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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Riverside Local School District Logan County 2096 County Road 24 South Degraff, Ohio 43318

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Riverside Local School District, Logan County, (the District), as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Riverside Local School District, Logan County, as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal years then ended in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2009, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Riverside Local School District Logan County Independent Accounts' Report Page 2

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principals generally accepted in the Untied States requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

January 13, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Riverside Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2008 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,219,445 which represents a 10.0% decrease from 2007.
- General revenues accounted for \$5,835,189 in revenue or 77.26% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions, capital grants and contributions accounted for \$1,717,580 or 22.74% of total revenues of \$7,552,769.
- The District had \$8,772,214 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,717,580 of these
 expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, operating grants and
 contributions, and capital grants and contributions. General revenues supporting governmental
 activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$5,835,189 were not
 adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the General Fund. The General Fund had \$6,179,647 in revenues and \$6,927,062 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2008, the General Fund's fund balance decreased \$747,415 from \$870,504 to \$123,089.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2008?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues and from intergovernmental revenues, including unrestricted state entitlements, federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

The District's Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23-47 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007.

	Net Assets		
	Governmental Activities June 30, 2008	Governmental Activities June 30, 2007	
Assets			
Current Assets	\$ 3,448,117	\$ 4,161,287	
Capital Assets, Net	12,939,774	13,492,904	
Total Assets	16,387,891	17,654,191	
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	2,656,845	2,530,875	
Long-Term Liabilities	2,784,538	2,957,363	
Total Liabilities	5,441,383	5,488,238	
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	10,882,957	11,286,087	
Restricted	420,922	486,470	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(357,371)	393,396	
Total Net Assets	\$10,946,508	\$12,165,953	

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2008, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,946,508.

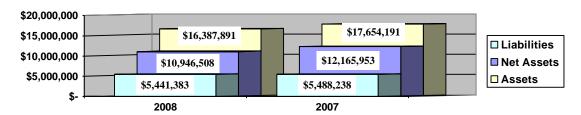
At year-end, capital assets represented 78.96% of total assets. Capital assets include land; land improvements; buildings and improvements; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; vehicles; and textbooks. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2008, were \$10,882,957. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$420,922, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining unrestricted net assets balance is a deficit of \$357,371.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The graph below illustrates the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

	Change in Net Assets		
	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007	
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 947,888	\$ 929,574	
Operating Grants and Contributions	766,954	810,412	
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,738	4,622	
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	1,458,643	1,434,156	
School District Income Tax	538,281	472,562	
Grants and Entitlements	3,743,060	3,679,841	
Investment Earnings	75,977	107,339	
Miscellaneous	19,228	37,868	
Total Revenues	7,552,769	7,476,374	
Expenses:			
Program Expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	3,958,835	3,988,541	
Special	760,355	716,149	
Vocational	132,550	158,776	
Support Services:	040 400	400.055	
Pupil	216,180	188,255	
Instructional Staff	584,836	485,472	
Board of Education	18,421	13,200	
Administration	633,983	639,719	
Fiscal	252,759	279,578	
Business Operations and Maintenance	15,455	26,700 970,965	
Operations and Maintenance	873,130 467,544	870,865	
Pupil Transportation Central	467,541 42,016	408,102 12,920	
Central	42,010	12,320	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

	Change in Net Assets (Continued)		
	Governmental Governmental Activities Activities 2008 2007		
Expenses: (Continued)			
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	368,172	371,209	
Other Non-Instructional Services		750	
Extracurricular Activities	332,468	316,824	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	115,513	116,467	
Total Expenses	8,772,214	8,593,527	
Change in Net Assets	(1,219,445)	(1,117,153)	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	12,165,953	13,283,106	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$10,946,508	\$12,165,953	

Governmental Activities

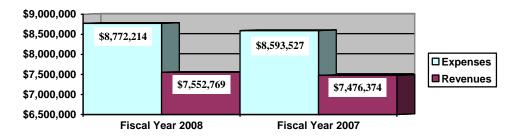
Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$1,219,445. While the District had a slight increase in revenues, this increase was more than offset by an increase in expenditures related to pupil transportation, central support services, and extracurricular activities. Total governmental expenses of \$8,772,214 were offset by program revenues of \$1,717,580 and general revenues of \$5,835,189. Program revenues supported 19.58% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 76% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$4,851,740 or 55.3% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2008.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

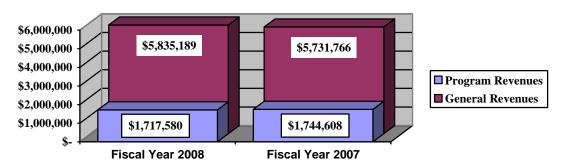
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2008	Net Cost of Services 2008	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007
Program Expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$3,958,835	\$3,406,615	\$3,988,541	\$3,333,044
Special	760,355	286,862	716,149	275,134
Vocational	132,550	105,636	158,776	132,205
Support Services:				
Pupil	216,180	192,466	188,255	168,048
Instructional Staff	584,836	420,680	485,472	404,233
Board of Education	18,421	18,421	13,200	13,200
Administration	633,983	633,983	639,719	635,934
Fiscal	252,759	252,720	279,578	279,553
Business	15,455	(530)	26,700	(9,082)
Operations and Maintenance	873,130	860,469	870,865	832,799
Pupil Transportation	467,541	429,327	408,102	379,560
Central	42,016	37,016	12,920	3,684
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	368,172	29,803	371,209	44,759
Other Non-Instructional Services			750	126
Extracurricular Activities	332,468	265,653	316,824	239,255
Interest and Fiscal Charges	115,513	115,513	116,467	116,467
Total Expenses	\$8,772,214	\$7,054,634	\$8,593,527	\$6,848,919

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 78.3% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 80.42%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$606,872, which is lower than last year's total of \$1,370,165. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase/	Percentage
	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	(Decrease)	Change
General	\$123,089	\$870,504	(\$747,415)	(85.86) %
Other Governmental	483,783	499,661	(15,878)	(3.18) %
Total	\$606,872	\$1,370,165	(\$763,293)	(55.71) %

General Fund

The District's General Fund, fund balance decreased by \$747,415. Expenditures exceeded revenues for fiscal year 2008 by \$746,415. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the General Fund.

	2008 Amount	2007 Amount	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$1,651,649	\$1,599,269	\$52,380	3.28 %
Tuition	495,065	578,859	(83,794)	(14.48) %
Earnings on Investments	75,977	107,339	(31,362)	(29.22) %
Intergovernmental	3,912,226	3,881,062	31,164	0.80 %
Other Revenues	44,730	58,153	(13,423)	(23.08) %
Total	6,179,647	6,224,682	(45,035)	(0.72) %
Expenditures				
Instruction	4,191,350	4,281,439	(90,089)	(2.10) %
Support Services	2,528,710	2,411,158	117,552	4.88 %
Extracurricular Activities	206,002	198,916	7,086	3.56 %
Total	\$6,926,062	\$6,891,513	\$34,549	0.50 %

Overall revenues of the General Fund decreased \$45,035 or 0.72%. The most significant decreases were in the areas of tuition and earnings on investment. Tuition decreased \$83,794 or 14.48%. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in open enrollment tuition receipts in comparison to fiscal year 2007. Earnings on investment decreased \$31,362 or 29.22%. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in funds available to invest during fiscal year 2008.

Overall expenditures of the General Fund increased \$34,549 or 0.50%. The most significant increase was in the area of support service expenditures. Support service expenditures increased \$117,552 or 4.88%. This decrease is primarily due to an increase in accrued wages for staff from fiscal year 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2008, the District amended its General Fund budget several times. For the General Fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$6,406,960 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$6,773,155. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2008 were \$6,772,227.

General Fund original appropriations and other financing uses totaled \$7,396,579 and final appropriations and other financing uses totaled \$7,563,310. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2008 totaled \$7,562,384, which is lower than the final budget appropriations by \$926.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the District had \$12,939,774 invested in land; land improvements; buildings and improvements; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; vehicles; and textbooks. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows June 30, 2008 balances compared to June 30, 2007:

(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	
Land	\$11,423	\$11,423	
Land Improvements	890,591	964,918	
Building and Improvements	11,267,793	11,604,799	
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	626,878	719,101	
Vehicles	143,089	192,663	
Total	\$12,939,774	\$13,492,904	

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$553,130 is due to depreciation of \$588,464 exceeding capital outlays of \$35,334 in fiscal year 2008. All disposals were fully depreciated at June 30, 2008.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2008, the District had \$2,189,189 in general obligation bonds outstanding for building improvements. Of this total, \$155,000 is due within one year and \$2,034,189 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal year End				
Governmental Governmental Activities Activities 2008 2007				
General Obligation Bonds	\$2,189,189	\$2,308,416		
Total	\$2,189,189	\$2,308,416		

At June 30, 2008, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$3,153,131, and an unvoted debt margin of \$57,852.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District is holding its own in the state of a declining economy and uncertainty in State funding. DeGraff and Quincy are small rural communities in West Central Ohio. They have a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a contributing influence on the economy.

The District is currently operating in the first year of the state biennium budget. Approximately 26 percent of District revenue source is from local property and income taxes, approximately 60 percent is from state and federal funds and the remainder is from other sources. The total expenditure per pupil was calculated at \$8,878.

Over the past several years, the District has remained in a good financial position. However, future finances are not without challenges as our community changes and state funding is revised. Some of these challenges are in the future of state funding for schools in light of the DeRolph court case, the long term effects of public utility deregulation, the reduction of personal property for business inventory, and the proposed changes in the state biennial budget.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Ms. Lisa Fahncke, Treasurer, Riverside Local School District, 2096 CR 24 S, DeGraff, Ohio 43318.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$1,196,903
Receivables:	
Taxes	2,121,383
Accounts	2,474
Intergovernmental	30,261
Accrued Interest	6,193
External Party Receivable	20,000
Materials and Supplies Inventory	16,204
Unamortized Bond Issue Costs	54,699
Capital Assets:	
Land	11,423
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	12,928,351
Capital Assets, Net	\$12,939,774
Total Assets	16,387,891
Liabilities:	
	57.041
Accounts Payable	57,941
Accrued Wages and Benefits	633,867
Pension Obligation Payable	167,566
Intergovernmental Payable Unearned Revenue	46,555
	1,745,247
Accrued Interest Payable	5,669
Long-Term Liabilities:	404.000
Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year	184,039
	2,600,499
Total Liabilities	5,441,383
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net	40.000.057
of Related Debt	10,882,957
Restricted for:	-0.040
Capital Projects	73,249
Debt Service	142,643
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	177,465
State Funded Programs	8,869
District Managed Student Activities	7,696
Other Purposes	11,000
Unrestricted (deficit)	(357,371)
Total Net Assets	\$10,946,508

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net (Expense)

					Revenue and
			Program Povonu	oe.	Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Program Revenu Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$3,958,835	\$519,900	\$32,320		(\$3,406,615)
Special	760,355		473,493		(286,862)
Vocational	132,550		26,914		(105,636)
Support Services:					
Pupil	216,180	1,610	22,104		(192,466)
Instructional Staff	584,836	728	163,428		(420,680)
Board of Education	18,421				(18,421)
Administration	633,983				(633,983)
Fiscal	252,759		39		(252,720)
Business	15,455	15,002	983		530
Operations and Maintenance	873,130	97	12,564		(860,469)
Pupil Transportation	467,541	9,656	25,820	2,738	(429,327)
Central	42,016	•	5,000	•	(37,016)
Operation of Non-Instructional	,		-,		(- , ,
Services:					
Food Service Operations	368,172	337,792	577		(29,803)
Extracurricular Activities	332,468	63,103	3,712		(265,653)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	115,513	33,133	٥,		(115,513)
Total Governmental Activities	\$8,772,214	\$947,888	\$766,954	\$2,738	(\$7,054,634)
	General Rev	/enues:			
	Property 7	Taxes Levied F	or:		
	General F	Purposes			1,134,161
	Debt Sen	vice			229,212
	Capital P	rojects			74,144
Special Revenue					21,126
School District Income Tax					538,281
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted				,	
		c Programs			3,743,060
	Investment Earnings				75,977
	Miscellaneous				19,228
	Total General Revenues				5,835,189
	Change in Net Assets			(1,219,445)	
	Net Assets at Beginning of Year				12,165,953
	Net Assets a	at End of Year			\$10,946,508

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	General	i uiius	i uiius
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$731,569	\$465,334	\$1,196,903
Receivables:	ψ.σ.,σσσ	Ψ 100,001	ψ.,.σσ,σσσ
Taxes	1,816,365	305,018	2,121,383
Accounts	2,212	262	2,474
Intergovernmental	4,919	25,342	30,261
Interfund Loans	12,414	-,-	12,414
Accrued Interest	5,966	227	6,193
External Party Receivable	20,000		20,000
Materials and Supplies Inventory	10,678	5,526	16,204
Total Assets	2,604,123	801,709	3,405,832
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	55,759	2,182	57,941
Accrued Wages and Benefits	627,013	6,854	633,867
Compensated Absences Payable	18,166	•	18,166
Pension Obligation Payable	156,673	10,893	167,566
Intergovernmental Payable	45,644	911	46,555
Interfund Loan Payable		12,414	12,414
Deferred Revenue	99,288	17,916	117,204
Unearned Revenue	1,478,491	266,756	1,745,247
Total Liabilities	2,481,034	317,926	2,798,960
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for Encumbrances	25,079	26,492	51,571
Reserved for Materials and			
Supplies Inventory	10,678	5,526	16,204
Reserved for Debt Service		119,909	119,909
Reserved for Tax Revenue Unavailable			
for Appropriation	67,558	20,346	87,904
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:			
General Fund	19,774		19,774
Special Revenue Funds		246,983	246,983
Capital Projects Funds		64,527	64,527
Total Fund Balances	123,089	483,783	606,872
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$2,604,123	\$801,709	\$3,405,832

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2008

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$606,872
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		12,939,774
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental Revenue Total	\$114,393 2,811	117,204
Unamortized deferred charges are not recognized in the funds.		160,840
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance is not recognized in the funds.		(215,539)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		54,699
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(5,669)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated Absences	(522,484)	
General Obligation Bonds	(2,189,189)	(2 744 672)
Total		(2,711,673)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$10,946,508

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
From Local Sources:			
Taxes	\$1,651,649	\$322,198	\$1,973,847
Tuition	495,065		495,065
Transportation Fees	9,656		9,656
Charges for Services		219,358	219,358
Earnings on Investments	75,977	7,180	83,157
Extracurricular		72,682	72,682
Classroom Materials and Fees	15,749	3,910	19,659
Other Local Revenues	19,325	22,895	42,220
Intergovernmental - Intermediate	,	1,400	1,400
Intergovernmental - State	3,912,226	278,417	4,190,643
Intergovernmental - Federal	-,- ,	445,273	445,273
Total Revenues	6,179,647	1,373,313	7,552,960
Expenditures: Current:			
Instruction:			
	2.645.260	61 404	2 676 744
Regular	3,615,260	61,481	3,676,741
Special	460,199	286,601	746,800
Vocational	115,891		115,891
Support Services:	102 704	24 202	217.006
Pupil	192,794	24,302	217,096
Instructional Staff	391,231	161,659	552,890
Board of Education	18,421		18,421
Administration	596,580	0.000	596,580
Fiscal	240,817	8,668	249,485
Business	000 744	15,455	15,455
Operations and Maintenance	629,741	203,553	833,294
Pupil Transportation	422,110		422,110
Central	37,016	5,000	42,016
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		040 400	0.4.0.4.0.0
Food Service Operations		313,422	313,422
Extracurricular Activities	206,002	74,773	280,775
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement		150,000	150,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		85,277	85,277
Total Expenditures	6,926,062	1,390,191	8,316,253
Excess of Expenditures over Revenues	(746,415)	(16,878)	(763,293)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In		1,000	1,000
Transfers (Out)	(1,000)		(1,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,000)	1,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(747,415)	(15,878)	(763,293)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	870,504	499,661	1,370,165
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$123,089	\$483,783	\$606,872

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(\$763,293)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$35,334 (588,464)	(553,130)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	00.077	
Taxes Intergovernmental Revenue Total	23,077 (23,268)	(191)
Premiums on refunding bonds are recongnized as revenues in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities.		14,950
Bond issuance costs on refunding bonds are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities.		(3,794)
Deferred charges on refundings are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities.		(11,156)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.		150,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is expensed when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities.		
Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Total	537 (30,773)	(30,236)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds.		(22,595)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	!	(\$1,219,445)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues: Pinal Actual Positive (Negative) From local sources: Taxes \$1,594,407 \$1,685,537 \$1,685,537 \$1,685,537 \$1,085,537 <th></th> <th colspan="2">Budgeted Amounts</th> <th></th> <th>Variance with Final Budget</th>		Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
Taxes		Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Taxes	Revenues:				
Tuition 468.299 495,065 495,065 Transportation Fees 9,134 9,656 9,656 Earnings on Investments 73,498 77,699 77,699 Classroom Materials and Fees 14,898 15,749 15,749 Other Local Revenues 16,615 17,565 17,565 Intergovernmental - State 3,698,290 3,909,669 3,909,669 Total Revenue 5,875,141 6,210,940 6,210,940 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,585,474 3,666,296 3,666,297 (\$1) Special 453,555 463,779 463,779 Vocational 127,787 130,668 130,668 Support Services: Pupil 189,789 194,067 194,067 194,067 194,067 194,067 194,067 194,067 194,067 194,067 194,067 184,21 Advance Advances 266,166 272,168 237,160 35,006 067,181	From local sources:				
Transportation Fees					
Earnings on Investments					
Classroom Materials and Fees 14,898 15,749 15,749 17,565	•				
Other Local Revenues 16,615 17,565 17,565 17,565 Intergovernmental - State 3,698,290 3,909,669 3,909,669 3,909,669 Total Revenue 5,875,141 6,210,940 6,210,940 6,210,940 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,585,474 3,666,296 3,666,297 (\$1) Special 453,555 463,779 463,779 463,779 Vocational 127,787 130,668 130,668 310,668 Support Services: Pupil 189,789 194,067 194,067 Instructional Staff 373,271 381,685 381,685 Based of Education 18,015 18,421 18,421 Administration 593,796 607,181	_				
Intergovernmental - State 3,698,290 3,909,669 3,909,669 Total Revenue 5,875,141 6,210,940 6,210,940					
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,585,474 3,666,296 3,666,297 (\$1) \$\$ Special 453,555 463,779 463,779 \$\$ Vocational 127,787 130,668 130,668 \$\$ Support Services: Pupil 189,789 194,067 194,067 194,067 181,015 184,21					
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular					
Current: Instruction: Regular 3,585,474 3,666,296 3,666,297 (\$1) Special 453,555 463,779 463,779 Vocational 127,787 130,668 130,668 Support Services: Pupil 189,789 194,067 194,067 Instructional Staff 373,271 381,685 381,685 Board of Education 18,015 18,421 18,421 Administration 593,796 607,181 607,181 Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Central 4,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Central 4,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 245 (246) (246) (246) (256) (276,944) (256) (276,944) (256) (276,945) (276,945) (276,946) (276,947) (276,9	Total Revenue	5,875,141	6,210,940	6,210,940	
Instruction: Regular 3,585,474 3,666,296 3,666,297 (\$1) Special 453,555 463,779 463,779 463,779 Vocational 127,787 130,668 130,668 Support Services: Pupil 189,789 194,067 194,067 194,067 Instructional Staff 373,271 381,685 381,685 Board of Education 18,015 18,421 18,421 Administration 593,796 607,181 607,181 Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Expenditures:				
Regular 3,585,474 3,666,296 3,666,297 (\$1) Special 453,555 463,779 463,779 Vocational 127,787 130,668 130,668 30,668 Support Services: Total Other Prince 130,668 18,461 140,667 18,421 14,421 14,421 14,421 14,421 14,421 14,421 14,127 14,127 14,127 14,127 14,266 14,266	Current:				
Special 453,555 463,779 463,779 Vocational 127,787 130,668 130,668 Support Services: Pupil 189,789 194,067 194,067 Instructional Staff 373,271 381,685 381,685 Board of Education 18,015 18,421 18,421 Administration 593,796 607,181 607,181 Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Vocational 127,787 130,668 130,668 Support Services: Pupil 189,789 194,067 194,067 Instructional Staff 373,271 381,685 381,685 Board of Education 18,015 18,421 18,421 Administration 593,796 607,181 607,181 Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Cother Financing Sources (Uses): (978) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000)		3,585,474	3,666,296	3,666,297	(\$1)
Support Services: Pupil 189,789 194,067 194,067 Instructional Staff 373,271 381,685 381,685 Board of Education 18,015 18,421 18,421 Administration 593,796 607,181 607,181 Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,337	Special	453,555	463,779	463,779	
Pupil Instructional Staff 189,789 194,067 194,067 Instructional Staff 373,271 381,685 381,685 Board of Education 18,015 18,421 18,421 Administration 593,796 607,181 607,181 Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466		127,787	130,668	130,668	
Instructional Staff 373,271 381,685 381,685 Board of Education 18,015 18,421 18,421 18,421 Administration 593,796 607,181 607,181 Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Otal Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Support Services:				
Board of Education 18,015 18,421 18,421 Administration 593,796 607,181 607,181 Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) (40,000)	Pupil	189,789	194,067	194,067	
Administration 593,796 607,181 607,181 Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (978) (1,000) (1,000) 402,463 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (978) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) 402,463 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (978) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) 402,463 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (978) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000)	Instructional Staff	373,271	381,685	381,685	
Fiscal 266,166 272,166 237,160 35,006 Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (978) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) 40,000 (1,000) </td <td>Board of Education</td> <td>18,015</td> <td>18,421</td> <td>18,421</td> <td></td>	Board of Education	18,015	18,421	18,421	
Operations and Maintenance 629,927 644,127 644,127 Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (978) (1,000) (1,000) 40,000	Administration	593,796	607,181	607,181	
Pupil Transportation 401,222 410,266 410,266 Central 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginn	Fiscal	266,166	272,166	237,160	35,006
Central Extracurricular Activities 1,404 1,436 36,442 (35,006) Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) <t< td=""><td>Operations and Maintenance</td><td>629,927</td><td>644,127</td><td>644,127</td><td></td></t<>	Operations and Maintenance	629,927	644,127	644,127	
Extracurricular Activities 199,736 204,238 203,310 928 Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (978) (1,000) (928) (928) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (928) (1) (928) <	Pupil Transportation	401,222	410,266	410,266	
Total Expenditures 6,840,142 6,994,330 6,993,403 927 Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Central	1,404	1,436	36,442	(35,006)
Excess of Expenditures over Revenues (965,001) (783,390) (782,463) 927 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597		199,736	204,238	203,310	928
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Total Expenditures	6,840,142	6,994,330	6,993,403	927
Transfers (Out) (978) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Excess of Expenditures over Revenues	(965,001)	(783,390)	(782,463)	927
Advances In 530,200 560,504 559,576 (928) Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances (Out) (555,440) (567,961) (567,962) (1) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Transfers (Out)	(978)	(1,000)	(1,000)	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 1,387 1,466 1,466 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Advances In	530,200	560,504	559,576	(928)
Refund of Prior Year Receipts (19) (19) (19) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Advances (Out)	(555,440)	(567,961)	(567,962)	(1)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 232 245 245 Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	1,387	1,466	1,466	
Total other Financing Uses (24,618) (6,765) (7,694) (929) Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 135,597 135,597 135,597 135,597	Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(19)	(19)	(19)	
Net Change in Fund Balance (989,619) (790,155) (790,157) (2) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		245	245	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,355,197 1,355,197 1,355,197 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Total other Financing Uses	(24,618)	(6,765)	(7,694)	(929)
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Net Change in Fund Balance	(989,619)	(790,155)	(790,157)	(2)
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 135,597 135,597 135,597	Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,355,197	1,355,197	1,355,197	
					(\$2)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

Private-Purpose

	Trust		
	Scholarship	Agency	
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$25,042	\$108,434	
Receivables:			
Accrued Interest	17		
Total Assets	25,059	108,434	
	_		
Liabilities:			
External Party Payable		20,000	
Due to Students		88,434	
Total Liabilities		\$108,434	
Net Assets:			
Held in Trust for Scholarships	25,059		
Total Net Assets	\$25,059		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-PurposeTrust
A dalition o	Scholarship
Additions: Interest	\$1,096
Total Additions	1,096
Deductions: Scholarships Awarded	1,500
Change in Net Assets	(404)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	25,463
Net Assets at End of Year	\$25,059

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Riverside Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and the privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board oversees the operations of the District's 7 instructional/support facilities staffed by 37 non-certified and 66 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 783 students and other community members. The District ranks 549 among 896 public and community school districts in the State of Ohio.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units." The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organization that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

1. Group Purchasing Pools

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating program for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund."

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Company provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

Logan County Schools Benefit Plan Association

The District participates in the Logan County Schools Benefit Plan Association (the Plan); a public entity shared risk pool consisting of one educational service center, one joint vocational school district, Riverside Local School District, Indian Lake Local School District and Benjamin Logan Local School District. The District pays monthly premiums to the Plan for employee life insurance and dental and medical benefits. The Plan is responsible for the payment of all Plan liabilities to its employees, dependents and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

Ohio School Plan

The Ohio School Plan (the Plan) is a shared liability, property and fleet insurance risk pool which is governed by a board of thirteen school superintendents, business managers and treasurers. Harcum-Schuett, the insurance agency, has one board seat. OSBA, BASA and OASBO executive directors serve as ex-officio members. 450 educational entities are served by the Plan. The Plan's board elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the plan. All Plan revenues are generated from charges for services. For more information, write to the Ohio School Plan, Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., 246 Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

2. Jointly Governed Organizations

Western Ohio Computer Organization

The District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO). WOCO is an association of public Districts within the boundaries of Hardin, Auglaize, Logan, Shelby, Miami and Champaign Counties.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member District. This organization is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of 14 members: the superintendent of the fiscal agent Shelby County Educational Service Center, two superintendents from each county that is represented, one Treasurer representative from the school districts, student services representative from the school districts and a non-voting independent district representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained form Sonny Ivey, who serves as Director, at 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District

The Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District (JVS) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio that provides vocational education to students. The JVS is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each participating school districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District, R. Eric Adelsberger, who serves as Treasurer, at 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

Logan County Education Foundation

The Logan County Education Foundation (the Foundation) was established to secure and distribute contributions from individuals, corporations and foundations for the benefit of students within the county. The Foundation promotes, sponsors and encourages the pursuit of excellence in education for students. The Foundation is managed by a six member Board of Trustees. These trustees are nominated by their local school boards including Bellefontaine City School District, Benjamin Logan Local School District, Indian Lake Local School District and Riverside Local School District. The Executive Board is comprised of the Logan County Educational Service Center Superintendent representing the city school district. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Eric Adelsberger, who serves as Financial Advisor, 2626 County Road 18, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; (c) food service operations; and (d) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

1. Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue

Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2008 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

3. Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level in all funds are made by the Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts represent the original and final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2008, investments were limited to certificates of deposit.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2008 amounted to \$75,977, which includes \$22,013 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,200. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements	15 - 30 years
Buildings and improvements	30 - 50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years
Textbooks	10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets. Loans to student activities (Agency Funds) are classified as "External Party Receivables/Payables".

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2008, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees at least 50 years of age with 10 years of service or any age with at least 15 years of service, were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2008 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Unamortized Issuance Cost/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 10. A.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, debt service and property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The District did not have assets restricted by enabling legislation. The amount restricted for other purposes consists of the balance of the underground storage fund (a non-major governmental fund).

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2008.

3. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2008, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", GASB Statement No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues", and GASB Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures".

GASB Statement No. 45 establishes uniform standards of financial reporting for other postemployment benefits and increases the usefulness and improves the faithfulness of representations in the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 45 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District; however, certain disclosures related to postemployment benefits (see Note 14) have been modified to conform to the new reporting requirements.

GASB Statement No. 48 establishes criteria to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or as collateralized borrowings, as well as disclosure requirements for future revenues that are pledged and sold. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

3. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 50 establishes standards that more closely align the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those of other postemployment benefits. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 50 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of
 the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
 agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the District by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the District or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$150 in un-deposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,330,229. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2008 \$1,181,097 of the District's bank balance of \$1,381,097 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$200,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2008:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$1,330,229
Cash on hand	150
Total	\$1,330,379
Cash and investments per statement of net assets Governmental activities Private-purpose trust funds Agency funds	\$1,196,903 25,042 108,434
Total	\$1,330,379

5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to non-major governmental funds from:

General fund \$1,000

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2008 as reported on the fund statements consist of the following individual interfund loan receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General	Non-major governmental funds	\$12,414

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2008 are reported on the statement of net assets.

C. Loans between governmental funds and agency funds are reported as "External Party Receivable/Payable" on the financial statements. The District had the following loans outstanding at June 30, 2008:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General	Agency	\$20,000

This loan is expected to be repaid in the subsequent year as resources become available in the agency fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 became a lien December 31, 2006, were levied after April 1, 2007 and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2008 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2008, on the value as of December 31, 2007. Tangible personal property tax is being phased out. For 2007, tangible personal property is assessed at 12.5% for property including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 6.25% for 2008, and will be reduced to zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2008-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Logan and Shelby Counties. The respective County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2008, are available to finance fiscal year 2008 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2008 was \$67,558 in the General Fund, \$15,740 in the Debt Service Fund (a non-major governmental fund) and \$4,606 in the Capital Projects Fund (a non-major governmental fund). This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$82,096 in the General Fund \$21,790 in the Debt Service Fund (a non-major governmental fund) and \$6,220 in the Capital Projects Fund (a non-major governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2008 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2008 taxes were collected are:

	2007 Second Half Collections		2008 First Half Collections	
	Amount Percent Am			Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate	\$49,451,270	92.29	\$56,222,700	94.19
Public utility personal	2,811,330	5.25	2,260,720	3.79
Tangible personal property	1,318,820	2.46	1,204,214	2.02
Total	\$53,581,420	100.00	\$59,687,634	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$52.90		\$52.30	

7. SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of .75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2000 for 5 years and was renewed on March 2, 2004, with a period starting January 1, 2005 lasting 5 years and will continue for 5 years. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

8. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities:

Taxes	\$2,121,383
Accounts	2,474
Intergovernmental	30,261
Accrued interest	6,193
Total	\$2,160,311

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2008
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated:	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			* 4.4.400
Land	\$11,423			\$11,423
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	11,423			11,423
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment Vehicles Textbooks	1,363,669 14,128,986 2,028,592 586,418 632,952	\$30,834 4,500	(\$50,847)	1,363,669 14,128,986 2,008,579 590,918 632,952
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	18,740,617	35,334	(50,847)	18,725,104
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment Vehicles Textbooks	(398,751) (2,524,187) (1,309,491) (393,755) (632,952)	(74,327) (337,006) (123,057) (54,074)	50,847	(473,078) (2,861,193) (1,381,701) (447,829) (632,952)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,259,136)	(588,464)	50,847	(5,796,753)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$13,492,904	(\$553,130)	\$0	\$12,939,774

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction: Regular Special Vocational	\$ 269,964 7,168 17,748
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	40,746
Administration	35,393
Fiscal	4,534
Operations and Maintenance	46,352
Pupil Transportation	56,763
Extracurricular	56,193
Food Service Operations	53,603
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 588,464

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2008, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

Balance			Balance	Amounts Due in
June 30, 2007	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2008	One Year
\$ 673,181	\$20,458	(\$120,000)	\$ 573,639	\$125,000
1,635,235	10,315	(30,000)	1,615,550	30,000
590,454	61,740	(111,544)	540,650	29,039
\$2,898,870	\$92,513	(\$261,544)	2,729,839	\$184,039
			(160,840)	
			215,539	
			\$2,784,538	
	June 30, 2007 \$ 673,181 1,635,235 590,454	June 30, 2007Additions\$ 673,181\$20,4581,635,23510,315590,45461,740	June 30, 2007 Additions Reductions \$ 673,181 \$20,458 (\$120,000) 1,635,235 10,315 (30,000) 590,454 61,740 (111,544)	June 30, 2007 Additions Reductions June 30, 2008 \$ 673,181 \$20,458 (\$120,000) \$ 573,639 1,635,235 10,315 (30,000) 1,615,550 590,454 61,740 (111,544) 540,650 \$2,898,870 \$92,513 (\$261,544) 2,729,839 (160,840) 215,539

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences have been accrued for vacation and severance liabilities. The amounts will be paid from the funds which employees' salaries are paid, which primarily are the General Fund and food service fund (a non-major governmental fund).

School Facilities Construction and Improvement General Obligation Bonds

On May 4, 2001, the District issued \$2,881,817 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing, renovation and improving existing school facilities and related site development. The bond issue included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds with par values of \$1,130,000, \$1,685,000, and \$66,817, respectively. The bonds will be retired with a voted property tax levy from the debt service fund. The interest rates on the serial and term bonds are 4.6% to 5.75% and 12.55% for the capital appreciation bonds. During fiscal year 2006, \$1,685,000 of the serial bonds were refunded.

The capital appreciation bonds will mature during fiscal years 2012 and 2013. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$290,000. Total accreted interest of \$111,822 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2008. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund (a non-major governmental fund).

Interest on the remaining Serial bonds is payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning December 1, 2001 until maturity or earlier redemption. The capital appreciation bonds will accrue interest, compounded semiannually on June 1 and December 1, from the date of their issuance, but the interest will be payable only at maturity.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2008 on the 2001 series general obligation bonds:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2008
Current Interest Bonds - 2001 Series Capital Appreciation Bonds -	\$515,000		(\$120,000)	\$395,000
2001 Series	158,181	\$20,458		178,639
Total	\$673,181	\$20,458	(\$120,000)	\$573,639

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2001 series general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year	Current Interest Bonds			Capital A	Appreciation	n Bonds
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2009	\$125,000	\$19,955	\$144,955	_		
2010	130,000	13,705	143,705			
2011	140,000	7,140	147,140			
2012				\$35,439	\$109,561	\$145,000
2013				31,378	113,622	145,000
Total	\$395,000	\$40,800	\$435,800	\$66,817	\$223,183	\$290,000

On September 14, 2005, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2006A Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2001 current interest general obligation bonds (principal \$1,685,000). The issuance proceeds of \$1,685,000 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (insubstance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$1,675,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$10,000. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2010 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$355,000. Total accreted interest of \$20,550 has been included in the statement of activities. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund (a non-major governmental fund).

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$191,520. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

Ralanco

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2008 on the 2006 refunding bonds: Palanco

	6/30/2007	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2008
Current Interest Bonds – 2006 Series	\$1,615,000		(\$30,000)	\$1,585,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds – 2006 Series	20,235	\$10,315		30,550
Total	\$1,635,235	\$10,315	(\$30,000)	\$1,615,550

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2006 series refunding bonds:

Cur	Current Interest Bonds		Capital A	Appreciation	Bonds
Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
\$ 30,000	\$ 61,865	\$ 91,865			
35,000	60,890	95,890			
35,000	59,717	94,717			
35,000	58,510	93,510			
35,000	57,285	92,285			
550,000	261,225	811,225	\$10,000	\$345,000	\$355,000
865,000	109,965	974,965			
\$1,585,000	\$669,457	\$2,254,457	\$10,000	\$345,000	\$355,000
	Principal \$ 30,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 550,000 865,000	Principal Interest \$ 30,000 \$ 61,865 35,000 60,890 35,000 59,717 35,000 58,510 35,000 57,285 550,000 261,225 865,000 109,965	Principal Interest Total \$ 30,000 \$ 61,865 \$ 91,865 35,000 60,890 95,890 35,000 59,717 94,717 35,000 58,510 93,510 35,000 57,285 92,285 550,000 261,225 811,225 865,000 109,965 974,965	Principal Interest Total Principal \$ 30,000 \$ 61,865 \$ 91,865 35,000 60,890 95,890 35,000 59,717 94,717 35,000 58,510 93,510 35,000 57,285 92,285 550,000 261,225 811,225 \$10,000 865,000 109,965 974,965	Principal Interest Total Principal Interest \$ 30,000 \$ 61,865 \$ 91,865 35,000 60,890 95,890 35,000 59,717 94,717 35,000 58,510 93,510 35,000 57,285 92,285 550,000 261,225 811,225 \$10,000 \$345,000 865,000 109,965 974,965 \$10,000 \$345,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2008, are a voted debt margin of \$3,153,131 (including available funds of \$135,649) and an unvoted debt margin of \$57,852.

11. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 240 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for 25 percent of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 62.5 days for all employees.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

During fiscal year 2008, the District participated in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool (see Note 2.A.). The District entered into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage and deductibles that it selects. The OSP is administered by Hylant Administrative Services, LLC.

The District is subject to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage.

Real property and contents are fully insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District's comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property and building contents has a liability limit of \$20,926,578 and a 100 percent coinsurance. The policy includes a \$1,000 deductible for commercial property coverage.

The District's fleet insurance has a liability limit of \$1,000,000, \$5,000 for medical payments, \$100,000 for fire damage and \$1,000,000 for uninsured motorists. The policy includes a \$1,000 deductible for school buses and \$500 deductible for all other vehicles.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

12. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The District's liability policy has a limit of \$2,000,000 for each occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Employee Benefits

The District participates in the Logan County Schools Benefit Plan Association (the Plan); a public entity shared risk pool consisting of one joint vocational school, one educational service center and Riverside Local School District, Indian Lake Local School District and Benjamin Logan Local School District. The District pays monthly premiums for employee life insurance and dental and medical benefits. The Plan is responsible for all Plan liabilities to its employees, dependents and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2008, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP.

The workers' compensation experience of the participating Districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school Districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to Districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

13. PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under *Forms and Publications*.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

13. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2008, 9.16 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$76,502, \$83,884 and \$77,231, respectively; 38.05 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. The 2007 and 2006 District contributions have been restated to exclude the portion allocated to Medicare Part B.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan.

STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

13. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$469,431, \$446,203 and \$417,988, respectively; 83.93 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2008 were \$295 made by the District and \$281 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2008, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

14. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2008, 4.18 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2008, this amount was \$13,955.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

14. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$34,910, \$41,365 and \$38,294, respectively; 38.05 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2008, this actuarially required allocation was 0.66 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$5,512, \$5,704 and \$6,147, respectively; 38.05 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the Plan) administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions.

For 2008, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$36,110, \$34,323 and \$32,153, respectively; 83.93 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

15. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis provides a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

15. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the General Fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance	
	General fund
Budget basis	(\$790,157)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(31,293)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	36,409
Net adjustment for other financing sources/uses	6,694
Adjustment for encumbrances	30,932
GAAP basis	(\$747,415)

16. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

17. STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the reserve activity was as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

17. STATUTORY RESERVES (Continued)

	Materials/	Capital
	Textbooks	Acquisition
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2007	(\$360,155)	(\$247,693)
Current year set-aside requirement	128,502	128,502
Current year offsets		(112,423)
Qualifying disbursements	(112,190)	(5,938)
Total	(343,843)	(237,552)
Balance carried forward to FY 2009	(\$343,843)	(\$231,614)

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the textbooks/instructional materials reserve. These extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amount is therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year. The capital acquisition reserve had debt related offsets that may be carried forward to future years. Excess qualifying disbursements may not be carried forward.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Riverside Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,117,153 which represents an 8.41% decrease from 2006.
- General revenues accounted for \$5,731,766 in revenue or 76.67% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$1,744,608 or 23.33% of total revenues of \$7,476,374.
- The District had \$8,593,527 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,744,608 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions, or capital grants and contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$5,731,766 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the General Fund. The General Fund had \$6,224,682 in revenues and \$6,892,513 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2007, the General Fund's fund balance decreased \$667,831 from \$1,538,335 to \$870,504.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues and from intergovernmental revenues, including unrestricted state entitlements, federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 59-60 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 55. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 61-65 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets on pages 66 and 67. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 69-92 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2007 and 2006.

	Net Assets	
	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Assets		
Current Assets	\$4,161,287	\$4,619,586
Capital Assets	13,492,904	14,117,863
Total Assets	17,654,191	18,737,449
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	2,530,875	2,425,917
Long-Term Liabilities	2,957,363	3,028,426
Total Liabilities	5,488,238	5,454,343
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets,		
net of Related Debt	11,286,087	11,766,046
Restricted	486,470	482,022
Unrestricted	393,396	1,035,038
Total Net Assets	\$12,165,953	\$13,283,106

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2007, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$12,165,953. Of this total, \$393,396 is unrestricted in use.

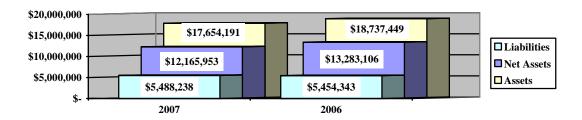
At year-end, capital assets represented 76.43% of total assets. Capital assets include land; land improvements; buildings and improvements; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; vehicles; and textbooks. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2007, were \$11,286,087. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$486,470, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$393,396 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The graph below illustrates the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2007 and 2006:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Change in Net Assets			
	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006	
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 929,574	\$ 879,202	
Operating Grants and Contributions	810,412	1,249,151	
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,622	7,552	
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	1,434,156	1,402,515	
School District Income Tax	472,562	472,562	
Grants and Entitlements	3,679,841	3,095,784	
Investment Earnings	107,339	96,482	
Miscellaneous	37,868	25,354	
Total revenues	7,476,374	7,228,602	
Expenses			
Program Expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	3,988,541	3,975,443	
Special	716,149	794,295	
Vocational	158,776	184,865	
Support Services:			
Pupil	188,255	222,679	
Instructional Staff	485,472	352,357	
Board of Education	13,200	14,613	
Administration	639,719	581,605	
Fiscal	279,578	260,047	
Business	26,700	36,709	
Operations and Maintenance	870,865	701,125	
Pupil Transportation	408,102	332,986	
Central	12,920	6,515	

(Continued)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Change in Net Assets (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Expenses (Continued)		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		
Food Service Operations	371,209	341,024
Other Non-Instructional Services	750	48,676
Extracurricular Activities	316,824	219,593
Interest and Fiscal Charges	116,467	102,775
Total Expenses	8,593,527	8,175,307
Change in Net Assets	(1,117,153)	(946,705)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	13,283,106	14,229,811
Net Assets at End of Year	\$12,165,953	\$13,283,106

Governmental Activities

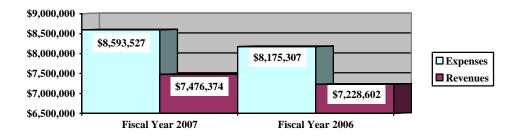
Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$1,117,153. While the District had a slight increase in revenues, this increase was more than offset by an increase in expenditures related to operations and maintenance, food service operations, and extracurricular activities. Total governmental expenses of \$8,593,527 were offset by program revenues of \$1,744,608 and general revenues of \$5,731,766. Program revenues supported 20.30% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 74.72% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$4,863,466 or 56.59% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2007.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

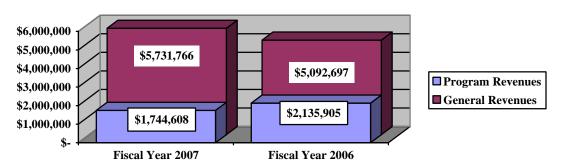
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006
Program Expenses		_		
Instruction:				
Regular	\$3,988,541	\$3,333,044	\$3,975,443	\$2,883,153
Special	716,149	275,134	794,295	240,111
Vocational	158,776	132,205	184,865	156,961
Support Services:				
Pupil	188,255	168,048	222,679	204,869
Instructional Staff	485,472	404,233	352,357	351,359
Board of Education	13,200	13,200	14,613	14,613
Administration	639,719	635,934	581,605	576,929
Fiscal	279,578	279,553	260,047	259,702
Business	26,700	(9,082)	36,709	13,565
Operations and Maintenance	870,865	832,799	701,125	692,650
Pupil Transportation	408,102	379,560	332,986	332,986
Central	12,920	3,684	6,515	1,526
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	371,209	44,759	341,024	13,595
Other Non-Instructional Services	750	126	48,676	48,676
Extracurricular Activities	316,824	239,255	219,593	145,932
Interest and Fiscal Charges	116,467	116,467	102,775	102,775
Total Expenses	\$8,593,527	\$6,848,919	\$8,175,307	\$6,039,402

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 76.91% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 79.70%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$1,370,165, which is lower than last year's total of \$2,035,362. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2007	Fund Balance June 30, 2006	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General	\$ 870,504	\$1,538,335	(\$667,831)	(43.41) %
Other Governmental	499,661	497,027	2,634	0.53 %
Total	\$1,370,165	\$2,035,362	(\$665,197)	(32.68) %

General Fund

The District's General Fund, fund balance decreased by \$667,831. Expenditures exceeded revenues for fiscal year 2007 by \$666,831. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the General Fund.

	2007 Amount	2006 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$1,599,269	\$1,602,990	(\$3,721)	(0.23) %
Earnings on Investments	107,339	89,841	17,498	19.48 %
Intergovernmental	3,881,062	3,891,940	(10,878)	(0.28) %
Other Revenues	637,012	578,457	58,555	10.12 %
Total	6,224,682	6,163,228	61,454	1.00 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	4,281,439	4,174,327	107,112	2.57 %
Support Services	2,411,158	2,105,221	305,937	14.53 %
Extracurricular Activities	198,916	103,926	94,990	91.40 %
Total	\$6,891,513	\$6,383,474	\$508,039	7.96 %

The most significant percentage increase in revenues was the increase in earnings on investments which was due to an increase in interest rates. The most significant dollar increase in revenues was the increase in other revenues, which includes tuition revenue which increased by \$40,270 due to an increase in open enrollment. Overall revenues remained consistent with the previous year.

The increase in support services expenditures is due primarily to the increase in operations and maintenance. Extracurricular expenses also increased due to an increase in programs offered.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2007, the District amended its General Fund budget several times. For the General Fund, original budgeted revenues were \$6,707,149 and final budgeted revenues were \$6,612,690. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2007 were \$6,612,690.

General Fund original appropriations and other financing uses totaled \$7,276,163 and final appropriations and other financing uses totaled \$7,320,982. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2007 totaled \$7,256,682, which is lower than the final budget appropriations by \$64,300.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2007, the District had \$13,492,904 invested in land; land improvements; buildings and improvements; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; vehicles; and textbooks. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2007 balances compared to 2006:

(Net of Depreciation)

(Net of Depresiation)				
	Governmental Activities			
	2007 2006			
Land	\$ 11,423	\$ 11,423		
Land Improvements	964,918	1,039,245		
Building and Improvements	11,604,799	11,988,152		
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	719,101	853,366		
Vehicles	192,663	225,677		
Total	\$13,492,904	\$14,117,863		

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$624,959 is due to depreciation of \$674,676 exceeding capital outlays of \$58,000 in the fiscal year. There were disposals, net of depreciation, of \$8,283.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2007, the District had \$2,308,416 in general obligation bonds outstanding for building improvements. Of this total, \$150,000 is due within one year and \$2,158,416 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End			
	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006	
General Obligation Bonds	\$2,308,416	\$2,428,475	
Total	\$2,308,416	\$2,428,475	

At June 30, 2007, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$2,396,499, and an unvoted debt margin of \$50,951.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Current Financial Related Activities

The District is holding its own in the state of a declining economy and uncertainty in State funding. DeGraff and Quincy are small rural communities in West Central Ohio. They have a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a contributing influence on the economy.

The District is currently operating in the first year of the state biennium budget. Approximately 26 percent of District revenue source is from local property and income taxes, approximately 60 percent is from state and federal funds and the remainder is from other sources. The total expenditure per pupil was calculated at \$8,506.

Over the past several years, the District has remained in a good financial position. However, future finances are not without challenges as our community changes and state funding is revised. Some of these challenges are in the future of state funding for schools in light of the DeRolph court case, the long term effects of public utility deregulation, the reduction of personal property for business inventory, and the proposed changes in the state biennial budget.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Ms. Lisa Fahncke, Treasurer, Riverside Local School District, 2096 CR 24 S, DeGraff, Ohio 43318.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,986,384
Receivables:	
Taxes	2,031,532
Accounts	1,226
Intergovernmental	41,752
Accrued Interest	7,958
External Party Receivable	20,000
Materials and Supplies Inventory	13,942
Unamortized Bond Issue Costs	58,493
Capital Assets:	
Land	11,423
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	13,481,481
Capital Assets, Net	13,492,904
Total Assets	17,654,191
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	33,859
Accrued Wages and Benefits	639,935
Pension Obligation Payable	163,808
Intergovernmental Payable	50,147
Unearned Revenue	1,636,920
Accrued Interest Payable	6,206
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	252,303
Due in More Than One Year	2,705,060
Total Liabilities	5,488,238
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net	44 000 007
of Related Debt	11,286,087
Restricted for:	00.400
Capital Projects	92,462
Debt Service	123,851
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	214,714
State Funded Programs	28,789
District Managed Student Activities	15,654
Other Purposes	11,000
Unrestricted	393,396
Total Net Assets	\$12,165,953

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net (Expense)

					Revenue and Changes in
			Program Revenue	s	Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$3,988,541	\$597,265	\$58,232		(\$3,333,044)
Special	716,149	412	440,603		(275,134)
Vocational	158,776		26,571		(132,205)
Support Services:	•		·		, ,
Pupil	188,255		20,207		(168,048)
Instructional Staff	485,472		81,239		(404,233)
Board of Education	13,200		, , , , ,		(13,200)
Administration	639,719		3,785		(635,934)
Fiscal	279,578		25		(279,553)
Business	26,700	26,594	9,188		9,082
Operations and Maintenance	870,865	20,594	38,064		(832,799)
•	408,102	5,346	18,574	4,622	, ,
Pupil Transportation Central	12,920	•	6,770	4,022	(379,560)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	12,920	2,466	6,770		(3,684)
•	271 200	210.020	106 520		(44.750)
Food Service Operations	371,209	219,920	106,530		(44,759)
Other Non-Instructional Services	750	77.500	624		(126)
Extracurricular Activities	316,824	77,569			(239,255)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	116,467	\$000 F74	CO10 110	£4.000	(116,467)
Total Governmental Activities	\$8,593,527	\$929,574	\$810,412	\$4,622	(6,848,919)
	General Reven	nues:			
	Property Tax	ces Levied for:			
	General Pur	poses			1,115,470
	Debt Service	е			222,889
	Capital Proje	ects			74,849
	Special Rev	enue			20,948
	School Distric	ct Income Tax			472,562
	Grants and E	ntitlements not Re	stricted		
	to Specific F	Programs			3,679,841
	Investment E	-			107,339
	Miscellaneou	· ·			37,868
	Total General R	Revenues			5,731,766
	Change in Net	Assets			(1,117,153)
	Net Assets at B	eginning of Year			13,283,106
	Net Assets at E	nd of Year			\$12,165,953

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,490,794	\$495,590	\$1,986,384
Receivables:			
Taxes	1,716,844	314,688	2,031,532
Accounts	249	977	1,226
Intergovernmental		41,752	41,752
Interfund Loans	4,028		4,028
Accrued Interest	7,688	270	7,958
External Party Receivable	20,000		20,000
Materials and Supplies Inventory	7,920	6,022	13,942
Total Assets	3,247,523	859,299	4,106,822
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	22,691	11,168	33,859
Accrued Wages and Benefits	621,439	18,496	639,935
Compensated Absences Payable	90,565	10,430	90,565
Pension Obligation Payable	151,793	12,015	163,808
Intergovernmental Payable	48,973	1,174	50,147
Intergovernmental Layable	40,070	4,028	4,028
Deferred Revenue	75,684	41,711	117,395
Unearned Revenue	1,365,874	271,046	1,636,920
Total Liabilities	2,377,019	359,638	2,736,657
	2,077,010	000,000	2,700,007
Fund Balances: Reserved for Encumbrances	113,789	21,901	135,690
Reserved for Materials and	110,700	21,501	100,000
Supplies Inventory	7,920	6,022	13,942
Reserved for Debt Service	.,0=0	97,497	97,497
Reserved for Tax Revenue Available		0.,.0.	0.,.0.
for Appropriation	82,096	28,010	110,106
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:	,		,
General Fund	666,699		666,699
Special Revenue Funds	555,555	267,663	267,663
Capital Projects Funds		78,568	78,568
Total Fund Balances	870,504	499,661	1,370,165
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$3,247,523	\$859,299	\$4,106,822

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2007

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$1,370,165
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		13,492,904
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental Revenue Total	\$91,316 26,079	117,395
Unamortized deferred charges are not recognized in the funds.		171,996
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance is not recognized in the funds.		(230,489)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		58,493
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(6,206)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds	(499,889) (2,308,416)	
Total		(2,808,305)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$12,165,953

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
From Local Sources:			
Taxes	\$1,599,269	\$318,873	\$1,918,142
Tuition	578,859	,, -	578,859
Transportation Fees	5,346		5,346
Charges for Services	-,-	219,920	219,920
Earnings on Investments	107,339	7,369	114,708
Extracurricular	,	94,225	94,225
Classroom Materials and Fees	14,937	3,881	18,818
Other Local Revenues	37,870	32,170	70,040
Other Revenue		1,000	1,000
Intergovernmental - State	3,881,062	108,152	3,989,214
Intergovernmental - Federal	0,001,002	451,447	451,447
Total Revenue	6,224,682	1,237,037	7,461,719
Expenditures:		, ,	, ,
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	3,633,283	65,297	3,698,580
Special	485,980	219,919	705,899
Vocational	162,176		162,176
Support Services:			
Pupil	183,689	22,052	205,741
Instructional Staff	357,938	80,942	438,880
Board of Education	13,200		13,200
Administration	569,285	3,771	573,056
Fiscal	271,347	7,215	278,562
Business		26,700	26,700
Operations and Maintenance	657,823	74,707	732,530
Pupil Transportation	352,852		352,852
Central	5,024	7,896	12,920
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations		311,116	311,116
Other Non-Instructional Services		750	750
Extracurricular Activities	198,916	66,617	265,533
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		111,381	111,381
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement		145,000	145,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		92,040	92,040
Total Expenditures .	6,891,513	1,235,403	8,126,916
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(666,831)	1,634	(665,197)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In		1,000	1,000
Transfers (Out)	(1,000)		(1,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,000)	1,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(667,831)	2,634	(665,197)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,538,335	497,027	2,035,362
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$870,504	\$499,661	\$1,370,165
, and Balanood at End of Total	ψ010,304	ψ+σσ,υυ1	ψ1,310,103

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	(\$665,197)
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.

Capital asset additions	\$58,000
Current year depreciation	(674,676)
Total	(616,676)

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets. (8,283)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Taxes	(11,424)
Intergovernmental Revenue	26,079
Total	14,655

Premiums on refunding bonds are recongnized as revenues in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance on the statement of activities.

14,951

Bond issuance costs on refunding bonds are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance on the statement of activities. (3,794)

Deferred charges on refundings are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance on the statement of activities. (11,157)

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.

145,000

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is expensed when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported on the statement of activities.

Accrued Interest 514
Accreted Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds (24,941)
Total (24,427)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

in governmental funds. 37,775

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (\$1,117,153)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Revenues: Final Actual (Negative) From Local Sources: 51,583,593 \$1,561,291		Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
Taxes		Original	Final	Actual	
Taxae	Revenues:				
Tuition 587,128 578,859 578,859 Transportation Fees 5,422 5,346 5,346 Earnings on Investments 107,934 106,414 106,414 Classroom Materials and Fees 15,150 14,937 14,937 Other Local Revenues 38,248 37,709 37,709 Intergovernmental - State 3,936,501 3,881,062 3,881,062 Total Revenue 6,273,976 6,185,618 6,185,618 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8,900,000 3,655,024 3,677,538 3,572,254 \$105,284 Special 506,052 509,169 483,407 25,762 Vocational 162,457 163,458 149,804 13,654 Support Services: Pupil 191,777 192,958 182,374 10,584 Instructional Staff 314,578 316,516 332,523 (16,007) Board of Education 16,523 16,625 13,250 3,375 Administration <t< td=""><td>From Local Sources:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	From Local Sources:				
Transportation Fees	Taxes	\$1,583,593	\$1,561,291	\$1,561,291	
Earnings on Investments	Tuition	587,128	578,859	578,859	
Classroom Materials and Fees 15,150 14,937 24,532 14,937 14,937 14,937 14,937 14,937 14,937 14,937 24,532 14,937 14,937 14,937 14,937 14,937 14,937 14,937 24,542 14,937 25,762 25,762 25,762 14,937 14,937 14,937 14,948 19,554 19,354 19,354 19,354 19,354 <td></td> <td>5,422</td> <td>5,346</td> <td>5,346</td> <td></td>		5,422	5,346	5,346	
Other Local Revenues 38,248 3,7,709 3,7,709 Intergovernmental - State 3,936,501 3,881,062 3,881,062 Total Revenue 6,273,976 6,185,618 6,185,618 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,655,024 3,677,538 3,572,254 \$105,284 Special 506,052 509,169 483,407 25,762 Vocational 162,457 163,458 149,804 13,654 Support Services: Pupil 191,777 192,958 182,374 10,584 Instructional Staff 314,578 316,516 332,523 (16,007) Board of Education 16,523 16,625 13,250 3,375 Administration 562,923 566,390 564,212 2,178 Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (11,142) Pupil	Earnings on Investments	107,934	106,414	106,414	
Intergovernmental - State 3,936,501 3,881,062 3,881,062 Total Revenue 6,273,976 6,185,618 6,185,618		•			
Expenditures:			37,709		
Expenditures:			3,881,062	3,881,062	
Current: Instruction: Regular Sobota S	Total Revenue	6,273,976	6,185,618	6,185,618	
Regular 3,655,024 3,677,538 3,572,254 \$105,284 \$205,000 \$200,00					
Regular 3,655,024 3,677,538 3,572,254 \$105,284 Special 506,052 509,169 483,407 25,762 Vocational 162,457 163,458 149,804 13,654 Support Services: Pupil 191,777 192,958 182,374 10,584 Instructional Staff 314,578 316,516 332,523 (16,007) Board of Education 16,523 16,625 13,250 3,375 Administration 562,923 566,390 564,212 2,178 Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Other Finan					
Special 506,052 509,169 483,407 25,762 Vocational 162,457 163,458 149,804 13,654 Support Services: Pupil 191,777 192,958 182,374 10,584 Instructional Staff 314,578 316,516 332,523 (16,007) Board of Education 16,523 16,625 13,250 3,375 Administration 562,923 566,390 564,212 2,178 Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 188,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (94) (1,000)					•
Vocational 162,457 163,458 149,804 13,654 Support Services: Pupil 191,777 192,958 182,374 10,584 Instructional Staff 314,578 316,516 332,523 (16,007) Board of Education 16,523 16,625 13,250 3,375 Administration 562,923 566,390 564,212 2,178 Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Cother Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) (928)					
Support Services: Pupil 191,777 192,958 182,374 10,584 Instructional Staff 314,578 316,516 332,523 (16,007) Board of Education 16,623 16,625 13,250 3,375 Administration 562,923 566,390 564,212 2,178 Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures 6,868,757 6,911,067 6,844,430 66,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) (1,					
Pupil Instructional Staff 191,777 192,958 182,374 10,584 Instructional Staff 314,578 316,516 332,523 (16,007) Board of Education 16,523 16,625 13,250 3,75 Administration 562,923 566,390 564,212 2,178 Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 426,024 42		162,457	163,458	149,804	13,654
Instructional Staff 314,578 316,516 332,523 (16,007) Board of Education 16,523 16,625 13,250 3,375 Administration 562,923 566,390 564,212 2,178 Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures 6,868,757 6,911,067 6,844,430 66,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (994) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527					
Board of Education 16,523 16,625 13,250 3,375 Administration 562,923 566,390 564,212 2,178 Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures 6,868,757 6,911,067 6,844,430 66,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) 46,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (994) (1,000) (1,000) 40,624 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409)	·		•		•
Administration 562,923 566,390 564,212 2,178 Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures 6,868,757 6,911,067 6,844,430 66,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sal			•		
Fiscal 272,302 273,979 265,122 8,857 Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures 6,868,757 6,911,067 6,844,430 66,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources					
Operations and Maintenance 643,317 647,280 748,422 (101,142) Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures 6,868,757 6,911,067 6,844,430 66,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) (2,337) 704 (406,412) (408,915) 409,225 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 25					
Pupil Transportation 348,695 350,843 343,501 7,342 Central 5,168 5,200 5,024 176 Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures 6,868,757 6,911,067 6,844,430 66,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Central Extracurricular Activities 5,168 189,941 191,111 184,537 19,574 176 189,941 191,111 184,537 19,574 176 189,941 191,111 184,537 19,574 189,941 191,111 184,537 19,574 189,941 191,111 184,537 19,574 189,941 191,111 184,537 19,574 189,941 191,111 184,537 19,574 189,941 191,111 184,537 19,574 189,941 191,111 184,537 19,574 6,574 18,574 6,574 18,574 6,574 19,574 6,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) (658,812) (658,812) (66,637 66,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (994) (1,000)	•				·
Extracurricular Activities 189,941 191,111 184,537 6,574 Total Expenditures 6,868,757 6,911,067 6,844,430 66,637 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (594,781) (725,449) (658,812) 66,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated			•		
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Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(594,781)	(725,449)	(658,812)	66,637
Transfers (Out) (994) (1,000) (1,000) Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In 432,110 426,024 426,024 Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(994)	(1,000)	(1,000)	
Advances (Out) (406,412) (408,915) (409,843) (928) Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527		432,110	426,024		
Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 804 793 793 Refund of Prior Year Receipt (1,409) (1,409) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527	Advances (Out)		(408,915)		(928)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 259 255 255 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527	Refund of Prior Year Expenditure	804			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527				(1,409)	(1,409)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,767 17,157 14,820 (2,337) Net Change in Fund Balance (569,014) (708,292) (643,992) 64,300 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	259	255	255	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,925,662 1,925,662 1,925,662 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	25,767		14,820	(2,337)
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527	Net Change in Fund Balance	(569,014)	(708,292)	(643,992)	64,300
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 73,527 73,527 73,527	Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,925,662	1,925,662	1,925,662	
					\$64,300

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Private-Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$25,426	\$82,438
Receivables:		
Accrued Interest	37	
Total Assets	25,463	82,438
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		1,824
External Party Payable		20,000
Due to Students		60,614
Total Liabilities		\$82,438
Net Assets:		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	25,463	
Total Net Assets	\$25,463	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Private-Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	
Additions: Interest	\$1,200	
Total Additions	1,200	
Change in Net Assets	1,200	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	24,263	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$25,463	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Riverside Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and the privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board oversees the operations of the District's 7 instructional/support facilities staffed by 36 non-certified and 63 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 807 students and other community members. The District ranks 547 among 876 public and community school districts in the State of Ohio.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units.". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organization that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Group Purchasing Pools

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to Sheakley Uniserve, Inc. to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund."

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Company provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

Logan County Schools Benefit Plan Association

The District participates in the Logan County Schools Benefit Plan Association (the Plan); a public entity shared risk pool consisting of one educational service center, one joint vocational school district, Riverside Local School District, Indian Lake Local School District, and Benjamin Logan Local School District. The District pays monthly premiums to the Plan for employee life insurance, and dental and medical benefits. The Plan is responsible for the payment of all Plan liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

Ohio School Plan

The Ohio School Plan (the Plan) is a shared liability, property and fleet insurance risk pool which is governed by a board of thirteen school superintendents, business managers and treasurers. Harcum-Schuett, the insurance agency, has one board seat. OSBA, BASA and OASBO executive directors serve as ex-officio members. 450 educational entities are served by the Plan. The Plan's board elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the plan. All Plan revenues are generated from charges for services. For more information, write to the Ohio School Plan, Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., 246 Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Jointly Governed Organizations

Western Ohio Computer Organization

The District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO). WOCO is an association of public Districts within the boundaries of Hardin, Auglaize, Logan, Shelby, Miami and Champaign Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member District. This organization is governed by a board of directors consisting of 14 members: the superintendent of the fiscal agent Shelby County Educational Service Center, two superintendents from each county that is represented, one Treasurer representative from the school districts, student services representative from the school districts, and a non-voting independent district representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained form Sonny Ivey, who serves as Director, at 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District

The Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District (JVS) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio that provides vocational education to students. The JVS is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each participating school districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District, R. Eric Adelsberger, who serves as Treasurer, at 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center

The West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a special education service center, which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operations. The jointly governed board organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The board consists of 52 members made up of the 50 superintendents of the participating districts, one non-public school, and Wright State University whose terms rotate every year governs the SERRC. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information through June 30, 2006 can be obtained by contacting Krista Hart, Treasurer, at the Hardin County Educational Service Center, 1211 West Lima Avenue, Suite A, Kenton, Ohio 43326. Financial information from July 1, 2006 to present can be obtained by contacting Margaret Grimm, Treasurer, at the Auglaize County Educational Service Center, 1045 Dearbaugh Avenue, Suite #2, Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895.

Logan County Education Foundation

The Logan County Education Foundation was established to secure and distribute contributions from individuals, corporations, and foundations for the benefit of students within the county. The Foundation promotes, sponsors, and encourages the pursuit of excellence in education for students.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Foundation is managed by a six member Board of Trustees. These trustees are nominated by their local school boards including Bellefontaine City School District, Benjamin Logan Local School District, Indian Lake Local School District, and Riverside Local School District. The Executive Board is comprised of the Logan County Educational Service Center Superintendent representing the city school district. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Eric Adelsberger, who serves as Financial Advisor, 2626 County Road 18, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

1. Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations.

On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

2. Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue

Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2007 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

3. Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level in all funds are made by the Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts represent the original and final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments were limited to certificates of deposit.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$107,339, which includes \$22,698 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,200. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	
Description	Estimated Lives	
Land Improvements	15 - 30 years	
Buildings and Improvements	30 - 50 years	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 years	
Vehicles	5 - 15 years	
Textbooks	10 years	

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets. Loans to student activities (Agency Funds) are classified as "External Party Receivables/Payables".

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2007, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2007, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Unamortized Issuance Cost/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 10. A.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, debt service and property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The District did not have net assets restricted by enabling legislation. The amount restricted for other purposes consists of the balance of the underground storage fund.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2007.

3. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2007 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit
Non-major Funds	
IDEA-B	\$15
Improving Teacher Quality	170

The General Fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the District by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the District or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$150 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,094,098. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2007 \$1,989,154 of the District's bank balance of \$2,118,467 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$129,313 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2007:

Cash and Investments per footnote

Carrying amount of deposits	\$2,094,098
Cash on hand	150
Total	\$2,094,248

Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets

Governmental activities	\$1,986,384
Private-purpose trust funds	25,426
Agency funds	82,438
Total	\$2,094,248

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to Non-major Governmental funds from:
General Fund

\$1,000

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2007 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loan receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Non-major governmental funds	\$4,028

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2007 are reported on the statement of net assets.

C. Loans between governmental funds and agency funds are reported as "External Party Receivable/Payable" on the financial statements. The District had the following loans outstanding at June 30, 2007:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Agency	\$20,000

This loan is expected to be repaid in the subsequent year as resources become available in the agency fund.

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien December 31, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the value as of December 31, 2006. For 2006, tangible personal property is assessed at 18.75% for property including inventory. This percentage will be reduced to 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Logan and Shelby Counties. The respective County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$82,096 in the General Fund, \$21,790 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$6,220 in the Capital Projects Fund. This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$85,052 in the General Fund \$19,453 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$6,443 in the capital Projects Fund.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied

to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Second		2007 First	
	Half Collections		alf Collections Half Collection	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$48,836,410	91.90	\$49,451,270	92.29
Public Utility Personal	3,004,940	5.65	2,811,330	5.25
Tangible Personal Property	1,304,144	2.45	1,318,820	2.46
Total	\$53,145,494	100.00	\$53,581,420	100.00
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation	\$52.20		\$52.90	

7. SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of .75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2000 for 5 years and was renewed on March 2, 2004, with a period starting January 1, 2005 lasting 5 years. and will continue for 5 years. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

8. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities:

Taxes	\$2,031,532
Accounts	1,226
Intergovernmental	41,752
Accrued interest	7,958
Total	\$2,082,468

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within subsequent years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2006	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2007
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 11,423			\$ 11,423
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	11,423			11,423
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	1,363,669			1,363,669
Buildings and Improvements	14,127,231	\$ 1,755		14,128,986
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2,060,610	35,485	(\$67,503)	2,028,592
Vehicles	565,658	20,760		586,418
Textbooks	632,952			632,952
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	18,750,120	58,000	(67,503)	18,740,617
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(324,424)	(74,327)		(398,751)
Buildings and Improvements	(2,139,079)	(385,108)		(2,524,187)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(1,207,244)	(161,467)	59,220	(1,309,491)
Vehicles	(339,981)	(53,774)		(393,755)
Textbooks	(632,952)			(632,952)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,643,680)	(674,676)	59,220	(5,259,136)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$14,117,863	(\$616,676)	(\$ 8,283)	\$13,492,904

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$313,147
Special	8,125
Vocational	19,334
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	45,315
Administration	65,790
Fiscal	5,013
Operations and Maintenance	47,470
Pupil Transportation	55,332
Extracurricular	56,137
Food Service Operations	59,013
Total Depreciation Expense	\$674,676

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2007, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance June 30,			Balance June 30,	Amounts Due in
_	2006	Additions	Reductions	2007	One Year
G.O. Bonds- Series 2001	\$770,066	\$18,115	(\$115,000)	\$673,181	\$120,000
G.O. Refunding Bonds - Series 2006	1,658,409	6,826	(30,000)	1,635,235	30,000
Compensated Absences	537,664	72,349	(19,559)	590,454	102,303
Total	\$2,966,139	\$97,290	(\$164,559)	2,898,870	\$252,303
Less: Deferred Charge on Refunding				(171,996)	
Add: Unamortized Premium				230,489	
Total on Statement of Net Assets				\$2,957,363	

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences have been accrued for vacation and severance liabilities. The amounts will be paid from the fund which employee's salaries are paid, which is the general and food service funds.

School Facilities Construction and Improvement General Obligation Bonds

On May 4, 2001, the District issued \$2,881,817 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing, renovation, and improving existing school facilities and related site development. The bond issue included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds with par values of \$1,130,000, \$1,685,000, and \$66,817, respectively. The bonds will be retired with a voted property tax levy from the Debt Service Fund. The interest rates on the serial and term bonds are 4.6 to 5.75% and 12.55% for the capital appreciation bonds. During fiscal year 2006, \$1,685,000 of the serial bonds were refunded.

The Capital Appreciation Bonds will mature during fiscal years 2012 and 2013. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$290,000. Total accreted interest of \$91,364 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2007.

Interest on the remaining Serial bonds will be, payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning December 1, 2001 until maturity or earlier redemption. The Capital Appreciation bonds will accrue interest, compounded semiannually on June 1 and December 1, from the date of their issuance, but the interest will be payable only at maturity.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal 2007 on the 2001 series general obligation bonds:

Ralance

	6/30/2006	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2007	_
Current Interest Bonds	\$630,000		(\$115,000)	\$515,000	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	140,066	\$18,115		158,181	_
Total G.O. Bonds	\$770,066	\$18,115	(\$115,000)	\$673,181	

Ralance

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2001 series general obligation bonds:

Fiscal	Current Interest Bonds			Capital Appreciation Bonds			
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2008	\$120,000	\$25,895	\$145,895				
2009	125,000	19,955	144,955				
2010	130,000	13,705	143,705				
2011	140,000	7,140	147,140				
2012			-	\$35,439	\$109,561	\$145,000	
2013				31,378	113,622	145,000	
Total	\$515,000	\$66,695	\$581,695	\$66,817	\$223,183	\$290,000	

On September 14, 2005 the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2006A Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2001 Current Interest General Obligation Bonds (principal \$1,685,000). The issuance proceeds of \$1,685,000 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (insubstance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$1,675,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$10,000. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2010 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$355,000. Total accreted interest of \$10,235 has been included in the statement of activities.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$191,520. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal 2007 on the 2006 refunding bonds:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2006	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2007
Current interest bonds	\$1,645,000		(\$30,000)	\$1,615,000
Capital appreciation bonds	13,409	\$6,826		20,235
Total refunding bonds	\$1,658,409	\$6,826	(\$30,000)	\$1,635,235

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2006 series refunding bonds:

Fiscal	Current Interest Bonds		Capital Appreciation Bonds			
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$ 30,000	\$ 62,840	\$ 92,840			
2009	30,000	61,865	91,865			
2010	35,000	60,890	95,890			
2011	35,000	59,717	94,717			
2012	35,000	58,510	93,510			
2013 - 2017	395,000	275,085	670,085	\$10,000	\$345,000	\$355,000
2018 - 2022	905,000	145,890	1,050,890			
2023	150,000	7,500	157,500			
Total	\$1,615,000	\$732,297	\$2,347,297	\$10,000	\$345,000	\$355,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation use in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2007, are a voted debt margin of \$2,396,499 (including available funds of \$119,287) and an unvoted debt margin of \$50,951.

11. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 240 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for 25 percent of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 60 days for all employees.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is subject to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage.

Real property and contents are fully insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District's comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property and building contents has a liability limit of \$19,137,086 and a 90 percent coinsurance. The policy includes a \$5,000 deductible for commercial property coverage.

The District's fleet insurance has a liability limit of \$1,000,000, \$5,000 for medical payments, \$100,000 for fire damage, and \$1,000,000 for uninsured motorists. The policy includes a \$500 deductible for collision coverage.

The District's liability policy has a limit of \$2,000,000 for each occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

12. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Employee Benefits

The District participates in the Logan County Schools Benefit Plan Association (the Plan); a public entity shared risk pool consisting of one joint vocational school, one educational service center and Riverside Local School District, Indian Lake Local School District, and Benjamin Logan Local School District. The District pays monthly premiums for employee life insurance and dental and medical benefits. The Plan is responsible for all Plan liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2007, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (Program), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Program is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Program.

The workers' compensation experience of the participating Districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school Districts in the Program. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the Program rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Program. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Program. Participation in the Program is limited to Districts that can meet the Program's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Program.

13. PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

13. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$89,588, \$83,378, and \$74,619, respectively; 38% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$55,960 represents the unpaid pension contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal years 2006 and 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

13. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$446,203, \$417,988, and \$393,532, respectively; 84% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$71,626 represents the unpaid pension contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2007 were \$4,105 made by the District and \$8,092 made by plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

14. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-asyou-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$34,323 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2007, the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$4.1 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$265.558 million and STRS Ohio had 122,934 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .10 percent from fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. Total surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2007 fiscal year, District paid \$41,365 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

14. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158.751 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had 59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

15. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis provides a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the General Fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance					
	General Fund				
Budget basis	(\$643,992)				
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	39,064				
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(182,680)				
Net adjustment for other financing sources/uses	(15,820)				
Adjustment for encumbrances	135,597				
GAAP basis	(\$667,831)				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

16. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

17. STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statue to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spend by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the reserve activity was as follows:

		Capital
	Textbooks	Acquisition
Set-Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2006	(\$358,260)	(\$247,693)
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	125,007	125,007
Current Year Offsets		(111,143)
Qualifying Disbursements	(126,902)	(23,940)
Total	(\$360,155)	(\$257,769)
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2008	(\$360,155)	(\$247,693)

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the textbooks/instructional materials reserve. These extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amount is therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year. The capital acquisition reserve had debt related offsets that may be carried forward to future years. Excess qualifying disbursements may not be carried forward.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Riverside Local School District Logan County 2096 County Road 24 South Degraff, Ohio 43318

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Riverside Local School District, Logan County (the District), as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us Riverside Local School District Logan County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and Board of Education. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 13, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

RIVERSIDE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LOGAN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 12, 2009