Mayor form of government. Under this system, seven council members, who are the policy makers (three elected at-large and four elected by districts), serve four-year terms. The Mayor is the chief executive and administrative officer of the City and is elected at-large to a four-year term. The Mayor appoints the City Administrator and all executive department directors, with the exception of the Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner, who is appointed by the Clerk of Council/Finance Director with the confirmation of City Council. The Clerk of Council/Finance Director is the chief fiscal officer of the City and is elected at-large to a four-year term.

The City was the recipient of the following awards in 2008:

- * Community Traffic Safety Award, Platinum Level, awarded by the AAA Association (this is the fourth consecutive year for this award),
- * Police Department Accreditation from the Commission on Accredited Law Enforcement Agencies (this accreditation is valid from 2007 through 2009),
- * 2008 Harris K. Loftspring Departmental Honor Guard of the Year Award, awarded by the Greater Cincinnati Police Accreditation Committee,
- * Tree-City USA Award (the City has received this award for the past sixteen years),
- * Excellence in Salt Storage Award, awarded by the Salt Institute of America,
- * 1,2,3 Swim Pre-school Programming Award, issued by the Ohio Parks and Recreation Association,
- * Inside Scoop Marketing Award, issued by the Ohio Parks and Recreation Association,

- * The Experience Springdale Adult/Senior Programming Award, issued by the Ohio Parks and Recreation Association, and
- * Parks and Recreation department was recognized as a "Most Effective Departmental Risk Management Program" by the Miami Valley Risk Management Association (the department has received this award in six of the past seven years).

The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; parks and recreation; planning and zoning; sanitation services; construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; and general administrative services. Following is a brief summary of the City departments:

Administration Department - responsible for providing support to all elected officials, information to the public and leadership and administrative support to City employees in executing the policies of Council and the laws of the City through effective communication, fiscal management, human resource management, and risk management.

Economic Development Department - responsible for contributing to the economic health and vitality of all segments of the City's commercial, industrial, and retail business sectors.

Police Department - responsible for interacting with the community and promoting public safety and providing service through crime prevention, proactive and responsive patrols, investigations, and support service.

Fire Department - responsible for preserving life and property by maintaining a corps of professional, properly trained and fully equipped personnel capable of providing fire prevention, fire suppression and rescue, and emergency medical services.

Building Department - responsible for ensuring a safe and sanitary environment for the community through enforcing City and State laws relating to new and existing construction and land use regulation. The Building Official enforces the provisions of the City code, issues zoning and plan reviews, and issues permits for new construction, modifications, and repairs.

Finance Department - responsible for financial management of the City's funds by recording receipts and expenditures, maintaining accurate financial records, investing inactive funds, and issuing the year-end financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Tax Department - responsible for enforcing the City tax code by collecting the City earnings tax, assisting taxpayers in the preparation of tax returns, issuing tax refunds, and maintaining accurate taxpayer records.

Parks and Recreation Department - responsible for providing year-round leisure activities and providing well maintained facilities for City citizens of all ages and interests, and maintaining the City Community Center, playgrounds, and parks.

Health Department - responsible for protecting and promoting the health and well being of the people who live and work in the City through effective health policy that promotes disease prevention and community health education.

Public Works Department - responsible for providing a safe, effective, aesthetically pleasing physical environment through street maintenance and improvement, public building, grounds, and facilities maintenance, vehicle and equipment maintenance, and environmental services.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

The estimated daytime population of the City ranges from 55,000 to 60,000, representing the workforce and those who visit the numerous retail and other establishments. At year-end 2008 there were approximately 1,500 businesses and organizations located in the city limits. Currently, 20 businesses located in Springdale employ greater than 300 employees. Springdale also has approximately 85 restaurants and 18 theatre screens. The 2008 unemployment rate for the Greater Cincinnati area was 5.6%.

The Tri-County Mall and over ten other shopping centers and retail establishments, collectively total more than 4.4 million square feet and comprise the largest concentration of retail development in Hamilton County. Springdale has approximately 2.2 million square feet of office space (1.45 million represents Class A office space), representing more than 12% of all office space in the suburban Greater Cincinnati area.

<u>Industries Affecting the Local Economy</u>

Springdale is fortunate to have local and national businesses included as part of the corporate citizenry, including General Electric, Proctor and Gamble, Avon, Cincom Systems, Federated Stores, and the Sears Roebuck and Company.

Springdale has a wide variety of manufacturing businesses, including the Avon Company (cosmetic manufacturing), John Morrell (meat packing), and the Ampac Company (plastic bag manufacturing). Springdale also has many retail and restaurant businesses including Sears, Roebuck and Company, Macy's, Dave and Busters, Costco, Lowes, Best Buy, Target, Sam's Wholesale, Outback Steakhouse, BJ's Restaurant and Brewhouse, and TGI Fridays.

Currently there are six hotels/motels operating in the City, representing approximately 680 rooms.

Future Economic Outlook

Springdale has the largest concentration of retail development in Hamilton County, as well as one of the largest concentrations of office space. As a result of this concentration, the current state of the national economy has had a negative affect on the local economy, and therefore the City has experienced a number of retail, restaurant, and business closings. The current retail vacancy rate is approximately 19%, as compared to 2004 when the rate was approximately 5%. The current office space vacancy rate is approximately 15%, as compared to 2006 when the rate was approximately 9%.

Also in 2008, the largest employer in the City announced that it would be moving all employees out of the City. One-half of the employees will be relocated at the end of 2009 (representing the loss of 300,000 square feet of office space use) with the possibility of the remaining employees leaving at the end of 2011. This will have a dramatic affect on the amount of revenues received from income tax withholdings. When City administration became aware of the potential that this employer could leave the City, steps were taken to revise current budget projections to further cut costs to offset the affect of future lost revenue. Also, the City economic development department has been aggressively working with the property owners regarding finding tenants for the office space.

Following is a list of projects that will have a positive affect on the local economy:

- * The Springdale Retail Revitalization Plan is complete and when implemented will attract new retail activity,
- * Road infrastructure improvements on East Kemper Road and State Route 747 have greatly improved traffic circulation,
- * Expansion of senior housing at the Maple Knoll Center, Baldwin Grove, and The Park have added over 200 residential units.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Major Projects for 2008

- * Springdale Veterans Memorial: The memorial is located at the corner of Lawnview Avenue and State Route 4. Construction began in late 2007 and was substantially completed by the end of 2008. Those visiting the memorial will move through a series of architectural elements designed to raise awareness and engender a sense of respect and pride. The budget for construction of this project is approximately \$850,000. As of December 31, 2008, accumulative expenditures for construction were approximately \$630,000.
- * State Route 4 / West Crescentville Road Intersection Project: This project is a joint strategy with the City of Fairfield to increase traffic capacity through the State Route 4/Crescentville Road intersection. The existing State Route 4 northbound to eastbound exclusive right turn lane will be converted to an additional northbound through lane. An exclusive right turn lane on State Route 4 south of the intersection will be added. Also, a second dedicated southbound lane to a point opposite the Showcase Cinema entrance will be added. Total project construction is budgeted at \$2,363,068. The City of Springdale portion of the project is approximately \$837,000, which includes state grants of \$741,000 and the Springdale local share of \$96,000. As of December 31, 2008, accumulative expenditures for construction were approximately \$328,000.

Future Projects

- * State Route 747 / East Crescentville Road Intersection Project: This is a joint project between Springdale and Butler County. This project will increase the intersections through movement and turn lane capacity. The total cost of construction is expected to be approximately \$3.4 million. It is expected that 90% of the overall cost will be covered by state grants. The remaining local share cost is split equally between Springdale and Butler County. Construction is scheduled to begin in the spring of 2009.
- * Glensprings Drive / I-275 Modification Project: This project will provide for a continuous lane northbound on State Route 4 from Glensprings Drive to the eastbound I-275 entrance ramp. It will also widen the eastbound I-275 exit ramp to State Route 4. Scheduled to begin in 2009, the project is budgeted at approximately \$760,000. Of the budgeted amount, it is expected that 90% will be covered by State grants.
- * Traffic Signal System Upgrade Project: This project will replace all of the ageing traffic signal equipment and controllers, replace the deteriorating communication cable with fiber optic cable, install additional PTZ cameras for traffic management, convert the current linear closed loop systems to a comprehensive, centrally controlled system and upgrade all pedestrian facilities to

meet ADA requirements. The cost of this project is estimated at \$1,045,825 and is scheduled for 2011. It is expected that 80% of the project cost will be covered by State grants.

* Northbound State Route 747 to Westbound I-275: This project will add a second left turn lane on State Route 747 to the westbound on-ramp of I-275, therefore relieving congestion during rush hour. The cost of this project is estimated at \$650,000 and is scheduled for 2011. The local share of the cost is estimated to be \$195,000 and it is expected that the remaining cost will be covered by State grants.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Control Framework

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met through evaluation of the following criteria: (1) The cost of an internal control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits required involves estimates and judgments by management. Management believes that the City's internal controls provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are recorded and reported appropriately, and policies are followed.

Budgetary Controls

In addition to the above, the City maintains budgetary internal controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget by City Council. The activity of all funds is included in the annual appropriation budget. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system to maintain budgetary control. The control is maintained through the encumbering of estimated purchases prior to the release of formal purchase orders. Encumbered amounts do not lapse at year-end, unused encumbrances are carried over to the following year.

City Council receives a monthly report of amounts in the City's bank accounts reconciled to the amounts on the City's internal records. Also, Council receives a monthly report comparing budgeted and actual revenue and expenditures.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues meeting its responsibility for sound financial management.

Cash Management

During 2008, the City invested in repurchase agreements (deposit sweep account) and the STAR Ohio investment pool operated by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. The City's investment and depository policy is based on the Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 135, and includes the following objectives and general guidelines:

- * preservation of capital and protection of principal while earning investment interest,
- * investments are to remain liquid to meet reasonable anticipated operating requirements,
- * investment instruments shall be purchased for the safety of capital as well as the income to be derived and never for speculation, and
- * manage bank account relations to secure adequate services while minimizing costs.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING - 2007

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Springdale, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year-ended December 31, 2007. This was the eighth consecutive year that the government received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statute requires that an annual audit be performed by the Auditor of State or by an independent certified public accountant approved by the Auditor of State. The firm of Balestra, Harr, and Scherer, CPA's Inc. has performed the City audit for the year-ended December 31, 2008. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in the General Accounting Office's "Government Auditing Standards" were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' report on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in a separately issued audit report.

Acknowledgements

The timely preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year-ended December 31, 2008 was made possible by the dedicated service of the finance department staff as well as other City departments. We express our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. Also, we would like to thank the Mayor and the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a dedicated and responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Cecil W. Osborn City Administrator

Kathy McNear

Clerk of Council/Finance Director

Jeffrey T. Williams

Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO ELECTED OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2008

ELECTED OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term of Office	<u>Salary</u>
Doyle H. Webster	Mayor	12/01/07-11/30/11	\$21,000
Marjorie Harlow	President	12/01/07-11/30/09	8,475
Thomas Vanover	Vice-President	12/01/05-11/30/09	7,875
Robert Diehl	Member	12/01/07-11/30/11	7,875
Robert Wilson Jr.	Member	12/01/05-11/30/09	7,875
Randy Danbury	Member	12/01/05-11/30/09	7,875
James Squires	Member	12/01/07-11/30/11	7,875
Steven Galster	Member	12/01/07-11/30/11	7,875
Kathy McNear (1)	Clerk of Council/	12/01/07-11/30/11	16,800
	Finance Director		

ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Cecil W. Osborn, City Administrator Derrick Parham, Assistant City Administrator Jeff Tulloch, Economic Development Director

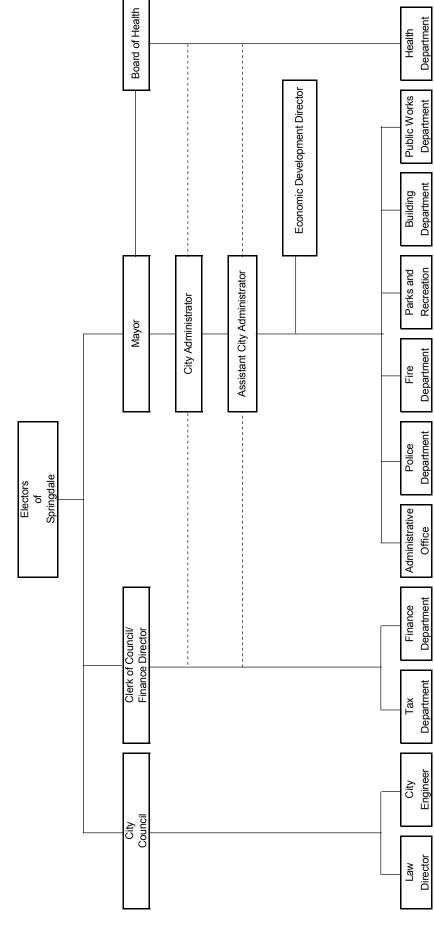
Jeff Agricola, Superintendent of Public Works
Greg Karle, Parks and Recreation Director
Michael Laage, Chief of Police
William McErlane, Building Official
Cammie Mitrione, Health Commissioner
Daniel Shroyer, Fire Chief
Jeffrey T. Williams, Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner (2)

Kenneth J. Schneider, Law Director Don Shvegzda, City Engineer Mark Piepmeier, City Prosecutor Donald White, City Magistrate

- (1) Surety bond is held with the Western Surety Company in the amount of \$25,000. The bond is renewed annually.
- (2) Surety bond is held with the Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America in the amount of \$25,000. The bond is renewed annually.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE

ORGANIZATIONAL TABLE



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Springdale Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES

CANDA CONTROL

SEAT

MICRO

President

Executive Director



FINANCIAL SECTION

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

City of Springdale Hamilton County 11700 Springfield Pike Springdale, Ohio 45246

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The City of Springdale (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Comptroller General to the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2009 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The City of Springdale Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

As described in Note 19 to the basic financial statements, the City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures – an amendment of GASB statements No. 25 and No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

June 15, 2009

The City of Springdale discussion and analysis of the financial performance provide an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year-ended December 31, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2008 are as follows:

- * The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2008 by \$48,574,163 (net assets). Of this amount, \$8,024,198 (governmental unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- * The City's total net assets increased by \$586,750 which represents a 1.2% increase from 2007.
- * During the year, the City had revenues for governmental activities that were \$586,750 greater than expenses.
- * The City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,080,364. Of this amount, \$5,675,429 is available for spending (unreserved fund balance) on behalf of its citizens.
- * During 2008, the City reduced long-term general obligation debt by \$401,072.
- * During 2008, the City maintained a bond credit rating of Aa3, as issued by Moody's Investors Services in 2002.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are presented so the reader can understand the City's financial position as a whole and also give a detailed view of the City's fiscal condition.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting a longer-term view of those activities. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City as a whole begins with the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These reports provide information that will help the reader to determine if the City is financially better or worse as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and the change in those assets. This change in net assets informs the reader whether the City's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, non-financial information such as changes in the City's tax base and the condition of City capital assets will also need to be evaluated. In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the City reports government activities, where most of the City's services are reported, including police, fire, public works, administration, and all other departments.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds.

Governmental Funds: Most of the City's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City has one agency fund to report within the fiduciary fund category. Agency funds are reported on a full accrual basis and only present a statement of assets and liabilities.

Based on restrictions on the use of monies, the City has established separate funds which account for the services provided to residents. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. The major funds are the general fund, capital improvements fund, and the northwest business district tax increment financing fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As stated earlier, the statement of net assets and the statement of activities present information about the City as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net assets for 2008 as compared to 2007.

Table 1	Governmental Activities		
	2008	2007	
<u>Assets</u>			
Current and other assets	\$14,320,421	\$16,331,487	
Capital assets, net	44,608,036	44,028,331	
Total assets	58,928,457	60,359,818	
Liabilities			
Current and other liabilities	3,388,949	5,008,459	
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	569,341	561,398	
Due in more than one year	6,396,004	6,802,548	
Total liabilities	10,354,294	12,372,405	
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	38,409,204	37,384,095	
Restricted	2,140,761	881,694	
Unrestricted	8,024,198	9,721,624	
Total net assets	\$48,574,163	\$47,987,413	

Net assets of the City's governmental activities increased \$586,750. Significant changes from 2007 to 2008 as noted above include current and other assets and current and other liabilities. The significant items noted in current and other assets include equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents, which reflects a decrease from 2007 as a result of decreased revenue activity in 2008, and taxes receivable and intergovernmental receivable, which both reflected smaller amounts accrued at year-end 2008. The significant items noted in current and other liabilities include contracts payable and intergovernmental payable, which both accrued less activity at year-end 2008.

Also in 2008, the following projects were included as additions to capital assets which are reflected above in capital assets, net (list does not reflect all additions to capital assets):

Construction in Progress - Veterans Memorial	\$846,503
Construction in Progress - State Route 4/Crescentville	366,811
East Kemper Road Improvements - Phase III	309,642
Street Security System Project	121,486

Table 2 provides a summary of the changes in net assets at year-end and revenues and expense for 2008 as compared to 2007.

Table 2	Governmental Activities	
	2008	2007
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$1,045,650	\$1,233,235
Operating grants and contributions	255,165	57,160
Capital grants and contributions	225,827	3,045,416
Total program revenues	1,526,642	4,335,811
General revenues:		
Municipal income taxes	13,924,066	14,911,874
Property and other taxes	1,615,652	1,763,277
Payments in lieu of taxes	813,210	822,556
Special assessments	217,836	293,925
Grants and entitlements not restricted	2,305,337	2,547,912
Contributions	-	13,495
Investment earnings	190,659	531,424
Other	447,775	239,267
Total general revenues	19,514,535	21,123,730
Total revenues	21,041,177	25,459,541
Program Expenses		
Governmental activities:		
Security of persons and property	8,621,133	8,012,932
Public health services	350,211	307,216
Leisure time activities	2,165,723	2,122,880
Community environment	569,724	665,349
Transportation	2,404,303	2,754,111
General government	6,009,237	5,878,925
Interest and fiscal charges	334,096	379,544
Total expenses	20,454,427	20,120,957
Change in net assets	586,750	5,338,584
Beginning net assets	47,987,413	42,648,829
Ending net assets	\$48,574,163	\$47,987,413

Governmental activities, 2008 total revenues decreased \$4,418,364 from 2007, and 2008 total expenses increased \$333,470 over 2007. Significant changes are addressed below:

The largest revenue line item, municipal income taxes, decreased \$987,808 from 2007 to 2008. The total cash basis income tax revenue for 2008 was \$14,884,827 as compared to \$15,671,630 in 2007, a decrease of \$786,803. This difference is mainly due to a business declaration overpayment received in 2007. This same amount of payment was not repeated in 2008. The difference between the cash basis and the accrual basis are the result of year-end adjustments to convert the cash basis figures to accrual as required. The remaining difference as noted above is the result of smaller accruals for income taxes at year-end 2008.

Capital grants and contributions decreased \$2,819,589 from 2007 to 2008. This is due to capital grant activity associated with road improvement projects in 2007 being much larger than in 2008.

Investment earnings decreased \$340,765 from 2007 to 2008. This is due to the lower interest rates earned throughout 2008 as a result of national economic conditions.

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Table 3 below shows 2008 percentages of revenues and expenses:

Table 3

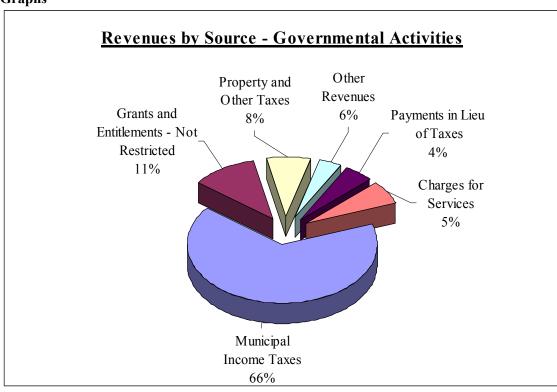
Table 3	ф	0./
_	\$	
Revenues		
Program revenues:	#1.045.650	5 0 /
Charges for services	\$1,045,650	5%
Operating grants and contributions	255,165	1%
Capital grants and contributions	225,827	1%
Total program revenues	1,526,642	7%
General revenues:		
Municipal income taxes	13,924,066	66%
Property and other taxes	1,615,652	8%
Payments in lieu of taxes	813,210	4%
Special assessments	217,836	1%
Grants and entitlements not restricted	2,305,337	11%
Investment earnings	190,659	1%
Other	447,775	2%
Total general revenues	19,514,535	93%
Total revenues	\$21,041,177	100%
Program Expenses		
Governmental activities:		
Security of persons and property	\$8,621,133	42%
Public health services	350,211	2%
Leisure time activities	2,165,723	11%
Community environment	569,724	3%
Transportation	2,404,303	12%
General government	6,009,237	29%
Interest and fiscal charges	334,096	1%
Total expenses	\$20,454,427	100%

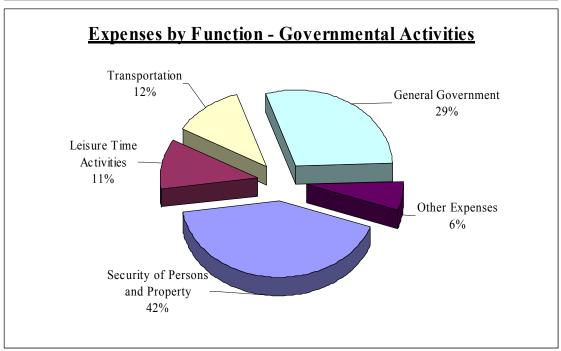
The largest sources of revenue are the municipal income tax, grants and entitlements not restricted, and property and other taxes. The municipal income tax is received from business withholdings and net profits returns, resident tax returns, and penalty and interest. Grants and entitlements not restricted are received from the state and county as local government funds, estate tax, homestead and rollback entitlement, gasoline tax, and license tax. Property and other taxes are from real estate tax settlement payments received from Hamilton County as well as other locally levied taxes.

The largest sources of expense are security of persons and property, general government, and transportation. Security of persons and property represent operational activity for the police and fire departments, general government represents administration as well as the tax and finance departments, and transportation represents the public works department.

Following are charts showing the percentages of revenue and expense for 2008.

Graphs





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The focus of City governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual basis of accounting. See the table of contents regarding the fund financial statements.

At year-end 2008, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,080,364. Of this amount, \$5,675,429 represents unreserved and undesignated fund balance. The remaining fund balance is reserved to indicate the amount not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate encumbrances, reflect year-end inventory and prepaid items, and is unreserved but designated to indicate balances at year-end for health and liability insurance. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$21,807,484 and expenditures of \$21,447,197 leaving an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$360,287.

Following is an analysis of fund balance for the major funds.

General Fund

At year-end 2008, the total fund balance for the general fund was \$7,355,826, of which \$5,982,500 was unreserved. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City and its fund balance at year-end 2008 decreased \$581,204 from year-end 2007. This is the result of the decline in revenues (mostly income tax revenues) as well as a small increase in departmental expenditure activity.

Capital Improvements Fund

At year-end 2008, the total fund balance for the capital improvements fund was \$864,326, which represents an increase of \$991,740 from year-end 2007. This is the result of a decrease in road project activity in 2008. Also, 2007 was the final payment for bonds accounted for in this fund, therefore, those payments were not applicable for 2008.

Northwest Business District Tax Increment (TIF) Fund

The total fund balance for the northwest business district TIF fund at year-end 2008 was \$140,116, which represents an increase of \$5,596 from year-end 2007. In 2008 fund activity was very consistent with 2007, therefore, the fund balance had a very small change from 2007.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and the City Charter. All City funds are subject to the formal budgetary process. The most significant fund is the general fund, which is formally adopted at the departmental level (personal services and other expenditures). The budget is based on accounting for transactions on a cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrance basis. Month-end financial reports, which compare budgeted projections to actual results, are presented to administration and City Council on a monthly basis to review the financial status and measure the effectiveness of budgetary controls. During 2008, one amendment to the City budget was passed by City Council.

For 2008, the original budgeted revenues for the general fund were approximately \$21.1 million and the final budgeted revenues were approximately \$19.7 million. The decrease is mainly the result of municipal income taxes and interest being lower than originally budgeted. Also, the general fund original budgeted 2008 expenditures, including transfer and advance activity, were approximately \$23.3 million and the final budgeted expenditures were approximately \$21 million. Also, the year-end supplemental appropriation measure decreased transfers-out from the general fund to the capital improvements fund in the amount of \$1,377,634.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

Table 4	Governmental Activities		
	2008	2007	
Land	\$1,944,739	\$1,944,739	
Real estate held for development	442,910	624,747	
Construction in progress	1,894,079	555,472	
Building	14,680,296	14,978,246	
Improvements other than building	1,302,110	1,256,245	
Machinery and equipment	430,656	420,869	
Furniture and fixtures	27,256	22,452	
Vehicles	1,203,573	1,202,653	
Infrastructure:			
Sewers	325,789	386,300	
Roads	17,895,689	18,010,792	
Traffic control	579,216	475,011	
Streetscape	2,173,236	2,262,945	
Pedestrian traffic	344,896	388,574	
Parks	181,991	187,286	
TIF area public improvements	1,181,600	1,312,000	
Total capital assets	\$44,608,036	\$44,028,331	

The increase in capital assets from 2007 to 2008 is the result of additions to construction in progress (CIP). Selected CIP projects were completed in 2007 and as a result were deleted from the CIP line item and recorded as additions to the applicable infrastructure network.

Debt

As of December 31, 2008, the City had outstanding debt of \$6,198,832 in bonds and capital leases, with \$469,449 due within one year.

Outstanding Debt at December 31

Table 5

	Governmental Activities		
	2008	2007	
General obligation bonds	\$3,509,336	\$3,910,408	
TIF revenue bonds	2,661,709	2,719,468	
Ohio police and fire pension loan	-	12,760	
Capital leases	27,787	14,360	
Total debt	\$6,198,832	\$6,656,996	

The general obligation bonds are the Community Center Expansion Bonds – issued in 2002 for the construction of the City's Community Center facility. In preparation for the associated public offering an Official Statement was prepared, and as a result, the City was assigned a rating of Aa3 from Moody's Investors Services. Payments are made twice a year (two interest payments and one principal payment) from City funds.

The TIF revenue bonds are the Northwest Business District Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Revenue Bonds. These were issued in 2000 to retire notes issued for the construction of infrastructure and a manmade lake in the Northwest Business District (Pictoria Island) TIF area. TIF revenue bond payments are made monthly (each payment incorporates interest and principal). Payments are made from service payments received in lieu of taxes.

The Ohio Police and Fire pension loan was created as follows: Before 1967, each local government had their own separate police/fire pensions, one for police, one for fire. In 1967, per the creation of the Ohio Police and Fire Pension System, all of the separate pension systems were merged. At the time, some systems had pension liabilities greater than pension assets. A loan was created for each separate system which had an unfunded liability. The original term of the loan was from 1969 to 2035. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension loan was retired in 2008.

In 2008, the City retired a portion of lease agreements categorized as capital leases. Also, the City entered into two new lease agreements categorized as capital leases. At year-end 2008, the City has three leases categorized as capital leases. Payments for these leases are made from the general fund.

Under the current City Charter, the City's 2008 general obligation bonded debt was subject to a legal limitation of \$47,578,855, based on 10.5 percent of the total assessed value of real and personal property located within the City.

Additional information concerning the City's debt can be found in notes 9 and 10 to the basic financial statements

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Budget Procedure

The City's budget procedure is a very detailed process. From May to June of the current year, the tax budget is prepared for submission to the County in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. This budget procedure forecasts fund balances at the end of the next fiscal year based on information available in May and June of the current year. The tax budget is prepared jointly between the finance and administration departments.

From October to November of the current year, the City five-year budget is prepared. This process starts with the budgeted current year figures and attempts to revise for the remainder of the year. Then predictions are made for the next five years based on assumptions provided by administration. The five-year budget takes a long-term look at the direction of the City. Each department director prepares the budgeted expenditures that relate to the applicable department. The finance department prepares the budgeted revenues. The City Administrator then reviews all figures in detail, and amendments are made as applicable.

From November to December of the current year the one-year budget is prepared. This document becomes the basis for the appropriation/estimated revenue ordinance passed for the next fiscal year. Each department director prepares the budgeted expenditures that relate to the applicable department and the finance department prepares the budgeted revenues, the City Administrator reviews all figures before the budget is final. At or near the first day of the fiscal year, the budget appropriations and estimated revenues ordinance is passed by Council.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, investors and elected officials with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Jeffrey T. Williams, Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner, 11700 Springfield Pike, Springdale, Ohio 45246, (513) 346-5700, (e-mail at jwilliams@springdale.org).

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$6,137,264
Receivables (net):	
Taxes	5,296,986
Payments in lieu of taxes	813,230
Special assessments	209,000
Accounts	284,078
Intergovernmental	1,146,059
Bond issuance costs	139,459
Prepaid items	23,548
Inventory	270,797
Nondepreciable capital assets	4,281,728
Depreciable capital assets, net	40,326,308
Total assets	58,928,457
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	257,357
Contracts payable	397,246
Accrued wages and benefits payable	491,029
Accrued workers compensation payable	209,940
Intergovernmental payable	29,843
Accrued interest payable	10,867
Undistributed monies payable	37,712
Unclaimed monies payable	19,309
Claims payable	109,898
Unearned revenue	1,825,748
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	569,341
Due in more than one year	6,396,004
Total liabilities	10,354,294
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	38,409,204
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	1,493,138
Street construction, maintenance and repair	304,504
Other purposes	343,119
Unrestricted	8,024,198
Total net assets	\$48,574,163

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in

			D D		and Changes in
		-	Program Revenues Operating	Capital	Net Assets Total
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities:					
Security of persons and property	\$8,621,133	\$635,002	\$74,859	\$0	(\$7,911,272)
Public health services	350,211	57,306	24,374	0	(268,531)
Leisure time activities	2,165,723	173,481	4,669	0	(1,987,573)
Community environment	569,724	69,096	0	0	(500,628)
Transportation	2,404,303	5,690	151,263	225,827	(2,021,523)
General government	6,009,237	105,075	0	0	(5,904,162)
Interest and fiscal charges	334,096	0	0	0	(334,096)
Total governmental activities	\$20,454,427	\$1,045,650	\$255,165	\$225,827	(18,927,785)
	General revenues:				
	Municipal income	e taxes			13,924,066
	Property and othe	er taxes			1,615,652
	Payments in lieu of	of taxes			813,210
	Special assessmen	nts			217,836
	Grants and entitle	ments not restricte	d to specific progra	ams	2,305,337
	Investment earnin	ıgs			190,659
	Other revenues				447,775
	Total general rev	venues			19,514,535
	Change in net as	ssets			586,750
	Net assets - begi	nning			47,987,413
	Net assets - endi	ing			\$48,574,163

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Northwest Business TIF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	******************************				# C 0 40 0 = 0
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$4,484,275	\$1,171,840	\$141,116	\$250,848	\$6,048,079
Cash in segregated account	34,559	0	0	0	34,559
Receivables:	5.206.006	0	0	0	5.20 6.006
Taxes	5,296,986	0	0	0	5,296,986
Payments in lieu of taxes	0	0	813,230	0	813,230
Special assessments	179.249	105.020	209,000	0	209,000
Accounts	178,248	105,830	0	0	284,078
Intergovernmental	432,556	257,683	0	455,820	1,146,059
Inventory	270,797	0	0	0	270,797
Prepaid items	23,548	0	0	0	23,548
Advances to other funds	545,485	0	0	0	545,485
Restricted assets:	40.000				40.000
Funds on deposit for unclaimed monies	19,309	0	0	0	19,309
Funds on deposit for performance bonds					
and plan review fees	35,317	0	0	0	35,317
Total assets	\$11,321,080	\$1,535,353	\$1,163,346	\$706,668	\$14,726,447
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$209,715	\$38,961	\$1,000	\$7,681	\$257,357
Contracts payable	32,600	352,370	0	12,276	397,246
Accrued wages and benefits payable	479,533	0	0	11,496	491,029
Accrued workers compensation payable	209,940	0	0	0	209,940
Intergovernmental payable	29,145	0	0	698	29,843
Undistributed monies payable	37,712	0	0	0	37,712
Unclaimed monies payable	19,309	0	0	0	19,309
Claims payable	109,898	0	0	0	109,898
Advances from other funds	0	0	0	545,485	545,485
Deferred revenue	2,837,402	279,696	1,022,230	408,936	4,548,264
Total liabilities	3,965,254	671,027	1,023,230	986,572	6,646,083
Fund balances:					
Reserved for encumbrances	60,832	1,031,609	0	0	1,092,441
Reserved for inventory	270,797	0	0	0	270,797
Reserved for prepaid items	23,548	0	0	0	23,548
Unreserved, designated:					
Designated for health insurance	875,763	0	0	0	875,763
Designated for liability insurance	142,386	0	0	0	142,386
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:					
General fund	5,982,500	0	0	0	5,982,500
Special revenue funds	0	0	0	238,687	238,687
Capital projects funds	0	(167,283)	140,116	(518,591)	(545,758)
Total fund balances (deficit)	7,355,826	864,326	140,116	(279,904)	8,080,364
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$11,321,080	\$1,535,353	\$1,163,346	\$706,668	\$14,726,447

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2008

Total governmental fund balances	\$8,080,364
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	44,608,036
Some long-term assets, such as bond issuance costs are not available for current-period expenditures and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	139,459
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	2,722,516
Some liabilities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.	(766,513)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(6,198,832)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(10,867)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$48,574,163

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General	Capital Improvements	Northwest Business	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Revenues:	Fund	Fund	TIF Fund	Funds	Funds
Municipal income taxes	\$14,461,358	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$14,461,358
Property and other taxes	1,619,032	0	0	0	1,619,032
Payments in lieu of taxes	0	0	813,210	0	813,210
Special assessments	0	0	302,535	0	302,535
Intergovernmental	1,789,469	658,861	0	657,299	3,105,629
Charges for services	261,639	0	0	0	261,639
Fines and forfeitures	341,056	0	0	32,929	373,985
Fees, licenses and permits	382,588	0	0	8,768	391,356
Interest	179,878	9,405	1,376	0	190,659
Contributions	575	0	0	0	575
Other	207,506	0	80,000	0	287,506
Total revenues	19,243,101	668,266	1,197,121	698,996	21,807,484
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property	8,032,964	0	0	97,896	8,130,860
Public health services	323,920	0	0	5,343	329,263
Leisure time activities	1,808,952	0	0	8,452	1,817,404
Community environment	484,169	0	0	76,814	560,983
Transportation	1,139,913	0	0	539,591	1,679,504
General government	4,503,503	0	953,327	37,163	5,493,993
Capital outlay	572,015	2,056,452	0	0	2,628,467
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	23,932	0	57,759	400,000	481,691
Interest and fiscal charges	1,193	0	180,439	143,400	325,032
Total expenditures	16,890,561	2,056,452	1,191,525	1,308,659	21,447,197
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,352,540	(1,388,186)	5,596	(609,663)	360,287
Other financing sources (uses):					
Inception of capital lease	24,599	0	0	0	24,599
Proceeds from the sale of assets	15,437	19,546	0	0	34,983
Transfers-in	0	2,360,380	0	613,400	2,973,780
Transfers-out	(2,973,780)	0	0	0	(2,973,780)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,933,744)	2,379,926	0	613,400	59,582
Net change in fund balances	(581,204)	991,740	5,596	3,737	419,869
Beginning fund balances (deficit)	7,937,030	(127,414)	134,520	(283,641)	7,660,495
Ending fund balances (deficit)	\$7,355,826	\$864,326	\$140,116	(\$279,904)	\$8,080,364

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$419,869
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Capital asset additions, not being depreciated Capital asset additions, being depreciated Depreciation expense	1,725,256 1,291,513 (1,844,804)	1,171,965
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, disposal) is to decrease net assets:		
Capital asset deletions, not being depreciated Capital asset deletions, being depreciated Accumulated depreciation	(568,486) (125,795) 102,021	(592,260)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(801,290)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		481,691
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(59,563)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as accrued interest, amortization of bond premium, and amortization of bond issuance costs do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The net effect is reported.		(9,063)
Proceeds from capital lease issues are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	_	(24,599)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	_	\$586,750

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:	¢16.014.000	\$14.052.200	¢14 004 027	(\$69.272)
Municipal income taxes Property and other taxes	\$16,014,000 1,756,000	\$14,953,200 1,621,800	\$14,884,827 1,625,756	(\$68,373) 3,956
Intergovernmental	1,545,578	1,690,578	1,847,869	157,291
Charges for services	336,000	336,000	250,842	(85,158)
Fines and forfeitures	316,500	346,500	340,846	(5,654)
Fees, licenses and permits	406,400	406,400	400,863	(5,537)
Interest	500,000	170,000	179,878	9,878
Contributions	0	0	575	9,878 575
Other	223,788	223,788	320,682	96,894
Total revenues	21,098,266	19,748,266	19,852,138	103,872
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of persons and property	8,452,463	8,308,463	8,213,345	95,118
Public health services	325,459	335,459	324,958	10,501
Leisure time activities	1,945,526	1,850,526	1,815,298	35,228
Community environment	558,160	563,160	571,188	(8,028)
Transportation	1,470,229	1,310,229	1,232,442	77,787
General government	5,630,346	5,357,980	5,105,089	252,891
Capital outlay	811,017	595,017	556,879	38,138
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	9,104	9,104	21,643	(12,539)
Interest	581	581	1,193	(612)
Total expenditures	19,202,885	18,330,519	17,842,035	488,484
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,895,381	1,417,747	2,010,103	592,356
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from the sale of assets	0	0	15,437	15,437
Transfers-in	1,664	1,664	1,664	0
Transfers-out	(4,351,414)	(2,973,780)	(2,973,780)	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,349,750)	(2,972,116)	(2,956,679)	15,437
Net change in fund balance	(2,454,369)	(1,554,369)	(946,576)	607,793
Beginning fund balance	5,121,557	5,121,557	5,121,557	0
Prior year encumbrances	228,030	228,030	228,030	0
Ending fund balance	\$2,895,218	\$3,795,218	\$4,403,011	\$607,793

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Agency
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$60
Total assets	\$60
Liabilities:	
Ohio board of building standards assessment (OBBS) payable	\$60
Total liabilities	\$60

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the City of Springdale, Ohio, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

1. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", in that the financial statements include all the funds and activity of the primary government. The primary government consists of all the organizations, activities, and functions that are not legally separate from the City. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City would consider an organization to be a component unit if:

- 1. the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's body; and is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burdens on the City; or
- 2. the organization is fiscally dependent upon the City; or
- 3. the nature of the relationship between the City and the organization is such that the exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the financial statements misleading.

Based on the above, potential component units were considered for inclusion. The City has no component units

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the government at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies that extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from

the general revenues of the City. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to assist financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The City's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund.

The basic financial statements of the City were prepared in accordance with standards promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These standards include the effective pronouncements of the National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) which are considered to be accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, for state and local governmental entities, until they are altered, amended, supplemented, revoked or superseded by a subsequent GASB pronouncement.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City utilizes governmental funds and a fiduciary fund.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The City maintains records showing revenues, actual and accrued expenditures and encumbrances to assure legal and accounting compliance and to assure that budgetary authority is not exceeded. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the City performs for its residents. Municipal income tax, general tax revenues, as well as other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the City are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the government for which a separate fund has not been established.

<u>Capital Improvements Fund</u> – This capital projects fund is used to account for various capital projects financed by governmental funds.

<u>Northwest Business District Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund</u> - This capital projects fund is used to account for the activity regarding the Northwest Business District TIF Project, including the issuance and payment of debt, as well as public improvements.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources that are generally restricted to use for a particular purpose.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a trustee or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other units of government. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: agency funds, pension trust funds, investment trust funds, and private purpose trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City's fiduciary fund consists only of an agency fund that accounts for the collection and payments associated with the Ohio Board of Building Standards Assessments on building permits.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the source (i.e., revenues and other financial sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Government fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of government funds.

Basis of Accounting

Accounting basis determines when transactions and economic events are reflected in its financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Government funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within thirty-one days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City received value without directly giving equal value in return, include income tax, admissions tax, occupancy tax, property tax, payments in lieu of taxes, special assessments, cable franchise fees, state levied taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On

an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property tax is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state-levied taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax), certain reimbursements, fees, licenses and permits, grants, admissions tax, transient occupancy tax, estate tax, and income tax.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In a subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability or deferred revenue is removed and revenue is recognized. Current and delinquent property taxes, homestead and rollback entitlement, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax), grants, estate tax, fees, donations, certain reimbursements, transient occupancy tax, payments in lieu of tax, special assessments, and income tax measurable as of year-end whose availability is indeterminate and which are not intended to finance current period obligations, have been recorded as a receivable and deferred revenue.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria has been met, but for which revenue recognition has not yet been met because such amounts have not yet been earned.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgets and the Budgetary Process

The budgetary process, prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and the City Charter, entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. This includes the preparation of the tax budget, a certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the non-GAAP budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance may be amended by councilmanic action throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The City adopts a budget and approves appropriations for all funds. The legal level of budgetary control is defined as the level at which City Council must approve any over-expenditure of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts. City Council must approve any increase or decrease in appropriations and estimated receipts. The legal level of budgetary control for the general fund is at the departmental level, personal services and all other expenditures, all other funds are at the fund level, personal services and all other expenditures. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of detailed line item budgets. For 2008, all appropriations were approved as required and all funds and departments completed the year within the legally authorized appropriations.

A tax budget of estimated revenues and expenditures for all funds is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year. The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1, and as part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the City must prepare its annual budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation ordinance.

On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include unencumbered fund balances at December 31 of the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is received or actual receipts exceed current estimated receipts. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect as final budget the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources.

<u>Appropriations</u> - A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period from January 1 to March 31. The annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance may be supplemented during the year by councilmanic action, as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the modified accrual basis, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances for subsequent year expenditure.

<u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u> - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

<u>Budgetary Basis of Accounting</u> – While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions

on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget (non-GAAP basis) and actual (presented for the general fund) is presented on a budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- * Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP),
- * Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP), and
- * Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

	Net Change in Fund Balance - General Fund
GAAP Basis	(\$581,204)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	203,450
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(452,857)
2007 prepaid items for 2008	24,166
2008 prepaid items for 2009	(23,548)
Encumbrances	(116,583)
Budget basis	(\$946,576)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is pooled and invested in short-term investments for cash management purposes. Investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. The City reports cash in segregated account in the general fund, this is the balance at year-end of Mayor's Court activity.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectable.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit subsequent periods are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that these prepaid items do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

<u>Inventory</u>

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented based on the consumption method at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories are presented based on the consumption method at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. For purposes of financial reporting, only capital assets valued at \$5,000 or more are reported. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received, if valued at \$5,000 or more. The City's infrastructure consists of sewer lines, streets, traffic signals, sidewalks, parks, and construction in progress. Improvements are capitalized if value is added and the life of the asset is materially extended; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except land, real estate held for development, and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	15 - 60 years
Improvements other than building	10 - 25 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	15 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years
Infrastructure	15-100 years

Interest Income

Interest income is distributed to the funds according to the Ohio Revised Code and City Ordinance. The Ohio Revised Code requires interest to be credited to the general fund, however, the City passes legislation allowing interest to be allocated to the applicable funds based on the principal balance. Total interest revenue during 2008 was \$190,659. Total interest credited to the general fund during 2008 was \$179,878, which includes \$3,058 assigned from other funds.

Payments In Lieu Of Taxes

Payments in lieu of taxes represent service payments received from the Hamilton County Auditor in lieu of property taxes based on the Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Service Agreement for the purpose of making TIF bond payments and other applicable expenditures.

Restricted Assets

The balance sheet, general fund assets, reports funds that are restricted for a specific use. These are funds on deposit for unclaimed monies, performance bonds and plan review fees.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to other funds/advances from other funds" on the balance sheet. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets. The City had no short-term interfund loans at year-end.

Compensated Absences

The City reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Vacation leave accumulated must be used by year-end.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at fiscal year-end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's personnel manual. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. In prior years, the liability for compensated absences has been liquidated from the general fund, street construction, maintenance and repair fund, and the state highway fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. The City has not reported compensated absences payable in the fund financial statements at year-end.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Fund Balance Reserves/Designations

The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. As a result, encumbrances, inventories, and prepaid items are recorded as a reservation of fund balance. Also, the City designates the portion of unreserved fund balance at year-end for health and liability insurance.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted for other purposes is comprised of net assets restricted for non-capital grants. The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. Of the City's \$2,140,761 restricted net assets, \$0 is restricted for enabling legislation.

Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as transfers. Transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Transfers are eliminated in the statement of activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

3. FUND DEFICITS

The capital projects, Tri-County Mall tax increment financing fund, at December 31, 2008 included a fund deficit of \$518,591. This is due to the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting which are greater than expenditures recorded on the cash basis. The general fund is liable for the fund deficits and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund has an equity interest in this account. Monies of substantially all funds of the City are maintained or invested in a common group of bank accounts and in short-term investments. The City records and reports Star Ohio at cost (which approximates fair value).

The provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and City Ordinances govern the investment and deposit of City monies. In accordance with these provisions, only banks located in Ohio and domestic building and loan associations are eligible to hold public deposits.

Ohio law requires the classification of funds held by the City into three categories:

Category 1 consists of "active" funds – those funds required to be kept in "cash" or "cash equivalent" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds – those funds not required for use within the current period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds – those funds not needed for immediate use but needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. The City's investment policy allows interim funds to be invested in the following:

- * Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest thereon;
- * Bonds, notes, debentures or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency, or the export-import bank of Washington;
- * The Clerk of Council/Finance Director may enter into a repurchase agreement with any eligible institution mentioned in the R.C. Section 135.03 and confirmed by Council, under the terms of which agreement the Clerk of Council/Finance Director purchases for the City, and such institution agrees unconditionally to repurchase any of the securities listed (in the investment policy) that will mature or are redeemable within five (5) years from the date of purchase;
- * Certificates of deposit of eligible depositories, which may provide (and if so, shall be shown on its face) that the amount of such deposit is payable upon written notice a specified period before the date of the repayment maturity;
- * Insured deposit amounts in eligible depositories paying interest at a rate greater than the interest rate paid on the City's active deposits; and
- * Star Ohio, an investment pool managed by the Treasurer of the State.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the City or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities the face value of which is at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2008. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Star Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Star Ohio are valued at Star Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2008.

Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require that security for public deposits and investments be maintained in the name of the City.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the bank balance of \$988,316, \$284,443 was covered by federal deposit insurance. The remaining amount, \$703,873 was covered by provided collateral and not subject to custodial credit risk. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the City or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

The City's investments at December 31, 2008, are summarized below:

		Investment	Concentration of
<u>Investment</u>	Fair Value	<u>Maturities</u>	Credit Risk
Star Ohio	\$5,469,165	Overnight	100%

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that an investment's value will change as interest rates change. The City has no formal policy regarding interest rate risk, but as a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by changing interest rates, the City attempts, to the extent possible, to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a debtor's non-payment of debt. The City has no formal policy regarding credit risk. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The City limits their investments to those authorized by the City investment policy.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the City's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the City or at least registered in the name of the City, other than the City's repurchase agreements which are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. See the table above for the concentration of credit risk for the City's investments.

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end consist primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements, shared revenues, payments in lieu of taxes, special assessments, grants, and accounts.

Property taxes

The assessed valuation of property within the City subject to the levy of ad valorem taxes includes real property, public utilities property, and tangible personal property. The City's property taxes are collected by the Hamilton County Auditor and are remitted to the City on a periodic basis. The full tax rate for all City operations for the year-ended December 31, 2008 was \$3.08 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2008 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property – 2007 Assessed Valuation	\$433,739,770
Public Utility Tangible Personal Property – 2007 Assessed Valuation	6,607,440
Tangible Personal Property – 2007 Assessed Valuation	46,206,990
Total	\$486,554,200

Property taxes receivable represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility property taxes, and outstanding delinquencies, which are measurable as of December 31, 2008. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, the City recognizes property taxes as deferred revenue since the first settlement date is more than thirty-one days after year-end and does not meet the availability criteria for recognition of revenue and because the taxes are not intended to finance current operations.

Real property taxes collected in any calendar year are generally levied on assessed values as of January 1 of the preceding year according to the following calendar:

Lien date January 1, 2007
 Levy date - first half December 31, 2007
 First installment payment due January 31, 2008
 Levy date - second half March 31, 2008
 Second installment payment due June 20, 2008

Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at no more than 35% of appraised market value. The laws of the State of Ohio require that all property be revalued every six years, and at any time the County Auditor finds that true or taxable value thereof has changed, and in the third calendar year following the year in which a sexennial reappraisal is completed as ordered by the State Commissioner of Tax Equalization. Real property last experienced a reappraisal during 2005 with the results affecting collections beginning in 2006.

Tangible personal property used in business, other than public utilities, is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25% of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30 with the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utilities real and tangible personal property taxes collected in any calendar year are those levied on assessed values as of December 31 of the preceding year. Certain tangible personal property of public utilities is currently assessed at 100% of its true value. Real property of public utilities is currently assessed at 35% of true value. Property taxes on public utilities are subject to the same calendar as real property taxes, which are described above.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represent real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of year-end for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at year-end, nor were they levied to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. The receivable is also offset by deferred revenue in the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of delinquencies, which are presented as property tax revenue.

Income Taxes

In 2008, the City levied a municipal income tax of 1.5% on substantially all earnings (qualified wages and other personal service compensation) of its residents working both in and out of the City and to earnings of nonresidents working within the City. In conjunction with a mandadory filing requiring, the City allows a credit to residents for income taxes paid to other governments up to 100% of the City's current tax rate.

The municipal income tax also applies to net income of business conducted in the City. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City on a quarterly basis. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are encouraged to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

Income tax proceeds are used to provide for general municipal operations, maintenance, new equipment, extension and enlargement of municipal services and facilities and permanent improvements of the City and the discharge of principal and interest of obligations for permanent improvements.

<u>Intergovernmental Receivables</u>

A summary of the principle items of intergovernmental receivables is as follows:

Estate tax	\$98,881
Homestead/rollback	32,800
Local government	276,000
Gasoline tax	181,600
License tax	75,600
Grants	447,708
Other	33,470
Total	\$1,146,059

6. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Advances To/From Other Funds

Previous interfund loans were made from the general fund to the Tri-County Mall tax increment financing fund, as follows:

2005	\$2,250
2006	56,200
2007	483,015
	\$541,465

These interfund loans were made regarding the East Kemper Road at Tri-County Mall Road Improvements project and will be repaid when service payments are received to the fund.

Also, in 2006, an interfund loan was made from the general fund to the grants fund in the amount of \$4,020 regarding the Bullet Proof Vest Grant.

At the time it was believed the above interfund loans would be repaid within a year, but since has been determined these should be shown as long-term advances. Following is a schedule of advances to/from other funds:

Advances To Other Funds	Advances From Other Funds	Amount
General Fund	Capital projects, Tri-County Mall TIF fund	\$541,465
General Fund	Special revenue, grants Fund	4,020
		\$545,485

The capital projects, Tri-County Mall TIF fund, and special revenue, grants fund are nonmajor funds.

Transfers In/Transfers Out

In 2008, the City had the following interfund transfers:

Transfer-Out Fund	Transfer-In Fund	Amount
General Fund	Capital projects, community center debt fund	\$543,400
General Fund	Special revenue, residential recycling fund	70,000
		613,400
General Fund	Capital projects, capital improvements fund	2,360,380
		\$2,973,780

The capital projects, community center debt fund, and the special revenue, residential recycling fund are nonmajor funds. The capital projects, capital improvements fund is a major fund. All transfer activity was the result of cash flow needs within the fund.

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7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity is summarized below:

Governmental Activities	Balance 1/1/08	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/08
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,944,739	\$0	\$0	\$1,944,739
Real estate held for development	624,747	0	(181,837)	442,910
Construction in progress	555,472	1,725,256	(386,649)	1,894,079
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,124,958	1,725,256	(568,486)	4,281,728
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	19,649,962	44,416	(11,173)	19,683,205
Improvements other than building	2,398,799	155,994	(31,439)	2,523,354
Machinery and equipment	1,227,098	89,337	0	1,316,435
Furniture and fixtures	29,982	6,600	0	36,582
Vehicles	3,125,606	214,823	(83,183)	3,257,246
Infrastructure	46,133,310	780,343	0	46,913,653
Total capital assets being depreciated	72,564,757	1,291,513	(125,795)	73,730,475
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(4,671,716)	(341,807)	10,614	(5,002,909)
Improvements other than building	(1,142,554)	(108,557)	29,867	(1,221,244)
Machinery and equipment	(806,229)	(79,550)	0	(885,779)
Furniture and fixtures	(7,530)	(1,796)	0	(9,326)
Vehicles	(1,922,953)	(192,260)	61,540	(2,053,673)
Infrastructure	(23,110,402)	(1,120,834)	0	(24,231,236)
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,661,384)	(1,844,804)	102,021	(33,404,167)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	40,903,373	(553,291)	(23,774)	40,326,308
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$44,028,331	\$1,171,965	(\$592,260)	\$44,608,036

In 2008, depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Security of persons and property	\$351,257
Public health services	2,349
Leisure time activities	284,340
Community environment	1,118
Transportation	976,680
General government	229,060
	\$1,844,804

8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation Leave

Full-time City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon years of service. Vacation leave earned in one year must be used in the same year. Employees are compensated at year-end for any unused vacation if requested by the employee. No obligation exists at December 31, 2008 for unpaid vacation leave.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

Full-time City employees earn sick leave at the rate of ten hours per month, provided that in each month, one hundred hours were worked. Sick leave balances at year-end are carried over to the next year. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 1,600 hours. Employees are compensated at year-end for sick leave balances over 1,600 (paid out at one-half the hours over 1,600). At retirement, an employee (or the employee's estate in the case of an employee's death) is paid for the accumulated sick leave hours as follows:

Hours of Sick Leave	Conversion Rate
1 to 400	No conversion
401 to 800	3 to 1 conversion
801 to 1,200	2 to 1 conversion
1,201 to 1,600	1 to 1 conversion

Compensatory Time

Compensatory time can only be accumulated by full-time employees for hours worked in excess of their regular schedule. Compensatory hours are compensated at a rate of one and one-half times the employees regular pay rate. Compensatory time balances at year-end are carried over to the next year. For non-union employees, the maximum balance of compensatory time to be accumulated at any given time is sixty-eight hours. Employees of the fire department under union contract can accrue and use up to a balance of seventy-two hours at any given time. Employees of the police department under union contract can accrue and use up to a balance of one hundred hours at any given time.

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A schedule of changes in bonds and other long-term obligations of the City during the current year is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 1-1-08	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12-31-08	Amount Due Within A Year
General obligation bonds:					
Community center expansion bonds	\$3,910,408	\$0	(\$401,072)	\$3,509,336	\$401,072
Total general obligation bonds	3,910,408	0	(401,072)	3,509,336	401,072
Tax increment financing phase I revenue bonds	2,719,468	0	(57,759)	2,661,709	61,407
Police and fire pension loan	12,760	0	(12,760)	0	0
Capital leases	14,360	24,599	(11,172)	27,787	6,970
Compensated absences	706,950	897,829	(838,266)	766,513	99,892
Total governmental activities	\$7,363,946	\$922,428	(\$1,321,029)	\$6,965,345	\$569,341

The 1-1-08 balance reflects unamortized bond premium for the general obligation bond issue. The deletions above reflect amortization of bond premium of \$1,072 for the community center expansion bonds that is not reflected in the fund financial statements.

Community Center Expansion General Obligation Bonds Payable

The City issued \$5,900,000 of Community Center Expansion General Obligation Bonds dated September 15, 2002. The bonds mature December 1, 2017 and bear interest at the rate of 3.72%. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying the cost of constructing, furnishing and equipping additions and renovations to the Municipal Community Center, and paying related costs, under authority of the general laws of the State of Ohio and the Uniform Public Securities Law of the Ohio Revised Code and by virtue of ordinances duly adopted by Council. The liability at December 31, 2008 for the Community Center Expansion General Obligation Bonds payable is \$3,509,336 and is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Tax Increment Financing - Phase I Revenue Bonds Payable</u>

The City issued \$3,040,000 of Pictoria Island Phase I Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Revenue Bonds dated September 14, 2000. The bonds were issued to retire notes issued for the construction of infrastructure and a man-made lake in the Northwest Business District (Pictoria Island) TIF area. The bonds mature September 1, 2029 and bear interest at the rate of 6.70%. The City has pledged future service payments (payments in lieu of taxes) received from the owners of the property under the TIF agreement to repay the bond principal and interest. The service payments are based on the incremental value of improvements made to the property under the agreement. If at any time a shortfall exists in the fund making the bond payments, the developers of the property are liable for the shortfall amount. The service payments, and anticipated shortfall payments, are projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$4,937,842, payable through September 2029. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total service payments and shortfall received were \$238,198 and \$243,678, respectively. The liability at December 31, 2008 for the TIF Revenue Bonds Payable is \$2,661,709 and is presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's long-term obligations outstanding at year-end are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds		TIF Reven	ue Bonds
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
\$401,072	\$130,400	\$61,407	\$176,791
401,072	117,400	65,650	172,548
401,072	103,800	70,186	168,012
401,072	89,600	75,036	163,162
401,072	74,800	80,221	157,977
1,503,976	146,000	492,315	698,674
0	0	687,586	503,403
0	0	960,310	230,680
0	0	168,998	4,886
\$3,509,336	\$662,000	\$2,661,709	\$2,276,133
	Principal \$401,072 401,072 401,072 401,072 401,072 1,503,976 0 0	Principal Interest \$401,072 \$130,400 401,072 117,400 401,072 103,800 401,072 89,600 401,072 74,800 1,503,976 146,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Principal Interest Principal \$401,072 \$130,400 \$61,407 401,072 117,400 65,650 401,072 103,800 70,186 401,072 89,600 75,036 401,072 74,800 80,221 1,503,976 146,000 492,315 0 0 687,586 0 0 960,310 0 0 168,998

10. LEASES

During 2008, the City entered into two lease agreements meeting the requirements of a capital lease. The City's prior lease obligations that meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases", have been recorded on the government-wide statements. The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease, and the present value of the minimum lease payments:

Year Ending December 31	
2009	\$9,230
2010	5,820
2011	5,820
2012	5,820
2013	7,490
Total minimum lease payments	34,180
Less: amount representing interest	(6,393)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$27,787

The leased assets have been capitalized for the amount of the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease. \$36,961 represents the amount of capital assets under capital lease obligation at December 31, 2008. In 2008, principal of \$11,172 was paid from the general fund as principal retirement. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service in the fund financial statements and on the budgetary basis.

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Substantially all City employees, other than full-time fire and police personnel, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). The OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

The Traditional Pension Plan - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.

The Member-Directed Plan - a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions, plus any investment earnings.

The Combined Plan - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). The ORC permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide other post-employment benefits (OPEB) to its eligible members and beneficiaries. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

The ORC provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2008, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan. The 2008 member contribution rates were 10.0% for members in state and local classifications. Public safety and law enforcement members contributed 10.1%. The 2008 employer contribution rate for state and local employers was 14% of covered payroll. For both the law enforcement and public safety divisions, the employer contribution rate for 2008 was 17.40%. The City's contributions to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$615,008, \$574,440, and \$534,022, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits as well as postretirement health care coverage to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. OPERS also maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Plan and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage. In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post-employment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits other than Pension".

The ORC provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 7% in 2008 for all employers. The ORC currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14% of covered payroll for state and local employer units and 18.1% of covered payroll for law and public safety units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The assumptions and calculations below were based on OPERS' latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2007:

Funding Method - The individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Assets Valuation Method - All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach, assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor.

Investment Return - The investment assumption rate for 2007 was 6.50%.

Active Employee Total Payroll - An annual increase of 4% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. In addition, annual pay increases over and above the 4% base increase, were assumed to range from .50% to 6.30%.

Health Care - Health care costs were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from .50% to 4% for the next 7 years. In subsequent years (8 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase at 4% (the projected wage inflation rate).

OPERS Post-employment Health Care Plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or the surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

OPEB's are advance-funded on an actuarial determined basis. The Tradition Pension and Combined Plans had 363,503 active contributing participants as of December 31, 2008. The number of active contributing participants for both plans used in the December 31, 2007, actuarial valuation was 364,076.

The rates stated above are the contractually required contribution rates for OPERS. In 2008, the employer contributions actually made by the City to fund post-employment benefits were \$307,504. The amount of \$12.8 billion represents the actuarial funding value of OPERS' net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2007. Based on the actuarial cost method used, the actualiarial valuation as of December 31, 2007 reported the actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarially accrued liability for OPEB at \$29.8 billion and \$17 billion, respectively.

The Health Care Preservation Plan adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007 and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City also contributes to the OP&F sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long-term care to retirees, qualifying benefits and their eligible dependents.

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide other post-employment benefits (OPEB). Benefit provisions and authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the ORC. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report

that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

The OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22, if attending school full-time or on a two-thirds basis. The health care coverage provided by the OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post-employment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits other than Pension".

The ORC provides that health care cost paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5% of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24% of covered payroll. Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5% and 24.0% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions to OP&F for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$964,167, \$916,609, and \$871,713, respectively, or 77% of the required contributions for 2006 and 79% of the required contributions for 2005.

The ORC provides for contribution requirements of the participating employees and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Also the ORC states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 Trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administered as an IRS Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the ORC to the OP&F Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2008, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan was 6.75% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the healthcare plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibilities to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. A percentage of covered payroll, as defined by the Board, is used to pay retiree health care expenses. The Board defined allocation was 6.75% of covered payroll in 2007 and 6.75% of covered payroll in 2008. In addition, since July 1, 1992 most retirees and survivors were required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2007, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, are 14,295 for police and 10,583 for firefighters. The portion of the

employer contributions that were used to pay post-employment benefits were 34.60% of employer's contributions for police and 28.1% of employer's contributions for firefighters which amounted to \$192,502 and \$114,592, respectively.

OP&F's total health care expense for the year ending December 31, 2007, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was \$93,205,319, which was net of member contributions of \$56,031,875.

12. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Deferred Compensation Plan

City employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan ("Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary, payroll deduction basis. Under this Plan, employees can defer up to \$11,000 annually until a future time (usually after retirement). The deferred amounts as well as any income earned related to the deferral are not subject to federal or state income tax until actually received by the employee. The Plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the Plan, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Plan agreement states that the City and the Plan have no liability for losses under the Plan with the exception of fraud or wrongful taking.

The Deferred Compensation Plan assets are placed in trust for the sole benefit of employees or other beneficiaries. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code, Section 457, Deferred Compensation Plans", these amounts are not reflected on the City's financial statements.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

Property Insurance Program

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying cost of insurance. Effective June 1, 1991, the City joined the Miami Valley Risk Management Association (MVRMA), a property and casualty pooling arrangement. MVRMA's deductible is \$2,500 per community per occurrence. MVRMA retains responsibility for the payment of claims within specified self-insured retention limits prior to the application of coverage provided by excess reinsurance contracts. MVRMA's per-occurrence retention limit for property was \$200,000 effective July 1, 2009 with the exception of boiler and machinery for which there was a \$5,000 per-occurrence retention limit. Liability had a per-occurrence retention limit of \$2,000,000 in 2008 with \$1,000,000 excess, \$1,000,000 reinsured by Government Entities Mutual Inc. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Workers Compensation Program

The City pays the state Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Health Insurance Program

In May of 1994, the City began managing hospital/medical and dental benefits for its employees on a self-insured basis. In October of 2004, employees began contributing to cover a portion of the health care costs, paying \$25 per month for single coverage and \$50 per month for family coverage. In January of 2008, the employee contribution increased to \$50 per month for single coverage and \$100 per month for family coverage.

At December 31, 2008, 124 employees were enrolled in the plan which covers 340 lives. The City accounts for and finances this activity in the general fund. The hospital/medical plan operates on a cost-sharing basis with the maximum annual employee out-of-pocket cost being \$1,000 for a single employee and \$2,000 for a covered family. A prescription drug card program is also part of this self-insurance plan requiring a nominal co-pay by the employee for prescription drugs. The City provides a dental plan with coverage ranging from 50 percent to 100 percent depending on the type of dental services performed. There is a monthly charge for employees enrolled in the dental plan.

A third party administrator (United Medical Resources) reviews all claims which then, are paid by the City. The City is responsible for up to \$30,000 per employee (specific limit). Upon exceeding the \$30,000 limit, the City's stop loss coverage applies. The lifetime maximum medical coverage amount is \$1,000,000.

The City records a liability for incurred but not reported claims (IBNR) in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims. The total claims liability at December 31, 2008 was \$109.898.

The following is a reconciliation of the changes in aggregate liabilities for claims payable for the past two fiscal years:

2008	2007
\$97,467	\$132,300
1,495,992	1,370,891
(1,378,954)	(1,271,285)
(104,607)	(134,439)
\$109,898	\$97,467
	\$97,467 1,495,992 (1,378,954) (104,607)

14. JOINT VENTURE

The cities and other entity of Beavercreek, Bellbrook, Blue Ash, Centerville, Englewood, Indian Hill, Kettering, Madeira, Mason, Miamisburg, Montgomery, Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA), Piqua, Sidney, Springdale, Tipp City, Troy, Vandalia, West Carrollton, Wilmington, and Wyoming, have entered a joint venture for the purpose of providing various types of insurance coverage. This association is organized as an Ohio not-for-profit corporation operating under the name of Miami Valley Risk Management Association (MVRMA). The association exists for the public purpose of enabling its member political subdivisions to obtain insurance coverage, provide methods for paying claims, and provide a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance pool. In addition to the self-insurance pool, the Association provides risk management services, loss prevention programs, and various other educational materials.

MVRMA was incorporated December 1, 1988 under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code and is governed by a twenty-one member Board of Trustees, consisting of a trustee appointed by each of the member cities with each trustee having a single vote. The Board of Trustees elects the officers of the corporation, and is responsible for its own financial matters including budgeting. The City exercises no significant influence over the Board of Trustees and there is no liability on the part of the City for MVRMA's fiscal matters. MVRMA issues a stand-alone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 4625 Presidential Way, Kettering, OH 45429 or by calling (937) 438-8878.

MVRMA maintains excess reinsurance contracts with insurance carriers who provide various limits of coverage over MVRMA's self-insured retention limits. For the year-ended December 31, 2008, MVRMA purchased the following types of insurance/reinsurance in excess of its self-insurance retention presented in the previous paragraph:

General liability \$10,000,000 per occurrence
Police professional liability 10,000,000 per occurrence
Automobile liability 10,000,000 per occurrence

Public officials liability 1,000,000 per occurrence and annual aggregate Employment practices liability 1,000,000 per occurrence and annual aggregate

Boiler and machinery 100,000,000 per occurrence Property (excluding flood and earthquake) 1,000,000,000 per occurrence

Property – flood and earthquake 25,000,000 per occurrence and annual aggregate

MVRMA has established a Shock Loss Fund (SLF) to replace the aggregate stop-loss policy. Each year a moving target equal to the annual loss fund is established. MVRMA members will fund approximately 15% of that amount annually with the expectation that over a period of time, the balance of the SLF will be equivalent to the current year's annual loss fund. Contributions to the SLF will be recorded with separate accounting designed to preserve each member municipality's percentage ownership. Each member's SLF balance will be reviewed annually in conjunction with MVRMA's preliminary budget process. Any member whose balance is equivalent to its upcoming annual loss fund contribution will not be required to make an additional deposit. Unless otherwise waived by the MVRMA Board, any member whose balance falls below its targeted amount, will be required to contribute the amount needed to reach the targeted amount or 15% of the annual loss year contribution, whichever is less.

There was no joint venture debt at December 31, 2008. MVRMA was created to enable its members to share risk, and it is reasonably possible that MVRMA, Inc. may make additional assessments to the City. The pool contribution factors at December 31, 2008 are: Beavercreek - 6.41%, Bellbrook - .84%, Blue Ash - 7.44%, Centerville - 2.53%, Englewood - .1.71%, Indian Hill - 3.56%, Kettering - 13.01%, Maderia - 1.99%, Mason - 6.99%, Miamisburg - 8.86%, Montgomery - 3.30%, NAWA - .03%, Piqua - 4.89%, Sidney - 7.27%, Springdale - 4.31%, Tipp - 2.99%, Troy - 7.67%, Vandalia - 5.03%, West Carolton - 3.49%, Wilmington - 5.27%, Wyoming - 2.42%.

A summary of audited financial information for MVRMA as of December 31, 2007, is presented below:

Total assets	\$15,232,927
Total liabilities	\$6,015,970
Total net assets	9,216,957
Total liabilities and net assets	\$15,232,927
	-
Total operating revenues	\$4,327,056
Total operating expenditures	3,149,575
Operating income	1,177,481
Non-operating revenue	835,889
Change in net assets	2,013,370
Beginning net assets	7,203,587
Ending net assets	\$9,216,957

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City's attorney is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of actual or potential claims against the City and other actual or potential legal proceedings will not materially affect the financial condition of the City. Therefore, the financial statements do not present estimated claims from legal proceedings.

16. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2008, the City had the following construction commitments with respect to capital projects:

Project	Contract Amount	Amount Paid at 12/31/08	Remaining Construction Commitment
State Route 747/CSX Railroad Grade Separation Project	\$11,536,901	\$11,279,218	\$257,683
East Kemper Road Improvements, Phase III	5,928,635	5,918,635	10,000
State Route 4/Crescentville Road Improvements	911,031	360,564	550,467
State Route 747/Crescentville Road Improvements	1,543,297	150,820	1,392,477
Veterans Memorial	836,243	631,252	204,991
2008 Street Program	675,278	592,359	82,919
Police Department Pedestrian Bridge and Lighting Project	78,013	52,909	25,104

The State Route 747/CSX Railroad Grade Separation project is administered by the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT), except for the City's local obligation. The City records transactions as ODOT makes on-behalf-of-payments to contractors. ODOT has encumbered these transactions on their internal system, therefore, no amounts are encumbered by the City at year-end.

The East Kemper Road Improvements, Phase III project is administered by the City through local funds and state and county grants. The county grant amount was obtained as an up-front payment. The City records the state grant portion as on-behalf-of-payments are made from the state to contractors. The City records its local transactions as paid. The local transactions are encumbered on the City's internal system.

The State Route 4/Crescentville Road Improvement project is administered by the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT), except for the City's local obligation. The City records transactions as ODOT makes on-behalf-of-payments to contractors. ODOT has encumbered these transactions on their internal system, therefore, no amounts are encumbered by the City at year-end.

The State Route 747/Crescentville Road Improvement project is administered by the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT), except for the City's local obligation. The City records transactions as ODOT makes on-behalf-of-payments to contractors. ODOT has encumbered these transactions on their internal system, therefore, no amounts are encumbered by the City at year-end.

The Veterans Memorial, 2008 Street Program, and the Police Department Pedestrian Bridge and Lighting projects are administered by the City. The City records transactions as paid and all encumbrances are reflected on the City's internal system.

The remaining construction commitments will be paid from the capital projects, capital improvements fund.

17. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the fiscal year 2008, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27*, and GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. GASB Statement No. 50 more closely aligns the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and, in doing so, enhances information disclosed in notes to financial statements or presented as required supplementary information (RSI) by pension plans and by employers that provide pension benefits. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The application of these new standards had no effect on the basic financial statements, nor did their implementation require a restatement of prior year balances.

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Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - To account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City. Ninety-two and one-half percent of gasoline and auto license taxes are allocated to this fund.

State Highway Fund - To account for that portion of the state gasoline and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways within the City. Seven and one-half percent of gasoline and auto license taxes are allocated to this fund.

Grants Fund - To account for grants obtained from outside agencies for other than capital purposes.

Drug Law Enforcement Fund – To account for mandatory fines collected for drug agencies.

Law Enforcement Fund – To account for the proceeds from the confiscation of contraband.

Law Enforcement Training Fund - To account for proceeds from the State of Ohio under the law enforcement continuing professional training program and shall be used for paying the cost of continuing education.

Driving Under the Influence Fund – To account for fines imposed on DUI offenders. Under state law disbursements may be made from this fund for law enforcement purposes related to informing the public of laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

Residential Recycling Incentive Fund – To account for payments received from the Hamilton County Solid Waste Management District incentive funds and expenditures made for solid waste management activities.

Vehicle Immobilization Fee Fund – To account for the vehicle immobilization fee received by the State and make expenditures for law enforcement purposes relating to the costs incurred in enforcing Ohio Revised Code Section 4503.233.

Parks and Urban Forestry Fund – To account for the costs of purchasing and planting municipal street trees.

Adult Sports Fund – To account for the fees collected and the costs incurred for adults who participate in league sports at the City Community Center.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Tri-County Mall Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund - To account for the activity related to the Tri-County Mall TIF Project.

Community Center Debt Fund – To account for the outstanding debt payments related to the Community Center Expansion project.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:		_	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$227,974	\$22,874	\$250,848
Receivable:			
Intergovernmental	455,820	0	455,820
Total assets	\$683,794	\$22,874	\$706,668
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$7,681	\$0	\$7,681
Contracts payable	12,276	0	12,276
Accrued wages and benefits payable	11,496	0	11,496
Intergovernmental payable	698	0	698
Advances from other funds	4,020	541,465	545,485
Deferred revenue	408,936	0	408,936
Total liabilities	445,107	541,465	986,572
Fund balances:			
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:			
Special revenue funds	238,687	0	238,687
Capital projects fund	0	(518,591)	(518,591)
Total fund balance (deficit)	238,687	(518,591)	(279,904)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$683,794	\$22,874	\$706,668

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Nonmajor Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental
	Funds	Funds	Funds
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$657,299	\$0	\$657,299
Fines and forfeitures	32,929	0	32,929
Fees, licenses and permits	8,768	0	8,768
Total revenues	698,996	0	698,996
Expenditures:			
Current:	07.006		0.7.006
Security of persons and property	97,896	0	97,896
Public health services	5,343	0	5,343
Leisure time activities	8,452	0	8,452
Community environment	76,814	0	76,814
Transportation Capital outlay	539,591 0	37,163	539,591 37,163
Debt service:	U	37,103	37,103
Principal retirement	0	400,000	400,000
Interest and fiscal charges	0	143,400	143,400
Total expenditures	728,096	580,563	1,308,659
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(29,100)	(580,563)	(609,663)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers-in	70,000	543,400	613,400
Total other financing sources	70,000	543,400	613,400
Net change in fund balances	40,900	(37,163)	3,737
Beginning fund balance (deficit)	197,787	(481,428)	(283,641)
Ending fund balance (deficit)	\$238,687	(\$518,591)	(\$279,904)

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	State Highway Fund	Grants Fund	Drug Law Enforcement Fund	Law Enforcement Fund
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$78,821	\$13,528	\$24,782	\$1,271	\$36,720
Receivable:					
Intergovernmental	238,000	19,200	184,059	0	2,805
Total assets	\$316,821	\$32,728	\$208,841	\$1,271	\$39,525
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$1,573	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contracts payable	0	0	12,276	0	0
Accrued wages and benefits payable	10,744	752	0	0	0
Intergovernmental payable	0	0	0	0	698
Advances from other funds	0	0	4,020	0	0
Deferred revenue	198,824	16,024	179,637	0	2,805
Total liabilities	211,141	16,776	195,933	0	3,503
Fund balances:					
Unreserved - undesignated, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	105,680	15,952	12,908	1,271	36,022
Total fund balances	105,680	15,952	12,908	1,271	36,022
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$316,821	\$32,728	\$208,841	\$1,271	\$39,525

Law Enforcement Training Fund	Driving Under the Influence Fund	Residential Recycling Fund	Vehicle Immobilization Fee Fund	Parks and Urban Forestry Fund	Adult Sports Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$6,880	\$14,642	\$41,606	\$2,199	\$2,797	\$4,728	\$227,974
5,040	750	5,966	0	0	0	455,820
\$11,920	\$15,392	\$47,572	\$2,199	\$2,797	\$4,728	\$683,794
\$0	\$0	\$6,108	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,681
0	0	0	0	0	0	12,276
0	0	0	0	0	0	11,496
0	0	0	0	0	0	698
0	0	0	0	0	0	4,020
5,040	640	5,966	0	0	0	408,936
5,040	640	12,074	0	0	0	445,107
6,880	14,752	35,498	2,199	2,797	4,728	238,687
6,880	14,752	35,498	2,199	2,797	4,728	238,687
\$11,920	\$15,392	\$47,572	\$2,199	\$2,797	\$4,728	\$683,794

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	State Highway Fund	Grants Fund	Drug Law Enforcement Fund	Law Enforcement Fund
Revenues:		· ·			
Intergovernmental	\$493,278	\$39,993	\$106,790	\$0	\$0
Fines and forfeitures	0	0	0	280	28,317
Fees, licenses and permits	0	0	0	0	0
Total revenues	493,278	39,993	106,790	280	28,317
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property	0	0	89,112	1,261	7,523
Public health services	0	0	5,343	0	0
Leisure time activities	0	0	0	0	0
Community environment	0	0	0	0	0
Transportation	497,782	41,809	0	0	0
Total expenditures	497,782	41,809	94,455	1,261	7,523
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,504)	(1,816)	12,335	(981)	20,794
Other financing sources:					
Transfers-in	0	0	0	0	0
Total other financing sources	0	0	0	0	0
Net change in fund balances	(4,504)	(1,816)	12,335	(981)	20,794
Beginning fund balances	110,184	17,768	573	2,252	15,228
Ending fund balances	\$105,680	\$15,952	\$12,908	\$1,271	\$36,022

Law Enforcement Training Fund	Driving Under the Influence Fund	Residential Recycling Fund	Vehicle Immobilization Fee Fund	Parks and Urban Forestry Fund	Adult Sports Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$6,880	\$0	\$10,258	\$100	\$0	\$0	\$657,299
0	4,332	0	0	0	0	32,929
0	0	0	0	0	8,768	8,768
6,880	4,332	10,258	100	0	8,768	698,996
0	0	0	0	0	0	97,896
0	0	0	0	0	0	5,343
0	0	0	0	0	8,452	8,452
0	0	76,814	0	0	0	76,814
0	0	0	0	0	0	539,591
0	0	76,814	0	0	0 8,452	728,096
	<u> </u>	70,014			0,432	720,070
6,880	4,332	(66,556)	100	0	316	(29,100)
0	0	70,000	0	0	0	70,000
0	0	70,000	0	0	0	70,000
6,880	4,332	3,444	100	0	316	40,900
0	10,420	32,054	2,099	2,797	4,412	197,787
\$6,880	\$14,752	\$35,498	\$2,199	\$2,797	\$4,728	\$238,687

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Tri-County Mall TIF	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects
	Fund	Fund
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$22,874	\$22,874
Total assets	\$22,874	\$22,874
Liabilities:		
Advances from other funds	\$541,465	\$541,465
Total liabilities	541,465	541,465
Fund balance:		
Unreserved - undesignated, reported in:		
Capital projects fund	(518,591)	(518,591)
Total fund deficit	(518,591)	(518,591)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$22,874	\$22,874

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Tri-County Mall TIF Fund	Community Center Debt Fund	Total Capital Projects Funds	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Capital outlay	\$37,163	\$0	\$37,163	
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	0	400,000	400,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	0	143,400	143,400	
Total expenditures	37,163	543,400	580,563	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(37,163)	(543,400)	(580,563)	
Other financing sources:				
Transfers-in	0	543,400	543,400	
Total other financing sources	0	543,400	543,400	
Net change in fund balance	(37,163)	0	(37,163)	
Beginning fund balances (deficit)	(481,428)	0	(481,428)	
Ending fund balances (deficit)	(\$518,591)	\$0	(\$518,591)	

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General Fund			
D.	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues: Municipal income taxes	\$16,014,000	\$14,953,200	\$14,884,827	(\$68,373)
Property and other taxes	1,756,000	1,621,800	1,625,756	3,956
Intergovernmental	1,545,578	1,690,578	1,847,869	157,291
Charges for services	336,000	336,000	250,842	(85,158)
Fines and forfeitures	316,500	346,500	340,846	(5,654)
Fees, licenses and permits	406,400	406,400	400,863	(5,537)
Interest	500,000	170,000	179,878	9,878
Contributions	0	0	575	575
Other	223,788	223,788	320,682	96,894
Total revenues	21,098,266	19,748,266	19,852,138	103,872
Expenditures:				
Police department:				
Personal services	4,326,282	4,240,000	4,223,440	16,560
Other	1,052,160	978,442	953,257	25,185
Total police department	5,378,442	5,218,442	5,176,697	41,745
Fire department:				
Personal services	2,765,940	2,820,000	2,816,056	3,944
Other	639,567	505,507	465,317	40,190
Total fire department	3,405,507	3,325,507	3,281,373	44,134
Health department:				
Personal services	257,859	270,000	262,733	7,267
Other	72,000	69,859	66,908	2,951
Total health department	329,859	339,859	329,641	10,218
Parks and recreation department:				
Personal services	1,273,611	1,210,000	1,194,015	15,985
Other Total parks and recreation department	863,920 2,137,531	752,531 1,962,531	725,595 1,919,610	26,936 42,921
	2,137,331	1,702,331	1,717,010	72,721
Building department:				
Personal services	433,223	440,000	435,619	4,381
Other Total building department	143,587 576,810	141,810 581,810	137,723 573,342	4,087 8,468
Public works department: Personal services	911,076	800,000	727,760	72,240
Other	744,613	655,689	617,580	38,109
Total public works department	1,655,689	1,455,689	1,345,340	110,349
•				
Finance department:	102.050	200 000	196,907	2.002
Personal services Other	192,950	200,000 80,140	,	3,093 6,709
	82,190		73,431	9,802
Total finance department	275,140	280,140	270,338	9,802

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008 (CONTINUED)

	General Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Tax department:					
Personal services	383,988	390,000	384,764	5,236	
Other	371,160	360,148	357,282	2,866	
Total tax department	755,148	750,148	742,046	8,102	
Administration department:					
Personal services	862,862	825,000	810,125	14,875	
Other	3,825,897	3,591,393	3,393,523	197,870	
Total administration department	4,688,759	4,416,393	4,203,648	212,745	
Total expenditures	19,202,885	18,330,519	17,842,035	488,484	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,895,381	1,417,747	2,010,103	592,356	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from the sale of assets	0	0	15,437	15,437	
Transfers-in	1,664	1,664	1,664	0	
Transfers-out	(4,351,414)	(2,973,780)	(2,973,780)	0	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,349,750)	(2,972,116)	(2,956,679)	15,437	
Net change in fund balance	(2,454,369)	(1,554,369)	(946,576)	607,793	
Beginning fund balance	5,121,557	5,121,557	5,121,557	0	
Prior years encumbrances	228,030	228,030	228,030	0	
Ending fund balance	\$2,895,218	\$3,795,218	\$4,403,011	\$607,793	

Capital Improvements Fund Original Final Variance from Budget Budget Actual Final Budget Revenues \$819,576 \$817,033 \$2,483,942 (\$2,543)7,507,898 Expenditures 4,465,898 4,431,125 34,773 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (5,023,956)(3,646,322)(3,614,092)32,230 Other financing sources: Transfers-in 3,738,014 2,360,380 2,360,380 Total other financing sources 3,738,014 2,360,380 2,360,380 0 Net change in fund balance 32,230 (1,285,942)(1,285,942)(1,253,712)Beginning fund balance 163,254 163,254 0 163,254 Prior year encumbrances 1,123,697 1,123,697 1,123,697 0 Ending fund balance \$1,009 \$1,009 \$33,239 \$32,230

	Northwest Business District TIF Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$1,198,179	\$1,198,179	\$1,197,122	(\$1,057)	
Expenditures	953,174	1,193,174	1,191,525	1,649	
Net change in fund balance	245,005	5,005	5,597	592	
Beginning fund balance	135,519	135,519	135,519	0	
Ending fund balance	\$380,524	\$140,524	\$141,116	\$592	

	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$440,000	\$485,000	\$494,059	\$9,059	
Expenditures: Personal services Other	413,000 27,000	480,000 20,000	477,553 18,186	2,447 1,814	
Total expenditures	440,000	500,000	495,739	4,261	
Net change in fund balance	0	(15,000)	(1,680)	13,320	
Beginning fund balance	80,501	80,501	80,501	0	
Ending fund balance	\$80,501	\$65,501	\$78,821	\$13,320	

		State Highway Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget		
Revenues	\$35,000	\$40,000	\$40,058	\$58		
Expenditures: Personal services	35,000	42,000	41,057	943		
Total expenditures	35,000	42,000	41,057	943		
Net change in fund balance	0	(2,000)	(999)	1,001		
Beginning fund balance	14,527	14,527	14,527	0		
Ending fund balance	\$14,527	\$12,527	\$13,528	\$1,001		

		Grants Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$41,843	\$101,843	\$100,087	(\$1,756)	
Expenditures Personal services Other	20,681 20,343	58,262 26,762	57,502 25,965	760 797	
Total expenditures	41,024	85,024	83,467	1,557	
Net change in fund balance	819	16,819	16,620	(199)	
Beginning fund balance	8,162	8,162	8,162	0	
Ending fund balance	\$8,981	\$24,981	\$24,782	(\$199)	

	Drug Law Enforcement Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$200	\$300	\$280	(\$20)	
Expenditures	500	1,300	1,261	39	
Net change in fund balance	(300)	(1,000)	(981)	19	
Beginning fund balance	2,252	2,252	2,252	0	
Ending fund balance	\$1,952	\$1,252	\$1,271	\$19	

		Law Enforcement Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget		
Revenues	\$0	\$28,500	\$28,317	(\$183)		
Expenditures	1,000	7,500	7,465	35		
Net change in fund balance	(1,000)	21,000	20,852	(148)		
Beginning fund balance	15,868	15,868	15,868	0		
Ending fund balance	\$14,868	\$36,868	\$36,720	(\$148)		

		Law Enforcement Training Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget		
Revenues	\$0	\$6,880	\$6,880	\$0		
Expenditures	0	0	0	0		
Net change in fund balance	0	6,880	6,880	0		
Beginning fund balance	0	0	0	0		
Ending fund balance	\$0	\$6,880	\$6,880	\$0		

	Driving Under the Influence Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$2,000	\$4,400	\$4,455	\$55	
Expenditures	1,000	1,000	0	1,000	
Net change in fund balance	1,000	3,400	4,455	1,055	
Beginning fund balance	10,187	10,187	10,187	0	
Ending fund balance	\$11,187	\$13,587	\$14,642	\$1,055	

	R	esid	ent	tial	k	Recyc	ıng	Incen	tive.	Fund	
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			U	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues	\$13,000	\$13,000	\$10,258	(\$2,742)
Expenditures	84,290	79,290	76,740	2,550
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(71,290)	(66,290)	(66,482)	(192)
Other financing sources: Transfers-in	70,000	70,000	70,000	0
Total other financing sources	70,000	70,000	70,000	0
Net change in fund balance	(1,290)	3,710	3,518	(192)
Beginning fund balance	38,088	38,088	38,088	0
Ending fund balance (deficit)	\$36,798	\$41,798	\$41,606	(\$192)

	V	Vehicle Immobilization Fee Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget		
Revenues	\$300	\$300	\$100	(\$200)		
Expenditures	250	250	0	250		
Net change in fund balance	50	50	100	50		
Beginning fund balance	2,099	2,099	2,099	0		
Ending fund balance	\$2,149	\$2,149	\$2,199	\$50		

	Parks and Urban Forestry Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Expenditures	\$2,700	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net change in fund balance	(2,700)	0	0	0
Beginning fund balance	2,797	2,797	2,797	0
Ending fund balance	\$97	\$2,797	\$2,797	\$0

	-	Adult Sports Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$8,768	\$768	
Expenditures	12,100	9,000	8,452	548	
Net change in fund balance	(4,100)	(1,000)	316	1,316	
Beginning fund balance	4,412	4,412	4,412	0	
Ending fund balance	\$312	\$3,412	\$4,728	\$1,316	

	Tri-County Mall TIF Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Expenditures	\$41,917	\$41,917	\$39,338	\$2,579
Net change in fund balance	(41,917)	(41,917)	(39,338)	2,579
Beginning fund balance	20,294	20,294	20,294	0
Prior year encumbrances	41,917	41,917	41,917	0
Ending fund balance	\$20,294	\$20,294	\$22,873	\$2,579

	Community Center Debt Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Expenditures	\$543,400	\$543,400	\$543,400	\$0
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(543,400)	(543,400)	(543,400)	0
Other financing sources: Transfers-in	543,400	543,400	543,400	0
Total other financing sources	543,400	543,400	543,400	0
Net change in fund balance	0	0	0	0
Beginning fund balance	0	0	0	0
Ending fund balance	\$0_	\$0	\$0_	\$0

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUND

An agency fund is used to account for assets held by the City in the capacity of an agent. For individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and or other funds. The City had the following agency fund at year-end 2008:

Ohio Board of Building Standards Assessment Fund - To account for the colection of the Ohio Board of Building Standards Assessments on building permits in the amount of 3%. The amounts collected are remitted to the state on a monthly basis.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

OHIO BOARD OF BUILDING STANDARDS ASSESSMENT FUND

Balance			Balance
1-1-08	Additions	Deductions	12-31-08
\$117	\$1,416	(\$1,473)	\$60
\$117	\$1,416	(\$1,473)	\$60
\$117	\$1,416	(\$1,473)	\$60
\$117	\$1,416	(\$1,473)	\$60
	\$117 \$117 \$117	1-1-08 Additions \$117 \$1,416 \$117 \$1,416 \$117 \$1,416	1-1-08 Additions Deductions \$117 \$1,416 (\$1,473) \$117 \$1,416 (\$1,473) \$117 \$1,416 (\$1,473)



STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the City of Springdale's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a basis for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	PAGES
Financial Trends	94 - 99
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	100 - 105
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	106 - 110
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	111 - 112
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating information	113 - 117
These schedules contain service and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented GASB Statement No. 34 during fiscal year 2003. Fiscal year 2006 was the City's first year implementation of the GASB 44 statistical tables.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2008	2007 (1)	2006	2005	2004	2003
Governmental Activities:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$38,409,204	\$37,384,095	\$31,627,778	\$30,253,167	\$33,757,865	\$30,481,274
Restricted:						
Capital projects	1,493,138	426,277	405,459	500,209	634,709	530,535
Street construction, maintenance and repair (2)	304,504	310,226	0	0	0	0
Other purposes	343,119	145,191	478,039	466,818	247,618	270,272
Unrestricted	8,024,198	9,721,624	10,137,553	9,350,967	9,569,466	6,847,416
Total governmental activities net assets	48,574,163	\$47,987,413	\$42,648,829	\$40,571,161	\$44,209,658	\$38,129,497

^{(1) -} restated from as originally reported.

Note - The figures above reflect the primary government Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

^{(2) -} for years 2006 and prior, this was not presented separately.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal	Vear

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Expenses:						
Governmental activities:						
Security of persons and property	\$8,621,133	\$8,012,932	\$7,736,040	\$7,530,755	\$6,787,024	\$6,680,416
Public health services	350,211	307,216	291,719	271,193	237,012	238,119
Leisure time activities	2,165,723	2,122,880	1,982,092	1,780,450	1,561,162	1,599,793
Community environment	569,724	665,349	550,008	898,820	429,532	815,457
Basic utility services	0	0	0	0	351,761	346,257
Transportation	2,404,303	2,754,111	4,040,086	2,698,600	2,966,044	1,903,066
General government	6,009,237	5,878,925	9,856,646	4,654,747	3,493,078	4,019,434
Interest and fiscal charges	334,096	379,544	422,062	435,450	429,712	451,051
Total governmental activities	20,454,427	20,120,957	24,878,653	18,270,015	16,255,325	16,053,593
Program revenues:						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
Security of persons and property	635,002	701,787	624,188	585,253	295,960	312,763
Public health services	57,306	48,048	54,279	60,608	4,170	2,250
Leisure time activities	173,481	180,271	204,824	152,927	8,039	10,126
Community environment	69,096	198,392	105,286	112,247	0	0
Transportation	5,690	4,005	6,328	5,032	0	0
General government	105,075	100,732	100,312	99,358	0	0
Operating grants and contributions:						
Security of persons and property	74,859	35,043	21,294	78,055	141,294	79,499
Public health services	24,374	22,117	29,049	7,498	6,238	1,633
Leisure time activities	4,669	0	1,000	0	0	0
Transportation	151,263	0	0	0	35,493	5,105
General government	0	0	1,000	0	0	0
Capital grants and contributions:						
Security of persons and property	0	56,770	0	0	0	0
Leisure time activities	0	10,076	88,080	0	0	0
Transportation	225,827	2,978,570	6,689,584	4,113,591	4,332,571	839,874
General government	0	0	0	0	0	358,821
Total governmental activities						
program revenues	1,526,642	4,335,811	7,925,224	5,214,569	4,823,765	1,610,071
Net expense	(18,927,785)	(15,785,146)	(16,953,429)	(13,055,446)	(11,431,560)	(14,443,522)
General revenues and other changes in net assets: Governmental activities:						
Municipal income taxes	13,924,066	14,911,874	15,882,753	14,328,990	10,683,944	9,370,885
Property and other taxes	1,615,652	1,763,277	1,627,413	1,719,428	1,883,142	1,847,701
Payments in lieu of taxes	813,210	822,556	712,138	615,809	888,758	715,444
Special assessments	217,836	293,925	39,000	013,809	0	713,444
Grants and entitlements - not restricted	2,305,337	2,547,912	2,020,579	2,668,820	2,379,086	2,215,435
Contributions	2,303,337	13,495	52,297	5,500	11,902	3,350
Investment earnings	190,659	531,424	549,867	228,536	69,224	64,280
Other revenues	447,775	239,267	445,524	317,532	891,194	618,591
Total general revenues	19,514,535	21,123,730	21,329,571	19,884,615	16,807,250	14,835,686
Special item		0	0	0	275,000	0
Change in net assets: Governmental activities	\$586,750	\$5,338,584	\$4,376,142	\$6,829,169	\$5,650,690	\$392,164
Governmental activities	\$380,730	\$3,338,384	\$4,3/0,142	\$U,029,109	\$2,020,0 9 0	\$392,10 4

Note - The above figures reflect the primary government Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Page 2

Explanation of large and/or unusual changes as noted in the components of changes in net assets:

Ev.	non	000

Basic utility services: 2003 and 2004 show expenditures, 2005 and 2006 show \$0.

 change due to determination that transactions should be reflected as community environment expense.

Transportation: Increase of

Increase of \$1,341,486 from 2005-2006 due to the following:

increase in payroll expenses per hiring of Public Works Assistant Superintendent.
 increase in expense accruals at year-end 2006 that were not applicable for capital asset inclusion related to road projects.

Decrease of \$1,285,975 from 2006-2007 due to the following:

 decrease in expense accruals at year-end 2007 that were not applicable for capital asset inclusion related to road projects.

General government: Increase of \$5,201,899 from 2005-2006 due to the following:

 in 2006 as part of the Pictoria Island TIF phase II bond issue closing (bonds issued by the Port of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority), the surplus service payments held by the City were expensed to the Port Authority. The amount expensed was \$2,420,229.

- in prior years, parcels of commercial property and a parcel of residential property were purchased and held for sale. In 2006, the properties were sold, and as a result a loss on sale was incurred in the amount of \$1,847,662.

Decrease of \$3,977,721 from 2006-2007 due to the following:

 the two situations described directly above were not applicable for 2007. A TIF payment was made to the Port Authority in 2007, but was a much smaller amount.

Program revenues:

Operating grants and contributions:

Transportation: Increase of \$151,263 from 2007-2008 due to the following:

- recognition at year end 2008 regarding FEMA grant reimbursement received in 2009.

Capital grants and contributions:

Transportation: Increase of \$2,575,993 from 2005-2006 due to the following:

- increase in the amount of grant funding received for road projects.

Decrease of \$3,711,014 from 2006-2007 due to the following:

- decrease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects.

Decrease of \$2,752,743 from 2007-2008 due to the following:

- decrease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects.

General revenues:

Municipal income taxes: Increase in the amount of \$3,645,046 from 2004-2005 due to the following:

- voted increase in the earnings tax rate from 1% to 1.5% effective July 1, 2004.

Increase in the amount of \$1,553,763 from 2005-2006 due to the following:

- increase in overall earnings tax revenue as a result of the increase in the earnings tax rate.

Decrease in the amount of \$987,808 from 2007-2008 due to the following:

- small number of large non-recurring transactions in 2007 which were not applicable to 2008.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
General fund: Reserved	\$355,177	\$445,239	\$361,580	\$391,429	\$693,491	\$636,607	\$257,261	\$330,347	\$324,066	\$283,719
Unreserved, designated	1,018,149	1,158,419	982,601	370,498	827,470	942,556	701,454	1,624,593	1,871,791	2,027,556
Unreserved, undesignated	5,982,500	6,333,372	6,760,794	5,864,970	3,916,729	2,101,035	4,757,956	5,092,469	4,455,335	3,581,949
Total general fund	\$7,355,826	\$7,937,030	\$8,104,975	\$6,626,897	\$5,437,690	\$3,680,198	\$5,716,671	\$7,047,409	\$6,651,192	\$5,893,224
All other governmental funds: Reserved	\$1,031,609	8709,099	\$1,316,668	\$128,994	\$646,907	\$141,110	\$588,495	\$635,451	\$490,400	\$3,768,211
Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds	238,687	197,787	259,959	171,206	147,469	31,627	124,476	159,490	184,669	169,001
Capital projects funds	(545,758)	(1,183,421)	(962,847)	(86,627)	87,951	665,013	739,883	(5,609,132)	(4,244,773)	(6,040,080)
Total all other governmental funds	\$724,538	(\$276,535)	\$613,780	\$213,573	\$882,327	\$837,750	\$1,452,854	(\$4,814,191)	(\$3,569,704)	(\$2,102,868)
Total governmental funds	\$8,080,364	\$7,660,495	\$8,718,755	\$6,840,470	\$6,320,017	\$4,517,948	\$7,169,525	\$2,233,218	\$3,081,488	\$3,790,356

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Revenues:										
Municipal income taxes	\$14,461,358	\$14,404,184	\$16,078,321	\$14,566,459	\$11,180,495	\$7,949,572	\$9,259,493	\$10,444,042	\$9,444,629	\$9,422,000
Property and other taxes	1,619,032	1,814,939	1,820,299	1,685,775	1,701,993	1,817,457	1,801,239	1,768,396	1,955,520	3,622,913
Payments in lieu of taxes	813,210	822,556	804,220	709,717	702,767	715,444	0	0	0	0
Special assessments	302,535	39,226	0	0	0	2,600	222,212	41,481	48,743	68,963
Intergovernmental	3,105,629	5,026,769	8,949,194	6,821,970	7,255,039	3,173,085	2,479,949	2,783,359	2,034,580	643,997
Charges for services	261,639	300,654	363,065	323,797	313,901	292,263	264,265	314,034	223,021	253,829
Fines and forfeitures	373,985	359,820	315,589	274,318	218,577	210,759	217,872	227,678	200,780	196,447
Fees, licenses and permits	391,356	518,593	450,932	419,479	362,885	350,538	368,405	432,009	488,475	268,842
Interest	190,659	531,424	549,867	228,536	69,224	64,280	113,149	350,591	722,307	433,653
Contributions Other	575 287,506	30,195 286,423	35,598 390,310	5,500 338,692	11,902 260,576	3,350 21,215	4,950 41,548	7,501 249,043	67,047 113,873	37,480 42,937
Total revenues	21 807 484	24 134 783	395 737 96	25 374 243	95 770 66	14 603 563	14 773 082	16 618 134	27986751	14 991 061
Expenditures										
Current										
Security of persons and property	8,130,860	7,611,391	7,360,010	7,062,612	6,444,052	6,115,425	5,890,142	5,700,856	5,352,896	5,358,148
Public health services	329,263	297,746	304,679	264,326	233,212	219,686	240,994	244,481	243,067	223,293
Leisure time activities	1,817,404	1,789,681	1,597,798	1,390,308	1,269,150	1,302,775	1,318,863	1,201,121	993,821	5,264,178
Community environment	560,983	675,411	549,928	850,070	415,126	743,674	411,324	395,609	501,117	364,744
basic unity services	0	o	o	0	331,761	767,046	344,241	/86,446	340,792	551,585
Transportation	1,679,504	1,599,785	3,549,015	1,349,958	1,259,781	1,315,080	1,253,692	1,275,896	1,245,609	3,395,699
General government	5,493,993	5,591,828	7,570,993	3,941,265	3,281,585	3,232,456	3,514,816	3,039,672	3,101,844	4,138,505
Capital outlay	2,628,467	6,574,381	7,200,735	8,874,766	6,238,427	3,015,420	4,662,285	4,723,895	6,894,374	0
Debt service:	100	000	600	200	000	000 11	000	00000	i i	¢
Frincipal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	481,691 325 032	371 819	712,823	/04,533 428 315	/01,09/ 420,110	6/4,909	38,632	39,090 456,209	390,250	151 971
	10000		2016	2,00	011,021		1	0	001	
Total expenditures	21,447,197	25,207,825	29,261,166	24,865,953	20,614,301	17,387,571	18,042,651	17,421,416	19,069,329	19,227,923
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	360,287	(1,073,042)	496,229	508,290	1,463,058	(2,784,008)	(3,269,569)	(803,282)	(3,770,354)	(4,236,862)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from the sale of bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,000,000	0	3,040,000	0
Premium/accrued interest on sale of bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0	19,161	0	0	0
Proceeds from the sale of assets	34,983	14,782	1,372,695	0	0	0	1,186,715	0	21,486	0 (
Inception of capital lease	24,599	0 07 7 7 7	12,362	9,163	04,011	9,446	0 020 300 1	0 0000	0	0 240 833
Transfers-out	(2,973,780)	(4,125,400)	4,005,993) (4,005,993)	(3,978,485)	(1,625,644)	(1,965,052)	(1,905,379)	(2,887,264)	(2,233,045)	(3,737,116)
Total other financian courses (ueas)	695 05	197.767	1 395 057	0.162	64.011	70 446	928 500 8		3.061.486	3716
Total Office Thirdholds Sources (uses)	790,60	14,782	1,00,000,1	2,103	04,011	07,440	0,202,010		3,001,400	3,710
Special Item	0	0	0	0	275,000	0	0	0	0	0
Net change in fund balances	419,869	(1,058,260)	1,881,286	517,453	1,802,069	(2,704,562)	4,936,307	(803,282)	(708,868)	(4,233,146)
Beginning fund balance	7,660,495	8,718,755	6,837,469	6,320,017	4,517,948	7,222,510	2,233,218	3,036,500	3,790,356	3,971,572
Ending fund balance (deficit)	\$8,080,364	\$7,660,495	\$8,718,755	\$6,837,470	\$6,320,017	\$4,517,948	\$7,169,525	\$2,233,218	\$3,081,488	(\$261,574)
Palet contribute a secondation of										
Deor service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4%	%9	5%	7%	%8	%8	3%	4%	3%	1%

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)
Page 2

Explanation of large and/or unusual changes as noted in the components of changes in fund balances.

D				
Rev	/en	u	U.S.	

Municipal income taxes: Decrease in the amount of \$1,309,921 from 2002-2003 due to the following:

- down trend in the economy after the events of September 11, 2001.

Increase in the amount of \$3,385,964 from 2004-2005 due to the following:

- voted increase in the earnings tax rate from 1% to 1.5% effective July 1, 2004.

Increase in the amount of \$1,511,862 from 2005-2006 due to the following:

- increase in overall earnings tax revenues as a result of the increase of the earnings tax rate.

Decrease in the amount of \$1,674,137 from 2006-2007 due to the following:

- larger year-end accruals for 2006 as compared to 2007.

Intergovernmental: Decrease in the amount of \$3,922,425 from 2006-2007 due to the following:

- decrease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects.

Decrease in the amount of \$1,921,140 from 2007-2008 due to the following:

- decrease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects.

Payments in lieu of taxes: \$0 until 2003, then shows \$715,444 due to the following:

 in 2003, it was determined that service payments received from Hamilton County under the Pictoria Island Tax Increment Financing agreement should be presented as payments in lieu of taxes. Prior to this these transactions were presented as special assessments revenue.

Expenditures:

Transportation: Increase of \$2,199,057 from 2005-2006 due to the following:

- increase in payroll expenses per hiring of Public Works Assistant Superintendent.

- increase in expense accruals at year-end 2006 for road construction projects.

Decrease of \$1,949,230 from 2006-2007 due to the following:

- decrease in expense accruals at year-end 2006 for road construction projects.

General government: Increase of \$3,629,728 from 2005-2006 due to the following:

 in 2006 as part of the Pictoria Island TIF phase II bond issue closing (bonds issued by the Port of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority), the surplus service payments held by the City were expensed to the Port Authority. The amount expensed was \$2,420,229.

Decrease of \$1,979,165 from 2006-2007 due to the following:

- in 2006 as part of the Pictoria Island TIF phase II bond issue closing (bonds issued by the Port of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority), the surplus service payments held by the City were expensed to the Port Authority. In 2007 the amount expensed was a smaller amount.

Capital Outlay: In 2000, capital outlay was presented as a separate line item.

Decrease of \$3,945,914 from 2007-2008 due to the following:

- decrease in road improvement projects in 2008.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real Property	operty	Public Utility - Personal	- Personal	Tangible Personal Property	nal Property	Total	14	Assessed
Tax Year/ Collection Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Value as a Percent of Actual Value
1998/1999	\$308,240,570	\$880,687,343	\$11,814,990	\$11,814,990	\$90,197,480	\$360,789,920	\$410,253,040	\$1,253,292,253	32.73%
1999/2000	375,686,900	1,073,391,143	11,956,870	11,956,870	91,196,770	364,787,080	478,840,540	1,450,135,093	33.02%
2000/2001	376,996,840	1,077,133,829	10,908,270	10,908,270	93,718,500	374,874,000	481,623,610	1,462,916,099	32.92%
2001/2002	382,430,560	1,092,658,743	7,487,710	7,487,710	92,046,250	368,185,000	481,964,520	1,468,331,453	32.82%
2002/2003	409,639,450	1,170,398,429	6,900,910	6,900,910	97,091,650	388,366,600	513,632,010	1,565,665,939	32.81%
2003/2004	402,402,890	1,149,722,543	6,920,450	6,920,450	89,565,420	358,261,680	498,888,760	1,514,904,673	32.93%
2004/2005	397,960,080	1,137,028,800	8,239,230	8,239,230	88,825,590	355,302,360	495,024,900	1,500,570,390	32.99%
2005/2006	433,234,010	1,237,811,457	7,980,030	7,980,030	89,553,900	358,215,600	530,767,940	1,604,007,087	33.09%
2006/2007	428,485,490	1,224,244,257	7,602,980	7,602,980	64,267,110	257,068,440	500,355,580	1,488,915,677	33.61%
2007/2008	433,739,770	1,239,256,486	6,607,440	6,607,440	46,206,990	184,827,960	486,554,200	1,430,691,886	34.01%

Source - Hamilton County Auditor

County Auditor finds that true or taxable value thereof has changed, and in the third calendar year following the year in which a sexennial reappraisal is completed as ordered by the State Commissioner of Tax The assessed valuation of property within the City is subject to the levy of ad valorem taxes and includes real property, public utilities property, and tangible personal property. The City's property taxes are collected by the Hamilton County Auditor and are remitted to the City on a periodic basis. The direct tax rate for all City operations for the years ended as noted above was \$3.08 per \$1,000 of assessed value. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at no more than 35% of appraised market value. The laws of the State of Ohio require that all property be revalued every six years, and at any time the Equalization.

September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30, if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30 with the remainder payable by angible personal property used in business, other than public utilities, is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25% of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20

utilities is currently assessed at 100% of its true value. Real property of public utilities is currently assessed at 35% of true value. Property taxes on public utilities are subject to the same calendar as real property Public utilities real and tangible personal property taxes collected in any calendar year are those levied on assessed values as of December 31 of the preceding year. Certain tangible personal property of public taxes, which are described above. The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of year-end for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at year-end, nor were they levied to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. The receivable is also offset by deferred revenue in the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of delinquencies, which are presented as property tax revenue.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO
PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

(Fer 51,000 of Assessed Valuation)	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	

			Overlap	Overlapping Rates		
Tax Year/ Collection Year	City of Springdale	Hamilton County	Princeton City School District	Winton Woods School District	Great Oaks Joint Vocational School	Total Full Rate
1998/1999	3.08	19.54	42.24	70.08	2.70	67.56
1999/2000	3.08	20.83	46.19	70.08	2.70	72.80
2000/2001	3.08	19.92	46.19	70.08	2.70	71.89
2001/2002	3.08	21.47	46.19	70.08	2.70	73.44
2002/2003	3.08	21.87	45.79	70.08	2.70	73.44
2003/2004	3.08	21.51	49.03	70.08	2.70	76.32
2004/2005	3.08	21.06	49.03	78.03	2.70	75.87
2005/2006	3.08	20.81	49.03	78.03	2.70	75.62
2006/2007	3.08	20.18	49.03	78.03	2.70	74.99
2007/2008	3.08	20.56	49.03	78.03	2.70	75.37

Source: Hamilton County, Ohio: County Auditor.

Notes: The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Values Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. The City's basic property tax rate may be increased only by the majority vote of the City residents.

Overlapping rates are those of the local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy	4.24%	4.78%	5.10%	%65.9	8.32%	16.64%	17.61%	8.65%	5.93%	%69.9
I Outstanding Delinquent Tax	\$56,277	74,498	79,643	107,560	142,605	307,976	329,068	149,660	99,116	101,999
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy	95.82%	95.29%	94.98%	93.54%	91.48%	83.36%	82.12%	91.59%	94.07%	93.32%
Total Tax Collections	\$1,273,270	1,485,816	1,484,260	1,526,069	1,567,695	1,542,870	1,534,425	1,584,662	1,571,822	1,423,765
Delinquent Tax Levy Collections	\$35,573	44,369	49,281	75,601	60,359	74,515	58,350	109,178	128,569	49,383
Percent of Current Tax Levy Collected	%08.26	97.02%	97.75%	96.74%	96.23%	95.51%	%60'96	95.41%	96.49%	%99:96
Curent Tax Levy Collections	\$1,237,697	1,441,447	1,434,979	1,450,468	1,507,336	1,468,355	1,476,075	1,475,484	1,443,253	1,374,382
Total Tax Levy	\$1,328,827	1,559,213	1,562,701	1,631,379	1,713,722	1,850,846	1,868,451	1,730,210	1,670,938	1,525,713
Delinquent Levy	\$63,266	73,553	94,639	132,084	147,353	313,482	332,387	183,797	175,198	103,772
Current Levy	\$1,265,561	1,485,660	1,468,062	1,499,295	1,566,369	1,537,364	1,536,064	1,546,413	1,495,740	1,421,941
Tax Year/ Collection Year	1998/1999	1999/2000	2000/2001	2001/2002	2002/2003	2003/2004	2004/2005	2005/2006	2006/2007	2007/2008

Source: Hamilton County, Ohio: County Auditor.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Fiscal Year 2008

Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank_	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Thor Gallery at Tri-County LLC	\$50,400,010	1	10%
NRFC Cinn Investor LLC	19,600,020	2	4%
Merchant Street 27 LLC @30	11,000,510	3	2%
Springdale-Kemper Association	7,726,890	4	2%
KE Tri-County LLC	7,605,500	5	2%
Kimco 420 Inc.	7,221,200	6	1%
Avon Capital Corporation	6,824,550	7	1%
Duke Energy Ohio Inc.	6,483,230	8	1%
National Amusements Inc.	5,704,620	9	1%
Kir Tri-County 018 LLC	5,482,220	10	1%
All Others	358,505,450	-	75%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$486,554,200		100%

Source: Hamilton County Auditor.

For comparison purposes, information for 1999 was not available from the Hamilton County Auditor

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO GENERAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Year	Municipal Income Taxes	Property and Other Taxes	Total
2003	\$9,370,885	\$1,847,701	\$11,218,586
2004	10,683,944	1,883,142	12,567,086
2005	14,328,990	1,719,428	16,048,418
2006	15,882,753	1,627,413	17,510,166
2007	14,911,874	1,763,277	16,675,151
2008	13,924,066	1,615,652	15,539,718

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO
INCOME TAX REVENUE BY PAYER TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Budget (Cash) Basis of Accounting)

									Percentage of Total		
Fiscal Year	Tax Rate (1)	Withholding	Business	Individuals	Penalty/ Interest	Total	Withholding	Business	Individual	Penalty/ Interest	Total
1999	1.0%	\$7,319,200	\$1,406,972	\$373,922	\$223,475	\$9,323,569	%62	15%	4%	2%	100%
2000	1.0%	7,487,358	1,648,923	379,761	181,335	9,697,377	77%	17%	4%	2%	100%
2001	1.0%	7,412,190	2,624,309	418,310	351,508	10,806,317	%69	24%	4%	3%	100%
2002	1.0%	7,385,399	1,810,504	430,402	119,800	9,746,105	%9 <i>L</i>	19%	4%	1%	100%
2003	1.0%	7,353,205	1,658,689	420,360	132,701	9,564,955	78%	17%	4%	1%	100%
2004	1.5%	7,954,118	1,089,399	437,379	68,451	9,549,347	83%	11%	2%	1%	100%
2005	1.5%	10,951,054	2,533,670	648,207	106,919	14,239,850	49/	18%	2%	1%	100%
2006	1.5%	11,469,191	3,513,412	598,308	96,326	15,677,237	73%	22%	4%	1%	100%
2007	1.5%	11,801,203	3,161,780	611,839	96,878	15,671,700	75%	20%	4%	1%	100%
2008	1.5%	11,545,811	2,602,265	616,552	120,197	14,884,825	78%	17%	4%	1%	100%

Source: City of Springdale, Tax Department

(1) - Effective July 1, 2004, City electors voted to increase the City income tax rate from 1% to 1.5%.

Note: The City is prohibited by statute from presenting information regarding individual taxpayers.

TO TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME AND DEBT PER CAPITA CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO
RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Governmental	ntal Activities						
Year	General Obligation Bonds	General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes	TIF Revenue Bonds	TIF Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes	Ohio Police/Fire Pension Loan	Capital Leases	Total Debt	Estimated Personal Income (1)	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per Capita
1999	80	\$7,000,000	80	\$2,000,000	80	0\$	\$9,000,000	\$152,984,600	1700%	\$849
2000	0	6,400,000	3,034,440	0	14,285	0	9,448,725	166,094,500	1758%	891
2001	0	5,800,000	2,995,350	0	14,096	0	8,809,446	166,776,200	1893%	831
2002	7,000,000	0	2,956,667	0	13,890	0	9,970,557	153,279,600	1537%	941
2003	6,413,118	0	2,915,311	0	13,680	66,102	9,408,211	152,999,400	1626%	929
2004	5,786,905	1,500,000	2,871,098	0	13,462	93,443	10,264,908	124,347,280	1211%	1,013
2005	5,160,692	1,250,000	2,823,830	0	13,238	65,765	9,313,525	147,145,333	1580%	916
2006	4,534,479	625,000	2,773,494	0	13,004	35,873	7,981,850	147,732,533	1851%	788
2007	3,910,408	0	2,719,468	0	12,760	14,360	966'959'9	155,278,067	2333%	657
2008	3,509,336	0	2,661,709	0	0	27,787	6,198,832	150,051,978	2421%	612

City of Springdale, finance department Source: (1): (2): Note:

Obtained from the Springdale tax department - total residential tax liability

Calculated as estimated personal income divided by total debt Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	80	0	0	099	633	571	209	448	386	346
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	%0	%0	%0	0.48%	0.41%	0.38%	0.34%	0.28%	0.26%	0.25%
Net General Bonded Debt (C)	80	0	0	7,000,000	6,413,118	5,786,905	5,160,692	4,534,479	3,910,408	3,509,336
Less Balance In General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund (C)	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General Bonded Debt (C)	80	0	0	7,000,000	6,413,118	5,786,905	5,160,692	4,534,479	3,910,408	3,509,336
Estimated Actual Value (B)	\$1,253,292,253	1,450,135,093	1,462,916,099	1,468,331,453	1,565,665,939	1,514,904,673	1,500,570,390	1,604,007,087	1,488,915,677	1,430,691,886
Population (A)	10,600	10,600	10,600	10,600	10,130	10,130	10,130	10,130	10,130	10,130
Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

⁽A) - Source: 1990 U.S. Census, 2000 U.S. Census, 2003 U.S. Census.

⁽B) - Source: Hamilton County, Ohio: County Auditor. (C) - Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	General Governmental Expenditures (1)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
1999	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,019,518	0%
2000	0	0	0	11,849,531	0%
2001	0	0	0	12,438,426	0%
2002	0	168,508	168,508	13,155,565	1.28%
2003	620,000	225,047	845,047	13,452,462	6.28%
2004	620,000	221,164	841,164	13,439,455	6.26%
2005	620,000	231,183	851,183	15,206,598	5.60%
2006	620,000	183,120	803,120	16,440,230	4.89%
2007	620,000	163,980	783,980	16,899,870	4.64%
2008	400,000	143,400	543,400	17,618,657	3.08%

(1): Includes general and special revenue funds.Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Springdale	Amount Applicable to City of Springdale
<u>Direct:</u>			
City of Springdale	\$3,500,000	100%	\$3,500,000
Overlapping:			
Hamilton County	106,915,000	2.35%	2,512,503
Princeton City School District	77,375,000	26.28%	20,334,150
Great Oaks Joint Vocational School	14,630,000	2.48%	362,824
Subtotal			23,209,477
			\$26,709,477

All information above was obtained from the Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Total assessed property value (1)	\$486,554,200	\$500,355,580	\$530,767,940	\$495,024,900	\$498,888,760	\$513,632,010	\$481,964,520	\$481,623,610	\$478,840,540	\$410,253,040
Total debt limit (10.5% of assessed value):	\$51,088,191	\$52,537,336	\$55,730,634	\$51,977,615	\$52,383,320	\$53,931,361	\$50,606,275	\$50,570,479	\$50,278,257	\$43,076,569
Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds (2) General obligation notes	3,509,336	3,910,408	4,534,479	5,160,905	5,786,905	6,413,118	7,000,000	0 5,800,000	6,400,000	0 7,000,000
Legal debt limit margin	\$47,578,855	\$48,626,928	\$50,571,155	\$45,566,710	\$45,096,415	\$47,518,243	\$43,606,275	\$44,770,479	\$43,878,257	\$36,076,569
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of total debt limit	7%	7%	%6	12%	14%	12%	14%	11%	13%	16%
Total unvoted debt limit (5.5% of assessed value):	\$26,760,481	\$27,519,557	\$29,192,237	\$27,226,370	\$27,438,882	\$28,249,761	\$26,508,049	\$26,489,299	\$26,336,230	\$22,563,917
Total net debt applicable to limit:										
General obligation bonds (2) General obligation notes	3,509,336	3,910,408	4,534,479 625,000	5,160,905 1,250,000	5,786,905 1,500,000	6,413,118	7,000,000	5,800,000	6,400,000	0 7,000,000
Legal debt limit margin	\$23,251,145	\$23,609,149	\$24,032,758	\$20,815,465	\$20,151,977	\$21,836,643	\$19,508,049	\$20,689,299	\$19,936,230	\$15,563,917
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of total debt limit	13%	14%	18%	24%	27%	23%	26%	22%	24%	31%

Direct debt limitation is based on Section 133, the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code. The total debt limit should not exceed 10.5% of assessed property value. Revenue bonds and notes related to Pictoria Island Tax Increment Financing is not considered in the computation of legal debt margin. Note:

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department. (1) - Obtained from Hamilton County, Ohio: Auditor's Office.

^{(2) -} amount includes bond premium, if applicable

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Area - Square Miles (A)	Population (B)	Estimated Personal Income (C)	Per Capita Personal Income (D)	Median Age (B)	School Enrollment (E)	Unemployment Rate (F)
1999	5.08	10,600	\$152,984,600	\$14,433	35	983	3.00%
2000	5.08	10,600	166,094,500	15,669	39	948	2.90%
2001	5.08	10,600	166,776,200	15,734	39	1,078	3.60%
2002	5.08	10,600	153,279,600	14,460	39	1,003	5.10%
2003	5.08	10,130	152,999,400	15,104	39	962	5.10%
2004	5.08	10,130	124,347,280	12,275	39	849	5.20%
2005	5.08	10,130	147,145,333	14,526	39	862	5.70%
2006	5.08	10,130	147,732,533	14,584	39	480	5.00%
2007	5.08	10,130	155,278,067	15,329	39	796	5.00%
2008	5.08	10,130	150,051,978	14,813	39	808	5.60%

⁽A): Obtained from the Springdale Public Works department.

⁽B): Obtained from 1990 U.S. Census, 2000 U.S. Census, 2003 U.S. Census.

⁽C): Obtained from the Springdale Tax Department - total residential tax liability

⁽D): Calculated as estimated personal income (C) divided by population (B).

⁽E): Source: Princeton City School District.

⁽F): Source: Ohio Bureau of Employment Services, rates are for Hamilton County.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Number	Percent
Employer	of Employees (A)	of Total
General Electric	1,711	5%
Avon Products Inc.	1,023	3%
John Morrell and Company	789	2%
Macy's Retail Holding	764	2%
Spherion Atlantic Enterprises	717	2%
Maple Knoll Communities Inc.	688	2%
Abercrombie and Fitch Stores Inc.	620	2%
Princeton City Schools	489	1%
Minute Men Inc.	469	1%
AMPAC Plastics LLC	406	1%
All others	29,902	79%
Total employment within the City	37,578	100%

Source: City of Springdale, Tax Department.

For comparison purposes, information for 1999 was not available from the Springdale tax department.

⁽A) - Based on the number of W-2's received, includes both full-time and part-time employees.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO FULL TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT AS OF YEAR END LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Full-time positions at December 31	127	127	123	117	117	116	120	117	114	110
Security of Persons and Property Police Department: Police Chief Police Captain Sworn Officers Administrative Secretary Clerks Custodian	37 37 6	36 1 7 7 1	36 1 7 7 7	33 1 7 7 7 1	36 1 1	32 1 7 7 7 1	1 1 3 4 5 7 7 1	32 8 -	33 1 1 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	30 1 9
Fire Department: Fire Chief Assistant Fire Chief Fire Captain Fire Inspector Firefighter Firefighters/Paramedic	1	1 1 0 9 4 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	1 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 2 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 - 4 =	7 - 7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	2 6 1 3 - 1	1 3 3 10	∞ 0 - 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Administrative Secretary	1	_	1		,	1	_	_	_	1
Public Health Services Health Department: Health Commissioner Health Nurse Sanitarian Administrative Assistant										
Leisure Time Activities Parks and Recreation Department: Parks and Recreation Director Assistant Recreation Director Fitness Center Manager Parks Maintenance Adult/Senior Programmer Administrative Assistant Custodian		- 6 - 4	- 6 - 4	- 2 - 4 '	- 2 - 0	- 2 - 6 '		- 8 - 8	- 8 ' 8 '	1 6 1 4 1 1 1
Community Environment Building Department Building Official Building Inspector Property Inspector Administrative Assistant	- 2 2 -	2 -	- 2	- 0	- 2	- 0		1 2 7 1	- 7	1 2 - 1

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO
FULL TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT
AS OF YEAR END
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
PAGE 2

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Transportation Public Works Denartment										
Superintendent of Public Works	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
Assistant Superintendent	0	1	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Public Works Inspector		1	1	1	_	1	1	1	1	1
Mechanic	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Maintenance Worker	12	12	10	11	11	111	11	13	12	12
Administrative Assistant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
General Government										
Administration Department:										
City Administrator		1	1	_	1	1	1	1	П	П
Assistant City Administrator	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
Economic Development Director		1	1	-	1	1	1	•	•	•
Senior Administrative Assistant		2	1	-	_	1	-	1	1	_
Administrative Assistant	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
Administrative Secretary	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	-
Custodian	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Einance Dangetmant										
Finance Department. Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner	\$ 0	\$ 0	90	\$ 0	50	0.5	50	\$ 0	\$ 0	50
Account Clerk	5	2	2	2.5	2	2	2	2.5	2	2
Tax Department:										
Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Account Clerk	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Administrative Secretary	_	1	1	-		-	-	1	-	
Total Full Time Positions	127	127	123	117	117	116	120	117	114	110

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Security of Persons and Property Police Denartment									
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total patrol calls for services:	14,826	14,117	15,239	15,372	15,948	18,895	19,649	21,070	19,531
- 911	169	200	237	278	268	322	361	265	503
- Arrests	2,518	2,267	2,197	1,923	1,948	2,024	1,935	2,128	1,952
- Auto accidents	1,113	1,314	1,180	1,343	1,425	1,473	1,369	1,459	1,396
- Traffic incidents	1,165	541	419	269	273	293	132	189	247
- Offense report	1,817	1,723	2,361	2,421	2,605	2,958	3,011	3,175	2,804
Mayor's court cases heard	4,265	3,886	4,089	3,533	3,148	3,825	3,939	3,578	3,266
Fire Department									
Number of stations	-	-	1	_	1	-	1	1	1
Fire responses	986	932	912	893	908	846	792	954	903
Emergency medical services (EMS) responses	1,967	1,968	2,056	2,142	1,816	2,100	1,907	1,979	1,986
Fire losses	\$168,830	\$229,490	\$121,985	\$132,450	\$169,335	\$85,395	\$197,298	\$615,378	\$294,660
Fublic Health Services Health Department									
Number of health food protection inspections	376	463	929	618	486	417	546	525	633
Animal nuisance removals	26	127	132	127	71	56	320	255	191
Home heath care visits (1)	220	291	263	366	444	49	51	49	89
Leisure Time Activities									
Parks and Recreation Department									
Number of parks	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Total park acreage	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number of community center memberships	3,112	2,115	2,663	2,125	1,984	2,137	2,177	2,052	1,201
Community center membership dollars (cash basis)	\$101,612	\$110,194	\$121,699	\$116,106	\$117,783	\$112,874	\$122,183	\$111,634	\$53,588
Active member fitness center visits (2)	50,731	52,453	53,787	50,662	51,621	50,173	49,324	49,615	6,140
Average visit per fitness center member	23	24.3	28.7	28.2%	32.7	26.5	NA	NA	NA
Community Environment									
Building Department									
Total number of permits issued	099	652	950	682	889	624	638	730	764
Number of residential permits issued	368	266	618	375	566	278	229	258	264
Value of residential permits issued	\$1,998,921	\$1,324,170	\$16,050,007	\$4,854,928	\$1,512,000	\$1,361,489	\$1,129,614	\$1,219,825	\$1,188,025
Number of commercial permits issued	290	380	332	307	422	346	409	471	200
Value of commercial permits issued	\$15,409,775	\$31,133,543	\$29,386,840	\$27,131,533	\$19,286,071	\$7,374,016	\$20,129,821	\$28,793,688	\$51,934,117
Number of building inspections	1,923	2,016	2,212	2,308	1,256	1,163	1,765	2,047	2,676
Number of certificates of occupancy issued	124	63	72	72	82	78	86	93	84

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS
PAGE 2

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Transportation									
Public Works Department									
Chipper man hours	4,283	2,938	2,615	2,475	2,564	2,565	1,781	2,406	2,260
Debris removal requests	160	194	225	255	274	311	304	291	322
Cubic yards of mulch delivered to residents	1,288	1,788	1,476	1,098	1,926	268	NA	NA	NA
Tons of salt used	1,625	1,332	683	1,186	1,299	2,257	671	409	1,534
Snow and ice control callouts	14	11	12	19	12	34	11	Π	21
General Government									
Finance Department									
Average number of business days to post receipts	3.8	4.3	5.1	4.1	5.2	3.5	4.7	3.8	NA
Average number of business days to pay invoices	0.9	8.0	8.2	9.4	9.6	6.2	0.6	6.7	NA
Number of non-payroll checks written	3,500	3,961	4,018	3,706	3,386	3,591	3,924	4,100	3,882
Number of payroll checks written	1,606	1,886	1,979	2,210	2,373	2,290	2,675	2,417	2,543
Number of payroll direct deposits issued	4,298	4,175							
Tax Department									
Number of business accounts at year-end	2,915	2,971	2,879	2,910	2,857	2,837	2,917	2,796	2,699
Number of resident accounts at year-end	4,373	4,530	4,365	3,894	3,887	4,391	4,410	4,630	4,601
Current year no-file % (at due date):									
Business returns	43%	45%	44%	51%	33%	45%	NA	NA	NA
Resident returns	73%	33%	73%	24.5%	78%	29%	NA	NA	NA
Average days to process and mail tax refund	25	35	32	31	28	23	23	26	NA
Tax accounts assigned to mayor's court	207	171	157	152	196	218	190	168	NA
Tax department overtime hours worked	297	260	277	386	286	376	495	692	NA

Source: City of Springdale, departmental annual reports, information available from year 2000 forward.

(1): 2000-2003 reflects number of resident visited, 2004-2006 reflects total number of visits

(2): Fitness center open two months in 2000, all others 12 months

NA: Information not available

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
General Government Administration Department Square footage - municipal building Administrative vehicles	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620 NA
	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	1	1	
Security of Persons and Property Police Department										
Number of stations	1	-	1		-	-	1	1	1	-
Square footage - police building	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500
Number of police cruisers	23	24	24	26	25	23	23	22	20	NA
Number of other police vehicles	6	6	6	∞	8	∞	7	7	5	NA
Fire Department										
Number of stations	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	1
Square footage - fire building	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800
Number of fire vehicles	4	4	4	4	5	7	7	7	7	NA
Number of EMS vehicles	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	1	NA
Number of other vehicles	5	5	4	3	3	3	3	3	2	NA
Public Health Services										
Health Department										
Number of health vehicles	1	1	1	1		2	2	2	2	NA
Leisure Time Activities										
Parks and Recreation Department										
Square footage - community center	72,000	72,000	72,000	72,000	72,000	72,000	72,000	72,000	72,000	23,000
Number of parks	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Number of tennis courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of baseball diamonds	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Number of soccer fields	3	3	33	3	33	3	e	3	e	3
Number of work vehicles	7	9	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	NA
Community Environment										
Building Department										
Number of vehicles	33	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	NA
Transportation										
Fublic Works Department Square Footage - office and garage	19 680	19 680	19 680	19 680	19 680	19 680	19 680	19 680	19 680	19 680
Number of work vehicles	15,00	12,53	13	13	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	13	SS, S
Number of other vehicles	2	. 2	2	- 1	ļ —	: -		. –	: -	NA

Source: City of Springdale, finance department NA: Information not available



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF SPRINGDALE

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 23, 2009