Valley View Local School District Montgomery County, Ohio

Single Audit

July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2008





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Valley View Local School District 64 Comstock Avenue Germantown, Ohio 45327

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Valley View Local School District, Montgomery County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Valley View Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 25, 2009



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BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com

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Independent Auditor's Report

Valley View Local School District Montgomery County 64 Comstock Avenue Germantown, Ohio 45327

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Valley View Local School District (the District), Montgomery County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Comptroller General of the United States *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 13, 2009 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 12 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principals generally accepted in the United Sates of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Valley View Local School District Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 3, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures – an amendment of GASB statements No. 25 and No. 27, GASB Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, and GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employees for Postemployment Benefits Other Then Pensions. Also, described in Note 3, the District has correctly reported the Dursch Jackson Scholarship Fund, as required by GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and MD&A – for State and Local Governments.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

February 13, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The management's discussion and analysis of the Valley View Local School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2008 are as follows:

- The District restated 2008 beginning net assets as described in Note 3.C. to the financial statements. In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,249,862 which represents a 14.56% increase from 2007.
- General revenues accounted for \$17,017,917 in revenue or 87.28% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,479,187 or 12.72% for total revenues of \$19,497,104.
- The District had \$18,247,242 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,479,187 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$17,017,917 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$18,185,733 in revenues and other financing sources and \$17,057,857 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal 2008, the general fund's fund balance, increased \$1,127,876 from \$5,470,969 to \$6,598,845.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2008?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, latchkey and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major fund. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 49 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The District as a Whole

During 2008, the District restated net assets as described in Note 3.C. The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007.

	Ī	Net Assets
	Governmental Activities 2008	Restated Governmental Activities 2007
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 13,828,134	\$ 13,525,875
Capital assets, net	4,871,411	4,632,106
Total assets	18,699,545	18,157,981
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	6,929,994	7,819,258
Long-term liabilities	1,932,800	1,751,834
Total liabilities	8,862,794	9,571,092
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	3,987,211	3,849,808
Restricted	113,812	160,249
Unrestricted	5,735,728	4,576,832
Total net assets	\$ 9,836,751	\$ 8,586,889

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2008, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,836,751. At year-end, restricted net assets were \$113,812.

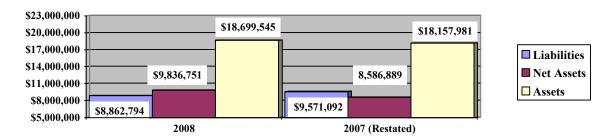
At year-end, capital assets represented 26.05% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2008, were \$3,987,211. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$5,735,728 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The graph below illustrates the governmental activities assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2008 and 2007:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Change in Net Assets

		Restated
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2008	2007
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,222,782	\$ 1,291,672
Operating grants and contributions	1,247,394	1,202,702
Capital grants and contributions	9,011	646,271
General revenues:		
Property taxes	5,212,355	5,363,760
School district income taxes	3,022,703	2,978,693
Grants and entitlements	8,416,267	8,379,421
Investment earnings	335,378	424,159
Other	31,214	17,595
Total revenues	\$ 19,497,104	\$ 20,304,273

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2007
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 7,860,930	\$ 7,539,805
Special	1,339,236	1,351,541
Vocational	369,097	339,023
Other	378,228	329,965
Support services:		
Pupil	987,627	900,780
Instructional staff	1,238,037	1,168,823
Board of education	23,613	29,426
Administration	1,339,118	1,318,712
Fiscal	286,681	316,020
Business	16,179	16,534
Operations and maintenance	1,622,318	1,555,470
Pupil transportation	865,603	962,636
Central	422,583	332,446
Extracurricular activities	644,341	659,702
Food service operations	717,334	722,027
Latchkey operations	80,573	82,455
Interest and fiscal charges	55,744	60,203
Total expenses	18,247,242	17,685,568
Change in net assets	1,249,862	2,618,705
Net assets at beginning of year (restated)	8,586,889	5,968,184
Net assets at end of year	\$ 9,836,751	\$ 8,586,889

Governmental Activities

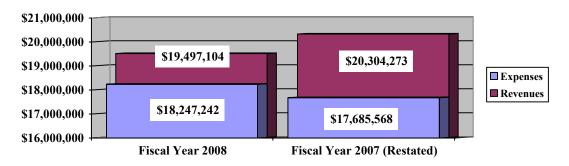
Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,249,862. Total governmental expenses of \$18,247,242 were offset by program revenues of \$2,479,187 and general revenues of \$17,017,917. Program revenues supported 13.59% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, a school district income tax, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 91.85% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years and the school district income tax rate is 1.25%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

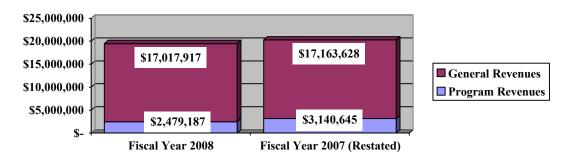
	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	
	Services	Services	Services	Services	
	2008	2008	2007	2007	
Program expenses					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 7,860,930	\$ 7,564,572	\$ 7,539,805	\$ 7,238,551	
Special	1,339,236	485,635	1,351,541	494,072	
Vocational	369,097	290,717	339,023	262,206	
Other	378,228	377,713	329,965	329,858	
Support services:					
Pupil	987,627	911,700	900,780	821,488	
Instructional staff	1,238,037	1,167,606	1,168,823	1,061,920	
Board of education	23,613	23,613	29,426	29,426	
Administration	1,339,118	1,332,303	1,318,712	1,308,195	
Fiscal	286,681	284,970	316,020	313,094	
Business	16,179	16,179	16,534	16,534	
Operations and maintenance	1,622,318	1,594,058	1,555,470	879,977	
Pupil transportation	865,603	791,395	962,636	941,764	
Central	422,583	403,452	332,446	310,378	
Extracurricular activities	644,341	437,735	659,702	410,997	
Food service operations	717,334	31,604	722,027	68,349	
Latchkey operations	80,573	(941)	82,455	(2,089)	
Interest and fiscal charges	55,744	55,744	60,203	60,203	
Total expenses	\$ 18,247,242	\$ 15,768,055	\$ 17,685,568	\$ 14,544,923	

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 87.65% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 86.41%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

During 2008, the District restated fund balances as described in Note 3.C. The District's governmental funds (as presented on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$6,593,118, which is higher than last year's restated total of \$5,498,773. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2008 and 2007.

	Fund Balance (deficit) June 30, 2008	Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2007	Increase (Decrease)	
General Other Governmental	\$ 6,598,845 (5,727)	\$ 5,470,969 27,804	\$ 1,127,876 (33,531)	
Total	\$ 6,593,118	\$ 5,498,773	\$ 1,094,345	

An analysis of the general fund revenues and expenditures is provided in the section below. The decrease in the fund balances of the other governmental funds is primarily due to a \$56,361 decrease in the fund balance of the district managed student activity fund. The decrease was a result of increased extracurricular and operations and maintenance expenditures.

General Fund

The District's general fund's fund balance increased \$1,127,876.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2008	2007	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 8,261,270	\$ 8,380,517	(1.42) %
Tuition	125,763	198,901	(36.77) %
Earnings on investments	318,090	360,624	(11.79) %
Intergovernmental	8,946,666	8,866,908	0.90 %
Gifts & contributions	-	632,425	(100.00) %
Other revenues	208,186	204,766	1.67 %
Total	\$ 17,859,975	\$ 18,644,141	(4.21) %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 9,480,389	\$ 8,890,972	6.63 %
Support services	6,608,280	7,249,291	(8.84) %
Extracurricular activities	421,109	396,413	6.23 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	26,263	81,528	(67.79) %
Capital outlay	323,849	-	100.00 %
Debt Service	152,967	195,486	(21.75) %
Total	\$ 17,012,857	\$ 16,813,690	1.18 %

Earnings on investments decreased 11.79% as a result of fair market adjustments to the District's investments. Tuition revenue decreased 36.77% due to decreases in payments from other Districts and special education receipts. Facilities acquisition and construction decreased \$55,265. This is due to the building improvements that were recorded in the previous year. The capital outlay amount is due to the issuance of the new capital lease.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2008, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$17,892,812, which is greater than the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources estimate of \$12,757,300. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2008 was \$17,892,811.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$17,729,584 were decreased to \$17,093,392 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2008 totaled \$17,093,660, which was \$268 more than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the District had \$4,871,411 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The following table shows fiscal year 2008 balances compared to 2007:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
	2008	2007		
Land	\$ 436,936	\$ 436,936		
Land improvements	957,667	960,736		
Building and improvements	2,311,958	2,395,236		
Furniture and equipment	760,089	525,743		
Vehicles	404,761	313,455		
Total	\$ 4,871,411	\$ 4,632,106		

Total additions to capital assets for 2008 were \$625,545. The District recorded \$386,240 in depreciation expense for fiscal year 2008.

Refer to Note 9 in the basic financial statements for further detail on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2008, the District had \$884,200 in general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$125,460 is due within one year and \$758,740 is due in greater than one year.

The following table summarizes the bonds and capital leases outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2007	
General obligation bonds	\$ 95,002	\$ 105,212	
Capital leases	789,198	677,086	
Total	\$ 884,200	\$ 782,298	

The general obligation bonds are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2015 and bear an interest rate of 6.90%. Payment of principal and interest on the general obligation bonds are being made from the general fund.

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for further detail on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Current Financial Related Activities

The District continued to provide excellent services to our students, parents and community in fiscal year 2008 while spending less than the average Ohio school district. The Board of Education and management team have carefully managed General Fund budgets in order to minimize the need for additional local support. Prior to fiscal year 2008, an Emergency Levy of an additional 5.25 mil was approved in August, 2004. The prudent management of District funds had allowed the District to fund student achievement without levying additional taxes to the local community for over nine years.

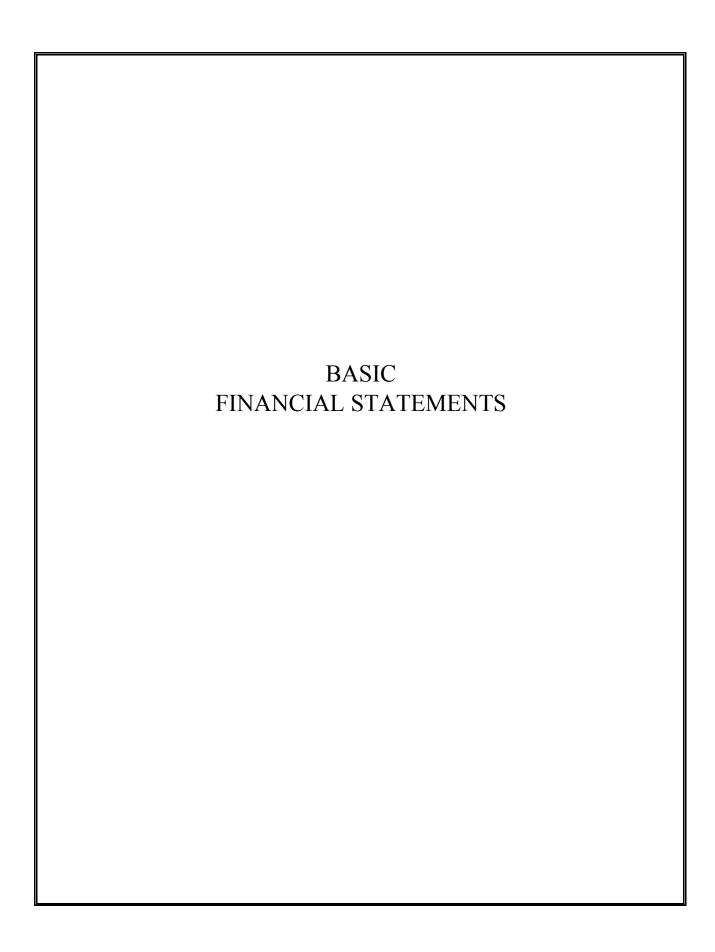
The District demonstrated continued success in fiscal year 2008 as indicated by the "effective" designation of our District on the Ohio Department of Education district report card. We maintained our effective rating with a combination of performance indicators (27 out of 30) and the performance index score (98.7). The District was able to provide the services necessary to obtain the student achievement while spending \$500 less than the average Ohio school district.

The District has a low industry base and relies heavily on residential support for local funding. The District operated at the 20 mill floor in fiscal year 2008, effectively collecting only 20 mills of property taxes on a total millage rate of 38.66 mills. The District also relies on two school district income tax levies that total 1.25%. A five-year .75% income tax levy was renewed on May 3, 2005 for calendar years 2006-2010 and a five-year .50% income tax levy was renewed in May, 2006 for calendar years 2007-2011. The passage of the .50% income tax renewal levy in 2006 was critical to the continued successful operations of the District.

The District relies significantly on funding from the State of Ohio due to the low local valuation of primarily residential development. The primary source of state funding is the state foundation program, which funded the District at a state funding share of 57.76% in fiscal year 2008. The district suffered losses due to several legislative actions, including HB 95 that reduced revenue for fiscal year 2005 and beyond and HB 66, which overhauled the business taxation system for the State beginning 07/01/05 and initiated the phase out of the collection of tangible personal property taxes for the district. Due to HB 66, the District was slated to receive no revenue growth for the next two years based on the state's projected enrollment for the District. The District is anticipating no revenue growth from the state foundation program due to the decline of the economy and the financial situation of the State in the upcoming biennial budget for fiscal year 2010 and fiscal year 2011. Federal funding increased in fiscal year 2008. The future of both State and Federal funding has been difficult to predict and the future of both is unknown.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Carolyn Garver, Treasurer, Valley View Local School District, 64 Comstock Ave., Germantown, Ohio 45327.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	nmental ivities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,721,619
Receivables:	
Taxes	5,985,640
Accounts	8,162
Accrued interest	24,729
Intergovernmental	82,366
Prepayments	672
Materials and supplies inventory	4,946
Capital assets:	-
Land	436,936
Depreciable capital assets, net	4,434,475
Total capital assets, net	 4,871,411
Tour cupiur ussets, not	1,071,111
Total assets	 18,699,545
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	204,498
Accrued wages and benefits	1,755,503
Pension obligation payable	446,705
Intergovernmental payable	152,148
Unearned revenue	4,371,140
Long-term liabilities:	, , -
Due within one year	300,401
Due within more than one year	1,632,399
Due within more than one year	1,032,377
Total liabilities	 8,862,794
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt	3,987,211
Restricted for:	
Locally funded programs	9,737
State funded programs	4,663
Federally funded programs	40,475
Student activities	29,296
Other purposes	29,641
• •	-
Unrestricted	 5,735,728
Total net assets	\$ 9,836,751

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

					Prog	ram Revenue	s		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses		Charges for Operating Services Grants and and Sales Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities: Instruction:									
Regular Special Vocational	\$	7,860,930 1,339,236 369,097	\$	225,666 12,845 10,385	\$	70,692 840,756 67,995	\$	- -	\$ (7,564,572) (485,635) (290,717)
Other		378,228		-		515		-	(377,713)
Support services: Pupil		987,627 1,238,037		75,258		669 70,431		-	(911,700) (1,167,606)
Board of education		23,613		-		70,431		-	(23,613)
Administration		1,339,118		2,125		4,690		_	(1,332,303)
Fiscal		286,681		-		1,711		-	(284,970)
Business		16,179		-		-		-	(16,179)
Operations and maintenance		1,622,318		26,358		1,902		-	(1,594,058)
Pupil transportation		865,603		24,638		40,559		9,011	(791,395)
Central		422,583		105 219		19,131		-	(403,452)
Extracurricular activities Food service operations		644,341 717,334		195,218 568,775		11,388 116,955		-	(437,735) (31,604)
Latchkey operations		80,573		81,514		110,933		_	941
Interest and fiscal charges		55,744		-		-		-	(55,744)
Total governmental activities	\$	18,247,242	\$	1,222,782	\$	1,247,394	\$	9,011	(15,768,055)
			Т	School distric	r: oses . et inco	ome tax			5,212,355 3,022,703
		Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs				8,416,267 335,378			
			ľ	Miscellaneous					31,214
			Tot	al general rev	enues				17,017,917
			Ch	ange in net ass	sets				1,249,862
			Ne	t assets at beg	innin	g of year (rest	ated) .		8,586,889
			Ne	t assets at end	l of ye	ear			\$ 9,836,751

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	General		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	7,557,159	\$	155,449	\$	7,712,608
Receivables:						
Taxes		5,985,640		-		5,985,640
Accounts		8,162		-		8,162
Intergovernmental		5,381		76,985		82,366
Accrued interest		24,729		-		24,729
Interfund loans		23,200		-		23,200
Prepayments		-		672		672
Materials and supplies inventory		-		4,946		4,946
Restricted assets:				,		,
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents		9,011				9,011
Total agests	¢	12 612 202	¢	228.052	¢	12 051 224
Total assets	\$	13,613,282	\$	238,052	\$	13,851,334
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	158,772	\$	45,726	\$	204,498
Accrued wages and benefits		1,629,665		125,838		1,755,503
Compensated absences payable		167,707		-		167,707
Interfund loans payable		-		23,200		23,200
Pension obligation payable		400,151		46,554		446,705
Intergovernmental payable		149,687		2,461		152,148
Deferred revenue		137,315		-		137,315
Unearned revenue		4,371,140		-		4,371,140
Total liabilities		7,014,437		243,779		7,258,216
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for encumbrances		332,779		22,551		355,330
Reserved for materials and		,		,,		,
supplies inventory		_		4,946		4,946
Reserved for property tax unavailable				,-		,-
for appropriation		398,855		_		398,855
Reserved for prepayments		-		672		672
Reserved for school bus purchases		9,011		-		9,011
Reserved for unclaimed monies		9,630		_		9,630
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:		7,030				7,030
General fund		5,848,570		_		5,848,570
Special revenue funds		-		(33,896)		(33,896)
Total fund balances (deficit)		6,598,845		(5,727)		6,593,118
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	13,613,282	\$	238,052	\$	13,851,334

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2008

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 6,593,118
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		4,871,411
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes receivable	\$ 105,098	
Accounts receivable	8,162	
Intergovernmental receivable	98	
Accrued interest receivable	 23,957	
Total		137,315
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.	0.5.000	
General obligation bonds	95,002	
Capital lease obligations	789,198	
Compensated absences payable	 880,893	
Total		 (1,765,093)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 9,836,751

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	General		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:				_		
From local sources:						
Taxes	\$ 8	3,261,270	\$	-	\$	8,261,270
Tuition		125,763		-		125,763
Earnings on investments		318,090		3,570		321,660
Charges for services		-		568,775		568,775
Transportation fees		24,638		-		24,638
Classroom materials and fees		114,971		-		114,971
Extracurricular		37,363		261,596		298,959
Other local revenues		31,214		105,191		136,405
Intergovernmental - state	8	3,946,666		39,906		8,986,572
Intergovernmental - federal				702,050		702,050
Total revenues	17	7,859,975		1,681,088		19,541,063
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	7	7,865,512		67,279		7,932,791
Special		882,153		433,176		1,315,329
Vocational		356,065		-		356,065
Other		376,659		1,569		378,228
Support Services:						
Pupil		894,205		82,956		977,161
Instructional staff	1	1,187,849		71,673		1,259,522
Board of education		23,613		-		23,613
Administration	1	1,329,458		7,020		1,336,478
Fiscal		292,479		1,716		294,195
Business		16,179		-		16,179
Operations and maintenance	1	1,583,196		36,324		1,619,520
Pupil transportation		922,616		-		922,616
Central		358,685		58,563		417,248
Extracurricular activities		421,109		217,589		638,698
Food service operations		-		701,189		701,189
Latchkey operations		-		80,573		80,573
Facilities acquisition and construction		26,263		-		26,263
Capital outlay		323,849		-		323,849
Debt service:		07.000				07.000
Principal retirement		97,223		-		97,223
Interest and fiscal charges		55,744				55,744
Total expenditures	17	7,012,857		1,759,627		18,772,484
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		847,118		(78,539)		768,579
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of assets		1,909		-		1,909
Transfers in		-		45,000		45,000
Transfers (out)		(45,000)		-		(45,000)
Capital lease transaction		323,849		-		323,849
Total other financing sources		280,758		45,000		325,758
Net change in fund balances	1	1,127,876		(33,539)		1,094,337
Fund balances at beginning of year						
(restated)	4	5,470,969		27,804		5,498,773
Increase in reserve for inventory				8		8
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 6	5,598,845	\$	(5,727)	\$	6,593,118

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,094,337
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation		25,545	
Total		86,240)	239,305
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			237,303
Taxes Classroom materials and fees Intergovernmental	(4	26,212) 8,162 43,197)	
Earnings on investments		17,288	(42.050)
Total			(43,959)
Repayment of bonds and capital lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but these repayments reduce long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			97,223
Capital lease transactions are recorded as an other financing source the funds, however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase liabilities on the statement			
of net assets.			(323,849)
Capital lease obligation payable balance forgiven as part of the lease trade-in agreement. This reduces the long-term obligations on the statement of net assets.			124,724
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased, however, in the statement of activities, they are reported as expenses when consumed.			8
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported			
as expenditures in governmental funds.			62,073
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	1,249,862

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
_	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
From local sources:				4	
Taxes	\$ 5,820,256	\$ 8,163,228	\$ 8,163,229	\$ 1	
Tuition	90,038	126,283	126,282	(1)	
Earnings on investments	266,725	374,097	374,097	-	
Transportation fees	17,567	24,638	24,638	-	
Classroom materials and fees	81,973	114,971	114,971	-	
Extracurricular	26,639	37,363	37,363	-	
Other local revenues	20,380	28,584	28,584	-	
Intergovernmental - state	6,375,070	8,941,384	8,941,383	(1)	
Total revenues	12,698,648	17,810,548	17,810,547	(1)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:	0 110 001	7.010.024	7 020 110	(104)	
Regular	8,110,981	7,819,934	7,820,118	(184)	
Special.	926,629	893,379	893,379	-	
Vocational.	370,306	357,018	357,018	-	
Other	382,854	369,116	369,116	-	
Support services:	020 002	000 702	000 700	(5)	
Pupil	838,802	808,703	808,708	(5)	
Instructional staff	1,280,847	1,234,886	1,234,915	(29)	
Board of education	28,121	27,112	27,112	-	
Administration	1,391,579	1,341,645	1,341,645	-	
Fiscal	305,540	294,576	294,576	-	
Business	16,781	16,179	16,179	(50)	
Operations and maintenance	1,767,269	1,703,854	1,703,904	(50)	
Pupil transportation	1,315,513	1,268,308	1,268,308	-	
Central	368,932	355,694	355,694	-	
Extracurricular activities	423,931	408,719	408,719	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction	27,240	26,263	26,263	-	
Debt service:	66.105	(2.010	(2.010		
Principal retirement	66,185	63,810	63,810	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	45,115	43,496	43,496		
Total expenditures	17,666,625	17,032,692	17,032,960	(268)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(4,967,977)	777,856	777,587	(269)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refund of prior year expenditure	55,509	77,855	77,855	-	
Transfers out	(46,675)	(45,000)	(45,000)	-	
Advances in	1,782	2,500	2,500	-	
Advances out	(16,284)	(15,700)	(15,700)	-	
Sale of capital assets	1,361	1,909	1,909	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,307)	21,564	21,564		
Net change in fund balance	(4,972,284)	799,420	799,151	(269)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	5,978,127	5,978,127	5,978,127	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	391,791	391,791	391,791		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,397,634	\$ 7,169,338	\$ 7,169,069	\$ (269)	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,194,265 3,091	\$	59,479 -
Total assets		1,197,356	\$	59,479
Liabilities: Accounts payable		- -	\$	5,133 54,346
Total liabilities			\$	59,479
Net Assets: Held in trust for scholarships: Nonexpendable		1,123,704 73,652		
Total net assets	\$	1,197,356		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		
Additions: Interest	\$	46,560 2,151	
Total additions		48,711	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		47,250	
Change in net assets		1,461	
Net assets at beginning of year (restated) .		1,195,895	
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,197,356	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Valley View Local School District (the "District") is located in Montgomery County and encompasses the Villages of Germantown, Carlisle and Farmersville and the Townships of German, Jackson, Jefferson, Miami and Gratis. The District serves an area of approximately 68 square miles.

The District was established through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts and is organized under Section 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District ranks as the 284th largest by enrollment among the 896 public school districts in the State. It currently operates 2 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 103 non-certified and 144 certified employees to provide services to 1,920 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organization's that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Miami Valley Career Tech Vocational School

The vocational school district is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide for the vocational and special education needs of its students. The Board of Education is comprised of 17 members elected from the 27 participating school districts. The school accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school, however, it is considered to be a separate political subdivision and not part of the District. Financial information is available from Debbie Gossettt, Treasurer, at 200 Lau Parkway, Clayton, Ohio 45315.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC)

SOEPC is a purchasing cooperative made up of nearly 100 school districts in Montgomery and surrounding counties. The Montgomery County Educational Service Center acts as fiscal agent for the group. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain lower prices for supplies and materials commonly used by the member districts. The members are obligated to pay all fees, charges, and assessments as established by SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment and supplies purchased by SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts by the fiscal agent. Any district withdrawing from SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year of prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. Payments to SOEPC are made from the District's General fund. Financial information is available from SOEPC by contacting Ken Swink, Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

Metropolitan Dayton Educational Cooperative Association (MDECA)

The District is a participant in MDECA, which is a computer consortium of 25 public school districts within the boundaries of Darke, Greene, Miami, and Montgomery Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of MDECA consists of one representative from each district plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The District pays MDECA an enrollment based fee for services provided during the year. Financial information is available from Jerry C. Woodyard, Executive Director, at 225 Linwood Street, Dayton, Ohio 45405.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Germantown Public Library

The Germantown Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio, created in accordance with Chapter 3375, ORC. The Board of Education is responsible for appointing the trustees of the Library; however, the Board cannot influence the Library's operation, nor does the Library represent a potential financial benefit or burden to the District. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. Once the Library determines to present a levy to the voters, including the determination of the rate and duration, the District must place the levy on the ballot. The Library may issue debt and determines its own budget. The Library did not receive any funding from the District during fiscal year 2008.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan
The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section
4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers'
Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan) was established through the Ohio Association of School
Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school district pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; (b) for food service, latchkey and uniform school supplies operations; (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (d) for scholarship programs for students.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for a scholarship program for students.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying exchange transaction occurred (see Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2008 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control has been established at the fund level of expenditures for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Montgomery County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commissions' certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts from the certificate of estimated resources that was in effect at the time the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, at the fund level for all funds, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the budgetary statements present comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures as elected by the District Treasurer.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the original and final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2008, investments were limited to negotiable and nonnegotiable certificates of deposits, federal agency securities, commercial paper, and a U.S. Government money market mutual fund. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earning are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2008 amounted to \$318,090 which includes \$10,106 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when received. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental

	Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements	7 - 30 years
Buildings and improvements	7 - 40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 30 years
Vehicles	7 - 15 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences is attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least 15 years of service regardless of their age were considered expected to become eligible in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, property tax unavailable for appropriation, prepayments, unclaimed monies, and school bus purchases. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under State statute.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for unclaimed monies, underground storage tanks, and school bus purchases.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved on the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

O. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a school bus purchase reserve. These reserves are required by State statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 18.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2008.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2008, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions</u>", GASB Statement No. 48, "<u>Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues</u>" and GASB Statement No. 50, "<u>Pension Disclosures</u>".

GASB Statement No. 45 establishes uniform standards of financial reporting for other postemployment benefits and increases the usefulness and improves the faithfulness of representations in the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 45 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District; however, certain disclosures related to postemployment benefits (see Note 15) have been modified to conform to the new reporting requirements.

GASB Statement No. 48 establishes criteria to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or as collateralized borrowings, as well as disclosure requirements for future revenues that are pledged and sold. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 50 establishes standards that more closely align the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those of other postemployment benefits. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 50 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2008 included the following individual fund deficits:

	<u>Deficit</u>
Nonmajor Funds	
Food service	\$ 94,045
Latchkey program	12,881
Entry year program	5
Title I	11,078
Reducing class size	1,047

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. These deficit fund balances are the result of adjustments for accrued liabilities.

C. Fund Reclassification and Restatement of Fund Balance/Net Assets

A fund reclassification is required to report the private purpose trust fund previously reported as a permanent fund to better reflect its intended purpose. This fund reclassification had the following effect on the District's governmental fund balances and net assets as previously reported:

	Nonmajor Governmental	Private <u>Purpose</u>	Governmental Activities
Fund balance/net assets at June 30, 2007	\$ 1,143,570	\$ 73,762	\$ 9,709,022
Fund reclassification	(1,115,766)	1,122,133	(1,122,133)
Restated fund balance/net assets at July 1, 2007	\$ 27,804	\$ 1,195,895	\$ 8,586,889

The nonmajor governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting while the governmental activities and the private purpose trust fund utilize the full accrual basis of accounting. The \$6,367 difference between the reclassification required is the result of accrued interest receivable that was deferred on the fund financial statements but recognized as revenue on the government wide financial statements under the full accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio));
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,751,317. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2008, \$906,165 of the District's bank balance of \$1,849,988 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$943,823 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2008, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		6 months	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	or less	<u>months</u>	months	<u>months</u>	24 months
Commercial Paper	\$ 999,090	\$ 999,090	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Negotiable CDs	1,551,852	279,658	295,124	294,497	491,416	191,157
FHLMC	2,020,703	995,900	-	-	-	1,024,803
FHLB	1,502,345	503,440	505,780	-	493,125	-
FNMA	1,000,940	-	-	-	-	1,000,940
U.S. Government money market fund	149,116	149,116				
Total	\$ 7,224,046	\$ 2,927,204	\$ 800,904	\$ 294,497	\$ 984,541	\$ 2,216,900

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.29 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned the U.S. Government money market an AAAm money market rating and commercial paper a P-1 rating, while Moody's Investor Services gave the commercial paper an A+1 rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2008:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value		% of Total	
Commercial paper	\$	999,090	13.83	
Negotiable CDs		1,551,852	21.48	
FHLMC		2,020,703	27.97	
FHLB		1,502,345	20.80	
FNMA		1,000,940	13.86	
U.S. Government money market fund		149,116	2.06	
Total	\$	7,224,046	100.00	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of cash and investment to the statement of net assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2008:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,751,317
Investments	 7,224,046
Total	\$ 8,975,363
Cash and investments per statement of net assets Governmental activities	\$ 7,721,619
Private-purpose trust funds Agency funds	 1,194,265 59,479
Total	\$ 8,975,363

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2008, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_A ₁	<u>mount</u>
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	23,200

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund loans between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of net assets.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

Transfers from general fund to:	_A	mount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	45,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 became a lien December 31, 2006, were levied after April 1, 2007 and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2008 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the value as of December 31, 2007. Tangible personal property tax is being phased out. For 2007, tangible personal property was assessed at 12.50% for property, including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 6.25% for 2008 and will be reduced to zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2008-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Montgomery County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2008, are available to finance fiscal year 2008 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2008 was \$398,855 in the general fund. This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount that was available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$184,119 in the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2008 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2008 taxes were collected are:

	2007 Second Half Collections			2008 First Half Collections		
		Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential						
and Other Real Estate	\$	201,464,520	92.08	\$	205,714,310	93.22
Public Utility Personal		13,355,680	6.10		11,934,030	5.41
Tangible Personal Property		3,983,407	1.82	_	3,036,628	1.37
Total	\$	218,803,607	100.00	\$	220,684,968	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	46.39		\$	46.39	

NOTE 7 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

In fiscal year 1991, the voters of the District passed a .50% income tax, effective for five years. This income tax was renewed by the voters in 2006 for calendar years 2007 - 2011. In fiscal year 1995, voters of the District passed an additional .75% income tax, and renewed it in fiscal year 2006 for calendar years 2007 - 2010. The tax is collected by the State of Ohio and remitted to the District quarterly. Total income tax revenue for fiscal year 2008 credited to the general fund was \$3,022,703.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008 consisted of taxes (both property taxes and income taxes), accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities:

Taxes	\$ 5,985,640
Accounts	8,162
Accrued interest	24,729
Intergovernmental	82,366
Total	\$ 6,100,897

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/07	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/08
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 436,936	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 436,936
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	436,936			436,936
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,555,080	32,624	-	1,587,704
Buildings and improvements	6,550,723	38,985	-	6,589,708
Furniture and equipment	2,182,239	374,727	-	2,556,966
Vehicles	1,182,648	179,209	(14,996)	1,346,861
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,470,690	625,545	(14,996)	12,081,239
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(594,344)	(35,693)	-	(630,037)
Buildings and improvements	(4,155,487)	(122,263)	-	(4,277,750)
Furniture and equipment	(1,656,496)	(140,381)	-	(1,796,877)
Vehicles	(869,193)	(87,903)	14,996	(942,100)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,275,520)	(386,240)	14,996	(7,646,764)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,632,106	\$ 239,305	\$ -	\$ 4,871,411

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 155,638
Special	24,838
Vocational	6,572
Support services:	
Pupil	2,782
Instructional staff	3,887
Administration	4,449
Fiscal	2,907
Operations and maintenance	23,054
Pupil transportation	95,092
Central	4,338
Extracurricular activities	49,288
Food service operations	13,395
Total depreciation expense	\$ 386,240

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In the current and previous years the District has entered into leases for a building and copiers. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one that transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term.

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - general fund. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. Capital assets acquired by lease and the related lease obligation liability have been reported on the statement of net assets.

Capital assets consisting of buildings and equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$1,057,316. These amounts represent the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2008 for the buildings and equipment was \$66,010 and \$32,385, respectively, leaving a current book value of \$667,457 and \$291,464, respectively. Principal payments for fiscal year 2008 totaled \$87,013. This amount is reflected as debt service principal retirement in the general fund.

In addition to the amount of principal retired, the District also traded in leases with principal balances of \$124,724, which is included in general expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008:

Year Ending	<u>Building</u>	Copiers	Total
2009	\$ 90,037	\$ 78,276	\$ 168,313
2010	90,042	78,276	168,318
2011	90,040	78,276	168,316
2012	90,137	78,276	168,413
2013	90,037	32,614	122,651
2014 - 2015	180,078		180,078
Total future minimum lease payments	630,371	345,718	976,089
Less: amount representing interest	(131,609)	(55,282)	(186,891)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 498,762	\$ 290,436	\$ 789,198

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the fiscal year 2008, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Issued	Due	Interest Rate	_	Balance 06/30/07	<u>I</u> 1	ncrease		Decrease		Balance 06/30/08	Amount Due in one Year
G.O. Bonds Payable Facility acquisition	2000	2015	6.9%	\$	105,212	\$		\$	(10,210)	\$	95,002	\$ 10,937
Total G.O. bonds					105,212	_			(10,210)		95,002	 10,937
Other Long-Term Obligations Capital lease obligation Compensated absences					677,086 969,536		323,849 147,806		(211,737) (68,742)		789,198 1,048,600	 114,523 174,941
Total other long-term obligation	ıs				1,646,622		471,655	_	(280,479)	_	1,837,798	 289,464
Total governmental activities				\$	1,751,834	\$	471,655	\$	(290,689)	\$	1,932,800	\$ 300,401

During fiscal year 2000, the District issued un-voted general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition of a new building. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District are pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets.

By agreement with the County Budget Commission, and in accordance with Ohio law, the District has converted a portion of its "inside", or un-voted millage to provide the source of repayment for these bonds. Ohio statutes allow for the issuance of un-voted general obligation debt to the extent that the par amount of said debt does not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the valuation (at issuance date) of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to for general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds					
Ending June 30	<u>P</u>	Principal		Interest		Total
2009	\$	10,937	\$	6,214	\$	17,151
2010		11,716		5,435		17,151
2011		12,550		4,600		17,150
2012		13,444		3,706		17,150
2013		14,401		2,749		17,150
2014 - 2015		31,954		2,347		34,301
Total	\$	95,002	\$	25,051	\$	120,053

Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2008, are a voted debt margin of \$19,491,841 and an unvoted debt margin of \$217,632.

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, payment is made to certified and classified employees for one-fourth of accrued, but unused, sick leave credit.

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Horace Mann Life Insurance Company.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries general liability insurance coverage through a commercial carrier. Absent the deductible, the risk of loss transfers entirely to the commercial carrier.

The District purchases health and dental insurance through the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Benefit Plan Trust (the "Trust"). The Trust is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The intent of the Trust is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Trust.

The District purchases workers' compensation insurance through Sheakley UniService, Inc. via the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Group Rating Plan.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 15. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal 2007.

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2008, 9.16 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$223,609, \$236,378 and \$212,166, respectively; 42.06 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$1,049,515, \$1,035,405 and \$986,989, respectively; 83.08 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2008 were \$15,414 made by the District and \$23,888 made by the plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio. As of June 30, 2008, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2008, 4.18 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2008, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$137,272, \$111,421 and \$81,773, respectively; 42.06 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2008, this actuarially required allocation was 0.66 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$16,112, \$16,074 and \$16,887, respectively; 42.06 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2008, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$84,193, \$79,647 and \$75,922, respectively; 83.08 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>Ge</u>	neral Fund
Budget basis	\$	799,151
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		49,428
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(425,187)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		259,194
Adjustment for encumbrances		445,290
GAAP basis	<u>\$</u>	1,127,876

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not party to legal proceedings which, in the opinion of District management, will have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks/ Instructional <u>Materials</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>		
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2007	\$ (469,818)	\$ -		
Current year set-aside requirement	306,601	306,601		
Qualifying disbursements	(348,901)	(342,636)		
Total	\$ (512,118)	\$ (36,035)		
Balance carried forward to FY 2009	\$ (512,118)	\$ (36,035)		

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the textbooks/instructional materials and capital acquisition set-aside amount below zero, these extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the governmental fund restricted assets at June 30, 2008 follows:

Amount restricted for school bus purchases \$ 9,011

Valley View Local School District Montgomery County

Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
United States Department of Agriculture Passed through Ohio Department of Education National School Lunch Program Food Donation	LLP4 N/A	10.555 10.550	\$ 79,360	\$ - 31,369	\$ 79,360	\$ - 31,369
Total United States Department of Agriculture			79,360	31,369	79,360	31,369
United States Department of Education Passed through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster	- 6BSF 6BSF	84.027 84.173	412,123 4,815 416,938	- - -	399,841 5,866 405,707	- - -
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants State Grants for Innovative Programs Education Technology State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	C1S1 DRS1 C2S1 TJS1 TRS1	84.010 84.186 84.298 84.318 84.367	96,435 503 1,856 666 48,028	- - - -	116,875 4,017 2,684 1,022 48,007	
Total Passed through Ohio Department of Education			564,426	-	578,312	-
Passed through Ohio Network Training and Assistance for Schools and Comm Education Research, Development and Dissemination	unties N/A	84.305F	1,000	-	1,310	<u>-</u>
Total United States Department of Education			565,426	-	579,622	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 644,786	\$ 31,369	\$ 658,982	\$ 31,369

N/A=Not Available

See Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures.

Valley View Local School District

Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B - FOOD DONATION

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the schedule using the entitlement value of the commodities received.

NOTE C – MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain federal programs require the District to contribute non-federal (matching funds) to support the federally-funded programs. The District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-federal matching funds is not included on the schedule.

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Valley View Local School District Montgomery County 64 Comstock Avenue Germantown, Ohio 45327

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Valley View Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated February 13, 2009 in which we indicate that the District implemented GASB Statements No. 50, No. 48 and No. 45. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weakness. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weakness, as defined above.

Valley View Local School District
Montgomery County
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain noncompliance and other matters reported to the District in a separate report dated February 13, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

February 13, 2009

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Valley View Local School District Montgomery County 64 Comstock Avenue Germantown, Ohio 45327

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Valley View Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2008. The District's summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Valley View Local School District
Montgomery County
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133
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Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirement.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

February 13, 2009

Valley View Local School District
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
OMB Circular A-133 Section .505 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster, CFDA #84.027 and #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Valley View Local School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs OMB Circular A-133 Section .505 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

Valley View Local School District Schedule of Prior Audit Findings OMB Circular A-133 Section .315(b) June 30, 2008

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
2007-001	Immaterial misstatements identified related to Additions to Capital Assets	Yes	
2007-002	Extracurricular Activity Receipts	Yes	



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

VALLEY VIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 7, 2009