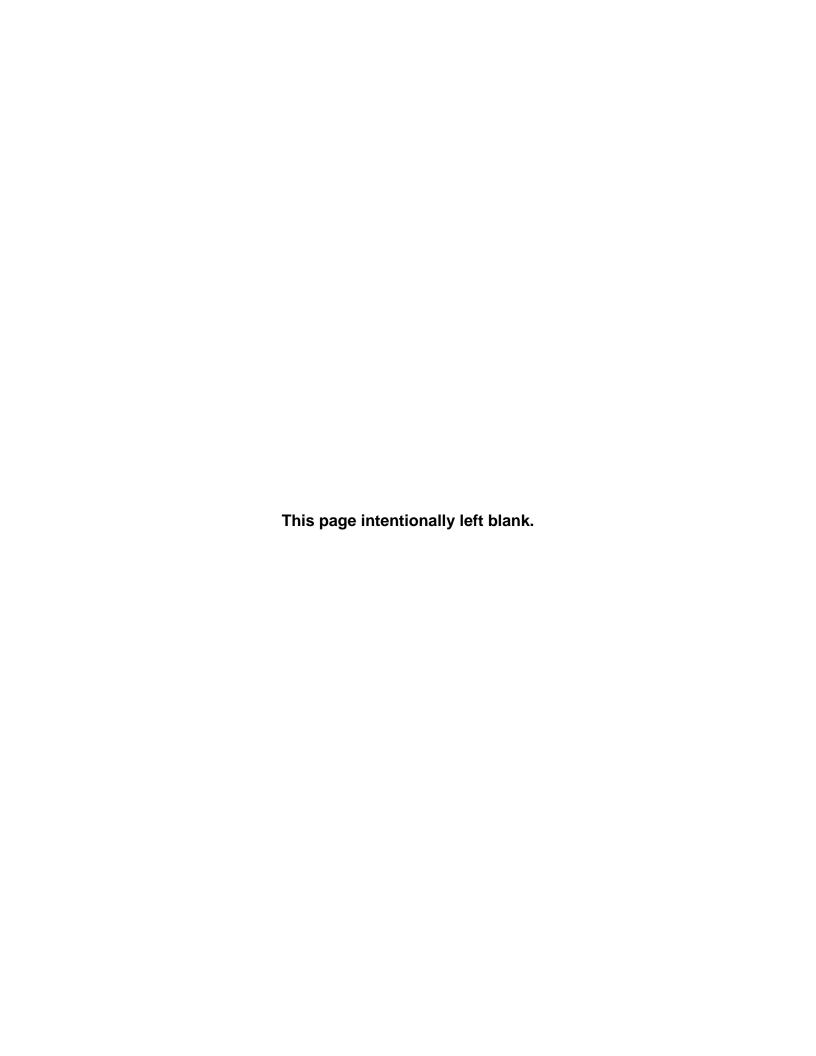




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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Village of Uniopolis Auglaize County P.O. Box 67 Uniopolis, Ohio 45888

To the Village Council:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

August 11, 2009

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Village of Uniopolis Auglaize County P.O. Box 67 Uniopolis, Ohio 45888

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Uniopolis, Auglaize County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Village processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Village because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Village has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP requires presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Village's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Village does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require governments to reformat their statements. The Village has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

Village of Uniopolis Auglaize County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, or its changes in financial position or cash flows, where applicable for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of the Village of Uniopolis, Auglaize County, as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Village has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 11, 2009, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

August 11, 2009

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Governmental	Fund	Types
--------------	------	-------

	Governmental Fund Types		
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property and Local Taxes	\$5,993		\$5,993
Intergovernmental	91,013	\$13,574	104,587
Fines, Licenses and Permits		120	120
Earnings on Investments	6,088	195	6,283
Miscellaneous	4,439		4,439
Total Cash Receipts	107,533	13,889	121,422
Cash Disbursements: Current:			
Security of Persons and Property	24,171		24,171
Leisure Time Activities	11,752		11,752
Basic Utility Service	4,964		4,964
Transportation	14,680	17,902	32,582
General Government	46,933	17,302	46,933
Total Cash Disbursements	102,500	17,902	120,402
Total Gaon Biobarosmonie	102,000	17,002	120,102
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	5,033	(4,013)	1,020
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	168,819	32,306	201,125
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$173,852	\$28,293	\$202,145
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$1,768	\$0	\$1,768

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL PROPRIETARY AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Proprietary Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Types	
	Enterprise	Agency	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Cash Receipts:			
Charges for Services	\$35,468		\$35,468
Total Operating Cash Receipts	35,468		35,468
Operating Cash Disbursements:			
Personal Services	4,687		4,687
Employee Fringe Benefits	667		667
Contractual Services	17,865	\$3,766	21,631
Supplies and Materials	3,410		3,410
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	26,629	3,766	30,395
Operating Income/(Loss)	8,839	(3,766)	5,073
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:			
Miscellaneous Receipts		3,766	3,766
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts		3,766	3,766
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:			
Redemption of Principal	705		705
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	705		705
Net Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	8,134		8,134
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	57,008		57,008
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$65,142	\$0	\$65,142
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$835	\$0	\$835

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Governmental Fund Types

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Local Taxes	\$4,969		\$4,969	
Intergovernmental	73,307	\$13,643	86,950	
Earnings on Investments	9,088	229	9,317	
Miscellaneous	5,413		5,413	
Total Cash Receipts	92,777	13,872	106,649	
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	27,215		27,215	
Leisure Time Activities	4,224		4,224	
Basic Utility Service	4,551		4,551	
Transportation		13,001	13,001	
General Government	45,664		45,664	
Total Cash Disbursements	81,654	13,001	94,655	
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	11,123	871	11,994	
Other Financing Receipts:				
Other Financing Uses	(840)		(840)	
Total Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements)	(840)		(840)	
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing				
Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	10,283	871	11,154	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	158,536	31,435	189,971	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$168,819	\$32,306	\$201,125	
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$4,334	\$2,294	\$6,628	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL PROPRIETARY AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Proprietary Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Types	
			Totals (Memorandum
	Enterprise	Agency	Only)
Operating Cash Receipts:			
Charges for Services	\$32,998		\$32,998
Total Operating Cash Receipts	32,998		32,998
Operating Cash Disbursements:			
Personal Services	4,640		4,640
Employee Fringe Benefits	955		955
Contractual Services	18,753	\$3,888	22,641
Supplies and Materials	3,701		3,701
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	28,049	3,888	31,937
Operating Income/(Loss)	4,949	(3,888)	1,061
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:			
Miscellaneous Receipts		3,888	3,888
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts		3,888	3,888
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:			
Redemption of Principal	705		705
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	705		705
Net Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	4,244		4,244
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	52,764		52,764
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$57,008	\$0	\$57,008
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$13,056	\$0	\$13,056

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Uniopolis, Auglaize County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides sewer utilities, park operations, and police services. The Village contracts with the Uniopolis Volunteer Fire Department to receive fire protection and ambulance services.

The Village participates in the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan which is a public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provides additional information on this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Village values certificates of deposit at cost.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Fund:

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

4. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Village's own programs.

Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Village disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other government. The Village's agency fund accounts for the ambulance run receipts received from the Uniopolis Volunteer Fire Department and the disbursement of these receipts back to the Fire Department.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Village did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law. Management has included an audit adjustment in the accompanying budgetary presentations for a material item that should have been encumbered.

A summary of 2008 and 2007 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The Village maintains a cash pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	2008	2007
Demand deposits	\$232,932	\$224,756
Certificates of deposit	34,355	33,377
Total deposits	\$267,287	\$258,133

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2008 and 2007 follows:

Fund Type	Budgeted Receipts	Actual Receipts	Variance
General	\$ 95,073	\$107,533	\$12,460
Special Revenue	13,820	13,889	69
Enterprise	32,000	35,468	3,468
Total	\$140,893	\$156,890	\$15,997

2008 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	a roi riotaai Baagott	ary Daoid Experient	
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$261,033	\$104,268	\$156,765
Special Revenue	46,392	17,902	28,490
Enterprise	88,250	28,169	60,081
Total	\$395,675	\$150,339	\$245,336

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$ 91,343	\$ 92,777	\$1,434
Special Revenue	15,550	13,872	(1,678)
Enterprise	31,500	32,998	1,498
Total	\$138,393	\$139,647	\$1,254

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY (Continued)

2007 Ruda	eted vs. Actual I	Rudaetary Rasis	Fynandituras
Zuur Duag	cica vs. Actual i	Daagetal y Dasis	Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$244,280	\$ 86,828	\$157,452
Special Revenue	51,927	15,295	36,632
Enterprise	84,340	41,810	42,530
Total	\$380,547	\$143,933	\$236,614

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2008 was as follows:

	Principai	interest Rate
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	\$9,512	0%

The Ohio Public Works Commission loan was obtained for a sewer plant project that was mandated by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$352 over 20 years. The loan is uncollateralized. The debt will be repaid from sewer revenues.

Amortization of the above debt is scheduled as follows:

Year ending December 31:	OPWC Loan	
2009	\$ 705	
2010	705	
2011	705	
2012	705	
2013	705	
2014-2018	3,523	
2019-2022	2,818	
Total	\$9,864	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Village's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits

The Ohio Revised Code prescribes contribution rates. For 2008 and 2007, OPERS members contributed 10 percent and 9.5 percent, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14 percent and 13.85 percent, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2008.

B. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees and officials not otherwise covered by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System. As of December 31, 2008, six elected officials have elected Social Security. The Village's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The Village belongs to the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to over 550 Ohio governments ("Members").

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Plan is a separate legal entity. The Plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages, modified for each Member's needs. The Plan pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the Member's deductible.

The Plan issues its own policies and reinsures the Plan with A- VII or better rated carriers, except the Plan retains the lesser of 15% or \$37,500 of casualty losses and the lesser of 10% or \$100,000 of property losses. Individual Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31: 2007 and 2006 (the latest information available):

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

	2007	2006
Assets	\$11,136,455	\$9,620,148
Liabilities	(4,273,553)	(3,329,620)
Members' Equity	\$6,862,902	\$6,290,528

You can read the complete audited financial statements for The Ohio Government Risk Management Plan at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Uniopolis Auglaize County P.O. Box 67 Uniopolis, Ohio 45888

To the Village Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Uniopolis, Auglaize County (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated August 11, 2009, wherein we noted the Village followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Village uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Village. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Village's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted a certain matter that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated August 11, 2009.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 Village of Uniopolis
Auglaize County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2008-001.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated August 11, 2009.

The Village's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Village's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Village Council. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

August 11, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2008-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the subdivision can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The subdivision or taxing entity has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the subdivision or taxing entity.

- 2. Blanket certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by the legislative authority against any specific line item account and not running beyond the current year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket certificate The subdivision or taxing entity may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any one line item appropriation.

The Village did not properly certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitment for approximately 20% percent of the expenditures during 2008 and 2007. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending and negative cash fund balances.

Village of Uniopolis Auglaize County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2008-001 (Continued)

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Village's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Village's Clerk/Treasurer should certify that the funds are or will be available prior to the obligation by the Village. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used. And for those commitments over the \$3,000 threshold, a resolution by Council is needed in order to pay.

The Village should certify purchases to which section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Clerk/Treasurer should sign the certification at the time the Village incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied.

The Clerk/Treasurer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

OFFICIALS' RESPONSE:

There were new hires for the Fiscal Officer position in 2007 & 2008 which caused some errors to be made involving purchase order procedures. Proper training has now occurred.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2006-01	Recording financial transactions in the correct funds and accounts	No	Significant improvement. Reported in a separate letter to management of the Village.
2006-02	Present financial reports to Village Council to monitor the financial position of the Village	Yes	
2006-03	26 U.S.C. Section 3403 – Failure to remit federal payroll tax deductions and the related employer share	Yes	



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

VILLAGE OF UNIOPOLIS

AUGLAIZE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 8, 2009